

Stemmata Robertson et Durdin.

BEING TABLES COMPRISING THE KNOWN ANCESTORS OF
THE CHILDREN OF HERBERT ROBERTSON AND HIS
WIFE HELEN ALEXANDRINA MELIAN *NÉE* DURDIN,
AND (EXCEPT IN SOME FOREIGN FAMILIES) BROTHERS AND SISTERS
OF THESE ANCESTORS.

COMPILED CHIEFLY FROM PRINTED AUTHORITIES

BY

HERBERT ROBERTSON.

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EXPLANATIONS.

DIRECT ANCESTORS of the children whose ancestors are here traced are printed in CAPITAL LETTERS.

MARRIAGES of ancestors are denoted by the names of the husband and wife being separated by a horizontal straight line, as in Betham's 'Genealogical Tables.'

The NUMBERS preceding the names of ancestor denote the number of GENERATIONS from the children up to the ancestor, or from the ancestor down to the children.

Where there are several lines of descent from a given ancestor, the number in descent in the male line is given, and where this affords no guide, as where descent is traced through two or more daughters and not through any son, then the lowest number is given. The numbers of husband and wife do not always correspond, as sometimes the wife is a nearer ancestress through her children by another marriage.

The APPROXIMATE DATE OF BIRTH of any named ancestor can be ascertained by multiplying the number preceding his or her name by 33 (the average date of birth of any given child), and deducting this sum from 1880 (the year of the marriage of the parents numbered 1). The result gives the following Table:—

Ancestors numbered	4	were born about	A.D.	Ancestors numbered	20	were born about	A.D.
"	"	5	1748	"	"	21	1187
"	"	6	1715	"	"	22	1154
"	"	7	1682	"	"	23	1121
"	"	8	1649	"	"	24	1088
"	"	9	1616	"	"	25	1055
"	"	10	1583	"	"	26	1022
"	"	11	1550	"	"	27	989
"	"	12	1517	"	"	28	956
"	"	13	1484	"	"	29	923
"	"	14	1451	"	"	30	890
"	"	15	1418	"	"	35	725
"	"	16	1385	"	"	40	560
"	"	17	1352	"	"	50	230
"	"	18	1319				
"	"	19	1286				
"	"		1253				

Allowances must be made for there being often several lines of descent, which would give different numbers.

Descents through females being on an average quicker than through males (on account of their marrying earlier), where lines are traced chiefly THROUGH FEMALES the date of birth will average LATER than that indicated by the above Table, and where the lines are traced chiefly THROUGH MALES the date of birth will average EARLIER; and so where a line runs through several younger children consecutively the date of birth will average EARLIER than in the case of a line which runs THROUGH ELDER CHILDREN.

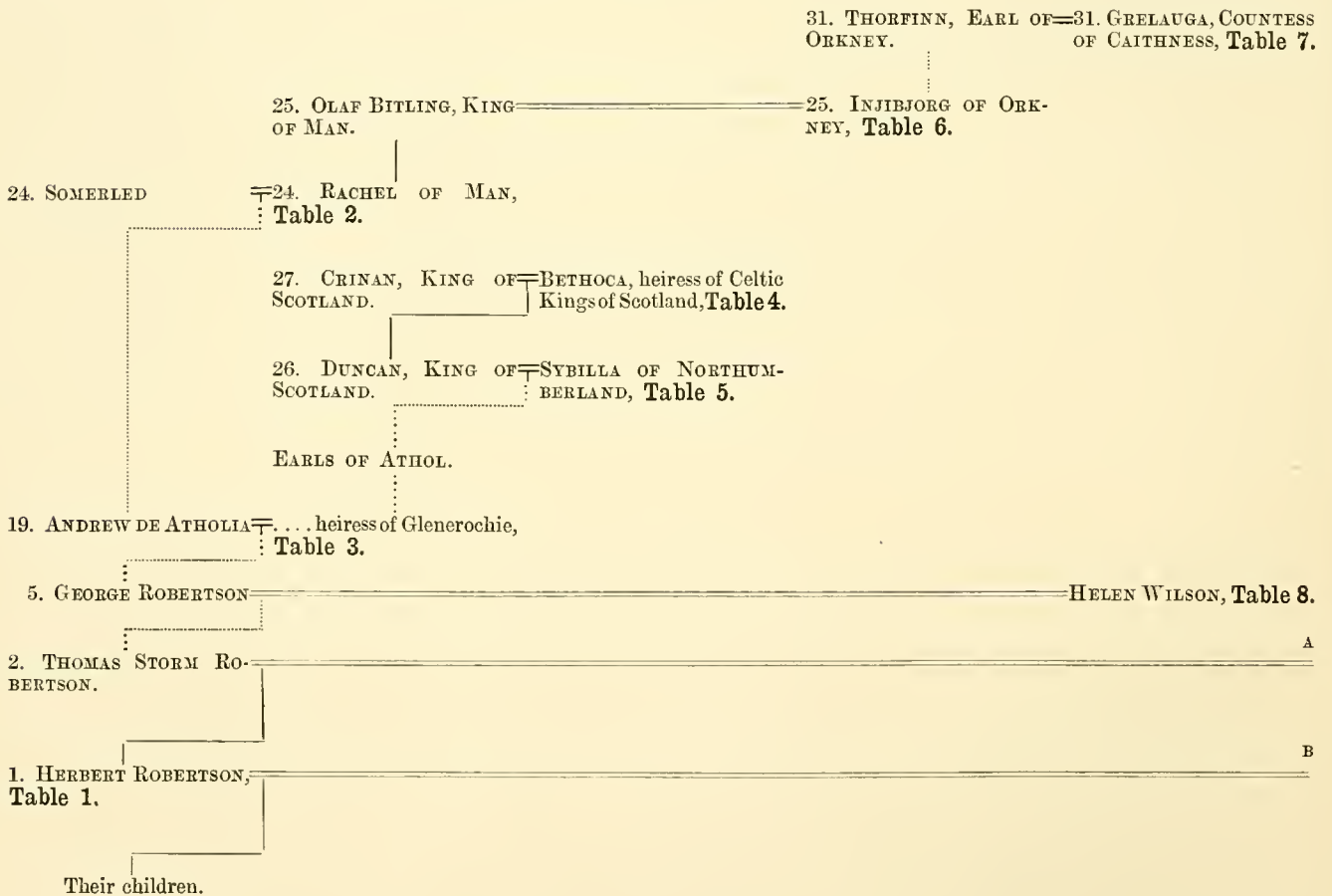
Each Table comprises all the male descendants of a common ancestor, sometimes divided into Parts by numbers, as Table 171, Part 1; Table 171, Part 2.

Tables numbered with letters added, as 15 A, are distinct Tables. Taking this into consideration there are 228 distinct Tables, some of which, however, comprise several distinct families united through females. Tables to which $\frac{1}{2}$ is added, as 15 $\frac{1}{2}$, are mere extracts from Tables which occur later on.

KEY TO THE DIVISION INTO PARTS AND ORDER OF THE TABLES:

THE PRINCIPLE OF WHICH IS TO KEEP THE FOUR FAMILIES OF THE GRANDPARENTS SEPARATE, AND, GENERALLY, IN TRACING FEMALE ANCESTRY, TO TRACE THE MOST DISTANT FEMALE ANCESTRY IN EACH FAMILY FIRST, AS IN THE LAW OF SUCCESSION TO REAL ESTATE UPON INTESTACY.

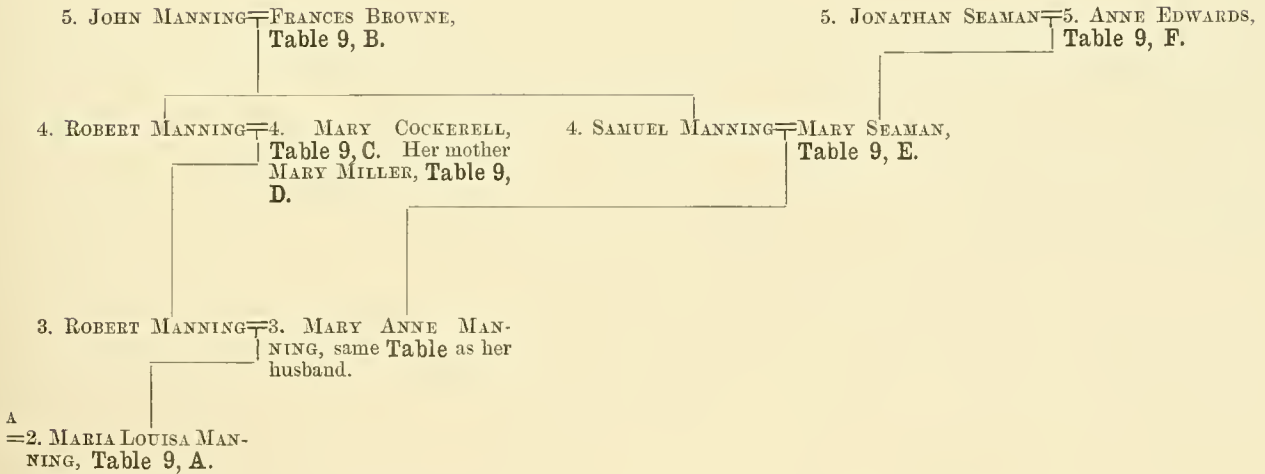
PART I.—ANCESTORS THROUGH PATERNAL GRANDFATHER
THOMAS STORM ROBERTSON.



KEY TO THE DIVISION INTO PARTS AND ORDER OF THE TABLES—*continued.*

PART II.—ANCESTORS THROUGH PATERNAL GRANDMOTHER

MARIA LOUISA ROBERTSON.



B

C

KEY TO THE DIVISION INTO PARTS AND ORDER OF THE TABLES—*continued.*

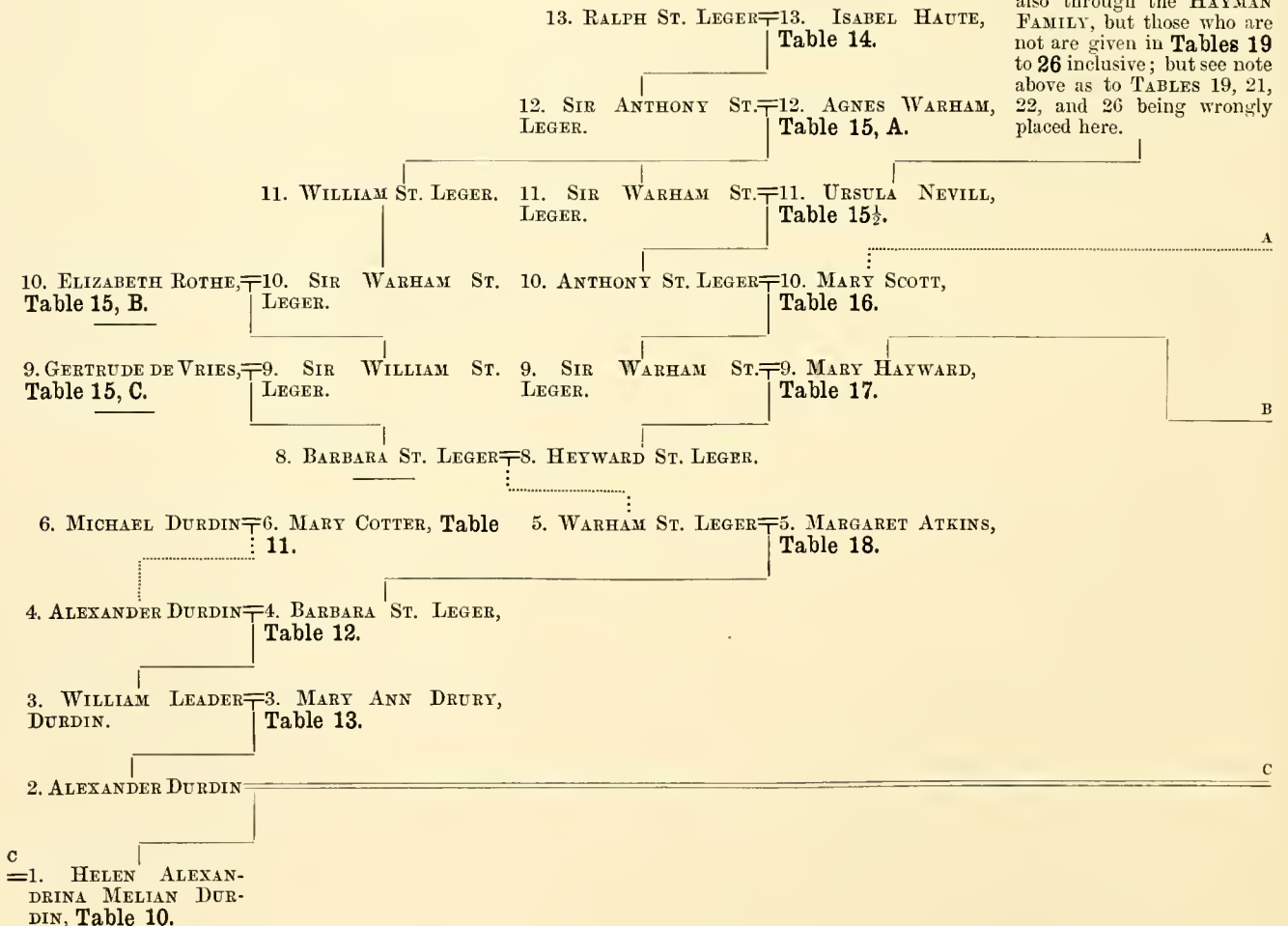
PART III.—ANCESTORS THROUGH MATERNAL GRANDFATHER

ALEXANDER DURDIN,

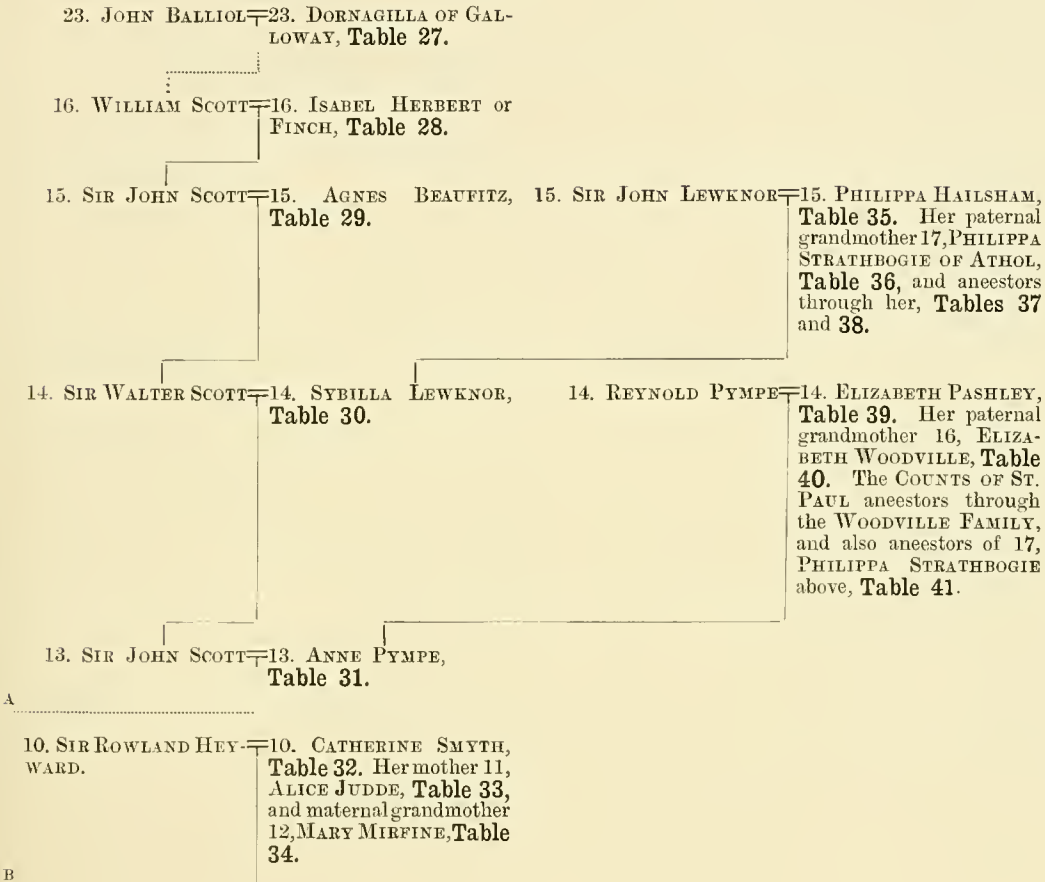
EXCLUSIVE OF THOSE WHO ARE ALSO ANCESTORS THROUGH THE ROBERTSON AND HAYMAN FAMILIES.

NOTE.—TABLES 19, 21, and 26 should be taken out of this PART and put in PART V., see notes in ADDENDA to pp. 86-89 and 97; and probably, also, TABLE 22, see p. 91.

12. SIR GEORGE NEVILL and 12. MARY STAFFORD. Their ancestors are mostly in PART V., being chiefly ancestors also through the HAYMAN FAMILY, but those who are not are given in **Tables 19 to 26** inclusive; but see note above as to TABLES 19, 21, 22, and 26 being wrongly placed here.



KEY TO THE DIVISION INTO PARTS AND ORDER OF THE TABLES—*continued.*

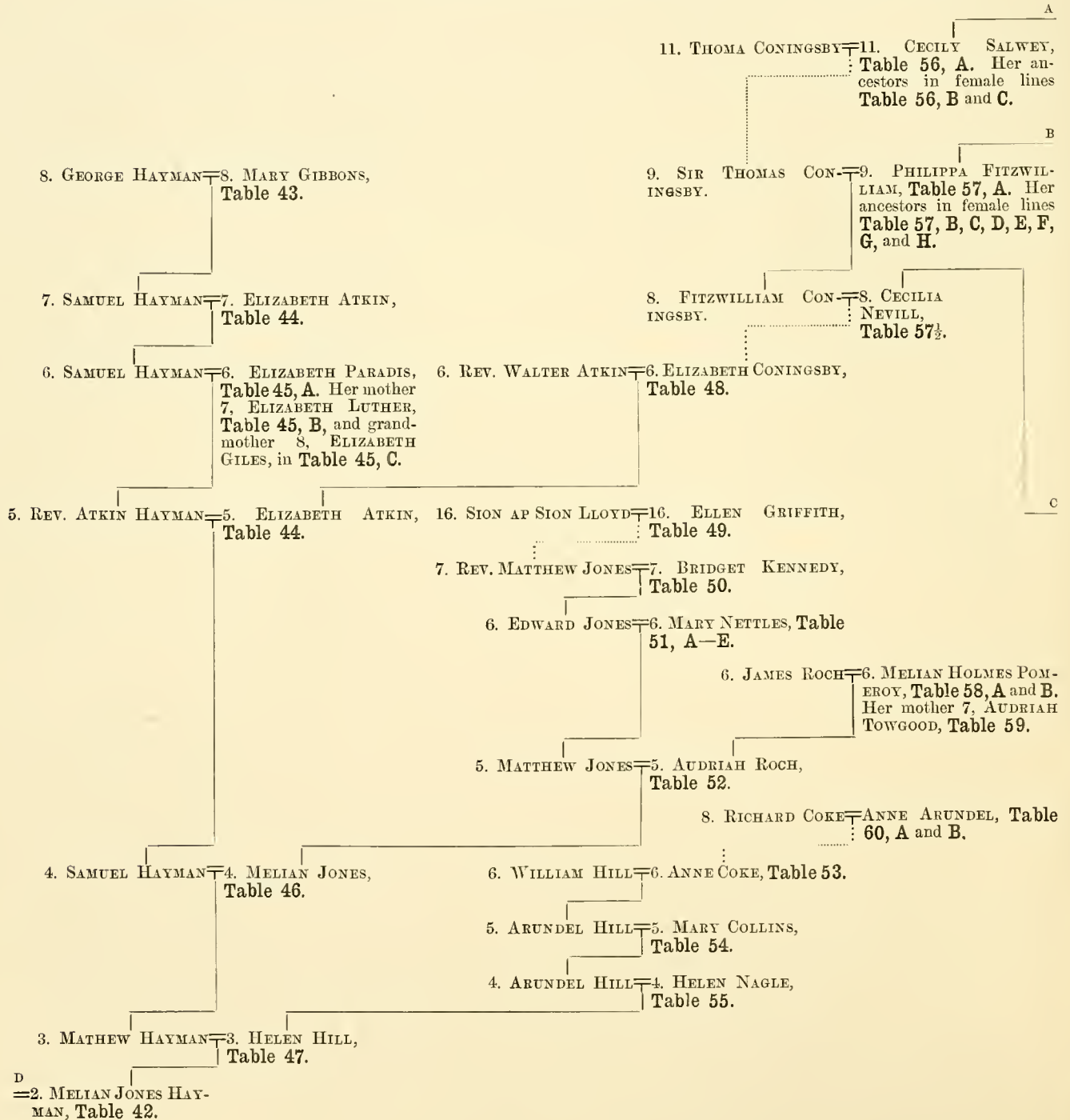


KEY TO THE DIVISION INTO PARTS AND ORDER OF THE TABLES—continued.

PART IV.—COMPRISING ANCESTORS THROUGH MATERNAL GRANDMOTHER

MELIAN JONES DURDIN (NÉE HAYMAN),

OTHER THAN THOSE WHO ARE ALSO ANCESTORS THROUGH THE ROBERTSON OR DURDIN FAMILY.



KEY TO THE DIVISION INTO PARTS AND ORDER OF THE TABLES—*continued.*

13. HUMPHREY SALWEY—JOYCE STRELLEY,
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12. JOHN SALWEY—MARGERY ERDESWICKE,
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10. SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM—10. AGNES SIDNEY, Table
66. Her mother 11, ANNE
BRANDON, Table 67, A,
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67, B, and 68.

9. SIR HENRY NEVILLE
and 9, MARY SACKVILLE,
their ancestors mostly in
PART V., but those who
are not also ancestors
through the DURDIN
FAMILY are given in
Tables 69 to 84 inclusive.

PART V.

COMPRISING FAMILIES WHICH CONTAIN
ANCESTORS BOTH THROUGH
ALEXANDER DURDIN

AND HIS WIFE

MELIAN JONES *NÉE* HAYMAN,

MATERNAL GRANDPARENTS,

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PART I.

COMPRISING ANCESTORS THROUGH

THOMAS STORM ROBERTSON (PATERNAL GRANDFATHER).

Table 1.

AN ACCOUNT OF THE SURNAMES USED IN THE ROBERTSON FAMILY.

De Insulis territorial title, indicating chiefs, adopted latter half of twelfth century.

THE first name in the nature of a surname which can be said to have been used by the male ancestors of this family is "de Insulis," or "of the Isles," a title first used by SOMERLED's sons, amongst whom the southern half of the Western Isles of Scotland acquired by SOMERLED were divided on his death in 1166. SOMERLED himself and some of his descendants were known as de Ergayl, or Ergadia (Argyll), but this title was hardly in the nature of a surname. The name "de Insulis" was really a kind of territorial title, and was only borne by such of SOMERLED's descendants as actually inherited some of the Isles, and continued to be used by the senior branch of the family, the Macdonalds, until quite recently.

Patronymics; twelfth and thirteenth centuries.

The junior branches and also the senior branches which bore the title "de Insulis" used the names of their fathers with the Gaelic prefix "Mac," or its Norwegian and Saxon equivalent the suffix "son," as patronymics; for instance, SOMERLED's son REGINALD of the ISLES is styled "MacSomairle" (Somerled), and DONALD's son ANGUS MOR was styled "Macdonald," and in the senior branch of Angus Mor's family (descendants of his sons Angus Og and Alexander), this name of Macdonald became in time a true surname. In the family of ANGUS of COWELL, the younger son of ANGUS MOR, who was ancestor of the Robertsons, the surname of Macdonald does not seem to have been used (although DUNCAN de ATHOLIA is styled Macdonald in Nisbet's 'Heraldry,' i., 323). This may be accounted for by the assumption of the special distinctive title of "de Atholia" by ANDREW the son of ANGUS of COWELL.

De Atholia territorial title, indicating chiefs, adopted in Robertson branch, thirteenth century.

The name de Atholia may have been adopted by ANDREW either as an assertion of the fact that his wife was descended from the Earls of Athol, owners of the Comitatus de Atholia, or simply because he possessed the bulk of this Comitatus. As there were numerous other persons who used the same name (see under ANDREW), and who appear not to be connected with Andrew, and are not therefore likely to have been descendants of the old Earls, it seems probable that it was used merely as a territorial title; and this view is strengthened by the fact that the name only appears to have been used by the persons who actually held the bulk of the Athol property, viz., ANDREW, his son DUNCAN, his eldest son ROBERT, and his sons, who succeeded each other, THOMAS and DUNCAN. It therefore appears, like "de Insulis," to have been confined to the heads of the family, and not to have fulfilled the purposes of a surname, the junior branches using their patronymics, which the senior branch also used in addition to their title of de Atholia.

MacInnes, a species of surname, used in Robertson branch towards end of thirteenth and beginning of fourteenth centuries.

younger brother of Duncan is known. Of the sons of DUNCAN, ROBERT, the eldest, as the owner of the Athol property, bore the title of de Atholia, and both he and his younger brother PATRICK bore the name of Duncanson as their patronymic.

Of Strowane, or Baron of Strowane, a territorial title designating the chief of the senior or Strowane branch of the Robertsons, end of fourteenth century.

and de Atholia had previously occupied, that is to say, it continues to designate the head of the family even though the Strowane property has long passed out of it. Strowane was created a barony in favour of Robert Reoch Duncanson in 1451, and the title of Baron of Strowane was consequently used; in fact, according to tradition, it was used even before the creation of the Barony.

Duncanson, a real surname, adopted by the Strowane branch end of fourteenth century.

Robert Reoch certainly did, but Duncanson was also his patronymic, and so it cannot be positively asserted that he used it as a surname. About the same time that THOMAS son of ROBERT and his daughter adopted the name of Duncanson towards the end of the fourteenth century, the name of Duncanson in its Gaelic equivalent Clan Donnachie became the universal name of the Clan, and it still continues to be the proper designation of the Robertson Clan, which first appears about that time.

Robertson, a real surname, adopted in Strowane branch latter half of fifteenth century.

Duncanson was named after his grandfather Robert de Atholia, and the latter was named after his father's friend King Robert Bruce (Robertson's 'Athol,' page 20), the name Robertson is indirectly traceable to King Robert Bruce. The name was subsequently, as shewn below, adopted by most of the various junior branches of the family. The immediate cause of Robert Reoch Duncanson being honoured by having his name taken as the surname of the family was that, after the murder of King James I., in 1436, he arrested Robert Graham and the Master of Athol, two of the murderers, and gained considerable distinction (including the erection of his lands into a barony, Reg. Mag. Sig. 1424—1513, N. 491, which meant that what had been the lands of the Clan became his private property), and the crest, motto, and supporter mentioned below. His son Alexander called himself Robertson; whether he in the first instance simply used the name as a patronymic because Duncanson was not as yet an acknowledged surname, or whether he deliberately discarded the surname of Duncanson and adopted that of Robertson, cannot be ascertained, but it is certain that all his sons adopted the surname of Robertson. It dates therefore undoubtedly as a surname from the latter half of the fifteenth century.

And in all subsequent branches of that family.

ANDREW's patronymic would thus be MacInnis na Coalich, or son of ANGUS of COWELL, but no record of his using this patronymic is found. His son DUNCAN, however, bore this name, and in his case it may be treated as a kind of surname. DUNCAN's patronymic would be MacAndrew, or son of Andrew, but this name is only found in its Latin form. No

In the next generation the eldest son of ROBERT de ATHOLIA, THOMAS, perhaps continued to bear the title de Atholia, as in a charter in Robertson's Index he is styled Thomas Duncanson of Athol, but he also assumed a new title "of Strowane" (Gaelic, Struthain, Streams). De Atholia never appears again, but this new title "of Strowane" took its place, and continues to the present day to occupy the same position as de Insulis

Thomas likewise adopted the patronymic of his father, viz., Duncanson, as a surname, and his daughter Matilda used the same surname; this may be said to be the first assumption of a true surname in this branch of the family. Probably the second son of ROBERT de ATHOLIA, viz., Duncan, likewise adopted this surname, but there is no record of the fact; his son

In the senior branch (descendants of Robert de Atholia), which, as already stated, appears to have adopted the surname of Duncanson (with "of Strowane" as a distinctive title for the chief), this name was very soon dropped for that of Robertson, which was derived from Robert Reoch Duncanson, grandson of Robert de Atholia. As Robert Reoch

Of these sons of Alexander, the eldest son Robert was ancestor of the succeeding Robertsons of Strowane, including several generations who were of Drummachine (Douglas's 'Baronage,' and Burke's 'Landed

Gentry,' 1886); the second son John was ancestor of the Robertsons of Muirton and Gladney (Douglas's 'Baronage,' and Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, under Robertson Williamson), and of the Robertsons of Kinlochmoidart (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1858). Andrew was ancestor of the Robertsons of Lady Kirk, and Stewart Robertsons of Edradynet (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886). James was ancestor of the Robertsons of Calvine, Auchleeks (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1858 edition), and Kindrochit and Alexander of the Robertsons of Faskally, and these families all bore the name of Robertson, although as noted below there is a possibility that the descendants of James bore the alternative name of Jameson till the end of the sixteenth century, and on 17 February 1604 we also find one of his descendants bearing the name of McCondochie, being described as Allaster McCondochie Vic (son of) James Robiesone of Callevine (R. Pitcairn's 'Criminal Trials,' iii., 436-7, see below, page 5).

Robertson in Inshes branch.

The grandson of Duncan, the brother of Robert Reoch Duncanson, seems to have adopted the name of Robertson at about the same time.

This grandson named John obtained a Charter of Inshes, 20 April 1448, and he is the ancestor of the Robertsons of Inshes (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1858 edition), and of the Robertsons of Kindeace, Rosshire (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886).

Patronymics among descendants of Patrick, Lude and Strathloch branches.

PATRICK, the younger son of DUNCAN de ATHOLIA, of course had the patronymic of Duncanson, but his descendants do not appear to have used that name as a surname, although they were members of the Clan

Donnachie, but used merely their patronymics.

Of Lude territorial title denoting chiefs of Lude branch, but Robertson adopted in this family beginning of sixteenth century and in the subsequent branches, Tulliebelton and Kindeace.

Douald, his elder son, was the founder of the Lude branch, and he and his descendants, chiefs of the branch, adopted the territorial title "of Lude," and up to the beginning of the sixteenth century they used their patronymics (see instances on 24 September 1501, 'Register of Great Seal,' i., page 552, and on 1 February 1507-8, *ibid.*, page 681), and it was probably about that time that in imitation of the senior branches they adopted the surname of Robertson. The Robertsons of Tulliebelton

(Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1872 edition), and the Robertson Walkers (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1858 edition), were junior branches of the Lude family.

Patronymics in Strathloch branch: Rua, Reid, or Red at first a nickname of Alexander Patrickson, but adopted as a surname by his descendants the Strathloch branch fifteenth century; of Strathloch and Baron Rua or Reid designating chiefs of this branch.

ALEXANDER, the younger son of Patrick, was the founder of the Strathloch branch, and he and his immediate descendants at first used their patronymics, *e.g.*, on 4 August 1451 ('Register of Great Seal,' i., No. 490), but this ALEXANDER having red hair (a characteristic still preserved among his descendants) was nicknamed RUA, that is RED, or as it was often spelt, REID. This nickname was subsequently adopted as a surname by his descendants, and retained by them for nearly two centuries and a half. The head of the family adopted the territorial title "of Strathloch" or "Straloch" from the place of that name in

Strathardle, Perthshire, and was also known even officially as Baron Rua or Baron Reid. The title is a very peculiar one, not being connected with the name of any barony, as in the case of the Baron of Strowane, and in fact the Barons Reid do not appear to have possessed any lands which constituted a barony, although parts of the lands of Downie, which were at one time a barony (Robertson's 'Athol,' page 75), did belong to them. The title Baron Reid continued in use until the beginning of this century, as Douglas's 'Baronage,' 1798, page 405, refers to one then living, and Major Robertson's 'Athol,' page 60, says the title became extinct in 1806.

Robertson adopted by it, as an alternative to Reid, middle of sixteenth century.

The head of this Strathloch branch, JOHN REID, Baron Reid, adopted the name of Robertson about the middle of the sixteenth century; Major Robertson's 'Com. Athol,' page 59, states that he adopted it in 1567 on his marriage into the Lude family, which had adopted it much earlier. He

and his descendants, however, throughout the sixteenth century and during part of the seventeenth

century continued to use the name of Reid as well as that of Robertson, as appears from the 'Register of the Privy Council,' vol. iii.—ix. (See Robertson and Reid in Index.)

Sole name, middle of seventeenth century. Probably Robertson became the sole name before the middle of the seventeenth century. From the Strathloch branch subsequently to the adoption of the name sprang the Robertsons of Cray, and of Easter and Wester Bleaton.

Reid and Robertson in Downie branch, sixteenth century.

The DOWNIE branch of the family, settled at Downie, near Kirkmichael in Strathardle, being a junior branch of the Strathloch family, like them used both names, Reid and Robertson, during the sixteenth century and early part of the seventeenth century, and in this branch a peculiar instance of the assumed identity of the two occurs in a bond given on the 11th of November 1591 ('Register of Privy Council of Scotland,' iii., page 813), by "Waltir Robertsoun of Downy," which is signed by his attorney as for "Waltir Reid of Middill Downy."

Robertson alone, seventeenth century.

since been known.

Other names used in the family.

The foregoing account shews that the chief families descended from DUNCAN de ATHOLIA adopted the name of Robertson before the end of the sixteenth century, although some of them subsequently, like the Strathloch branch, used it alternatively with some other name. Branches settled at Inchemagranoch and Monzeis at the end of the sixteenth and beginning of the seventeenth centuries bore the alternative name of Farlastone or Tarlasoun or Tarlocson. The Band Clan Donachie (see *inf.*, page 7) shews that they were really of this family. Alexander Robertson of Inchemagranoch by that name on the 24th July 1607 became caution for John Robertson of Straloch ('Register of Privy Council of Scotland,' vii., page 682), and in the Band Clan Donachie he is named Alaster Farlastone of Inchemacraemich, but signs as Alex Robertson of Inchemagrumocht, and he appears again in a document between August 1619 and May 1612 embodying a complaint by him as Alexander Robertsonn, *alias* Tarlachsonn of Inchemagraniche ('Register of Privy Council of Scotland,' ix., page 295), and in another document being a complaint against him between June 1612 and December 1613 as Allaster Robertson, *alias* Tarlasoun, in Inchemagranich (*ibid.*, page 385), and as Tarlochstone in Reg. Mag. Sig., 1609-20, page 345. John Robertson of Monzeis is mentioned on 15th of February 1573 as John Robertson, *alias* Tarlocson, of Monzeis (Reg. Mag. Sig., 1546-80, page 589), and in the Band Clan Donachie there appears John Farlastone, younger, appeirand (*i.e.*, heir-apparent) of Mounese (probably his son), and one of these two Johns appears again in the document already cited between June 1612 and December 1613, in 'Register of Privy Council of Scotland,' ix., page 385, as Johnne Robertson, *alias* Tarlasoun, and again in Reg. Mag. Sig., 1609-20, page 345. It seems probable from these notices that these persons were connected with the Strathloch branch. Another branch connected with Calvine, and therefore possibly with James of Calvine, grandson of Robert Reoch Duncanson and ancestor of the Robertsons of Anchleeks and Kindrochit (see *ante*, page 3), seems to have used the alternative name of Jamesoun, for we find on the 15th of February 1573 (Reg. Mag. Sig., 1546-80, page 589) a reference to Pat. Robertsoun, *alias* Jamesoun, and on the 15th August 1587 (Reg. Mag. Sig., 1580-93, page 468) a reference to Dunc. Jamesoun, *alias* Robertsonn in Calvine.

Skene. The Skene family are said to be descended from the Robertsons of Strowane ('Memorials of Skene Family,' New Spalding Club, by W. F. Skene, page 6); but Burke's 'Commoners,' iv., page 419, makes them descendants of Ewen of Glenerochie.

Duncanson. It is quite possible also that some branches retained the name of Duncanson, or some corruption of Clandonochy.

Family Peculiarities. The family are reputed to possess the peculiarity of a large broad top to their thumbs. The Orkney branch through intermarriage with the Orkney people of Norwegian descent possess some of their characteristics. They combine red hair with dark eyes, and possess strongly marked features.

The Clansmen; first appearance in 1391. The Clan, not by that designation, but as a body of persons bearing the surname of Duncanson ("Duncaisons wes thare surnowne:" Wyntoun, iii., page 58), appears contemporaneously with what Mr. W. F. Skene ('Celtic Scotland,' iii., page 309) calls the first appearance of a distinct clan (the Clangwhevil) in the Highlands, namely in the raid into Angus in 1391 (see under PATRICK DUNCANSON, in this Table). The word clan is frequently but erroneously used (even in this Table) for tribes before that period.

The bulk of the clansmen not descendants of Duncan de Atholia. The Clan derived its name, which is properly Clan Donnachadh (J. A. Robertson's 'Historical Proofs respecting Gaels,' page 437), or Clan Donehaidh (according to 'Book of Clanranald'), or Clan Dunchi (according to MS., *temp.* Charles II., 'Iona Club Transactions,' page 292), but is variously spelt as Donachie, Donoghny, Donnochie, Donochey, etc., from DUNCAN de ATHOLIA (see *ante*), who died about thirty years before; but it must not be supposed that all the members of the Clan, or even any considerable portion of them, were his descendants or connections in blood. At the time in question it is not likely that DUNCAN had more than half a dozen descendants. The great bulk of the Clan consisted of tenants and retainers of the leading family.

Clandonochy the first surname of the clansmen; Robertson afterwards used alternatively. The first surname of the clansmen appears to have been Clandonochy, but they began to use the name of Robertson as an alternative name at the same time that the particular branch of the Robertson family, in whose district they lived, adopted it. In the Scotch Exchequer Rolls, which comprise ten years in each volume, the first volume in which the name appears at all frequently is that for 1470-79, that is about the period when the Strowane branch adopted it, and after that it becomes a more and more common name. Clandonochy, however, continued to survive as a surname.

Instances of use of Clandonochy. In a Scotch Act of 1587, for keeping in obedience disordered subjects in the borders of the Hielandis (Highlands) ('Scotch Acts of Parliament,' iii., page 461), after naming the "Laird of Strowane rob'sone," we find (page 467), Clandonochy in Athoill and p'tis adjacent named as a clan "that hes capitanes, cheiffis, and cheftaines quhome on they depend oftymes against the willies of their landilordis," and in an Act of 1594 (*ibid.*, page 71), for punishing thieves directed against "wicked theives of clans and surnames following inhabiting the hielands," the list includes "Clandonochie," and a roll or catalogue is ordered to be made of all persons of these surnames. Major J. A. Robertson's 'Com. Athol,' page 41, cites bonds of maintenance in the Lude Charter Chest, addressed to the Lairds of Lude and "sundry persons of the surname of Clandonochy," and says that up to 1600 Clan Donochy was quite the same as Robertson as a surname. From Pitcairn's 'Criminal Trials,' iii., pages 436-7, recording a robbery on 17 February 1604, it looks as if McCondochie may have been a form of Clan Donochy, for we find the Laird of Strowane and Allister McCondochie Vic James Robiesone of Callewin, who was a relation of his (see above, page 3), named as having been robbed. The robbers were the McGregors, many of whom bear the same name of McCondochie. The McGregors had been brought into Atholl by DUNCAN de ATHOLIA (see below under his name); the record of their destruction is in Reg. Priv. Council, vols. vi. to x.

Robertson adopted by the clansmen as their sole name in seventeenth century. Probably soon after this date the name Clan Donochy died out, and the name Robertson, which by that time had been adopted by almost all the descendants of Duncan, was adopted by the clansmen as their sole name. So late, however, as 1833 the 'Index to Robert Pitcairn's Criminal Trials of Scotland' treats the name Duncanson and Robertson as synonymous, or, at all events, as

very closely connected. The name of the Clan still remains Clan Donochie, but in recent times it has been referred to as the Robertsou Clan. Buchanan of Auchmar, in 1793, in referring to the Clan, calls them "the Robertsons or Clan Donnochie."

Various ways of spelling the name Robertson. The name has been spelt in various ways. The oldest spelling appears to have been Robertsoun (*e.g.*, 'Registers of the Privy Council of Scotland,' *passim*). But we also find Robison, Robiesone, Robertstone, Robsoune, with abbreviations such as Ro'tsone and Rob'soue. That various spellings were in use at the same time is shewn by the Baud Clan Donachy given below. The possibility of the spelling being at any time altered is strikingly shewn in the 'Register of Orphir,' in the Orkney, when the name is invariably spelt Robertson, excepting by one person who made the entries between the years 1791—1802, and he as invariably spells it "Robison." The Robiusion Lord Rokely family had a tradition that their ancestor who lived at Kendal was a son or descendant of one of the Barons of Struan, which would give a different spelling, or rather a change from the Scotch form, to the English; but there seems no foundation for this view beyond a late inscription recording their descent from highlanders (see Collins's 'Peerage'), and the arms are the same as the other Robinsons of England. The Index to Buchanan of Auchmar, 1793, refers to the Robertsons as Robinson.

Robertson not used in England. It is curious that, common as the name Robert has been both in England and Scotland, there are no families other than the descendants of DUNCAN and their clansmen in Athol who seem to own the name, except a family mentioned in Matt Carter's 'Honor Redivivus,' 1673, and a family at Boston, Lincolnshire, mentioned in Edmondson's 'Heraldry' (see too Robsou's 'British Herald'), which families bear the arms of the Robiusion family, and therefore are presumably of English descent. No descendants of these English Robertsons are known.

Its use in Scotland. Until quite recent times the district of Athol, that is the old Comitatus Atholia, was peopled almost entirely with Robertsons, but within the last fifty years the name has practically disappeared through migration. The decrease in the name between 1649 and 1835 is strikingly shewn in the Rental of the County of Perth, 1649, contrasted with valuation of 1835, by William Gloag; and see also the Rental of 1680, Advocates' Library MSS., No. 31, 3, 15. The last final migration of the agricultural population took place during the American War, when certain manufactures were started in the villages at the entrance to the Highlands, Blairgowrie, Dunkeld, etc.; and the Robertson Clan being the nearest to these villages flocked into them, their place in the Highlands being filled by more northern clans. The manufactures have long ceased to exist, but the Robertsons were obliged to remain in the lowland villages, and they still form a considerable portion of the population. A similar change has taken place in the Orkney Islands, which in the eighteenth century contained numberless families of Robertsons, but now, owing to emigration to Scotland, England, and the Colonies, contain very few. The Robertsons are now found in great numbers in the large towns of Scotland—Glasgow, Edinburgh, and Aberdeen, especially in the latter—and throughout England and the British Empire, but these last can almost all trace back to the time, rarely more than a century ago, when their ancestors lived in Scotland. Mr. James Robertson, now living in the Wandsworth Road, states that at one time his father and another person were the only Robertsons named in the London Directory. In all families, whether settled in Scotland or elsewhere, the tradition of a Perthshire origin is universal. According to Seton's 'Heraldry in Scotland,' 1863, Robertson was in 1856-7 one of the seven most prevalent names in Scotland—the others being Brown, Campbell, Macdougald, Smith, Stewart, and Thomson.

The Bond given by certain leading men in the Clan, on the 19th of May 1612, to the Earl of Errol to support the chief of the Clan in such manner as the Earl might direct, already referred to as the Band Clan Donachie, is here inserted as illustrating several points.

The Bond itself is among the Errol papers, but it is printed in full in the 'Spalding Miscellany,' vol. ii., page 283.

BAND CLAN DONACHIE TO THAIR CHEIFF XIX MAY MDCXII.

Be it kend to all men by thir presentes ws Alexander Robertstone of Faskellie, *JOHNE REID, alias ROBERTSTONE* of STRATHLOCH, Alaster Farlastone of Inchemacraemich, Johne Farlastone younger, appeirand of Mounese, Duncane Robertson of Dulcaper, Alaster Robertstone in Auchinrew, Charles Robertstone in Calvin, James Robertstone in Killisgewre.

Forsamekle as we wnderstand the livifny fauor and regaird careit be ane noble and potent Lord Francisse, Erl of Erroll, Lord Hay Heich Constabill of Scotland, to Robert Robertstone of Strowan our Cheiff and his houss quhairof we ar descendit, and being maist willing for our partis to defend our Cheiff to our power in his lawfull and honest adoes and mantein his estait so far as our abilities may reatehe Thairfoir to be bound and straitlie oblisit and be the tenour herof bindis and faythfullie obleis ws coniuunctlie ilkane for our awin partis to the said noble lord that we sall be his lordschippis adwyss concur and assist the Laird of Strowan, mantein and help his houss and estait so far as possiblie we can be able wnder pain of infamie and defamatioune.

In faith and witness quhairof we haif subserivit thir presentes with our handis, written be Alexander Davidsone, Servitor to the Noble Lord at Perth, the nyntein day of May j^mvi^e and twelf yeines. Before witnesses, Mr. George Hay, person of Turreff, David Maxtoun, Burges of Perth, John Robertstone, and the said Alexander Davidsone writer forsaid.

Alaster Robertsonn in Auchinrew forsaid, with my hand at the pen led be the notar publict vuder writtin at my command becaus I can nocht writ.

JOHNE ROBERTSONN off Straloch.
Chairliss Robertstone.
James Robertstone with my hand.
Allex^r Robertson of Inchemagruncht.

Ita est Alexander Davidson notarius publicus de speciali mandato dicti Alexandri scribere nescientis vt asseruit.

M. George Hay, persone of Tureff,
witnes.

David Maxton, witness.

The persons entering into this curious Bond to assist Robert Robertson, the Laird of Strowane and head of the Clan Donochy, to whom they state they were all related, are using modern spelling:— Alexander Robertson of Faskellie, who is styled Alexander Robertstone of Faskellie, and did not sign; *JOHN ROBERTSON*, *BARON REID* of Strathloch, who is styled *JOHNE REID, alias ROBERTSTONE*, of Strathloch, and signs as *JOHNE ROBERTSOUN* off Straloch; Alexander Robertson of Inchemagruncht, who is styled Alaster Farlastone of Inchemacraemich, who signs as Allex^r Robertson of Inchemagruncht; John Robertson the younger, heir-apparent to the Laird of Mounese, who is styled Johne Farlastone, younger appeirand of Mounese, and did not sign; Duncan Robertson of Dulcapon, who is styled Duncane Robertstone of Dulcaper, and did not sign; Alexander Robertson of Auchinrew, who is styled Alaster Robertstone in Auchinrew, and signs as Alaster Robertson in Auchinrew, but is referred to by the notary who guided his hand as Alexander; Charles Robertson of Calvine, who is styled Charles Robertstone in Calvin, and signs as Chairliss Robertstone; and James Robertson of Killisgewre, who is styled James Robertstone in Killisgewre, and signs as James Robertstone.

ARMS, CRESTS, MOTTOES, ETC., OF THE FAMILY.

THE coat of arms of the family is, Gules, three wolves' heads erased argent, that is to say, on a red ground there are three silver heads of wolves cut off close to the skull, two above and one below. This coat, to which various branches have made additions, probably belonged to Duncan de Atholia, who, according to Nisbet's 'Heraldry,' i., page 323, got a grant of land for having destroyed wolves. (The English Robertsons mentioned above (page 6) bore the arms of the Robinsons of Northern England, viz., Three harts passant, which shew they did not belong to this family.)

The Strowan branch bears these arms without alteration. Their crest is a dexter or right hand erect holding an imperial crown, and the motto, "Virtutis gloria merces"—Glory is the reward of virtue or strength. This crest and motto were specially granted to Robert Reoch Duncanson of Strowane in 1436, in memory of his arresting the murderers of King James I. of Scotland, and although others in fact use them it is difficult to see how any one who is not his direct descendant can be entitled to use either. In commemoration of the same event this Robert had granted to him the addition of a man in chains lying beneath the shield and supporting it. Nisbet ('Heraldry,' ii., page 136) points out that this is not what is called a compartment, but an honourable supporter, and adds that only one supporter was usual formerly. The right to use this supporter is confined to the head of the family, and does not belong to any of the other descendants of Robert, and still less to his collateral relations.

In the DOWNIE family in the seventeenth century the rights of the Strowan family were infringed by adopting both the man in chains and the crown in the crest; but the man in chains, instead of being used as a supporter, was placed on a fesse argent (that is a silver horizontal bar occupying one-third of the shield), and the crown was enfiled on a falchion or antique sword held in the dexter hand, the motto used being, "Ramis micat radix," the root shines forth in the branches. How these arms, crest, and motto came to be used probably cannot now be determined, but they were used sufficiently to get them inserted in Edmondson's 'Heraldry,' 1780, whence they have been copied into Robson's 'British Herald,' 1830, and into the early editions of Burke's 'Armoury,' and similar works. In the year 1868 it having struck the compiler that such a very junior branch of the family could have no right to the man in chains or to the crown, he made enquiries at the Lyon Herald's Office as to the right to use these arms, and could find no proof of any proper grant. In the next edition of Burke's 'Armoury,' probably in consequence of the correspondence which had taken place, the arms were omitted. The arms of HERBERT ROBERTSON shewn on title-page are Robertson of Downie quartering Manning, with Durdin quartering Drury on a shield of pretence.

The Robertson or Clandonochie Tartan consists of a red ground crossed both ways by stripes of light and dark green, the general effect being alternate squares of red and of green in several shades. Until quite recently manufactured goods of this tartan were seldom kept in stock, but lately, being a very handsome tartan, there has been a great demand for it by Americans, and it is now found in every Highland warehouse. The so-called Hunting Tartan of the Robertsons is the green tartan of Mackenzie and McLeod, and the badge of the Clan is the fern or bracken. The tartans and badges of the Highland clans are of comparatively modern origin.

GENEALOGY OF THE ROBERTSON FAMILY.

NOTE.—That this Pedigree until (26) Gilleadomnam is very doubtful, the first eleven names being only given as the most probable ancestors of Gilleadomnam; see the notes under the name of Gilleadomnam himself, and of his grandson Somerled, and also under (37) Coll, (32) Godfrey, and (29) Snibne.

37. COLL or CONN,

Called Thola Craisne in Dean Munro's MS. According to the Book of Clanranald the descendants here attributed to this Coll down to (23) REGINALD son of Somerled were called the O'Colla or Toisech, and according to an account of the Macdonalds in 'Miscellanea Scotica,' iv., 44, the Macdonalds (descendants of this Reginald) were called Sliochd nan Colluibh or posterity of the Colls, and according to Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 35, they were called the Siol Cuium or race of Conn. Probably born about 715.

It seems from the above references that this Coll or Conn was an actually existing person, and from the same references and the old pedigrees, Book of Clanranald, Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 397, MS. T.C.D. H. 3, 18, *ib.* 458, Book of Ballimot, *ib.*, 466, Book of Leccan, *ib.*, Gaelic MS. of 1450, in Iona Club, Collect de Rebus Albanicis, p. 61, Dean Sir Donald Munro's MS. in 'Miscellanea Scotica,' 1818-20, vol. iv., p. 121, that the line of descent here given down to Gilleadomnam is approximately correct. In the old pedigrees referred to owing to the prevailing wish to give an Irish origin to the Scotch clans, this Coll or Conn is erroneously identified with Caireall, called Colla Uais, one of the three Collas, sons of Eochadh Dubhlein, King of Ireland, supposed to be descended from CONN of the hundred battles (see Table 154, where he occurs as a traditional ancestor of the Durdin and Hayman families), who is called in Betham 112th King of Ireland and lived about A.D. 300, that is about 400 years before this Coll could have flourished if he is correctly placed with regard to Gilleadomnam, grandfather of Somerled (see below), thus making only ten generations between these two in 800 years (*cf.* Skene, 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 340, treating Imergi as a true ancestor of Somerled, and thus making seven generations in 700 years). This discrepancy tends to prove the truth of the pedigree as an inventor would not give only ten names when manifestly at least twenty-four were required. According to Skene ('Highlanders,' ii., p. 35), when the Scotch clans sought to make out an Irish origin the Macdonalds on account of their power were one of the first tribes to which such an origin was attributed, although the earlier traditions treated them as indigenous, *ib.* 37.

36. ETHAY,

Called as above in Dean Munro's MS., and called Echach in Books of Ballimot and Leccan, Eochmidh in Book of Clanranald, and Eathach feighslioch in Gaelic MS. of 1450. The Book of Clanranald says all the Clan Domhnuill (Donald) in Erin and in Alban (Scotland) are of his race. Probably born about 745.

Fiachra Tort. "The Turtanighe and Fir Luirg are of his race."

Fearadhack. "The Fir Li and Fir Lacha are of his race."

Maine. "His race is not known to us." (Book of Clanranald.)

35. CARTAIJNE,

Called as above in Dean Munro's MS., and called Cartain in Gaelic MS. of 1450, and Carran in Book of Clanranald; omitted in Books of Leccan and Ballimot. Probably born about 775.

34. ERC,

Called Erich in Dean Munro's MS., Eire in Gaelic MS. of 1450 and Books of Ballimot and Leccan, and Eore in Book of Clanranald. Probably born about 805.

33. FERGUS,

Called as above in Dean Munro's MS., and called Fergus in Gaelic MS. of 1450 and Books of Ballimot and Leccan, and Fearghus in Book of Clanranald. Probably born about 835.

A |
32. GODFREY,

Called Gofhfred and Gotheray in Dean Munro's MS., Gofrig in Gaelic MS. of 1450, Gofraidh in Books of Ballinot and Leccan, and Gothfrugh in Book of Clanranald. (23) REGINALD, son of Somerled, is called his descendant in an old song, "Baile Sathain Sith Eamhna," printed in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 410; see note, p. 427. Dean Munro (his MS.) says that from this Godfrey the clan was called "Clan Gothofred, that is Clan Gotheray in Hybero," till the time of Donald Gorm, with whom his pedigree ends. Probably born about 865.

31. MAINE,

Called as above in Gaelic MS. of 1450 and Book of Clanranald, and called Amaini in Books of Ballinot and Leccan, and Eaccine in Dean Munro's MS. The Book of Clanranald places him higher up in the pedigree, viz., between Erc and Fergus. Probably born about 895.

30. MALHHENSA,

Called as above in Dean Munro's MS., and called Mialgusa in Gaelic MS. of 1450, Nialgusa in Books of Ballinot and Leccan, and Nialghus in Book of Clanranald. Probably born about 925.

29. SUIBNE,

Called as above in Gaelic MS. of 1450, and called Snibhne in Books of Ballinot, Leccan, and Clanranald, and Swyffine in Dean Munro's MS. Probably born about 955.

Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 38, treats this Suibne as identical with the Suibne, son of Kenneth (Cineedhe), King of the Gallgaidhill, whose death in 1034 is recorded in Chronicon Hyense (Bannatyne edition, Adamnan's 'St. Columba,' p. 399); 'Annals of Ulster' (Skene's 'Chronicle of Picts and Scots,' p. 373); 'Annals of Loch Ce,' Rolls edition, i., 37, and who may have been a brother of (27) CRINAN, Abbot of Dunkeld (see Table 3). He bases this identity on their being contemporary, and on Suibne, son of Kenneth, being of the right family in which Somerled's ancestors would be expected to be found, and, having established the identity, he of course considers the statement as to Snibne's ancestors in the Gaelic MS. of 1450, with which alone he seems to have been acquainted, as fabulous. Skene evidently subsequently abandoned this theory, as in his 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., 466, whilst commenting on the identity of Suibne's son with King Jehmarc, makes no comment on Suibne himself, and in fact by the use of italics appears to intimate that he considered the mythical portion of the pedigree begins with Suibne himself.

28. IMERGI,

Called as above in Books of Ballinot and Leccan, and called Margad in Gaelic MS. of 1450, Mearghach in Book of Clanranald, Mearshaigne in Dean Munro's MS., Mearghaidhli in the Genealogical MS. of MacFirbis (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 466, note), dated 1590 (see *ibid.*, p. 119). Probably born circa 985. Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 397, and iii., p. 466, identifies him with King Jehmarc, who, according to the Saxon Chronicle in 1031 did homage to King Canute with King Maelbath (Macbeth), adding that Caradoc of Llancarvan shews he was King of Ewyst (Uist) (Macbeth being then termed King of Orkney, see vol. i., p. 405). MacFirbis says that from him the Clan was known as the Clan Ua Meargaidhe, a name which Skene says is unknown in Scotland ('Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 466, note).

27. SOLOMON,

Called Solomb in Book of Clanranald, Solaim in Gaelic MS. of 1450, Solaimh in Books of Ballinot and Leccan, Sella in Dean Munro's MS. Probably born about 1015.

26. GILLEADOMNAM,

Called Gilleagamain McSolaim in Gaelic MS. of 1450, Gilleadammane vic Sella in Dean Munro's MS., Gille Adhamnain in Chronicon Hyense (Bannatyne edition of Adamnan's 'St. Columba,' p. 402), Gilleadamnain in Books of Ballinot and Leccan, Giolla Ogamhuan in Book of Clanranald. The name means Servant of St. Adomnan (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 334), and is a purely Gaelic form (*ibid.*, pp. 33 and 340). Probably born about 1045. He was driven out of his Scottish territories by the violence of the Lochlannach and Fingalls (Norwegians), and took refuge in Ireland (Gaelic MS.,

penes Highland Society, cited in Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 40, where it is suggested that this alludes to the expedition of Magnus Barefoot in 1093: the document does not seem to be among the Highland Society Records in the British Museum). According to the Book of Clanranald he erected Mainister-na-Sgrine, in Tir Tarach, co. Sligo. He does not appear to have returned to Scotland.

An erroneous entry in the 'Annals of the Four Masters' (compiled in 1632), placing the death of his grandson Somerled in 1083 instead of 1166 (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 25), which entry is copied in the Bannatyne edition of the Chronicon Hyense (Adamnan's 'St. Columba,' p. 402), has led Munch ('Chronicon Manniæ,' p. 74, table ii., p. 191) to state that Gilleadomnain's father was named Somerled, and the statement in Duncan Forbes's 'Family of Innes,' 1698 (Bannatyne Club edition), p. 2, that Somerled's grandfather was "Somverlre Moir who first came out of Ireland in Malcolm Kenmore's time," arises from the same source; Munch ('Chronicon Manniæ,' *ut sup.*) suggests that Gille Adomnain was the descendant of *Gilli*, an Earl in Colonsay, by his wife the daughter of *Hlodver*, Earl of Orkney (see Table 6), thus accounting for the introduction of the name of Somerled, which existed in the Orkney family, into this family. This *Gilli*, called Earl of the Sudreyar, or Hebrides, is mentioned in the Njal Saga (Dasent's edition), pp. 84 and 89, and in Anderson's 'Orkney Saga,' p. xxviii, and Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 270, identifies him with *Cellach*, Earl of Garmoran, which includes the districts of Glenelg, Ardnamurehau, and Morvern (see p. 266), who lived 990 to 1014, and suggests from the evidence of the Macleod pedigree that *Cellach*, also Earl of Garmoran, slain by Malcolm, King of Scotland, in 950, was his grandfather.

25. GILLIBRIDE.

Called Gillebrigde in Gaelic MS. of 1450, Gillebryde in Dean Munro's MS. and Books of Ballinot and Leccan, Giolla Bride in Book of Clanranald, Gil Brid in Johnstone's 'Antiq. Celtic Norm.,' p. 152, Gil Bhride, ditto 'Antiq. Celtic Scan.,' p. 294, Gilbert in MS. in Collect. Reb. Albanicis (Iona Club), p. 282; *cf.* also diploma cited in Table 6, and Anderson's note 'Orkney Saga,' xlii. The name signifies Servant of St. Bridget (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 331), and is a purely Gaelic form (*ibid.*, pp. 33 and 340). Probably born about 1075. According to Gaelic MS., *penes* Highland Society, cited in Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., pp. 40 and 41, he fled to Ireland with his father, but there obtained the assistance of the descendants of Colla, viz., the Macquarries and Macmahons of Fermanagh, and proceeded to Scotland; the MS. breaks off without stating the result of the expedition, but the Book of Clanranald adds that through a stratagem devised by his son Somerled, with a view to making his band more numerous, he defeated the Norwegians in Ardjobbar and Morbhairne (Ardgour and Morvern). Buchanan of Auchanar's "Account of the Macdonalds," printed in 'Miscellanea Scotica,' iv., p. 44, antedates this Gillibride, and the three next generations, Somerled, Reginald, and Donald, by eleven centuries, placing Gillibride at 54 B.C.

A son; "from him descended the Clan Dombnaill of Ros Laogh" (Book of Clanranald).

A dau., believed by Johnstone ('Antiq. Celtic Norm.,' p. 152) to have married Harold Gillies, King of Norway, who died 1137.

24. SOMERLED THE VIKING,

A Norwegian name (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 32), not uncommon at this time (Sumerlode meant "summer army," the summer being the time the Vikings made their piratical expeditions; see E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under the Early Kings,' i., p. 76, *et passim*, and Munch's 'Chronicon Manniæ,' p. 42). It is found existing as a christian name and patronymic *temp.* King David II. (Robertson's 'Index,' p. 40, cap. 25, 27; p. 47, cap. 14; p. 54, cap. 14). Somerled is called Sumarlidi in Orkney and other Sagas, Somharlid MacGilliadhannain in Chronicon Hyense (Adamnan's 'St. Columba,' Bannatyne edition, p. 402), Somerled MacGilleadomnain in "Annals of Ulster" (Skene's 'Chronicle of Picts and Scots,' p. 373), Somhairle MacGiollabrighe in 'Four Masters' (giving wrong date of death), Somerle, son of Gillybride, in Dean Munro's pedigree (Iona Club 'Transactions,' p. 61), Somairle MacGillebrigde in Gaelic MS. of 1450, Somairli in Book of Clanranald, Sowryle of Argyle in Wyntoun, book vii., cap. vii., line 1491, Sorletus in 'Reg. Mag. Sig.,' vol. 1424—1513, Charter, No. 3170, Sorley in Index to 'Annals of Loch Ce,' Rolls edition, and Sovile in Innes's 'Scotch Legal Antiquities.' He is also called

A dau. Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., pp. 463—469; and Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' ii., p. 5, call her daughter of Somerled, an error probably arising from Fordun's 'Annals,' i., calling her sons "nepotes" of Somerled; see also Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 42, where they are called his grandsons. Mar. Wymond, said to have been Bishop of Man and the Isles, but not mentioned in list of Bishops in 'Chronicon Manniæ.' He claimed to be Malcolm Macbeth, son of Angus, Earl of Moray, and by this name he is best known; see his life in Fordun, (Skene's edition), ii., p. 428, and 'Orkney Saga' (Anderson's edition), p. 192, and Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 165.

Sumerledus Sitebi, or Cicebi, in Latin poem on his death, printed at end of Skene's edition of Fordun, i., p. 449, Smarldi Hold (Hauldus in some versions) in 'Orkney Saga,' Anderson's edition, 104-5, where his possessions are stated to be at Dalir (Dalos some versions), on Scotland's Fiord, *i.e.* channel between Hebrides and Scotland (but all the inhabitants of the valleys on the west coast of Scotland were called "Dal-weria-cet," *i.e.* dwellers in the dales, by the Norwegians of the Islands—Johnstone's 'Antiq. Celtic Norm.,' p. 150), and his descendants are also there stated to have been called the Dalverja family (Gens Dalensim in Latin edition); called also Regulus (Kinglet) Ergadiae in Fordun's 'Annals,' i., and Rex Ergadiae (*ibid.*, iv.), and Regulus Her Ergaidel in the 'Chronicon Manniae' (but "Her" is merely a repetition, meaning Lord, Johnstone's 'Antiq. Celtic Norm.,' p. 150), Ergadia or Ergaidel, Aeregaidhel of the Irish annals and Arragaidhel or Earragaidhel in Scotch, Oirer Gael, in E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under the Early Kings,' ii., p. 189, is the same word as the modern Argyll, but it comprised the whole of the west coast of Scotland, bounded by the backbone of Scotland on the east, and stretching from the Firth of Clyde to Sutherlandshire (exclusive), and the part Somerled held, which he probably conquered from the Norwegian settlers, was the portion now in Inverness-shire and Argyllshire, north of the Caledonian Canal (Skene's Fordun, ii., p. 430).

Probably born about 1105. Somerled was a famous Viking, or sea rover. E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under the Early Kings,' ii., p. 193, says he may be regarded as the founder of the predominance of the Scottish element on the western coast and isles, and see Skene's note to his edition of Fordun, ii., p. 430. He with his father, Giolla Bride, reconquered the territory of the latter in Scotland, and cleared the western side of Alban (Scotland) from the Lochlannach (Norwegians), except the Island of the Fiomlochlan (also Norwegians), called Insigall, and gained victory over his enemies in every field of battle (Book of Clanranald, and MS. in Collect de Rebus Albanicis (Iona Club), p. 282). On 6 November 1153 with his nephews, sons of Malcolm McEth, he rose against Malcolm IV. (Chronicle of St. Crucis, cited in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 469), and he continued the war after his nephews were defeated. On 6 January 1156 he defeated his brother-in-law, Godred Olafson, King of Man ('Chronicon Manniae'), the war originating by Somerled's son, Dongal, being made King of the Isles by Earl Thorfinn (Table 6) (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' ii., p. 413), and by treaty obtained the Scottish Isles south of the point of Ardnammrehan, including Iona, which were held nominally under the Kings of Norway (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 42; 'Celtic Scotland,' ii., p. 413, iii., p. 9; J. A. Robertson's 'Gaelic Topography of Scotland,' p. 103). He joined in the attempt to depose Malcolm IV., and put the "Boy of Egremond" on the throne (*ibid.*). In 1159 he was defeated by the Orkney Viking, Swein (son of Olaf of Gairsay and Asleif his wife), usually called Swein Asleifson, Orkney Saga, cap. cv., where the place of his defeat is called Myrkviford, the dark fiord, which in the Saga (cap. lxxvii.) is applied to the Firth of Forth, but probably must here mean a western fiord; Anderson's note to 'Orkney Saga,' pp. 181-2, suggests Loch Glean Dudh, in Sutherlandshire. The Saga erroneously states that he was killed in this battle. In the same or following year he made peace with Malcolm IV. ('Chronicon Manniae,' Munch's edition, pp. 10, 80; 'Family of Innes,' Bannatyne Club, pp. 2, 3, 8, and 52; Skene's Fordun, ii., p. 430). Somerled soon resumed the war against King Malcolm IV., the Maiden, which is treated as continuing for twelve years (Fordun's 'Annalia'). On the 1st of January 1164 (or 1166), he, with a large army consisting of men from Argyll, Kintyre, the Hebrides (Insi Gall), and the men of Athol, "alienigenis de Atheliath" (Chronicon Hyense), was completely defeated by the High Steward of Scotland (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 42), called Gilchrist, Earl of Angus, in Duncan Forbes's 'Family of Innes' (Bannatyne Club edition), p. 3, the King's general at Renfrew, and he and his son Gillicolane were killed in the battle; see accounts of the battle in Chronicon Manniae, and Chronica de Mailros, and Chronicon Hyense at end of Bannatyne Club edition of Adamnan's 'Life of St. Columba,' all under date 1164, 'Annals of Ulster,' same date; extracts in Skene's 'Chronicles of the Picts and Scots,' p. 373, and Johnstone's 'Antiq. Celtic Norm.,' p. 70, the Book of Pluscarden, book vi., caps. xvii. and xx. (Felix Skene's edition, ii., pp. 6 and 10), Hoveden (Rolls edition), i., p. 224, and in the Latin poem on his death, printed at end of Skene's Fordun, i., p. 449, which attributes his defeat to the intervention of St. Kentigern; also account copied from these authorities in Wyntonn's 'Chronicle,' vii., cap. vii., and Fordun's 'Annals,' i. and ii., the Book of Clanranald, giving the erroneous date 1180 for this battle, says he was slain by his page who took his head to the King, and adds that his own people assert that it was not to make war against the King that he went on that expedition, but to obtain peace, "for he did more in subduing the King's enemies than he waged war against him." The 'Book of the Chronicles of Scotland' (metrical version of Hector Boece, Rolls edition), iii., pp. 4 and 14, says he was captured, and afterwards hanged.

The date of his death is wrongly given as 1083 in the Four Masters, *cf.* Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 25, note, and from there inserted into the Chronicon Hyense (Adamnan's 'St. Columba,' p. 402), and this has given rise to the supposition that he had an ancestor Somerled in 'Family of Innes' (Bannatyne Club), p. 2, and Munch's 'Chronicon Manniæ,' p. 74, mentioned under Gilleadomnam; see note as to Somerled's parentage being only recorded in 'Irish Annals,' Fordun, 1872, ii., pp. 430-1.

Mar. (1st wife) Effrica.
(Brown's 'Highlanders,'
iv., cap. vi.)

Mar. (2nd wife), **24. RAGNHELD, OR RACHEL OF THE ISLES.**
See TABLE 2.

Gellicolanus, Gillicolaue, or Gillecolum, killed with his father at Renfrew 1 Jan. 1164; Fordun's 'Annals,' iv., Lib. Pluscarden. book vi., cap. xx. Skene, 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 45, considers that he had a son Somerled, namely the Somerled who succeeded to Argyll and the mainland property on the great Somerled's death, and rebelled against Alexander II. in 1221, whereupon Argyll was annexed to the Scottish throne, Somerled himself being killed in the Sndreys in 1230 (Hakon Saga).

Dougal, Dulgal, or Dubgall, King Dnfgall in 'Orkney Saga,' cap. civ., Dubhgall in Book of Clanranald; eldest son. Before 1156, with his father's consent, Earl Thorfinn (Table 6) placed him on the throne of the Isles, and this led to the war between Somerled and King Godred Olafson Bitling (Table 2) (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' ii., p. 413). After his father's death his share included Hy (Icolmkill, or Iona), Adamnan's 'St. Columba,' Bannatyne edition, p. 411. H. A. Bullock's 'History of the Isle of Man,' p. 14, confuses him with his father, and treats him as obtaining the Isles to the exclusion of his brother. According to the Book of Clanranald he took the chieftainship of Eargaordheal and Ladharna (Argyll and Lorn). Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 293, makes his share on his father's death consist of the districts of Lorn and Morvern, and the Island of Mull. His children Duggal Skrækus (Dngall Scragg), Dngad, and Ospak (Ospak Haco), are named as grandsons of Somerled and Kings of the Hebrides in the Hakon Saga (Script. Hist. Islandorum, ix., pp. 317 and 320). Under the name Dunegal filius Sumerledi he with his sons Olaf Dunechal and Raynald gave gifts to Durham (Cotton MSS., Domitian vii., cited in 'Illustrated Scotch History,' Maitland Club, p. 16). The daughter of Duggal, Arlin MacSomairle (called dau. of Dubhgall MacSomairle), mar. in 1259 Aedh O'Conchobhair, being then at Derry ('Annals of Loch Ce,' Rolls edition, p. 431). The son of Duncan, John (Eogan or Eugenius), is said to have been King of the Hebrides (Hakon Saga, p. 163, and see Munch's 'Chronicles of Man,' p. 191), and he himself is called ancestor of the Dukes of Argyll in E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under the Early Kings,' ii., p. 189, and the defeat of Dnggal and Duncan, sons of Dougal, son of Somerled, is recorded in Hakon Saga, cap. clxvii.

This Dougal, son of Somerled, was formerly, but erroneously, always treated as ancestor of the Macdongals Lords of the Isles (*cf.* Scott's notes to Cant. i. of 'Lords of the Isles,' vi. and vii.), and he was so treated in the first edition of Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' but in the second edition it is assumed, contrary to all the Sagas and to the 'Chronicon Manniæ' and Irish pedigrees, probably owing to the confusion between his brother Reginald and Reginald King of Man (see *sub* Reginald), that Reginald was the eldest son of Somerled, and inherited all the Isles, and that, following Campbell, Dougal did not exist at all.

Angus, or Engus, called King Engull in 'Orkney Saga,' cap. civ. Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 293, says that his share on his father's death appears to have been Garmoran and Lochaber. He defeated his brother Reginald in 1192, and was slain with his three sons in 1210 ('Chronicon Manniæ').

Olavus ('Chronicon Manniæ,' anno 1102).

A son, called the Gall MacSgellin, "this man being so named, from whom are descended the Clan Gall in the Glens" (Book of Clanranald).

Bethog, a dau., who, according to the Book of Clanranald, was a Black Nun, and erected Teampall Chairinis, or the Chnrch of Cairinis in Uibhist (Uist); Prioress of Icolmkill according to MS. *temp.* Charles II. (Iona Club).

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23. REGINALD OF THE ISLES,

Ronald, Rainald, called Raghnaill, Raighnald or Raighnaill in Gaelic MSS., Rögwald in 'Orkney Saga,' Raghnaill in 'Annals of Loch Ce' and Book of Clanranald, King Rögwald in 'Orkney Saga,' cap. civ. Probably born about 1140. Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 293, makes his share on his father's death the districts of Kintyre and Cowell, and the Isles of Isla, Bute, and Arran; called King of Man and the Isles, Lord of Argyle and Kintyre (see below). In 1192 he was defeated by his brother Engus ('Chronicon Manniæ'). He made donations to the Monastery of Paisley (Chart. Paisley), being there styled Reginaldus filius Somerledi (Chart. Levenax 182 D and 185 D, cited in Douglas's 'Peerage,' 2nd edition, ii., p. 5). He founded the Monasteries of Black (or Benedictine) Monks and Black Nuns at Hy (Iona), A.D. 1203, according to Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' ii., p. 414, a Monastery of Grey Friars ('Orig. Par.' ii., p. 23, calls them Cisterians, or white monks) at Saghadull (Saddle, in Kintyre), and the monastic Order of Molaise (Book of Clanranald). The lands which he gave to Saddle were in Kintyre and the Isle of Arran, the lands of that monastery were afterwards given by the Pope to the Bishopric of Lismore, an island in Loch Linnhe (which Bishopric was formed out of that of Argyle in 1236, Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' ii., p. 409); these grants by Reginald, who is there called "Reginaldus filius Sorleti qui se regem Insularum nominavit dom de Ergyle et Kyntire dicti Monasterii (Saddle) fundator," were confirmed to the Bishop by the King on 1 Jan. 1507 ('Reg. Mag. Sig.,' vol. 1424—1513, p. 678, No. 3170). He took the Islands from the Lochlannach (Norwegians), and after having received a cross from Jerusalem died in 1207, and was bur. at Reilie Oghran in I. (Iona) (Book of Clanranald).

He is frequently confused with his maternal first-cousin, Reginald, King of Man and the Isles, son of King Godred Olafson (see Table 2), as they were contemporaries, and both bore the title of King of the Isles (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 35). Thus all the entries in Rymer's 'Fœdera,' i., pp. 137, 140, 156, 159, 224, relate to the latter, although they are referred to this Reginald in Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' ii., p. 5. The mistake arose with Hoveden, a contemporary chronicler (Rolls edition, iv., p. 12), who treated him as the Reginald, King of Man, who bought Caithness from King William of Scotland, when he confiscated it from Harold Maddadson, Earl of Orkney (Table 6), in 1196. The account of the invasion of Orkney at King William's request in 'Orkney Saga,' cap. cxiv., shews conclusively that the purchaser was Reginald, son of Godred (see note to Hoveden, *ut sup.*). The mistake has been followed not only by Douglas but also by Munch in 'Chronicon Manniæ,' p. 91, Anderson's 'Orkney Saga,' p. xlii, Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 481, and elsewhere. The entries in the 'Chronicon Manniæ,' from 1187 downwards, clearly distinguish the two, and so does the Book of Clanranald. The mistake has caused others in tracing Somerled's descendants, notably the abstraction of his brother Dougal from the pedigree, and the insertion of King Olave of Man, brother of Reginald, King of Man, among his children (Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage').

Mar. 23. FONIA. (Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' ii., p. 5.)

22. DONALD or DOVENALD OF THE ISLES, styled Dovenaldus fil. Reginaldi fil. Somerledi in Chart. Levenax cited below, and Dovenald des Isles in letter cited under his son Angus, and Domhnall in Gaelic (Book of Clanranald, etc.). Probably born about 1170. Obtained Kintyre and Isla on his father's death (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 293). In 1208 he gained a battle over the men of Sciadh in Ireland ('Annals of Loch Ce,' Rolls edition, i., p. 241), but as the entry there only refers to a son of Raghnaill, son of Somhairle, this may have been his brother Roderic. In 1211, he with his brother, "the sons of Raighnaill, sons of Somhairle," and Thomas MacUchtraigh of Galloway, Earl of Athol, went to Doire Choluim Chille (Derry) with 77 ships, and plundered it, and then went to Inis Eoghain and destroyed the country ('Annals of Loch Ce,'

Roderic de Insulis, so styled in Charters to his son Reginald from William, Earl of Ross, 4 July 1342, and from King David 12 June 1344 (Robertson's 'Index of Charter,' p. 100); called Ruadhri in Skene's Fordun, ii., p. 435, and Ruaidri in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 293, which says he obtained the Isles of Bute and Arran and Garmoran on his father's death. He made grants to Saddle and Kintyre, which are confirmed in 'Reg. Mag. Sig.,' vol. 1424—1513, Nos. 3136 and 3170. For Irish expeditions in 1208 and 1211 see under his brother Donald. Probably fought against King Alexander (see Skene's Fordun, ii., p. 435, referring to the 'Annals,' p. 42). Of his sons Reginald received

Dugall, ancestor of the Clan Dugall, according to Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., pp. 107-8.

Rolls edition, i., p. 247, 'Annals of Ulster' Skene's 'Chronicle of Picts and Scots,' p. 373, and Johnstone's 'Antiq. Celtie Norm.,' pp. 70-1, cf. Skene's *Fordun*, ii., p. 435). Apparently he lost his dominions in the Isles in 1241, as an entry in the *Chronicles of Lanercost* (Bannatyne edition), anno 1240, states that the sons of Somerled ruled over the Isles for eleven years after the death of Godred Don, King of Man (son of Reginald), who died 1230. He is probably the MacSomhairle, King of Airegaidhel (Argyle), who was killed with the nobles of Cenel Conaill in battle in 1247 ('Annals of Loch Ce,' Rolls edition, p. 377). The Book of Clanranald says he got the government of Inisgall and the greater part of Gaodheal by order from Tara in Ireland.

the grants noted above, and Alan or Alang appears to have been one of the nobles who swore to support the claim of Margaret of Norway in 1284 (Rymer's 'Fœdera' (old edition), ii., p. 266, where the name is Alang fil. Rotherici). Munch's 'Chronicles of Man,' Table II. at p. 191, attributes to him a son, King Dugald, died 1268; also noted in E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under the Early Kings,' ii., p. 189. His descendants, according to the Books of Ballinot and Leccan, are given in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 471.

21. ANGUS MOR, OR ANGUS THE GREAT,

Called in Gaelic Aenghus Moir. Probably born about 1205. Called son of Donald in Rymer's 'Fœdera' (new edition), i., pp. 638 and 761 (three letters). Douglas's 'Baronage,' p. 405, confuses him with his son Angus of Cowell, whilst Crawford's 'Peerage,' followed by Douglas's 'Peerage,' divides him into two persons, one placed properly here, and the other made son of his son Alexander; the distinct pedigree given in 1292 Rymer's 'Fœdera' (new edition), i., p. 761, viz. Donald Angus and Alexander, disproves this. He was defeated by Alexander III., King of Scotland, in 1255, and apparently intended to flee to Ireland (see letter of 13 Feb. 1255-6, Rymer's 'Fœdera,' new edition, i., p. 393), and is said to have been the first of his race to acknowledge himself a subject of the Kings of Scotland (Douglas's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 5). Probably he is the MacSomairle who in 1258, with a fleet from Inisgall, defeated Jordan de Exeter, Sheriff of Exeter ('Annals of Loch Ce,' Rolls edition, p. 427, called MacSorley in index). He assisted Haco of Norway, but on the cession of the Isles to the King of Scotland in 1266 it was agreed that he should not suffer in power or territory (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 58). He gave lands to Paisley Monastery (Chartul. Levenax, 186-7 D, cited by Douglas), and confirmed his father's and grandfather's grants to the Abbey of Saddell (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 58). In 1284 he bound himself to maintain the claim of Margaret of Norway (Rymer's 'Fœdera,' new edition, i., p. 638); according to Skene's 'Highlanders' his support was purchased by a grant of Ardnamurchan, part of the old Earldom of Garmoran, but 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 293, treats Garmoran as part of the old possessions of the family. By a letter of 7 July 1292 he gave an undertaking to King Edward I. to keep peace in the Isles (Rymer's 'Fœdera,' new edition, i., p. 761). He took the side of Robert Bruce against Balliol, and therefore so long as the Balliols flourished the descendants of his great uncle Dougal who took their side were in the ascendant in this family (Book of Clanranald). Died in Isla 1294 (the Book of Clanranald erroneously gives the date as 1234, see correction in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' which probably led Crawford to suppose that there were two Angus Mors, see *ante*).

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Alexander. The Book of Clanranald makes him ancestor of several Irish clans, and his descendants from the Books of Leccan and MS. of 1467 are given in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 469. According to Crawford's and Douglas's Peerages, and E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under the Early Kings,' ii., p. 189, he was ancestor of the Macalisters of Loup, and, according to Douglas, of the Alexanders of Menstrie, Earls of Stirling, and, according to the Book of Clanranald, of the Clan Domhnail Renua (MacWilliam) of the province of Connaught, and the Clan I Sidhigh (Sheehy) of Munster. Munch's 'Chronicles of Man,' p. 191, calls him Allan, and mentions some of his descendants. Douglas's 'Peerage' (second edition), in a note says he is probably the Alexander de Ergadia (of Argyll) who bound himself to support the Maid of Norway in 1284, and is also mentioned in Rymer's 'Fœdera' (new edition), i., p. 761, and Ragman Roll of 1296, and who mar. the dan. and heiress of his cousin Ewen of Ergadia. If so he had a brother Malcolm who also signed the Ragman Roll. (See, however, Skene's view under his nephew Alexander.)

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Alexander de Insulis, called eldest son of Angus Mor in three letters of 7 July 1292 in Rymer's 'Fœdera' (new edition), i., p. 761, which distinguishes him from Alexander of Argyll (see his uncle Alexander). By one of the letters of 7 July 1292 he gave the same undertaking as his father to King Edward I. He does not appear to have signed the Ragman Roll of 1296, unless he can be identified with Alisaundre del Ile del Comte de Perth, which seems improbable. Died 1303 (Douglas's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 5).

He is not mentioned in the Book of Clanranald, probably because he died *s.p.*, and Douglas's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 5, treats him as ancestor of the Lords of the Isles, confusing him with his brother Angus Og, who is omitted. Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 59, says he married the dau. and heiress of his cousin Ewen of Ergadia, apparently confusing him with Alexander of Ergadia, and adds that he assisted John, Lord of Lorn, in opposing King Robert Bruce, and was besieged at his residence Castle Swen and captured and imprisoned in Dundonald Castle, where he died, which probably relates to the same person. (See under his uncle Alexander.)

Angus Og (in Gaelic Aonghus Oig, Book of Clanranald). Crawford's and Douglas's Peerages having divided his father into two persons, the former makes him son of the second Angus, but the latter omits him altogether. According to Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 293, having supported Bruce he got Morvern, Ardnamurchau, and Lochaber, with the Isles which had belonged to the Lords of Lorn, descendants of Dougal, son of Somerled, who supported Balliol. Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 59, called them the possessions of his brother Alexander, meaning probably the possessions of Alexander of Ergadia. Mar., according to the Book of Clanranald, the dan. of Cnimbhinghe O'Calhan, called by Buchanan of Auchmar, Okeyan Lord of Dunseverin. His descendants are given in the Book of Clanranald, and they include the Lords of the Isles and the Earls of Ross. Died in Isla and bur. in Iona 1306 (Book of Clanranald).

Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 59, says he was at the Battle of Bannockburn, and died in the early part of the fourteenth century, and in the translation of the Book of Clanranald given in his 'Celtic Scotland' he alters the date of his death to 1326; but probably these entries confuse him with another Angus Og, of whom several are mentioned in the pedigrees in 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 458 *et seq.*, as the dates make it improbable that he lived so long.

John the Bald (in Gaelic Eoin Sprangaig), ancestor of the Clan Eoin or Ian of Ardnamurchan (Book of Clanranald and Book of Leccan, in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 469, E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under the Early Kings,' ii., p. 189, containing errors as to his wives and descendants).

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Alasdair, "from whom descend the Clan Alasdair" (Book of Clanranald and Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 468).

20. ANGUS OF COWELL

(In Gaelic Aonghus, or Innes), of Cowell (Gaelic, Conluighe, or Coalich), from the district in Argyllshire where he was probably born. The Book of Clanranald describes him as Aonghus na Conluighe, son of Angus Mor, adding after his name, "from whom are descended the Clan Donchaidh and Robertsons." In the description of his grandson Duncan, given in Douglas's 'Baronage,' he is styled Innes na Coalich. Probably born about 1239.

19. ANDREW DE ATHOLIA,

In the Charter of Dnll given in December 1355 to his son Duncan (mentioned under his name) he is styled Andrew de Atholia. In the Charter of which the English title is given in Robertson's 'Index,' p. 52, No. 47, he is called Andrew, Earl of Athol; this, like the similar designation of his son Duncan in the same work, is apparently a mere mistake of some copyist or translator who treated Aird (Gaelic for Chief) of Athol, by which Duncan is described, as Earl of Athol, as neither he nor his son could have borne the title of Earl. Probably born about 1260. Major Robertson ('Athol,' p. 17), writing in 1860, says Andrew must have lived almost 600 years before that date, and in the pedigree he supplied to Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1847, Robertson of Lude, he mentions the existence of a place called Kil Anrias, which he translates as Andrew's burial-place, close to an ancient fort on the River Tilt, where some stones have been discovered implying that this may be where he was buried.

In Douglas's 'Peerage,' i., p. 135, under Campbell, Earl of Athol, referring to the above-mentioned entries in Robertson's 'Index,' it is stated that it is by no means easy to ascertain who Andrew and his son Duncan, who are styled Earls of Athol, were. There is, however, no manner of doubt as to the identity of these persons, although, as stated above, it is a mistake to term them Earls.

The ancestry of this Andrew de Atholia has been the subject of much discussion. It seems clear, however, that (20) Angus of Cowell, the son of (21) Angus Mor, was his father as here shewn. The Book of Clanranald states clearly that Angus of Cowell was son of Angus Mor and ancestor of the Robertsons, and (19) Andrew de Atholia is known also to be one of their ancestors, further his son Duncan is styled MacInnes na Coalich, and universal reputed made the Robertsons, including of course Andrew de Atholia, descendants of the Macdonalds, until a doubt was thrown on it by Buchanan of Auchmar (out of deference to the family) suggesting that perhaps they claimed to be an independent instead of a branch clan. It being thus established that Angus of Cowell and Andrew were both ancestors of the family, the dates shew that they could only have stood towards each other in the relation of father and son, and this theory explains all the difficulties which have arisen.

The history of the difficulty on this point of the pedigree is as follows:—The oldest record, the Book of Clanranald, records that Angus Mor had a son “Aonghus na Conluighe, from whom sprung the Clann Douchaidh and Robertsons.” Until the publication of Skene’s ‘Celtic Scotland,’ 1880, this record so far as it relates to the Robertson family was quite lost sight of. Duncan, undoubtedly the son of (19) Andrew de Atholia, and styled Duncan MacInnes na Coalich, that is MacAngus of Cowell (Douglas’s ‘Baronage,’ p. 405), was treated as son of Angus of Cowell, and thus Andrew dropped out of the family. The tradition that Duncan was a descendant of the Macdonalds which always existed is recorded, according to Colonel J. A. Robertson’s ‘Coneise Historical Proofs respecting the Gael,’ p. 437, as early as 1549, by Hugh Munro, Dean of the Isles, in his ‘History of the Macdonalds,’ which is not that given in ‘Miscellanea Scotica,’ iv., p. 121, and again by Alexander Skene in 1678 (‘Memorials of the Skene Family,’ by W. F. Skene (New Spalding Club), p. 6). The MS. history of the Macdonalds, *temp.* Charles II., of which a fragment is printed in the ‘Collect de Reb. Alb.’ (Iona Club), p. 282, identifies (20) Angus of Cowell, who had thus become father of (18) Duncan, with a certain Angus, called (p. 292) a natural son of (23) Reginald, son of Somerled. The MS. evidently confuses Duncan with some one else, as it says he ruled for three years in the Isles. This pedigree would place the birth of Duncan early, instead of late, in the thirteenth century. Crawford’s ‘Scotch Peerage,’ 1716, under Macdonald, Lord of the Isles, does not refer to the Robertsons. Sir William Douglas in his ‘Peerage’ (first edition), 1746, under Macdonald, Lord of the Isles, p. 357, refers to it, citing as his authority “MS. history of the family,” and this is probably the MS., *temp.* Charles II., already referred to; but (20) Angus of Cowell he identified with (21) Angus Mor, and Duncan himself thus made son of Angus Mor he calls Donald, adding after his name “designed Donaldus de Isle, filius Augusti, in Rymer’s *Fœdera Angliæ*, and is said to have been ancestor of the Robertsons of Strowan.” The change from Angus, natural son of Reginald, to Angus Mor, was evidently made from the old tradition as to the latter being ancestor of the Robertsons, and that from Duncan to Donald was probably due to the erroneous allegation in the MS. that Duncan ruled over the Isles, and to the author finding no Duncan de Insulis, but finding (22) Donald des Isles mentioned in Rymer’s ‘*Fœdera*’ (new edition), i., p. 761, and apparently misreading the entries so as to make him son instead of father of Angus. In 1798 Douglas published his ‘Baronage,’ and so had to make more minute enquiry into the Robertson family (p. 405). He follows the ‘Peerage’ in identifying Angus of Cowell with Angus Mor, who he says was designated of Cowell, but for the Donald named in the ‘Peerage’ substitutes Duncan de Atholia, thus in this respect going back to the MS. Taking the ‘Peerage’ and ‘Baronage’ together Duncan de Atholia for the first time definitely appears as son of Angus Mor, and his actual father and grandfather disappear from the pedigree. The pedigree in the ‘Baronage’ is copied verbatim into Alexander Robertson’s ‘Struan Family,’ published a year or two after. Nisbet’s ‘Heraldry,’ i., p. 323, published in 1804, simply calls Duncan, Duncan Macdonald. The editor of the second edition of Douglas’s ‘Peerage,’ 1813, does not appear to have known of the correction in the ‘Baronage,’ as he repeats the entry in the first edition, merely adding a query after the erroneous reference to Rymer. In the meantime, before the appearance of the ‘Baronage,’ viz. in 1793, Buchanan of Auchmar had published his ‘Account of the Macdonalds’ (‘Miscellanea Scotica,’ iv., p. 81). He simply gives as the alleged ancestor of the Robertson family, “Duncan Crosda, or cross-grained, a son of the Macdonald, Lord of the Isles, about the reign of King William the Lion.” As William reigned from 1165 to 1214 this would place Duncan at about the same date as that assigned to (18) Duncan by inference in the MS., *temp.* Charles II., which he probably had access to. His information evidently came from a Macdonald source, and he appears to think that the Robertsons might object to be treated as a junior branch of another clan instead of as an original clan, for he adds that “for divers ages Robertson hath been reputed a distinct surname and had no dependence upon that of Macdonald, so that although this above account be the most generally received in relation to the descent of that surname, I am not positive how far it is acquiesced in by those of the same.” He thus, out of deference to the Robertsons, introduced the first recorded doubt as to their descent from the Macdonalds. The designation Crosda is by Sir Noel Paton (‘Earls of Athol’) attributed to Duncan, son of (18) Robert de Atholia. The unreliability of Douglas’s ‘Peerage’ and ‘Baronage’ and of Buchanan of Auchmar is pointed out in Skene’s ‘Celtic Scotland,’ iii., p. 349. The next work was W. F. Skene’s ‘Highlanders,’ 1837. Mr. Skene appears to have taken considerable interest in the Robertson family, of which his own is a branch, and he deals fully with it in vol. ii., p. 140, *et seq.* He treats the matter as if the accepted theory was that (18) Duncan was the son of (21) Angus Mor, as given in the ‘Baronage,’ and having discovered the charter in which Duncan is styled son of Andrew de Atholia he saw at once that Duncan’s real father had been omitted from the pedigree in error. He, therefore, reinstated this personage by the name of Andrew de Atholia, and set himself to find out who his father was. He does not appear to have known of the entry in the Book of Clanranald, but of course knew of the old traditional descent of the family from the Macdonalds recorded as above. Mr. Skene, however, argues that the MSS. of 1450, printed in Iona Club ‘Transactions,’ affords presumption that this traditional descent is unfounded, as it details the branches of the Macdonalds with great minuteness and does not include the Robertsons, forgetting apparently that the entire omission of the Robertson clan, which is evidently simply an error, prevents any such presumption arising, as the connection with the Macdonalds would only have been given when the clan was dealt with, and he considers the presumption increased, by the family possessing such large territories in Athol, by the arms of the two families being different, and by his being unable to discover any connection as a clan between them as previously noted by Buchanan, a circumstance which arose from the families being separated before the first appearance of clans (see *supra*, p. 5). He then argues that the family were descended from the old Earls of Athol on the following grounds:—(1) The title of Andrew and his immediate descendants, viz. de Atholia, as he considers it hardly possible that the possession of a considerable part of Athol could entitle a stranger to the use of such a designation, “as Atholia was a Norman barony, and the names of baronies were exclusively used by their possessors and their descendants;” but considering the number of persons who

bore this name mentioned below this proposition is untenable; (2) Glenerochie (Strowan) belonged to (21) Conan, younger son of (22) Henry, last Celtic Earl of Athol (Table 3, Part II.), and passed to his son (20) Ewen and then to (18) Duncan de Atholia; (3) Finoch or Fynoch in Stratberne belonged to Ewen's wife, and passed presumably to Duncan de Atholia, and in any case to his descendants; (4) Dull belonged to the Earls of Athol, and passed to Duncan de Atholia. The last three arguments shew conclusively that Duncan was a descendant of the old Earls of Athol, and heir to the estates of Ewen, the grandson of the last Earl Henry, and this (whether then suggested for the first time or not) has never since been doubted, but they do not prove that he was a descendant of the old earls in the male line. Mr. Skene's suggestions in favour of a male descent are as follows:—(1) Unless Dull was a male fief, inherited by (18) Duncan as heir male of the family, he considers it impossible to see how why the daughters of Earl Henry's eldest son, who carried the title of Earl to lowland families (see Table 3, Part II.), did not inherit it. There is, however, no reason why it should not have been given by Earl Henry to his son Conan. (2) He states, without any proof, that Glenerochie was a strictly male fief, which if true would make Duncan male heir to Ewen, and so male descendant of the old earls. His conclusion is that Andrew de Atholia was the son of Angus, son of (20) Ewen, the grandson of Henry, last Celtic Earl of Athol, hence his son's title of MacInnes, and therefore that the Robertsons of Strowan are the male representatives of the old Earls of Athol and of the ancient royal house of Scotland, which was descended from King Duncan, son of Crinan. This magnificent descent, supported by so high an authority, was adopted by the Robertsons of Strowan, and printed the following year, 1838, in Burke's 'Commoners,' vol. iv., p. 419, and in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1847, Robertson of Struan; and was also followed in Dr. James Browne's 'History of the Highlanders,' 1858, vol. iv., cap. vi., p. 468, *et seq.*, William Anderson's 'Scottish Nation,' 1863, iii., p. 345, and by Sir Joseph Noel Paton in his 'Celtic Earls of Athol,' 1873. Mr. Skene appears to have adhered to the correctness of this pedigree. In his 'Celtic Scotland,' 1880, vol. iii., p. 289, he says, that the family were probably descendants of the older Gaelic earls, and at p. 309 he says they were so descended, and at p. 330 he says their name (de Atholia) sufficiently indicates that they were the male representatives of these earls, and at p. 361 he says that by a fraud common to later times they exchanged (19) Andrew de Atholia, the undoubted father of Duncan de Atholia, for (21) Angus of the Isles. He seems not to have observed the entry in the Book of Clanranald, although it is printed at the end of the volume, p. 397, and is, according to his statement at page 338, one of the oldest Highland pedigrees and worthy of credit. Notwithstanding the weight of Mr. Skene's authority, it seems clear that he has given no sufficient proof of a male descent from the Earls of Athol to displace the original tradition of a descent from the Macdonalds, supported as it is by the entry in the Book of Clanranald, and that there is no foundation for such a royal descent as he has traced. It is noticeable that the men of Athol and Argyll had always been closely connected; they fought together, *temp.* Solvathius (see Sir James Dalrymple's 'Collections concerning Scottish History,' 1705), also under Somerled in 1164 (Chronicon Hyense in Adamnan's 'St. Columba,' Bannatyne edition, p. 402) the Earl of Athol had authority in Argyll (Regiam Magistatem, lib. i., cap. xvii., art. 6, cited in Dalrymple's 'Collections,' p. 217). The erroneousness of this pedigree was seen so long ago as 1847 by Major J. A. Robertson, the head of the great family of Lude, and he prepared a new table of descent which (see his 'Athol,' p. 23) he supplied to Mr. Burke, and which is printed in the 'Landed Gentry' of that year, under Robertson of Lude. Subsequently, in 1860, he reprinted the same pedigree in his 'Comitatus de Atholia.' In this pedigree he very properly adopts the old traditional descent from the Macdonalds through Angus Mor. He had to connect this Angus Mor with Andrew de Atholia, and evidently did not know of the entry in the Book of Clanranald. He accordingly selected, as the connecting link, who was to be son of Angus Mor and father of Andrew de Atholia, a person whom he called Malcolm de Insulis, and identified with M. de Asceles (Atheles), mentioned in Robertson's 'Index,' p. xvii, *temp.* Alexander III., 1249-86, without saying where he got the name of Malcolm from. To this person (in order to account for the title de Atholia and for Andrew, and his son Duncan being styled Earl of Athol in Robertson's 'Index') he gave a wife Lora, Countess of Athol, whom he makes, without giving any reason, daughter of Isabella, eldest coheirress of Henry, last Earl of Athol, by Alan Durward. The only record of any Lora, Countess of Athol, is an entry in the Chronicle of Melros in the year 1269, recording the death of such a person, without giving her parentage or any comment (probably she was widow of one of the earls of the Hastings or Strathgogie families, see Table 36), and the whole of this link, in the pedigree of which Major Robertson was admittedly the inventor, depends upon this entry and the bond mentioned above by "M. de Asceles" (probably the MacBeke de Atholia mentioned below), which manifestly afford no foundation for the insertion of either Malcolm or Lora in the pedigree. Major Robertson, as shewn below, subsequently thought this pedigree erroneous, but it was nevertheless adopted by all branches of the family which appeared in the 'Landed Gentry' prior to the 1886 edition. Major Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 23, complains of this being done without acknowledgment. To this supposed Malcolm and Lora Major Robertson at first (see the 'Landed Gentry,' Lude, 1846) attributed an elder son John, Earl of Athol, relying on Andrew and Duncan being styled (erroneously) Earls of Athol, and on a mistake in the 'Peerage,' by which a charter of John Strathgogie, Earl of Athol, who died in 1264, was made to bear date in 1283, instead of 1254 (see Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 289, note), but this error is not repeated in his 'Athol.' As already stated in 1858 appeared Brown's 'Highlanders,' copying Skene's 'Highlanders,' and not noticing the pedigree under Lude in the 'Landed Gentry' of 1847; and in 1860 Major J. A. Robertson's 'Athol,' combating Skene's theory, and repeating the pedigree supplied to Burke in 1847, and editions of the 'Landed Gentry' in 1858 and 1863 adopted this pedigree for the Robertsons of Struan and all other branches of the family. In 1866 Major Robertson published his 'Concise Historical Proofs respecting the Gael,' and by that time he had evidently come to the conclusion that the supposed Malcolm and Lora could not be the parents of Andrew, for at p. 437 he suggests that Andrew was the Andreas filius Gilmur Clerauch de Dull, mentioned as living in 1269 in the Register of St. Andrews, p. 349 (whom he had referred to in his 'Athol,' p. 23), and that this Gilmur was the Gilmur, son of Maldonoch, seneschal or administrator of Dull, who he says is mentioned by Buchanan of Auchmar, and that the latter may have been a son of Reginald of the Isles, the son of Somerled. This view is purely fanciful, and all the evidence is against it. The latest work, Sir Noel Paton's 'Celtic Earls of Athol,' 1873, simply copies Mr. W. F. Skene's pedigree as stated above. Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' which previously followed the 1863 edition in 1886, omits the earlier pedigree for all families beginning with (18) Duncan de Atholia, who is erroneously styled Earl of Athol. The discovery of the entry in the Book of Clanranald, shewing that Aonghus na Conluighe was father of Andrew of Athol, furnishes a solution of the difficulty as to the parentage of this Andrew de Atholia.

Major J. A. Robertson's earlier pedigree of Andrew (in this respect correct) did not account for the ownership

of Glenerochie. He, however, in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1846, under Robertson of Lude, and in his 'Athol,' and his 'Concise Historical Proofs,' p. 437, adopted Mr. Skene's proposition, which seems to be well established, that Duncan de Atholia was a descendant of (20) Ewen of Glenerochie, but traced the descent through a female by a marriage between (17) Andrew of Athol and a daughter of Ewen of Glenerochie, whom he made heiress to her father and her brother Angus, and this view has been adopted by all families recorded in the later editions of the 'Landed Gentry,' and is adopted in these tables (see Table 3, Part II.) as being either absolutely or approximately correct.

The following persons also bore the name of de Atholia or its equivalents about this time (Nos. 1, 2, and 3 may have been connected with this Andrew; but Nos. 5 and 6 most probably, and No. 6 certainly, belonged to the Strathbogie family, Earls of Athol, see Table 36):—(1) M. de Aseles (Atheles), who bound himself to King Alexander III. of Scotland (who reigned 1249-86) for payments to be made by Eugenius de Ergadia (Robertson's 'Index,' Introduction, p. xvii). He was treated as father of Andrew by Major Robertson, see *ante*. (2) Mak Beke de Atholia (probably the same person), captured by the English at Dunbar in 1298, and imprisoned at Wallingford (Cal. of Documents relating to Scotland, ii., pp. 176, 229, and vol. iv., p. 358; Documents Illustrating History of Scotland, ii., p. 270). (3) Adam de Athetle, who signed the Ragman Roll in 1291. (4) Dovenald de Asseles or Atheles, a messenger called the king's beloved envoy, who in 1324 and 1328 obtained safe conducts from the King of England (Cal. of Documents relating to Scotland, iii., pp. 839-959). (5) John de Athol (Athetles) and Maud his wife, connected with the county of Kent and the Burghersh family, mentioned in 1330 (*ibid.*, Nos. 1014 and 1028). (6) Sir Robert de Atheles, who in 1337 attempted to take Brabourne, Kent, from Katherine, wife of John Strathbogie, late Earl of Athol (*ibid.*, Nos. 1231, 1243, 1280, 1303). (7) Sir Aymar de Athol, a brother of David Strathbogie, Earl of Athol, frequently mentioned (*ibid.*, iii. and iv., and in Rotuli Scotiæ, see 'Index'), who died April 1402 (*ibid.*, iv., p. 127).

Mar. 19, . . . DE GLENEROCHIE, the Heiress of Glenerochie (Strowan). See TABLE 3.

18. DUNCAN REAMHAIR DE ATHOLIA,

that is Duncan the Robust or Stout, or Donachadh reamhar pronounced "rearr" (J. A. Robertson's 'Gaelic Topography of Scotland,' p. 483, and his 'Concise Proofs,' p. 464), styled in Gaelic Donoch Ravir MacInnes na Coalich, that is Duncan the Fat, descendant of Angus of Cowell (Douglas's 'Baronage,' p. 405); also styled Corishachmore-fea, or the Great Warrior of the River Fea Chorie (Douglas's 'Baronage'), perhaps he is the Duncan Crosda, or cross-grained, mentioned by Buchanan of Auchmar, but much antedated, but this entry may refer to his grandson Duncan, *q.v.* He is styled Duncan, Earl of Athol, in the English title of a charter by his son Robert given in Robertson's 'Index,' p. 51, cap. xlvii., and see p. 44, cap. xlvii., but this is only an error of some translator or copyist (see under his father's name); and Duncanus filius Andreae de Atholia, or Duncan, son of Andrew, Earl of Athol in several charters mentioned below, and Duncan Macdonald in Nisbet's 'Heraldry,' i., p. 323, which would refer to his being descendant of Donald, father of Angus Mor; also called Duncan Aird de Atholia in Charter of Dull (1355), mentioned below—Aird being from a Gaelic word signifying chief; as to an error in making him son instead of merely descendant of Angus Mor, see under his father's name. It is practically certain that he held the lands of Strowane or Struan (Gaelic, Struthain, that is streams), previously called Glenerochie, although the first known grant of those lands to any member of this family is to his grandson (17) Thomas, *q.v.*; and he is called the First Laird of Strowane in MS., *temp.* Charles II. (Iona Club 'Transactions,' p. 291); and has subsequently been called First Baron of Strowane, although Strowane was not created into a barony until the time of his great grandson Robert Reoch Duncanson. A Duncan viz Andrew in 1296 signed the Ragman Roll ('Calendar of Documents, Scotland,' ii., p. 210; Bannatyne edition, p. 160), but as he was of Dumfries there is no reason to suppose he is this Duncan.

The MS., *temp.* Charles II. (Iona Club 'Transactions'), evidently confuses him with some other person, as it says (p. 294) he ruled the Isles at pleasure for three years, but was chased, and fled to the Braes of Lochaber, died at Strathallan, and was buried at Wrem, and it is certain that he had no power in the Isles.

From him the Robertson Clan is called Clan Donnachie, or Donachy, properly Clann Donnachadh (J. A. Robertson's 'Historical Proofs respecting the Gael,' p. 437), and he is always reckoned as the first chief of the Clan. Born probably 1283. Douglas's 'Baronage' puts his birth at the end of the reign of King Alexander III., 1249-1286, and Sir Noel Paton's 'Athol' gives 1275 as the approximate date, but the latter date appears too early. He built and resided at a castle at Portuellan (the port, or ferry, of the island) on Loch Tummel, and here he sheltered King Robert Bruce after his defeat at Methven on the 19th of June 1306 (J. A. Robertson's 'Gaelic Topography of Scotland,' pp. 43, 445, and 485). In 1314 the Clan took part in the Battle of Bannockburn probably under the leadership of this Duncan (Brown's 'Highlanders,' i., p. 149). In 1325 at Lagan-a-Chath, or the hollow of the battle in Glenlyon, he defeated the McIvors and Campbells, and drove them out of Rannoch, and substituted the McGregors (J. A. Robertson's 'Gaelic Topography of Scotland,' p. 444). In 1338 he defeated the Lord of Lorn on Loch Rannoch, and confined him in an artificial island constructed at the end of the lake, which still exists (J. A. Robertson's 'Concise Historical Proofs,' p. 464). According to Nisbet's 'Heraldry,' i.,

p. 323, he obtained a grant of several lands in Athol for having destroyed wolves, which may account for the three wolves' heads erased close to the skull on the arms of the family. Douglas's 'Baronage,' p. 405, treats him as settling in Perthshire at the Coronation of King Robert Bruce (1306), and obtaining a considerable footing in Raunoch, but his father's title de Atholia, and the fact that he sheltered Bruce, shew that he was not the first to settle in Perthshire. Received a charter of lands of Dischener and Twehener in barony of Strathurde (apparently, co. Fife), from Duncan, Earl of Fyfe, by the name of Duucan, sou of Andrew, Earl of Athol (as to which title see *ante*), *temp.* King David II., *i.e.* between 1329 and 1370 (Robertson's 'Index,' p. 52, cap. xlvii.); Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 19, suggests 1343 as the date. In December 1355 received (probably by way of confirmation of his title) a charter of the land of Dull (Adulia or Apuadul), now or formerly among the Strowan Archives (Douglas's 'Baronage'; Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 17), the Charter being "nobili viro Duncano filio Andree de Atholia et heredibus suis masculis terrarum de Adulia" (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 19). He was living in 1357 (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 453), and died in that or the following year (as his son Robert held his lands in 1358, Exchequer Rolls, Rolls edition, i., pp. 555 and 558, and at an advanced age, Douglas's 'Baronage'); he would be 75 if the date of his birth as suggested above is correct. Buried at Dull in Athole "where his grave is still (1798) to be seen and much admired for its extraordinary length" (Douglas's 'Baronage').

The allegation, in almost all the pedigrees, that this Duncan and his son Robert fought for King David II. at the Battle of Nevilles Cross, Durham, and were taken prisoners, is founded on a confusion (apparently originating with Douglas's 'Baronage') between this Duncan and Duncan Macdowell who was a notable personage of Wigtownshire in Galloway. He at first befriended King Edward III. of England ('Rotuli Scotiae,' p. 625) in April 1342, and (p. 629) 3 and 6 July 1342; then he fought against him and was captured, and various references to his imprisonment occur in 'Rotuli Scotiae,' i., pp. 704-5, 722, Rymer's 'Foedera,' edition 1825, iii., pp. 111, 135, Documents Illustrating History of Scotland, ii., p. 178; and references to Dougal MacDowell of Wigtown in Ragman Roll of 1296 (Bannatyne Club, p. 125), and to Donald MacDowell of Galloway in Lib. Pluscarden, book ix., cap. xliii., perhaps relate to the same person.

Mar. (1st wife) (probably about 1310) **19**, a dau. of **20. MALCOLM THE RED DE LENNOX** (Callum Ruaidh Lcammach, in Gaelic), who is by tradition closely connected with Malcolm, Earl of Lennox (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 145). Douglas's 'Baronage,' followed in Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 20, treats them as the same person. The MS., *temp.* Charles II. (Iona Club 'Transactions'), calls him a laird of the name of Stewart, called Malcolm Roy. Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 145, considers he is the same person as Malcolm de Glendochart, who signed the Ragman Roll of 1296. She inherited many lands, including the southern half of Rannoch. J. A. Robertson, in 'Concise Historical Proofs,' p. 464, says that according to tradition she inherited the whole of Rannoch, but that it appears her son Robert in 1392 gave up the northern half to remove the forfeiture of the Clan after the raid of Angus.

Mar. (2nd wife) (probably very late in life) **18**, a natural dau. of one Angus (? Macdonald) of the Isles, by a dau. of John Gruamach Mackay (MS., *temp.* Charles II., Iona Club 'Transactions,' p. 291). Burke's 'Commoners,' Robertson of Struan followed in 'Landed Gentry,' 1847, identifies this Angus with Angus Mor, which is impossible. Robertson's 'Athol' simply called him a Lord of the Isles, whilst Sir Noel Paton's 'Athol' describes him as Ewen de Insulis, Thau of Glentilt, and makes the dau. heiress of the eastern half of Glentilt. Probably Lude was acquired by Duncan as part of her fortune, as it undoubtedly passed to her son Patrick. The MS., *temp.* Charles II. (*supra*), treats her as ancestress of the Robertsons of Struan, *i.e.* as mother of Robert de Atholia.

18. ROBERT DE ATHOLIA, Laird of Strowane, called Baron of Struan (see under his father's name). Said to have been named Robert at the request of King Robert Bruce, when in Athol (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 20). Probably born about 1311. A person of this name in 1337 attempted to take the Manor of Brabourne, Kent, from Katherine, widow of David de Strabolgy, late

17. PATRICK DUNCANSON.

In some modern works he is termed Patrick de Atholia, but there seems no good authority for giving him this territorial title, which would probably only be given to the head of the family for the time being. In all ancient documents he is simply named Patrick Duncanson.

According to all ancient tradition and Douglas's 'Baronage' he was son of this Duncan; Skene ('Highlanders,' ii., p. 145), however, makes him and his brother Gib-

Gibbone Duncanson. There seems no ancient evidence of his identity, or of his bearing the title "de Atholia." Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 145, followed

Earl of Athol ('Calendar of State Papers relating to Scotland,' Rolls edition, iii., Nos. 1231, 1243, 1280, and 1303), but this may have been one of the Strabolgie family, although there is no record of any person named Robert in that family (see list of persons of the name "de Atholia" on p. 19). By his 1st mar., probably about 1330, he acquired part of the lands of Glenesk (see under his wife's name), but gave them to his dau. by that marriage, *q.v.*, probably about 1350, by a charter (Robertson's 'Index,' p. 51, No. 46) in which as translated he is styled Robert, son to Duncan, Earl of Athol. By his 2nd mar., probably about 1362, he acquired half the lands of Fordell (Fordill) in Perthshire, which were granted to him by a charter of King David II. on the 23rd of May 1362 ('Register of Great Seal of Scotland,' 1306—1424, p. 28, No. 42, and Robertson's 'Index,' p. 73, No. 42) by the style of "Robertus filius Duncani de Atholia." Robertson's 'Index,' p. 44, No. 47, also mentions a charter of this half of the lands of Fordell to this Robert by the name of Robert, son to the Earl of Athol, and also, on p. 70 (top line), mentions a "carta Roberti fil Dmcani de Atholia de terris de Ferdill." If these charters bore date before 1362 the 2nd mar. of Robert must be antedated. In 1358, in connection with Fergus fil. Ade, he seems to have deforced the sheriff of the dues of the lands of Balnafort, Balmacrechy, Banaked, Glendock, Atholia, and Foryergill (Fothergill). In the reports of this seizure he is called "Robertum filium Duncani filii Andr. de Adth." ('Exchequer Rolls,' Rolls edition, i., pp. 555, 558). Major Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 23, thinks that Balma-chrechy was the property of Fergus, and the remainder the property of Robert de Atholia, and that his action was due to his being taxed at the same amount as his father, although his brother Patrick had got part of the land. This Robert was living in 1392 at the time of the raid of Angus, but probably, on account of age, took no active part in it, as Wyntoun does not refer to him. By the Act of 1392 ('Scottish Acts,' i.,

bone sons of their brother Robert, probably because he assumes that Patrick, Thomas, and Gibbone, being mentioned together in Wyntoun, in connection with the raid on Angus, were brothers; but there is no foundation for such an assumption. Skene is followed as usual in Burke's 'Commoners' and 'Landed Gentry' (earlier edition), under Robertson of Strnan. Major Robertson in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1847 (Robertson of Lude), corrects this error by replacing Patrick in his proper place. Probably born about 1330. On the death of his father, about 1358, he obtained the great estate of Lude, near Blair Athol, in Perthshire, which so long remained in his family; probably it formed part of the inheritance of his mother, *q.v.* His male representative for the time being is what is known in Scotch families as the Senior Cadet of the Donnachie or Robertson family, that is the representative of the most distant second son who has left male issue. Strife having arisen in 1392 between the Duncanson (Donachie) Clan and their marriage connection, Sir David de Lindsay of Glenesk, afterwards 1st Earl of Crawford, the Clan Donachie, notwithstanding that a day had been fixed to settle the dispute, made a raid into Angus, which is recorded in Wyntoun, book ix., cap. xiv., Liber. Pluscardiensis, book x. (end of cap. xi.), and fully described in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 308, *et seq.* In this raid Patriek was one of the chief leaders. Wyntoun describes the leaders of the "Hielanders" thus: "Thre chieftanys gret wer of thaim there, Thomas, Patrick, and Gibbone: Duncansonys wer ther surnowne." Major Robertson in 'Gaelic Topography of Scotland,' p. 337, from his being named first in the Act of Parliament, mentioned below, thinks Patrick was the chief leader of the Clan. In the course of the raid one battle took place at Gasklune, near Blairgowrie (Glascluny in the Stourmount; J. A. Robertson's 'Concise Historical Proofs respecting the Gael,' p. 437, note), in which Sir David Lindsay was wounded; but in a second battle which took place in Glenbreachan, on the road to Pittochry, and the site of which is known (J. A. Robertson's 'Gaelic Topography,' pp. 137, 337), Sir Walter de Ogilvy and his half-brother Walter de Lichten were killed. Major J. A. Robertson treats the Clan as victorious in both battles ('Concise Historical Proofs,' p. 437, note; 'Gaelic Topography,' p. 137). In consequence of this raid Patrick and (17) Thomas Duncanson and (18) Robert de Atholia were outlawed at Perth, and probably fled to Aberdeenshire, as on the 26th of March 1392 ('Scottish Acts,' edition 1844, i., p. 217) the Parliament gave instructions to the sheriffs and bailiffs of Aberdeen to outlaw them in that county also. There is nothing from which the date of the death of this Patrick can be ascertained with any degree of accuracy. The resignation of Lude by his son in 1447 must have been long after his death.

in this respect by all later works, makes him brother of Patrick, but makes them both sons of Robert, Patrick's brother. Whoever he was, he took part in the raid on Angus in 1392 (Wyntoun), and possibly he was killed in it as he was not outlawed by the Act of Parliament.

p. 217) he was proscribed, probably as head of the Clan, by the name of Robert de Athale. Died between 1392, date of the Act of Parliament, and 1402, when his lands of Strowan and Straloch were granted to his son Thomas. Douglas's 'Baronage' erroneously places his death in the reign of King Robert II. (1371—1390).

Mar. (1st wife), probably about 1330, judging from the dau.'s mar., but Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 25, suggests a few years before 1358, one of the daus. and coheir of Sir John Striveling or Stirling of Glenesk, who inherited part of Glenesk (see Nesbit). Crawford's notices on Ragman Roll erroneously attributes this marriage to Duncan (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 25). Catherine, the eldest dan. and coheir, mar. Sir Alexander Lindsay (Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' i., p. 374; Robertson's 'Index,' p. 61, No. 16), and had issue Sir David Lindsay of Glenesk, Earl of Crawford, and probably it was this connection which brought about the raid on Angus in 1392, mentioned several times in this pedigree, more especially under (18) Patrick Duncanson (see Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., pp. 309-10, and Sir Noel Paton's 'Athol').

Mar. (2nd wife), probably about 1362 **18**, a lady who inherited half the lands of Fordell, Perthshire, which were granted to her husband on the 24th May 1362 (Robertson's 'Index,' p. 73, No. 42).

Jane, sole heiress of her mother's share of Glenesk; mar. Alexander Menzies of Fothergill, who received from his father-in-law a grant of his wife's share of Glenesk (Robertson's 'Index,' p. 51, No. 46).

17. THOMAS DUNCANSON, styled Thomas Duncanson of Athol in Robertson's 'Index' (see below); born probably about 1365; inherited Strowan and Strathloch from his father, and must also have inherited Dull (Adulia) under the grant of 1355 to his grandfather and his heirs male; Robertson's 'Athol' (p. 20) suggests that this limitation was due to his father Robert having only a daughter at the time. That Thomas was the eldest son of Robert is proved by the fact that on his death, about 1402, to the exclusion of Duncan, he inherited the important territories of Struan and Strathloch, and that on his death Struan descended to Duncan. The title "of Athol" also implies the headship of the family.

In Douglas's 'Baronage,' copied into Alexander Robertson's 'Struan Family,' Thomas was made younger son of his brother Duncan. This manifest error is corrected by Skene ('Highlanders,' ii., p. 145), who rightly makes him the eldest son of Robert, and in this he is followed by Burke's 'Commoners' and the 'Landed Gentry' (earlier edition), under Robertson of Struan. Major Robertson in his 'Athol,' pp. 20, 23, 29, 30, and 44—not in the account of the Robertsons

of Lude previously supplied to Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1847—disregards the ancient tradition that Thomas was a descendant of Robert, and makes him a son of (18) Duncan Reamhair, on the ground that he is called Thomas Duncanson, forgetting apparently that Duncanson (Donnachie) was a surname, as in the case of Thomas's own daughter Matilda Duncanson, and not a mere patronymic, and makes him brother of the whole blood to (17) Patrick—citing (pp. 29 and 30) the Act of Parliament, mentioned under Patrick's name, which shews nothing of the kind—and a younger brother, probably because he felt confident from old tradition and the descent of Lude that Patrick had no elder brother of the whole blood; then Major Robertson, having thus created a new difficulty as to the descent of Strowan on Thomas's death, gets over it by assuming that Thomas had a daughter older than Matilda who inherited Strowan, and married Duncan, son of (18) Robert.

Duncan obtained Rannoch from his father, but never inherited Strowan, as he died in the lifetime of his elder brother Thomas. He is sometimes, however, erroneously called the 3rd Baron of Strowan. Sir Noel Paton ('Athol') calls him Duncan Crosda. Buchanan of Auchmar ('Miscellanea Scotica,' iv., p. 81) names a Duncan Crosda as the original founder of the family, *temp.* William the Lion, 1165—1214, which may be a misdated reference to this Duncan or his grandfather. In 1432 he was sent as a hostage to King Henry VI., his name, which is mentioned first in the list of hostages, being given as Duncanus Atholie dominus de Ranagh (Rannoch) ('Rotuli Scotiae,' ii., p. 276; Rymer, new ed., iv., p. 4; ed. of 1740, i., p. 180). Duncan's son Robert Reoch Duncanson was the person in honour of whom the name of Robertson was adopted in the Clan Donnachy. Robert's great achievement, which induced the family to adopt his name, was the arrest in 1436 of Graham, the murderer of

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The dates alone shew that Thomas could not have been a son of Duncan Reamhair, as Duncan died at an advanced age about 1358, and his sons were probably all born before 1340, and Thomas survived till about 1451, when his daughter obtained Strathloch, at which date he would, if a son of (18) Duncan, be considerably over 100 years old.

In 1392 Thomas took part in the raid on Angus, was outlawed (see under Patrick), and is styled, in the account in Wyntoun and in the Act of Parliament, Thomas Duncanson. Soon after his father's death, *i.e.* between 8 and 15 Robert III., 1398—1405 (according to Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 22, in 1402), he received two Crown Charters from King Robert III. by the name of Thomas Duncanson of Athol, one of Strowau, and the other of Strathloch, or Easter Davache, and Thomecurry, Dekarwand, and Dalacharny in Perthshire, and the other of Strowaue (Glenerochie), which was entailed probably on his heirs male (Robertson's 'Index,' p. 141, Nos. 47 and 48). He is the 3rd Baron of Strowan. In Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Robertson of Tulliebelton (edition 1882), and Robertson's 'Athol,' he is said to have been the first of the family to call himself of Strowan. He died shortly before 1451, in which year his dau. obtained Strathloch, and his nephew and heir male Robert, son of his brother Duacan, obtained Strowan.

16. MATILDA DUNCANSON.

Probably born about 1400. In 1451 she with her husband received a Crown Charter from King James II. of the estate of Strathloch in Strathardle, Perthshire, formerly belonging to her father then deceased, and in the same year, on the 4th of August (her husband having probably died in the meantime), she received a similar grant of the lands of Cogreth (Carroth), Dalherny (Dalcharry), and Thomacury (Thomecurry), in the same county to hold to herself for life, and then to her son Johu Alexander and his heirs, and then to her son Alexander Reid and his heirs, and then to her own right heirs ('Register of the Great Seal of Scotland,' i., No. 410, p. 109).

Mar. (probably about 1420)

16. ALEXANDER RUA PATRICKSON, her father's 1st cousin. See this page.

King James I. and of the Master of Athol, for which he obtained a grant of armorial bearings (see p. 2). He was bailiff of the Comitatus of Athol in 1450 (see his accounts in 'Chamberlain Rolls,' Bannatyne, and 'Exchequer Rolls,' Rolls edition, v., p. 415), and took part in a raid on Angus about the same time ('Exchequer Rolls,' v., p. 63), and inherited Strowan in 1451 on the death of his uncle (17) Thomas; see Crown Charter of 15 Aug. in that year, in 'Register of the Great Seal, Scotland,' i., No. 491, by which these lands are granted to him, and at the same time created into a barony in recompense of his services in making the arrests 15 years before, and thus the lands, which formerly belonged to the Clau, thus became his own private property, which shews that the statement in many works, that he cared for nothing but empty honours, is unfounded. Robert was the 1st real Baron of Strowan, and the chieftaincy of the Clan has always remained in his family (see the pedigree in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886: Robertson of Strowan).

Donald Patrickson, or Duncanson, of Lude; inherited Lude from his father, but the grant at that time is not recorded. On the 7th of Feb. 1447-8 he resigned his estates into the hands of the King for the purpose of obtaining a new grant, but died before the new grant, which was made to his son on the 31st of March 1448 (Burke's 'Commoners,' Robertson of Strowan, and 'Landed Gentry,' 1847, Robertson of Lude); ancestor of the Robertsons of Lude, last representative being Major afterwards Colonel J. A. Robertson, the author of the 'Comitatus de Atholia' (for their pedigree see Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1882), and of the Robertsons of Tulliebelton, a family probably now extinct; for their pedigree see the same work.

16. ALEXANDER RUA PATRICKSON, or Duncanson, called Rua Reid, or Red, from the colour of his hair (in Wyntouu, book vii., line 441, William Rufus is called William Rede). He was probably born about the year 1390. Received Glenferuat and Glenloch from his father (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 46). In 1451, on the death of his father-in-law, he and his wife received a grant of Strathloch (see under his wife's name, p. 23). Died in

... a dau.; mar. Donaldson of Farquhar (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Robertson of Tulliebelton, edition 1882).

E the same year (1451), before the grant of 4th of Aug. in that year to his wife (mentioned in p. 23), under her name, in which grant he is referred to as Alexander Reid Patricksonne.

Mar. (probably about 1420)

16. MATILDA DUNCANSON, his 1st cousin's dan. See p. 23.

15. JOHN RUA, OR REID, OR RED, ALEXANDERSON, styled 1st BARON RUA, or Reid, of STRATHLOCH, or Straloch; born probably about 1422; living 4 Aug. 1451, being named as heir of entail by the name of Johannes Alexandersowne, filius Alex. Reid Patricksonne, in the charter of that date of Carroth, Dalharny, and Thomcurry, mentioned under his mother's name, p. 23. Inherited these lands, and also the lands of Strathloch, on the death of his mother.

Alexander Rua, Reid, or Red, Alexanderson, born probably about 1424; named in charter of 4 Aug. 1451, mentioned under his mother's name (p. 23) as Alex. Reid frater Johannis Alexandersowne, filius Alex. Reid Patricksonne.

14. ALEXANDER REID, OR RED,

Of STRATHLOCH and Dalcharny, styled 2nd BARON RUA, or Reid; born probably about 1453. In 1507, on the mar. of his son Alexander with the dau. of his cousin, Donald of Lude (see p. 23), he was appointed bailiff to Donald, by a precept dated the 4th of July 1507, preserved in the Lude Charter Chest (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 47), mentioned under the name of his son Alexander. On the 17th of April 1508 he obtained a grant from Lord Huntley (Huntley) of the Forest of Glenhathuyd in Strathardle (Strathardle), and of the lands of Dalnagarn, which lie a little to the north of Kirkmichael in Strathardle, in consideration of rendering services (see Barrone Reide's Band of Manrent, 1508, in 'Spalding Miscellany,' iv., 1849, p. 193). In this document he is styled Alexander Reid of Dallaquarny (Dalcharny). Died in or before 1513, when his son John obtained Dalcharny (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 59).

13. JOHN REID, OR RED, styled 3rd BARON REID, or Rua, of STRATHLOCH, Dalcharny, etc.; born probably about 1476. Inherited Strathloch and Dalcharny on the death of his father in 1513 (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 59). In 1539 he obtained lands in the Barony of Balmachrody from Hugo Maxwell of Telling by the name of John Rua, or Red (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 59).

Alexander Reid, or Red. In 1507, under the name of Alexander Red, he obtained from his cousin Donald (Robertson) of Lude, Urrard More and other lands in the Barony of Lude which are believed to have been his wife's marriage portion. Donald directed the infeftment to be made by a precept dated 4 July 1507, preserved in the Lude Charter Chest, and directed to his bailies Alexander Red of Strathloch (father of this Alexander) and another (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 47).

Mar. Marion, dau. of his cousin Donald Johnson (Robertson) of Lude. Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1847 (Robertson of Lude) and 1882 (Robertson of Tulliebelton), erroneously treat her as dan. of an alleged son of Donald, but the dates and the description of her brother John in 'Register of the Great Seal of Scotland,' 1424—1513, No. 3186, shew that this is impossible. He, or one of his descendants, went to Aberdeen, and from thence to the Orkney Islands where he settled, and was ancestor of Alexander Robertson, a merchant of Kirkwall, who mar. Mariote Thomesom, and is frequently mentioned in the 'Register of the Great Seal of Scotland,' e.g. 15 July 1570 (vol. 1546—1580, p. 729), 9 June 1585 (vol. 1580—1593, p. 263), and 27 March 1593 (*ibid.*, p. 773). Other Robertsons lived in Orkney, but there is nothing to shew that they were of the same family.

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<p>12. JOHN REID, OR RED, styled 4th BARON RUA, or Reid, of Strathloch; born probably about 1500.</p>	<p>Marjory Reid, mar. Robert Farquharson of Invercauld, who died according to Douglas's 'Baronage,' p. 340, <i>temp.</i> James VI., leaving four sons by her.</p>	<p>Alexander Reid, or Red, believed to have been tenant of Downie in Strathardle when Thomas Scott obtained those lands in 1538 ('Register of the Great Seal of Scotland,' ii., p. 410), and to have been killed by Patrick Robertson of Dalcabon in 1563, in which year this Patrick obtained pardon for slaughtering Alexander Reid (Robert Pitcairn's 'Criminal Trials,' i., part i., p. 431). He is called Alexander Red of Downie in Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 66.</p>

John Reid, Red, or Robertsoun, styled 5th Baron Rua, or Red, of Strathloch; born probably about 1532. In 1567 he mar. Marjory, dau. of his cousin John Robertson of Lude, and assumed the name of Robertson, which had been previously assumed by the Lude branch. He and his son and grandson, bearing the same name, who appear to have been very turbulent persons, are frequently mentioned in public records, but it is difficult to distinguish between them—*e.g.* 'Register of the Great Seal of Scotland,' 1580—1593, p. 468, No. 1357; 'Register of the Privy Council of Scotland,' iii.—x., *passim*; *vide* Index under Robertson and Reid, Pitcairn's 'Criminal Trials,' iii., p. 203. In 1612 one of them entered into "The Band Clan Donachie to thair cheiff Robert Robertsons of Strowan" of whose house "we ar descendit" ('Spalding Miscellany,' ii., p. 283), see page 7.

The title of Baron Rua, or Reid, remained with the male descendants of this family for over three centuries: one who still bore the title was living in 1798, as he is referred to as a living person in Douglas's 'Baronage,' p. 405, referring to marriage of his ancestress, Matilda Duncanson. The family ended with the son of Alexander Robertson of Strathloch, *viz.* John, who called himself John Reid, born 13 Feb. 1721, and died, a full general in the army, and Colonel of the 88th Regiment, aged 85, on 6 Feb. 1807, having by his will, in which he styles himself the last representative of an ancient family, founded the present Professorship of Music in the University of Edinburgh, a gift which took effect on the death of his daughter in 1839. He was the composer of the 'Highland or 42nd Regiment March.' See Anderson's 'Scottish Nation,' iii., 334, and Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 60, and his life in P. R. Drummond's 'Perthshire in Bygone Days,' p. 467.

Various notices of the family occur in Robertson's 'Athol,' under Robertson of Strathloch, and in Douglas's 'Baronage,' p. 547. There were various junior representatives of the family. On the failure of the main line the representation fell to the Robertsons of Cray (pronounced "Cry") in Glenshee, Perthshire, descendants of James, third son of John, Baron Reid, who, in 1592, mar. Margaret, dau. of Alexander Ruthven of Freeland (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 76); their representative was Major James Robert Robertson, but he died, aged 58, on the 18th of Sept. 1861, and was buried in Kirkmichael Church, where there is a tombstone to his memory, as well as others to other members of the family, and with him the Cray family appears to have become extinct. References to members of this family occur in 'State Trials,' xix., pp. 1243 and 1307, trial of Katherine Nairne and Patrick Ogilvy for the murder of Thomas Ogilvy, and in the Registers of Kirkmichael and Moulins Pitlochry. On the failure of the Cray family the representation appears to have devolved on the Robertsons of Bleaton in Glenshee, of whom there were two branches—the Robertsons of West Bleaton and East Bleaton—descended from Leonard, son of John Robertson, 5th Baron Reid, see above (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 77), who was outlawed in 1603 ('Register of Privy Seal of Scotland,' vi., pp. 522-4). Members of this family were living in 1750, as their names occur up to that date in the Register of Kirkmichael. If these families are also extinct the representation of the Strathloch branch has devolved upon the Robertsons of Downie.

11. ALEXANDER REID, RED, OR ROBERTSOUN, of Downie in Strathardle; born probably about 1536. He adopted the name of Robertson (Robertsoun) on the marriage of his brother in 1567, and is the first ancestor of the children whose pedigree is traced in these Tables who bore that name. He obtained lands in Downie from his father, and probably obtained other lands there by his marriage. The property in Downie appears to have consisted of numerous detached pieces of land.

Marrried **11, MARY SCOTT,** dau. of **12, THOMAS SCOTT,** a landholder in Downie (Reg. Mag. Sig., Scot., ii., p. 410).

10. JOHN REID, OR ROBERTSON, Of Easter Downie; born probably about 1562. On 9 June 1597 caution was given for him by the name of Johnne Reid of Easter Downy, with his cousin Baron Reid, by John Robertson, merchant and burghess of Edinburgh ('Register of Privy Seal of Scotland,' v., p. 683), and on 11 Oct.

Walter Reid, or Robertson, of Middle Downie. On 11 Nov. 1591 a bond was given for his good behaviour, he is therein described as Waltir Robertsoun of Downy, but his attorney signs as for Waltir Reid of Myddill Downy ('Register of Privy Seal of Scotland,' iii., p. 813). On the 22nd of April 1592 another

1597, by the name of Johnne Reid of Dmie, he and this consin were pmished for disobeying in the matter of the teind sheaves of Stratharlie (Strathardle) and Glenshee ('Register of Privy Seal of Scotland,' v., p. 416). He is sometimes called John Robsoun of Kirkmichael. Probably lived till about 1630.

bond was given for him by the name of Walter Reid of Downy (*ibid.*, p. 743). His daughter Beatrix mar. Dnncan Robertson of Auckleeks, west of Strowan (Burke's 'Landed Gentry': Robertson of Auckleeks).

9. ALEXANDER ROBERTSON,

Of Downy Hill, including Easter, Western, and Middle Downy; born about 1585. He was the richest of all the members of the Downie family, and probably to signalize his connection with the Strowan family, adopted the present arms, crest, and motto of the family (as to which see page 8). On the 18th of Nov. 1618, by the name of Alexander Robertstone of Myddill Downie, he was, with one David Spalding of Essintullie, charged with cutting wood within the bounds of the forests of Braemar, Cromar, Strathdie, and Glengarie, belonging to John, Earl of Mar, and protested his innocence: it is possible that the case involved a question of disputed boundaries (Piteairn's 'Criminal Trials,' iii., 458). In the Valuation of Perthshire, taken in 1649 by Cromwell's orders (see this Valuation, edited by William Gloag, Perth, 1835, in Advocates' Library), the proprietor of Downie is not named, but the Crown Charter of 1643 and Retour of Jan. 1659, mentioned nuder his son's name, shew that it was this Alexander. Died 1658.

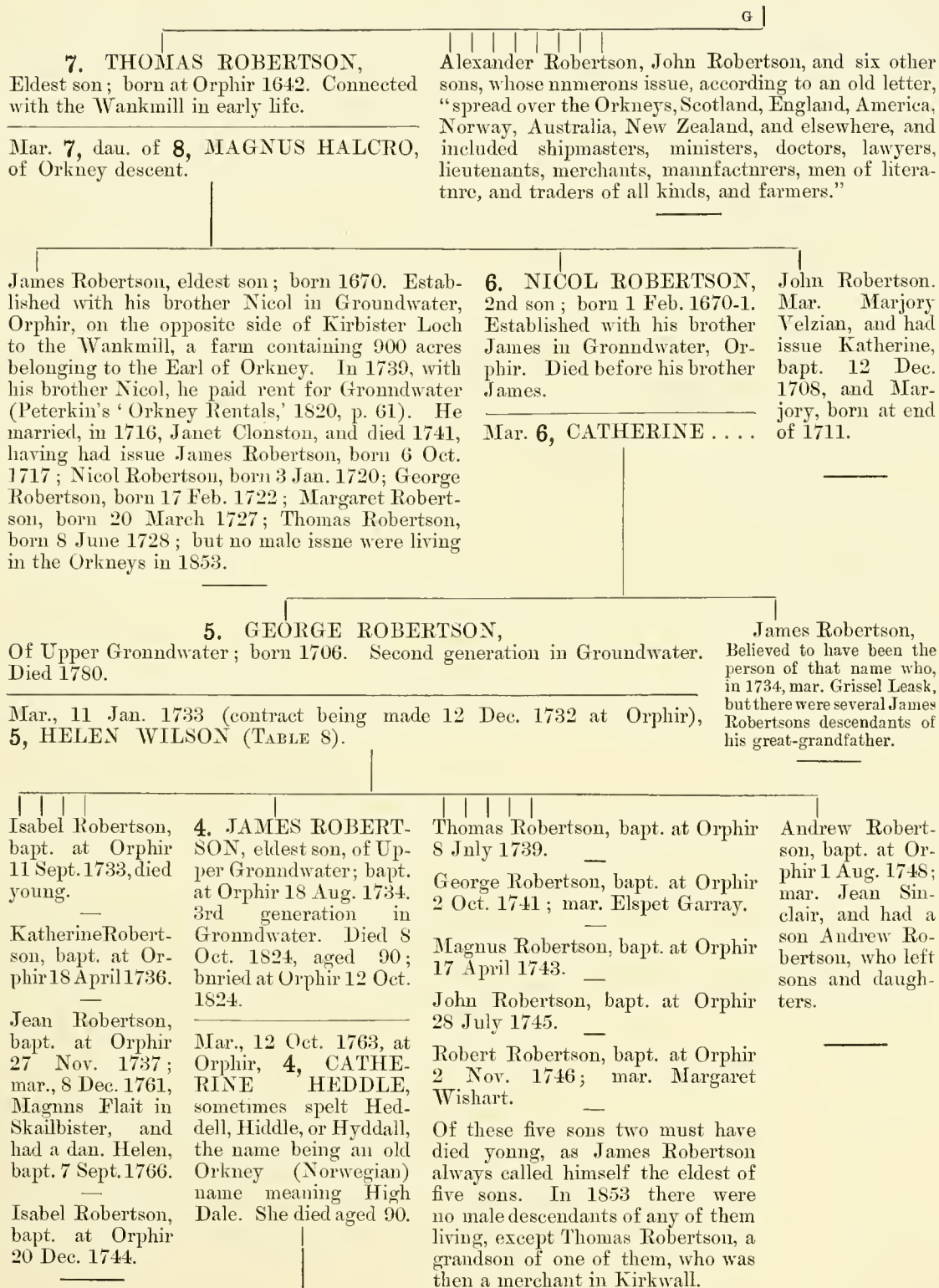
Alexander Robertson of Downie Hill; born about 1607. In 1643, during his father's lifetime, by the title of Alexander Robertson fiar of Downie (*i.e.* reversioner in fee subject to his father's life estate), he obtained a Crown Charter of the Barony of Drumloch ('Great Seal Book,' lvii., No. 224). In Jan. 1659, shortly after the death of his father, he was served by a Perthshire Retour, No. 4409, heir to his father of lands in Perthshire, not specified, but which undoubtedly comprised Downie, by the name of Alexander Robertson of Downie, heir of Alexander Robertson of Downie, his father (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 75). In the Rental of Perthshire of 1680 (a MS. in Advocates' Library, No. 31-3-15) appears the following entry: "Downie £200." Although no name is given, it is clear that this entry relates to this Alexander Robertson's holding in Downie, and in Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 31, it is so treated. On the 7th of July 1687, in the Court of Regalities of Athol, he made a declaration in a matter touching the Lude property, in which he styles himself "Alexander Robertson of Downie of ye age of four scoir yeeres or yrby" (Robertson's 'Athol,' p. 53). Must have died soon afterwards.

Several other children.

8. JAMES ROBERTSON,

Born at Downie 1608. In 1630 he went to Kirkwall, Orkney Isles, at the invitation of his cousin Alexander Robertson of that city, and took charge of the Wankmill (Wank or Wak Mill), or mill for shrinking cloth, situate on the brook between Kirbister otherwise Waukmill Loch and Wankmill Bay, in the parish of Orphir on the mainland, near Kirkwall (the Orfjara or Jorfjara of the Orkney Saga). Probably this Waukmill, which is now called Kirbister Mill, and is used as a corn mill, was new at the time, as in Peterkin's 'Orkney Rentals' it is mentioned for the first time in the Rental of 1642, pp. 32 and 62, and is omitted in the Rentals of 1595 and 1614, and all the three mention the corn mill near Orphir village, or, as it was termed, the Bull of Orphir. On the 4th of Nov. 1640, as an inhabitant of Orphir, he was, with one Robert Flett, appointed Baillie for Orphir by the Act anent Servantis, to prevent servants leaving the parish ('Acts of the Lawting, etc., Courts, Orkney,' in British Museum, p. lxxiv.). Most probably his wife was of an Orkney family.

His issue continued in Downie, although the fee seems to have been sold, until the beginning of this century. The only known descendants living in 1771 were John Robertson of Wester Downie, and his two daughters (by his wife Margaret Robertson), namely, Elizabeth Robertson, baptised 24 Sept. 1750, and Anna Robertson, baptised 31 Oct. 1758; William Robertson, his brother, also of Wester Downie, and his son (by his wife Anne Bruce), namely, Thomas Robertson, baptised 5 Nov. 1765; and Andrew Robertson of Easter Downie, and his son (by his wife Janet Fostere) Duncan, baptised 11 June 1765. Probably the family became extinct early in this century, but in any case none of them were living in Strathardle, or its neighbourhood, in 1824.



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<p>Helline Robertson, bapt. 18 Oct. 1764.</p>	<p>3. THOMAS ROBERTSON, born 14 Aug. 1765, bnt baptismal certificate at Orphir is dated 6 Aug. 1770. Went to sea in 1782 (when 17 years old). He commanded his own ships (trading in the Levant), and lost a vessel and cargo (the 'Arno') in Leghorn Harbour, whilst uninsured. Died 14 Feb. 1847, aged 82; buried in City of London Cemetery.</p>	<p>Robert Robertson, bapt. 8 Nov. 1772; died s.p. 1794.</p>	<p>James Robertson, succeeded his father at Upper Groundwater. 4th generation there. In 1825 the old house fell into ruins, this James Robertson lived in a small house near the old site, Bapt. 2 March 1775. Mar., 1806,</p>	<p>Catherine Robertson, born 1777; mar., 1802, James Cumming, and died 1856, leaving issue.</p>

Mar., 8 Dec. 1807, **3, MARIA**, dau. of **4, JOSEPH HOWELL** of Cheltenham, and widow of James Wilson, Lieutenant R.N.; born 1778; died 28 Dec. 1856, aged 78; buried in City of London Cemetery.

Barbara Cumming (sister of his sister's husband), who died 1824. He died 6 Aug. 1857, leaving issue (1) Barbara Robertson, bapt. 11 Feb. 1810; (2) Catherine Robertson, born 12 Jan. 1815, mar., Dec. 1845, George Scarth; (3) John Robertson, born 1822, died s.p. 1846; besides (4) James Robertson, his eldest son, of Groundwater, bnt in 1879 he moved to an entirely different part of Groundwater, born 21 Sept. 1812, and died 20 June 1889, having married, Dec. 1845, Margaret, dan. of his uncle John Cumming, and had issue (1) James Robertson, born 1850, now of Caldale, unmar.; (2) Catherine Robertson, born 1850, mar. Thomas Wishart, and had issue; (3) John Robertson, born 1856, now of Groundwater, unmar.; (4) Thomas Robertson, of Howan Birsay, mar., Nov. 1885, Mary Frances Smith, youngest daughter of James Bailie Hall, of Clestron Orphir, and has issue James Thomas Cumming Robertson, born 1886, and John William Robertson, born 1888; (5) Robert Robertson, died Nov. 1881; (6) Margaret Robertson, unmar.; and (7) William Robertson, died, unmar., at Groundwater 23 Feb. 1889.

2. THOMAS STORM ROBERTSON,

Born at Portsmouth 5 Feb. 1809; christened, May of the same year, at St. George's-in-the-East, London. M.D. St. Andrew's, F.R.C.S.E. Died 6 Aug. 1857; buried in City of London Cemetery.

Mar. (1st wife), 22 Jan. 1843, Annabella, dau. of George Bland; born 1818; died 30 March 1843; buried in City of London Cemetery.

Mar. (2nd wife), at St. Michael's, Stockwell, 15 October 1846, **2, MARIA LOUISA MANNING** (TABLE 9A).

1. HERBERT ROBERTSON, born 26 April 1849; bapt. 29 May 1849 as Thomas Herbert Edwin, but name Edwin dropped in 1867, and Thomas for most purposes in 1884; of Magdalen College, Oxford, M.A.; Barrister-at-Law; of Lincoln's Inn; Athenæum Club; and Thornleigh, Clapham Common;

Maria Louisa Robertson, born 20 Oct. 1847. She died, 11 July 1879, at Dunston Hall near Norwich, buried at Dunston; having mar., 20 Sept. 1864, at St. John's, Angel Town, Brixton, Thomas William Haines (son of Samuel Haines of Chad House, Edgbaston) of Hasketon Manor, Woodbridge, Colonel 4th Battalion of the Norfolk Regiment, and had issue:

Arthur Manning Haines, born at Dolcorsllwyn Hall, Montgomeryshire, 15 April 1866, of the York and Lancaster Regiment.

The Cedars, South Hackney; and
Huntington Castle, co. Carlow.

Eveline Constance Haines, born at Dolcorsllwyn Hall 5 July
1872.

Mar., 1 Jan. 1880, at St. Stephen's,
Dublin, 1, HELEN ALEXAN-
DRINA MELIAN DURDIN
(TABLE 10).

Lilian Audrey Haines, born at St. Aubin's, Jersey, 12 Feb.
1876; died at Thornleigh, Clapham Common, 15 July 1876;
buried at Norwood.

HELEN MAN- NING RO- BERTSON, born at Thornleigh, Sunday, 21 Nov. 1880; bapt. at Holy Trinity, Clapham, 12 Dec. 1880.	BRENDA ME- LIAN MAN- NING RO- BERTSON, born, bapt., and died, aged 5 hours, on 6 April 1884, at Thorn- leigh; buried at Norwood.	MANNING DURDIN ROBERT- SON, born at Thornleigh, Whit Sun- day, 29 May 1887, bapt. at Holy Trinity, Clapham.	NEVILL WARHAM ROBERT- SON, born at Thorn- leigh 27 May 1890; bapt. at Holy Trinity, Clapham.
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REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

ROBERTSON.

- Genealogies from Book of Ballinot, 1383; Book of Leccan, 1407; MS. of 1467 in Faculty of Advocates, as extracted in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., pp. 458-471.
- McVurish's Book of Clanranald, partly translated, Skeue's 'Celtic Scotland,' pp. 397-409.
- Gaelic MS., circa 1450, printed in Collect de Rebus Albanicis in Iona Club 'Transactions,' giving the genealogy of the Clan Macdonald at p. 61.
- The Genealogies of the Chief Clans of the Isles, collected by Sir Donald Munro, High Dean of the Isles, about 1594, printed in 'Miscellanea Scotica,' vol. iv., p. 121.
- Fragment of a MS. History of the Macdonalds, written in the reign of Charles II., printed in Collect de Rebus Albanicis, Iona Club 'Transactions,' p. 282.
- Johnstone's 'Antiquitates Celtic Scandinav.,' at p. 294.
- Johnstone's 'Antiquitates Celtic Norman,' at p. 152.
- Munch's 'Chronicon Manniæ,' pp. 74 and 191.
- Crawford's 'Peerage of Scotland,' 1716, Macdonald, Lord of the Isles, p. 229.
- Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' 1st edition, 1746, Macdonald, Lord of the Isles, p. 357; 2nd edition, 1813, Lord Macdonald, ii., p. 5.
- William Buchanan of Auchmar 'History of the Name of Buchanan and Enquiry into Scottish Surnames,' 1 vol., 12mo, Glasgow, 1792, Macdonald at p. 31, and Robertson at p. 55 (second set of paging); also reprinted in 'Miscellanea Scotica,' 1820, vol. iv., pp. 44 and 81.
- Douglas's 'Baronage of Scotland,' 1798, Robertson at p. 405 *et seq.*
- Alexander Robertson's 'History of the Martial Achievements of the Robertsons of Struan,' 1 vol., 12mo, Edinburgh, about 1803, being merely a reprint from Douglas's 'Baronage,' and other works.
- W. F. Skene's 'History of the Highlanders of Scotland,' 2 vols., 8vo, London, 1837, vol. ii., pp. 140-9.
- Burke's 'Commoners,' 1838, Robertson of Strowan in vol. iv., p. 419.
- James Brown, LL.D., 'History of the Highlands and Highland Clans,' 4 vols., large 8vo, London, 1845, vol. iv., pp. 460-464.
- Sir Walter Scott's 'Lord of the Isles,' notes vi. and vii. to canto i.
- Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1847, Robertson of Struan, also Robertson of Lude and Robertson of Inshes Pedigrees, supplied by Major afterwards Colonel J. A. Robertson of Lude (see his 'Athol,' p. 23).
- Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' all subsequent editions, various families of Robertson.
- Colonel James A. Robertson of Lude 'Comitatus de Atholia,' 'The Earldom of Athol, and the possession of the Family de Atholia,' 1 vol., 8vo, Edinburgh, 1860, cited here as Robertson's 'Athol.'
- William Anderson's 'Scottish Nation,' 1863, iii., p. 345.
- Colonel James A. Robertson's 'Concise Historical Proofs respecting the Gaels of Alban and Highlanders of Scotland,' 1 vol., 8vo, 1866, The Robertsons at p. 437.
- T. B. Johnstone and Colonel James A. Robertson's 'Historical Genealogy of the Clans of Scotland,' 1 vol., 4to, Edinburgh and London, 1872.
- Sir Joseph Noel Paton's 'Genealogy of the Celtic Earls of Athol . . . with Chart of the Descendants of Conan . . . founder of the De Atholia family, afterwards known as the Robertsons of Strowan,' 4to, 1873, in Bodleian Library.

NOTE.—Numerous family documents and papers have been used in compiling this Table.

Table 2.

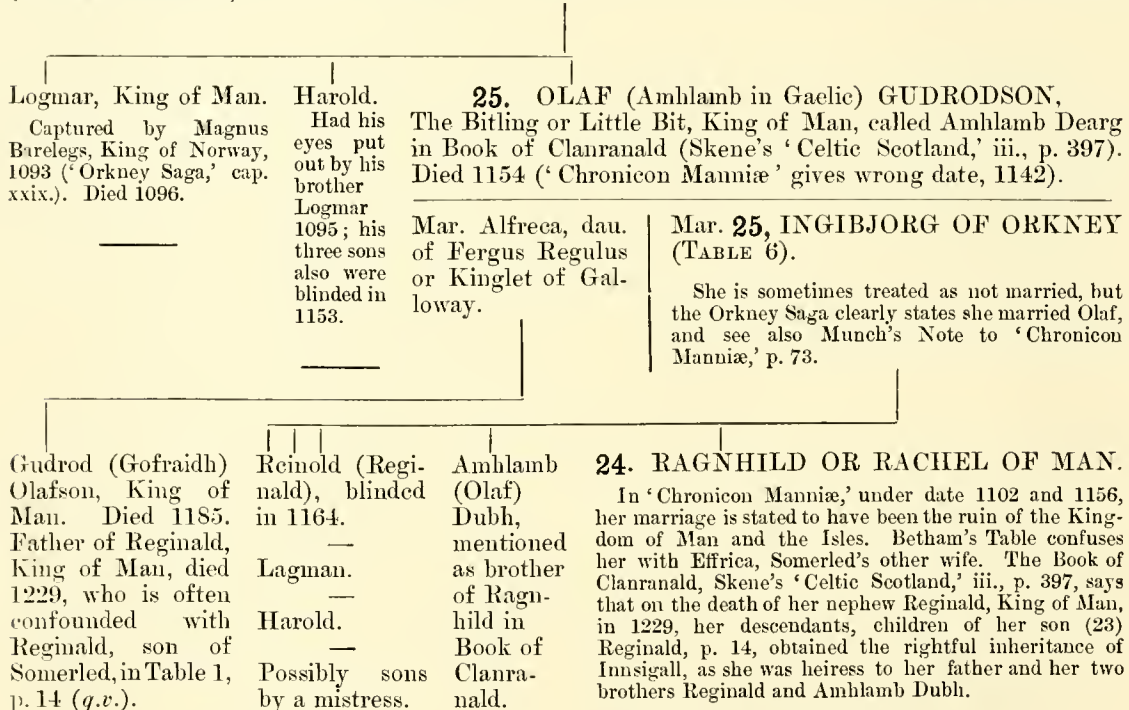
KINGS OF MAN.

27. HAROLD THE BLACK,

Of Iceland, or more probably of Isla (see Munch's 'Chronicon Manniæ,' p. 190, where it is suggested that he was son of Godred, King of Man and the Isles, who died 989).

26. GODRED CRONAN, OR CROWAN I.,

King of Man and the Isles, called Goffraig Meranach in 'Annals of Ulster,' Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 31, and Gofraidh in Book of Clanranald, *ibid.*, p. 397. Conquered the Isle of Man in 1056; acquired the Western Isles of Scotland; subdued Dublin 1068. Died in Island of Isla 1095 ('Annals of Ulster').



Mar. **24, SOMERLED THE VIKING** (TABLE 1), where line traced direct to

1, HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).

His children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

KINGS OF MAN.

- Anderson's Tables, 608.
Betham's Tables, 640.
'Orkney Saga,' Rolls edition, Genealogical Table.
'Chronicon Manniæ,' where many dates are about twelve years too early; editions by Munch, with Genealogical Table at p. 190, and by Johnstone in 'Antiq. Celtic Norm.'
E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under her Early Kings,' ii., p. 188.
H. A. Bullock's 'History of Isle of Man,' p. 7, *et seq.*

Table 3—PART I.

KINGS OF SCOTLAND OF CRINAN'S LINE.

NOTE.—Down to (27) Crinan this Table is doubtful.

31. SIDROC,

Brother of Nial, King of the Gallgael, whom he put to death in 914 (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 31).

Mar. . . . (heirsch) OF NORTHUMBERLAND (TABLE 7).

Anlaf, 1st King of the Isles and Northumberland. Defeated by Athelstan 938, and lost Northumberland. **30. ARAILT.**

Probably a Gallgael. The Egilla Saga says his father was a native Seot, and his mother a descendant of Regnar Lodbrok (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., pp. 28-31).

Macus, King of the Isles.

Styled by Saxon writers Rex plurimarum insularum, and by Irish, son of Arait (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 31).

29. GODFREY, KING OF THE ISLES,

Slain in an Irish Expedition 987 (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 31).

Ranald MacGodfrey, King of the Isles. The Isles were conquered from him by Sigurd, Earl of Orkney, not long after he commenced to reign. Died 1004 (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 31).

28. KENNETH, Gaelic CINEEDHE,

Thane of the Isles, according to Ancient History of the Drummonds as cited in Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 129 *et seq.*, where it is argued that he was father of Crinan.His parentage as here given is only derived from Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 31, which identifies him with Earl Hundi, who reconquered the North of Scotland from Sigurd, but this Hundi is now established to have been his son Crinan (*q.v.*). Skene, however, in his 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 392, suggests that Crinan may have been son or grandson of Duncau, Lay Abbot of Dunkeld, who was slain in battle in 965, and who is called by Major J. A. Robertson ('Celtic Topography of Scotland,' p. 314) Maormar of Athol.

Suibne, King of Gall Gaedli. Died 1034, according to 'Irish Annals,' 'Chronicon Hyense,' 'Annals of Ulster,' and 'Annals of Loch Ce.'

For statement in Skene's 'Highlanders,' that he was a male ancestor of Somerled, and therefore of the Robert-

27. CRINAN, LAY ABBOT OF DUNKELD,

Owner of the Abthany of Dull, that is of the property of the old Monastery of Dull, and of the greater part of Athol (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., pp. 129-137). Seneschal of the Isles (Fordun, book iv., p. 39), according to W. F. Skene, holding such an office on account of his parentage ('Highlanders' *ubi supra*) or through his father-in-law's conquests ('Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 392). He is the Hundi Jarl or Hound Earl who fought against Sigurd, Earl of Orkney (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 400; ii., p. 337). He is sometimes called Grimus and Albanach (see Betham's Tables), and apparently Trini or Trivi (see under

Another brother, who, according to Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 113, was ancestor of several Scottish Clans.

son family, see in Table I under (26) Gilleadomnam, p. 11. As to his being brother of Crinan, see E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under her Early Kings,' ii., pp. 191-2, Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., pp. 129-137 (followed in Sir Noel Paton's 'Earls of Athol').

his son's name). Killed in 1045 in battle (see Tighernac, Annals of Ulster, Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' ii., p. 337).

That he brought the Earldom of Athol to his descendants the Kings of Scotland is maintained in Skene's 'Highlanders,' *ubi supra*, E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under her Early Kings,' ii., pp. 191-2 (followed by Sir Noel Paton's 'Earls of Athol'), and Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 392. There were several old Kings of Athol, *e.g.*, Eacha, King of Midland Cruithne, which included Athol, Talorg Mac Drostan, Nectan, Angus Mac Fergus, mentioned in Skene's 'Highlanders,' i., pp. 38, 41, 43, 55, 99, etc., and Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., 281, who may have been ancestors of Crinan, see under Malcolm II., Earl of Athol, Part II. of this Table, the reference to the kings his ancestors. As to his being Lay Abbot of Dunkeld (see Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' ii., p. 337; iii., p. 270) and owning Abthany of Dull (*ibid.*, i., p. 392 note; ii., p. 337; iii., pp. 270-1), Sir James Dalrymple's 'Collection concerning Scottish History,' p. 138, suggests that the Abbey of Dull may be the same as that of Glendochoeroch.

Mar. 27, BEATRICE, OR BETHOCA OF SCOTLAND, heiress of the Crown of Scotland (TABLE 4).

26. DUNCAN I., KING OF SCOTLAND, sometimes called Donald VII. The Duncan of Shakespeare's 'Macbeth.'

An extract given in Thomas Innes's 'Essay on the Ancient Inhabitants of Scotland,' 1729, p. 803, records his reign under the name of Donchath Mac Trini (Trivi), Abbatis de Dunkeld jointly with his mother Bethoca, and his murder by Macbeth Mac Finlay in Bothgonanan (Elgin), and burial in Iona. Called in 'Annals of Ulster,' recording his death at the hands of his subjects in 1040, Duocha M'Crionain (Johnstone's 'Antiq. Celtic Norm.,' p. 69); called Karl or Kali Hundason in the 'Orkney Saga,' cap. v., Anderson's edition, note, p. 17, and part xxx., Skene's 'Fordun,' ii., p. 419, and Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 400.

A daughter, Who was mother of Moddan or Madach, created Earl of Caithness, by Duncan, and slain 1040, according to Anderson's 'Orkney Saga,' pp. 17 and 12. Sir Noel Paton ('Earls of Athol') makes Moddan her husband.

A son Maldred is suggested in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 392.

Mar. 26, SYBILLA OF NORTHUMBERLAND (TABLE 5).

25. MALCOLM III., CANMORE, or Greathead, KING OF SCOTLAND from 1057 to 1093.

Wyntoun, book vi., cap. xvi. and xviii., makes him a natural son by the dau. of the Miller of Fortewyot (Forteviot), but see note to the edition of 1879, vol. iii., p. 237.

Mar. (1st wife) Ingibiorg, dau. of Earl Finn Arnason, and widow of Thorfinn, Earl of Orkney, called the Mother of the Earls, from whom lines are traced in Table 6 to (1) Herbert Robertson.

William of Malmesbury, followed by Fordun, treats her as a mistress, but see Torfœus, cited in Sir James Dalrymple's 'Collection concerning Scottish History,' pp. 163-4; 'Orkney Saga,' cap. xxiii.; note to Wyntoun, edition 1879, iii., pp. 240-2, and to Skene's 'Fordun,' ii., p. 424. Her son by King Malcolm III. was King Duncan II., who is erroneously made father of Malcolm, Earl of Athol, see this Table, Part II. Sir Noel Paton gives her another son called Malcolm, whom he erroneously makes father of this Malcolm, Earl of Athol (see *ibid.*).

Mar. (2nd wife) 25, SAINT MARGARET, OF ENGLAND (TABLE 152).

28. DONALD BANE (Donald the White), sometimes called DONALD VII., KING OF SCOTLAND. Seized the throne on the death of Malcolm III., but expelled first by his nephew King Duncan II., and then by King Edgar, who mutilated him (Wyntoun, book vii., cap. vii., l. 135). Died 1097.

As to an error in making him ancestor of the Earls of Athol, see under the name of his brother (26) Melmare in Part II. of this Table.

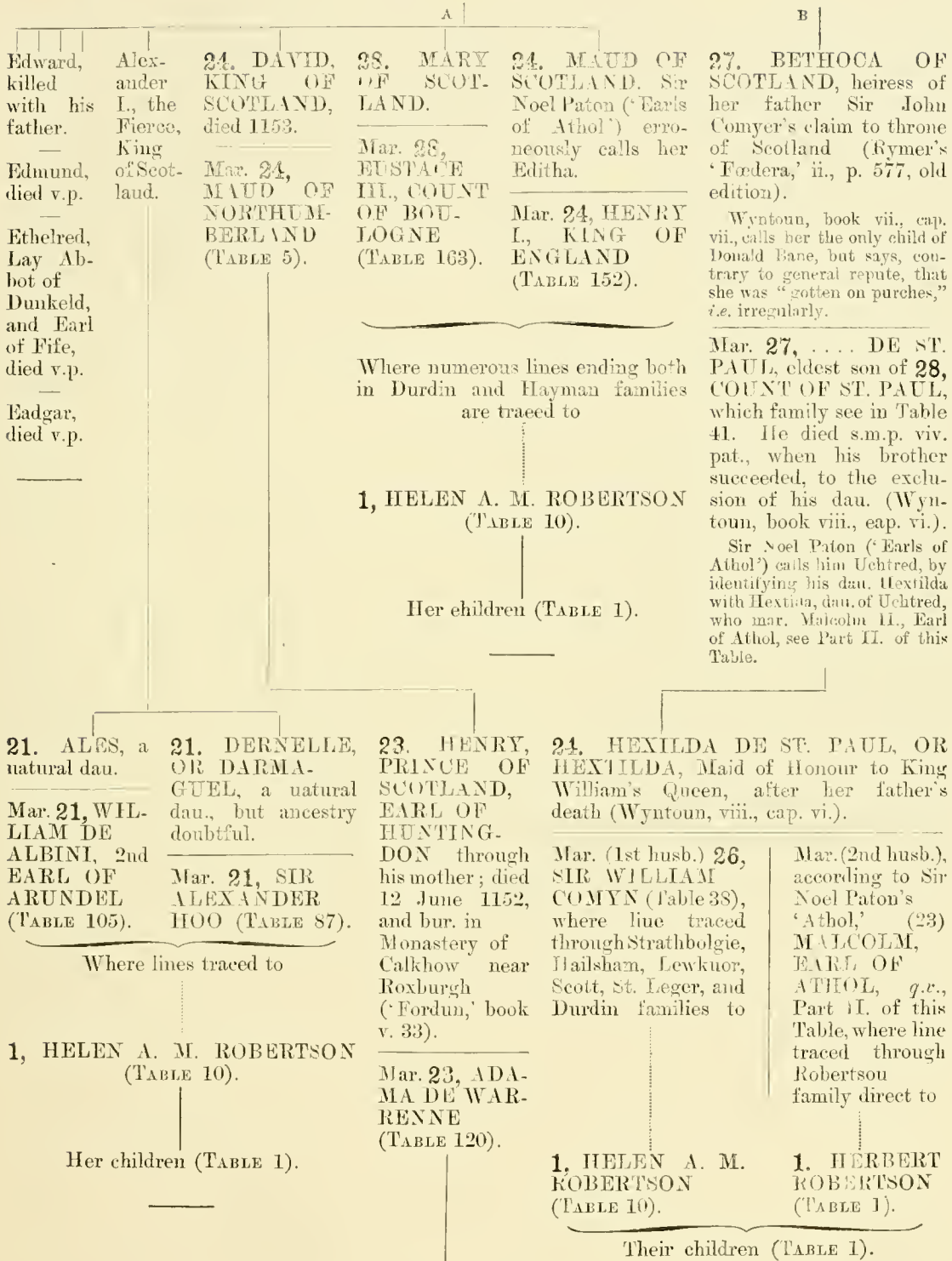
26. MELMARE, EARL OF ATHOL, see Part II. of this Table, where line traced through Robertson family to

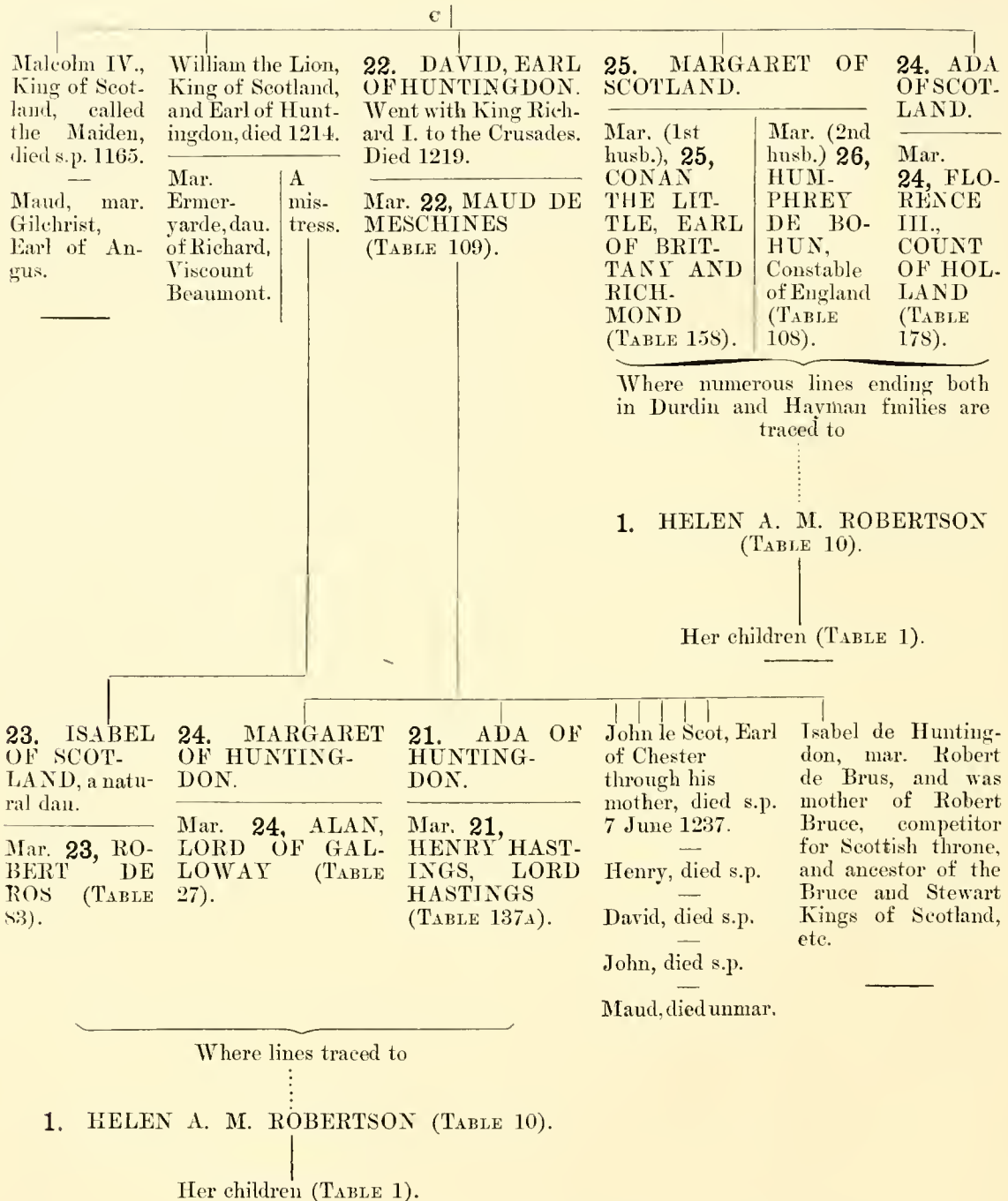
1, HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).

His children (TABLE 1).

Margaret, mar. Edgar Atheling of England.

Another dau. mar. Bardolph Leslie, Earl of Ross.





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

KINGS OF SCOTLAND.
 Betham's Tables, 618, *et seq.*
 Anderson's Tables, 499, *et seq.*
 Fordun, cap. lxxiv., *et passim.*
 Wyntoun, book viii., cap. vi.
 Liber Pluscardensis, book viii., cap. xiii.-xvi.

EARLS OF HUNTINGDON.
 Bridge's 'Northamptonshire,' i, p. 396.

Table 3—PART II.

CELTIC EARLS OF ATHOL OF THE ROYAL LINE.

26. MELMARE, EARL OF ATHOL (see Part I. of this Table),

born probably 1030. Created Earl of Athol in 1061, on coronation of his brother Malcolm III. ('Buik of the Chronicles of Scotland' (metrical version of Hector Boece), Rolls edition, ii., pp. 664); a witness to the Charter by King David I. to the Clerics of Deer, when he signs as Malmor Dathotla (Book of Deer, Spalding Club edition, p. 95). In the 'Orkney Saga,' cap. lvii., he is styled 'Melmare a Mormaer (*i.e.* Great Steward or Earl), and brother of King Melkolf, father of King David' (Malcolm III.), but in some editions, and in the Flatey Book (Rolls edition of 'Orkney Saga'), he is called Meckolmr.

The use of the name Meckolmr has led some writers, *e.g.* Chalmers's 'Caledonia,' i., p. 425, to think that he was the same person as Donald Bane, but called by mistake by the name of his eldest brother. This error occurs in Nisbet's 'Heraldry,' 1806, ii., app., p. 167; Chalmers's 'Caledonia,' 1807, i., p. 45; William Playfair's 'Brit. Fam. Antiquity,' 1809, iii., p. 139; Douglas's 'Peerage,' 1813, i., p. 131; and elsewhere. Skene ('Highlanders,' ii., p. 132) saw that this was a mistake, but suggested a new pedigree for his grandson Malcolm I., Earl of Athol (*q.v.*), which separated him from this Melmare. Wynthoun, book vi., cap. xvi. and xviii., who treats King Malcolm III. as illegitimate, says definitely there were two lawful sons of King Duncan (meaning Donald Bane and this Melmare), and the notes under Bethoea, dau. of Donald Bane, in Part I., shew that she was Donald Bane's only child, or at all events that he had no son. A note to Wynthoun, edition of 1879, vol. iii., p. 237, suggests that this Melmare may be the Oberard who is supposed (on very slender evidence according to Chalmers) by Kennedy ('Dissertation on the Family of Stewart,' p. 193) to have been a son of Dunean I., and who fled to Norway, which it is suggested means Orkney.

Athol is variously written as Atjokl or Atiaklum in 'Orkney Saga'; as Hathodl, Athodel, Athwotle, Hathew, Athewethe, Ethonchle, Etholie, Atholie, Hathoil, Adholie, in Reg. Prior. St. Andrews and Lib. Insula Missarum (Bannatyne Club), and elsewhere, and also as Atheles, Asceles, etc. As to the ancestors of this Melmare having been Earls of Athol, see under (27) Crinan, Part I. of this Table, and see legendary origin of the name, 'Buik of the Chronicles of Scotland' (metrical version of Hector Boece), Rolls edition, i., p. 39.

25. MADACH, EARL OF ATHOL,

born probably about 1070. Called Moddadr, Modden, and Maddad, Jarl of Atjoklum in 'Orkney Saga' (see note, Anderson's edition, p. 108), Madit in Hovenden, Rolls edition, pp. 10 and 12; also sometimes called Maddoe and Madeth. He was a witness to the Foundation Charter by King Alexander I. to Scone in 1115 (Lib. Eccl. de Scon, charter i., see also charter v.), and to those by King David I. to Melros Abbey ('Liber de Melros,' Bannatyne Club, charter i.), and to Dumfermline (Bannatyne Club, charter i.) between 1124 and 1153. The 'Orkney Saga,' cap. lxxxvi., fixes his death as before 1152; Robertson's 'Athol' gives the date 1150.

He is commonly called 1st Earl of Athol (*e.g.* Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 434), but there is little doubt his father (*q.v.*) was also Earl of Athol, and the ancestors of Crinan, his great-grandfather, were also probably Earls of Athol (see under (27) Crinan, Part I. of this Table). As to his father being identified with Donald Bane, see under his father's names.

Mar. (1st wife) 25,

In some pedigrees, *e.g.* Douglas's 'Peerage,' this first wife is omitted, and the second wife is made mother of Malcolm, Earl of Athol, but this cannot be, as otherwise he and not his half-brother would have been Earl of Orkney.

Mar. (2nd wife), about 1130. Margaret, dau. of Hakon, Earl of Orkney, who occurs in Table 6.

24. MALCOLM I., EARL OF ATHOL,
born probably about 1100.

Omitted in most pedigrees prior to Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 139, 1837, and in most of those which are subsequent to it, except Sir Noel Paton's 'Earls of Athol.' His place in the pedigree is, however,

Harold Maddadson, born 1134; became, in right of his mother, Earl of Orkney, jointly with Earl Rögnwald, in 1139 (aged 5), and sole Earl in 1158 ('Orkney Saga,' cap. lxix. and cix.), also Earl of Shetland and Caithness (see Lib. Eccl. de Scon, *ut infra*). Quarrelled with William, King

definitely fixed by the entry relating to the gift to Durham by his son Earl Malcolm II. (*q.v.*), the dates shew that there must have been two Malcolms, Earls of Athol. Skene, in his 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 139, misled by the statement of Earl Malcolm II., that kings, his ancestors, were buried at Dunfermline, treated him as son of King Duncan II., but he subsequently altered his opinion, and in 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 288, correctly calls all the Earls of Athol descendants of Melmare. Sir Noel Paton ('Earls of Athol'), without assigning any reason, erroneously makes him son of King Malcolm III. and Ingibiorg, and own brother to King Duncan II., omitting of course his real father and grandfather. Possibly some of the charters stated below to have been witnessed by his son Malcolm II. were really witnessed by him.

of Scotland, see Hovenden, Rolls edition, pp. 10-12, where he is called Harold Mac Madit, Covenanted for a perpetual donation to the Abbey of Seone (Lib. Eccl. de Seon, Bannatyne Club, charter lviii.). He mar. (1st wife) Afreka, dau. of Duncan, Earl of Fife, and (2nd wife) Gormleth, dau. of Malcolm McHeth, who claimed to be Earl of Angus, by the sister of Somerled (TABLE 1).

Major Robertson ('Athol,' p. 15) suggests that he became Earl of Athol about 1150, evidently meaning on his father's death, but that the lands were forfeited, citing the Orkney Saga as printed in the Iona Club 'Transactions,' but it does not bear out this view, which is evidently erroneous. Andersou's 'Introduction to the Orkney Saga,' p. xxxix, says he was killed at the Battle of Margarvey, 1187 (Fordun's 'Annals,' xvi.), but others place his death in 1206.

<p>23. MALCOLM II., EARL OF ATHOL, born probably about 1130. He (before 1174, according to Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' i., p. 131) granted the patronage of the Church of Dull in Perthshire to the Church of St. Andrews ('Reg. Prior St. Andrew,' Bannatyne Club, p. 29). He also granted the Church of Login Mahedd (Logierait) in Athol with its Chapelries to the Abbey of Seone, and this grant was confirmed by King William II. the Lion, 1165-1234 (Lib. Eccl. de Seon, charter xxvii.). He also, by the description of Maleolmus filius Maleolmi comes Athodlic, together with his wife Hextila filia Vethredi, his sons Sumon (Simon) and Henry, his brother Duncan, his sister Margaret, and his grandson Constantine, made a gift to the Church of Durham (Cottonian MS., Domitian, vii., cited in 'Illust. of Scottish History,' Maitland Club, by Jos. Stevenson, p. 17). He also (between 1183-6, according to E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under her Early Kings,' ii., p. 191) granted the Church of Moulin, near Pitlochry, Perthshire, to the Monks of Dunfermline ('Regist. de Dunfermlyne,' Bannatyne Club, No. 147), and this grant was confirmed by King William the Lion (<i>ibid.</i>, charter lviii. and lx.). He is a witness to numerous charters in the 'Reg. Prior. St. Andrew,' Bannatyne Club, and to the charter by King William mentioned in 'Reg. Nigrum de Aberbrothoc,' pp. 535 and 540, and to another by the same king in 'Reg. Vetus de Aberbrothoc,' p. 51, and to another by the same king of the lands of Ardross, cited in Sir J. Dalrymple's 'Collection concerning Scottish History,' p. 378, and possibly is the Malcolm who witnessed King Duncan's charter to Durham (<i>ibid.</i>, p. 228).</p>	<table border="0"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>Duncan and</td> <td>Christina.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Margaret, co-</td> <td>—</td> </tr> <tr> <td>benefactors to</td> <td>Bethoc.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Durham with</td> <td>—</td> </tr> <tr> <td>their brother</td> <td>Malman.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Malcolm</td> <td>—</td> </tr> <tr> <td>(<i>q.v.</i>)</td> <td>These three</td> </tr> <tr> <td>—</td> <td>are mentioned</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>in Sir Noel</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Paton's 'Earls</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>of Athol.'</td> </tr> </table>			Duncan and	Christina.	Margaret, co-	—	benefactors to	Bethoc.	Durham with	—	their brother	Malman.	Malcolm	—	(<i>q.v.</i>)	These three	—	are mentioned		in Sir Noel		Paton's 'Earls		of Athol.'
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	Paton's 'Earls																								
	of Athol.'																								

In the grant of Moulin Church he states that the kings, his predecessors, rest there (*i.e.* either at Dunfermline or Moulin). As the Abbey of Dunfermline was founded by St. Margaret, wife of Malcolm III. (Fordun, book v., cap. xxviii.), and he was therefore presumably the first King of Scotland buried there (the previous burying-place being Iona, Skeue's 'Fordun,' ii., p. 388), Skene, in his 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 139, in order to give this Malcolm at least two ancestors Kings of Scotland who were buried there, made his father Malcolm son of King Duncan II., but this view he subsequently abandoned (see under (24) Malcolm I., Earl of Athol). Probably Malcolm referred to the ancestors of (23) Crinan (*q.v.* Part I. of this Table), who styled themselves Kings, and may have been buried in some ancient burial-place at Dunfermline (which existed as a church before the time of King Malcolm III., *cf.* 'Orig. Paroch.,' i., p. xxv.), or perhaps at Mouline.

Mar. **23.** EXTILDA OR HEXILDA, daughter of **24.** UCHTRED, mentioned as Hextila filia Vethredi in the gift jointly with her husband (*q.v.*) to Durham, as Hextilda in her husband's grant of Dull, and as E. in his grant of Moulin.

Sir Noel Paton ('Earls of Athol') identifies her with (24) Hextilda de St. Paul, granddaughter of Douald Bane (see this Table, Part I.), and puts the marriage in 1164-6, but he does not cite any authority.

A |

24. HENRY, EARL OF ATHOL, last of these Celtic Earls; born probably about 1166. Confirmed his father's grant of Login Mahedd, this grant being confirmed by several Bishops of Dunkeld (Lib. Ecel. de Sion, charters lv., xcix., and c.), and by the Pope (*ibid.*, ciii.); also his father's grant of Dull ('Reg. Prior St. Andree,' Bannatyne Club edition, p. 246), this grant being subsequently confirmed by the Pope (*ibid.*, p. 96), by King William the Lion (p. 230), by King Alexander (p. 235), and by Bishops of Dunkeld (pp. 307-9); and also his father's grant of Moulin ('Reg. Dunfermline,' Bannatyne Club, charter No. cxlviii.). Joined with his father in the gift to Durham. In the year of the birth of Alexander, son of King William, he appears as a witness to an agreement ('Reg. Vetus de Aberbrothoc,' p. 103). According to a Supplement to the History of the Feuds and Conflicts among the Clans, in vol. ii. of 'Miscellanea Scotica,' p. 30, in 1211 the Earl of Athol, who must have been this Earl, was sent to Caithness against Gorrie McWilliam, a notable rebel. Died 1220.

Sumon or Simon, joined with his father (*q.v.*) in the gift to Durham; possibly being named first he was older than Henry, but died in his father's lifetime.

Dunean, a witness to the grant by his father and Henry of Dull; probably had a son Colin, who also witnessed this grant, being described by Henry as "Colin nepos meus."

Malin, a witness to his brother Henry's confirmation of Moulin.

Gillathorne, mentioned in Sir Noel Paton's 'Earls of Athol.'

Mar. (1st wife) **22, MARGARET** who appears as a witness to the confirmations of Moulin and Dull.

Mar. (2nd wife) Maria, who by the description of Maria, Countess of Athol, in 1231 (she being evidently the widow of this Henry), granted a charter to the Abbey of Cupar, as stated in J. A. Robertson's 'Gaelic Topography of Scotland,' citing from Sir James Balfour's notes, MS., in Advocates' Library, No. 33-2-9.

She, and not her husband's first wife Margaret, may have been the mother of the children here named.

22. CONVALT, LORD OF TULLIBARDINE, in Stratherne, a powerful Baron.

25. CONSTANTINE OF ATHOL, the eldest son; born probably about 1190. A benefactor with his father and grandfather Malcolm II., Earl of Athol (*q.v.*), to Durham, but he must have been an infant at the time. Died s.m.p.v.p. (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 144; E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under her Early Kings,' ii., p. 191).

21. CONAN, or Coningus, OF GLENEROCHIE; probably born about 1192; obtained Glenerochie, that is Strowan in Perthshire, from his father. Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., 143-5, assumes that it was a male fief which he only acquired owing to the death of his elder brother without male issue. Made a grant to the Abbey of Cupar by the name of Coningus filius Henrici Comititis Atholie (Chartulary of Cupar, MSS. by Sir James Balfour in Advocates' Library, No. 33-2-9). Major Robertson ('Athol Family,' p. 18), thinks the date is 1216, but his father was then living. Died 1222, according to Sir Noel Paton's 'Earls of Athol.'

21. DUNCAN OF TULLIBARDINE; held Tullibardine and Finach in Stratherne, and Lethenby in Gowrie ('Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 144).

B |

C |

D |

B	C	D	
<p>Isabella of Athol; born probably about 1240. With her first husband, Thomas of Galloway, Earl of Athol, she confirmed the grant of her great-grandfather, Malcolm II., Earl of Athol, of Moulin ('Reg. de Dunfermline,' Bannatyne Club, charter No. cxlix.). Died probably in 1235, when her husband Alan ceased to bear the title of Earl of Athol.</p> <p>Mar. (1st husb.) Thomas of Galloway, Earl of Athol in right of his wife (see his family in Table 27). He died 1231 (Chronicle of Melros).</p> <p>His son by this marriage, Patrick, Earl of Athol, was burnt to death in 1241 (Chronicle of Melros). He also had a son, by another wife, named Allan, who was pardoned on 30 Jan. 1251-2, by King Henry III., for crimes in Ireland ('Catalogue of Documents relating to Scotland,' i., p. 349).</p> <p>cxiv., p. 126), but not in 1236 ('Reg. Ep. Morav.,' charter xxxvii., p. 31), or after (<i>ibid.</i>, charter xl., p. 35). E. W. Robertson, in 'Scotland under her Early Kings,' ii., p. 191, suggests that he held the Earldom in ward during the minority of his stepson Patrick, but this stepson could not have attained twenty-one in 1235, according to the probable date of his grandfather's birth. Probably he only held the title during the lifetime of his wife. On the death of Patrick, (24) Sir David Hastings at once succeeded to the Earldom (Chronicle of Melros). Alan was living in 1264 ('Liber Pluscardensis,' book vii., cap. xxv.). As to an error in the Peerages, making him husband of an elder sister, see Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 289 note. Alan had a son W., by an earlier marriage ('Regist. vetus Aberbrothoc,' charter cxviii., p. 91, and charter cxxix., p. 92; 'Reg. Ep. Morav.,' charter xxxvii., p. 31). Major Robertson, in his 'Athol' and pedigrees supplied to and still in this respect used in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' suggested that there was issue of the marriage between Isabella and Alan, a daughter whom he identified with the Lora, Countess of Athol, who died in 1269, and was buried at Melros (Chronicles of Melros), and made her marry a certain Malcolm de Insulis, and</p>	<p>24. FERNE-LITH OF ATHOL, called Forfissa in Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' iii., p. 288-9.</p> <p>Mar. 24, SIR DAVID HASTINGS, EARL OF ATHOL in right of his wife (Table 36), where line traced through Strathbolgie, Hailsham, Lewknor, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to</p> <p>1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).</p> <p>Her children (TABLE 1).</p>	<p>20. EUGENIUS OR EWEN OF GLENEROCHIE (Hugh), in Gaelic Eoghan (Macfarlane's 'Gaelic Vocabulary' and Armstrong's 'Gaelic Dictionary'). In ancient documents he is never called anything but Eugenius. Born probably about 1220. Confirmed his father's grant to the Abbey of Cupar (Chartulary of Cupar <i>ubi sup.</i>) by the name of Eugenius filius Coningi filius Henrici Comitis Atholie. As to his marriage, see Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., 143.</p> <p>Mar. 20, MARIA OF TULLIBARDINE.</p> <p>Angus of Glenerochie and Lethenby made a grant of part of the barony of Lethenby (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 144), and of Mukulyss or Mucullis and Tullenedy, co. Perth, and Culbarney in Kinross (Robertson's 'Index of Charters,' cap. lxxxix., p. 19,</p>	<p>Ada of Tullibardine, eldest dau. and coheir; obtained half Tullibardine and Fynach, and part of Lethenby. Mar. Malise, Seneschal of Strathern.</p> <p>Their dau. Ada mar. William Moray who, as William de Moravia de Tullibardine, signed the Ragnao Roll of 1291 (Bannatyne Club edition, p. 9), and got grant from his wife's aunt Maria (<i>q.v.</i>), and carried her mother's lands to her descendants the Morays of Tullibardine, one of whom, David Moray, Lord of Tullibardine, obtained from her cousin (cousanguineus suus) Robert Riach Duncan-son (Table 1) her share of Fynach, by grant, in 1443 (Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 144).</p> <p>20. MARIA OF TULLIBARDINE, younger dau. and coheir; born probably about 1230; obtained half Tullibardine and Fynach, and part of Lethenby. She survived her husband, and conveyed her half of Tullibardine to the husband of her niece Ada Moray in 1284 (Lib. Insula Missarum, being the Chartulary of Inchaffray, Bannatyne Club, p. 37).</p> <p>Mar. 20, EUGENIUS OF GLENEROCHIE.</p> <p>19. . . . OF GLENEROCHIE, a dau.; born probably about 1252; heiress to her brother Angus from whom she inherited Glenerochie and other large districts in Athol, sufficient, especially as she was descended from the old Earls of Athol, to give her husband the title de Atholia.</p>

so be by him mother of **19**, ANDREW DE ATHOLIA (Table 1), mentioned on this page, but this is impossible, and the idea was subsequently abandoned by Major Robertson (see argument as to this in Table 1 under Andrew de Atholia). The Lora in question was probably widow of one of the Earls of the Hastings or Strathholgie families.

and cap. xiv., p. 26), all by the name of Angus fil Eugenii.

Skene's 'Highlanders' erroneously treats him as father of Andrew de Atholia (her sister's husband), see under his name in Table 1. Burke's 'Commoners,' iv., p. 419, attributes to him several

Her existence and marriage cannot be definitely proved. This link in the pedigree was suggested first by Major Robertson (see under her husband's name in Table 1), and it appears highly probable that it is the correct one. In any case it is almost certain that Andrew de Atholia married some dan. and heiress of this family.

brothers, "from whom are descended the families of Skene and others," but as the Skenes descended from the Robertsons of Strowan (see 'Memorials of Skene Family,' by W. F. Skene, New Spalding Club, p. 6), and Burke's 'Commoners' is based on Mr. Skene's theory that Angus was father of Andrew de Atholia, this evidently means that the ancestor of the Skenes was probably paternal uncle of Andrew de Atholia.

Mar. **19**, ANDREW DE ATHOLIA (TABLE 1), where line traced in direct male line to

1. HERBERT
ROBERSON (TABLE 1).

His children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- Sir James Dalrymple's 'Collections concerning Scottish History,' 1705, p. 378.
 Crawford's 'Scottish Peerage,' 1716, p. 23.
 Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' 1st edition, 1746, p. 45; 2nd edition, 1813, vol. i., p. 131.
 Nisbet's 'Heraldry,' 1806, vol. ii., app. 167.
 Chalmers's 'Caledonia,' 1807, vol. i., p. 425.
 Skene's 'Highlanders,' 1837, vol. ii., pp. 127-145.
 Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1846, Robertson of Inshes.
 Sir Noel Paton's 'Earls of Athol,' 1873, in Bodleian Library.
 E. W. Robertson's 'Scotland under her Early Kings,' vol. ii., pp. 186-7 and 191-3.
 Major Robertson's 'Comitatus de Atholie.'

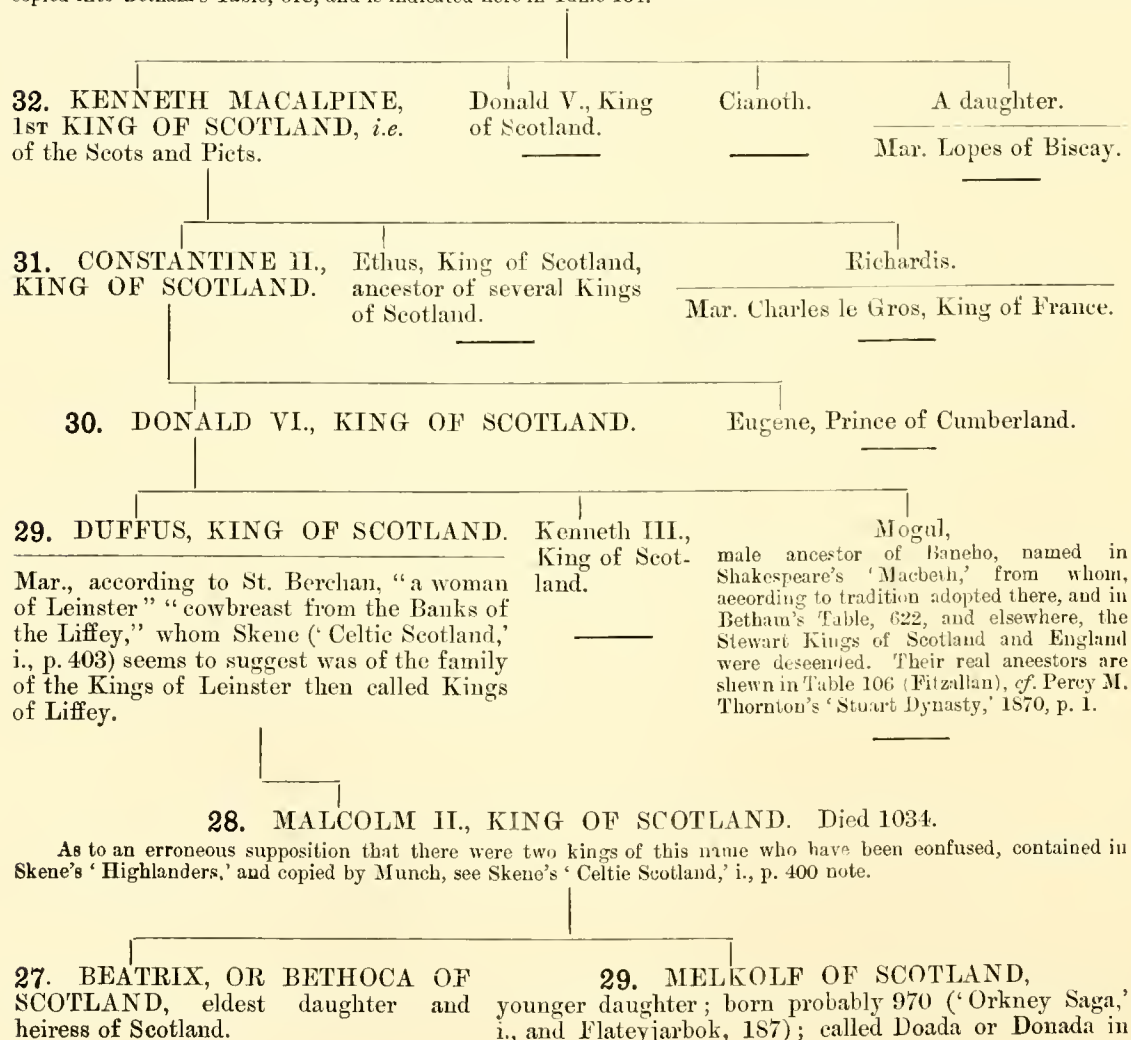
Table 4.

KINGS OF SCOTLAND OF KENNETH MACALPINE'S LINE.

33. ALPINE,

of whom nothing is known, save that he was father of Kenneth, and was of the Scottish race, although bearing a Pictish name. Died about 834.

In order to lengthen the pedigrees of the Scotch Kings, he has been treated as the same person as Alpine Mae Eachach, or Mae Aehains, last King of Dalriada (Argyllshire, south of the Clyde), who attempted to make himself King of the Picts in 726, and was himself expelled by the Picts from Dalriada in 736, the reign of the latter and of his father being post dated about 100 years, and a few kings inserted between him and his ancestors to supply the hiatus. See the whole process explained in W. F. Skene's 'Historical Introduction to Fordun,' and in particular pp. 50, 56, and 64. The line of ancestry thus invented is traced in Fordun's 'Annals,' xlvi., and 'History,' book v., cap. 1., and see Tables in Appendix to Thomas Innes's 'Ancient Inhabitants of Scotland,' 1729, to Adam, partially copied into Betham's Table, 618, and is indicated here in Table 154.



An extract given in Thomas Innes's 'Inhabitants of Scotland,' 1729, p. 803, makes her Queen of Scotland jointly with her son Duncan.

Mar. 27, CRINAN, ABBOT OF DUNKELD (TABLE 3), where line traced

through numerous lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families to

and through Robertson family to

'Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gail,' Rolls edition, at p. 302, probably part of an old confusion which made Doada the wife of Finlay, Thane of Glamis, and mother of Macbeth, a dau. of King Malcolm II., which occurs in Betham's Tables. Skene's 'Highlanders,' i., p. 159, followed in Munch's 'Chronicles of Man,' p. 46, makes Melkolf dau. of Malcolm Macbrigid of King Macbeth's family; and Fordun, iv., cap. xxxiv., treats Bethoca as only dau. of Malcolm II., but see note in Anderson's 'Orkney Saga,' p. 3; W. F. Skene's 'Fordun,' ii., p. 414, and pedigree at p. 421; and Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,'

Mar. 29, SIGURD THE STRONG, EARL OF ORKNEY (TABLE 6), where line traced to Kings of Man, and so through Robertson family to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

1. HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).

Their children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- Betham, Table 618.
- Anderson, Table 499.
- Skene's edition of 'Fordun,' ii., p. 421.

Table 5.

OLD EARLS OF NORTHUMBERLAND AND HUNTINGDON.

29. WALTHEOF SENIOR, EARL OF NORTHUMBERLAND in 969.

28. UCHTRED,

made EARL OF NORTHUMBERLAND (to which York was added) in his father's lifetime; living in 1013, when he submitted to King Sweyn. Murdered when going to see King Canute.

Mar. (1st wife) 28, ECGFRID, dau. of 29, BISHOP ALDUNE of Durham, divorced and remarried Kilvert, son of Lijulf, a Yorkshire thane. | Mar. (2nd wife) Sigers, dau. of Styr, a rich citizen, son of Ulf.

27. ALDRED, EARL OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

Eadulph, Earl of Northumberland, murdered by Siward his successor.

27. BERNE, a Dane, so called because he was reputed to be the son of a bear by 28, a dau. of 29, a Danish Earl of the Royal Blood to whose Earldom he succeeded.

26. ALFREDA OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

Mar. 26, SIWARD, PRINCE OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

26. SIWARD, EARL OR PRINCE OF NORTHUMBERLAND AND HUNTINGDON; obtained Northumberland from King Edward the Confessor, who placed him there to repel the incursions of the Danes; and Nottingham from the same king, after he had slain Tosti, Earl of Huntingdon. He defeated Macbeth, and placed Malcolm III. on the throne of Scotland. Died at York, 1055.

Mar. (1st wife) 26, ALFREDA OF NORTHUMBERLAND.

Mar. (2nd wife) Godgive, a widow.

25. WALTHEOF, OR WOLDERFUS, EARL OF NORTHUMBERLAND AND NORTHAMPTON; created EARL OF HUNTINGDON by William I.; beheaded for rebelling against William I., 1073, at Winchester, and esteemed a martyr and saint.

Mar. 25, JUDITH DE BURGH (TABLE 167).

27. SYBILLA OF NORTHUMBERLAND (name given in Sir Noel Paton's 'Earls of Athol'), according to Betham, dau. of Syward, but according to Wyntoun, 'Chronicle,' note to vol. ii., p. 184, l. 944, it is more probable she was his sister.

Mar. 27, DUNCAN, KING OF SCOTLAND AND EARL OF HUNTINGDON in right of his wife (Table 3), where line traced

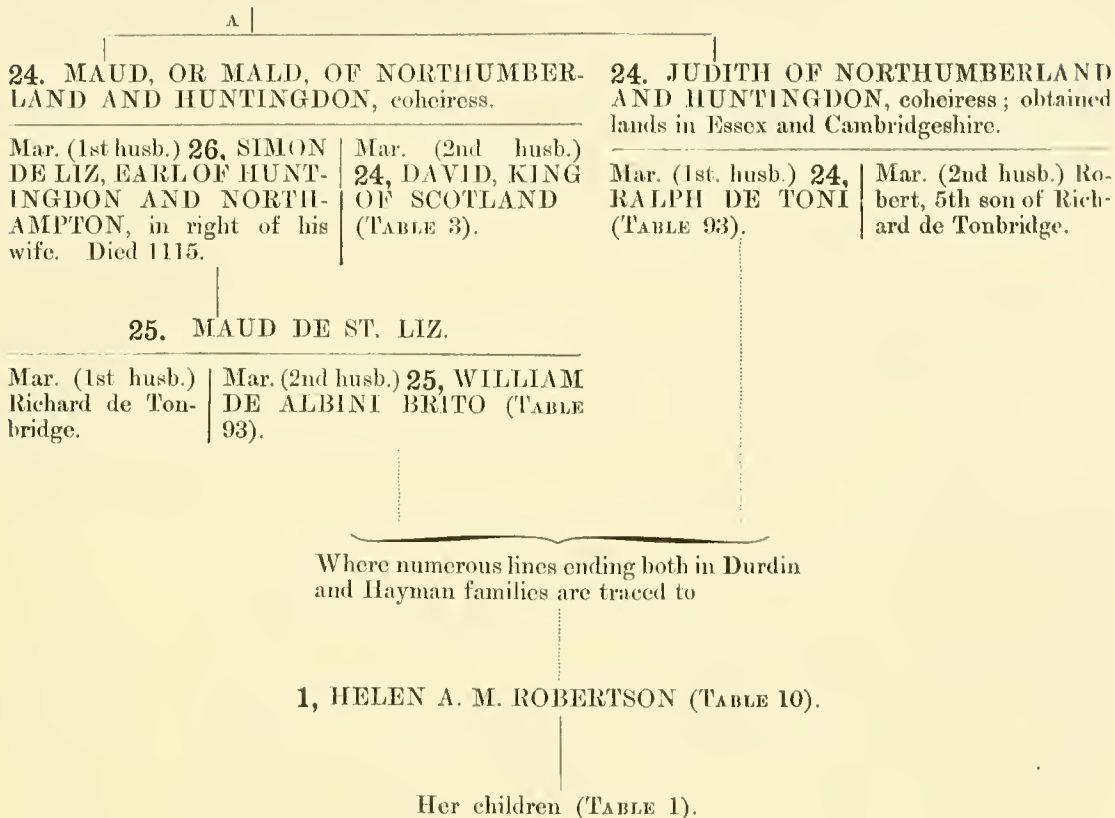
through Robertson family to

and through numerous families ending both in Durdin and Hayman families to

1. HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON, his wife (TABLE 10).

Their children (TABLE 1).

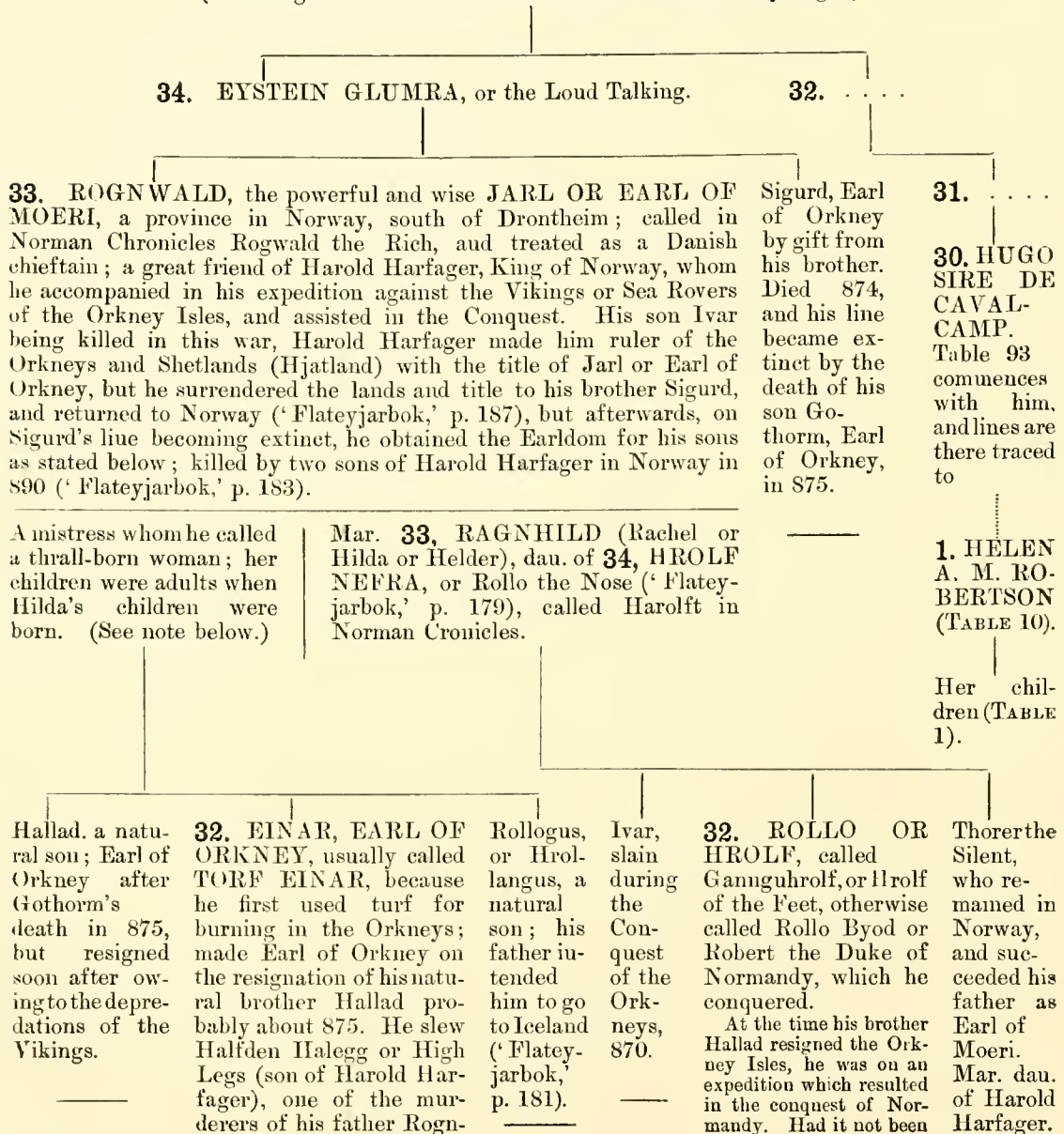


REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 2, Northumberland.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' St. Liz, Earl of Huntingdon.

Table 6.

NORWEGIAN EARLS OF ORKNEY.

35. IVAR UPPLENDURGA JARL, EARL OF THE UPLANDS, NORWAY.
(Genealogical Table 1 to Anderson's edition of 'Orkney Saga.')

wald in Rinansej (North Ronaldsey).

so he would probably have been Earl of Orkney, instead of his brother Einar ('Orkney Saga' and 'Flateyjarbok').

Table 147 begins with this Rollo, and there lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON.

Her children.

Arnkell and Erlend, both Earls of Orkney, and killed in England with Eirik Blodoece, King of Norway, in 950 ('Flateyjarbok,' pp. 183, 187).

31. THORFINN HANSAKLIUF, or Skull Splitter, EARL OF ORKNEY; probably born about 905. Died *circa* 963; buried on Hanga Heath now Hoxa Rognavdsey (South Ronaldsey).

34. FINNVIDUS.

33. THORARIN BULLIBAK.

Mar. **31. GRELAUGA**, COUNTESS OF CAITHNESS (TABLE 7).

32. ARNVIDUS.

Arnfinn, Havard Arsæli (Blessed with Good Sense), and Liot, all successively Earls of Orkney, and husbands of Ragnhild, dau. of King Eirik Blodoece, who killed the first two of them ('Flateyjarbok,' pp. 183-4).

Skuli, created an Earl by the King of Scotland.

30. HLODVER OR LODVER, Lewis (Munch's 'Chron. Man.,' p. 43), Lotar, or Lodar ('Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill,' Rolls edition), EARL OF ORKNEY; probably born about 935. Died 980.

A dau., mother of Einar Klining (Buttered Bread).

31. ARNMOD, an Earl or Jarl in Norway; slain at the Battle of Joms-viking. From him the family is sometimes called the Arnmod family.

Mar. **30. AUDNA**, dau. of **31, KIARVAL**. As to her being identified with Eithne, dau. of **36, KIARVALL**, who appears as an ancestor in Table 7, see that Table.

A dau., mother of Einar Hara-kiopt (Hard Mouth).

30. ARNE, a Jarl or Earl in Norway. From him the family is often called the Arnason or Arnung family.

... OF ORKNEY, A dau., given in marriage to Gille by her brother Earl Sigurd ('Njal Saga,' cap. lxxxix.; Daseut's 'Burnt Njal,' cap. ii., p. 40).

29. SIGURD THE STRONG, or Stout, EARL OF ORKNEY; probably born about 965; called Siward (Munch's 'Chronicon Manniæ,' p. 43), Sincerad ('Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill'), Sitric, Sichfrith in 'Four Masters,' Sinehradh ('Annals of Ulster'). Captured by Olaf Tryggvison, King of Norway, and turned Christian as a condition of his release ('Flateyjarbok,' p. 187); killed at the famous Battle of Clontarf, near Dublin, fighting against Brian Boru, Good Friday, 23 April 1014 ('Wars of the

29. FINN ARNASON, a Norwegian Jarlor Earl.

Kalf Arnason, called Eggensis, mar. Sigrud.

Thorberg Arnason mar. Astrida Erlingson.

Mar. **29, BERGL-JOT.**

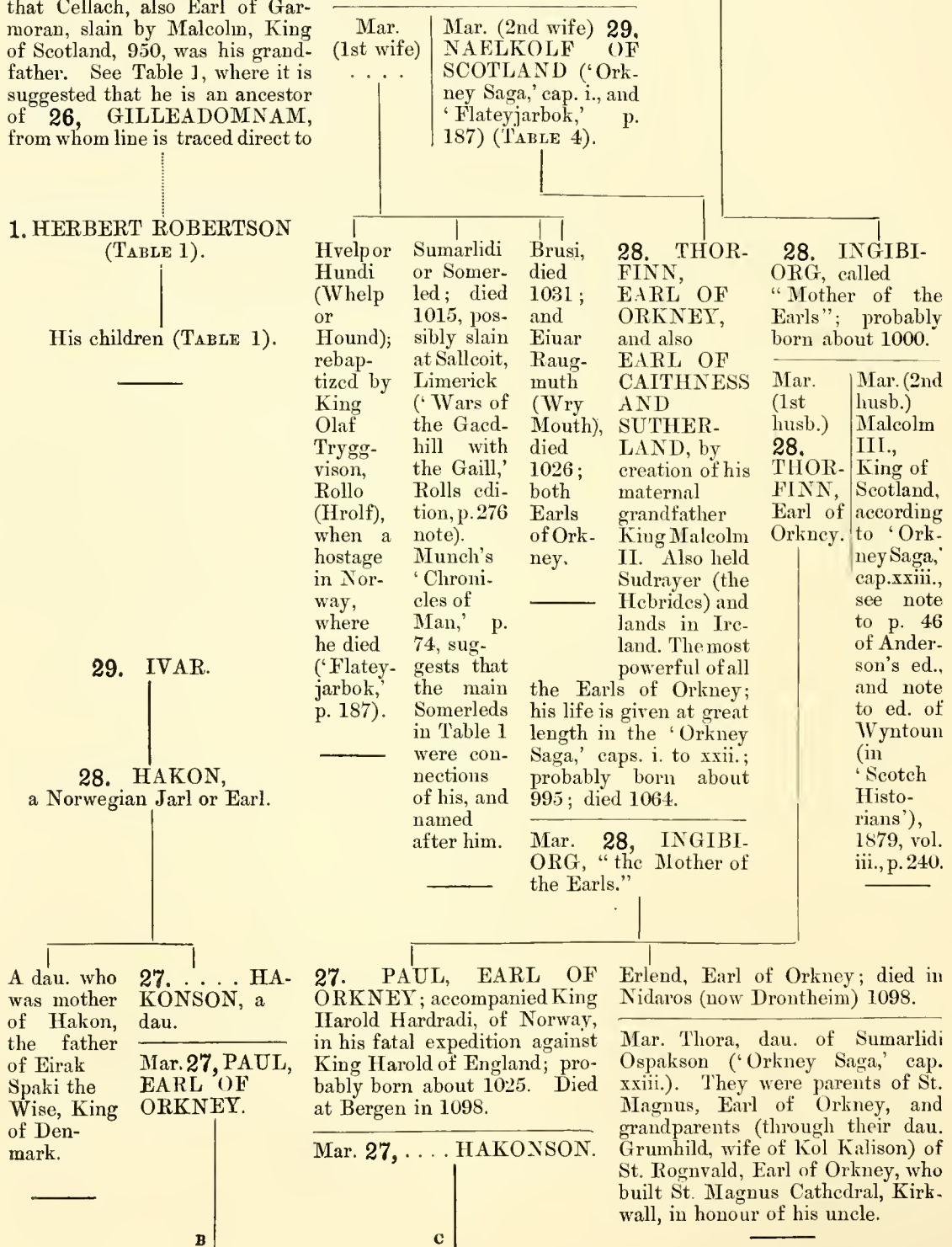
Arni Arnason mar. Geirthrud Erlingson.

Thorbjorn Jorumsa mar. Ulvus Ælimagister.

Mar. **GILLE, EARL OF SUDREYAR**, or Colonsay (Hebrides), mentioned in 'Njal Saga,' caps. lxxxiv. and lxxxix.; Andersen's 'Orkney Saga,' p. 28. Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 270, identifies him with Cellach, Earl of Garmoran (*i.e.* the districts of Glenelg, Ardnamurchan, Morveru,

etc., p. 266), who lived 990 to 1014, and suggests from the ending of the Macleod pedigree that Cellach, also Earl of Garmoran, slain by Malcolm, King of Scotland, 950, was his grandfather. See Table 1, where it is suggested that he is an ancestor of **26**, GILLEADOMNAM, from whom line is traced direct to

Gaehill with the Gaill,' p. 191; 'Njal Saga,' cap. clvi.; Dasent's 'Burnt Njal,' ii., p. 333).



B		C	
<p>26. HAKON, otherwise HARO, EARL OF ORKNEY, treacherously captured and beheaded his first cousin Earl St. Magnus, and thus obtained the whole Earldom about 1115 (The 'Orkney Saga,' cap. xl., says 1091, but see note in Anderson's edition). Resided at the Earl's Palace at Orfiara or Jorfiara (the modern Orphir) near Kirkwall, and probably built the church there, of which the ruins now remain; probably born about 1055.</p>	<p>Brynjolf. Mar. Gyrid dau. of Dag.</p>	<p>Thora mar. Haldor of Norway. — Ingrid mar. Einir Vorsakrak. — Herbiorga.</p>	<p>—</p>
<p>Mar.</p>	<p>A mistress, Helga, dau. of Maddan, a nobleman of Dale in Caithness, and sister of Frakork, a violent woman much spoken of in the 'Orkney Saga.' (See note below.)</p>		
<p>Paul, Earl of Orkney, expelled in favour of his kinsman Earl Rognvald the Saint.</p>	<p>Harold Slettmali, or the Smooth Talker, Earl of Orkney, a natural son, said to have been killed by a poisoned dress intended by his mother and Aunt Frakork for his brother Earl Paul ('Orkney Saga,' cap. xlvii.).</p>	<p>25. INGIBIORG OF ORKNEY, a natural dau.; probably born about 1085.</p> <p>Mar. 25, OLAF BITLING, KING OF MAN (TABLE 2), where line traced through the Robertson family to</p> <p>1. HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).</p> <p>His children (TABLE 1).</p>	<p>Margaret of Orkney, a natural dau. Mar., as 2nd wife, Maddan, or Madach, Earl of Athol, mentioned in Table 3, after his death she returned to the Orkneys, and had children by Gunni Olafson, and then married Erlend Ungi ('Orkney Saga,' cap. lxxxvi., lxxxvii., and xci.).</p>

NOTE.—This Table is the only exception to the rule adopted throughout that no persons are treated as ancestors who can only be reached through a bar-sinister. Here a break occurs at the parents of (25) Ingibjorg, but (30) Hlodver probably comes into the pedigree properly by another line. The exception is made owing to the connection of the family with the Orkneys. Similarly the first two names would not appear in this Table, but they are inserted because they properly appear in connection with Table 147.

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

EARLS OF ORKNEY.

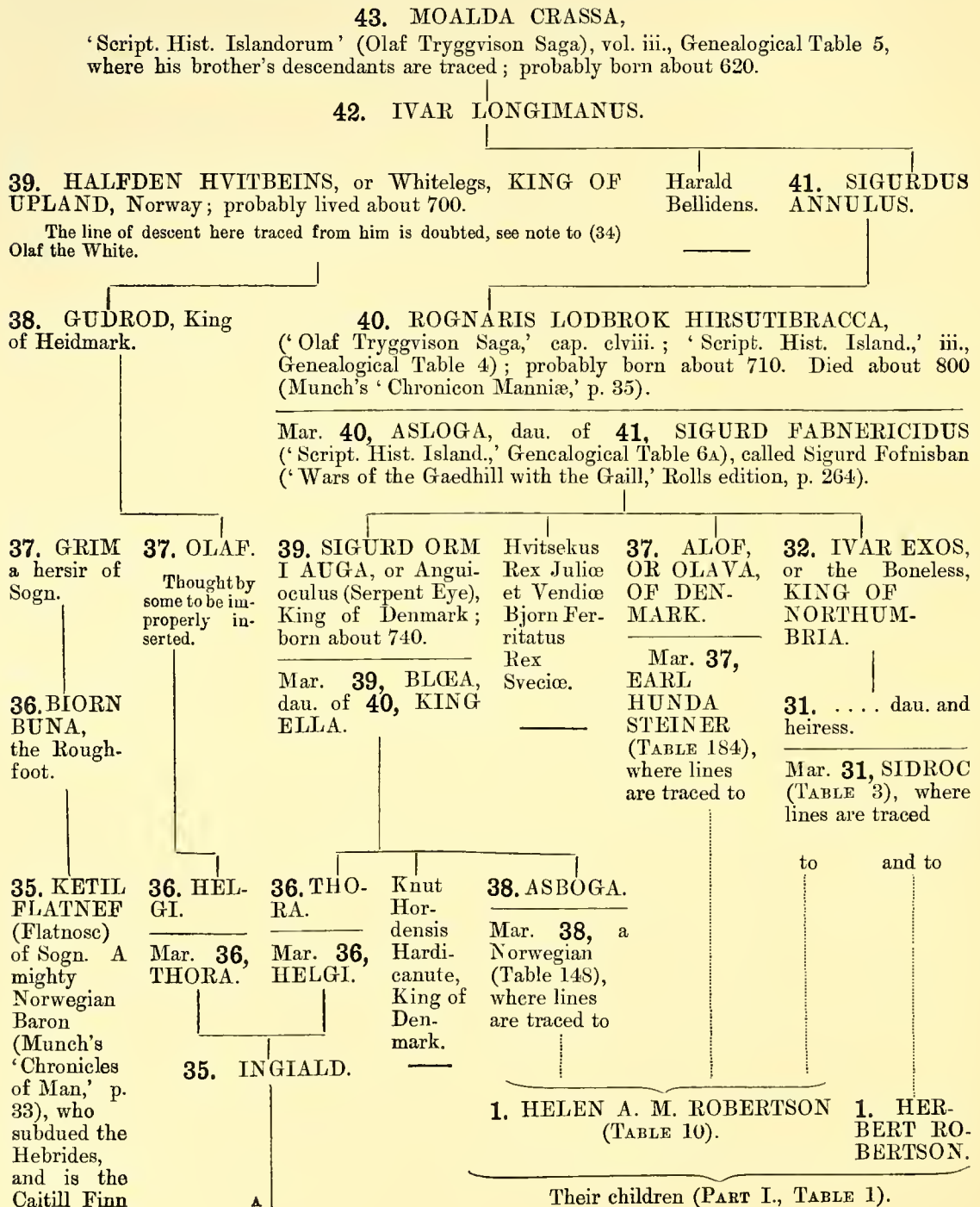
- The 'Orkney Saga,' Rolls edition, with pedigree; Jonæus Latin version; Anderson's English edition, with pedigree.
- 'Olaf Tryggvison's Saga,' capita xcv. and ccxiv.; Latin version in 'Script. Hist. Islandorum,' vols. i. to iii., with pedigree at end of vol. iii.
- 'St. Olaf Saga,' cap. xxxviii.; Latin version, *ibid.*, vols. iv. and v., with pedigree at end of vol. v.
- Snorro's 'Saga Magnusar Konungs'; Latin extracts in Johnstone's 'Antiq. Celtæ Scandinaviæ.'
- Torffæus's 'Orcaides,' 1697.
- Diploma of Pedigree of Earls of Orkney printed in Bannatyne 'Miscell.,' iii., p. 65.
- Jonæus 'Orkney Saga.'
- Wallace and Barry's 'History of Orkney.'
- Liber Insule Missarum, Bannatyne Club, charter xxxviii. on p. 53.

THE ARNMOD OR ARNUNG FAMILY.

- 'Orkney Saga,' Rolls edition, Genealogical Table iv. b.
- 'Script. Hist. Islandorum,' pedigree at end of vol. ix.

Table 7.

NORWEGIAN AND ORKNEY FAMILIES.



of the 'Ulster Annals' (Skene's 'Celtic Scotland,' i., p. 311).

Mar. 36, YNGVILD, dau. of 37, KETIL WETTIR, a hersir of Raumarik.

Biorn the Easterner.
—
Helji Biola.
—
Thorm the Horned.
—
Jorun Manwit-brent.

34. AUDA DIA-PANGDA, the Deep Minded or the Very Rich.
Mar. 34, OLAF THE WHITE.

34. OLAF THE WHITE, otherwise Amlaf Hviti; probably born about 825; became King of Dublin 852 (Skene's 'Highlanders,' i., p. 311); slain in Ireland about 871.

His descent as given above is from the Icelandic Saga; the Irish records make him son of Godfred son of Ragnall son of Godfred son of Godfred, and ignore his marriage with Auda, and this pedigree is preferred by some of the best authorities (see note to the 'Eredwellers Saga,' Saga Library, pp. 264-5). He is also said to be of the family which occurs in Table 185.

Mar. 34, AUDA DIAPANGDA.

A son Ivar is named, but this is said to be an error ('Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill,' Rolls edition p. 264).

35. KIARVAL CEARBHALL OR CARROLL, LORD OF OSSORY AND KING OF DUBLIN from 872 to 887, when he died (Anderson's 'Orkney Saga,' p. 209, and 'Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill,' Rolls edition, Genealogical Table viii. B); 'Four Masters' puts his death in 885.

In 'Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill,' Rolls edition, p. 263, it is stated that his descent from Conula, called by O'Flaherty Ogygia, pp. 118 and 264, Ossoriorum Sator, will be found in O'Donovan's 'Tribes and Territories of Ancient Ossory.'

Mar. 35, dau. of 36, King MAELSEACHLAIN, who married Cearbhall's sister Lanu, and was son of 37, MAELRUANAIGH (Malachy I.).

Lanu or Flanna.

Mar. (1st husb.) Mael-seachlain, King of Ireland; (2nd husb.) Aedh Finnleath, King of Ireland ('Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill,' Rolls edition, p. 58).

Cellach or Kialeak, Lord of Ossary after his brother Diarmaid; died 905.

Cinlen, slain 886.

Diarmaid, Lord of Ossary; expelled 903; died 929.

Dufnial or Dombnall.

Kormlöda or Gormflaitha, mar. Grimolf of Agde, Iceland.

Fridgerda mar. Thoris Hymo.

34. RAFERTACH OR RAFERTA; probably born about 835.

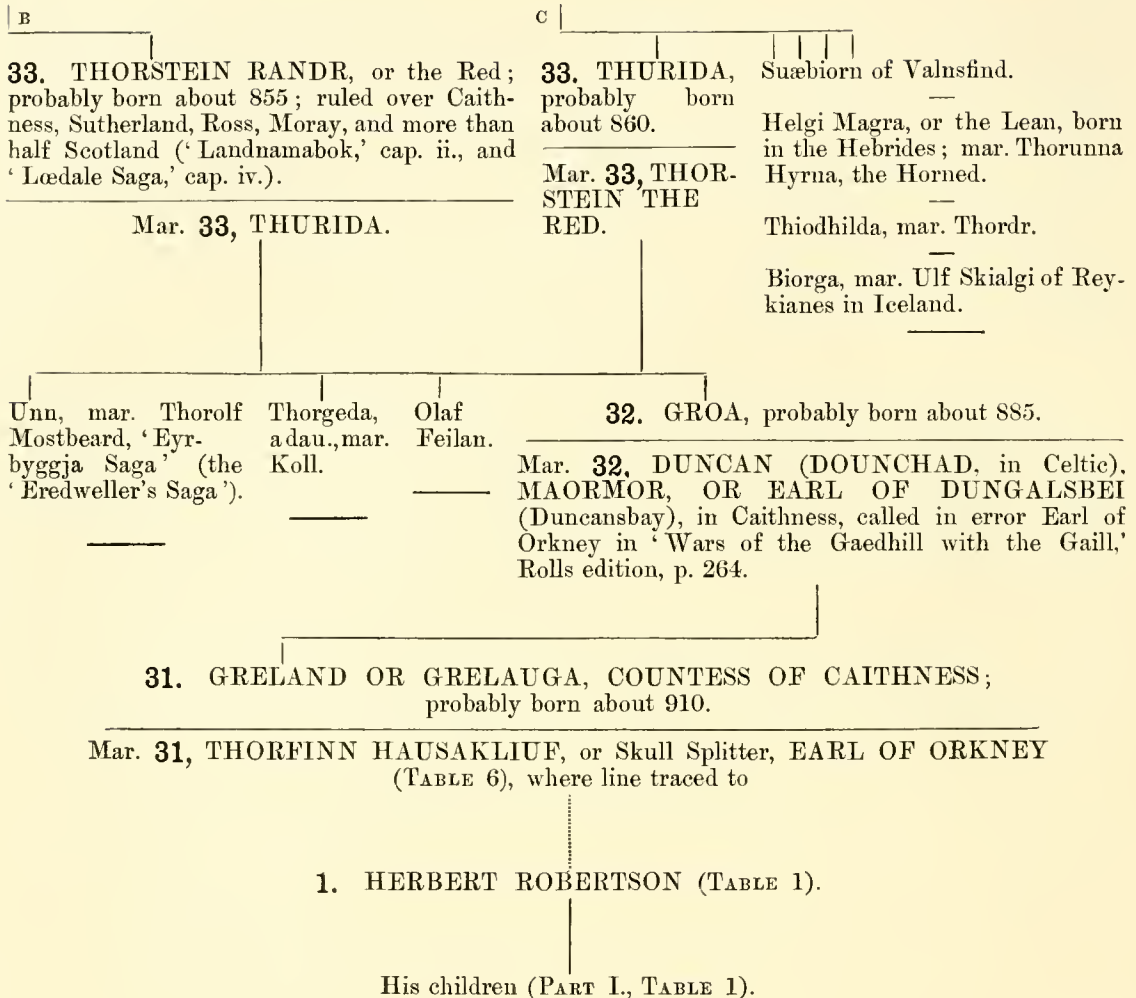
Mar. 34, EYVIND AUSTMANN.

Eithne or Edda, according to the 'Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill,' Rolls edition, Genealogical Table viii. B, and Anderson's 'Orkney Saga,' p. 209. She is identified with 30, AUDNA, dau. of Kiarval, who mar. 30, HLODVER (LEWIS), Earl of Orkney (Table 6), from whom lines are there traced to 1, HERBERT ROBERTSON, but he was her great-great-nephew, son of Grelauga and Earl Thorfinn, such a marriage is practically impossible.

B

C

H



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

'Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill,' Rolls edition, Genealogical Table, App. D, Table vi. A, Table D.

'Olaf Tryggvison Saga,' Latin edition in 'Scripta Historica Islandorum,' with Genealogical Table 5 at end of vol. iii.

'Eredwellers Saga,' Saga Library, pp. 309 and 364.

Table 8.

WILSON FAMILY.

8. CLOUSTON.

7. WILSON.

7. CLOUSTON, Janet Clouston, mar.
probably Nicol. James Robertson.

Robert Wilson.
—
James Wilson.
—
John Wilson,
mar. Ann Tait.

6. MAGNUS WILSON, of
Uphouse Groundwater, Or-
phir, Orkney Islands; living
in 1743.
—
Mar. 6, MARGARET
CLOUSTON.

6. MARGARET CLOUSTON, Nicol
bapt. at Orphir 20 Nov. 1714. Clouston.
—
Mar. 6, MAGNUS WILSON. —

5. HELEN WILSON, bapt. at Orphir
20 Nov. 1714.
—
Mar., 11 Jan. 1733 (contract being made
12 Dec. 1732 at Orphir), 5, GEORGE
ROBERTSON (TABLE 1), where line
traced to

Grissell Wilson,
bapt. at Orphir
20 Nov. 1717.

James Wilson, bapt.
at Orphir 3 April
1720. His descend-
ants remained at Up-
house till the end of
the century.

Barbara Wil-
son, bapt. at
Orphir
28 Jan. 1722.

1. HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).

His children (TABLE 1).

Compiled from family papers.

PART II.

COMPRISING ANCESTORS THROUGH

MARIA LOUISA ROBERTSON *NÉE* MANNING

(PATERNAL GRANDMOTHER).

Table 9—PART A.

MANNING FAMILY.

10. MANNING
of Ipswich.

9. ROBERT MANNING of Ipswich; born Mary Manning.
1590; outlived his son Robert.

A

About the same time there was a Robert Manning of Ipswich, probably some relation, but who cannot be identified or connected with any member of this family; he owned a house and 12 acres of land in Bromswall (held of the Manor of Staventon), a house and 12 acres in Trymley St. Mary, a house and 19 acres in Hasketon, Suffolk (held of the Duchy of Lancaster by military service), and 2 acres in Hasketon (held of the Manor of Hasketon Hall), and died 10 Feb. 1629-30, *Inq. p.m.* 27 Sept. 7 Car. I., leaving a son Robert, born 1610, and a daughter Elizabeth.

There is no known connection with the Mannings of Diss (Burke's 'Landed Gentry'), in which the name of Robertson has been used as a Christian name.

A |

8. ROBERT MANNING; probably born about 1616. His will dated 17 Oct. 1667, and proved 25 Jan. 1667-8. Other issue.

Mar. 8, JOANE; executrix of her husband.

7. ROBERT MANNING; born 1644 or 1645.

Mary Manning.

Elizabeth Manning.

Susan Manning.

All under 21 at their father's death.

6. JOHN MANNING

of Ipswich; born about 1680. His silver quart tankard, marked J M. M., now in the possession of his great-great-grandson (1) Herbert Robertson.

Arms used by (6) John Manning and his descendants.—Gules, a cross flory or between four trefoils of the same. Crest.—An eagle's head between two ostrich feathers rising out of a ducal coronet.

Mar. 6, M . . . (probably Mary) CASON.

A family of this name, or Casson, appears to have lived at Dennington, Suffolk, having intermarried with the Cockerell family (Part C of this Table).

Robert Manning of Ipswich.

He had issue (1) Mrs. Spooner. (2) Mrs. Moore, who had issue Robert Moore, E. Moore, and S. Moore. (3) Robert Manning, mar. Fanny Clark, and had issue (a) R. Manning; (b) Samuel Manning; (c) Frances Manning, died unmar.; (d) John Spooner Mauning, who mar. Miss Symonds, and had issue John Manning and Robert (or James) Manniug of New Zealand; and (e) Maria Manning, died unmar., probably the Mary Manuig who died 15 Dec. 1813, aged 86, according to an old mourning ring. (4) S. M . . . , who had issue five children whose surnames began with M. (5) Mrs. G . . . , who had issue W. G. and B. G. (6) Mrs. How, who had issue Wiggin How and two daughters. (7) Elizabeth (Betsy) Manning. (8) Mrs. Mary (Polly) Tyle(r), had issue.

Samuel Manning.

He had issue by his 1st wife a dau., Mrs. Noble, and by his 2nd wife (1) Samuel Mauning of B. (probably Barcelona), who had issue; (2) Robert Mauning; (3) John Manning of B. (probably Barcelona), who had issue. (One Barcelona line ended with R. H. Manning of Mexico, born 1802, murdered or lost in a vessel loaded with specie about 1835, and his sister who mar. a Spaniard.)

Thomas Manning, died s.p.

5. JOHN MANNING, called, on the label to his portrait, the younger; born 1708. Settled at Langton Green, now called Langton Grove, Eye, Suffolk. Died 7 Jan. 1792; will and one codicil proved at Norwich 24 Jan. 1792. Portrait at Thornleigh, Clapham Common.

Susan Manning, mar. . . . Thor, and had issue Samuel Thor and Robert Thor, who both left issue.

Mar., 1731, 5, FRANCES BROWNE (Part B of this Table).

		B		
<p>Susan Manning, born 3 May 1732, died young.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Frances Manning, born 7 May 1733; bapt. at Eye 24 May; died 24 Feb. 1793; mar., 1 Oct. 1755, Spalding.</p> <p>She had issue John Spalding, W. Spalding, and Maria M. . . . Reede.</p> <p>—</p> <p>John Manning, born 8 May 1734; mar. (1st wife), 10 Feb. 1761, Jane Philippa Hovell, born 1739, who died 7 March 1770; and (2nd wife), 21 Sept. 1770, Mary Phillips, who died at Eye 1813. He died at Eye 29 May 1795; tombstone there.</p> <p>He had issue by his 1st wife (1) Harriet Frances Mauning, born 14 Nov. 1762, mar. John Manning Denny (see to the right). (2) William Manning, born 18 March 1765. (3) John Manning, born 18 July 1766, mar., 22 Jan. 1793, Plaisance Symonds, and had issue (a) John Symonds Manning, mar., 1850, Elizabeth Anderson Baughan, who died 1850, he died s.p. about 1868; (b) Mary Manning, mar., 20 May 1797, Pelham Corbould, and had issue William Corbould of Canada, and Jobu, Richard, Henry, and Mary, who died young; (c) Eliza Manning and Jane Philippa Manning, twins, born 8 May 1805. (4) Robert Manning, born 21 Jan. 1768, Captain R.N., died 20 Jan. 1800. (5) Samuel Manning, born 25 Feb. 1769, had issue a dau. Harriet Manning, mar. H. Day, and had issue Henry Manning Day, Maurice Day, and Russell Day of King's Coll., Camb., and Eton. And by his 2nd wife a son, Phillips Manning, born 26 Dec. 1771.</p>	<p>4. ROBERT MANNING, the Elder, born 10 June 1735; obtained in 1735 a good post in the Custom House, London (in which his family remained for two generations), through the influence of Lord Cornwallis, who lived near Eye. Settled at Walworth, Surrey. He outlived all his brothers and sisters; died 3 March 1796. Portrait at Thoruleigh.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Mar., April . . . 4, MARY COCKE-RELL (Part C of this Table).</p>	<p>William Manning, born 25 Sept. 1736, died young.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Thomas Manning of Eye; born 7 Dec. 1737; mar. Maria Marguerita, dau. of Jacob of Yaxley, Suffolk, who died on Monday, sennight before 11 Jan. 1812, in St. Clements, Norwich, whom he survived.</p> <p>He had issue a son Thomas, who died s.p., and a dau. Maria, who mar. Thomas Roope, and had issue (1) Thomas Roope, died s.p.; (2) Maria Roope, mar. Henry Morris, and had issue Maria Roope Manning Morris still living; and (3) Anna Roope, mar. Robert Flack, and died s.p.</p> <p>—</p> <p>William Manning, born 24 July 1741, died young.</p>	<p>Marianne or Mary Ann Manning, born 3 Feb. 1739; mar., 24 Oct. 1768, Gosling.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Katherine Manning, born 9 May 1740; died 21 Dec. 1769; mar., 9 Feb. 1767, J. Denny (probably a cousin, see Part B of this Table).</p> <p>She had issue a son John Manning Denny, born 1769, died 21 Dec. 1801, who mar. his cousin Harriot Frances Manning, dau. of his uncle John, and had issue a dau. Mary Ann Denny, born 4 April 1800, died 10 Aug. 1803.</p> <p>—</p> <p>William Manning, born 24 July 1741, died young.</p>	<p>4. SAMUEL MANNING, born 8 Nov. 1742; settled at Stowmarket, Suffolk; died 22 Nov. 1778.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Mar. 4, MARY SEAMAN (Part E of this Table, where see her issue by her 2nd husband Capt. Bloomfield).</p> <p>—</p> <p>Elizab-eth Man-ning, born 3 Sept. 1745, died s.p.</p>

C			D		
<p>3. ROBERT MANNING, the Younger; born 10 Sept. 1771; bapt. at Bermondsey 13 May 1772. Entered the Custom House on 16 Dec. 1784, but afterwards left it, and became a member of the Stock Exchange. He was for many years Father of the Framework Knitters' Company. First of Walworth, Surrey, and then of 155 Clapham Road, formerly 7 Montague Place, also of the Orchard near Norton Heath, High Ougar, Essex; died 21 April 1857; buried at Norwood.</p> <p>Mar. 3, MARY ANN MANNING.</p>	<p>John Manning, born 12 Aug. 1774; bapt. at St. Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, 9 Sept. 1774. Entered the Custom House in Jan. or Feb. 1792; appointed Surveyor-General 5 Nov. 1823, and retired in 1843 on full pension, which he enjoyed for 25 years. In consequence of his longevity, after he had enjoyed it for about 20 years, the Government altered the rule and gave only half pension. Lived first at Upper Tooting, and then at The Limes, Acre Lane, West Brixton; died s.p. 2 March 1868; buried at Norwood.</p> <p>Mar. Mary, dau. of William Weston of Weymouth, a Surveyor-General of Customs; she died 24 Jan. 1849, aged 76.</p>	<p>Mary Manning, born 1775; died unmar. 14 Feb. 1846; bur. at Norwood.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Sarah Frances Manning, born 1777; died unmar. 1850; bur. at Norwood.</p> <p>—</p> <p>James Thomas Manning, born 16 Aug. 1779; of The Cedars, West Brixton; held a very lucrative post, paid by fees, in the Custom House; died unmar. 2 May 1851; bur. at Norwood.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Elizabeth Cockerell Manning, born 1781; died unmar. 8 Sept. 1861; bur. at Norwood.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Samuel Manuing, died young Jan. 1786.</p>	<p>3. MARY ANN MANNING, born at Meudlesham, Suffolk, and bapt. there 12 Sept. 1773. After her father's death she and her sisters lived with her stepfather, Captain Blomfield, at Haughley, until her marriage; died 22 June 1858; bur. at Norwood.</p> <p>Mar. 3, ROBERT MANNING, the Younger.</p>	<p>Elizabeth Manuing, mar. Francis Twight (who died at Kennington in 1835, aged 63), and had issue a son Henry Manning Twight, who left issue, now extinct.</p> <p>—</p>	<p>Katherine Manning; died 18 Jan. 1839; mar., in 1806, William Talbot Morton of Ballinaclash, Blackwater, co. Wexford, an officer in the Wexford Militia, then embodied and stationed at Ipswich, owing to the Napoleonic wars. He died in 1849. Through this marriage Mrs. Morton's cousin and brother-in-law (3) Robert Manning, the Younger, became acquainted with the Durdin family early in the century, and in 1876, whilst staying at Ballinaclash, his grandson (1) Herbert Robertson became acquainted with (1) Miss Helen A. M. Durdin, his present wife.</p> <p>Mrs. Katherine Morton had issue (1) William Morton, died 1849. (2) John Manning Morton of Ballinaclash, died about 1890, mar., 1856, Louisa Stephenson, and had issue Anna Louisa, born 22 Nov. 1857, mar. Archibald Stevenson Jones, and has issue a dau. Elizabeth Violet; William Archibald, born 26 Oct. 1859, died 6 April 1862; Catherine Maria, born 19 Aug. 1861, mar., 13 Nov. 1883, Dr. George Cuscaden, died s.p. 23 Aug. 1884; Louisa, born 7 Aug. 1863; John Manning, born 23 Aug. 1865, died 9 Sept. 1865; Marianne Frances, born 28 Oct. 1866, mar., June 1889, Henry Daniel Walker, and has issue two daus. Louisa Ellinor and Marianne Lett; John Manning, born 28 Jan. 1869; Elizabeth Frances, born 6 March 1871; Esther Rose, born 11 June 1873; William Talbot, born 13 March 1877; and Frances Lilian, born 13 March 1880. (3) Katherine Morton, mar. William Peare of Upton, co. Wexford, who died s.p. 24 Oct. 1866. (4) Sarah Morton, mar. John D. Robinson, and died 7 July 1870, leaving issue living in Wisconsin, U.S.A. (5) Mary Anne Morton, mar. Henry Morton, M.D., and died s.p. Dec. 1885.</p>

E	F
<p>Robert Henry Manning, born 9 Oct. 1803 at Mendlesham, Suffolk. Entered the Custom House like his father and grandfather, but subsequently left it, and became a member of the Stock Exchange. Like his father he was for many years Father of the Framework Knitters' Company. Lived for the last 60 years of his life at 155 Clapham Road, Surrey. Died unmar., the last known male representative of this family, 23 May 1891; bur. at Norwood.</p> <hr style="width: 10%; margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"/>	<p>Anna Maria Manning, died young.</p> <hr style="width: 10%; margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"/> <p>John Augustus Manning, born 3 Sept. 1806; settled in Naples, and died there 15 April 1864.</p> <p>By his wife Concetta Padovano he left issue, John Albert Manning, born 19 March 1840, died unmar. 6 Aug. 1864; Eugenia Maria Manning; Marianna Frances Manning; and Antoinetta Georgina Manning, who mar., 20 Dec. 1866, Albert Schneider, who died Feb. 1893, and has issue Robert Manning Schneider, Edmund Schneider, Adelina Concetta Schneider, Ledia Schneider, and Edward Schneider, all of Naples and the Villa Manning, Sorrento.</p> <hr style="width: 10%; margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"/>
	<p>2. MARIA LOUISA MANNING, born 31 Dec. 1810; after her husband's death lived at Thornleigh, Clapham Common. Died at the residence of her son-in-law Colonel Haines, Hemingstone Hall, Needham Market, Suffolk, 9 Feb. 1887; bur. at Hemingstone.</p> <hr style="width: 10%; margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"/> <p>Mar., at St. Michael's, Stockwell, 15 Oct. 1846, 2. THOMAS STORM ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).</p>
	<p>1. HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).</p> <hr style="width: 10%; margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"/> <p>His children (TABLE 1).</p>

Compiled from family papers, several of which only give initials, combined with some notices of the family in D. E. Davy's MS. Suffolk Pedigree, British Museum, Add. MS. 19,141, pp. 100 to 106.

Table 9—PART B.

BROWNE OF EYE FAMILY.

7. THOMAS BROWNE,

Master of the Grammar School at Eye, Suffolk; born 1616; died 1695; buried at Eye, his tomb being near the Manning graves.

6. BROWNE.

Mar. (1st wife) **6, Miss KING.** | Mar. (2nd wife) Revel.

5. FRANCES BROWNE,
born 1710; died at London 22
Nov. 1768.

Mar., 1731, **5, JOHN MAN-**
NING (Part A of this Table),
where line traced to

1. HERBERT ROBERTSON
(TABLE 1).

His children (TABLE 1).

Captain
Browne.

Mrs. P. . . ch
mother of
Mr. M. C.
P. (full
name un-
known).

William Browne, had
issue William Browne,
Needler Browne, Ned
Browne, and two other
children, the name of
one being written in
the MS. "Jenry"
or "Jerry," which is
probably intended for
Henry.

Mrs. Denny, who
had issue John
Denny of the
Abbey, Eye, who
had issue J.
Denny, M. Denny,
and Katherine
Denny.

Compiled from family papers, several of which only give initials.

Table 9—PART C.

COCKERELL FAMILY.

5. JAMES COCKERELL

of Framlingham; born 3 March 1708; living on his 83rd birthday in 1791.

His silver, marked J.C., has descended to (1) Herbert Robertson, to whom other silver from this family, marked J.E.C., has descended.

Mar. 5, MARY MILLER (Part D of this Table).

A Samuel Cockerell, or Cockerill, born 1723, whose wife was named Mary, born 1725, had several children born at Dennington, the adjoining parish to Framlingham, viz. (1) John, bapt. 1748, mar. 17 March 1793, Mary Capon, died 1803; (2) Mary, bapt. 1759; and (3) Sarah, bapt. 1761; and probably another son (4) James, who mar., 1 July 1807, Sarah Sharman, and had issue (a) James, died an infant 25 April 1811; (b) Harriet, died Nov. 1818, aged 4; and (c) Sarah Ann, died 29 April 1826. Samuel died 9 Feb. 1808, his wife having died 7 Oct. 1786. Both are buried at Dennington.

4. MARY COCKERELL, born 1747; died 1822; bur. at Camberwell, Surrey, 19 April 1822; portrait at Thornleigh.

Mar. 4. ROBERT MANNING, the Elder (Part A of this Table), where line traced to

1. HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).

His children (TABLE 1).

James Cockerell, died before his sister Jemima. He left an only child Jane Cockerell, who mar., before 1836, Stephen Miller Cockerell, her first-cousin.

Sarah Cockerell, mar. . . . Bland, and died s.p. before her sister Jemima.

Jemima Cockerell of Fisher House, Islington, and afterwards of Camberwell, survived all her brothers and sisters except George, and died intestate 3 Jan. 1830.

Christian Cockerell, born at Framlingham 8 Sept. 1755; died 1808; mar., at St. Mary, Lambeth, July 1777, Worbey. She had issue James Worbey, born July 1791, died 30 Dec. 1860; Mary Worbey, born 11 Sept. 1785, mar. Nathaniel Darnell of Deptford, both living in 1857, and had issue; and Sarah Christian Worbey, born Aug. 1778, died 25 Feb. 1849, mar., 21 Aug. 1799, Thomas Harvey, and had issue Sarah Christian Harvey.

George Cockerell, died 19 July 1831. He had issue (1) George Cockerell, died 1851, leaving issue the Rev. George William Cockerell, Vicar of St. John the Baptist, Kingston Hill; (2) Stephen Miller Cockerell, mar. his first-cousin Jane Cockerell; (3) John Cockerell, living in 1857, father of George Joseph Cockerell, coal merchant, died 1887, father of Howard M. Cockerell, now living, and others; (4) Mary Cockerell, mar. . . . Brand, and had issue Alfred Augustus Brand, and a dau. mar. . . . Surnam of Southampton; (5) Cockerell, died before 1831; (6) Cockerell, died before 1831.

Compiled from family papers.

Table 9—PART D.

MILLER FAMILY.

8. EDWARD MILLER, born about 1630.

7. EDWARD MILLER of Coventry.

6. EDWARD MILLER, born 1690; died 1752; bur. north side of St. Gyles' Church, Norwich.

Mar. 6, MARY MUL- LINS, born 1700; died 1756; bur. with her hus- band.

T Miller (a son),

who had issue (1) M . . . Miller of Buggay, who had issue (a) Ann Miller, mar. . . . Mclⁿ, and had issue Hector and Thomas Mclⁿ; (b) William Miller, who had issue the Rev. Stanley Miller, Vicar of Tannington, Mary Ann Miller (she mar. Dr. Carter, and had issue Ellen Carter, mar. David Nutt the publisher, and left issue, Frederick Carter, R.N., Elizabeth Carter mar. . . . Mingay, a Surgeon, son of the Rev. George Mingay, Patron and Rector of Wilby, Mary Ann Carter mar. . . . Jones, Susannah Carter died aged 16, and Florence Miriam Carter), Ellen Miller mar. William Crowfort, and William Miller; (c) E . . M . . F . . Miller, mar. . . . Stone; and (d) Sarah Miller. (2) Miller, a dau., mar. . . . N, and had issue James, Annabel, Sarah, Charles, and Henry, and another child, a dau., parent of M. A. Waltham and Waltham. (3) M . . . of D . . ., who had issue Mary M . . ., Lois M . . ., and M. E. M . . . (4) A dau. mar. . . . G . . ., and had issue (a) W . . . G . . ., father of Robert G . . .; (b) T . . . G . . .; and (c) Robert G . . . (5) Lois Miller.

Amongst these descendants were Edward Miller, Mus. Doc., of Doncaster, who published numerous musical works, and William Miller, the publisher named with Mr. John Murray as publisher of Scott's works in Byron's 'English Bards and Scotch Reviewers.'

5. MARY MILLER, born 1724; died 3 Aug. 1767. Tombstone in Framlingham Chuchyard.

She is the maker of the sampler marked "Mary Miller 1734," now in the possession of her descendant (1) Herbert Robertson.

Mar. 5, JAMES COCKERELL (Part C of this Table), where line traced through the Manning family to

Edward Miller, born 1730; died 1790; who had issue the Rev. Stephen Miller, born 1759, died s.p. 6 Feb. 1790, whose portrait is at Thorn- leigh, Clapham Com- mon.

Sarah Miller, born 1734; died unmar. 27 Feb. 1810.

Her silver, marked M., which passed to the Manning family by her will, is now in the possession of her descendant (1) Herbert Robertson (Table 1).

1. HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1).

His children (TABLE 1).

Compiled from family papers, several of which only give initials.

Table 9—PART E.

SEAMAN FAMILY.

5. JONATHAN SEAMAN

of Brockford, and afterwards of Coddendam, Suffolk ;
probably born early in the 18th century, say 1712.

Mar. 5, ANNE EDWARDS (Part F of this Table).

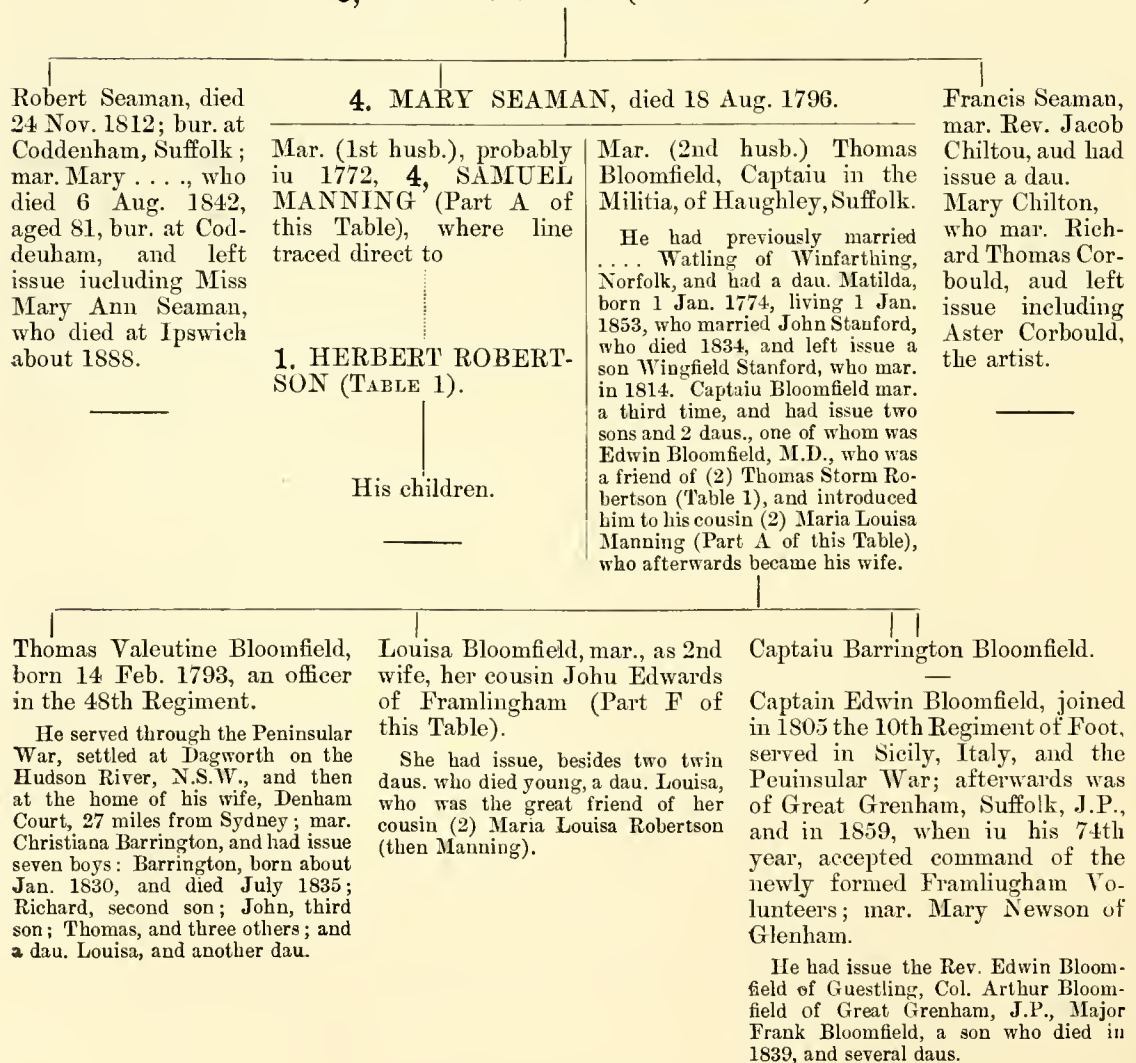


Table 9—PART F.

EDWARDS FAMILY.

7. JOHN EDWARDS

of Rishanglès and Thorndon, Suffolk; died 1729.

William Edwards. — Henry Edwards. — Nicholas Edwards. — Mary Edwards.	6. THOMAS EDWARDS of Brockford, a hamlet of Wethering- sett. Mar. 6, MARY	John Edwards, born at Bedfield 1684; went to Dennington Hall, Suffolk, 1736; died and buried at Dennington, Jan. 1741; mar. Frances Kersey, who died aged 77, buried with her husband. He had issue, besides a son and six dans., John Edwards, born 19 Dec. 1714, died 11 Nov. 1790, bur. at Dennington, who mar. Anna Grinling of Huntingfield Hall, born 22 Aug. 1718, died 3 Nov. 1782, who left issue (1) John Edwards of Dennington Hall, where he was succeeded by his son John. (2) Thomas Edwards of Ufford and Ipswich, born 29 July 1748, died 4 Dec. 1836, leaving issue Mrs. Barker and Mrs. Robinson. (3) William Edwards of Framlingham, born 8 Sept. 1749, died 1824, having mar. Mary Saunders of Ramsholt, who died 1834, and left issue (besides a dau. Mary, wife of Jasper Peirson of Framlingham), John Edwards of Framlingham, born 1780, died 15 Jan. 1832, having mar. (1st wife) Harriet Clntbe, who died s.p. 21 Oct. 1804, and (2nd wife) Louisa Bloomfield (Part E of this Table), by whom he was father of Louisa Edwards, the great friend of (2) Maria Louisa Robertson (then Manning) (Part A of this Table). (4) George Edwards of Framlingham, born 1 Sept. 1753, died 24 Oct. 1836, having mar. Anna Cordy of Worlingworth, born 9 Sept. 1757, died 22 Jan. 1839, leaving five sons and four daus., who left numerous issue, the fourth son William Edwards of Framlingham being father of, amongst others, George Octavins Edwards, Barrister-at-Law, now living at Framlingham with four sisters. (5) James Edwards of Wantisden, born 26 Oct. 1758, died 4 April 1824, mar. Ann Waller, and left issue five dans., of whom Emma, having mar. her consin, was mother of G. O. Edwards mentioned above.
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Thomas Edwards, mar. Revett of Brockford. He had issue (1) Thomas Edwards of Brockford and Occold, who had issue the Rev. George Edwards; Captain Edgar Edwards, born 1798, died at Calcutta 1834; John Edwards; and Emma Edwards, mar., 17 Oct. 1833, Frederick Edwards of Dagworth Hall, Old Newton, Suffolk. (2) John Edwards of Bedingfield, mar. Caroline, and had issue (a) John Edwards of Kettleburgh and Mickfield, mar. his cousin Elizabeth Turner, and left two daus.; (b) George Edwards of Monk Soham, mar. Emily, dau. of James Seaman of Worlingworth; and (c) a son Edwards of Bedingfield. (3) William Edwards of Ashbocking. (4) Mary Edwards, mar. James Ward. (5) Anne Edwards, mar. Jacob. Ed- wards, mar. Tho- mas Re- vett of Brock- ford.	5. ANNE EDWARDS. Mar. 5, JONATHAN SEAMAN (Part E of this Table), where line traced through Manning family to 1. HERBERT ROBERTSON (TABLE 1). His children (TABLE 1).	John Edwards, mar. (1st wife) Dove, by whom he had issue John Edwards, mar. Turner of Pettaugh, a dau., mar. Stanford, and another dau., mar. Blakly; and (2nd wife) of Gosbeck, by whom he had issue seven children, viz. George, James, Thomas, and William, and Anna, Maria, and Caroline Edwards.
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NOTE.—This Table is chiefly from information supplied by George Octavins Edwards, Esq., of Framlingham.

PART III.

COMPRISING ANCESTORS THROUGH

ALEXANDER DURDIN (MATERNAL GRANDFATHER).

Table 10.

DURDIN FAMILY.

The name Durdin, probably the same name as Durden, Duerden, and Dearden, pronounced in Lancashire Duerden (Burke's 'Commoners,' ii., p. 356), is said to be a corruption of the Norman name De Verdon, some members of which family settled in Essex at an early date (see Table 142), and in that county the Durdins were living at least as early as the sixteenth century, but according to Cowell's 'Law Dictionary,' copied into Jacob's 'Law Dictionary,' there is an old English word Durden, meaning a thicket of wood in a valley. No other family spelling the name "Durdin" is known, but the Harleian Society's 'Registers of St. George, Hanover Square,' vol. ii., p. 178, record the marriage of James Durdin, on 19 Feb. 1798, with Mary Love, and the Army Lists in and about 1887 record the name of G. F. Durdin, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, who may not have derived the name from this family.

ARMS USED BY THE FAMILY.—Gules, a chevron or between three lions' heads erased proper.

CREST.—A lion rampant proper.

MOTTO.—Vi et virtute.

8. JOHN DURDIN,

a magistrate for Essex; died between 1600 and 1606, and bur. in Westminster Abbey, where there was a tablet to his memory, which was seen early in life by Miss Harriott Durdin, who died 21 March 1872, and by her brother Alexander, who died 1829, and her nephew Charles Garde Durdin, born 1814, died 1843 (see those persons in this Table). Charles Garde Durdin saw it whilst eating dinners in London for the English Bar, but some few years after he took a friend to see it, and found it had then been removed. This removal must, therefore, have taken place between the years 1824 and 1843. The tablet is not mentioned in Crull's 'Antiquities of St. Peter's, Westminster,' 1715.

7. JOHN DURDIN,

probably born in Essex about 1590; migrated to Cork in 1639, and settled at Glanmire in co. Cork. On the Rebellion breaking out he fled to England, his name being recorded in a list of fugitives, in 1641, as John Durdin of Glanmire. He then settled in Norwich, but subsequently to 1649 returned to Ireland, and again settled in co. Cork.

He may be the same person as John Durdaine of Garhoe, British Protestant, who on Good Friday 1642, in which year the rebellion actually broke out in Cork, was despoiled of the lease of Garhoe and chattels, value £165 10s. (see the Depositions in Library Trin. Coll., Dublin, dated 14 May 1642, F. 2, 18, Corke, vol. iv., p. 956).

Mar. 7, MARY

A

6. MICHAEL DURDIN,

born in England, probably in Essex, about 1615; went with his father to Ireland in 1639.

He may be the same person as Michael Durdaine of Killelogh, Templeusque, co. Cork, British Protestant, who was despoiled, about Shrovetide 1642, of the lease of Killelogh, and chattels value £154 11s. 6d. (see Depositions Trin. Coll., Dublin, 16 May 1642, F. 2, 18, Corke, vol. iv., p. 954). An Alexander Durdaine, also of Killelogher, a British Protestant, appears in these Depositions, 8 Nov. 1642, F. 2, 15, 1326.

In 1663 he was settled at Ballymagooley, co. Cork, of which he obtained, through his wife, a lease for lives renewable for ever under the Cotter family; died, aged 97, probably about 1712, and buried at Carrigtwohill (see tombstone erected by his son John under that son's name).

Other
issue,
names
unknown.

Mary Durdin, youngest
child, born in Norwich
1649, and bapt. at St.
George's Church in that
city.

Mar. 6, MARY COTTER (TABLE 11).

5. JOHN DURDIN,

of Fontarabia, co. Cork, and Ballymagooley; born 1676; died 1772, aged 96; bur. at Carrigtwohill, of co. Cork, under a tombstone on the south side of the church, which he had erected, bearing the following inscription, partly by John Durdin himself and partly by his successors, which was read with difficulty by Alexander McCarthy, his great-grandson, in Aug. 1853: "This tombstone is erected by John Durdin in memory of his father Michael Durdin, his widow's brother, and said John Durdin's wife and son, and for himself whensoever it shall please God to call him, aged 97. John Durdin died aged 96 years. Alexander Durdin died 20th Sept. 1807, aged 95 years." The addition "aged 97" evidently refers to the age of Michael Durdin at his death, and the remaining portion records the death of this John Durdin and his son Alexander.

Mar. 5, ANNE, dau. of 6, ALEXANDER COLE, according to old pedigree, of Innoshannon, co. Cork. This Alexander Cole was a descendant of John Cole who went to Ireland in 1614, and whose ancestry, from the same line as Lord Enniskillen's family, is suggested in J. Edwin-Cole's 'Genealogy of the Family of Cole,' London, 1867, at p. 29, note A.

The Coles, now of Towerview, formerly Woodville, Innishannon (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886), are descendants of the same John Cole, but the Rev. J. Harding Cole, the present head of that family, states that he has no record of any relations being settled at Innishannon until his father settled there in 1838, so Innoshannon must be a different place.

4. ALEXANDER DURDIN,

of Ballymagooley, co. Cork, and of Shanagarry Castle, Middleton, co. Cork, now in ruins, the old seat of the Penn family, and of Huntington Castle, Clonegal, co. Carlow, the old seat of the Esmond family, and Cranmore, co. Carlow. He acquired Shanagarry Castle and estate, containing 3552 acres, and a large estate in Pennsylvania, in 1767, under articles dated the 20th of Feb. 1767, made on his marriage with his third wife, Mrs. Penn, and her will. Mrs. Penn's first husband was William Penn, who died at Shanagarry 6 Dec. 1746, and was grandson of the celebrated founder of Pennsylvania, and the inheritor of his Irish estate and of part of Pennsylvania. On his death her son Springet Penn, as heir-at-law of his father, took possession of these estates, and dying in 1762 devised them to his mother, through whom Alexander Durdin obtained them. But in 1760 Christina Gulielma Penn (half-sister of Springet Penn, being dau. of William Penn by his first wife), who in 1761 mar. Peter Gaskell, had commenced a suit in the Irish Court of Chancery against Springet Penn, claiming Shanagarry under articles made in 1732 on the marriage of her mother. This suit was continued against Alexander Durdin under the title of Gaskell v. Durdin, and ultimately, after 40 years, viz. in 1800, it was compromised by the property being divided equally, and by decree of the Court, in accordance with this compromise, Christina Penn Gaskell and her son William Penn Gaskell were put into possession of their portion of the property. An application in the

A dau., the only other
child of John Durdin,
mar. . . . Barry, and
had issue amongst
whom the name of Dur-
din is still preserved as
a Christian name.

action, in 1812, against a Mr. McCarthy, a tenant, claiming under Alexander Durdin (possibly his son-in-law), is reported in 2 'Ball and Beatty's Reports,' p. 167.

The Shanagarry estate, which in 1732 was said to be only worth £450 a year, was of the annual value of £7000 a year in 1800. The part retained by Mr. Durdin passed to his eldest son, by his fourth wife, Warham Durdin. The Pennsylvania estate was confiscated in the American War of Independence. Previously to this, however, Alexander Durdin, being displeased at the marriage of his eldest son Richard with Miss Helen Esmonde, on account of her being a Roman Catholic, had sent Richard and his wife to Pennsylvania, giving them part of this estate, and on this part they built the now flourishing town of Huntington, so named after Huntington Castle, the home of Miss Esmonde's ancestors, which had passed to Alexander, Richard's father. Much of the Penn silver, acquired by Alexander through the same marriage, is now in the possession of (1) Herbert Robertson, the husband of his great-granddaughter.

Huntington Castle, Clonegal, co. Carlow, also the property of Mr. Alexander Durdin, was erected in 1625 by Sir Lawrence Esmond, Knight, afterwards created Lord Esmonde of Limerick, co. Wexford, on the site of an older mansion, and named after Huntington in Lincolnshire, the seat of his ancestor Sir Geoffrey de Estmonde, Kt., who accompanied Strongbow to Ireland in 1172. Sir Lawrence is confused, as regards the building of Huntington Castle, in Burke's 'Peerage' (Esmond), with his grandson of the same name, the second baronet, who was born in 1658, long after the Castle was built.

On the death of Sir John Esmonde, 5th Bart., and great-grandson of Lord Esmonde, on the 30th of June 1758, without male issue, Huntington Castle and all the surrounding country devolved, subject to his widow's right to dower, upon his three daus. and coheiresses, Helen, Lucy, and Elizabeth, of whom Helen married Richard Durdin, the others marrying into the White and Doyle families. In 1672 Alexander Durdin took a renewable lease for lives at a head rent, occupying the house (as he lived chiefly at Shanagarry, and afterwards at Sunville, Middleton, also part of the Penn property) for sporting purposes. The head rent was bought up by his son William in 1828, and the original crown quit rent was bought up in 1892 by Herbert Robertson. Alexander Durdin's will is dated 1 July 1805, and codicil bears date the 27th of the same month; he died 20 Sept. 1807.

Mar. (1st wife) dau. of Duncombe of co. Cork, died s.p.	Mar. (2nd wife), 1746, Mary, dau. of James Duncan, who died a few days after the birth of her only son Richard.	Mar. (3rd wife), 1767, marriage articles dated 20 Feb. 1767, Anne, dau. of Vaux, and widow of William Penn; died a fortnight after her marriage, having by her will, proved in the same year, given the Penn pro- perty to her husband (see above).	Mar. (4th wife), April 1768, marriage articles dated 26 Jan. 1768, and registered in Dublin 30 April in the same year, 4, BARBARA ST. LEGER (TABLE 12).
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Richard Durdin, born 1746-7; mar., about 1768, Helen, dau. and coheirress of Sir John Esmonde, 5th Bart., of Huntington Castle, by whom he had an only son Alexander, who died s.p.

Richard and his wife were established in Pennsylvania, and founded the town of Huntington, as stated under his father's name. After the death of Helen Esmonde, Richard seems to have married a second wife Frances (possibly Frances Haycock), for monuments exist in Philadelphia to two children of "Richard and Frances Durdin of the Kingdom of Ireland," viz. Frances Maria Esmonde Durdin, only dau., born 1788, died 17 Dec. 1814, in her 24th year; and Richard Haycock Durdin, youngest son, born 1790, died 22 July 1809.

Warham Durdin of Shanagarry, Sunville, Dromada, and Middleton Lodge, co. Cork, part of the Penn property, which he inherited from his father; born 18 Feb. 1769; died May 1823; mar., 7 June 1792, at Middleton Church, Anne, eldest dau. of Thomas Garde of Ballindiniss, co. Cork; she died 9 Jan. 1847, aged 69.

Margaret Durdin, born 4 Aug. 1770; died July 1840; mar., before 1805, Thomas McCarthy of Heathfield, near Youghal, who died there March 1808, aged 40.

John Durdin, born 6 June 1771, of Ballymagooley, co. Cork, which he got under his father's will; Barrister;

Alexander Durdin, born 26 June 1772; M.A., Trin. Coll., Dublin; graduated 1797; died 19 May 1829; bur. at Clonegal; mar. Mary, dau. of Thomas Rhames of co.

B He left issue (1) Eliza Durdin, born 29 May 1793, died unmar. (2) Barbara Durdin, born 21 Feb. 1795, died 1854, having mar., 1822, John Boston, M.D., of Middleton, who died 4 March 1874, and leaving issue (a) Warham Durdin Boston, Barrister-at-Law; (b) Ann Mary Boston; (c) Frances Jane Boston, mar., 1861, William Halleran Bennett; (d) Elizabeth Barbara Boston, died 1 Sept. 1858, mar. George Francis Lambert Porter. (3) Alexander Durdin, born 10 Sept. 1796, died unmar. at Paris Dec. 1819, bur. in Père la Chaise. (4) Thomas Garde Durdin of Shanagarry Castle, which passed from him out of the family, born about 1803, of 13th Lancers and Captain 2nd Dragoon Guards, died 1867, having mar. Anne Isabella, dau. of James Lewis, M.D., called in error C. Eaves in 'Landed Gentry,' who died 22 Dec. 1889, at Kensington, and leaving issue (besides natural issue bearing his name) John Peel Durdin, Lieutenant Worcester Militia, born about 1839, and Henrietta, both living unmar. in 1893. (5) Henry Durdin, a foreign knight, served in Spain, died s.p. (6) Warham St. Leger Durdiu, a Captain in the Forfar and Kincardine Artillery Militia, appointed 30 Sept. 1874, died unmar. June 1886. (7) Charles Durdin of Snugborough, co. Cork, mar. Miss Bowles, died 24 Dec. 1875, five of his children were living in Australia at the death of their nucle Warham in 1886, and shared in his property. (8) Ann Durdiu, died 1830, having mar. Stephen Jermyn Masters, leaving issue (a) Jane Masters, mar. John Bowles of Ballinville; (b) Louisa Masters, mar. William Garde of Bilberry, and died 1834, leaving issue.

She left four sons, of whom Alexander McCarthy was born at Huntington Castle, 13 July 1802, and died Oct. 1882.

B.A., Trinity College, Dublin; graduated 1796; died unmar. and intestate before 30 March 1817; bur. at Clonegal.

Wicklow (who remarried, 1840, William Drury).

He left issue a dau. Alicia Harriet Durdin, who mar., in 1842, William Whitton of Dublin, and has issue a dau. Mary Alicia Whitton, mar., 1864, William Smyth of Dublin, and has issue.

Sarah Durdin, born 20 Aug. 1773, mar. John Revell of Ardoyne, and had a son William, born at Huntington Castle 23 Aug. 1805, died Nov. 1882, and also one dau.

Mary Duncan Durdin, born 21 Aug. 1774.

Heyward St. Leger Durdin, born 12 Dec. 1775, died young.

Robert Atkins Durdin of Cranmore House, near Kildavin, co. Carlow, which he obtained under his father's will; Deputy-Governor, co. Cork; J.P., co. Carlow; born 16 Oct. 1777; mar. Elizabeth Garde, sister of his brother Warham's wife, she died 11 Feb. 1852, aged 75. He died 5 Jan. 1841; bur. at Clonegal, monument in church.

He left issue (1) the Rev. Alexander Warham Durdin of Kenwick Hall, Norfolk, and Cranmore, co. Carlow, and Rector of Threxton, Norfolk; mar., 7 Oct. 1847, Lydia, dau. and heir of Robert Pitcher of Kenwick Hall, Norfolk, J.P., who died 11 Dec. 1885 at Threxton. He died s.p. at Threxton 18 Aug. 1889. (2) The Rev. Thomas Garde Durdin, Rector of Oldcastle, co. Meath; born at Sunville, co. Cork, 18 Feb. 1813; mar. Charlotte, dau. of Anthony Browne of Rathgar, Dublin, J.P., and has issue (a) Adelaide Durdin, who acquired Kenwick Hall under the will of her uncle Alexander W. Durdin, mar., about 1888, James Love of Clonkeefy, co. Meath; (b) Charlotte Elizabeth Durdin; and (c) Robert Charles Garde Durdin, M.D., Trinity College, Dublin, inherited Cranmore under the will of his uncle Alexander W. Durdin of Great Bedwyn, Berks. (3) Charles Garde Durdin, Barrister-at-Law of the English Bar; born 1814; died unmar. 5 Jan. 1843; bur. at Clonegal. (4) Robert Garde Durdin, born 1818; Lord Mayor of Dublin 1871-2; died 19 Oct. 1878, and bur. at Clonegal, having mar. his first-cousin Fidelia Durdiu, *ut infra*, leaving issue referred to under his wife's name.

3. WILLIAM LEADER DURDIN, born 10 Dec. 1778; M.D., Trinity College, Dublin; of Huntington Castle, which was devised by his father's will to his mother for life, and then to him and his brothers John, Alexander, Robert, and Richard equally. He acquired the interests of his brothers by purchase, and bought up a head rent in 1828; died 1 Jan. 1849; bur. at Clouegal.

Mar., April 1820, 3. MARY ANNE DRURY (TABLE 13).

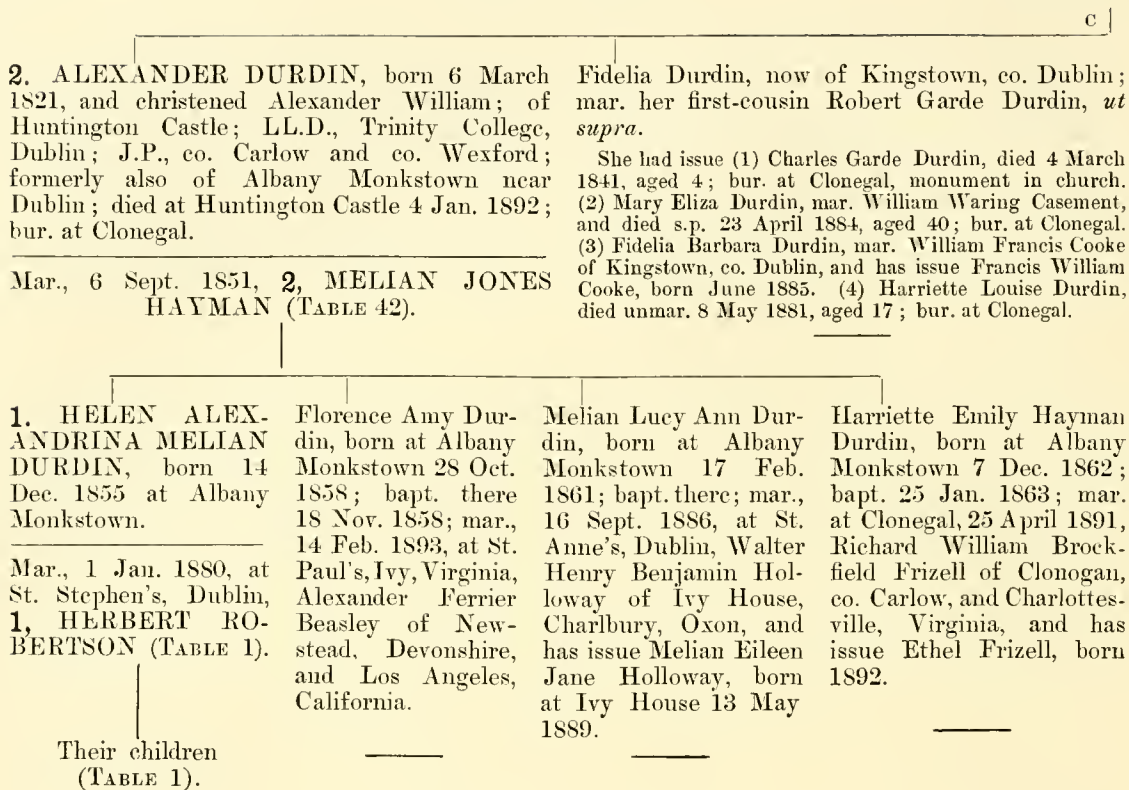
Jane Durdin, born 22 April or June 1780; mar. Capt. Roche, issue extinct.

Michael Durdin of Newtownbarry, co. Wexford, born 22 March 1782; died after 1840 intestate, leaving issue Michael St. Leger Durdin of Ontario, living in 1884, and another son and dau.

James Durdin, born 8 June 1784; died young.

Barbara Durdin, born 9 Dec. 1785; mar. Henry Beere of Black Castle, Kildare, and had two daus.

Harriott Durdin, born 26 Nov. 1786, outlived all her brothers and sisters, and died unmar. at Huntington Castle 21 March 1872, bur. at Clouegal.



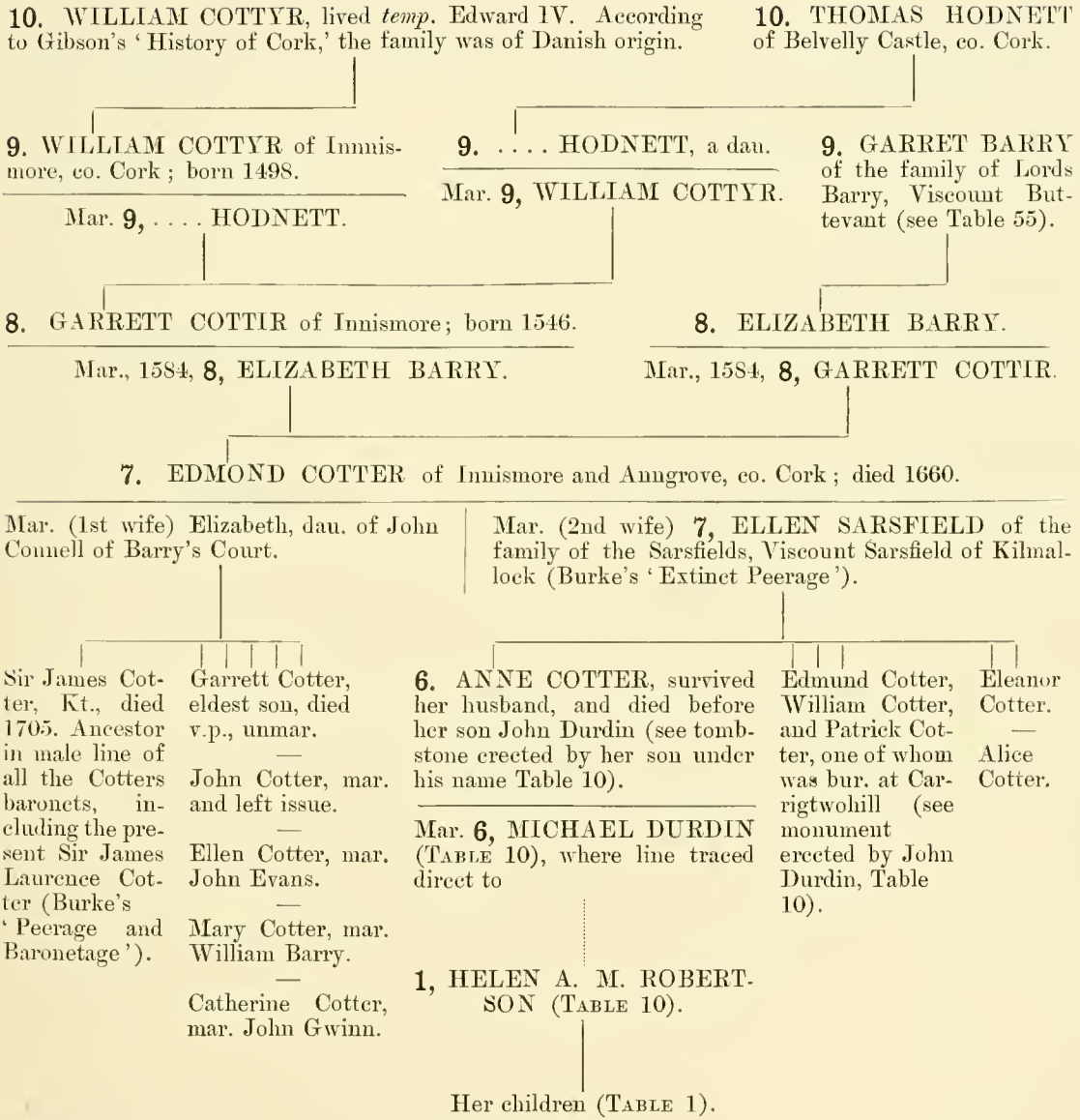
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

DURDIN.

- Durdin of Huntington Castle, Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886.
 Penn Pedigree, compiled by James Coleman, London, 1871.
 'Penns and Penningtons,' Maria Webb, 1867, p. 420.
 Penn Genealogy in J. F. Watson's 'Annals of Pennsylvania,' 1844, i., p. 118.
 Burke's 'Peerage,' Esmond, Bart.

Table 11.

COTTER FAMILY.



REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

Burke's 'Peerage and Baronetage,' Cotter, Bart.

Table 12.

ST. LEGER FAMILY.

28. SIR ROBERT ST. LEGER, or De Sancto Leodegaria. Companion of the Conqueror, who is reputed to have leaned on his arm while disembarking on the English coast; was of Bexleia, Sussex, in 1080, and of Ulcombe, Kent, in 1087.

27. ST. LEGER, perhaps Guy; living in 1167.

William St. Leger, mar. Joan,
dau. of Sir Geoffrey Sackville.

26. THOMAS ST. LEGER
of Ulcombe, *temp.* Henry II.

25. SIR RALPH ST. LEGER, the
Crusader; at siege of Acon; mentioned
6 Ric. I., in 1 Rot. Cur. Regis, 13; bur.
in Ulcombe Church.

Sir Hugh St. Leger of
Knolton; Recognitor
of Assize 1201; had
issue.

24. SIR RALPH ST. LEGER of Ulcombe; Recognitor of Assize 1201.

23. SIR JOHN ST. LEGER of Ulcombe.

22. SIR RALPH ST. LEGER of Ulcombe; obtained grant of a fair
from King John.

Stephen St. Leger, had
issue a dau.

21. SIR RALPH ST. LEGER of Ulcombe; living 1271 to 1300; proved
his right to the above-mentioned fair 1292; said to have been present and
knighted at the siege of Caerlaveroch.

Sir Thomas St. Leger
of Maplehurst.

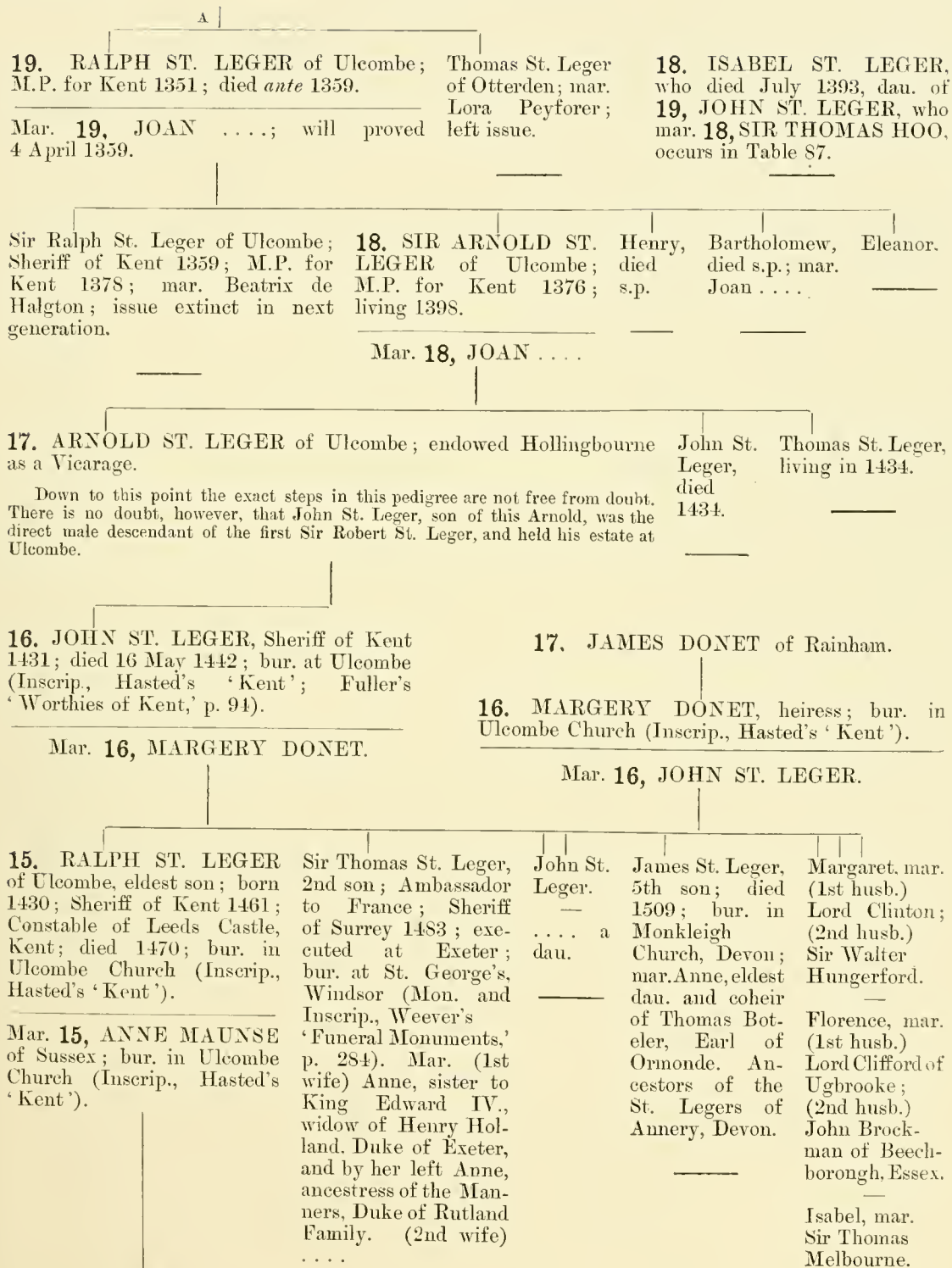
Mar. 21, JOAN

20. BARTHOLOMEW ST. LEGER
of Ulcombe.

Edmund St. Leger
of Woodnesboro'.

A Geofry or Galfridus St. Leger,
who died 1287, was Bishop of
Ossory (Kilkenny) ('Kilkenny
Archæol. Soc. Journal,' 1849,
p. 88).

Mar. 20, ANABELLA



B				
14. RALPH ST. LEGER of Ulcombe. Mar. 14, ANNE PROPHETT of Sussex.	Anne St. Leger, mar. Richard Bolney of Sussex.	James St. Leger.	Jacquetta St. Leger, mar. John Fortescue of Wearand Filleigh, Devon.	
13. RALPH ST. LEGER of Ulcombe; J.P. for Kent 1509; Sheriff 18 Henry VII.; died 9 Aug. 1518.		Anne St. Leger, mar. Sir George Warham of Malsanger, son of Nicholas Warham, who occurs in Table 15A.		
Mar. 13, ISABEL HAUTE (TABLE 14).				
12. SIR ANTHONY ST. LEGER, K.G., of Ulcombe and Leeds Castle; born 1494; Lord Deputy of Ireland; bur. at Ulcombe; will proved 1559. The Irish attempt to spell his name makes it Handalin Salesder ('Annals of Loch Cé,' Rolls edition, cap. ii., p. 325).	Arthur St. Leger, Prior of Leeds 1534; Preb. of Canterbury 1559; Rector of Holmshead; died 1568.	John St. Leger, born 1499. — Thomas St. Leger, Rector of Ulcombe 1534. — George St. Leger, born 1504; of Newsted, Kent, 1535.	Sir Robert St. Leger, born 1508; Constable of Dungarvan; living 1549. — Edward St. Leger, born 1512. — William St. Leger, born 1514.	Three daus., of whom Dorothy mar. . . . Wheeler.
Mar. 12, AGNES WARHAM (TABLE 15A).				

NOTE.—Much confusion has arisen with regard to the four generations succeeding (12) Sir Anthony, partly owing to his eldest son (11) William and his issue having been (as alleged) disinherited, and partly to the existence of three Sir Warhams and two Sir Williams, two Warhams and a William being connected with the Government of Munster. This Table, worked out from independent sources, agrees with the 'Stemmata Sancta Leodegaria' (by which in minor points it was completed), and is believed to be correct. Some tables, by confusing (9) Sir William, Lord President of Munster, with (9) Sir Warham, Raleigh's companion, make (8) Colonel Heyward St. Leger marry his own sister; the will of Sir William Barrett, cited below, shews the real relationship between them. (11) William the disinherited son is even lost sight of in letters under the Privy Seal of James I., dated from Westminster 22 June 1618, which call (12) Sir Anthony the grandfather instead of great-grandfather of (9) Sir Anthony the Lord President (see Lodge's 'Peerage').

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<p>11. WILLIAM ST. LEGER, the eldest son, alleged to have been disinherited.</p> <p>Mar. 11, ISABEL KAYES, dau. of 12, T. KAYES, perhaps of Lambeth, Surrey.</p>	<p>11. SIR WARHAM ST. LEGER, 2nd son, of Ulcombe, which he obtained from his father, and of Leeds Castle; Governour of Munster 1565; also of St. Leger House, Southwark, where the Earl and Countess of Desmond were under his charge as prisoners from 1570-73.</p> <p>Mar. 11, URSULA NEVILL (TABLES 15½ and 92).</p>	<p>Nicholas St. Leger, 3rd son, of Beamiston; mar. Catherine, dau. and heiress of Sir Thomas Moyle, and relict of Sir Thomas Finch, and had issue.</p>	<p>Sir Anthony St. Leger, youngest son; Master of the Rolls in Ireland; died in Cork 1612. Mar. (1st wife) Elizabeth, dau. of Richard Markham, died 2 Feb. 1598, bur. at St. Sepulchre's, London; (2ud wife) Mary, dau. of Francis Southwell, and widow of three husbands, died 19 Dec. 1603, aged 37; monument in St. Patrick's, Dublin; by whom he left issue the St. Legers of Wierton House, Boughton Monchelsea.</p>	<p>Robert St. Leger, died 1564.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Jane St. Leger, died 1562.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Anne St. Leger, mar. Francis Harrington of Dover.</p>
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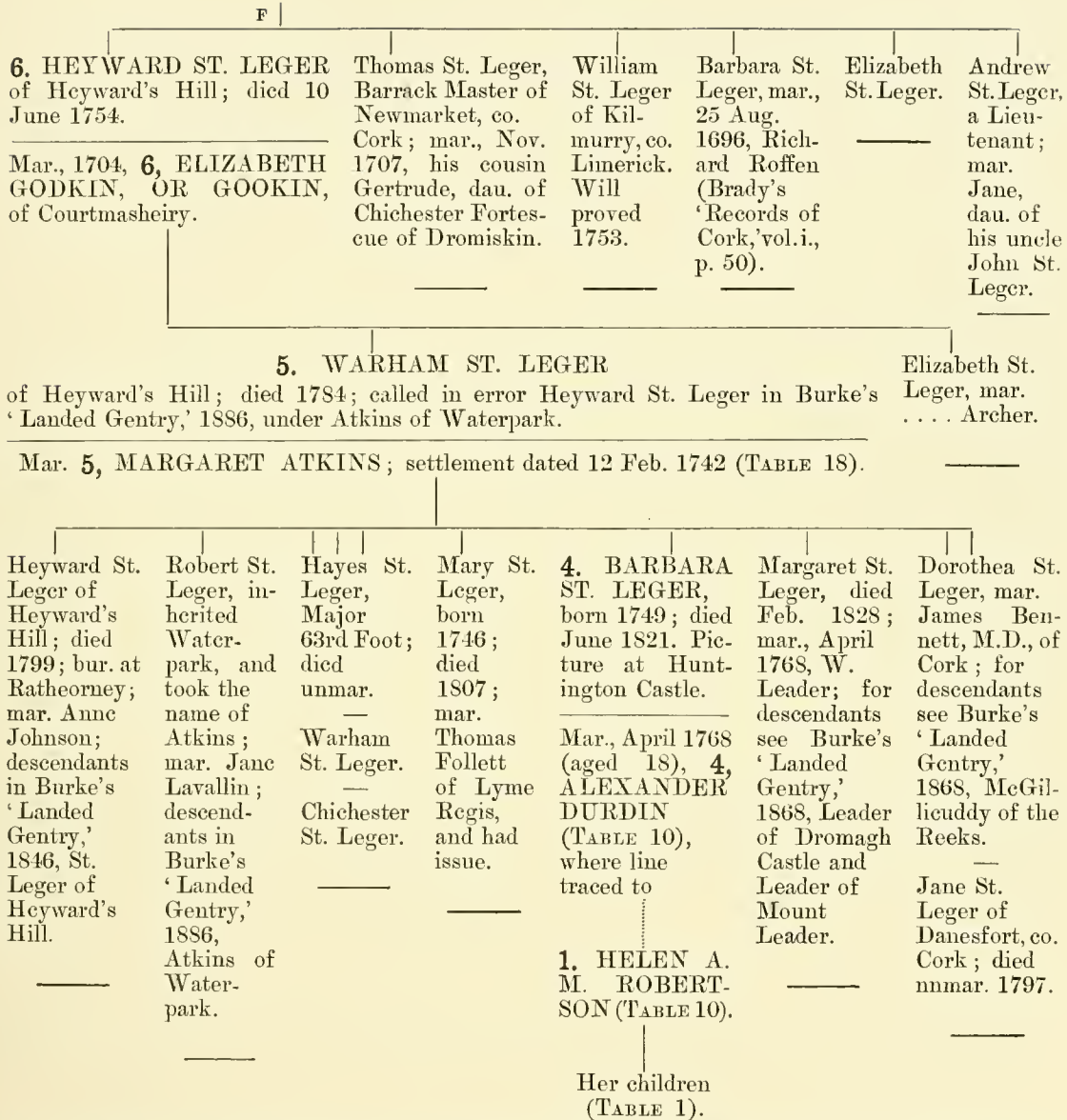
<p>10. SIR WARHAM ST. LEGER, Provost Marshal of Munster in 1580, and a Captain (see Carew MSS., letter of 17 May 1580 cited in 'Kilkenny Archaeological Journal,' 1870, i., p. 342); knighted in 1583; Commissioner for the Government of Munster; killed in single combat with Macguire 1599.</p> <p>Mar. 10, ELIZABETH, OR ELICE ROTHE (TABLE 15B).</p>	<p>Anne St. Leger, mar. Sir Richard Pigott.</p>	<p>10. ANTHONY ST. LEGER of Ulcombe and Leeds Castle; bur. at Ulcombe.</p> <p>Mar. 10, MARY SCOTT (TABLE 16).</p>	<p>Nicholas St. Leger, died 1589.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Henry St. Leger.</p> <p>—</p> <p>George St. Leger, died 1620;</p> <p>Margaret</p> <p>—</p> <p>William St. Leger, born 1564; died 1574.</p>	<p>Ursula St. Leger, mar. William Kingsmill of Ballyowen, had issue (see Brady's 'Records of Cork,' cap. ii., p. 353).</p> <p>—</p> <p>Mary St. Leger, died 1578.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Jane St. Leger, bapt. 1562.</p>	<p>Agnes or Anne St. Leger, born 1555; died 1636; bur. St. Mary Aldermanbury; inscription in Lodge; mar. Thomas Diggs; bur. with his wife. Parents of Sir Dudley Diggs, M.P., England, 1630-8; descendants in 'Stemmata Chicheliana.'</p>
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<p>9. SIR WILLIAM ST. LEGER, knighted 1620; appointed Lord President of Munster 14 April 1627; settled at Doneraile, co. Cork, 1639; died 2 July 1642. Picture at Huntington Castle.</p> <p>Mar. 9, GARTWRIGHT, OR GERTRUYD DE VRIES (TABLE 15c).</p>	<p>9. SIR WARHAM ST. LEGER of Ulcombe; knighted in 1617; Governor of Leeds Castle; comrade of Raleigh (Raleigh's Works, viii., p. 634); called Warin St. Leger in 'Stemmata Chicheliana,' addition to part 1, p. i. and Warren St. Leger in 'Stemmata Botevilliana'; died 11 Oct. 1631; bur. at Ulcombe.</p> <p>Mar. 9, MARY HAYWARD (TABLE 17).</p>	<p>Thomas St. Leger, died 1587.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Anthony St. Leger of Hollingbourne, bapt. 1591; died 1626.</p> <p>—</p> <p>Francis St. Leger, bapt. 1598.</p>	<p>Ursula St. Leger, died 1603.</p> <p>—</p>
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Sir William St. Leger, born abroad; naturalized in 1634; slain at the Battle of Newbury in 1642 in his father's lifetime (Gibson's 'Cork'); unmarried. — Elizabeth St. Leger, born abroad; naturalized 1634; married. — Mirrough O'Brien, 1st Earl of Inchiquin, and was ancestress of several Earls of Inchiquin and of the Marquises of Thomond.	John St. Leger of Doneraile. The plaintiff in the case against Barrett which related to the will of his nephew Sir William Barrett (<i>q.v.</i>). Mar. Lady Mary Chichester, dau. of Arthur, Earl of Donegal, parents of Arthur St. Leger, 1st Viscount Doneraile of the old creation, and through him ancestors of all the other Viscounts Doneraile of the old creation, and of the Aldworths now St. Leger, Viscount Doneraile, represented by the present Lord Doneraile; the family includes the founder of the St. Leger Stakes, and Miss Aldworth, the only lady Freemason.	8. BARBARA ST. LEGER. Her will is dated 5 Aug. 1685, and was proved 14 Jan. 1686 (Foster's 'Collectanea'). Mar. (1st husb.) Sir Andrew Barret of Castlemore (son of Sir William Barrett of Castlemore), created Bart. 4 June 1665 (Beaton's 'Political Index,' vol. iii., p. 281), in some works called in error William.	Sir Anthony St. Leger of Ulcombe, which he alienated; knighted at Beverley 1642; Warden of the Mint 1660 (State Papers, 1660, p. 10); he died 1680, having mar. Barbara, dau. and co-heiress of Thomas Shirley, and widow of Sir T. Thornhurst, by whom he had issue an only dau. Mary, who died 1669, having mar. Robert Sutton, 1st Lord Lexington, by whom she is ancestress in female lines of the present Dukes of Rutland and Leeds, Viscount Canterbury and Lord Manners.	8. HEYWARD ST. LEGER, Lieut.-Col. in the Army; bapt. 1621; of Heyward's Hill, co. Cork, and through his wife of Castlemore, co. Cork; died 1684; will dated 10 Nov. 1683; proved 1 May 1684 (Foster's 'Collectanea'). Mar. 8, his cousin BARBARA ST. LEGER, widow of Sir A. Barret.	Thomas St. Leger, died 1608. — John St. Leger, died 1672. — Warham St. Leger, settled in Cork. — Rowland St. Leger, bapt. 1613. — Ursula St. Leger, mar., 1627, Daniel Horsmanden, Rector of Ulcombe; parents of Warham Horsmanden, whom see 'Century Magazine,' xlii., p. 163. — Mary St. Leger, born 1612, mar., 1632, William Codd of Wateringbury. — Katherine St. Leger, mar., 1628, Thomas Colpeper. — Francis St. Leger, bapt. 1617, died 1634. — Dudley St. Leger of St. John's, Thanet, died 1642, mar. Anne. — George St. Leger, bapt. 1618, died 1620. — Alexander St. Leger, born 1622, died 1625.
Sir William Barrett, 2nd and last Bart.; died 16 Feb. 1672; will in proceedings in <i>St. Leger v. Barrett</i> (Appeal H. L., 1685); called in error Sir John in some works.	7. WARHAM ST. LEGER of Heyward's Hill; living 1691 (Collins's 'Letters,' vol. i., p. 169). Mar., 1677, 7, MARY, dau. of 8, GILES GREGORY of Thurlesbeg, co. Tipperary.	Heyward St Leger of Cork, died 1688. — Richard St. Leger, died 1730. — John St. Leger of Cork, mar. . . . ; died 1730.	Mary St. Leger, mar., 28 June 1679, John Gillman; died 12 Feb. 1724-5 (for issue see Burke's 'Extinct Baronetage,' Ireland, Gillman of Curriheen).	Jane St. Leger, mar. Sir R. Douglas, Bart. — Garthright St. Leger.	



ST. LEGER OF HEYWARD'S HILL:—ARMS.—Azure, fretty argent, a chief gules. CREST.—A griffin passant. SUPPORTERS.—Two griffins. (See Dallaway's 'Heraldry,' which includes St. Leger in his list of families entitled to bear supporters.) MOTTOES.—Haut et bon. Fidelis et firma.

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

ST. LEGER.

- 'Stemmata Sancta Leodegaria,' by Edward F. St. Leger, a broadside dated 1 Feb. 1867 in British Museum, under St. Leger.
- 'History of Leeds Castle, Kent,' by Charles Wickham Martin, giving the earlier part of the 'Stemmata Sancta Leodegaria,' between pp. 156 and 157, besides notices of the family.
- Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1846, St. Leger of Heyward's Hill.
- Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Atkins of Waterpark.
- Harris's 'Kent,' 1719, p. 324 *et passim*.
- Hasted's 'Kent,' 1782, vol. ii., p. 423 *et passim*.
- Berry's 'Kentish Genealogies,' St. Leger, p. 287.
- Lodge's 'Irish Peerage,' vi., p. 92, Lord Doneraile.
- Brady's 'Records of Cork,' i., pp. 50, 521; ii., p. 353 *et passim*.
- Gibson's 'Cork,' *passim*.
- Smith's 'State of Cork,' i., p. 330 note *et passim*.
- 'Unpublished Geraldine Papers,' edited by Canon Hayman, Dublin, 1870, pp. 89, 133.
- Barrett Pedigree, and Will of Sir William Barrett from trial in House of Lords in 1685 (British Museum, indexed under St. Leger, Lincoln's Inn Library, House of Lords Case, 1685, 1st App., p. 3).
- J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scots Hall,' p. 228.

Table 13.

DRURY FAMILY.

11. THOMAS DRURY of Leighlin, co. Carlow.

A little before his time, namely, in September 1578, Sir William Drury, who was of the great Essex family of Drury, whose pedigree commencing at the Conquest is given in full in Cullam's 'Hansted,' and elsewhere, was Lord Justice of Ireland, but there is nothing to shew he was of the same family. The marriage of Thomas Drury's dau. Margaret with Sir John King is proved by her funeral entry, referred to in Burke's 'Armoury' under Drury of Leighlin Court, but in Lodge's 'Peerage,' iii., p. 218, Sir John King is said to have mar. Katherine, dau. of Robert Drury, son of Sir William Drury, and Burke's 'Peerage,' Earl of Kingston, repeats this, substituting nephew for son. These entries may shew a traditional connection between Thomas Drury and Sir William, although direct descent is negatived by all the Essex Drury pedigrees. The arms used by Thomas Drury and all his descendants in this Table shew that he claimed kinship but not descent.

ARMS OF THIS DRURY FAMILY.

Argent, a bordure gules, on a chief vert a cross tau between two mullets of the first.

Four generations unrecorded.

Margaret Drury, mar. the Right Hon. Sir John King, who died 4 Jan. 1636, and was ancestress of the Earls of Kingston (see as to her marriage under her father's name).

6. . . . DRURY was the first of the family known to have been brought up in the child's chair at Huntington Castle, which has been used by the next six generations, his descendants. The chair is believed to be 250 years old.

6. WILLIAM BARRITT of Wexford; acquired Clonmore and Ballygullen, co. Wexford, under lease and release of 28 and 29 Sept. 1774. The release stolen during the Rebellion was recovered from the body of a rebel at Vinegar Hill, and is stained with his blood.

5. WILLIAM HENRY DRURY of co. Wexford; shot in the streets of Enniscorthy from a window during the Rebellion. Letters of Adm'on from Archbishop of Armagh 25 Jan. 1806.

5. MISS BARRITT, inherited Clonmore and Ballygullen, which from her descended to Mrs. Frizell (Table 10).

5. WILLIAM REVELL of Ardoyne, co. Wicklow; died before 1792.

Mar. 5, MISS BARRITT.

Mar. 5, WILLIAM HENRY DRURY.

Mar. 5, ALICE ; party to her dau.'s settlement in 1792.

4. WILLIAM DRURY of Ballinderry, co. Wicklow; died *circa* 1856.

John Revell of Ardoyne; born 1773; died 2 Feb. 1836; bur. at Coolkenna; mar. Sarah . . . , born 1773, died 21 Oct. 1851, bur. at Coolkenna, and left issue William and John, and Eliza who mar. George Harden.

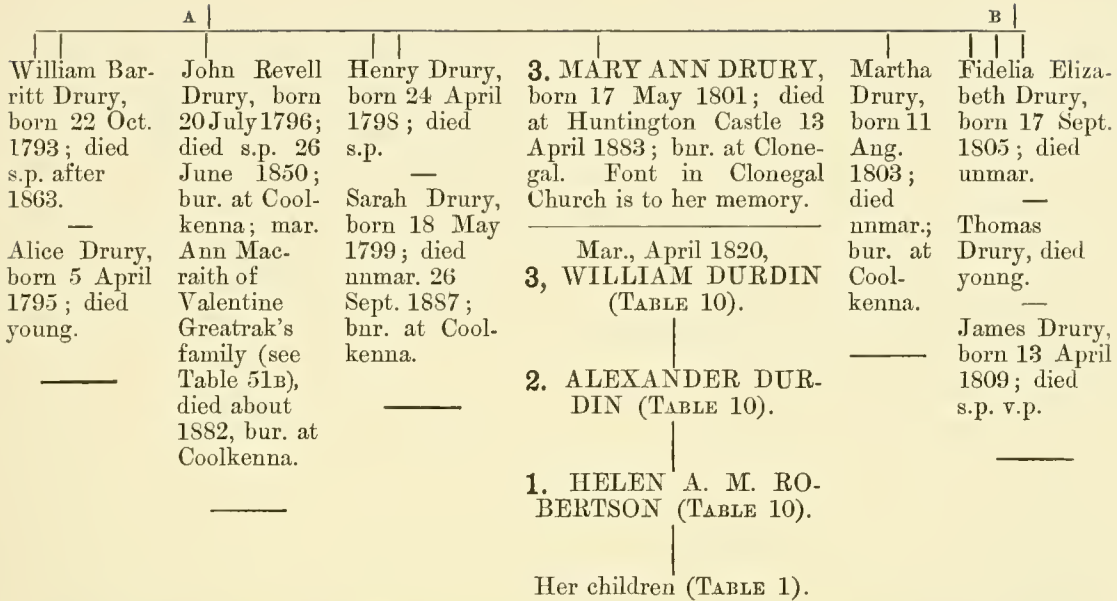
4. FRIZWOOD REVELL.

Mar. 4 (settlement dated 5 Nov. 1792), FRIZWOOD REVELL.

Mar., 1792, 4, WILLIAM DRURY.

A

B



Compiled from family papers. Most of the family are buried in the churchyard of Coolkenna, co. Wicklow.

Table 14.

HAUTE FAMILY.

15. WILLIAM HAUTE OR HAWTE.

Mar., 1429 (settlement dated 18 July 1429),
15, JOAN WIDVILLE (TABLE 40).

|

<p>14. SIR RICHARD HAUTE of the Mote, Kent; beheaded at Pontefract 13 June 1483. Mar., 14, ELIZABETH TIRRELL, widow of Robert D'Arcy.</p>	<p>Sir William Haute, mar. Joane Horne.</p>
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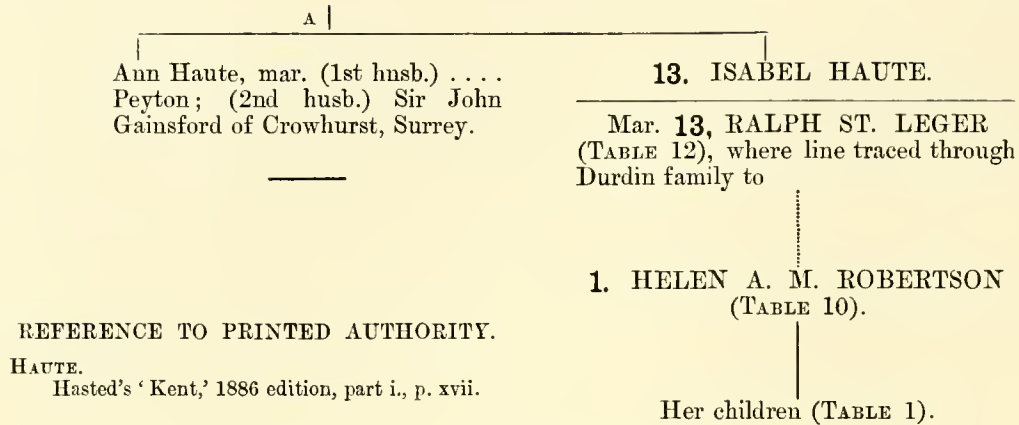


Table 15—PART A.

WARHAM FAMILY.

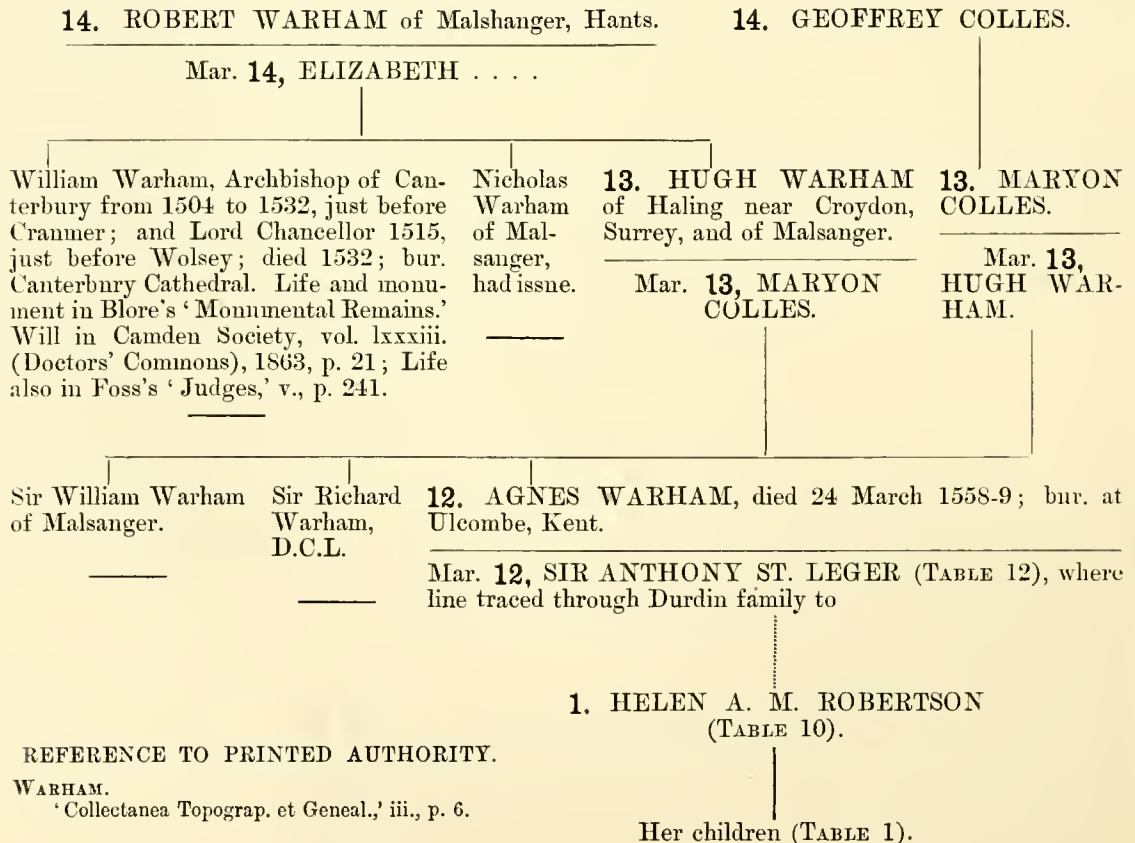
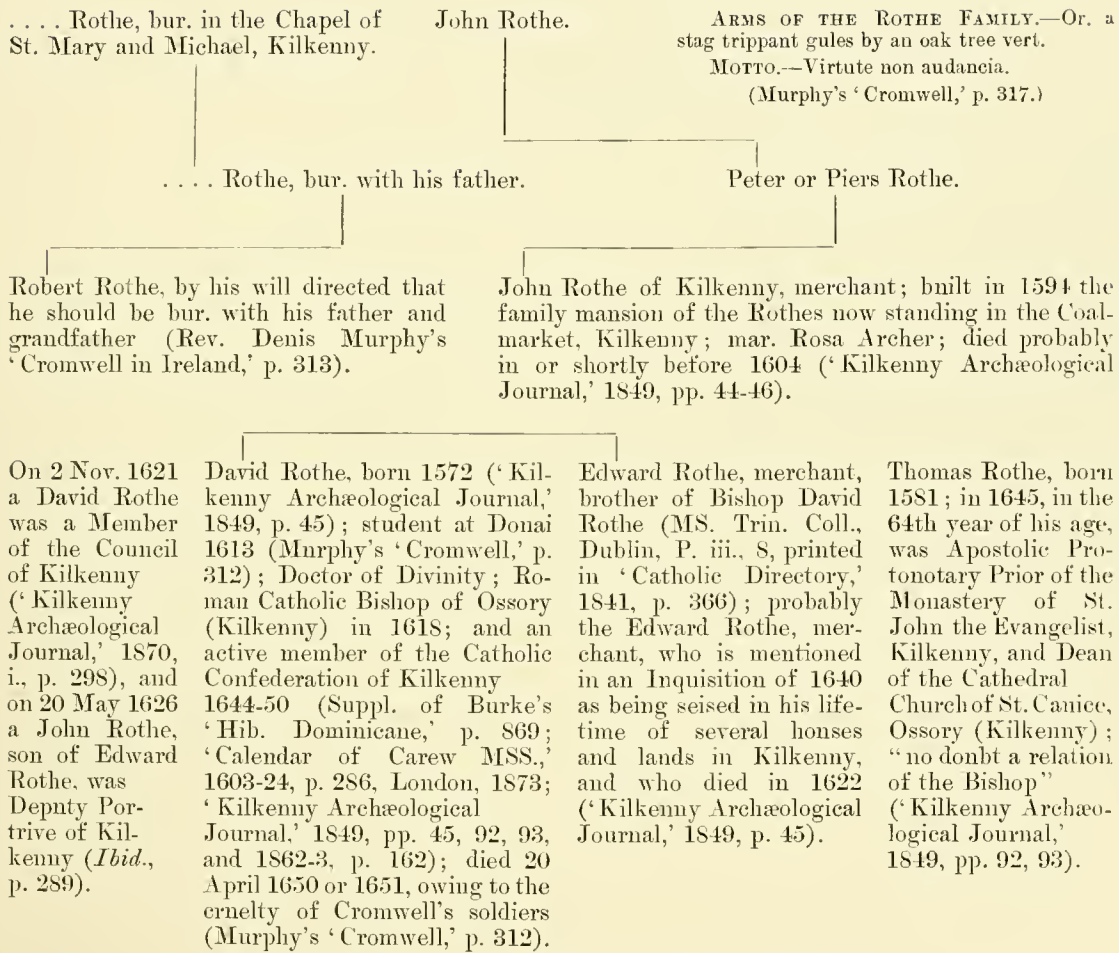


Table 15—PART B.

ROTHER FAMILY.



10. ELIZABETH OR ELIEL ROTHER of Kilkenny.

Mar. (1st hnsb.) Henry Davells; murdered by Sir John Desmond ('Unpublished Geraldine Papers,' pp. 29, 87).

Mar. (2nd hnsb.) Captain Maekworth; slain by the O'Connors ('Unpublished Geraldine Papers,' *ibid.*).

Mar. (3rd hnsb.) 10, SIR WARHAM ST. LEGER (TABLE 12), where line traced through Durdin family to

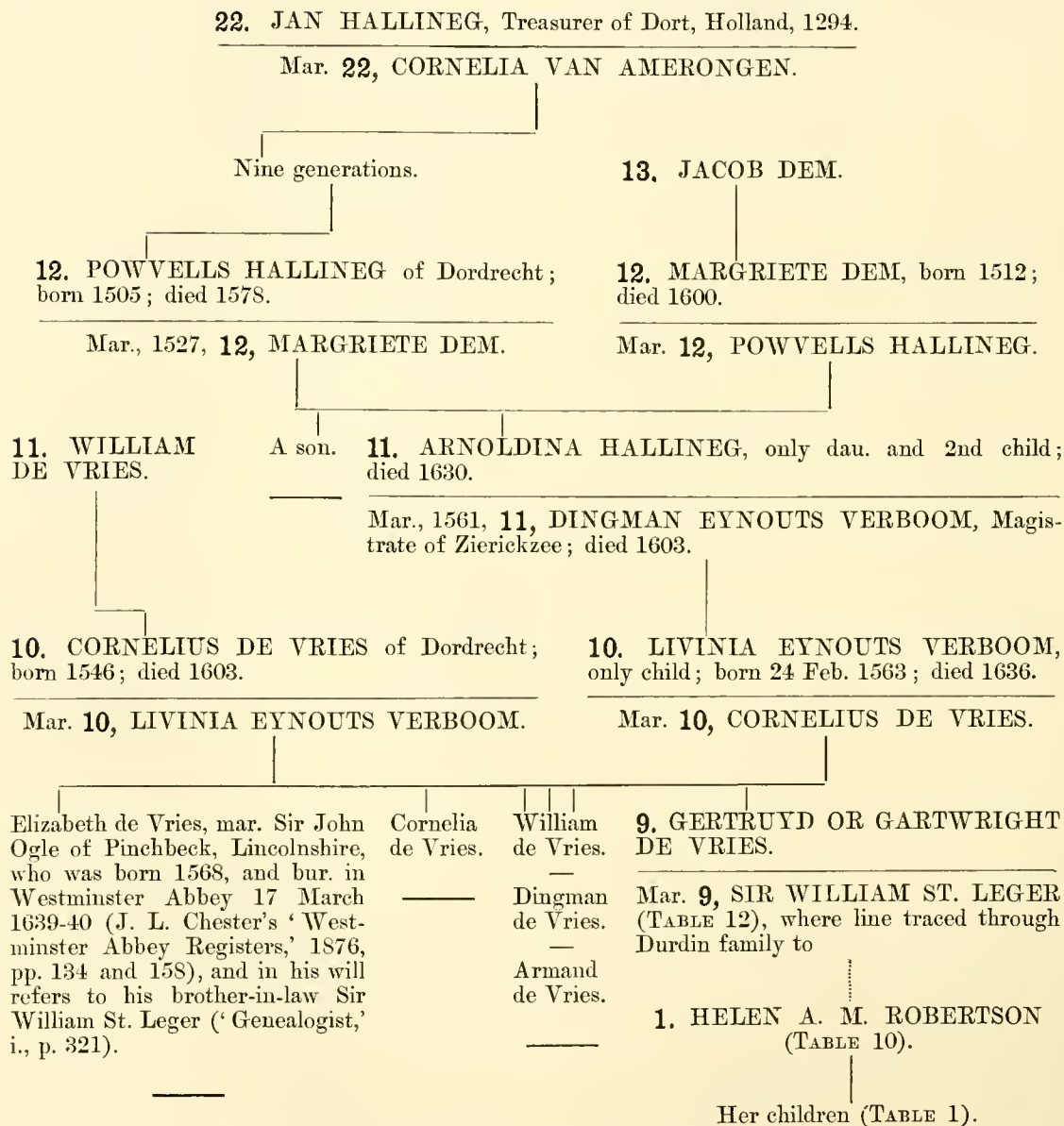
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

The connection between these various members of the Rother family has not been traced by the compiler, but in the Rev. Denis Murphy's 'Cromwell in Ireland,' at p. 312, it is stated that an interesting account of the Rother family is given by the Rev. J. F. Shearman in the 'Confederation of Kilkenny,' p. 330. This work evidently relates to the Confederate Catholics of Kilkenny 1644-50, but has not been identified.

Table 15—PART C.

DE VRIES, VERBOOM, AND HALLINEG FAMILIES.



This Table is from information supplied by James St. Leger, Esq. The De Vries pedigrees in Azevedo Continho de Bernal's 'Genealogie Van de Noot' (which is in the Paris Library, M. 1770), pp. 91, 171, 198, do not afford any information.

Table 15½.

Containing parts of Tables in Part V. necessary for tracing pedigrees in this part, which would come here if the families treated of did not also comprise ancestors through the Hayman family.

19. WILLIAM, LORD FERRERS OF GROBY (TABLE 113).

Mar. 19, MARGARET DE STAFFORD (TABLE 21).

18. MARGARET FERRERS (TABLE 113).

Mar. 18, THOMAS DE BEAUCHAMP, EARL OF WARWICK (TABLE 102).

17. JOHN DE BEAUFORT, MARQUIS OF SOMERSET (TABLE 102).

Mar. 17, MARGARET HOLLAND (TABLE 19).

16. EDMUND BEAUFORT, DUKE OF SOMERSET (TABLE 152).

Mar. 16, ALIANORE DE BEAUCHAMP (TABLE 102).

15. MARGARET BEAUFORT (TABLE 152).

Mar. 15, HUMPHRY DE STAFFORD, EARL OF STAFFORD (TABLE 93).

14. HENRY STAFFORD, 2ND DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM (TABLE 93).

13. EDWARD STAFFORD, 3RD DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM (TABLE 93).

Mar. 13, ELEANOR PERCY (TABLE 100).

12. MARY STAFFORD (TABLE 93).

Mar. 12, SIR GEORGE NEVILL (TABLE 92).

11. URSULA NEVILL (TABLE 92).

Mar. 11, SIR WARHAM ST. LEGER (TABLE 12),
where line traced through Durdin family to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

17. RICHARD DE BEAUCHAMP, EARL OF WARWICK (TABLE 102).

Mar. 17, ELIZABETH BERKELEY (TABLE 22).

16. ALIANORE DE BEAUCHAMP (TABLE 102).

Mar. 16, EDMUND BEAUFORT, DUKE OF SOMERSET (TABLE 152).

15. HENRY PERCY, EARL OF NORTHUMBERLAND (TABLE 100).

Mar. 15, ELEANOR POYNINGS (TABLE 24).

14. HENRY PERCY, EARL OF NORTHUMBERLAND (TABLE 100).

13. ELEANOR PERCY (TABLE 100).

Mar. 13, EDWARD STAFFORD, DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM (TABLE 93).

Table 16.

SCOTT FAMILY, FORMERLY BALLIOL.

24. HUGH BALLIOL,

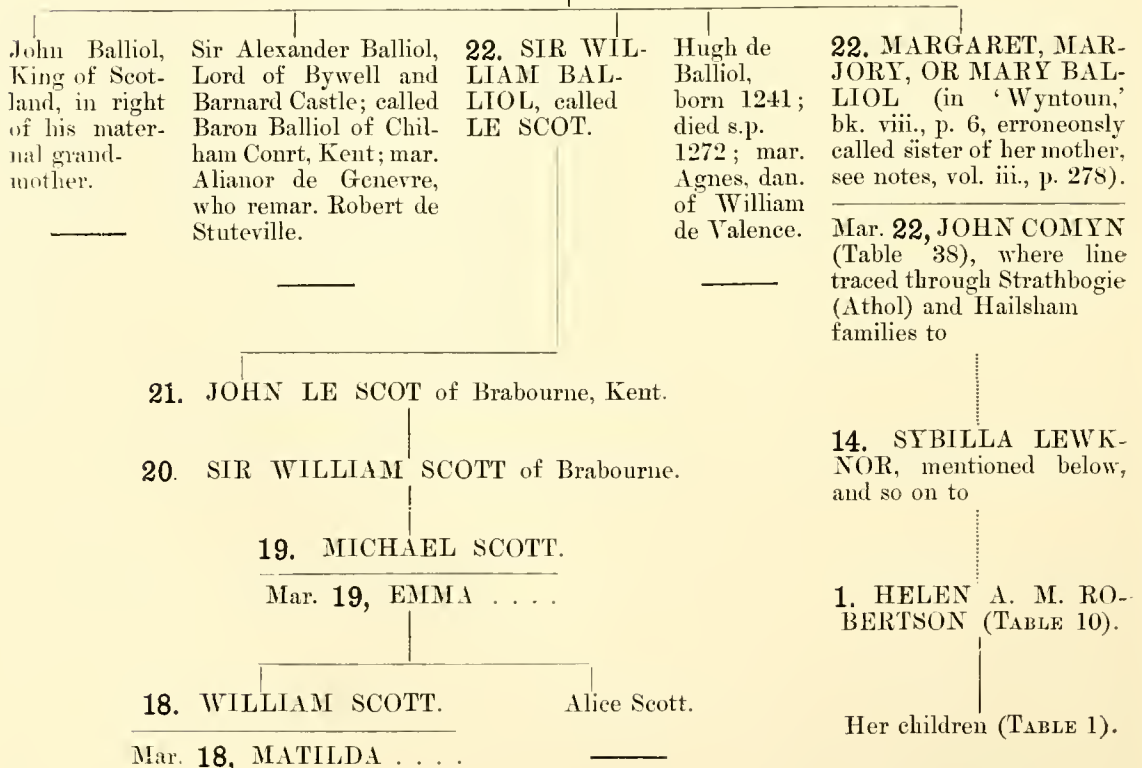
Lord of Teesdale and Marwood Forests, *temp.* Henry III.

His father was, according to Betham, Guy, son of Guy de Balliol (living *temp.* William II., Dugdale's 'Mon.,' i., 388, Blount's 'Tenures under Biwell'); according to Dugdale, Eustace, son of Bernard, son of Guy; according to Crawford's 'Officers of State,' Ingelram, who, according to Dugdale, died s.p., and was son of Bernard, son of Guy. **24. INGELRAM DE BALLIOL**, father of **23. ELENA DE BALLIOL**, occurs in Table 100. Laing ('Wyntoun,' iii., p. 267) suggests that either Pierre de Bailleul, Seigneur de Fescamp, or Le Sieur de Ballial, who were companions of the Conqueror, was ancestor of this family.

23. JOHN BALLIOL,

Lord of Bywell; Founder of Balliol College, Oxford; died 1269.

Mar. **23. DORNAGILLA OF GALLOWAY**, brought claims to the throne of Scotland into this family (TABLE 27).



A
17. JOHN SCOTT.

Mar. 17, the heiress of Cumbe Brabourne.

16. WILLIAM SCOTT of Scot's Hall, Smeeth, East Kent. 16. SIR ROBERT SCOTT.

Mar. (1st wife) Joane Orlastone. | Mar. (2nd wife) 16, ISABEL HERBERT OR FYNCHÉ (TABLE 28).

15. SIR JOHN SCOTT of Scot's Hall.	Thomas Scott.	Margaret Scott, mar. (1st husb.) Thomas Yerde; (2nd husb.) Sir Henry Grey.
Mar. 15, AGNES BEAU-FITZ (TABLE 29).	Michael Scott.	William Scott.

15. ALICE SCOTT.

Mar. 15, WILLIAM KEMPE (TABLE 85B), where line traced direct to

12. EMMELINE KEMPE (TABLE 85B), mentioned below, and so through Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

14. SIR WILLIAM SCOTT of Scot's Hall.

Mar. 14, SYBILLA LEWKNOR (TABLE 30), mentioned above.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

13. SIR JOHN SCOTT of Scot's Hall and Nettled, and also of Iden, Sussex (Manning and Bray's 'Surrey,' iii., p. 623).	Edward Scott of Mote Iden; mar. Alice Fogge.	Anne Scott, mar. Sir Edward Boughton. Catherine Scott. Elizabeth Scott.
Mar. 13, ANNE PYMPE (TABLE 31).	—	—

12. SIR REGINALD SCOTT of Scot's Hall and Nettled.	Sir John Scott.	Mildred Scott, mar. (1st husb.) John Diggs; (2nd husb.) Richard Kayes.	Mary Scott, mar. Nicholas Ballard.
Mar. (1st wife) 12, EMMELINE KEMPE (TABLE 85B), mentioned above.	William Scott, mar. Anne Fogge.	Catherine Scott, mar. Sir Henry Crispe.	Elizabeth Scott, mar. Stephen Whitfield.
Mar. (2nd wife) Mary Tuke.	Richard Scott, mar. Mary Whetenal.	Isabel Scott, mar. Richard Adams.	Sybil Scott, mar. Richard Hinde.
—	George Scott.	Alice Scott.	Anne Scott, mar. Sir Pollard.
—	Pashley Scott.	—	—

B							
11. SIR THOMAS SCOTT of Scot's Hall and Nettlested; Sheriff of Kent 1575.		Catherine Scott, mar. John Baker, son of Sir John Baker.		Anne Scott, confused in 'Stemmata Chicheliana' with her niece Anne; mar. Walter Mayney.			
Mar. (1st wife) 11, ELIZABETH BAKER (TABLE 85A).	Mar. (2nd wife) Elizabeth Heyman.	Mar. (3rd wife) Dorothy Bere.	—	—	—	—	—
Sir Edward Scott of Scot's Hall; mar. (1st wife) Alice Stringer; (2nd wife) Katherine Honeywood. Ancestors of the subsequent Scotts of Scot's Hall.	Thomas Scott, mar. (1st wife) Mary Knatchbull; (2nd wife) Elizabeth Honeywood. Sir John Scott of Nettlested; Lady Elizabeth Stafford; (2nd wife) Catherine Smythe, widow of Sir Rowland Hayward (Table 32).	Charles Scott, Fellow of All Souls' College 1591, as being of Founder's kin. — Richard Scott, mar. Katherine Hayward (Table 17). — Robert Scott of Mersham; mar. (1st wife) Priscilla Honeywood; (2nd wife) Mary Doyle.	Elizabeth Scott, called dau. of her grandfather in 'Stemmata Chicheliana'; mar. (1st husb.) John Knatchbull; (2nd husb.) Sir Richard Smythe. — Emmeline Scott, mar. Robert Edolphe. — Anne Scott, mar. (1st husb.) Richard Knatchbull; (2nd husb.) Sir Henry Bromley.	10. MARY SCOTT. Mar. (1st husb.) 10, SIR ANTHONY ST. LEGER (TABLE 12), where line traced through Durdin family to	Mar. (2nd husb.) Alexander Culpeper.	Reginald Scott. — Sir William Scott, mar. Lady Mandehoward. — Joseph Scott. — Anthony Scott. — Benjamin Scott.	—
—	—	—	—	1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10). Her children (TABLE 1).	—	—	—

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

SCOTT, INCLUDING BALLIOL.

- J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 254; also contains Biographical Accounts.
 'Stemmata Chicheliana,' No. 17.
 Betham's Genealogical Tables, 626.
 Berry's 'Kent Genealogies,' p. 179.
 Hodgson's 'Northumberland,' part ii., vol. ii., p. 41.
 Laing's 'Wyntoun's Chronicles,' book viii., cap. vi., and notes, vol. iii., p. 266.

BEAUFITZ.

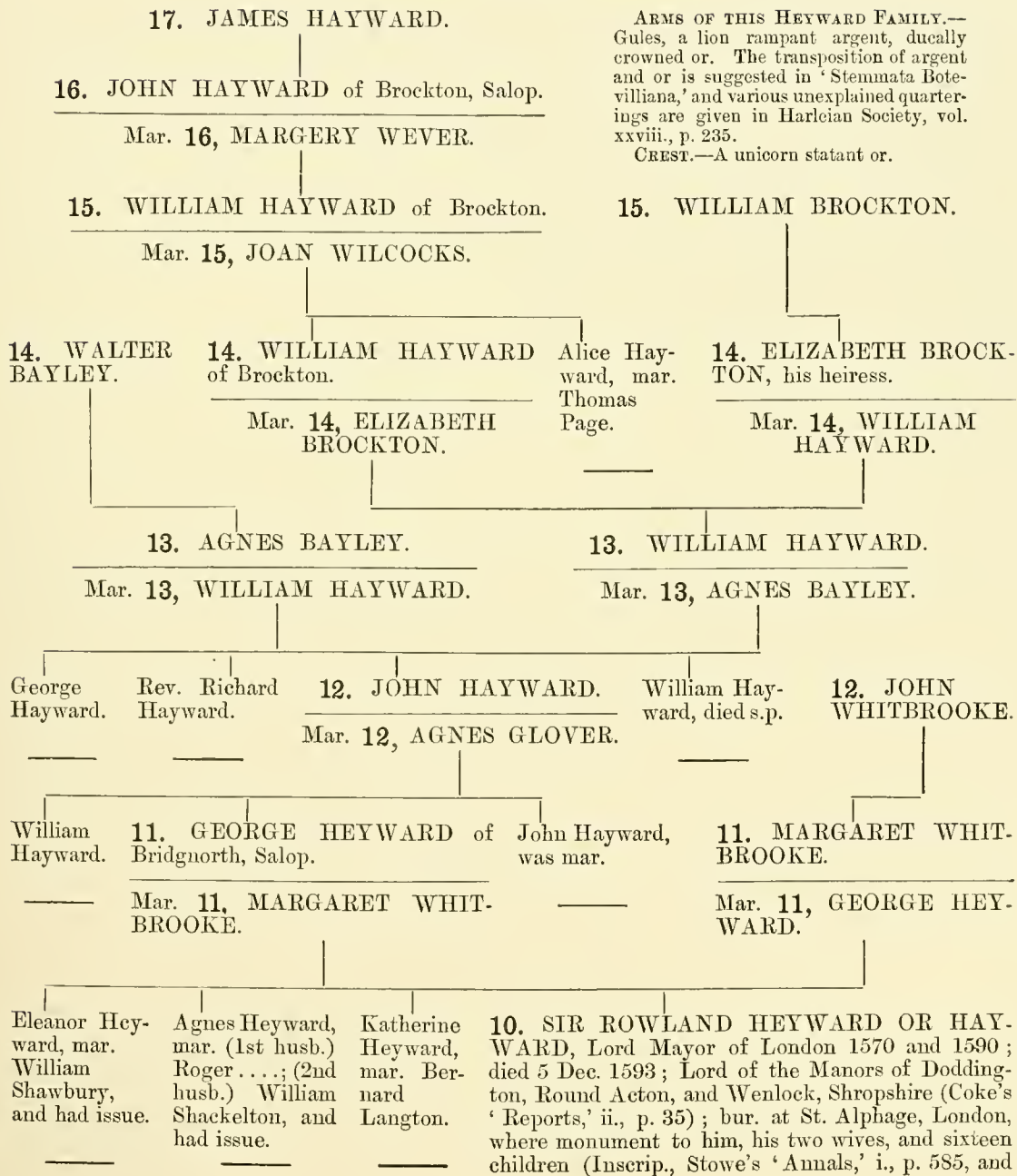
- 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 124.

LEWKNOR.

- 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 141.

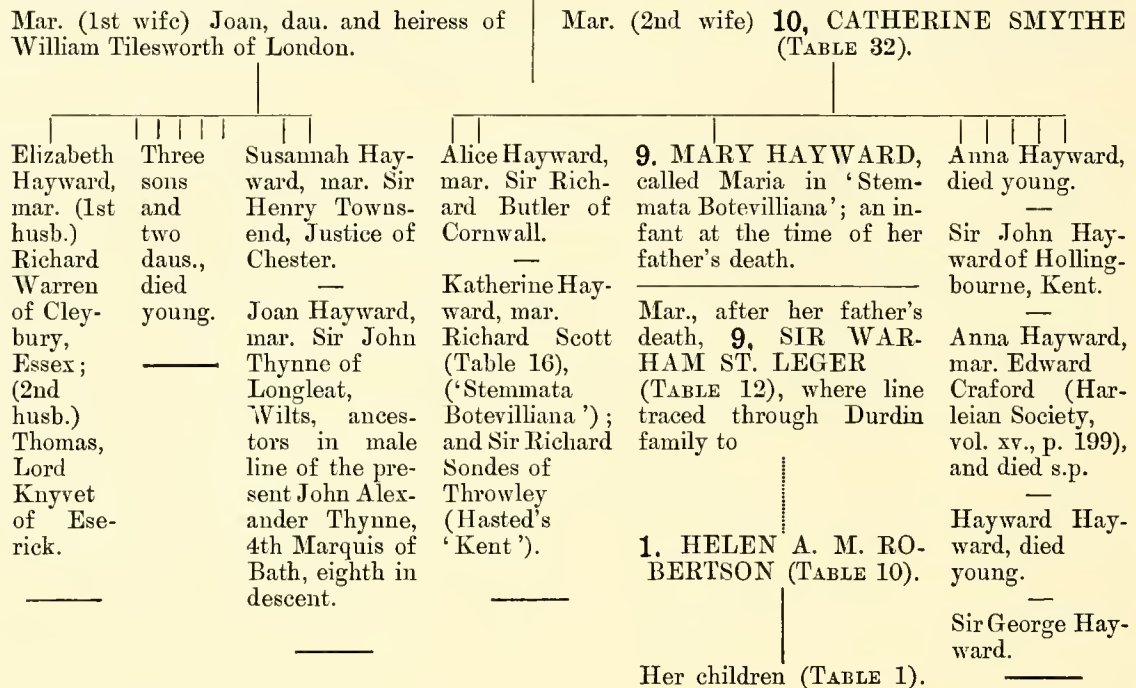
Table 17.

HEYWARD FAMILY.



ARMS OF THIS HEYWARD FAMILY.—Gules, a lion rampant argent, ducally crowned or. The transposition of argent and or is suggested in 'Stemmata Botevilliana,' and various unexplained quarterings are given in Harleian Society, vol. xxviii., p. 235.
 CREST.—A unicorn statant or.

'Stemmata Botevilliana,' p. 114). Notices of him in same vols., and in Analytical Index to 'Remembrance of London,' 1579—1664, London, 1888; Wilkin's 'Londina Illustrata,' i., p. 35; Malcolm's 'London,' 1802, i., p. 21.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

HEYWARD.

- 'Stemmata Botevilliana,' by Beriah Botefield, 1858, pp. 35, 114-118, and 145.
 Harleian Society, vol. xxviii., 'Visitation of Shropshire,' Heyward.
 Hayward, from Sir Rowland, 'Stemmata Chicheliana,' 1765, Table 1, and add. to part i., p. 1.
 Hasted's 'Kent,' ii., p. 468, notes.

Table 18.

ATKINS FAMILY.

8. AUGUSTINE ATKINS,
 an Englishman; obtained grants of lands in Ireland for his son Robert.

7. ROBERT ATKINS.

A |
6. ROBERT ATKINS

of Carrigaline, now called Waterpark, co. Cork; Sheriff of Cork 1722; Mayor of Cork 1726.

In Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1846, St. Leger of Heyward's Hill, and Burke's 'Commoners,' iv., p. 568, Atkins of Firville, he is made son of Richard Atkins of Fountainville in the Barony of Fermoy, but this seems to have been an error, see Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, under Atkins of Firville, and 1879, Atkins of Waterpark.

|
-----|
5. MARGARET ATKINS, heiress of Waterpark. Ada Atkins, coheiress, mar.
Mar., 1742, 5, WARHAM ST. LEGER (TABLE 12), Franklin of Cork.
where line traced through Durdin family to

|
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

|
Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Atkins of Waterpark.

Table 19.

HOLLAND (EARL OF KENT) FAMILY.

20. ROBERT DE HOLLAND OR HOLAND,

Secretary to Thomas, Earl of Lancaster, deserted him in his rebellion, and created Baron Holland by King Edward II., and afterwards taken prisoner by the followers of the Earl and beheaded by them at Henley, Oct. 1328, for his desertion.

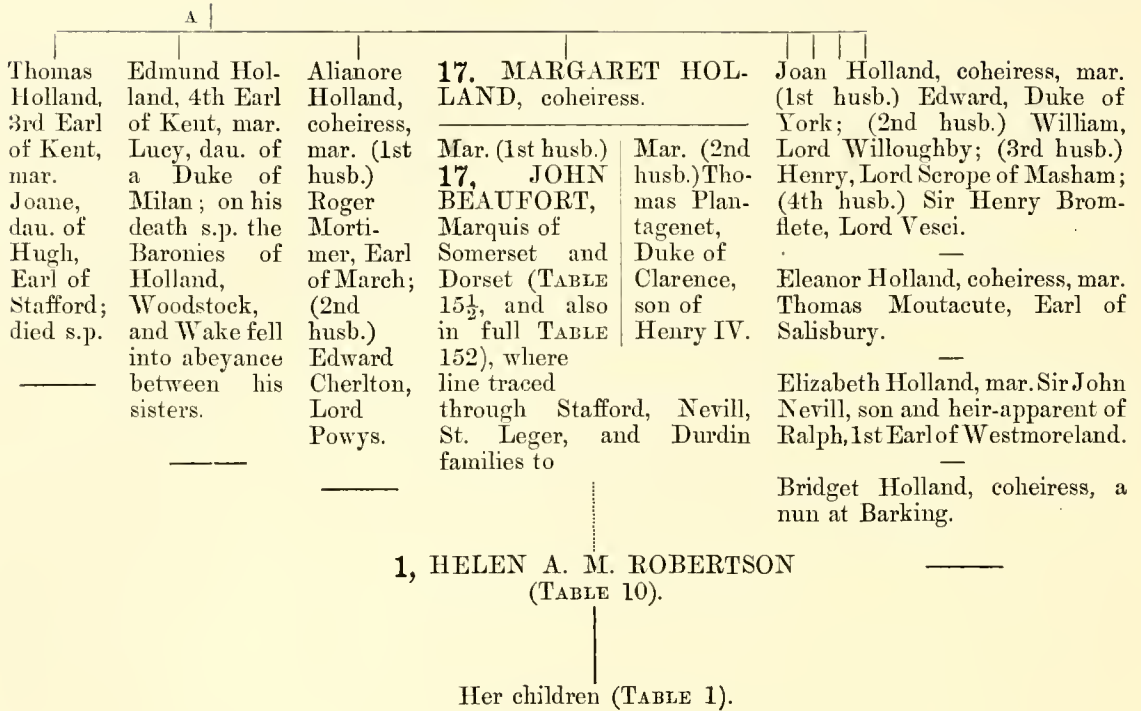
Mar. 20, MAUD, dau. and coheiress of 21, ALAN LE ZOUCHE of Ashby.

|
-----|
Robert, Lord 19. THOMAS HOLLAND, Earl of Kent, and Alan Holland.
Holland, died 1373. Baron Woodstock and Wake in right of his wife; King's Lieutenant in France and Normandy; died 28 Dec. 1360. Otho Holland, one of the original Knights of the Garter.

|
Mar. 19, JOAN PLANTAGENET, the Fair Maid of Kent (TABLE 19½, and in full TABLE 152). Jane Holland, mar. (1st husb.) Sir Edward Talbot of Bashall; (2nd husb.) Sir Hugh Dutton.

|
Mary Holland, mar. Sir John Tempest.

|
-----|
18. THOMAS HOLLAND, Earl of Kent, Marshal of England for a short time; was at Battle of Cressy; died 25 April 1397. Edmund Holland. John Holland, Earl of Huntingdon and Duke of Exeter. Maud Holland, mar. (1st husb.) Hugh, 3rd son of Hugh, Earl of Devonshire; (2nd husb.) Waleran, Earl of St. Paul.



REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

HOLLAND.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Holand, Baron Holand; Holland, Earl of Kent.

Table 19½.

Containing part of Table in Part V. necessary for connecting Tables 19 and 20, which would come in this part if the family treated of did not also comprise ancestors through the Hayman family.

20. EDMOND OF WOODSTOCK, Earl of Kent (TABLE 152).

Mar. **20, MARGARET WAKE**, Baroness Wake (TABLE 20).

19. JOAN PLANTAGENET, the Fair Maid of Kent (TABLE 152).

Mar. **19, THOMAS HOLLAND**, Earl of Kent (TABLE 19), where line traced through Beaufort, Stafford, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 20.

WAKE FAMILY.

32. LEOFRIC,

Lord of Bourne in Lincolnshire, brother of Brand, Abbot of Peterborough (Ingulph of Croyland).

Charles Kingsley, in his novel of 'Hereward the Wake,' gives reasons for thinking that this Leofric is the celebrated 29, LEOFRIC, Earl of Meriva, from whom lines are traced in Table 109, and that his wife Ediva is 29, the LADY GODIVA of Coventry fame (see same Table), but this seems very improbable.

Mar. 32, EDIVA.

31. HEReward THE WAKE,
or the Watchful, Lord of Bourne, *temp.* William I.

Mar. 31, TURFRIDA of St. Omer.

30. A dau. and sole heiress of the WAKE.

Mar. 30, HUGH DE EVERMUE, Lord
of Bourne and Deeping in right of his wife.

29. A dau. and sole heiress of the WAKE.

Mar. 29, RICHARD DE RULLOS,
Lord of Bourne and Deeping in right of his wife.

28. ADELHIDIS DE RULLOS, sole heiress of the WAKE.

Mar. 28, BALDWIN FITZ GILBERT, whose ancestors are given in Table 99.

27. EMMA FITZGILBERT, sole heiress, who adopted the name of LE WAKE.

Mar. 27, HUGH . . . , who adopted his wife's name of LE WAKE.

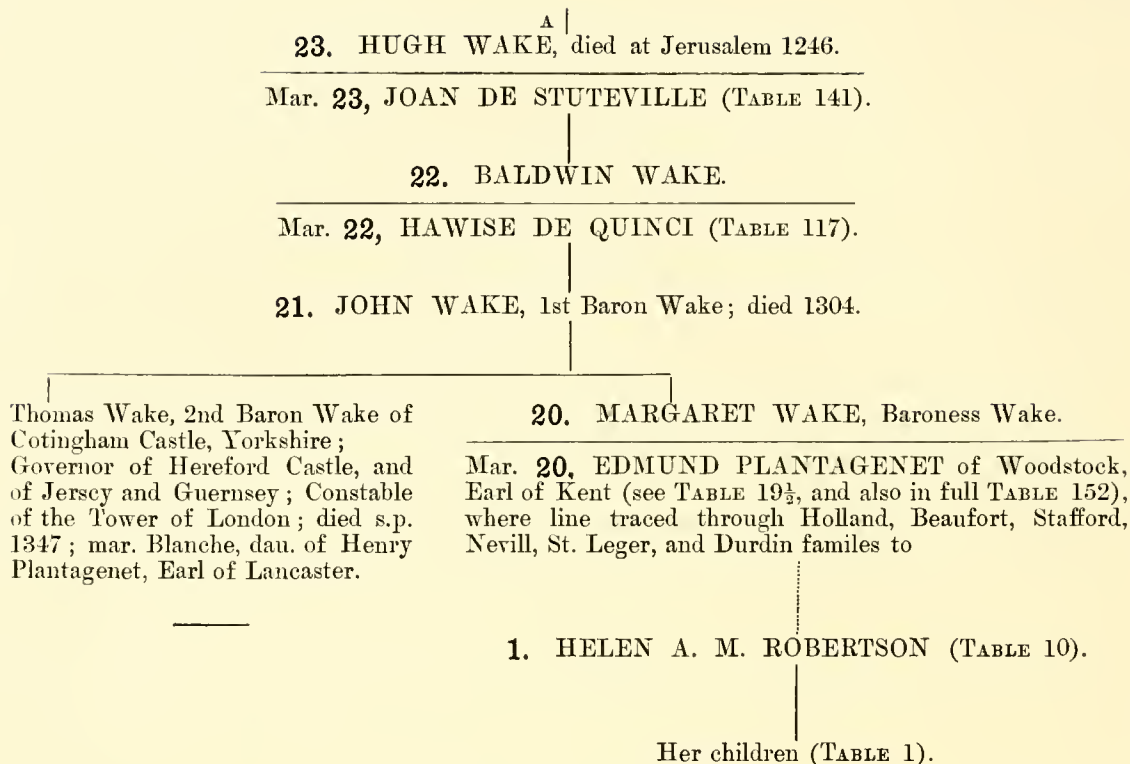
26. BALDWIN WAKE, died 1201.

25. BALDWIN WAKE.

Mar. 25, AGNES, dau. of 26, WILLIAM DE HUMET,
Constable of Normandy; heiress of Winchendon.

24. BALDWIN WAKE, died 1213.

Mar. 24, ISABEL DE BRIWERE (TABLE 128).



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

WAKE.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage.'
 Wotton's 'Baronetage,' i., p. 465.

Table 21.

UFFORD (EARL OF SUFFOLK) FAMILY.

23. JOHN DE PEYTON of Peyton, Suffolk.

|

22. ROBERT DE PEYTON,
 younger son; assumed name of UFFORD from Lordship of Ufford in Suffolk;
 Justice of Ireland, *temp.* Henry III.

Mar. **22**, MARY, widow of William de Say.

|

A

21. SIR ROBERT DE UFFORD, Baron Ufford.

Mar. 21, CECILY DE VALOINES (TABLE 89B).

<p>20. ROBERT DE UFFORD, 2nd Baron Ufford, and 1st Earl of Suffolk, K.G.; fought at Poitiers.</p>	<p>John de Ufford, Archbishop of Canterbury; died 1348.</p>	<p>Ralph de Ufford, Justice of Ireland, <i>temp.</i> Edward III.; mar. (1st wife) Maud, dau. of Henry Plautagenet, Earl of Laucaster, and widow of William de Burgh, Earl of Ulster; (2nd wife) Eve, dau. of John de Clavering.</p>
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Robert, Lord Ufford, died v.p. s.p.; mar. Elizabeth, dau. of Richard, son of Richard, Earl of Arundel.

William de Ufford, 2nd and last Earl of Suffolk, died s.p. 15 Feb. 1381; mar. (1st wife) Joan, dau. of Edward de Montacute; (2nd wife) Isabel, dau. of Thomas de Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick.

Cecilie de Ufford, mar. John, Lord Willoughby d'Eresby.
Catheriue de Ufford, mar. Robert, Lord Seales.

19. MARGARET DE UFFORD, coheiress.

Mar. 19, WILLIAM FERRERS, Lord Ferrers of Groby (Table 15A and in full Table 113), where line traced through Beauchamp, Beaufort, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

DE UFFORD.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Ufford, Earl of Suffolk.

Table 22.

BERKELEY FAMILY.

28. WILLIAM DE BERKELEY, a Saxon, got Berkeley Castle from his uncle Roger de Berkeley, a leader in William the Conqueror's army.

27. HARDING, descended from the Kings of Denmark; called son of the king in D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 605; companion of the Conqueror; held Whitenhort, co. Gloucester; died 6 Nov. 1115.

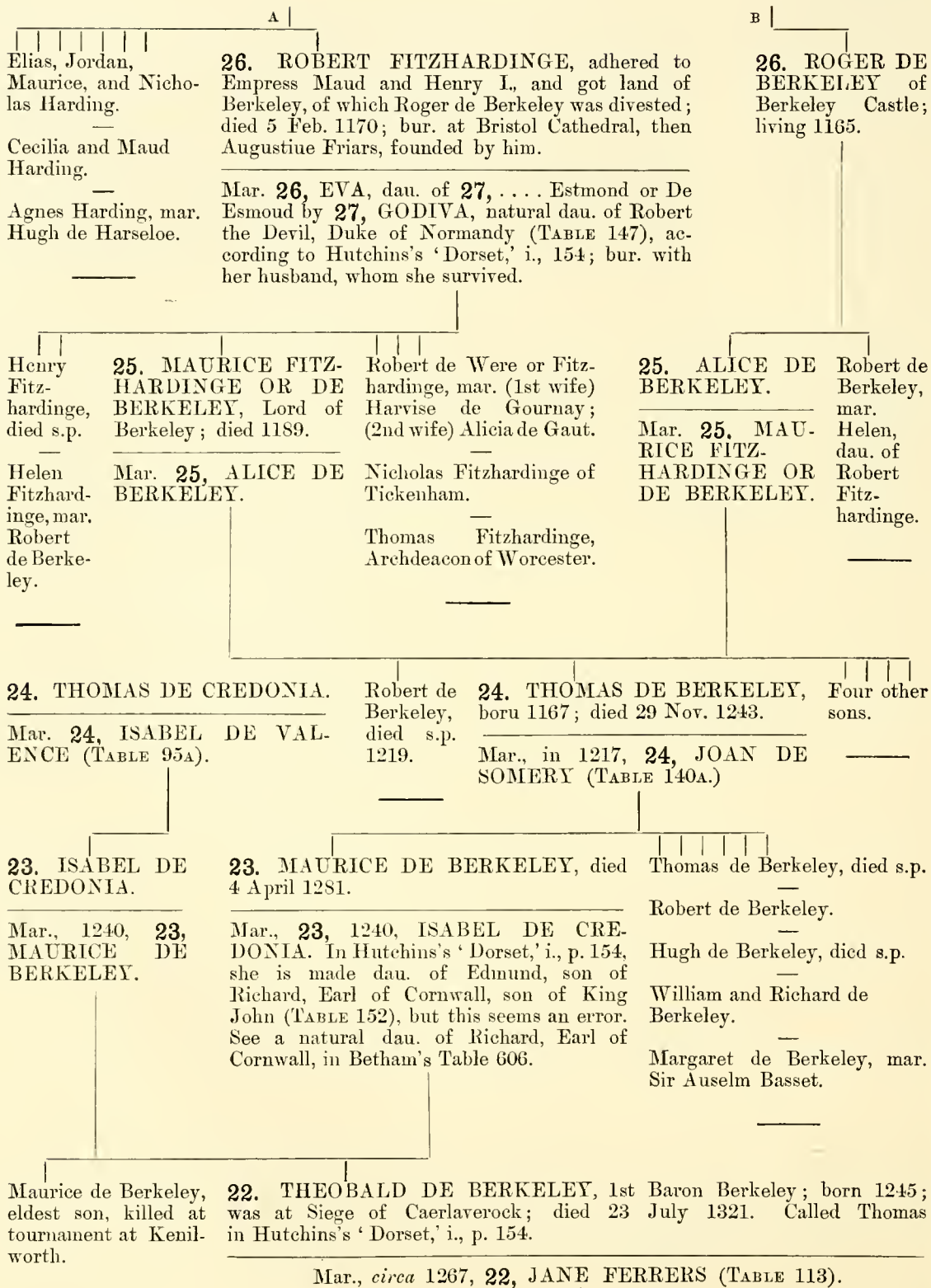
Mar. 27, LYNEDA.

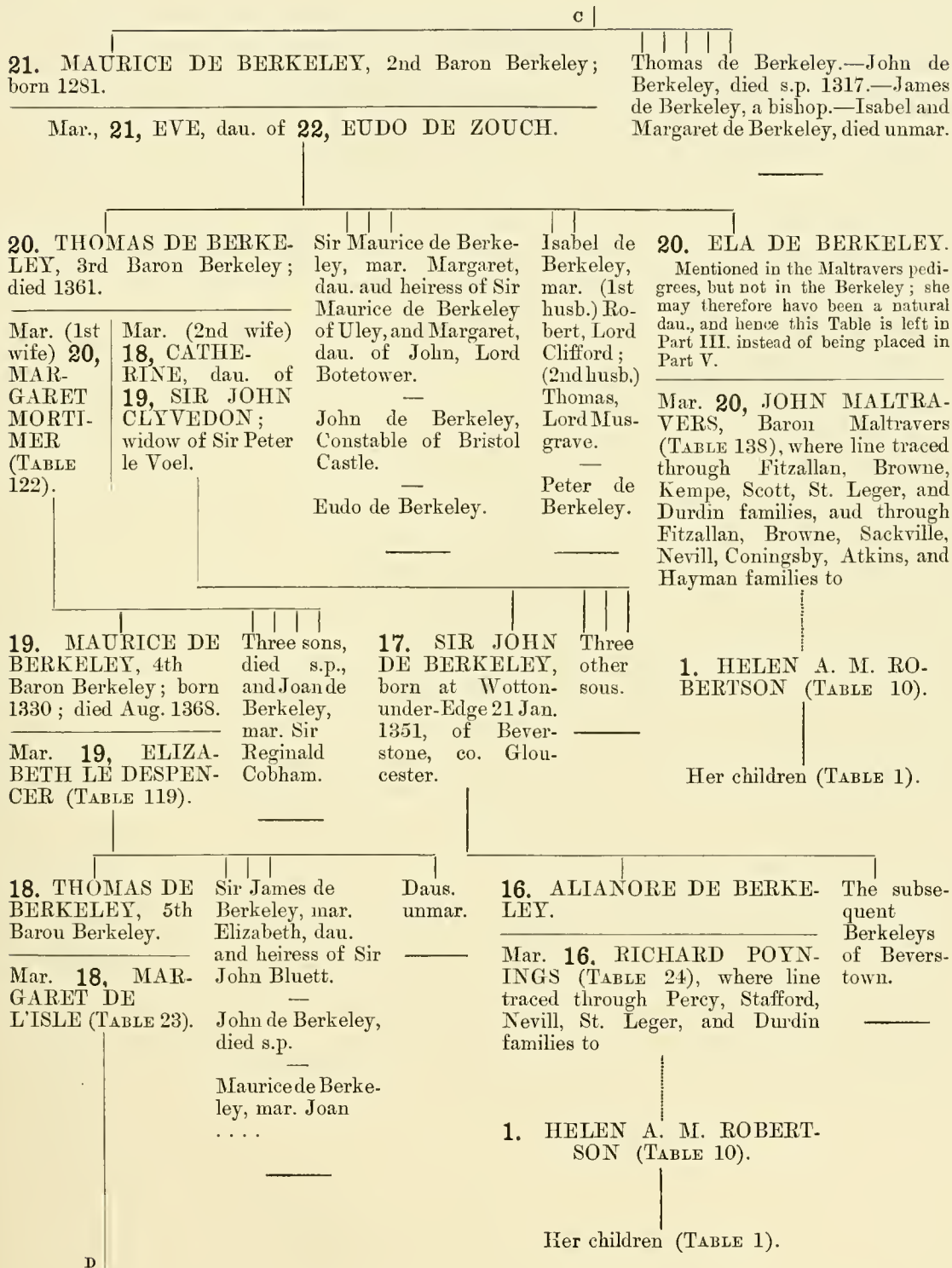
27. ROGER DE BERKELEY of Berkeley Castle; barbarously treated by Walter, brother of Milo, Earl of Hereford (TABLE 107); called his kinsman by consanguinity.

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17. ELIZABETH DE BERKELEY,

only dau. and heiress, said to be properly Baroness de L'Isle and Berkeley, these baronies being now in abeyance between her daus. (Burke's 'Extinct Peerage').

Mar. 17, RICHARD BEAUCHAMP, Earl of Warwick (Table 15½, and in full Table 102), where line traced through Beaufort, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

BERKELEY.

- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Berkeley, Viscount Berkeley, etc.
 Collins's 'Peerage,' Berkeley, Earl Berkeley, iii., p. 591.
 Hutchins's 'Dorset,' i., p. 154.
 Burke's 'Peerage,' Earl Berkeley.
 D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 605.
 Rudder's 'Gloucestershire,' pp. 272-9.
 Collinson's 'Somersetshire,' ii., p. 281, and iii., p. 275.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON

(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 23.

DE L'ISLE FAMILY.

23. . . . DE L'ISLE.

Name omitted in pedigree in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 21.

Mar. 23, ALICE FITZGERALD (TABLE 132).

22. ROBERT DE L'ISLE.

22. HENRY DE TEYES, TYES, OR TYAS,

Baron, by that name held Shirebourn, Oxon; Mosehole, Cornwall; and Hordewell, Berks.

21. WARINE DE L'ISLE, Baron de L'Isle, Governor of Windsor Castle 1309; took part with Thomas, Earl of Lancaster, and hanged at York 1321.

According to a pedigree in Harleian Society, xvi., p. 246, Percy, which omits his son and grandson, his parents were Sir Waren Gerald and Margaret, dau. and sole heiress of Lord Lysley (Lisle). Although this would account for the Barony of L'Isle coming into his family, it is impossible to say when this Sir Waren Gerald comes into the family, unless he ought to take the place of the Robert mentioned without surname in the pedigree in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 737, who is here given as father of this Warine.

21. ALICE DE TYAS, ultimate heiress of Barony of Tyas.

Henry de Tyas, took part with Thomas, Earl of Lancaster, and executed at London 1322.

Mar. 21, WARINE DE L'ISLE.

Mar. 21, ALICE DE TYAS.

20. GERALD DE L'ISLE, Baron de L'Isle and Tyas; died 1261.

Mar. 20, ELIZABETH, widow of Edmund St. John.

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19. WARINÉ DE L'ISLE,
 Baron de L'Isle and Tyas ; of full age at his father's death ; died 28 June 1383.

Mar. **19,** MARGARET, dau. of **20,** WILLIAM PIPARD.

Gerard de L'Isle, died s.p. | **18. MARGARET DE L'ISLE,** born 1361 ; heiress of the Baronies of Lisle and Tyas.
 ——— Mar. **18,** THOMAS DE BERKELEY, Lord Berkeley (TABLE 22), where line traced through Beauchamp, Beaufort, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and Poynings, Percy, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

TEYES OR TYAS.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 21, Tyes.

DE L'ISLE.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i, p. 737, L'Isle.

Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' p. 246, Percy.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' L'Isle, Baron de L'Isle.

And see authorities cited for De Courey (Table 78).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
 (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 24.

POYNINGS FAMILY.

28. ADAM DE POYNINGS OR POININGS of Poynings, Sussex, *temp.* Henry II.

|
 ——— William de Poynings. John de Poynings.

27. ADAM DE POYNINGS. |
 ——— **26. MICHAEL DE POYNINGS,** son of the eldest brother ; living 1203-16.

|
25. THOMAS DE POYNINGS.

|
24. SIR LUKE POYNINGS, Lord of Crawley, Surrey.

Mar. **24,** ISABEL D'AGUILLON (TABLE 123A).

|
23. SIR MICHAEL POYNINGS.

|
22. THOMAS POYNINGS, living 1294.

|
 ——— **21. SIR MICHAEL POYNINGS,** *temp.* Edward I. and II. Lucas Poynings.

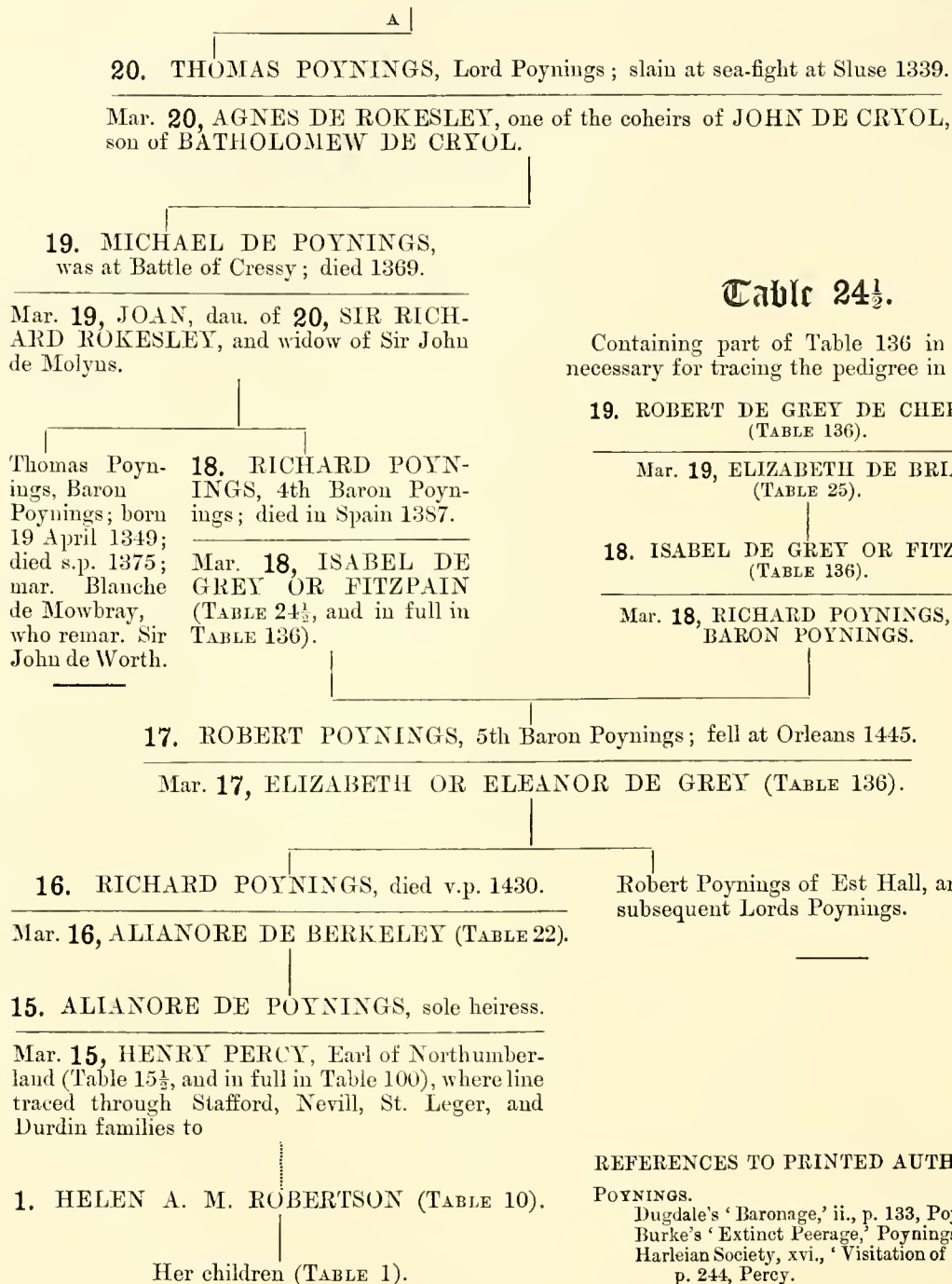


Table 24½.

Containing part of Table 136 in Part V., necessary for tracing the pedigree in this part.

19. ROBERT DE GREY DE CHERLTON (TABLE 136).

Mar. 19, ELIZABETH DE BRIAN (TABLE 25).

18. ISABEL DE GREY OR FITZPAIN (TABLE 136).

Mar. 18, RICHARD POYNINGS, 4TH BARON POYNINGS.

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

POYNINGS.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 133, Poynings.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Poynings.

Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' p. 244, Percy.

Table 25.

BRYAN FAMILY.

23. SIR GUY DE BRIAN OR BRYENNE,

settled in the Marches of Wales; was at the Battle of Lewes on the side of Simon de Montfort; died 1306.

Mar. Eve, dau. and sole heir of Henry Traci. | Mar.

Maud de Brian, mar. Nicholas
Martin, Baron de Kemeys.

22. GUY DE BRYAN,
Governor of Hereford Castle; became of unsonnd mind.

Mar. 22, WENTHLYON.

21. GUY DE BRYAN,
Lord of Chastel Walweyn; Governor of St. Briant's Castle, and Warder of the
Forest of Dean.

Two daus.

20. GUY DE BRYAN,
Lord Bryan; born 1300; created K.G. 1370; died 1390.

Mar. 20, AGNES DE MONTACUTE (TABLE 26).

Guy de Bryan,
died v.p. Will
in 'Collectanea
Topograp. et
Geneal.' iii.,
p. 253.

William
and
Philip de
Bryan,
died s.p.

19. ELIZABETH DE BRYAN.

She is often called an heiress, but this is probably only because her husband was made heir by his brother-in-law Lord Fitzpain, and in Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Baronage,' ii., p. 64, note, it is suggested that she and her sister Ela were daus. of her grandfather Guy, but this is disproved by the papers in 'Collectanea Topograp. et Geneal.'

Ela de Bryan,
mar. Robert
Fitzpain, Lord
Fitzpain, died
1354, making
his brother-in-
law Robert de
Grey his heir.

Mar. 19, ROBERT DE GREY (Table 24½ in Table 24, and in full in Table 136), where line traced through Poynings, Percy, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

BRYAN.

Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Baronage,' ii., p. 63, Bryan.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 151, Bryan.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Bryan.

'Collectanea Topograp. et Geneal.' iii., p. 250.

Hutchins's 'Dorset,' i., p. 448.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1)

Table 26.

MONTACUTE (EARL OF SALISBURY) FAMILY.

DRU OR DROGO DE MONTACUTE,

came to England at the time of the Conquest with Robert, Earl of Moreton, and held various manors in Somersetshire 1086. His descendant was—

24. WILLIAM DE MONTACUTE.

23. WILLIAM DE MONTACUTE,
living 1257.

23. FERGUS,
King of Man, descended from ORRY, King of Denmark.

22. SIMON DE MONTACUTE, Lord Montacute of Perdyngton Castle, Somerset; Governor of Corfe Castle, Dorset, and Beaumanris, Anglesea; an Admiral; died 1316.

22. AUFRICK OF MAN. Orry, King of Man, called 1st Prince of Man of the Danish Dynasty in H. A. Bullock's 'History of Isle of Man,' p. 5, and said to have conquered the Orkneys, and then settled in Man about 940.

Mar. 22, AUFRICK of Man.

But this marriage is attributed to his son William as a first marriage in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 643.

21. WILLIAM DE GRANDISON, 1st Baron Grandison; brother of Sir Otho de Grandison, Baron Grandison; died before 1335.

Mar. 21, SIBILLA, dan. of 22, SIR JOHN DE TREGOR.

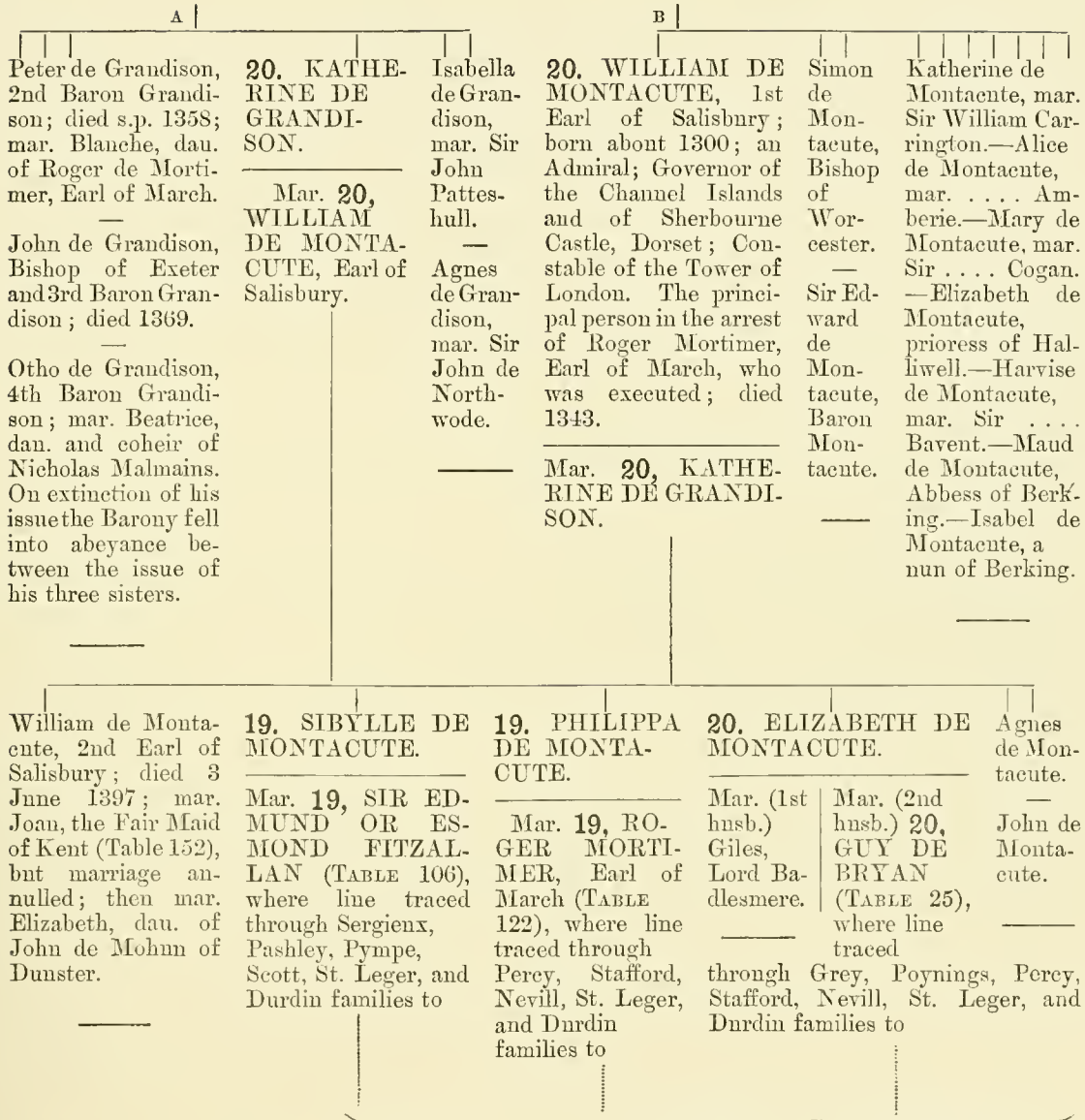
21. WILLIAM DE MONTACUTE, 2nd Lord Montacute of Kersyngton Castle, Oxon; Governor of Berkhamstead Castle; died 1319; buried at Christchurch Cathedral, Oxford, then St. Frideswide's.

Mar. 21, ELIZABETH, dau. of 22, SIR PETER MONTFORT of Beaudesert, and sister of John de Montfort; she remar. Thomas, Lord Furnival.

Simon de Montacute, mar. Harvise, dau. of Almeric, Lord St. Amand.

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REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

MONTACUTE.

- Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i, p. 643, Montacute.
- Lipscombe's 'Buckinghamshire,' ii., p. 75.
- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Montacute, Earl of Salisbury.
- Clutterbuck's 'Herts.,' i, p. 481.

GRANDISON.

- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Grandison, Baron Grandison.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 27.

GALLOWAY FAMILY.

27. FERGUS,

Regulus or Kinglet of Galloway; defeated by King Malcolm IV. the Maiden, and became a monk at Holyrood (Fordun's 'Annals,' iii.). Skene's edition of Fordun, ii., p. 430, notes that we have no hint as to his parentage.

Mar. 27, a natural dau. of Henry I. of England, whose ancestors are traced in Table 152 (Robertson's 'Scotland under her Early Kings,' citing Hoveden, Rolls edition, ii., p. 63, note).

<p>26. UCHTRED OF GALLOWAY, given as a hostage to King Malcolm IV. (Fordun's 'Annals,' iii., where he is called Vithred); murdered his brother Gilbert, and was afterwards himself mutilated (Benedict of Peterborough, Rolls edition, i., p. 80; Hoveden, Rolls edition, ii., p. 69).</p>	<p>Gilbert, murdered by his brother Uchtred.</p>	<p>Alfreea or Effrica, mar. Olaf Gnd-rodson, King of Man (Table 2).</p>
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25. ROLAND OF GALLOWAY,

called ROTHOLAND in Fordun's 'Annals,' xxxi., 'Liber Pluscardensis,' book vii., cap. x.; after the death of his uncle Gilbert in 1185, he seized the whole of Galloway (Benedict of Peterborough, Rolls edition, i., p. 339); died 1199 ('Annals of Loch Ce,' Rolls edition, i., p. 207).

<p>24. ALAN THE GREAT OF GALLOWAY, said to be the first who was called Steward of Scotland in 'Liber Pluscardensis,' but probably confused with the Allan, ancestor of the Stewart family of Scotland and Fitzallans of England; in the same place he is also called Constable of Scotland. Plundered the Isle of Man with his brother Thomas in 1228 ('Chronicon Manniæ'); died 1234; bur. at Dundraynam ('Chronicon de Mailros,' 1234).</p>	<p>A dan., mar., 1231, Walter de Bisset ('Liber Pluscardensis,' book vii., cap. x.).</p>	<p>Thomas of Galloway, Earl of Athol jur. ux. In Johnstone's 'Antiq. Celtic Norman,' p. 78, and 'Chronicon Manniæ,' he is called son of Alan Mac Uchtred, possibly confusing him with his nephew Thomas. Died 1231; bur. at Abbey of Cupar ('Chronicon de Mailros,' 1231; 'Liber Pluscardensis,' book vii., cap. x.); mar. Isabella de Atholia, dan. of Henry, 3rd Celtic Earl of Athol (Table 3). Their son Patrick, Earl of Athol, burnt to death in 1241 ('Chronicon de Mailros,' Bannatyne Club edition).</p>
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<p>A mistress.</p>	<p>Mar. (1st wife) 24, name unknown (notes to Skene's Fordun's 'Annals,' vol. ii., p. 437, and to Wyntoun, 'Scotch Historians' edition, vol. iii., p. 278).</p>	<p>Mar. (2nd wife) 24, MARGARET OF HUNTINGDON (TABLE 3), brought claims to Scotch throne to her descendants the Balliols.</p>
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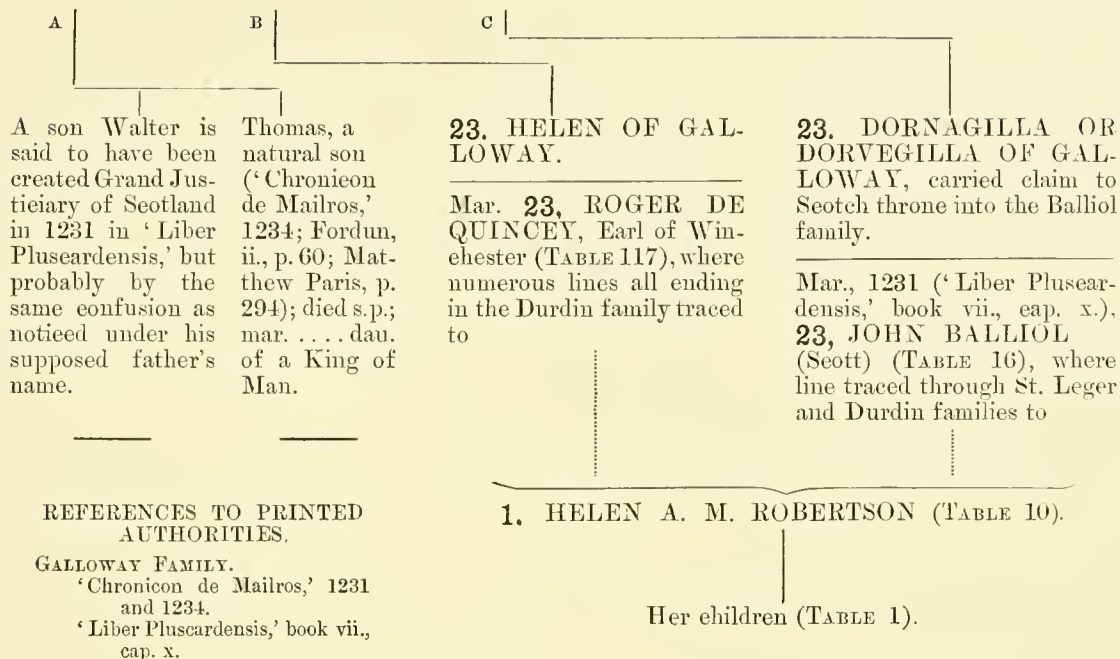
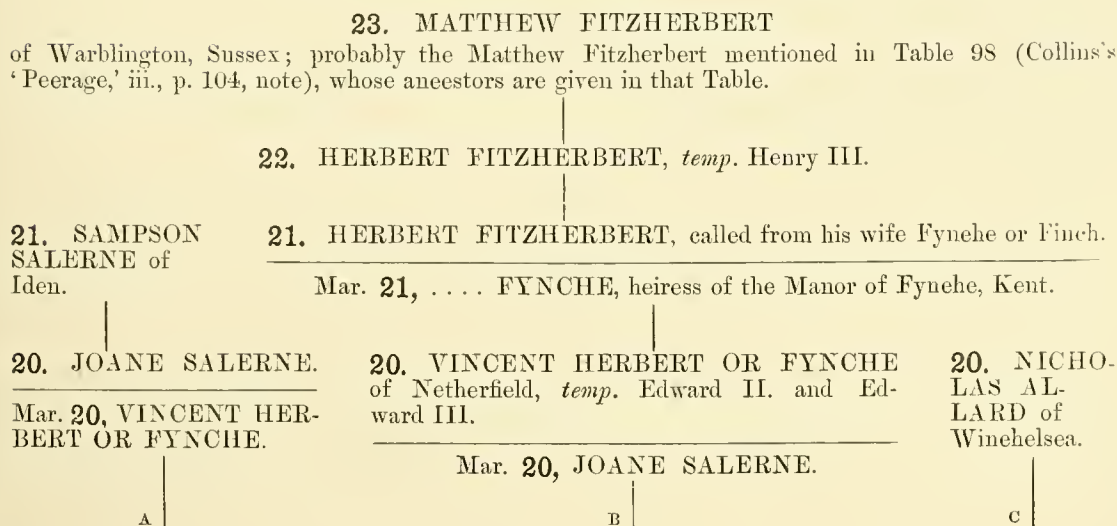
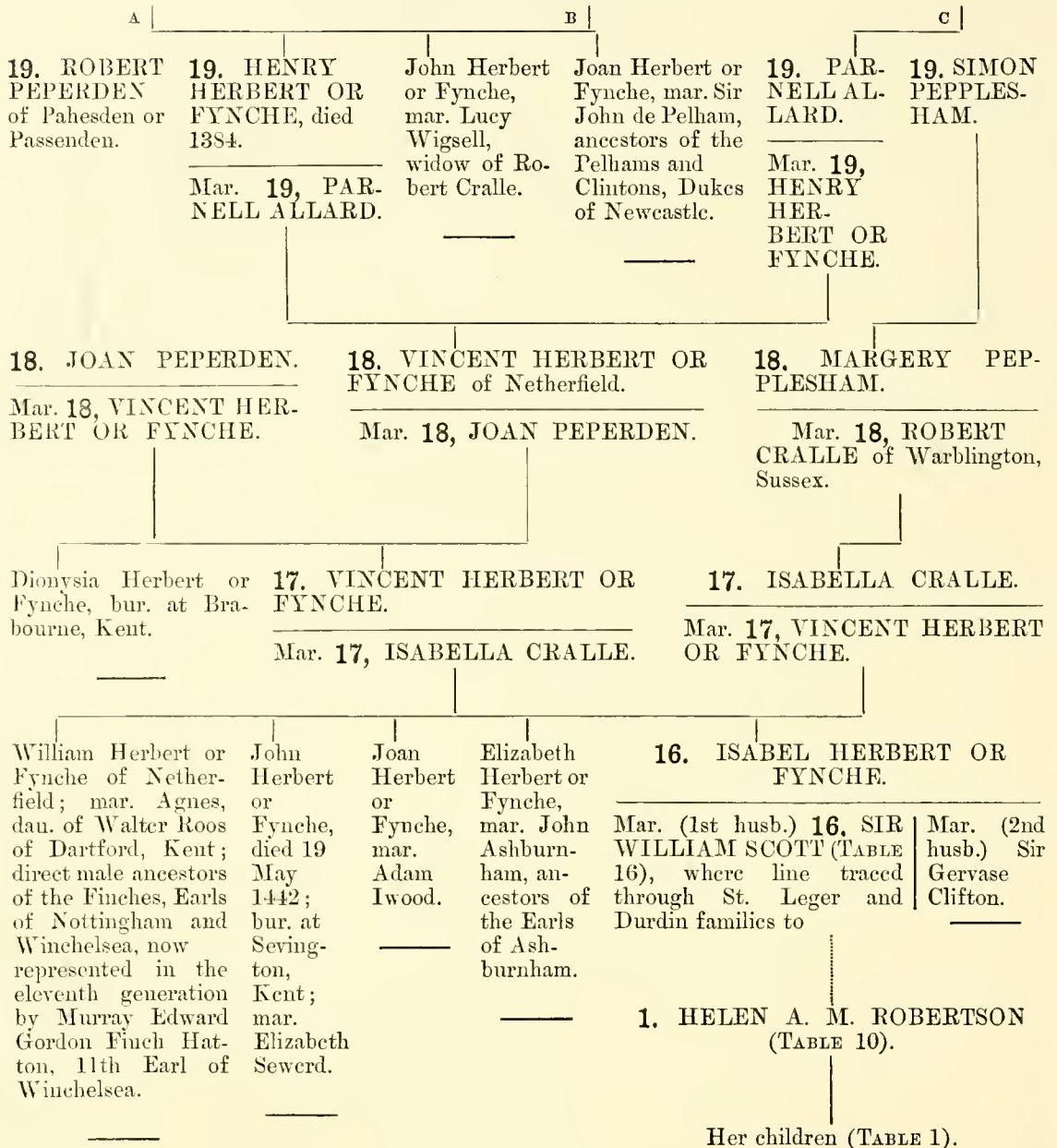


Table 28.

HERBERT OR FINCH FAMILY.





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- HERBERT OR FYNCHÉ (FINCH).
 J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 105.
 Berry's 'Sussex Genealogies,' Finch.
 Collins's 'Peerage,' iii., p. 371, Earl of Winchelsea.

Table 29.

BEAUFITZ FAMILY.

20. ROGER DE BEAUFITZ,

Lord of the Manor of Acton in Charing, Kent, *temp.* Henry III.

19. . . . DE BEAUFITZ.

18. ROBERT DE BEAUFITZ, bur. at Gillingham, Kent.

Mar. (1st wife) 18, JOAN, widow of Roger de Twidale. | Mar. (2nd wife) Sarah . . . ; died 1395.

17. JOHN DE BEAUFITZ, died 15 Nov. 1427; bur. at Gillingham.

William de Beaufitz, Rector of Halstow, Kent; died 19 May 1433; bur. at Gillingham.

Mar. 17, ISABELLA . . . died 30 Dec. 1419.

John de Beaufitz. Will dated 22 Nov. 1433.

16. WILLIAM DE BEAUFITZ.

Mar. 16, ELIZABETH . . .

15. ANN BEAUFITZ.

Mar. 15, SIR JOHN SCOTT (TABLE 16), where line traced through St. Leger and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

BEAUFITZ.

J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 124.

Table 30.

LEWKNOR FAMILY.

21. SIR NICHOLAS DE LEWKNOR,
Lord of the Manor of Rayne, Essex; Keeper of the
Wardrobe to Henry III.; died 1268.

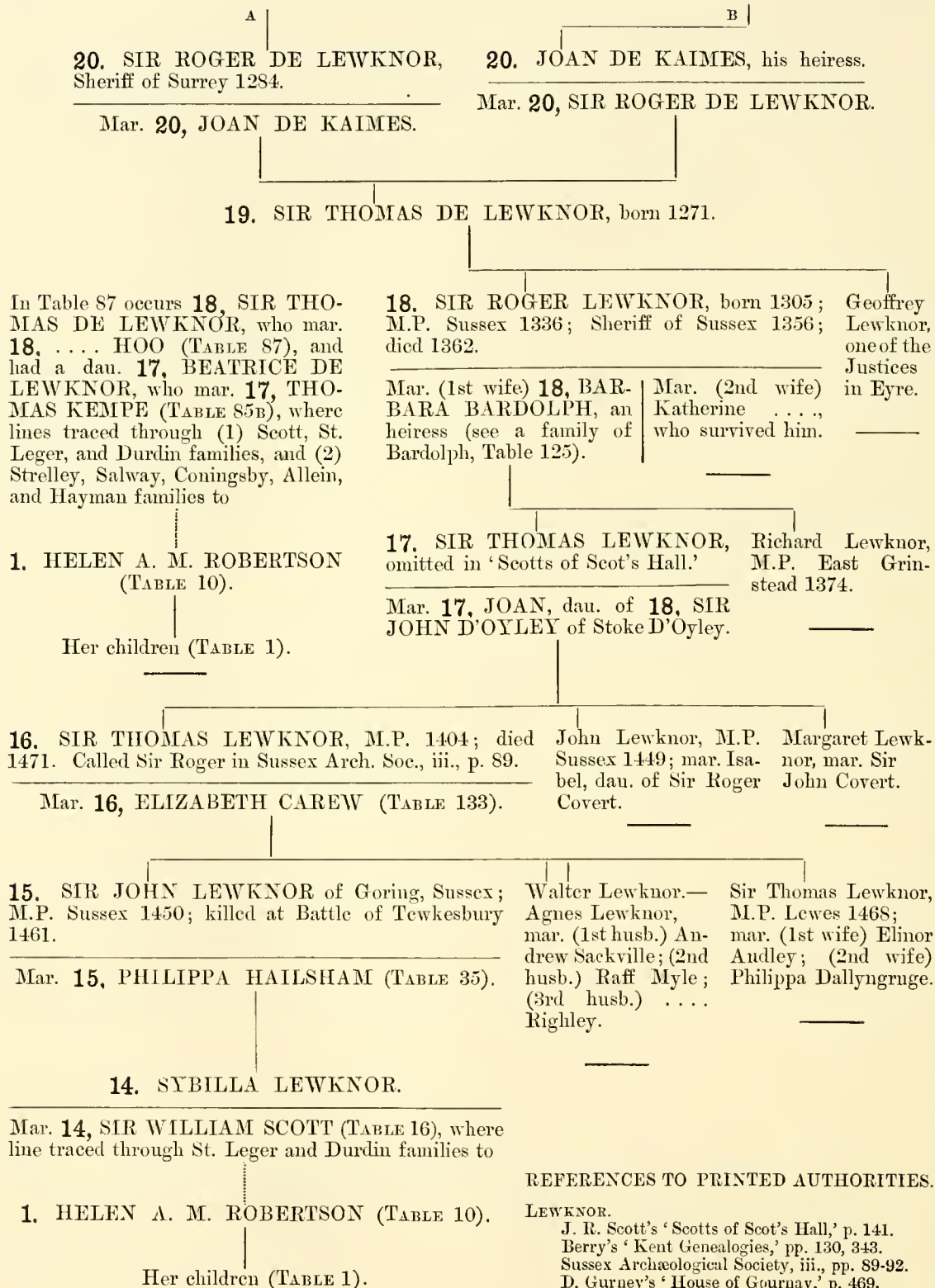
But see as to this generation Morant's 'Essex,' ii., p. 401.

21. RICHARD DE KAIMES OR
CHENES OR KAYNES of Horsted
Keynes, Sussex.

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REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

LEWKNOR.

- J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 141.
 Berry's 'Kent Genealogies,' pp. 130, 343.
 Sussex Archaeological Society, iii., pp. 89-92.
 D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 469.

Table 31.

PYMPE FAMILY.

19. SIR PHILIP DE PYMPE of Pympe's Court, East Farleigh.

Mar. (1st wife) 19, ALICE | Mar. (2nd wife) Joan

Sir Thomas de
Pympe.

18. SIR WILLIAM DE PYMPE, Sheriff of Kent 37, 45, and 49 Edward III.;
died 1376.

Mar. (1st wife) Margaret de Cobham. | Mar. (2nd wife) 18, ELIZABETH
WHETHILL (TABLE 89D).

17. REGINALD DE PYMPE, Sheriff
of Kent 1372, 1376, and 1419; died 1438.

William de Pympe.

Richard de Pympe.

Joan de
Pympe.

16. JOHN DE PYMPE, died 1422.

15. JOHN DE PYMPE

of Pympe's Court and Nettleded, Kent. Will dated 1479.

Mar. 15, PHILIPPA

John Pympe. Some of his letters
dated 1477 among the 'Paston
Letters,' Fenn's edition, pp. 227,
235; another in American edition
1875.

14. REYNOLD PYMPE,
often called REGINALD.

Mar. 14, ELIZABETH
PASHLEY (TABLE 39).

Anne Pympe, mar. Sir Richard
Guildeford, K.G. (Hasted's
'Kent,' 1886, i., p. xvii). An-
cestors of Lady Jane Grey's
husband.

13. ANNE PYMPE,

heiress of the Manor of Clapham, Surrey, from her maternal great-uncle John Gower, whose
attainder she got reversed in 1485 (Manning and Bray's 'Surrey,' iii., p. 361; J. W. Grover's 'Old
Clapham,' p. 32).

Mar. 13, SIR JOHN SCOTT (TABLE 16), where line traced through St. Leger and Durdin
families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

PYMPE.

J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 153.
Hasted's 'Kent,' ii., p. 286.

Table 32.

SMYTHE FAMILY.

13. ROBERT BROUNCKER of Melksham, Wilts.

12. JOHN SMYTHE of Corsham, Wilts; died 1538.

12. JOAN BROUNCKER.

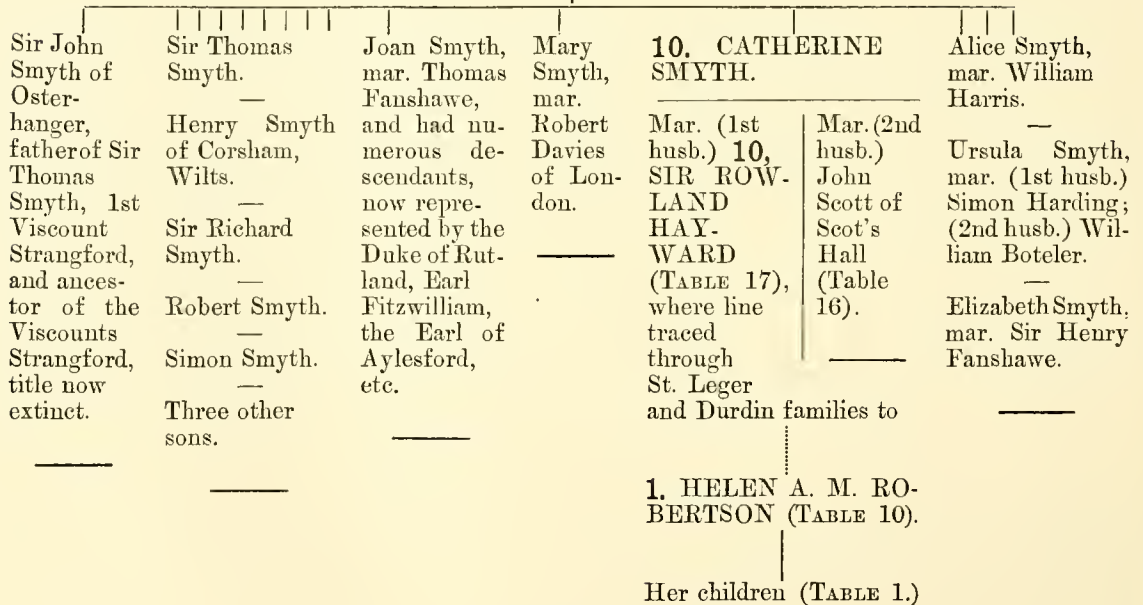
Mar. 12, JOAN BROUNCKER.

Mar. 12, JOHN SMYTHE.

11. THOMAS SMYTH

of Osterhanger, now Westerhanger, Kent; born 1522; called Sir Thomas in 'Remembrancia of London'; Farmer of the Customs of the Port of London, and hence known as "Customer Smyth"; died 1591; bur. at Ashford, Kent (Inscript., Martin's 'Leeds Castle,' p. 157).

Mar. 11, ALICE JUDGE (TABLE 33).



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

SMYTH.

- 'History of Leeds Castle,' by C. W. Martin, 1867, p. 157.
 J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' 1876, p. 222.
 Hasted's 'Kent,' iii., p. 249 *et passim*.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Smyth, Viscount Strangford.
 'Annals of St. Helen's, Bishopsgate,' by Rev. John E. Cox, 1876.
 'Stemmata Chicheliana,' *passim*.

Table 33.

JUDDE, CHICHE, AND CHICHELE FAMILIES.

17. WILLIAM PYNCHON.

16. WILLIAM APULDERFIELD of Otterply, Challock, Kent. The pedigree of the Apulderfields is given in the 'Topographer and Genealogist,' iii., pp. 178-207, and in Hasted's 'Kent,' vol. i., *passim*, ii., p. 686, but the connection is uncertain (see special note in the 'Topographer and Genealogist,' iii., p. 200).

16. THOMAS CHICHELE of Higham Ferrars, Northamptonshire; died 25 Feb. 1400; bur. at Higham Ferrars (Inscrip., Gough's 'Monuments,' ii., p. 130).

16. AGNES PYNCHON, bur. at Higham Ferrars with her husband (Inscrip., Gough, ii., p. 130).

Mar. 16, AGNES PYNCHON.

Mar. 16, THOMAS CHICHELE.

15. AGNES APULDERFIELD.

Henry Chichele, born *circa* 1362 (Gough's 'Sepulchral Monuments,' ii., p. 130); Archbishop of Canterbury; Founder of All Souls' College, Oxford; died 1443; bur. at Canterbury (Mon. and Inscrip., Gough, ii., p. 130; Life by Dr. Spenser).

15. SIR ROBERT CHICHELE, Lord Mayor of London 1411 and 1421; died 1440 (Life in J. B. Heath's 'Grocers' Company,' 1854, pp. 208-211).

William Chichele, Sheriff of London 1410; died 1425; bur. at Higham Ferrars (Inscrip., Gough, p. 80); left numerous issue (see 'Stemmata Chicheliana'); now represented by Dukes of Norfolk, Portland, and Devonshire.

Mar. 15, SIR ROBERT CHICHELE.

Mar. 15, AGNES APULDERFIELD.

Cecilia Chichele, mar. Thomas Toke of Bere, Dover (Berry's 'Kent Genealogies,' p. 167).

14. PHILIPPA CHICHELE.

Mar. 14, VALENTINE OR ALLAN CHICHE of Kent, of a family frequently mentioned in Hasted's 'Kent.'

13. MARGARET CHICHE.

14. EMELYN CHICHE.

Mar. (1st husb.) . . . Cloville.

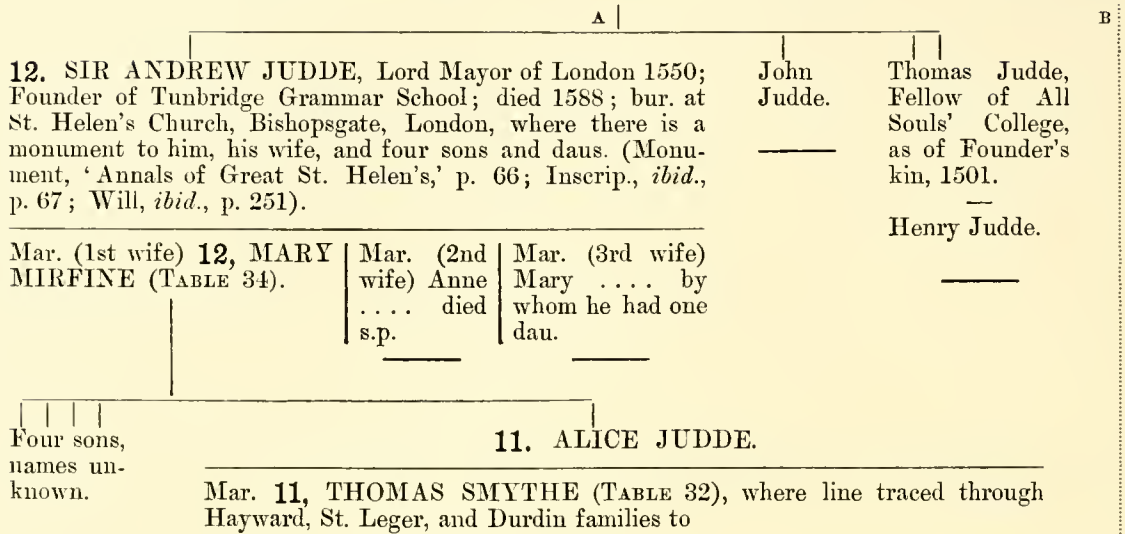
Mar. (2nd husb.) 13, JOHN JUDDE of Tunbridge, Kent.

Mar. 14, SIR THOMAS KEMPE (TABLE 85B), where line traced through Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

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REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

JUDDE.

'Annals of St. Helen's, Bishopsgate,' by Rev. John E. Cox, 1876, p. 247.

CHICHELE AND DESCENDANTS.

'Stemmata Chicheliana,' 1765.

Wood's 'History and Antiquities of Oxford,' 1786, p. 259.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1):

Table 34.

MIRFINE FAMILY.

14. GEORGE MURFYN or
MIRFINE of Ely.

14. SIR ANGEL DOON OR DON OR DOM,
Alderman of London.

Mar. **14**, HAWARDINE of the ancient Cheshire
House of Hawardine.

13. SIR THOMAS MIRFINE, Lord Mayor of
London 1518.

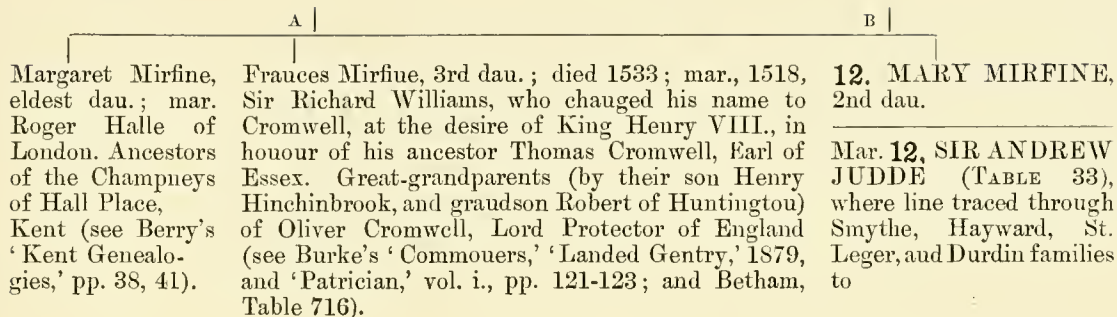
13. ELIZABETH DOM.

Mar. **13**, SIR THOMAS MIRFINE.

Mar. **13**, ELIZABETH DOM.

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REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

MIRFINE AND DOM.

Berry's 'Kent Genealogies,' under Champneys, pp. 38, 41.
 Burke's 'Commoners,' and Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1879, under Cromwell.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 35.

HAILSHAM FAMILY.

18. ROBERT HAILSHAM, HALSHAM, OR ALLSHAM, Seneschal of the Duke of Norfolk.

Mar. 18, APPLYSHAM, heiress.

17. JOHN THORLEGH of East Grinstead, Kent.

17. SIR JOHN HAILSHAM; died 1415.

Mar. (1st wife) 17, PHILIPPA OF STRATHBOGIE OR ATHOL (TABLE 36).
 Mar. (2nd wife) Matilda Manley, and left issue by her.

16. . . . THORLEGH.

16. RICHARD HAILSHAM. Sir Hugh Hailsham of West Grinstead, Sussex; died s.p.; mar. (1st wife) Joyce, dau. of Sir John Culpeper; (2nd wife) Petronilla . . .
 Philippa Hailsham, mar. Thomas Falconer, Lord Mayor of Loudou.

Mar. 16, RICHARD HAILSHAM.

15. JOHANNA HAILSHAM; bur. at Ashford, Kent.

Mar. 15, SIR JOHN LEWKNOR (TABLE 30), where line traced through Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

HAILSHAM.
 J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 141.

Table 36.

STRATHBOGIE (EARL OF ATHOL) FAMILY.

30. MACDUFF,

Thane of Fife; Leader of the revolt against Macbeth; created Earl of Fife by Malcolm III.; Skene, in his edition of Fordun, ii., p. 422, appears to doubt the existence of this personage, whom he considers to have been invented by Fordun, although he treats the family as bearing the name of Macduff.

29. DUNFAGGAN, 2nd Earl of Fife.

28. CONSTANTINE,

3rd Earl of Fife; died *circa* 1127. Skene (Fordun, ii., p. 422) considers this Earl of Fife was of a different family, and not father of Gillmichael.

27. GILLMICHAEL,

4th Earl of Fife. Skene (Fordun, ii., p. 422) considers he was really the 1st Earl of Fife of this family.

Afreka, mar. Harold Maddadson, Earl of Orkney.

26. DUNCAN, 5th Earl of Fife.

25. DUNCAN, 6th Earl of Fife.

24. SIR DAVID HASTINGS, 7th Earl of Athol in right of his wife; died at Carthage, near Tunis, when fighting with St. Louis, 1265 ('Liber Pluscardensis,' book vii., cap. xxvii.; see, too, Chronicles of Melrose, 1269, and Fordun's 'Annals,' p. 60). See another family of Hastings, Table 137.

Malcolm,
7th Earl
of Fife.

24. DAVID
OF STRATH-
BOLGIE OR
STRATH-
BOGIE,
which he ob-
tained from his
father.

Mar. 24, FERNELITH OF ATHOL (TABLE 3).

23. ADA DE HASTINGS, COUNTESS
OF ATHOL.

23. JOHN OF STRATHBOLGIE, 8th Earl of
Athol in right of his wife.

Mar. 23, JOHN OF STRATHBOLGIE.

Mar. 23, ADA, COUNTESS OF ATHOL.

A |

B |

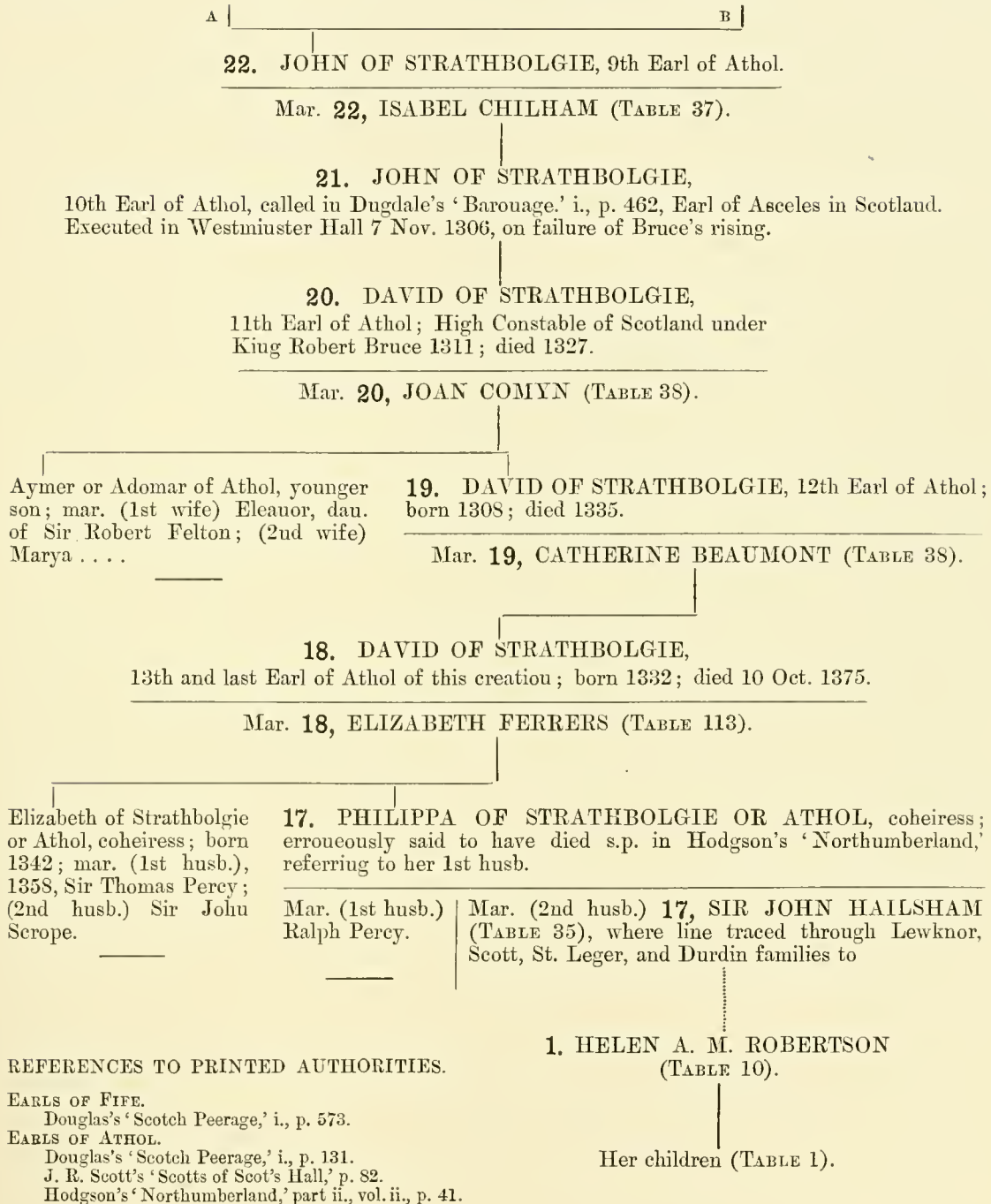


Table 37.

CHILHAM FAMILY.

24. ROGER DE CHILHAM of Chilham Castle, Kent.

23. RICHARD CHILHAM

of Chilham Castle; called uatural son of King John in Hodgson's 'Northumberland,' part ii., vol. ii., p. 41, thus confusing him with his wife's second husband.

Mar. 23, ROESE DE DOVER (TABLE 90).

Richard de
Chilham,
died s.p.;
mar. Joau
. . . ., died
1303.

22. ISABEL CHILHAM, 2ud dau. and coheir.

Mar. 22, JOHN DE STRATHBOGIE, Earl of Athol
(TABLE 36), where line traced through Hailsham, Lewk-
nor, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

Mar. (2nd husb.) Alex-
ander de Balliol.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

CHILHAM.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 461.
Hasted's 'Kent,' i., p. 190.
Hodgson's 'Northumberland,' part ii.,
vol. ii., p. 41.

Table 38.

COMYN FAMILY.

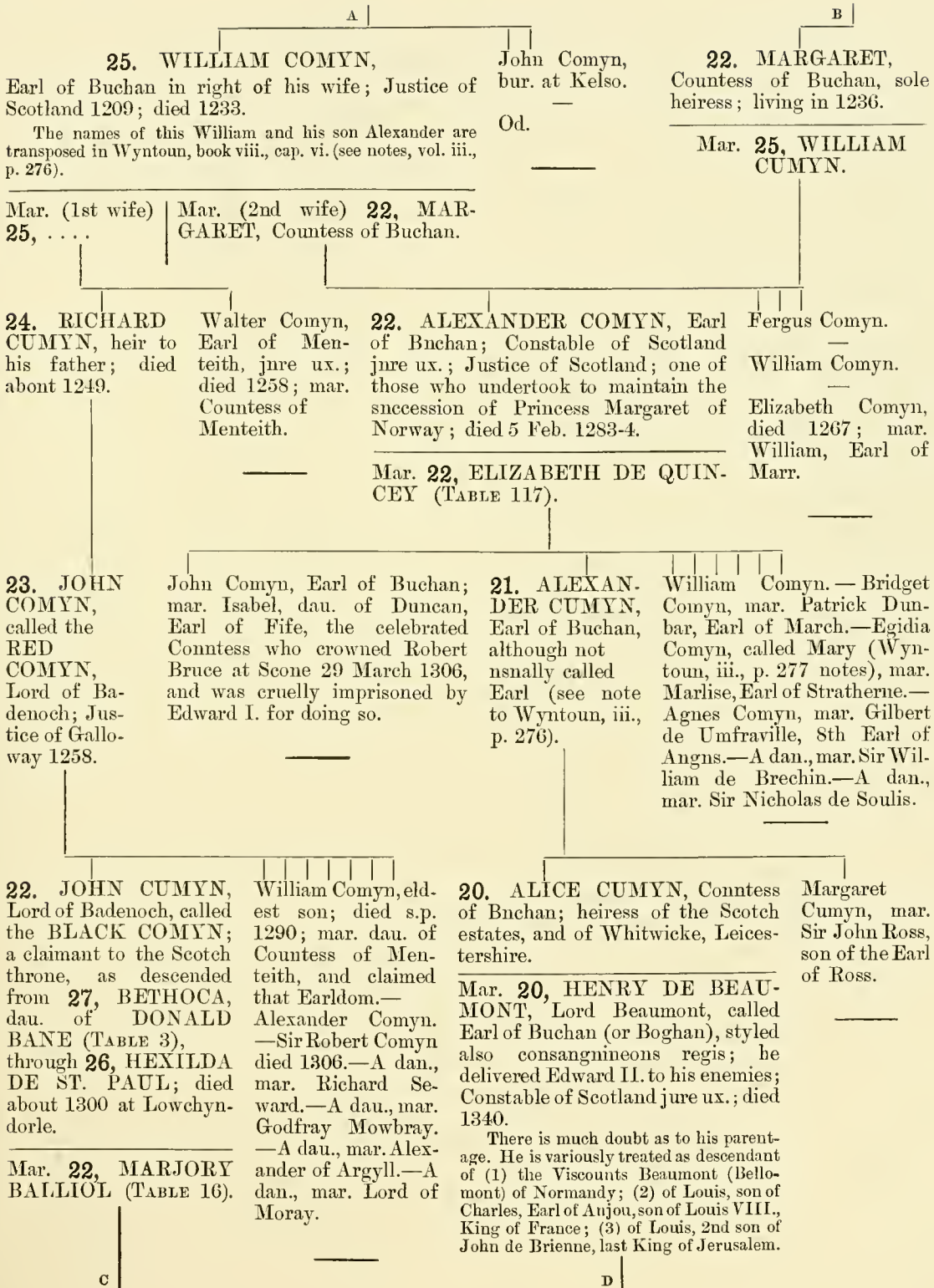
26. WILLIAM CUMYN OR COMYN (CUMMING),

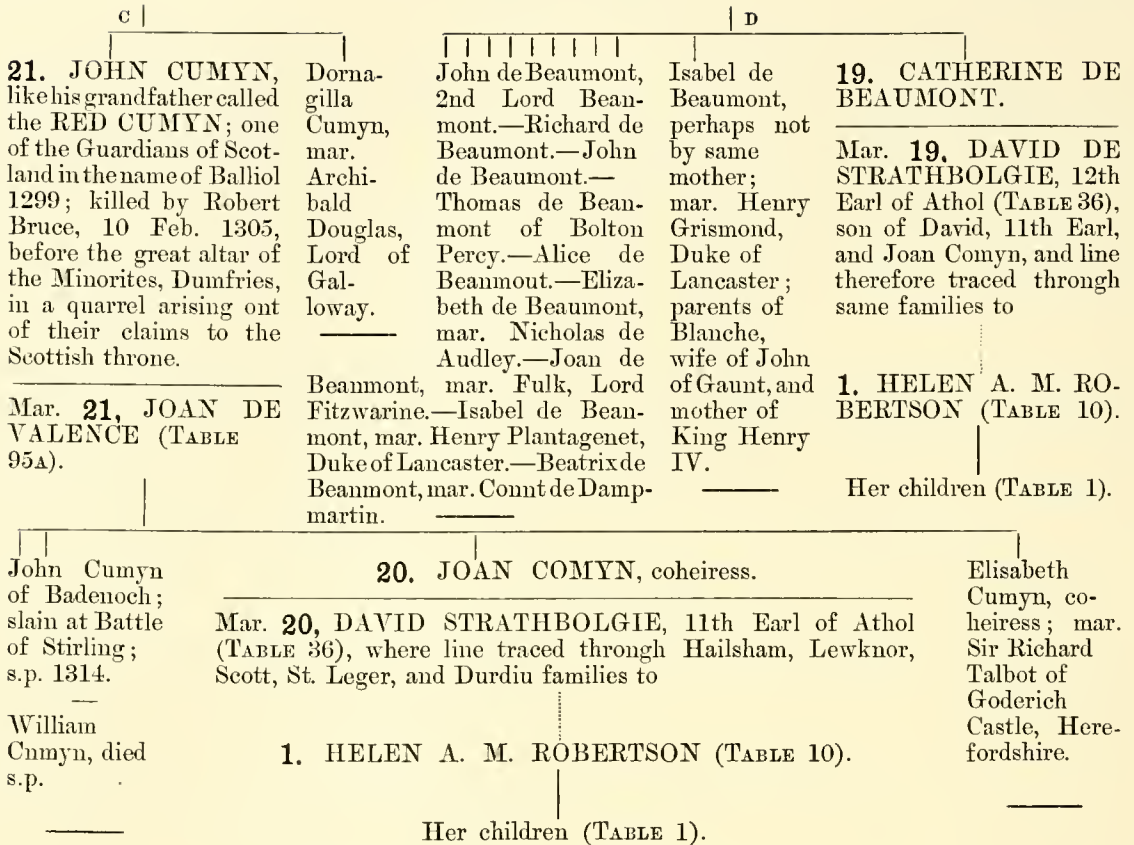
according to Wyntouu, book viii., cap. vi., came to England from Normandy with King Richard I., accompanied by his two elder brothers, of whom the elder settled in England, and the younger in Ireland, and that he afterwards went to Scotlaud, and was made Doorkeeper of his Chamber by King William the Lion.

Wyntoun relates a fable as to his name being derived from "Cwm in" (come in), being the only English words he knew and used. In Douglas's 'Peerage,' i., p. 160, Cumyn, Lord Badenoch, he is called Richard, and identified with Richard Cumyn, nephew of William Comyn, Lord Chancellor of Scotland, who seized the Bishopric of Durham from 1140 to 1144 (see Hutchinson's 'Durham,' i., p. 163), but there seems no foundation for this.

Mar. 26, HEXILDA DE ST. PAUL (TABLES 3 AND 41).

23. FERGUS,
Earl of Buchan,
temp. King Wil-
liam the Lion.



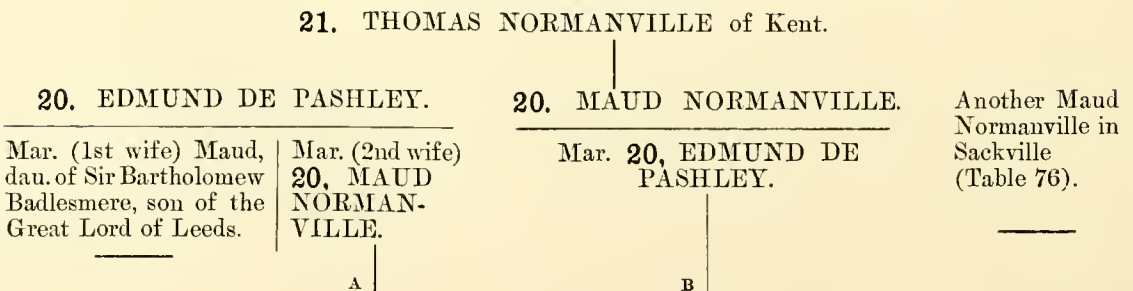


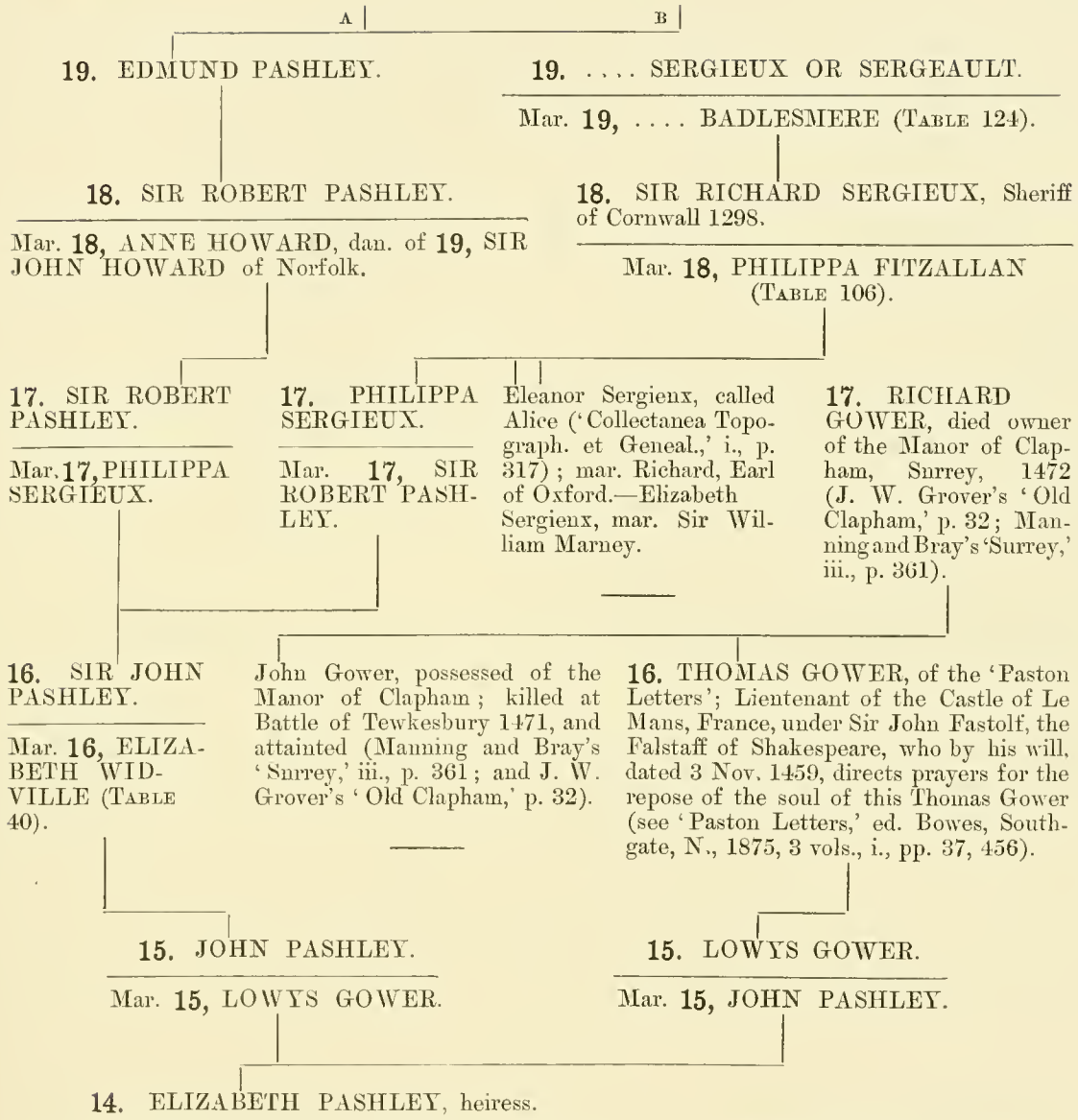
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- CUMYN.**
 Betham's 'Genealogical Tables,' 620.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Valence, Earl of Pembroke.
 J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 82.
 Wyntoun's 'Chronicle,' book viii., cap. vi.
 Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' i., pp. 261-2, Earl of Buchan; *ibid.*, i., p. 160, Cumyn of Badenoch.
- BEAUMONT.**
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 50.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Beaumont, Viscount Beaumont.
 Burke's 'Peerage,' Beaumont, Bt. of Stoughton Grange.
 Nichols's 'Leicestershire,' iii., p. 66.

Table 39.

PASHLEY FAMILY.





Mar. 14, REYNOLD *alias* REGINALD PYMPE (TABLE 31), where line traced through Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

PASHLEY.
J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 150.
SERGIEUX,
J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 150.
GOWER.
J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 150.
Manning and Bray's 'Surrey,' iii., pp. 361 and 632.

Table 40.

WIDVILLE (EARL RIVERS) FAMILY.

24. WILLIAM DE WIVILL OR WYDEVILL of Grafton, Northamptonshire.

Mar. . . . Emma

23. HUGH DE WIVILL OR WYDEVILLE

of Grafton; obtained grant of Cleley Hundred, *temp.* King John, in reference to which the descent from him was frequently proved.

22. . . . DE WIVILL OR WYDVILLE of Grafton.

21. WALTER DE WYDVILLE of Grafton.

William de
Wydville.

Thomas de
Wydville.

Richard de
Wydville.

21. HENRY DE PASSENHAM of Passenham.

20. SIR JOHN DE WYDVILLE of Grafton; living 1297.

20. ALICE DE PASSENHAM, heiress.

Mar. 20, ALICE DE PASSENHAM.

Mar. 20, SIR JOHN DE WYDVILLE.

19. JOHN DE WYDVILLE,

living 1329 and 1342. In Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886 edition, part i., p. 218, the parents of his son Richard are called Henry Wydville and his wife, dau. of Gabyon or Morena of Tarlar.

18. RICHARD DE WYDVILLE, Sheriff of Northamptonshire 1364; Escheater of Northamptonshire 1368.

18. WILLIAM BEAUCHAMP of Wellington, Somersetshire; bur. at Maidstone.

Mar. 18, ELIZABETH LYONS, dan. of 19, SIR JOHN LYONS of Warkworth, who mar. (2nd husb.) Sir Nicholas Chetwode.

17. JOHN DE WYDEVILLE of Grafton; Sheriff of Northamptonshire; died *circa* 1378.

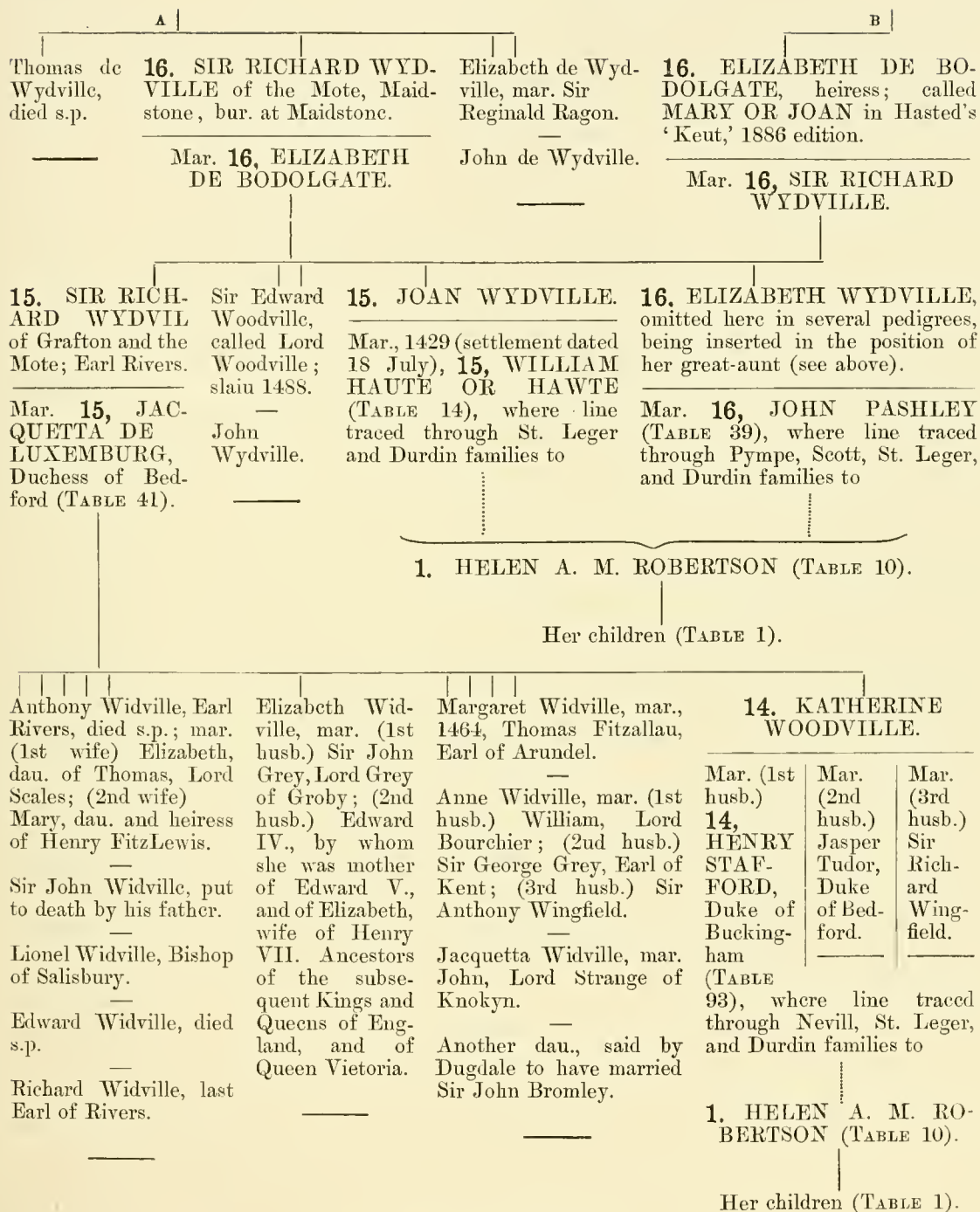
Thomas de Wydville, mar. (1st wife) Alice; (2nd wife) Elizabeth —Margaret de Wydville, mar. William Hawe of Bourne, Cambridgeshire.

Elizabeth de Wydville, mar. John Pashley of Kent; perhaps confused with her great-niece.

17. A dau.

Mar. 17, ISABELLA, dan. of 18, THOMAS LYONS.

Mar. 17, JOHN DE BODOLGATE OR BEDLISGATE.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

WIDVILLE OR WOODVILLE.

- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Widville, Earl Rivers.
 Baker's 'Northamptonshire,' ii., p. 166.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 230.
 Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886 edition, part i., p. 218.
 J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 153.

Table 41.

COUNTS OF ST. PAUL.

28. . . . COUNT OF ST. PAUL OR ST. POL in Artois.

27. UCHTRED, died v.p. (Wyntoun, book viii., cap. vi., and Sir Noel Paton's 'Earl of Athol').

Mar. 27, BETHOCA OF SCOTLAND (TABLE 3).

26. HEXILDA DE ST. PAUL taken to Scotland by her mother on her father's death (Wyntoun, *ut sup.*).

Mar. 26, SIR WILLIAM CUMYN (TABLE 38), where line traced through Strathbogie, Hailsham, Lewkuor, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

. . . . Count of St. Paul, a younger son, succeeded on his father's death, his elder brother's dau. being excluded by the law of the land (Wyntoun, book viii., cap. vi.).

25. ANSELM CAUPDAVENE, Count of St. Paul; probably descendant of the above; died 1174.

Mar. 25, EUSTACHIA DE CHAMPAGNE MORCI, called in Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886, Scheme after p. xxvi, kinswomau of Henry II., and divorced wife of Geoffrey de Mandeville, Earl of Essex.

24. HUGH CAUDEVENE, Count of St. Paul; died at Constantinople 1205.

Mar. 24, YOLANDE OF HAINAULT.

27. A Count of St. Paul, probably of this family, had a dau. 26, ROSETTA DE ST. PAUL who mar. 26, RODOLPH, 3RD COUNT OF GUISNES (TABLE 73), where line traced through that family (Blounts), Windsor, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkins, and Hayman to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

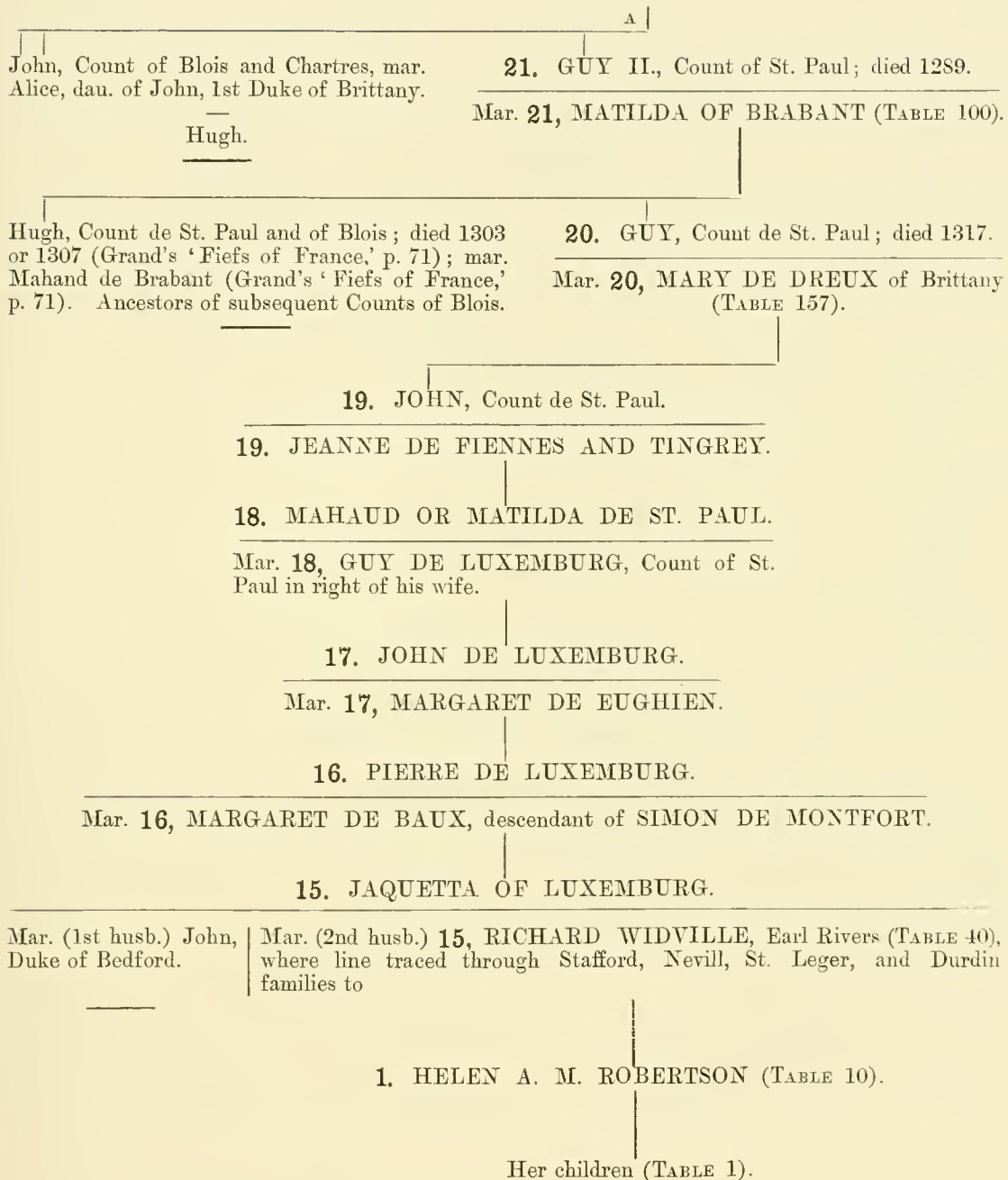
23. ISABELLA, Countess of St. Paul, heiress of St. Paul; died 1233.

Mar. (1st husb.) 23, GUACHER DE CHASTILLON, Count of St. Paul in right of his wife. | Mar. (2nd husb.) Johu de Bethune.

Guy, Count of St. Paul, mar. Agnes Douzy, Countess of Nevers.

22. HUGH DE CHASTILLON, Count of St. Paul, and also Count of Blois and Chartres in right of his wife.

Mar. 22, MARIE D'AVESNES, heiress of counties of Blois and Chartres (TABLE 150).



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF ST. PAUL.

Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886 edition, part i., Schemes 1 and 2 after p. xxvi

COUNTS OF BLOIS.

Grand's 'Fiefs of France,' p. 67.

Betham, Table 274.

PART IV.

COMPRISING ANCESTORS THROUGH

MELIAN JONES DURDIN *NÉE* HAYMAN

(MATERNAL GRANDMOTHER).

Table 42.

HAYMAN FAMILY.

10. SAMUEL HAYMAN OR HEYMAN

of Minehead, Somersetshire; of the Kentish family of Heyman of Somerfield (Burke's 'Extinct Baronage'); born 1546; bur. at Minehead 2 Feb. 1615-6.

The connection with the Heymans of Somerfield is erroneously traced in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' edition 1868 and earlier editions, and in Brady's 'Records of Cork,' ii., p. 30, but the pedigree was subsequently corrected by Canon Hayman, who was apparently unable to trace the real connection.

Mar., at Minehead, 3 July 1574, **10**, JOAN DALE; died Feb. 1624-5.

ARMS OF THIS HAYMAN FAMILY.—Argent, on a chevron engrailed azure between three martlets sable as many cinquefoils pierced or.

CRESTS.—1, A demi-moor, full faced, wreathed round the temples, holding in the dexter hand a rose slipped and leaved all proper; 2, A martlet sable.

MOTTO.—Cœlum non solum.

9. ROBERT HAYMAN, eldest son; born 1575; will dated 17 Nov. 1654; died 1654; bur. at Minehead 28 Nov.

Numerous other issue.

Mar., 16 Feb. 1603-4, **9**, ANSTACE TYRRELL; died 1653; bur. at Minehead 14 Dec.

8. GEORGE HAYMAN of Minehead, eldest son; born 1605; will dated 20 Sept. 1670; died 1670; bur. at Minehead 12 Nov.

William Hayman of Bristol.

Two other sons.

Six daus., of whom three mar.: . . . Gully of the Trevennon family, . . . Chaplin of Lincolnshire, and . . . Perring of Tannton.

Mar., 1632, **8**, MARY GIBBONS
(TABLE 43).

A |

7. SAMUEL HAYMAN of South Abbey, Youghal; called eldest son in the 'Landed Gentry,' but younger son in Burke's 'Armoury,' 1878; born 17 April 1636; went over to Ireland in the suite of James I. and Great Duke of Ormond; Lord Lieutenant of Ireland in 1662, and settled at Youghal, co. Cork; died at Youghal 23 Dec. 1672; bur. in chancel of St. Mary's, Youghal.

Robert Hayman of Minehead; died unmar. there March 1720.
George Hayman, died before 1720; mar. . . . Giles of Minehead.

Simon Hayman, died before 1721.
—
Michael Hayman, living 1709.
—
Joan Hayman, mar. John Ball of Minehead.

Mar., circa 1659, 7, ELIZABETH ATKIN (a cousin, but connection unknown) (TABLE 44).

John Hayman of Cloynepriest, co. Cork, and the College (Myrtle Grove), Youghal; born 1664; obtained Myrtle Grove (Sir Walter Raleigh's old house) under the will of his uncle John Atkin, *q.v.* (Table 44); attainted by James II., 7 May 1689; M.P. Youghal 1703-13; died 21 Aug. 1731; bur. at Cloynepriest; mar. Hannah, dau. of James Crockford of Elsecombe; died at Minehead 25 Dec. 1688, having had issue one son Atkin Hayman, who died 11 March 1688-9.

George Hayman of Bye House, Somerset; for issue see Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' suppl., 1849, Hayman of Bye House.

6. SAMUEL HAYMAN of the College (Myrtle Grove), Youghal; bapt. at Youghal 1 Sept. 1668; died at the College 2 Dec. 1722.
Mar., 5 Nov. 1700, 6, ELIZABETH PARADIS (TABLE 45).

Jane Hayman, mar. (1st husb.), 20 July 1682, John Vaughan; (2nd husb.) 11 May 1685, Jasper Lucas.

Elizabeth Hayman. Called Jane in earlier 'Landed Gentries,' under Tottenham, being confused with her husband's 2nd wife. Mar., 3 May 1688, Edward Tottenham of Bally Loskeran, now called Tottenham Green, co. Wexford (whose 2nd wife Jane proved his will).

Frances Hayman, bapt. 18 Nov. 1682; died 28 Aug. 1727; mar., 9 April 1700, Alderman John Luther, Mayor of Youghal (Table 45).

They were parents of Charles Tottenham, M.P., "Tottenham in his boots," and through him are ancestors in the male line of the present Marquis of Ely, and of Colonel George Thomas Tottenham of Ballycurry, now the owner of large estates at and near Clonegal, co. Carlow, formerly part of the Emond property, co. Wexford, which originally went with Huntington Castle (for pedigree see Burke's 'Peerage,' Marquis of Ely, and 'Landed Gentry,' Tottenham).

John Hayman of the College (Myrtle Grove), Youghal; born 10 May 1702; Mayor of Youghal 1750-51; died unmar. 14 April 1770.

Samuel Hayman, born 8 Jan. 1706; died 17 Nov. 1713.
George Hayman, born 10 Nov. 1709; died 17 Nov. 1713.
Atkin Hayman, born 29 April 1711; died 4 Dec. 1713.

5. REV. ATKIN HAYMAN, M.A., Vicar of Ballyelough and Castle Manger, Mallow (Biographical Sketches in 'Irish Eeales. Gazette,' May 1869, pp. 115-117, and Brady's 'Records of Cork,' ii, pp. 30-31); born 11 June 1714; graduated at Trinity College, Dublin, 1738; died 13 April 1793.

Mar. (1st wife), 1742, his cousin 5, ELIZABETH ATKIN (TABLE 44).

Mar. (2nd wife), 12 Aug. 1757, Elizabeth, dau. of Frank Wilson; died 3 Oct. 1776.

Jane Hayman, eldest dau.; born 12 Aug. 1703; mar., 31 Aug. 1732, Valentine Browning, descendant of Valentine Greatraks (Table 51).

Elizabeth Hayman, born 8 May 1705; mar., 6 Oct. 1732, Samuel Luther, son of her paternal aunt Frances Luther.

Mary Hayman, born 15 May 1713; died 7 June 1752; mar. John Hayman of Clonmel, and had issue.

Margaret Hayman, born 27 March 1718; died unmar. 1787.

Hannah Hayman, born 13 April 1720; mar., 1741, Thomas Grinlett of Youghal.

B |

B

Walter Atkin Hayman of the College, Youghal (see under his great uncle John), named by him in 1783 Myrtle Grove, which he left away from the family; bapt. at Middleton 30 June 1750; Mayor of Youghal 1793, 1799, 1805; died s.p. 5 June 1816; mar. Elizabeth, dan. of Henry White of New Ross, by his wife Elizabeth Maunsell; died 22 Aug. 1800, aged 34; bur. at St. Mary's, Youghal (Inscription in S. Hayman's 'Handbook for Youghal,' 3rd series, p. viii).

Elizabeth Hayman, bapt. 19 May 1743; died unmar. 29 Jan. 1790; bur. at St. Mary's, Youghal (Inscription in S. Hayman's 'Handbook for Youghal,' 3rd series, p. vii).—Ursula Hayman, bapt. 19 Sept. 1744; died young.—Anne Hayman, bapt. 24 Nov. 1746; died 23 May 1751.

4. SAMUEL HAYMAN, M.D., bapt. 26 Sept. 1753; died 20 March 1834, aged 82; bur. at Mary's, Youghal (Inscription in S. Hayman's 'Handbook for Youghal,' 3rd series, p. vii).

John Hayman, bapt. at Youghal 4 Aug. 1754; bur. 31 May 1755.

Mar., 16 Nov. 1782,
4, MELIAN JONES
(TABLE 46).

Atkin Hayman, Lieutenant R.N.; born 17 Sept. 1783; died 25 March 1817; bur. at St. Mary's, Youghal (Inscription in S. Hayman's 'Handbook for Youghal,' 3rd series, p. vii), having mar., 6 Feb. 1813, his cousin Elizabeth Atkin, grand-daughter of the Rev. John Thomas Atkin (Table 44).

He left issue Mary Harrietta Hayman, who mar., 27 Feb. 1838, her maternal cousin Sobieski Kildahl, and left issue; and Elizabeth Hayman, died unmar. 11 Nov. 1852.

Elizabeth Hayman, born 1786; died 3 Feb. 1831; bur. at St. Mary's, Youghal (Inscription in S. Hayman's 'Handbook for Youghal,' 3rd series, p. vii).

3. MATTHEW HAYMAN of South Abbey, Youghal, J.P.; born 28 Dec. 1789; died 30 March 1867; his will, in which he spells his name Mathew, dated 30 March 1867, and proved 22 June 1867.

Mar., 22 Jan. 1816 (settlement dated 18 June 1816), 3, HELEN HILL (TABLE 47).

The Rev. Samuel Hayman, B.A., of South Abbey, Youghal, Rector of Douglas, Cork, and Canon of Cork; born 27 July 1818; graduated at Trinity College, Dublin, 1839; died 15 Dec. 1886, having mar., 26 Sept. 1854, Emily, dau. of Rev. Mark Cassidi and his wife Henrietta Jackson (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Cassidi of Glenbrook).

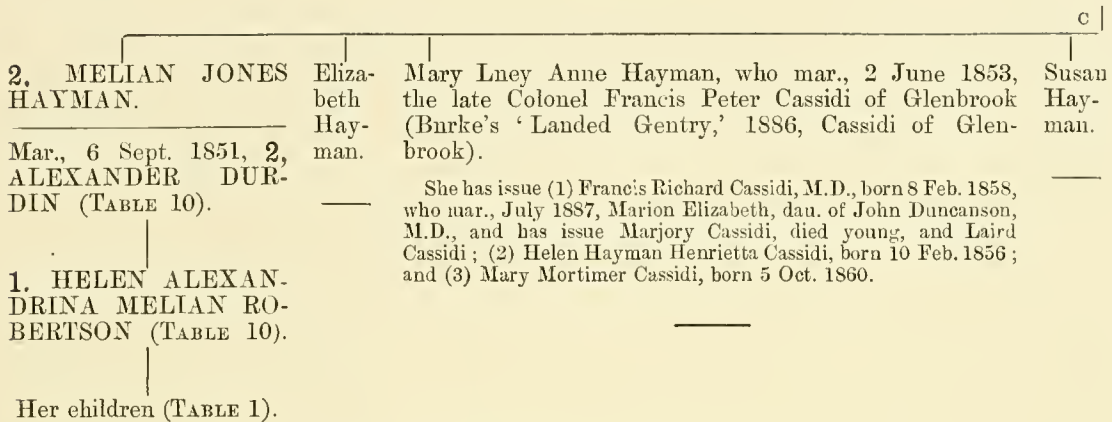
He left issue Emily Henrietta Aline Hayman, who mar., 8 April 1889, Reginald Wallwyu James, Captain R.A., and has issue a son Edward James.

Matthew Jones Hayman, Colonel 18th Royal Irish; born 1820; served with distinction in the Crimean and other wars (see 'Times' obituary after his death); died 9 Jan. 1889, having mar., 18 Nov. 1858, Mary Sarah, youngest dan. of Denis Macarthy of Macks-grove, Cork, and his wife Anne, dan. of Richard Power, M.P. for Waterford for 40 years.

He left issue (1) The Rev. Matthew Henry Hayman, born 12 Jan. 1860; Vicar of Dendron, Lancashire, who mar., 30 Nov. 1887, Annie Maxwell, dau. of John Scoto, R.N.; and (2) Richard Florence Hayman.

Arundel Hill Hayman, born 6 Jan. 1832; died 8 Aug. 1836.

—
Helen Maria Hayman, died 16 Aug. 1887.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

HAYMAN.

- Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1849, Supplements, Hayman formerly of Kent, now of Somerset and Ireland; and Hayman of Bye Farm.
 Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Hayman of South Abbey.
 Brady's 'Records of Cork,' ii., p. 30 *et passim*.
 'Patrician,' ii., p. 255 (Greatrake's pedigree).
 Account of Name and Arms of Hayman, by Canon Hayman, in Jewitt's 'Reliquary,' xxi., at pp. 113 and 140.

Table 43.

GIBBONS AND HILL OF POUNDSFORD FAMILIES.

13. WILLIAM HILL,

according to note in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1847 (Way of Denham), a descendant of John Hill of Hounston, Somersetshire, Knight Banneret to King Edward III.

Mar. 13, ELEANOR

12. JOHN TROWBRIDGE of Colyton, Devon.

12. ROGER HILL of Taunton.

Mar. 12, MARGERY OR JANE YOUNG, dan. of 13, JOHN YOUNG of Devonshire, an heiress.

11. JOHN HASSARD of Lyme.

11. ANN TROWBRIDGE.

Mar. 11, WILLIAM HILL.

Robert Hill of Yard near Taunton; mar. (1st wife) Alice Clerk; (2nd wife) Eleanor, dan. of Sir James Maryn; left issue.

Mary Hill. — John Hill, died s.p. — Margaret Hill, mar. Alexander Togwell. — A dan., mar. . . . Sampson of Colleton.

11. WILLIAM HILL of Poundsford near Taunton, eo. Somerset; died at Poundsford 1642. In Collinson's 'Somersetshire,' 1791, iii., p. 287, it is said that this family held the Manor of Poundsford during its sequestration from the Bishop of Winchester, and that their burial-place was in the Poundsford Aisle of the Church of Pilminster.

Mar. (1st wife) 11, ANN TROWBRIDGE.

Mar. (2nd wife) Luey, dau. of John Ryves of Dorsetshire.

A

B

C

D

R

A	B	C	D			
Alice Hassard, mar. Alexander Hill (see this Table).	10. MARY HAS-SARD. Mar. 10, ROGER HILL.	10. ROGER HILL of Poundsford; born at Colleton at the residence of his father's sister, Mrs. Sampson, 1 Dec. 1605; Baron of the Exchequer 1657; Justice of the Upper Bench 1660; died 21 April 1667 (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' vi., p. 442). Mar. 10, MARY HASSARD.	William Hill. — Robert Hill. — Henry Hill. — Ambrose Hill. — Gabriel Hill. — Susan Hill. — All died s.p.	Eleauor Hill, mar. . . . Gravit of Berks. — Elizabeth Hill, mar. (1st husb.) Hobbs; (2nd husb.) Mu-rifey; (3rd husb.) Martin.	Alexan-der Hill of Taun-ton; mar. Alee, dau. of John Hassard of Lyme; left issue.	Benja-min Hill. —Tho-mas Hill. —John Hill.— Lucy Hill, mar. William Lawrence of Dorset-shire.

William Hill of Poundsford at the time of the Visitation in 1623; mar. Jane, dau. of John Young Collumpton; parents of Roger Hill, the father of Sir Roger Hill of Wenh-am, Bucks, mentioned in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1847 (Way of Denham).	Roger Hill of Taunton. — John Hill of Dorches-ter. — Mallet Hill, died young.	Elizabeth Hill, mar. (1st husb.) George Sampson; (2ud husb.) Joseph Long. —Amy Hill, mar. Robert Chute of Bridgwater.— Temperance Hill, died s.p. —Phillipa Hill, died s.p.	9. FRANCES HILL. Mar. (1st husb.) Thomas Chaplin.	Mar. (2nd husb.) 9, SIMON GIB-BONS.	9. SIMON GIBBONS of Youghal, eo. Cork; called Simon Gibbins in Harleian Society, vol. xi., p. 51. Mar. 9, FRAN-CES HILL.
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8. MARY GIBBONS.

Mar., 1632, **8, GEORGE HAYMAN** (TABLE 42), where line traced to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

GIBBONS AND HILL OF POUNDSFORD.

- Harleian Society, vol. xi., 'Visitation of Somerset-shire,' p. 50.
- Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1847, note to Way of Denham.
- Foss's 'Judges,' vi., p. 442, Life of Roger Hill.

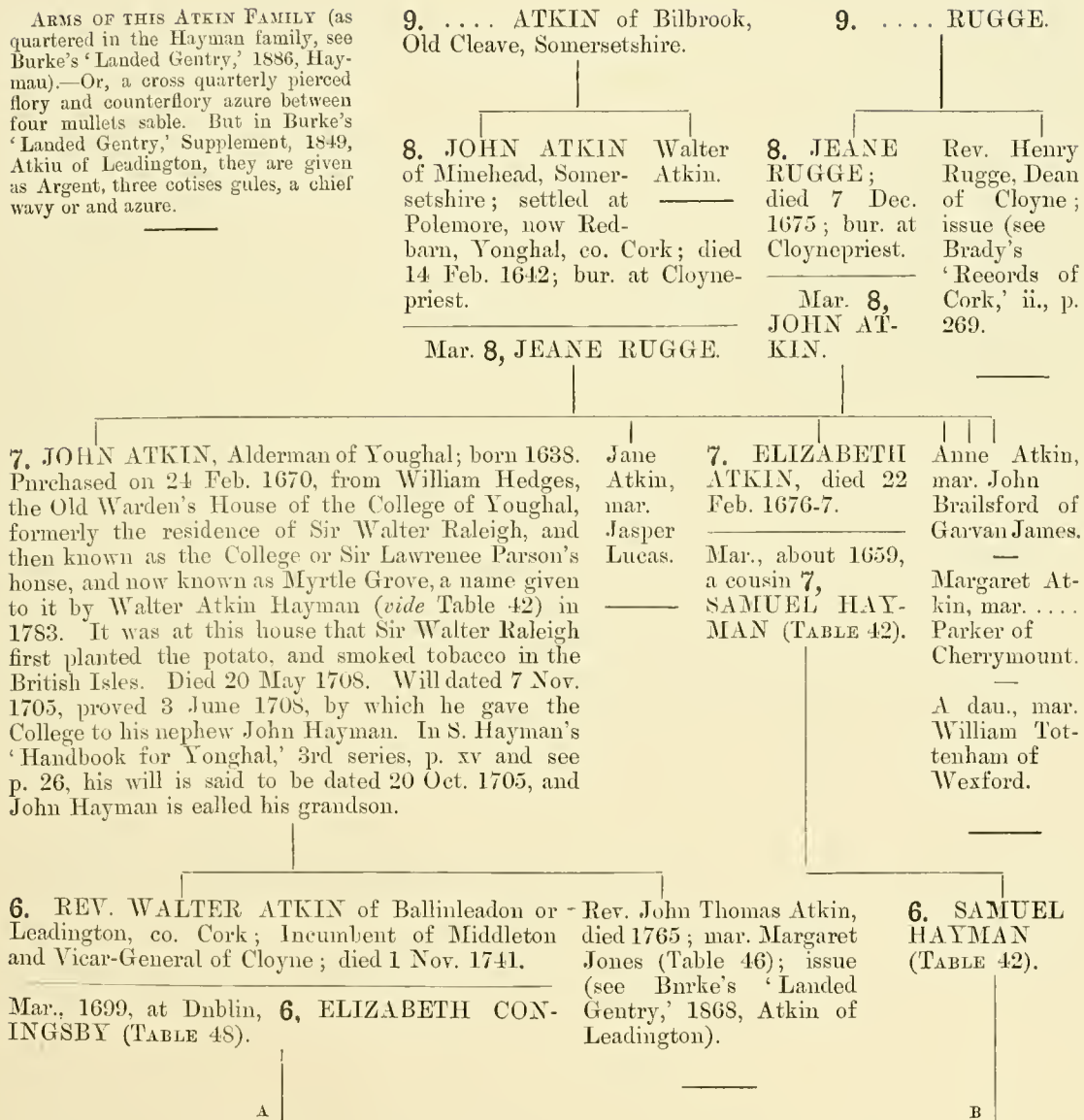
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 44.

ATKIN FAMILY.

ARMS OF THIS ATKIN FAMILY (as quartered in the Hayman family, see Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Hayman).—Or, a cross quarterly pierced flory and counterflory azure between four mullets sable. But in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Supplement, 1849, Atkin of Leadington, they are given as Argent, three cotises gules, a chief wavy or and azure.



A		B	
Rev. John Thomas Atkin, born 26 Feb. 1701; Rector of Ardnegehy, co. Cork.	Mary Atkin, born Oct. 1702; named after her 2nd cousin and sponsor Lady Mary Coningsby, dau. of Lord Coningsby (Table 48).	5. ELIZABETH ATKIN, born 1712; died 30 Jan. 1756.	5. REV. ATKIN HAYMAN (TABLE 42).
Coningsby Atkin, born 8 May 1705; died unmar. 1760.	Catherine Atkin, born 1706; mar. Henry Wedenham, and left issue.	Mar., 1742, 5, REV. ATKIN HAYMAN (TABLE 42).	Mar., 1742, 5, ELIZABETH ATKIN.
Rev. Walter Atkin, born 7 May or July 1710; Curate to his father at Middleton; died 31 July 1741.	Barbara Atkin, born 1708; died unmar. 11 Oct. 1786.	Where line traced in Table 42 to	
William Atkin, M.D., born 22 Feb. 1713-14.		1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).	

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

ATKIN.

- Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1868, Atkin of Leadington.
 Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Hayman of South Abbey.
 Brady's 'Records of Cork,' ii., p. 389 *et passim*.
 Robinson's 'Herefordshire Mansions' for issue of Walter Atkin and Elizabeth Coningsby.

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 45—PART A.

PARADIS FAMILY.

7. RICHARD PARADIS,

a French Huguenot from Lyonnais and Limousin, who left France on the Revocation of Edict of Nantes, and settled at Youghal 1697.

ARMS OF THIS PARADIS FAMILY.—Azure, a cross or between four birds of Paradise proper.

Mar. 7, ELIZABETH LUTHER (Part B of this Table).						
John Paradis, born 23 Feb. 1680.	Richard Paradis, born 16 Jan. 1688.	6. ELIZABETH PARADIS, born 9 Dec. 1681.	Florence Paradis, died young.	Susannah Paradis; mar., 4 June 1711, Richard Walters; had issue.	Sarah Paradis, died unmar.	Florence Paradis, born 6 Dec. 1686; died unmar.
		Mar., 1701, 6, SAMUEL HAYMAN (TABLE 42).				

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

PARADIS.

Hayman pedigree referred to in Table 42.

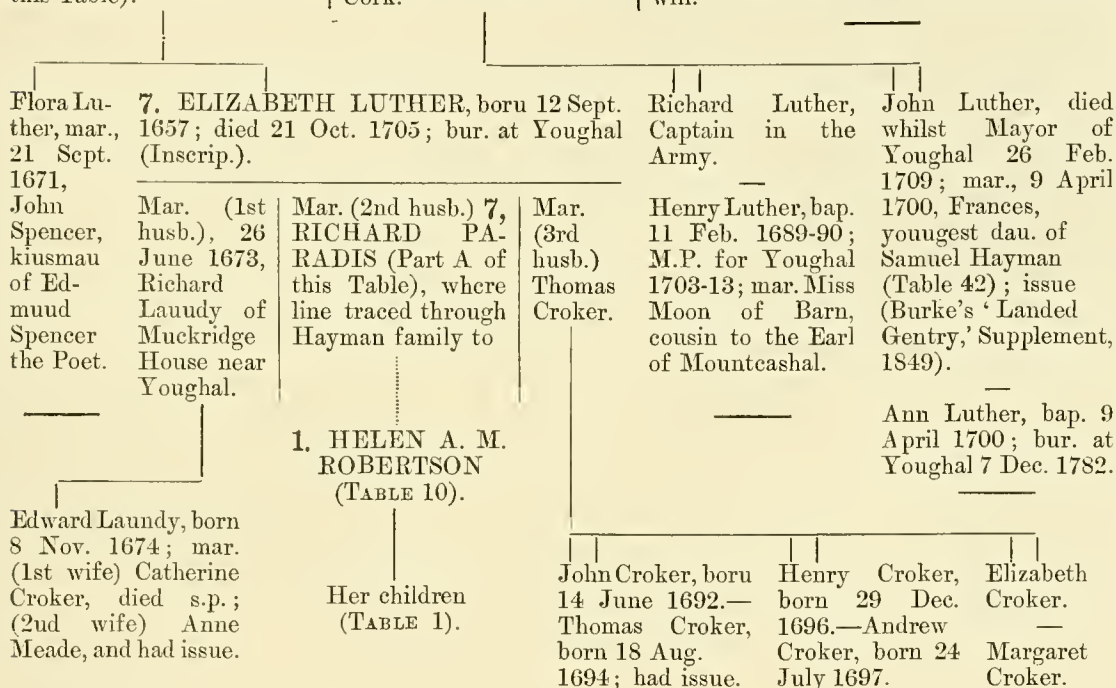
Table 45—PART B.

LUTHER FAMILY.

8. JOHN LUTHER

of the family of Martiu Luther the Reformer; born in Somersetshire 1623; removed to Youghal *circa* 1610; Mayor of Youghal 1666 and 1681. Will dated 18 Jan. 1696-7. Died 18 Dec. 1697; bur. at Youghal (Inscrip., S. Hayman's 'Handbook for Youghal,' 3rd series, 1852, p. viii).

Mar. (1st wife) 8, ELIZABETH GILES (Part C of this Table). | Mar. (2nd wife) Hannah Dashwood of Bandon, co. Cork. | Mar. (3rd wife) Elizabeth Bowen, died s.p.; named as Elizabeth in her husband's will.



REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

LUTHER.
Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Supplement, 1849, p. 154, note to Hayman.

Table 45—PART C.

GILES FAMILY.

9. RICHARD GILES

of Minehead, Somersetshire; of the Giles family of Bowden, Devonshire, for whom see Westcote's 'Devon,' 1845, p. 530; settled in Youghal.

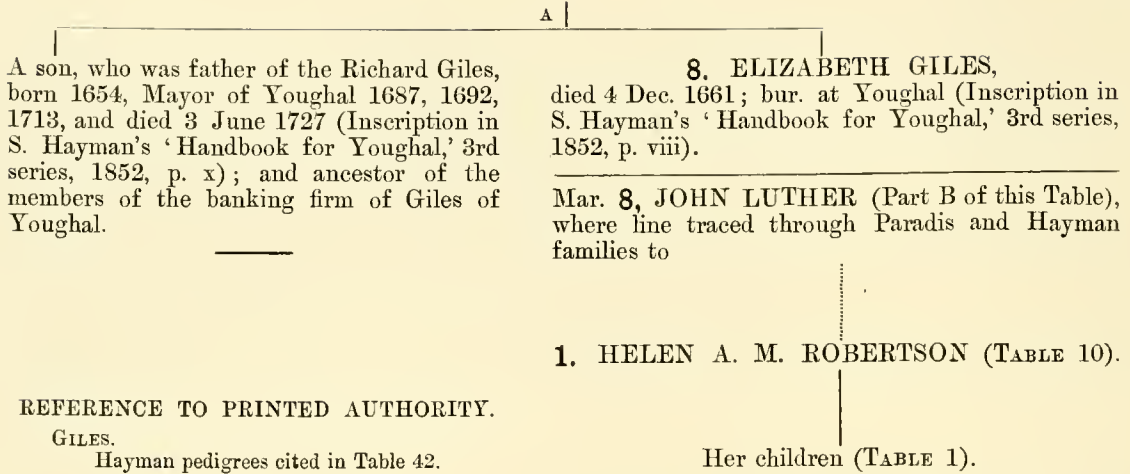
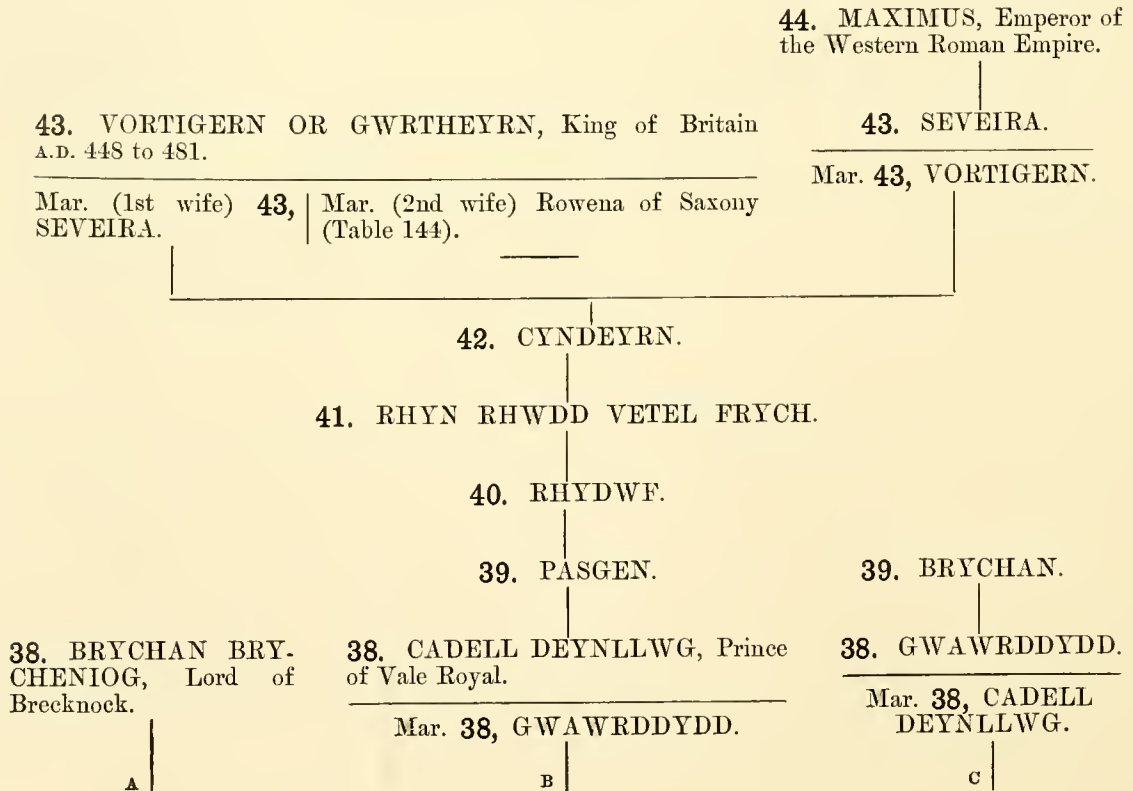
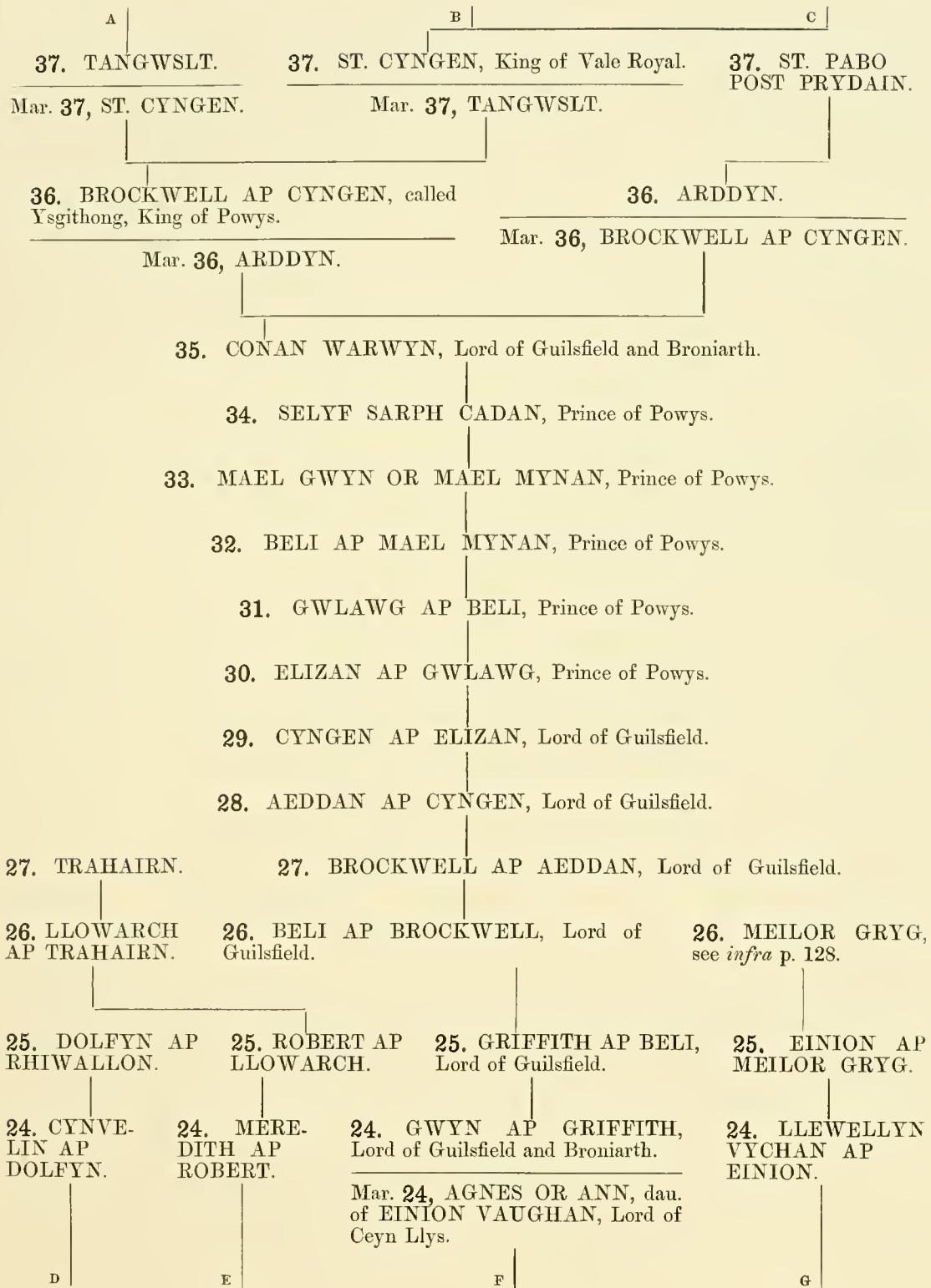
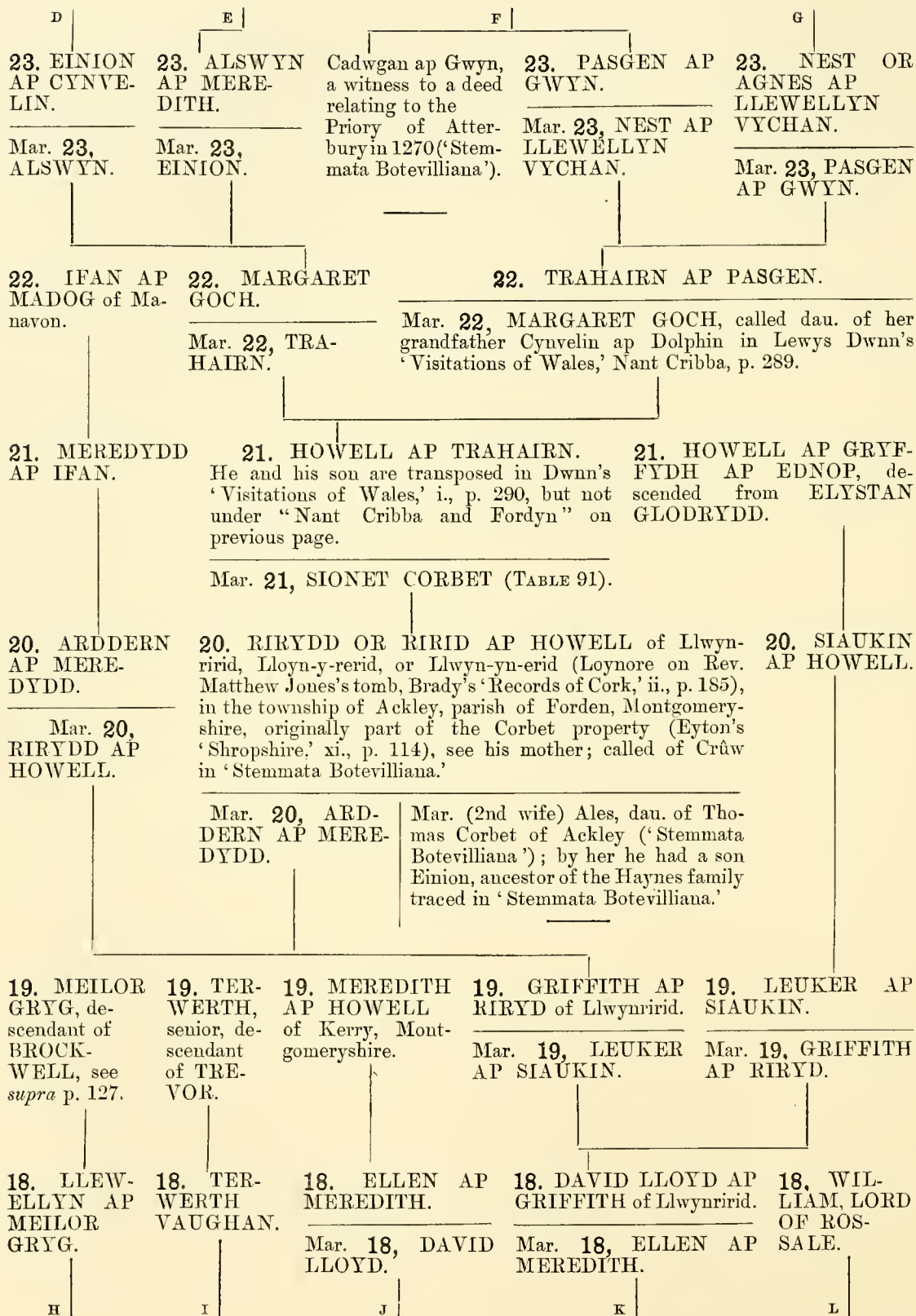


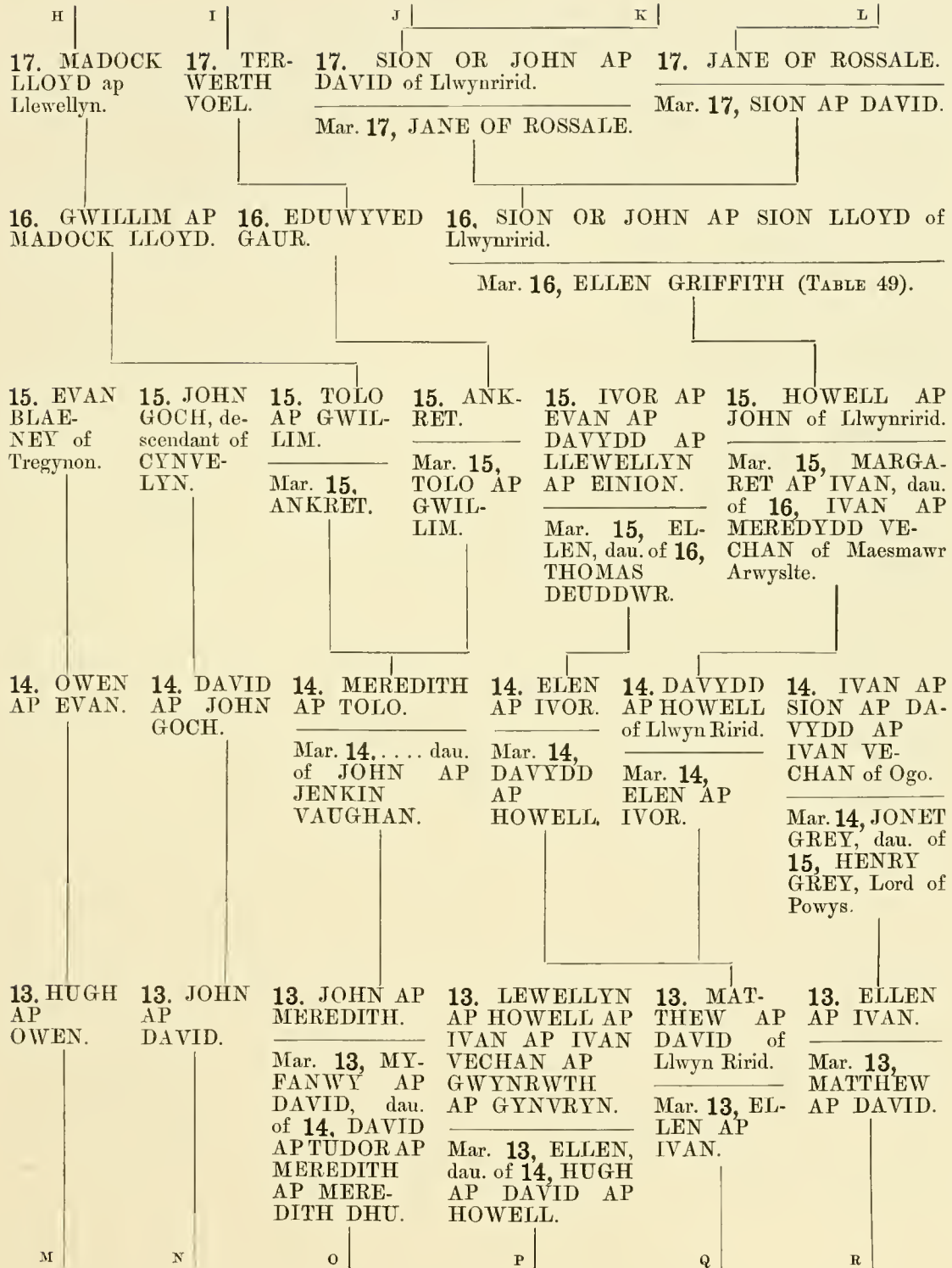
Table 46.

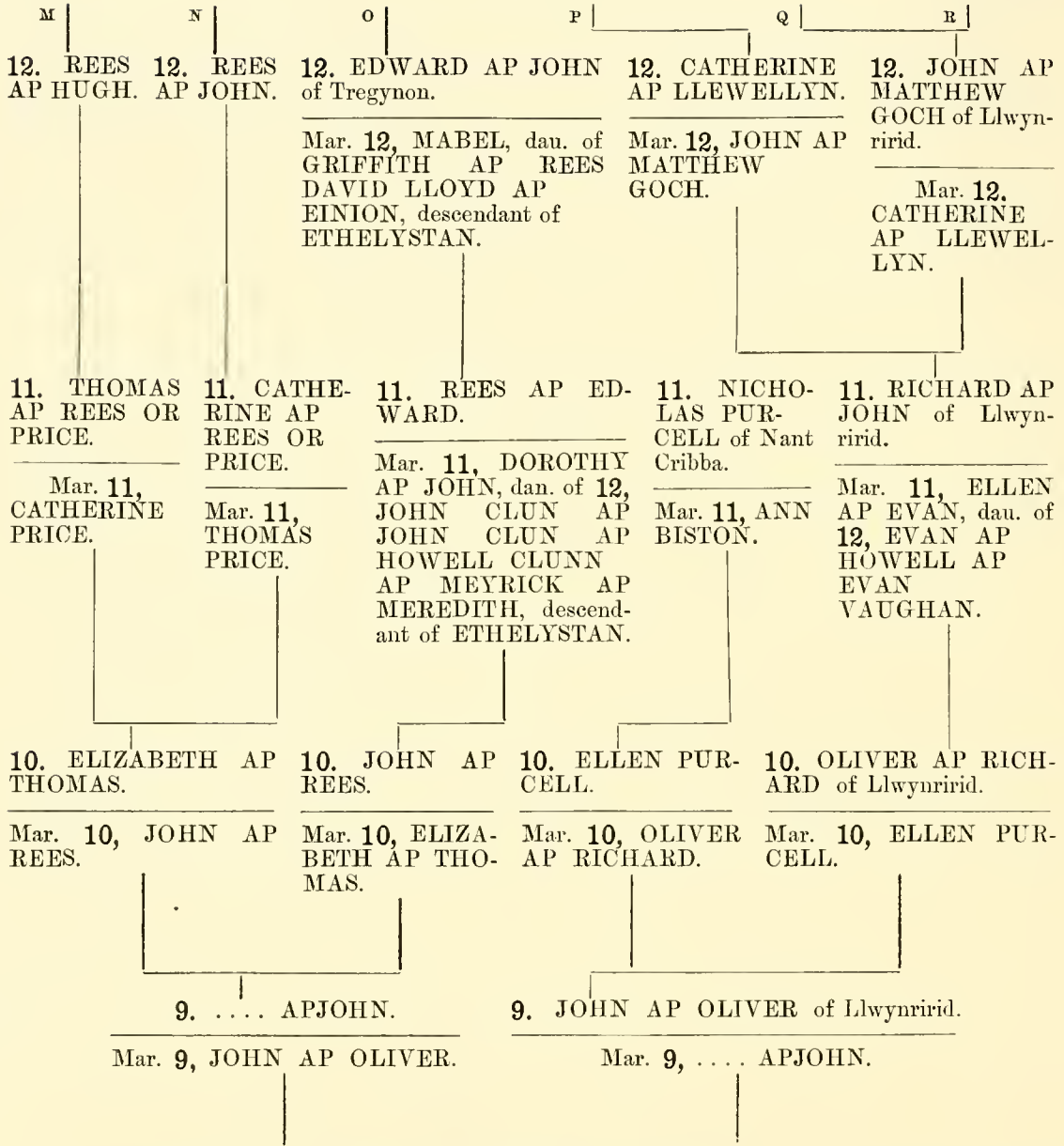
JONES FAMILY.







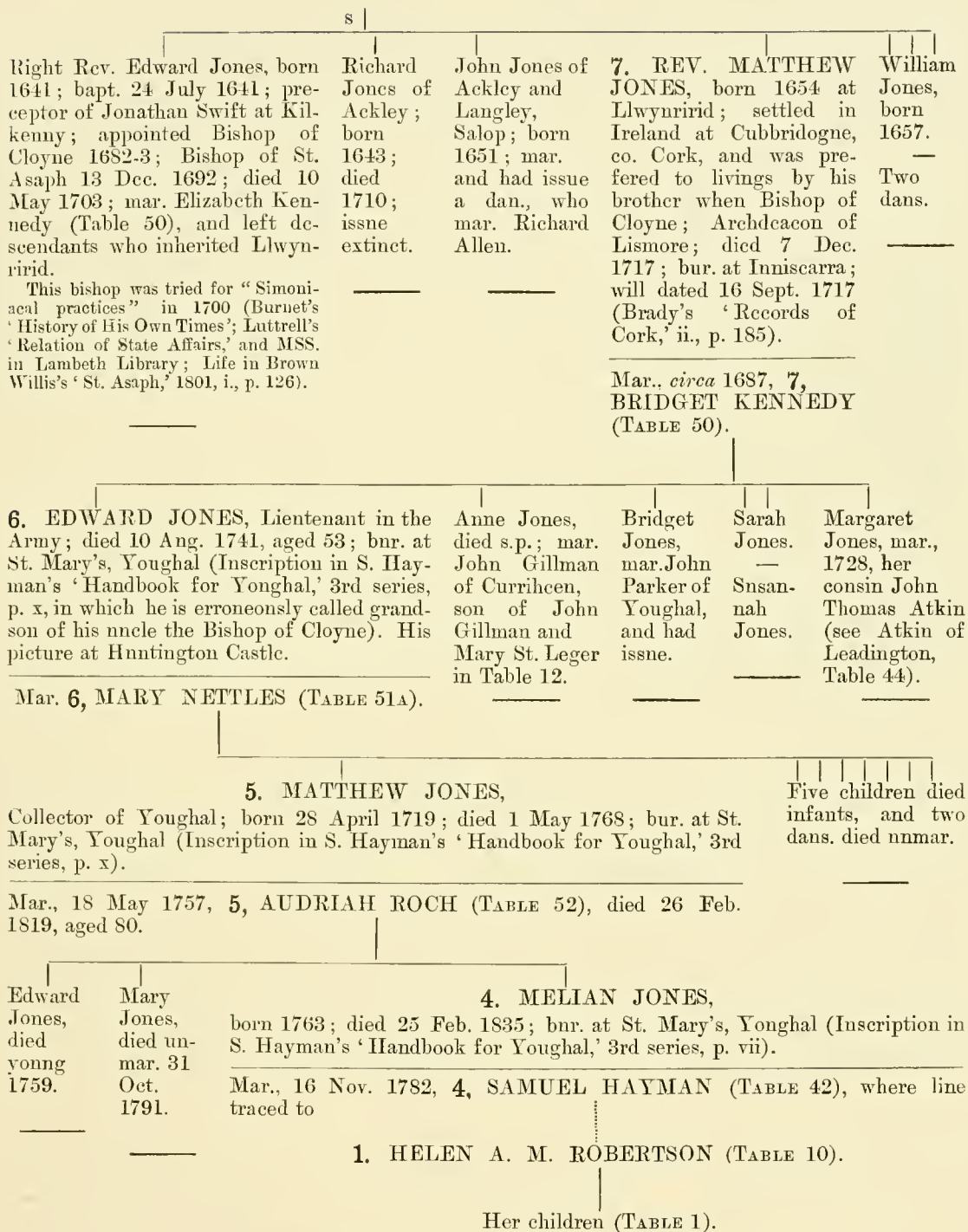




8. RICHARD AP JOHN OR JOHNES OR JONES, with whom the name was first established in this family, of Llwyn Rivid; will dated 24 March 4 James II. (1687); died 1688; bur. at Forden.

Mar., 28 Jan. 1636-7 (settlement at Gnnley), 8, SARAH PYTTES, dan. of 9, JOHN PYTTES of Marrington Cherbury, Salop; she died 1681, and was bur. at Forden.

ARMS USED BY RICHARD JONES AND HIS DESCENDANTS.—Sable, three horses' heads erased argent.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

JONES OF LLWYNRHIRID AND ANCESTORS.

Lewys Dwnn's 'Visitations of Wales,' 1586, edited by Sir James Rush Meyrick, 1846; at vol. i., p. 290, "Llwyn Ririd in Fordyn alias Jones," and also page before "Nant Cribba and Fordyn."

'Collections Historical and Archæological relating to Montgomeryshire,' vol. xii., p. 239, Jones of Llwynrhirid.

Brady's 'Records of Cork,' ii., p. 185 *et passim*.

Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1849, Supplement, p. 156.

'The Patrician,' ii., p. 255, Jones of Loynrere in Greatrak's pedigree.

Table 47.

HILL OF DONERAILE FAMILY.

ARMS USED BY THIS HILL FAMILY.—Azure, a chevron between three fleurs-de-lis or, a canton of the last.

CREST.—A lion rampant argent pierced through the breast by a broken spear in bend proper, the head guttée de sang.

MOTTO.—Ne tentes aut perice.

8. WILLIAM HILL of Featherstone, Staffordshire; of the family of the Hills of Littlepipe, whose pedigree is in Shaw's 'Staffordshire,' i., p. 355, and in the 'Visitation of Staffordshire,' William Salt Archæological Society, vol. v., part 2; boru circa 1580.

8. REV. HENRY COYNE, Vicar of the Collegiate Church of Kilmallock, co. Limerick.

Mar., circa 1610, 8, JUDITH TAYLOR of Winchester; said to have been called on account of her beauty "the Phoenix of Winchester."

7. WILLIAM HILL, a Captain of Cavalry in Cromwell's Irish Army; mentioned in Smith's 'State of Cork,' ii., p. 147; settled in Ireland.

7. CATHERINE COYNE.
Mar. 7, WILLIAM HILL.

Mar. 7, CATHERINE COYNE.

6. WILLIAM HILL of Kilmallock, co. Limerick; will dated 19 Dec. 1717; died soon after.

Mar., circa 1686, 6, ANN COKE OR COOKE (TABLE 53).

William Hill, mar. 1718; died 1739.	Thomas Hill, died 1741; mar. March 1719, Margaret, dau. of John Davenport of Innes.	Richard Hill, died 1747; mar. Sarah Davenport.	5. ARUNDEL HILL of Graig, Doneraile, co. Cork; boru 1694; died 6 Feb. 1780. Mar. 5, MARY COLLINS (TABLE 54).	Samuel Hill of Pallas-kenry; mar. . . . Lucas, and had numerous issue.	Elizabeth Hill.—Catherine Hill.—Anne Hill.
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4. ARUNDEL HILL of Graig; born Sept. 1739; will dated 1813; died 17 Oct. 1820.

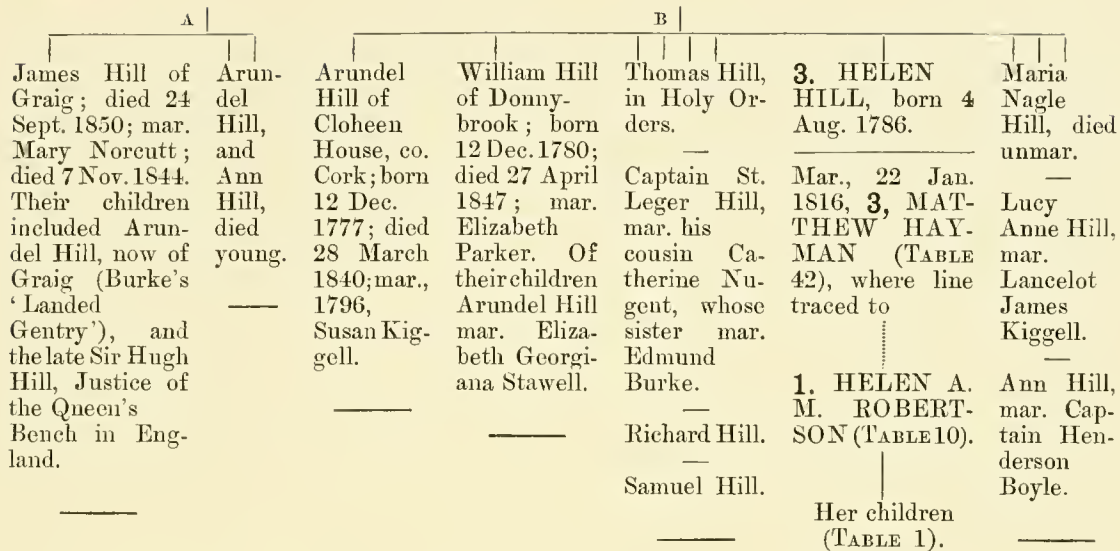
James Hill, 3rd Dragoon Guards; died s.p.

Mar. (1st wife), 1770, Mary, dau. of John Crowe and Mary Armstead; died Nov. 1774.

Mar. (2nd wife), at St. Mary's, Shandon, Cork, 23 Jan. 1777, 4, HELEN NAGLE (TABLE 55).

A

B

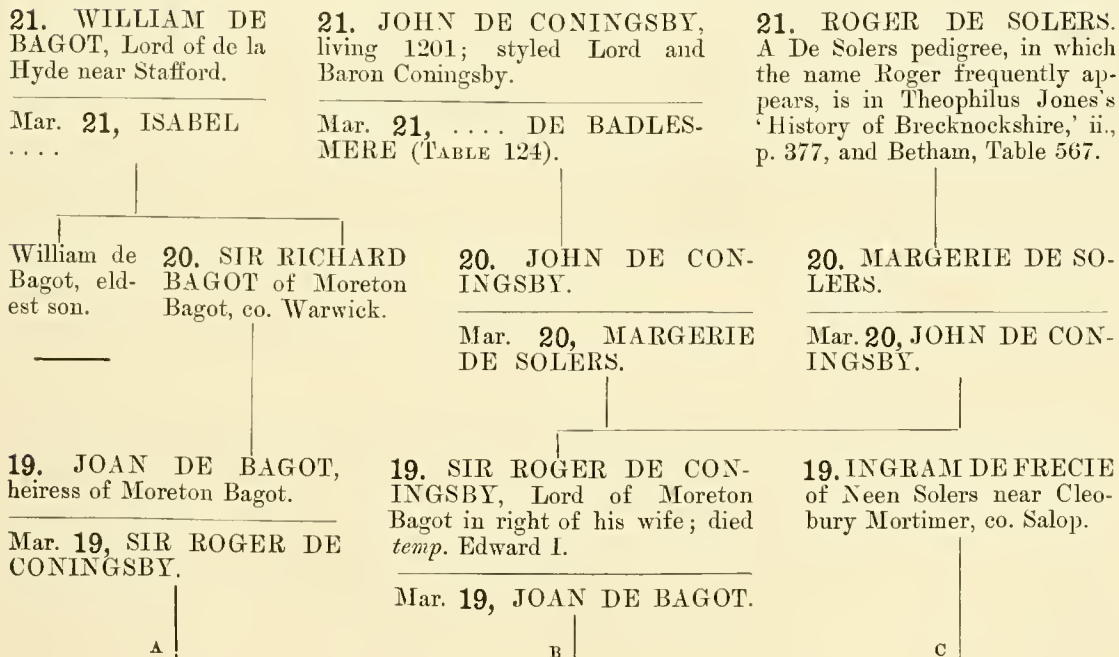


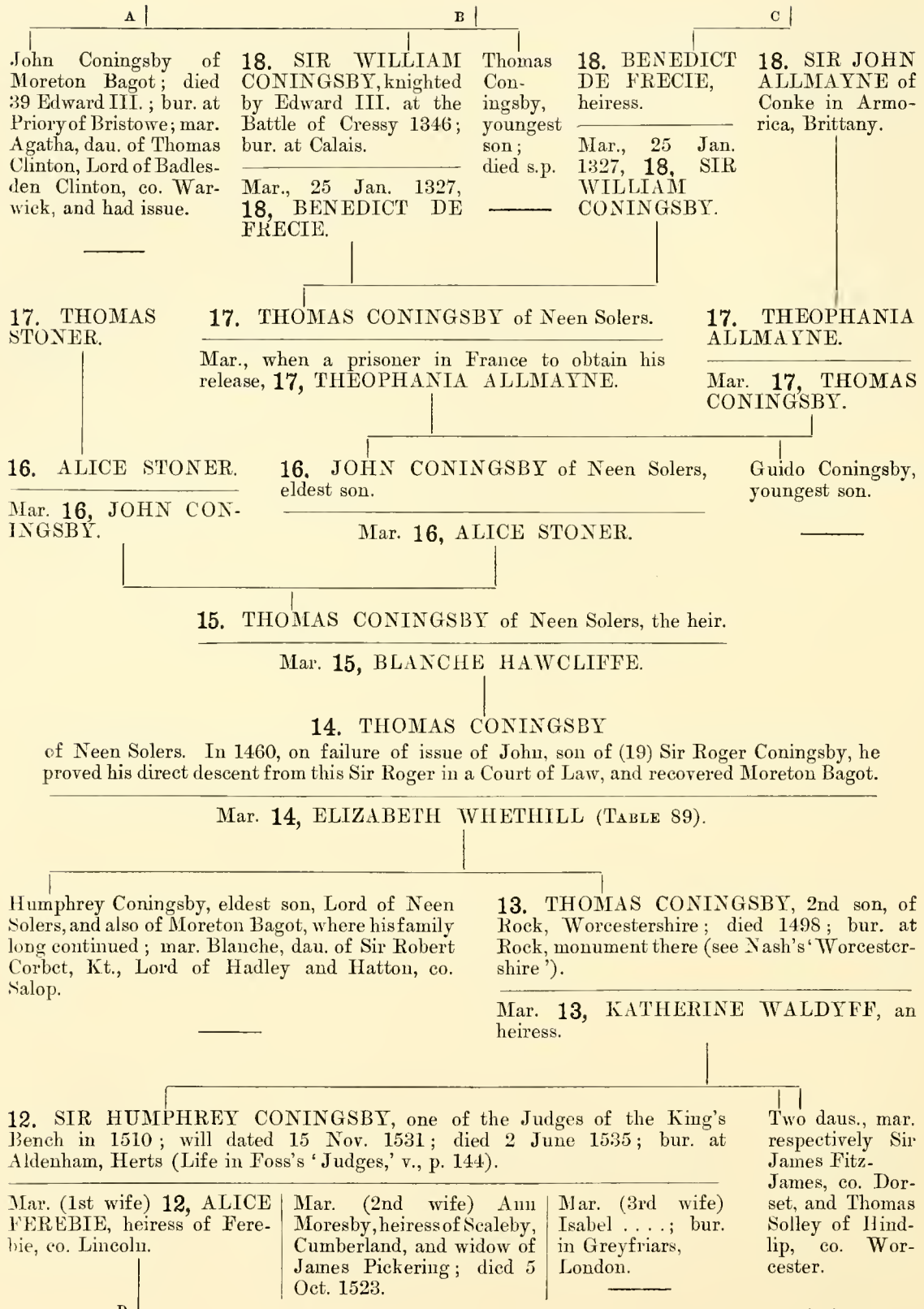
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

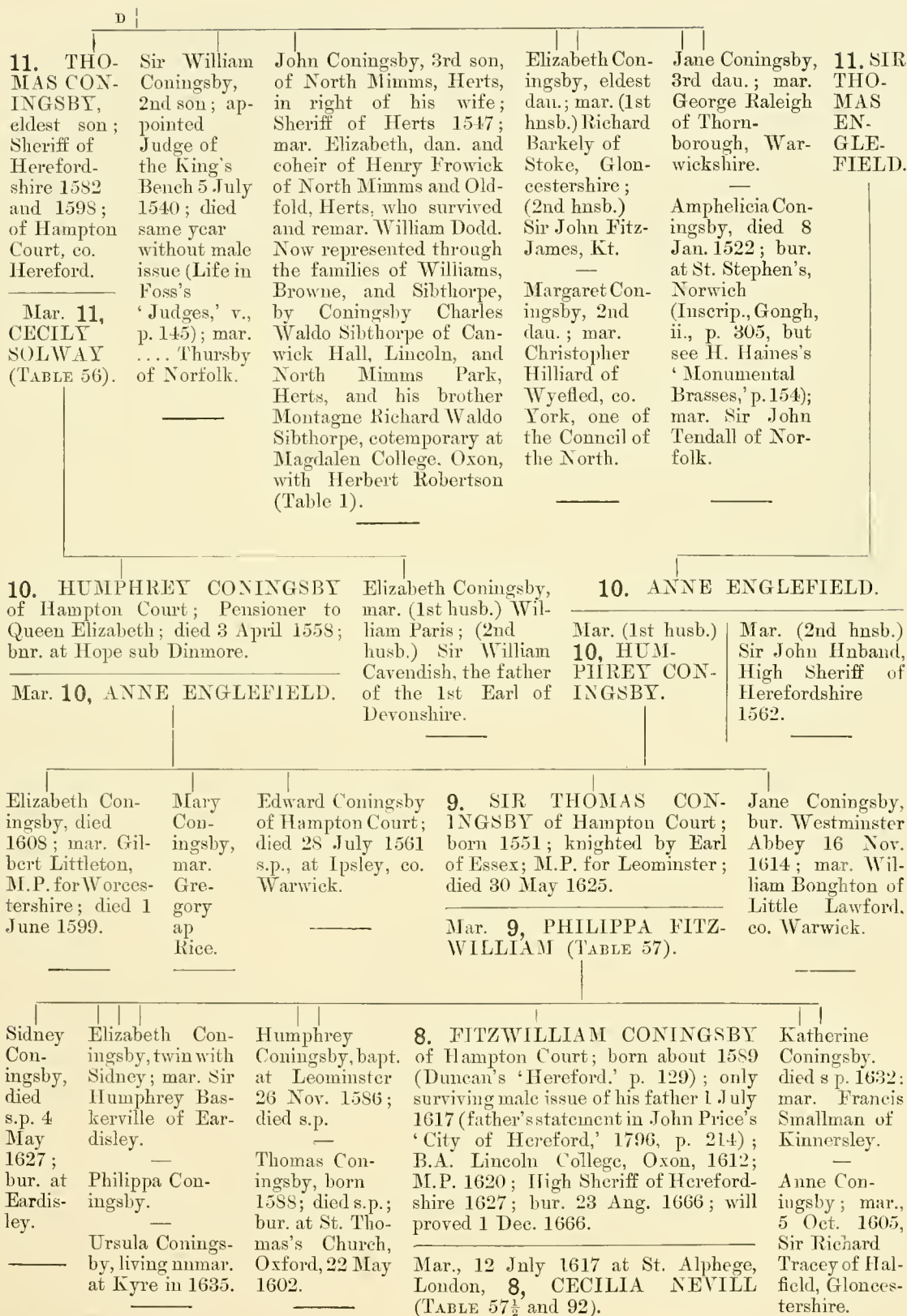
HILL.
 Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Hill of Graig; earlier editions, Hill of Doneraile.
 'The Patrician,' iii., p. 172.

Table 48.

CONINGSBY FAMILY.







F			
<p>Humphrey Coningsby, eldest son; of Hamptou Court; bapt. 22 Sept. 1622; entered Lincoln College, Oxon, 1637-8; living 1665-6; mar. Lettice, dau. of Sir Arthur Loftus of Rathfarnham, by the Lady Dorothy Boyle; parents of Thomas Coningsby of Hampton Court; created 1692 Lord Coningsby (Ireland) and Earl Coningsby (England) having as one of the Lords Justices of Ireland after Battle of the Boyne mainly carried through the Treaty of Limerick; male issue of this line extinct.</p>	<p>7. THOMAS CONINGSBY of Neen Solers, Salop, where the family had formerly lived, see <i>ante</i>; 2nd sou; bapt. 17 April 1628; living in 1665-6.</p>	<p>Henry Couingsby, bapt. 21 June 1629; living 1665; left issue.</p>	<p>Cecilia Fitzwilliam Coningsby, born 1621; bapt. 18 July 1625; bur. at Hereford Cathedral (Inscrip., Rawlinson's 'Hereford Antiq.,' p. 36); mar. (1st husb.) David Hyde of Earls Court, Berks; (2nd husb.) Robert Woolner of Worcestershire.</p>

<p>Thomas Coningsby, born at Neen Solers 1671; Fellow of Trinity College, Dublin, 1696; died s.p. 19 Nov. 1711.</p>	<p>6. ELIZABETH CONINGSBY, died 4 Nov. 1715; bur. at Middleton, co. Cork (Inscrip., Charles Smith's 'State of Cork,' 1774, vol. i., p. 146). Mar., Dec. 1699 at Dublin, 6, REV. WALTER ATKIN (TABLE 44), where line traced through Haymau family to</p>	<p>Ursula Couingsby, mar., 4 Dec. 1703 at Middleton, Cork, Barry Maynard.</p>	<p>Philippa Coningsby, mar., 1713 at Middleton, James Atkin of St. Nicholas, Cork.</p>	<p>Cecilia Coningsby, mar., 9 Dec. 1691 in Dublin, Henry Owens of Dublin.</p>
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1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

CONINGSBY.

- Rev. Charles James Robinson's 'Mansions of Herefordshire,' London, 1872, p. 144.
 'Visitation of Worcestershire,' Harleian Society, xxvii., Coningsby.
 Chauncey's 'Hertfordshire,' p. 462.
 Clutterbuck's 'Hertfordshire,' i., p. 444.
 Berry's 'Hertfordshire Genealogies,' p. 161.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage.'
 Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Sibthorpe of Canwick.
 Dugdale's 'Warwickshire,' 1730, p. 760.
 Blomefield's 'Norfolk,' 1775, iv., p. 147.
 R. E. C. Waters's 'Genealogical Memoirs of the Family of Chester,' London, 1878, i., pp. 259-263.

Table 49.

GRIFFITH AND STRADLING FAMILIES.

30. SIR WILLIAM LE ESTERLING,

of a family settled in a township of that name on the Baltic; came to England in 1090; accompanied (27) Robert Fitz Hamon, Count of Corbeil (Table 147), in his expedition to conquer Glamorganshire, and had the Manor of St. Donats in that county allotted to him.

29. SIR JOHN LE ESTERLING of St. Donats.

Mar. **29, MAUD**, dau. of **30, SIR ROBERT CORBET**, Lord of Pontsbury (see this Corbet family in Table 91).

A |

28. SIR MAURICE LE ESTERLING of St. Donats.

Mar. **28**, CECILY DE SAY (TABLE 114A).

27. SIR ROBERT LE ESTERLING OR STRADLING of St. Donats.

Mar. **27**, HAWISE, dau. and heiress of **28**, SIR HUGH BRIAN OR BRENT, probably owner of part of St. Donats as Hawise is frequently called heiress of that place.

26. SIR GILBERT STRADLING of St. Donats.

Mar. **26**, ELEANOR, dau. of **27**, SIR JOHN SOWEN.

25. SIR WILLIAM STRADLING

of St. Donats. Colliuson's 'Somersetshire,' iii., p. 334, inserts two generations between him and his son Sir Peter whose father is called Sir John.

Mar. **25**, ANNE, dau. of **26**, SIR HUGH MONTFORT.

See families of this name in Tables 90 and 99.

24. SIR PETER STRADLING

of St. Donats, and also of Combe Hay, Somersetshire, in right of his wife.

Mar. **24**, JULIAN, dau. and heiress of **25**, THOMAS HAY OR HAWEY of Combe Hay, Somersetshire, whose ancestors acquired that estate soon after the Couquest; called Joan in Burke's 'Extinct Barouetage,' Stradling.

24. PAYN DE TURBERVILLE, Lord of Castle Coity.

23. SIR EDWARD STRADLING of St. Donats.

Mar. **23**, ELEANOR, dau. of **24**, SIR GILBERT STRADLING, of a younger branch of the same family, but sometimes called Sir Gilbert Strongbow.

23. A dau. and coheir.

Mar. **23**, SIR ROGER BERKROLLS: A generation, Sir Lawrence, is inserted between him and his dau. Gwenllian in Collinson's 'Somersetshire,' iii., p. 334.

22. SIR EDWARD STRADLING of St. Donats; a Crusader and Knight of the Holy Sepulchre; M.P. for Somersetshire 1344.

Mar. **22**, WENLLIAN DE BERKROLLS.

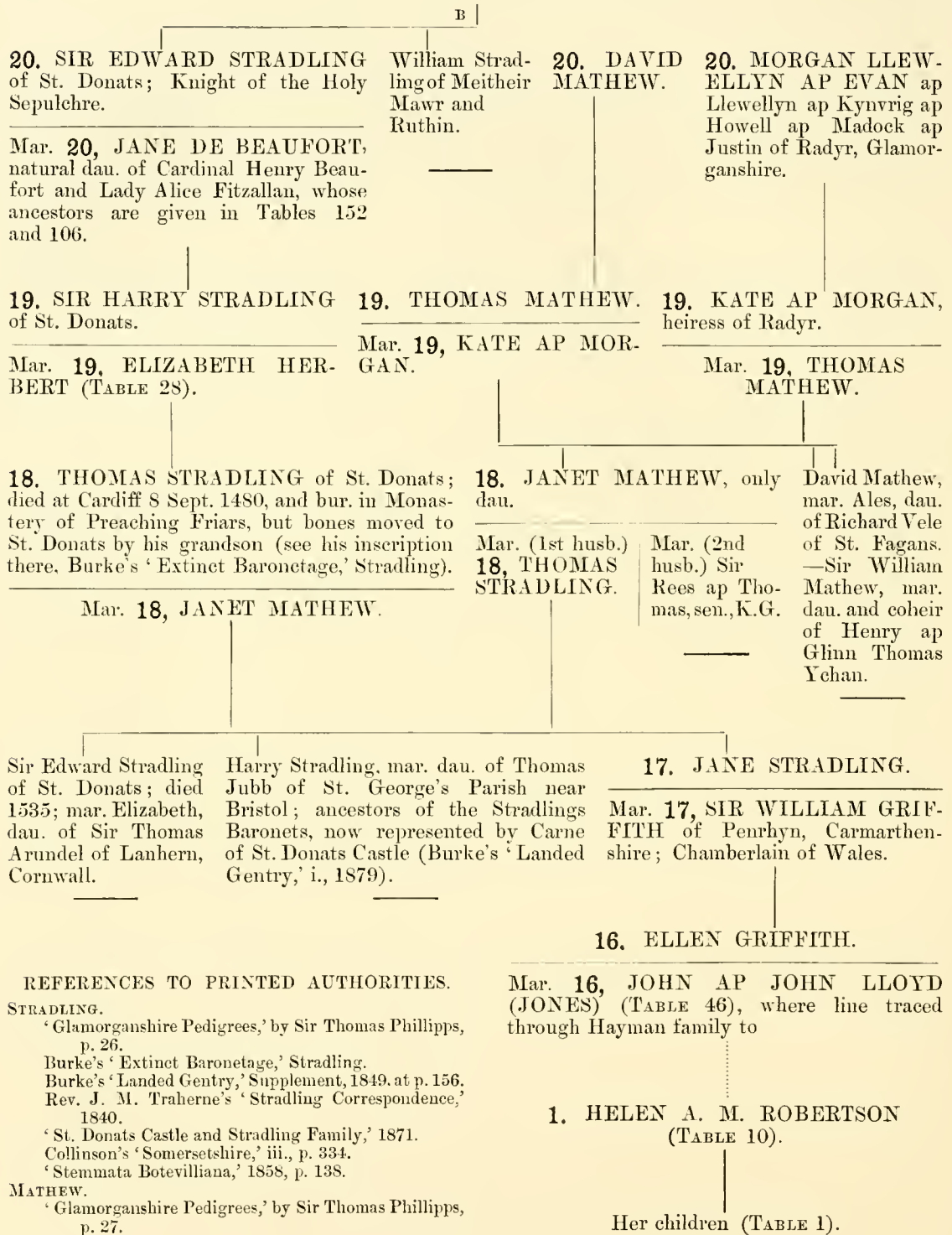
22. WENLLIAN OR GWENLLIAN DE BERKROLLS ult. heiress. Sir Charles Berkrolls.

Mar. **22**, SIR EDWARD STRADLING.

21. SIR WILLIAM STRADLING

of St. Donats; a Crusader and Knight of the Holy Sepulchre.

Mar. **21**, ELIZABETH, dau. of **22**, SIR JOHN DE BARBE; called Julian in Collinson's 'Somersetshire,' iii., p. 334.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

STRADLING.

'Glamorganshire Pedigrees,' by Sir Thomas Phillipps, p. 26.

Burke's 'Extinct Baronetage,' Stradling.

Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Supplement, 1849, at p. 156.

Rev. J. M. Traherne's 'Stradling Correspondence,' 1840.

'St. Donats Castle and Stradling Family,' 1871.

Collinson's 'Somersetshire,' iii., p. 334.

'Stemmata Botevilliana,' 1858, p. 138.

MATHEW.

'Glamorganshire Pedigrees,' by Sir Thomas Phillipps, p. 27.

Table 50.

KENNEDY FAMILY.

9. CHRISTOPHER BARKER.

8. ANNE BARKER.

Mar. 8, SIR RICHARD KENNEDY.

Elizabeth Kennedy, living in 1721; coheiress of part of Mount Kennedy; mar. Dr. Edward Jones, Bishop of Cloyne and St. Asaph.

9. SIR THOMAS KENNEDY of Mount Kennedy, co. Wicklow, Bart.; living in 1660, when son Richard knighted.

The creation of his baronetcy is not recorded, but there is no doubt about the fact. In J. T. Gilbert's 'History of the City of Dublin' it is said that this family is a branch of the Celtic family of O'Cemneide or O'Cineide, formerly chiefs of Ormond in Munster (see also O'Hara's 'Irish Pedigrees,' and *cf.* 'Kilkenny Archaeological Journal,' 1849, p. 91).

8. SIR RICHARD KENNEDY, BART., of Mount Kennedy; 2nd Baron of the Exchequer, Ireland, from 1662 to 1680 (Smyth's 'Law Officers of Ireland,' p. 154); said to have been knighted in 1660, in Le Neve's 'Knights,' Harleian Society, viii., p. 108; erroneously made father of his two brothers in Gilbert's 'Dublin.'

Mar. 8, ANNE BARKER.

Catherine Kennedy, mar. Thomas Burdett of Garrahill (Burke's 'Baronetage,' Weldon). Ancestors of the Burdetts and Weldons, Baronets, now represented in the 4th generation by Sir Anthony Crosdill Weldon, 5th Baronet.

Sir Robert Kennedy, Bart., 2nd Chamberlain, Court of Exchequer, Ireland; mar. Frances, dau. of Ralph Howard of Skelton, co. Wicklow; parents of Sir Richard Kennedy, Bart., Sheriff of co. Dublin 1709; killed in 1710 (see Luttrell's 'Relation of State Affairs,' and Gilbert's 'Dublin'); whose dau. Elizabeth Kennedy mar. Sir William Dudley of Clopton, Bart. (Burke's 'Extinct Baronetage').

Sir William Kennedy, last Baronet; attainted 1725 (1702 according to Gilbert's 'Dublin'), and his part of Mount Kennedy estate seized by the Crown.

ARMS USED BY THIS KENNEDY FAMILY.—Sable, an escallop shell or between three helmets close argent garnished of the second, and the bloody hand of Ulster for the baronetcy granted 1 Feb. 1618.

7. BRIDGET KENNEDY, died Feb. 1753; coheiress of part of Mount Kennedy, which descended to the Haymans.

Mar., *circa* 1687, 7, REV. MATTHEW JONES (TABLE 46), where line traced through Hayman family to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

NOTE.—Although there is no doubt about the existence of this Kennedy baronetcy, there is no record of its creation, and it is omitted in Beatson's 'Political Index,' iii., p. 281, and in Burke's 'Extinct Baronetage.'

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

KENNEDY.

'The Patrician' (J. B. Burke), vol. v., p. 373, contributed by the Rev. Canon (Samuel) Hayman, to whom the volume is dedicated, under the title "Generosus."

'Collections Historical and Archæological relating to Montgomery,' vol. xii., part ii., p. 239, Jones of Llwynrhirid, 1879.

Brady's 'Records of Cork,' ii., p. 185.

J. T. Gilbert's 'History of the City of Dublin,' 1854, vol. i., pp. 194-5.

Table 51—PART A.

NETTLES FAMILY.

8. JOHN NETTLES,

of an ancient English family in Herefordshire; went to Ireland in 1630, and obtained a grant of 1258 acres of land at Tonreen or Tourin, co. Waterford, from Charles II.; enrolled 8 Nov. 1666; High Sheriff of Waterford 1670; died 1680. Will dated 20 April 1680, proved 1684.

Mar. 8, MARY GREATRAKS (Part B of this Table).

7. JOHN NETTLES of Toureen, co. Waterford; High Sheriff 1690-1; will dated 7 May 1715, proved 21 Nov. 1715.

Mar. 7, . . . EVANS, sister (called niece under Nettles in Burke's 'Landed Gentry') of Sir William Evans, Bart. (Burke's 'Extinct Baronetage,' Ireland).

Robert Nettles of Mahallagh, etc., now Nettleville, co. Cork; mar. Elizabeth Jackson.

Ruth Nettles, mar. Barry Drew (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Supplement, 1849, Drew of Drewboro'; 1879, Drew of Drew's Court); and three daughters mar. into the Wallis, Christian, and Croke families.

John Nettles of Tonreen; died 1726. For issue see Burke's 'Landed Gentry.'

6. MARY NETTLES.

Mar., Aug. 1716, 6. LIEUT. EDWARD JONES (TABLE 46), where line traced through Hayman family to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

NETTLES.

Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Nettles of Nettleville.

Table 51—PART B.

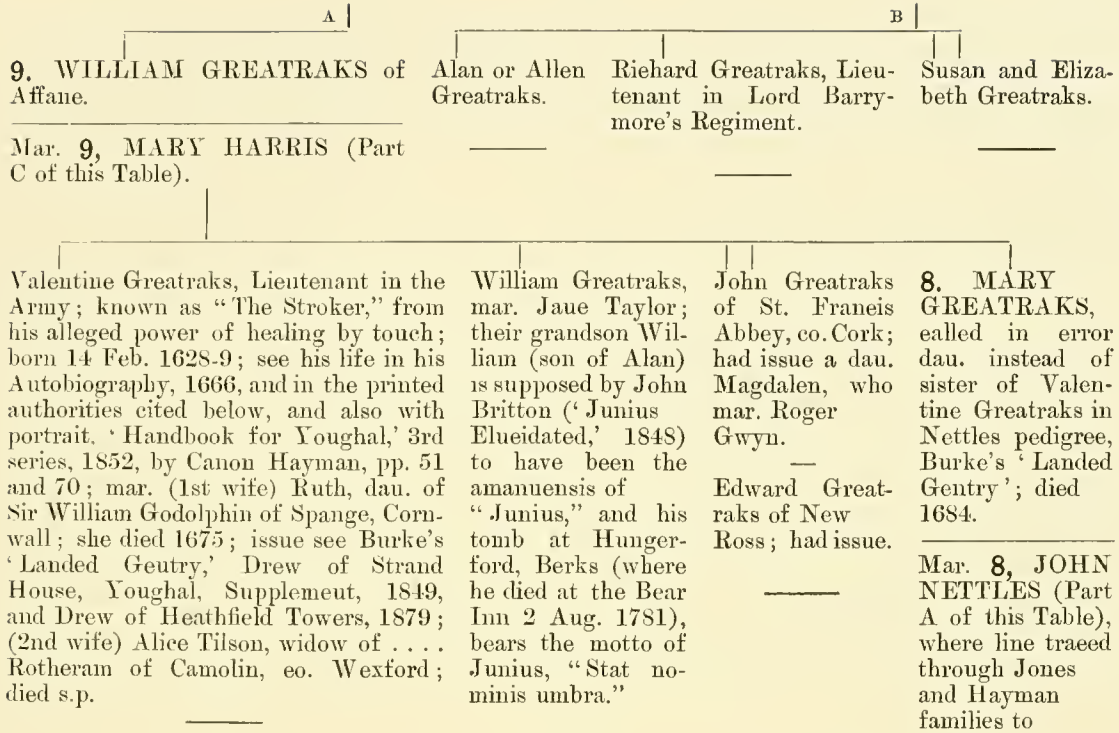
GREATRAKS FAMILY.

10. WILLIAM GREATRAKS,

born in Derbyshire 1540 (probably grandson of Robert Greatrakes of "Great Rakes," whose daughter mar. about 1540 Edward Bagshawe); got grant of Aughmain, pronounced and now called Affane, near Lismore, co. Waterford, and there built Norrisland Castle; died 2 June 1628; bur. at St. John's, Dublin; certificate said to be in British Museum. Adm'on granted to widow Elizabeth 2 July 1628.

Mar. (1st wife) 10, ANNE CROKER, dau. of 11, RICHARD CROKER of Kill, co. Waterford, of the old family of Crokers of Lyneham, Devonshire (see Harleian Society, vol. vi., 'Visitation of Devonshire,' 1620, p. 78).

Mar. (2nd wife) Elizabeth, dau. of John Smith of Kent; died 1630. Adm'on granted to her son Richard at Dublin 4 June 1630.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

GREATRAKS.

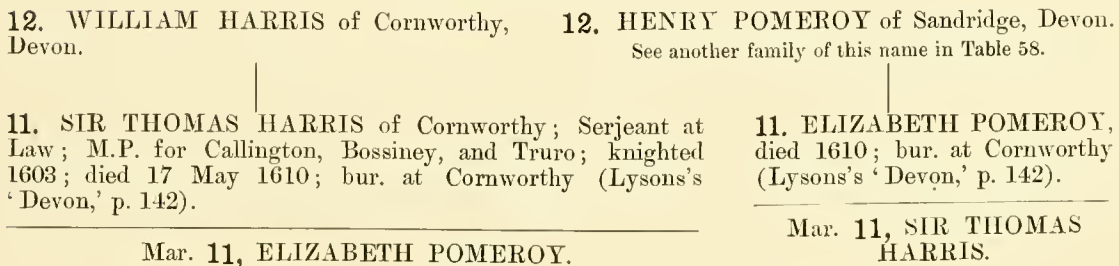
- Jewitt's 'Reliquary,' iv., pp. 81-96 and 220-240.
- 'The Patrician,' ii., p. 255.
- 'Handbook for Youghal,' 3rd series, 1852, by Canon Hayman, pp. 51 and 70.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

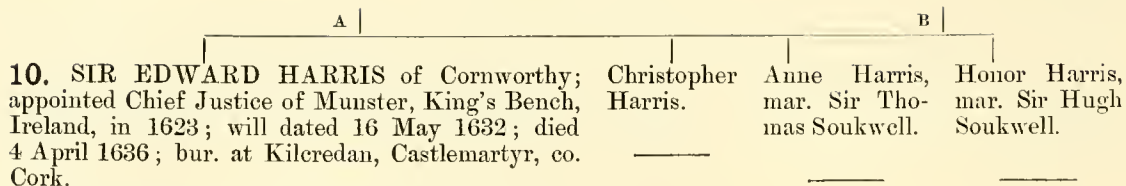
Table 51—PART C.

HARRIS FAMILY.

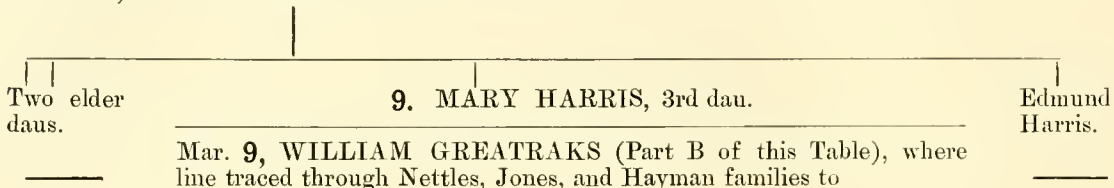


A |

B |



Mar. **10**, ELIZABETH FOWELL (Part D of this Table).



REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

HARRIS.
Prince's 'Worthies of Devon,' pp. 378-9.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 51—PART D.

FOWELL FAMILY.

19. ROGER DE VOGHIL OR FOGHIL.

18. JOHN DE VOGHIL OR FOGHIL.

Mar. . . . dau. and heiress of TREVAZE of Trevaze, Cornwall.

17. . . . FOGHIL of Trevaze.

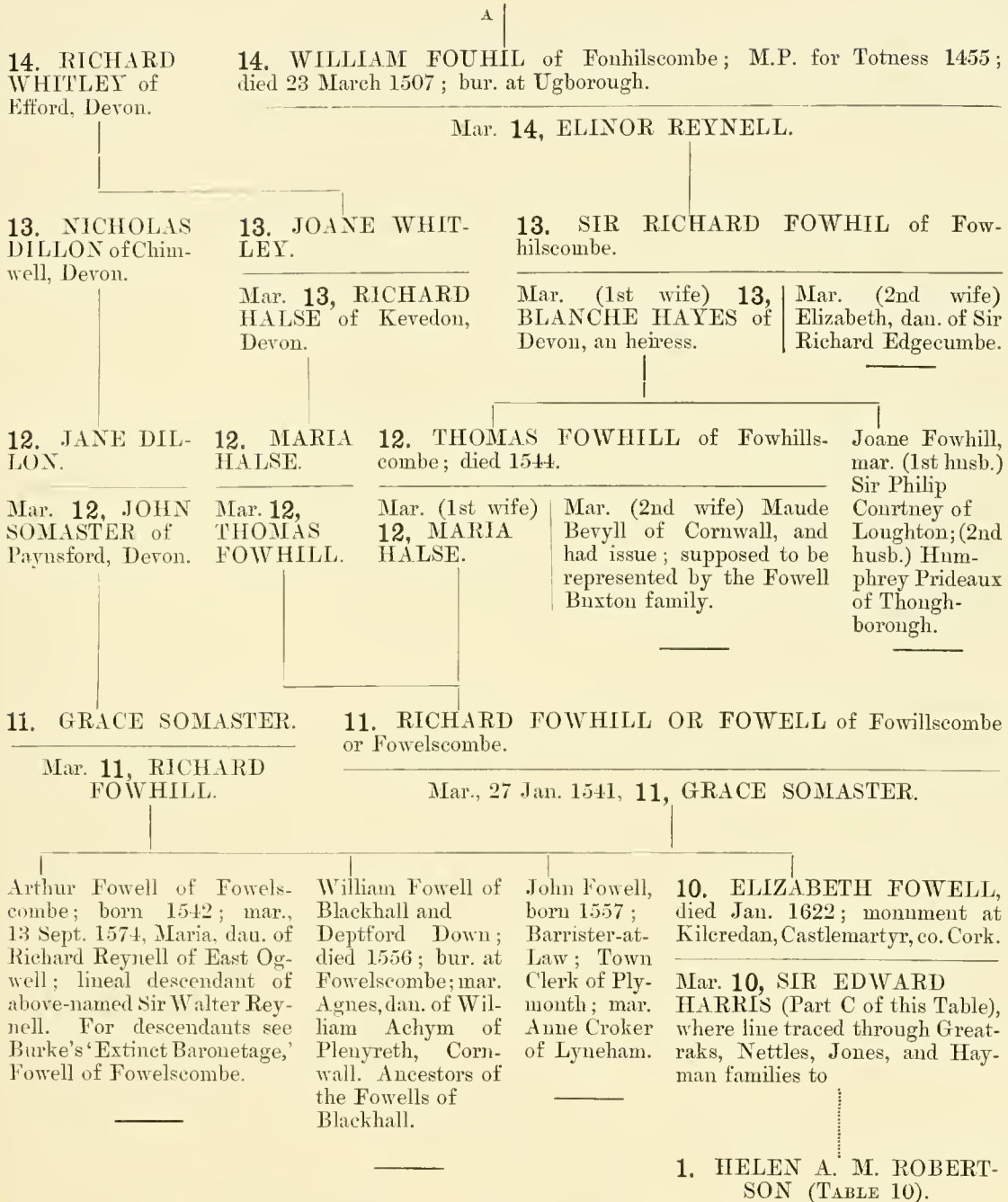
Mar. . . . heiress of Wallronde.

16. . . . FOGHIL of Trevaze.

Mar. . . . heiress of Hallvell.

15. . . . FOGHIL of Trevaze.

Mar. . . . heiress of Harburtonford.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

FOWELL.

Westcote's 'Devon,' by Oliver Jones, 1845, p. 521.
 Burke's 'Extinct Baronetage,' Fowell of Fowelscombe.

Table 51—PART E.

REYNELL FAMILY.

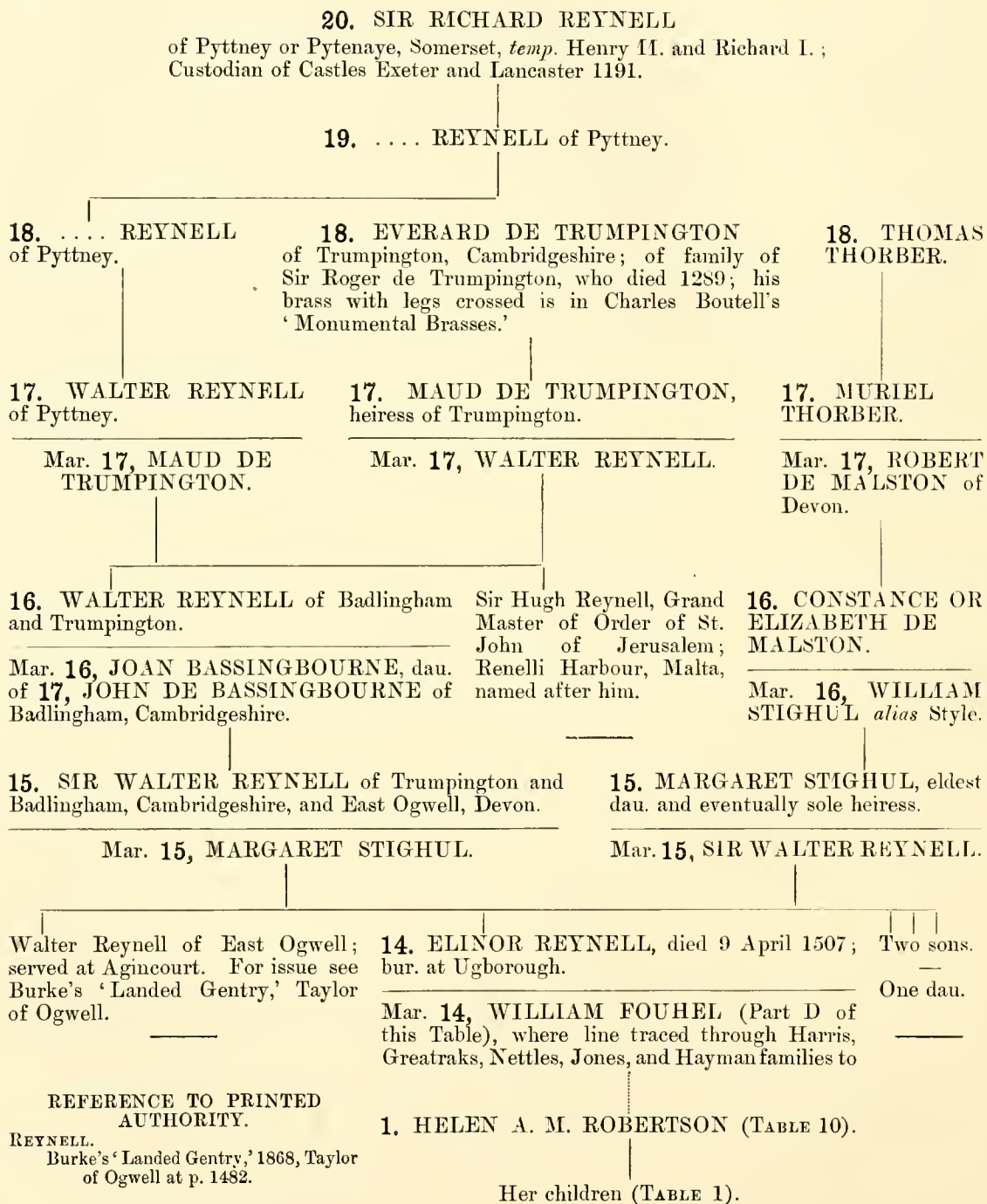


Table 52.

ROCH FAMILY.

24. LE SIRE DE ROCHVILLE OR DE LA ROCHE OR DE RUPE,
said to be descended in a direct line from the ruling House of Lorraine; companion of the
Conqueror in 1066.

23. HENRY DE LA ROCHE.

22. ADAM DE LA ROCHE,
in 1170 went to Ireland with the Earl of Pembroke, Strongbow, and
received Rosse-lihir now Ross Carbery; was of Poole Castle on the
River Bandon; died in Pembrokeshire 1210.

**22. SIR WILLIAM
FLEMING**, Lord of
Armoy or Fermoy, co.
Cork.

21. SIR RICHARD DE LA ROCHE, Baron of
Poole Castle and Dunderrow Castle, both on the
River Bandon; died 1230.

21. AMY FLEMING, heiress of Fer-
moy; in the middle of her inheritance
afterwards sprang up Castletown Roche.

Mar. **21. AMY FLEMING**. An account of the
marriage in Smith's 'State of Cork,' i., p. 37.

Mar. **21. SIR RICHARD DE LA
ROCHE.**

20. SIR RICHARD FITZ-RICHARD DE LA ROCHE of Poole
Castle; Lord Justice of Ireland 1261-7; founded the Abbey of Glanworth
1227; died 1270.

20. JOHN ROCHE,
called Lord Roche of
Fermoy.

19. HUGH DE LA ROCH of Poole; styled Baron
Roch of Fermoy; died 1300.

19. BLANCHE ROCHE.

NOTE.—The title given to him and many of his successors does
not appear to have been an inheritable peerage, and was probably
only a local dignity.

Mar. **19. JOHN FITZGERALD**,
1st Earl of Kildare (TABLE 133), where
line traced through Butler, Boleyne,
Sackville, Nevill, Comingsby, Atkin, and
Hayman families to

18. DAVID FITZ HUGH ROCHE of Poole Castle;
styled Baron Roche and Fermoy, and as such summoned
to Parliament at Dublin early in the reign of Edward I.;
died 1314.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

17. GEORGE FITZ DAVID ROCH of Poole Castle;
styled Baron Roch and Fermoy; died 1325 or 1330.

William Roch, murdered by the Condons
in 1311 according to Camden.

A |

16. ALEXANDER (FITZHUGH) ROCH,

styled Lord Roch and Fermoy; founded an abbey at Bridgetown on the confluence of the Awleg and Blackwater in 1314; died 1335, and bur. at the Abbey at Bridgetown.

According to Francis Nichols's 'British Compendium or Rudiments of Honor,' vol. iii., Ireland, 2nd edition, 1727, p. 148 (Roch, Viscount Fermoy), the ancestor of the Roch family was a son of this Alexander, named Ralph, who mar., as 4th husband, Elizabeth de Clare, foundress of Clare Hall, Cambridge (Table 97), and had a son David, but the authority he cites, Sandford's 'Genealogical History of the Kings of England' at pp. 141-2, directly negatives any such marriage, and there seems no authority for inserting Ralph between Alexander and David.

|

15. DAVID FITZ ALEXANDER ROCH,

styled Lord Roch and Fermoy; built Ballyhooley Castle on the Blackwater; attended Edward II.'s court when Prince of Wales, afterwards Edward III., was knighted in 1330; fought at the Battle of Allo 1335; died 1361.

|

14. WILLIAM FITZ DAVID ROCH,

styled Lord Roch and Fermoy; Sheriff of Cork and Governor of Youghal in 1370; died 1383, and bur. at Bridgetown.

|

James Fitzwilliam Roch, styled Lord Roch and Fermoy; died s.p. 1422.	13. MAURICE FITZWILLIAM ROCH; Sheriff of Cork 1433; erected Shian's Castle and Glyn Castle, near Carrick-on-Suir, and Castles at Tourin and Cappelquin on the Blackwater; died 1493.	13. TORLOUGH ROE O'BRIEN, hereditary Prince of Thomond.
--	---	--

Two elder sons, slain in the Wars of the Roses in England.	Ulick or Alexander Roch, styled Lord Roch and Fermoy; died s.p. 1500 by a fall from a horse.	12. GEORGE ROCH, styled Lord Roch and Fermoy. Mar., 1506, at Limerick, 12. MARY O'BRIEN.	James Fitzmaurice Roch, Governor of Cork in 1474.	12. MARY O'BRIEN, styled the Princess Mary. Mar. 12. GEORGE ROCH.
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In Table 55 occurs 11, ELLEN, dau. of 12, WILLIAM ROCH of Ballyhooley, who mar. 11, DAVID NAGLE, and lines are there traced.	11. SIR JOHN ROCH, styled the Happy; born 1507; died <i>circa</i> 1555; with his younger brother said to have been placed under the guardianship of their uncle Maurice, Lord Fermoy, but there appears to have been no uncle of this name. Mar., 1535, 11, JOHANNA FITZGERALD, styled Lady Johanna Fitzgerald, dau. of the Lord of Strancally (<i>cf.</i> TABLE 133).	A younger son.
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ARMS USED BY THIS ROCH FAMILY AT THIS TIME AND SINCE.—Gules, three roaches naiant in pale.

CREST.—An osprey or sea eagle standing on a cliff proper, the wings extended argent, membered or, in the dexter claw a roach as in the arms.

MOTTO.—Mon Dieu est ma Roche.

10. JAMES ROCH of Tourin, co. Waterford; died 1567.

Mar. **10, LADY MARGARET BUTLER** of the House of Ormond (*cf.* TABLE 80).

B |

B]

9. THEOBALD ROCH

of Tourin and Cregg, an estate confiscated in 1588, on the ground that he was concerned in the Earl of Desmond's rebellion, and given to Sir Walter Ralceigh; died old in 1635; bur. at Bridgetown where is his monument.

Mar., 1566, 9, LADY ELLEN FITZGERALD of the Kerricurrihy branch of the Desmond family (*cf.* TABLE 133).

8. GEORGE ROCH of Tourin and Glyn; attainted by Cromwell's Parliament, and withdrew to Flanders; died of wounds in exile about 1658, soon after his son's birth. In 'Irish Ecclesiastical Gazette,' 31 Aug. 1888, called Fitz George, and with his brother John made son of his kinsman the Viscount Roch.

John Roch.—Maurice Roch, killed in the revolt of Sir James Fitzgerald of Strancally.—Ulick Roch.—David Roch.

8. BENJAMIN HAMERTON.

7. COLONEL JAMES ROCH, born at Kinsale 29 Sept. 1658; styled the Swimmer from his gallant performance on the occasion of the Relief of Londonderry by King William III. (account in 'Irish Ecclesiastical Gazette,' 31 Aug. 1888, and many other works); High Sheriff 1714; died 22 Dec. 1722.

7. ELIZABETH HAMERTON, died 1 March 1730-1.

Mar. (1st husb.) John Hanbury. Mar. (2nd husb.) 7, JAMES ROCH.

Mar., 1693 (1st wife), Elizabeth Gough, dau. of Bishop of Limerick.

Mar. (2nd wife) 7, ELIZABETH HAMERTON.

William Roch, born 1695; died 29 July 1723.
Mary Roch, born 10 Oct. 1694; died 9 Dec. 1727; mar. Captain Benjamin Greene.

6. JAMES ROCH of Glyn Castle, Carrick-on-Suir; born 1702; died at Dungannon 28 Jan. 1740-41.

Mar. (1st wife) Anna Maria; died 9 July 1725. Mar. (2nd wife), 3 March 1730-31, 6, MELIAN HOLMES POMEROY (TABLE 58A).

Susannah Roch. James Roch of Woodbine Hill; died 2 Dec. 1792; mar., Oct. 1747 (1st wife), Isabella Odell, and (2nd wife) Mary Cotter.

By his 1st wife he had, with three sons, a dau. named Melian Roch, who mar. Sampson Roch; and by his 2nd wife he had a son George Butler Roch, who had issue (with other children, including George Roch now of Woodbine Hill) a dau. Melian Roch, who mar. Colonel Henry D. Shepperd, 19th Native Infantry. (See, as to name Melian, Appendix to Table 59.)

William Roch of Lehard, mar. Mary Lane.

Luke Roch, died s.p. 1781; mar. Eliz. Waring.

Melian Roch, mar. Beverley Usher of Canty.

5. AUDRIAH ROCH, died 26 Feb. 1819.

Mar., 18 May 1757, 5, MATTHEW JONES (TABLE 46), where line traced through Hayman family to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

Roch.

Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1849, Supplement, and edition 1879, Roch of Woodbine Hill.

There is much difficulty in fitting in this pedigree, mainly derived from Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1849, Supplement with the very unsatisfactory accounts of the Roch Peerage in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage' and Lodge's 'Peerage.'

Table 53.

COKE FAMILY.

8. RICHARD COKE OR COOKE

of Broom Hall in the parish of Livermere Parva, or Little Livermere, near Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk; acquired Livermere Parva about 1630.

In Augustine Page's 'Supplement to the Suffolk Traveller,' 1844, p. 797, it is stated that the arms used by him appear to prove that he was of the family of the Cokes of Trusley, Derbyshire, whose pedigree is given in Burke's 'Commoners,' iv., p. 268, and Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1879. Most probably he was the son of William Cooke of Bury St. Edmunds, died 1614, will dated 20 April 1614 in Camden Society, vol. xlix., Bury Wills, p. 163, of which family was probably Sir Robert Cooke, Vicar of Haughley, whose will in 1537 is in the same publication, p. 128; but there is some ground for connecting him with the Cookes of Thorne, Devon, who used indifferently the names of Cooke and Coke (Harleian Society, vi., 'Visitation of Devon,' p. 69), and of which family there was a Richard, born 1607, son of John Cooke and Margaret Sherman (*ibid.*, pp. 69 and 260). The use of the two spellings conjointly was very common in this family, see for instance 'Oxford Univ. Register,' William, B.A. 1506; Richard, B.A. 1508; Robert, B.A. 1516; Nicholas, Fellow of Queen's 1563—each of whom style themselves Coke or Cooke. The name was then as now generally pronounced Cooke (see 'Notes and Queries,' 1st and 2nd Series, *passim*), Coke being merely the old way of spelling Cook (see Chaucer's 'Coke's Tale'), but in Arundel Coke's Trial (see below) it must have been pronounced by the clerk in both ways as spelt.

Mar. 8, ANNE ARUNDEL (TABLE 60A).

Richard Coke or Cooke of Livermere Parva; died 1688; bur. at Livermere Parva; died s.p.; mar. Elizabeth, dau. of Robert Maltyward of Rougham; died 1716; bur. with husband.

A grandson or later descendant of this Richard and Anne Arundel was probably the Arundel Coke or Cooke, Barrister-at-Law, who, besides the labourer employed by him, was the only person ever executed under the Coventry Act to prevent malicious maiming with intent to mutilate, 22 and 23 Car. II. (Howell's 'State Trials,' xvi., p. 54, and a Special Report in Lincoln's Inn Library, Reed Collection). He had mar. a Miss Browne, and was tried at Bury St. Edmunds on 13 March 1722 for slitting the nose of Edward Crispe, who had mar. his sister, with intent to mutilate. His defence was curious, viz., that he intended to kill him, not to mutilate, the answer to which was that having regard to the instrument used he could not reasonably have expected to kill him without first mutilating him. He was executed at Bury St. Edmunds on 31 March 1722 (see

7. ARUNDEL COKE OR COOKE of Bury St. Edmunds.

Behaviour and Dying Words, Lincoln's Inn Library, Misc. Pamphlets, vol. lxxix., No. 5), and bur. same day in chancel at Little Livermere Church (Rev. Sir John Cullum's 'Hawsted,' 2nd edition, 1813, p. 191, note). The crime is referred to in 'A Tour through Great Britain,' Daniel Defoe, 4th edition, 1748, i., p. 37, and in 'Beauties of England and Wales,' Brailey and Brittain, xiv., Suffolk, p. 79. In Augustine Page's 'Supplement to the Suffolk Traveller,' 1844, p. 797, it is stated that he was heir *apparent* to the Livermere Parva estate.

6. ANN COKE OR COOKE, died 1729.

Mar., *circa* 1686, 6, WILLIAM HILL (TABLE 47), where line traced through Hayman family to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Samuel Coke or Cooke of Charing Cross, London; mar. Jane, dau. of Thomas Tilby of Farnham.

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

Authorities referred to in Table 47 (Hill), and those cited above. There is no complete correct printed Table. Some confusion existed in the earlier pedigrees, e.g. Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1846, Hill of Doneraile, between the above Anne Coke who mar. William, and Mary Collins who mar. his father Arundel Hill. Afterwards Canon Hayman investigated the pedigree, commencing with very imperfect information, as will be seen by reference to his question in 'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' New Series, vol. i., p. 35, from which it appears that the mistake arose in part from attributing a letter from William Hill, son of Anne Coke, to William Hill her husband. Canon Hayman's investigations led to the proper pedigree being discovered, as set out in these Tables, but although the main facts seem clearly established the details are not altogether satisfactory.

Table 54.

COLLINS AND STERNE FAMILIES.

9. SIMON STERNE of Mansfield.

9. EDWARD DICKINSON, Lord of the Manor of Farnborough.

8. DR. RICHARD STERNE, born 1596; Bishop of Carlisle 1660; Archbishop of York 28 April 1664; died at Bishopstoke Palace 18 June 1683 (for his request not to be disembowelled or laid in state see Gough's 'Sepulchral Monuments,' ii., p. xc); bur. at St. Stephen's Chapel, York Minster, where is monument (engraved and inscription given in Francis Drake's 'Eboracum,' 1736, p. 464, inscription also in Willis's 'Cathedrals,' i., p. 57); Life in Le Neve's 'Protestant Bishops,' i., pp. 241, 257; Wood's 'Fasti Oxoniensis,' by Bliss, 1815, p. 433; Master's 'History of St. Benet's or Corpus Christi College, Cambridge,' 1753, p. 376.

8. ELIZABETH DICKINSON, born 1625; died 6 March 1683; bur. at Farnborough (Inscription in Le Neve's 'Protestant Bishops,' p. 253); called in error Elizabeth, dau. of William, in George Poulson's 'Holderness,' i., p. 411, and elsewhere.

Mar. 8, ELIZABETH DICKINSON.

Mar. 8, ARCHBISHOP STERNE.

Richard Sterne of York and Kilvington; died 1700; Mary, dau. of Rev. J. Loveland, Prebendary of Norwich.

William Sterne of Mansfield; obtained lease of Hexgrave in Nottinghamshire from his father (Thoroton's 'Nottinghamshire,' iii., p. 83); mar. Frances, dau. of William Cartwright of Normanton (Poulson's 'Holderness').

Simon Sterne of Elvington and Halifax; died 1703; mar. Mary, dau. and heiress of Sir Roger Jaques of Elvington near York; by their son Roger Sterne they were grandparents of Lawrence Sterne, author of 'Tristram Shandy.'

7. REV. JOHN STERNE, probably minister of St. Nicholas, Dublin (mentioned in Sir James Ware's 'History of Ireland,' ii., p. 263), if so he died 29 July 1704, and mar. Dorothy, who was bur. at St. Nicholas 1700, and had issue also Catherine, bur. at St. Nicholas 30 Nov. 1681 ('Topographer and Genealogist,' ii., Extracts from the Registers of St. Nicholas, Dublin, p. 523).

Anne Sterne, born 1650; died 24 March 1668; bur. near her father at York (Inscription in Willis's 'Cathedrals,' i., p. 57, and Drake's 'Eboracum,' p. 505).

Elizabeth Sterne, according to Master's 'Corpus Christi College,' p. 376, said to have been bur. at York Cathedral 1668, aged 17.

Seven other children, making thirteen, all of whom were bapt., according to inscription on mother's monument.

Lawrence Sterne, in his short 'Autobiography,' says that his father's regiment was ordered to Mullingar in 1722, "where by Providence we stumbled upon a kind relation, a collateral descendant from Archbishop Sterne, who took us all to his castle, and kindly entertained us for a year, and sent us to the regiment at Carrickfergus, loaded with kindness." This may have been a descendant of the above-named Rev. John Sterne, who certainly

6. ANNE STERNE.

Mar. 6, JAMES COLLINS of Killinane near Boskell, co. Limerick.

settled in Ireland. The suggestion in the notes to Rowland Davis's 'Journal,' Camden Society, 1857, pp. 29 and 116, that it was some of the Sterne family there mentioned, is unfounded, as their pedigree there given taken in connection with the pedigree given at pp. 10 and 21 of T. W. Belcher's 'Memoir of John Sterne, Founder of the Irish College of Physicians,' 1865, shews that they were not descendants of the Archbishop, although probably of the same family.

A |

5. MARY COLLINS, only child ; died
25 Jan. 1745.

Mar. 5, ARUNDEL HILL (TABLE 47),
where line traced through Hayman family to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

STERNE.

- Thoresby's 'Ducatus Leodiensis,' p. 215.
- George Poulson's 'History of Holderness,' 1840, i., p. 411.
- 'The Patrician,' iii., p. 68 (erroneous).
- Lawrence Sterne's Works, 1819 edition, note to 'Autobiography of Lawrence Sterne.'
- Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Hill of Graig.

NOTE.—Some confusion has arisen in the pedigrees (*e.g.* Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Hill of Doneraile, 1846) between the above-mentioned Mary Collins who mar. Arundel Hill, and Anne Coke or Cooke who mar. his father William Hill. See explanation in Table 53.

Table 55.

NAGLE FAMILY.

30. . . . DE ANGULO, a Norman.

WILLIAM DE BARRI, of Norman origin.

Mar. ANKERIT FITZGERALD (*cf.* TABLE 133).

29. GILBERT DE AN-
GULO OR NANGLE,
accompanied Richard
Strongbow, Earl of Pem-
broke, to Ireland in 1169,
and obtained grant of Mor-
gallion or Magherigalon in
co. Meath.

Jordan
de An-
gulo.

Sir Robert de
Barri, called
Barrymore ;
slain at Lis-
more 1185.

Walter de
Barri.

PHILIP DE
BARRI, built
Barry's Court
1206 ; ancestor
of the Lords of
Barry, Barry-
more, and Butte-
vant (Burke's
'Extinct Peer-
age,' and Lodge's
'Irish Peerage').

Gerald de Barri, the cele-
brated Giraldus Cam-
briensis.

From him the Barry family,
descendants of his brother
Philip, and its branches, in-
cluding the Nagles, got the
name of Garrett (Giraldus)
(Burke's 'Commoners,' ii.,
p. 456, Barry of Lemlara).

28. JOSCELIN DE ANGULO, 1st Baron of Navan ; went with his
father to Ireland, and obtained from Hugh de Lacy a grant of Ard-
bracean and of the Barony of Navan ; founded the Monastery of the
Virgin at Navan.

Hostilio or Costello,
went with his father
to Ireland, and was
ancestor of the Cos-
tellos.

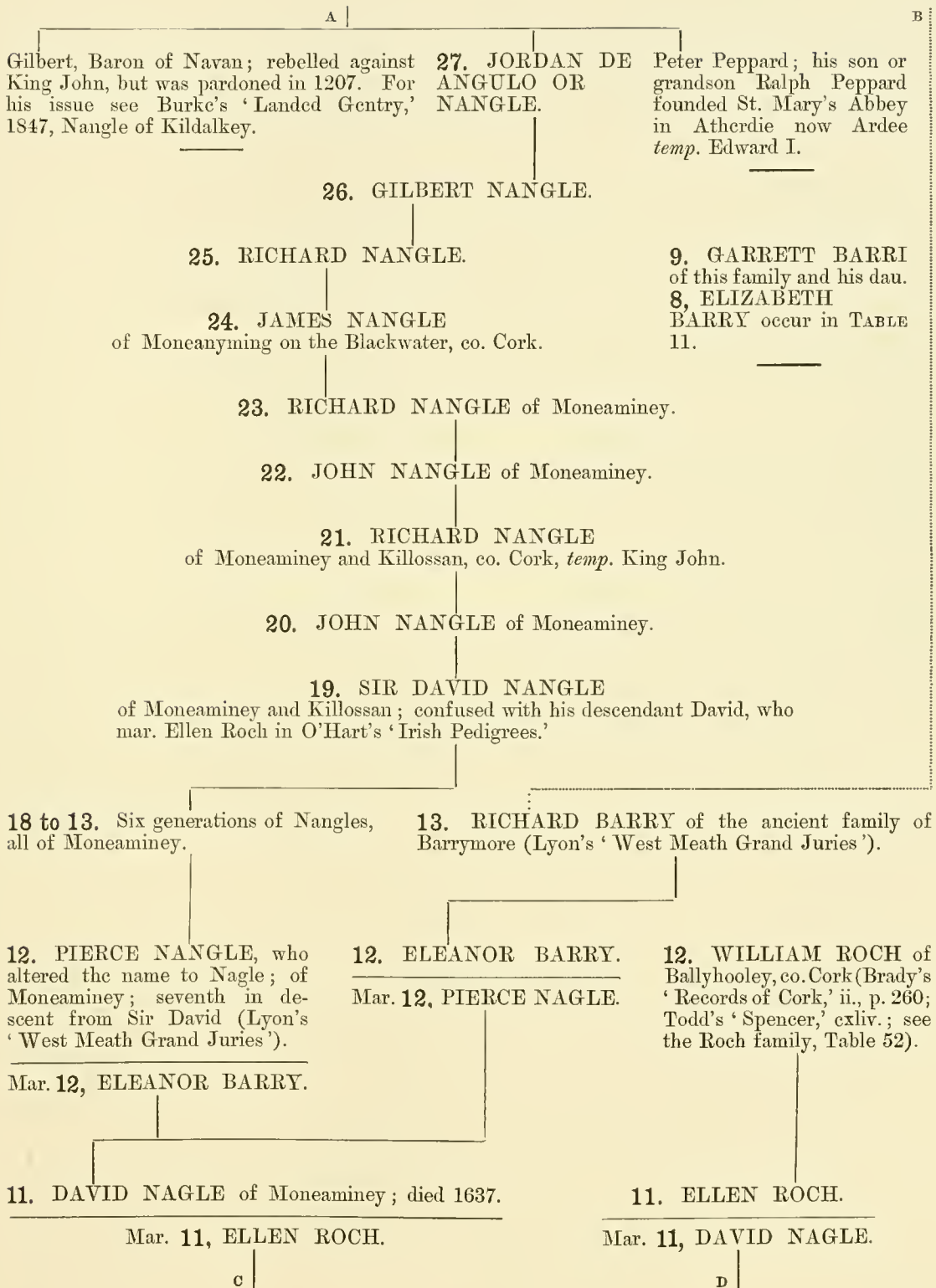


Table 56—PART A.

SALWEY FAMILY.

22. WILLIAM SALWEY

of an old Saxon family settled at Kanke or Cannoe, now called Cannock, Staffordshire, before the Conquest; he held Cannoe and Norton, Staffordshire, *temp.* Edward I.

21. RICHARD SALWEY of Cannock; living *temp.* Edward II.

20. WILLIAM SALWEY of Cannock.

Mar. 20, . . . MYTTON of Weston-under-Lizard, Staffordshire.

19. ADAM SALWEY.

18. JOHN SALWEY (No. 1) of Leyeroft, Staffordshire.

Mar. 18, ISABEL TROMWYN (Part B of this Table).

17. ADAM SALWEY of Leyeroft.

16. WILLIAM SALWEY of Leyeroft (omitted in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886, Salwey).

15. JOHN SALWEY (No. 2), Lord of Leyeroft.

Mar. 15, ISABEL TROMWYN (Part B of this Table).

14. JOHN SALWEY of Cannock through his mother, and Stanford through his wife, in 1402; died 1421.

Mar. 14, ISOLDE WASHBORNE (Part B of this Table).

13. HUMPHREY SALWEY

of Cannock and Stanford; Forester of Cannock Chase; King's Eseeheator for Worcestershire 1444; died 1491; bur. in Stanford Chnrch; monument there.

Mar. 13, JOYCE STRELLEY (TABLE 61).

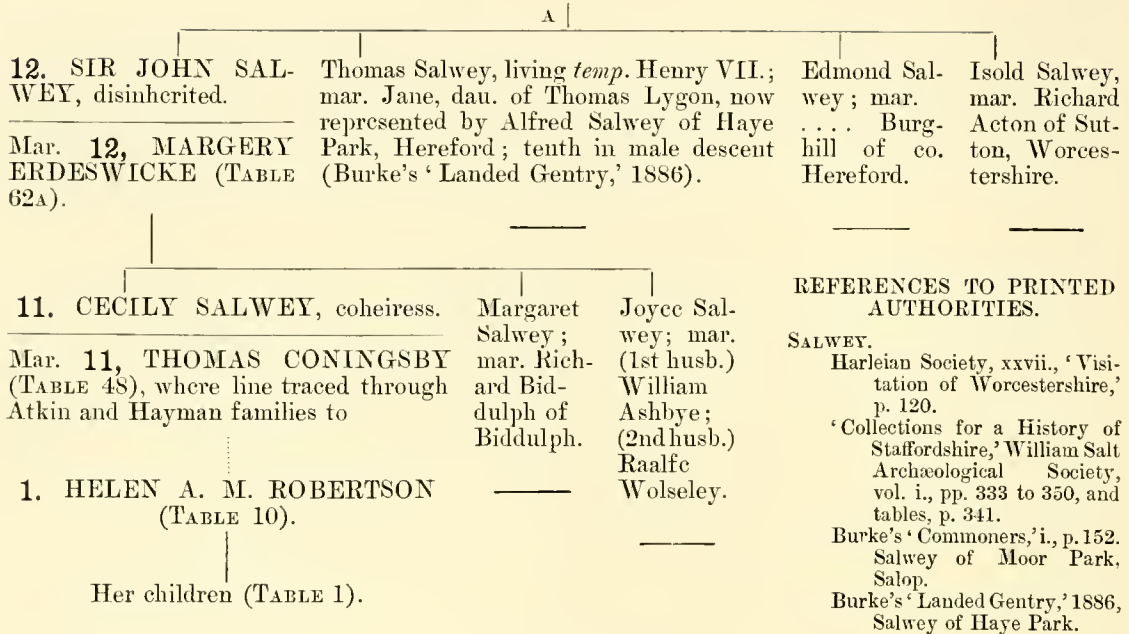
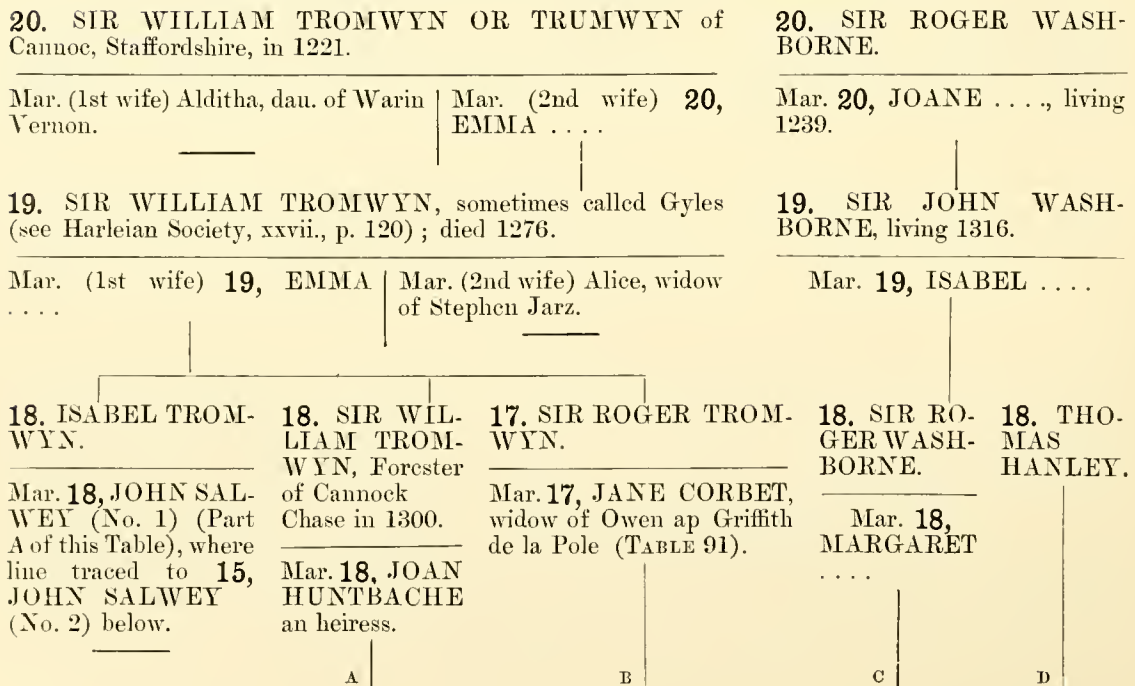
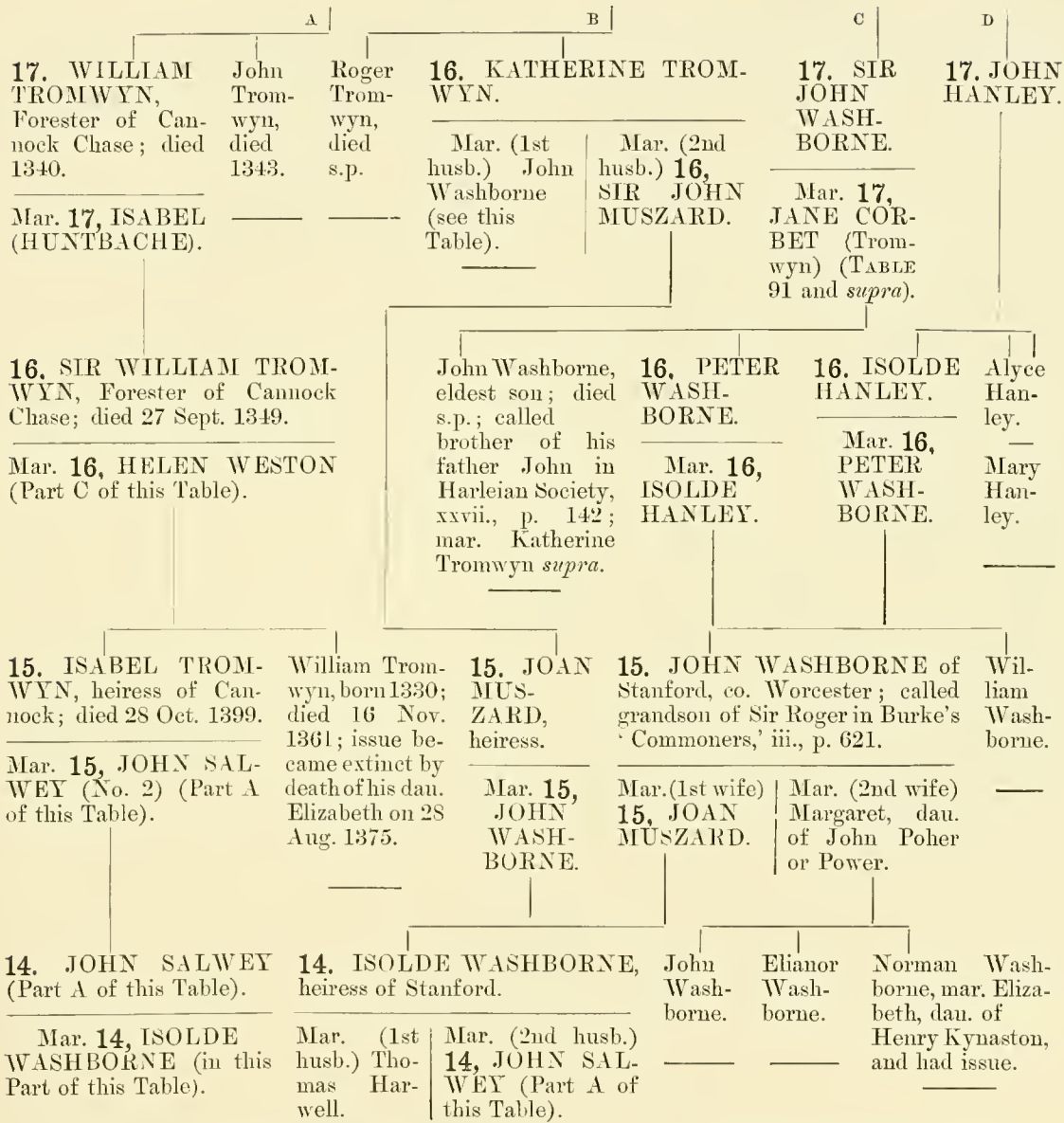


Table 56—PART B.

WASHBORNE AND TROMWYN FAMILIES.





Where line traced through Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- TROMWYN.**
 Harleian Society, xxvii., 'Visitation of Worcestershire,' p. 120.
 'Collections for a History of Staffordshire,' William Salt Archæological Society, p. 341.
- WASHBORNE.**
 Burke's 'Commoners,' iii., p. 621, Money.
 Harleian Society, xxvii., 'Visitation of Worcestershire,' p. 142.

Table 56—PART C.

WESTON FAMILY.

18. SIR HUGH DE WESTON,

Lord of Weston, and of Manor of Blymhill, Staffordshire, part of which passed to the Salweys; died 1305.

17. SIR JOHN DE WESTON, Lord of Weston; born 1277; died May 1349.

Mar. (1st wife) 17, ISABELLA DE BROMLEY, sister of Stephen de Bromley, Rector of Blymhill. Mar. (2nd wife) Isolde, dau. of William Newton.

Thomas de Weston,
Lord of Weston,
died s.p.

Elizabeth de Weston,
died *circa* 1366;
mar. (1st husb.)
John de Whyston;
(2nd husb.) Sir
Adam de Teschale.

Isolda de Weston.

16. HELEN DE WESTON.

Mar. 16, SIR WILLIAM
TROMWYN (Part B of this
Table), where line traced through
Salwey, Coningsby, Atkin, and
Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERT-
SON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

John de Wes-
ton.

Robert de
Weston.

William de
Weston.

Alice de
Weston.

Agnes de
Weston.

REFERENCE TO
PRINTED AUTHORITY.
WESTON.

'Collections for a History
of Staffordshire,' Wil-
liam Salt Archaeological
Society, i., p. 336.

Table 57—PART A.

FITZWILLIAM FAMILY.

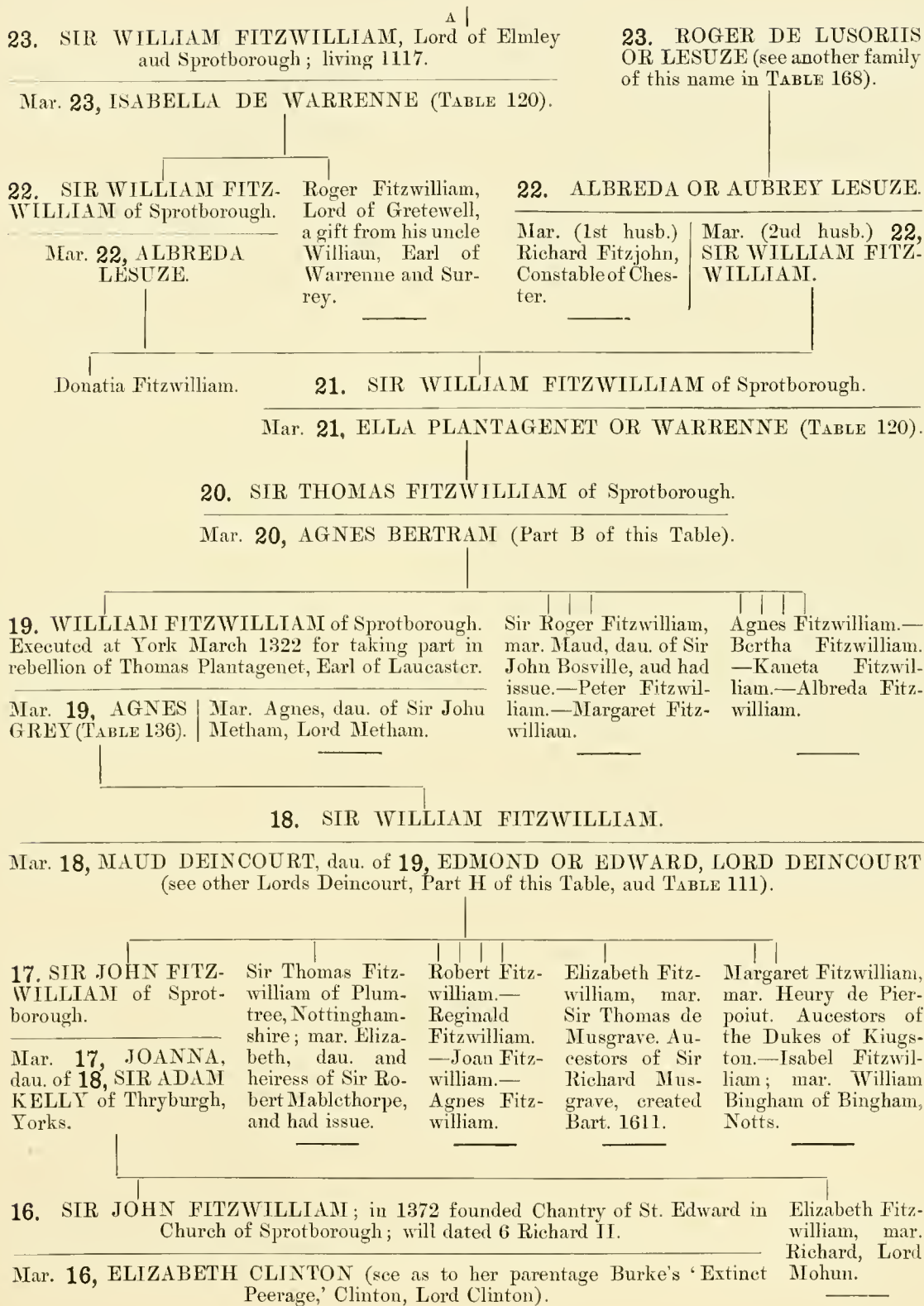
26. SIR WILLIAM FITZGODRIC, said to be cousin to King Edward the Confessor.

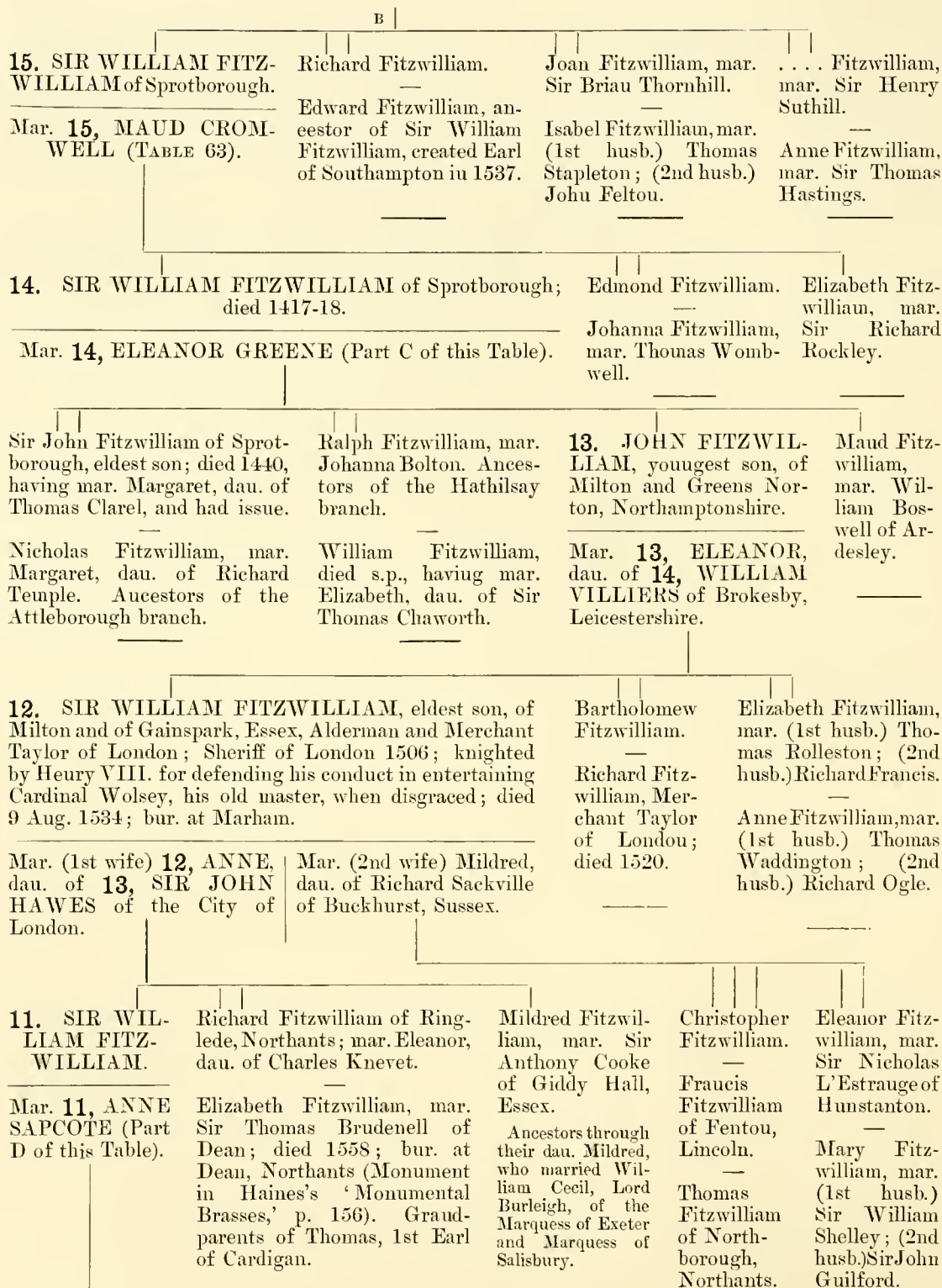
25. SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM, Companion of the Conqueror.

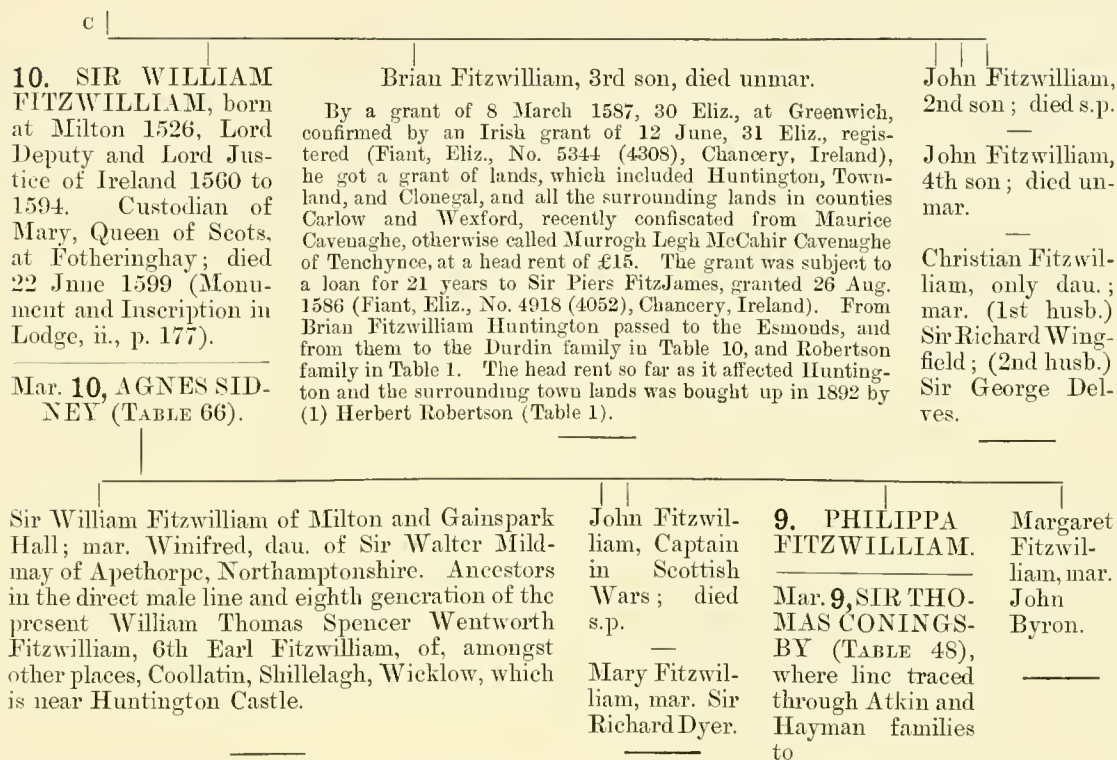
Mar. in Normandy 25, Emma or MARY DE SOLABIS OR SOLABINIS.

24. SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM.

Mar. 24, ELEANOR ELMLEY, dau. and heiress of 25, SIR JOHN ELMLEY
of Elmley, Sprotborough.







REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

FITZWILLIAM.

Collins's and Lodge's Peerages.

Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' p. 122.

J. T. Barrett's 'Memorials of Attleborough,' p. 184.

BERTRAM.

Hodgson's 'Northumberland,' part ii., vol. ii., p. 39.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 57—PART B.

BERTRAM FAMILY.

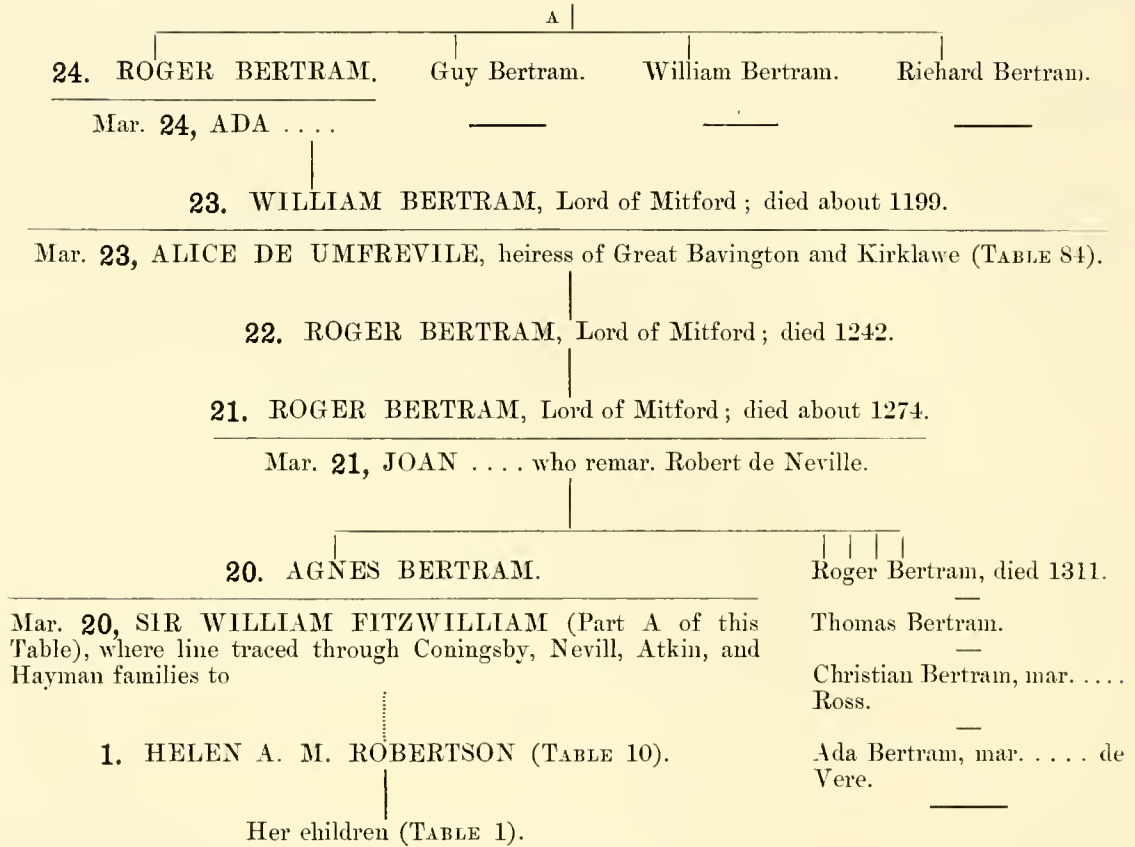
27. THE LORD OF DIGNAM in Normandy.

26. RICHARD BERTRAM, Companion of the Conqueror.

Mar. **26**, **SIGIL OR SYBILL**, dan. and heiress of **27**, **JOHN**, Lord of Mitford in Northumberland.

25. WILLIAM BERTRAM, Lord of Mitford; founded Priory of Brinkburne.

Mar. **25**, **HAWYSE OR ALICE**, dan. of **26**, **SIR WILLIAM MERLAY** of Morpeth.



REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

BERTRAM.

Hodgson's 'Northumberland,' part ii., vol. ii., p. 39.

Table 57—PART C.

GREENE FAMILY.

16. SIR HENRY GREENE

of Drayton, Northamptonshire, in right of his wife ; purchased Greene's Norton, Northamptonshire, 1354 ; died 1370.

Mar. 16, CATHERINE DE DRAYTON (TABLE 118).

Sir Thomas Greene of Greene's Norton; died 1392, having mar. Mary, dau. of Richard Talbot, by whom he left issue, who remained at Greene's Norton for several generations.

15. SIR HENRY GREENE of Drayton.

Mar. 15, MATILDA MAUDUIT, dau. and heiress of 16, SIR THOMAS MAUDUIT (see a family of this name in TABLE 101).

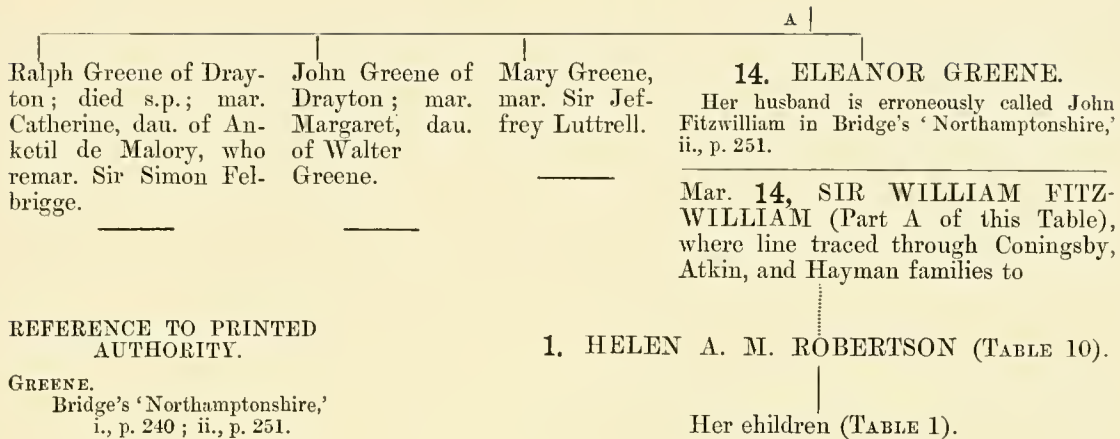


Table 57—PART D.

SAPCOTE FAMILY.

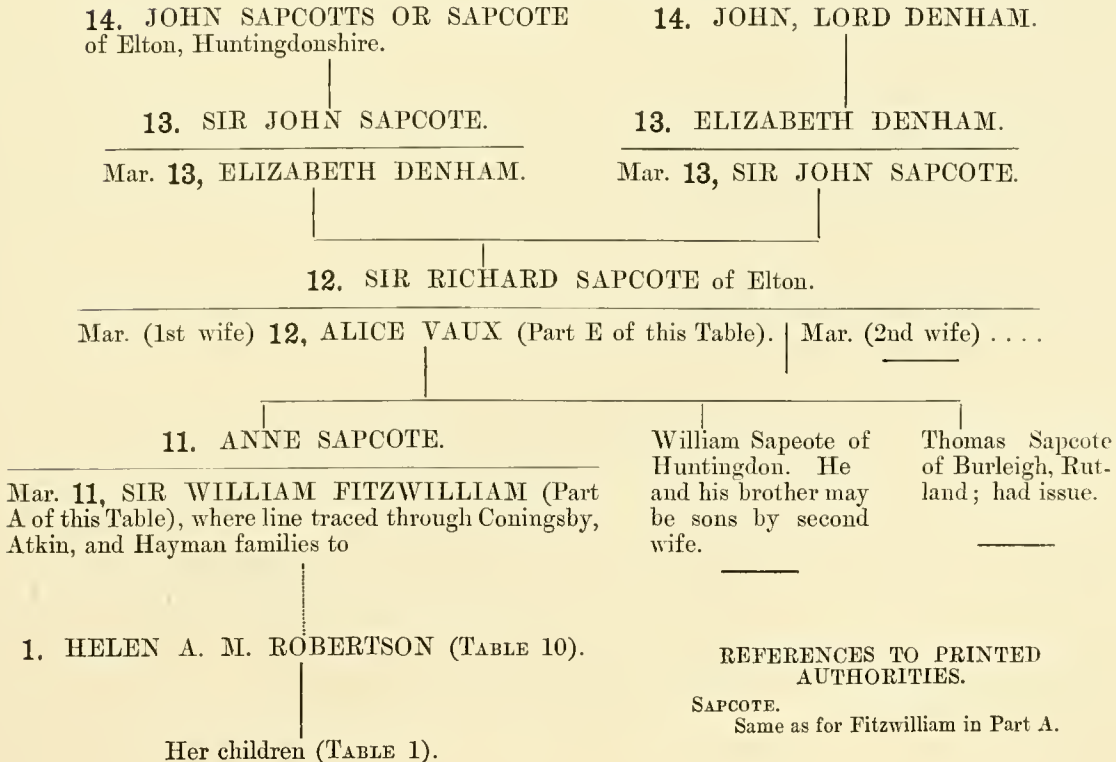


Table 57—PART E.

VAUX FAMILY.

26. HAROLD DE VAUX, Lord of Vaux in Normandy.

Hubert de Vaux, ancestor of the Barons Vaux of Gilliesland.

Ranulph de Vaux, ancestor of the family of Vaux of Tryermayne.

25. ROBERT DE VAUX.

22. OLIVER VAUX, great-grandson of the above Robert.

21. ROGER VAUX, 4th son.

18. ELIAS VAUX, great-grandson of above Roger.

Mar. . . . the heiress of Harrowden, co. Northampton.

17. . . . DE VAUX.

16. WILLIAM VAUX of Harrowden.

Mar. **16, ELEANORA DRAKESTON, dau. of 17, SIR THOMAS DRAKESTON of Welby.**

15. SIR WILLIAM VAUX of Harrowden.

Mar. **15, MAUD LUCY (TABLE 90).**

14. SIR WILLIAM VAUX.

Mar. **14, dau. of 15, GREGORY PENISTON of Courtesells in Piedmont.**

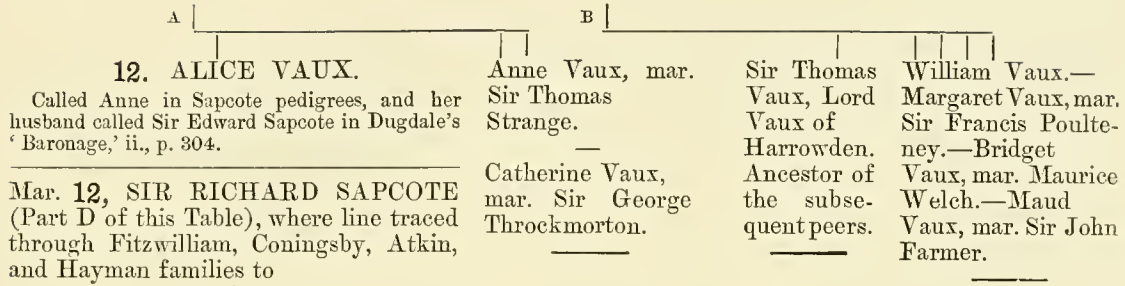
13. SIR NICHOLAS VAUX, LORD VAUX of Harrowden; died 1525.

Jane Vaux, mar. (1st husb.) Sir Edward Guildford; (2nd husb.) Sir Anthony Points of Acton, Gloucestershire.

Mar. (1st wife) **13. ELIZABETH FITZ HUGH (Part F of this Table).** Mar. (2nd wife) Anne, dau. and coheirress of Sir Thomas Greene of Greene's Norton.

A |

B |



1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

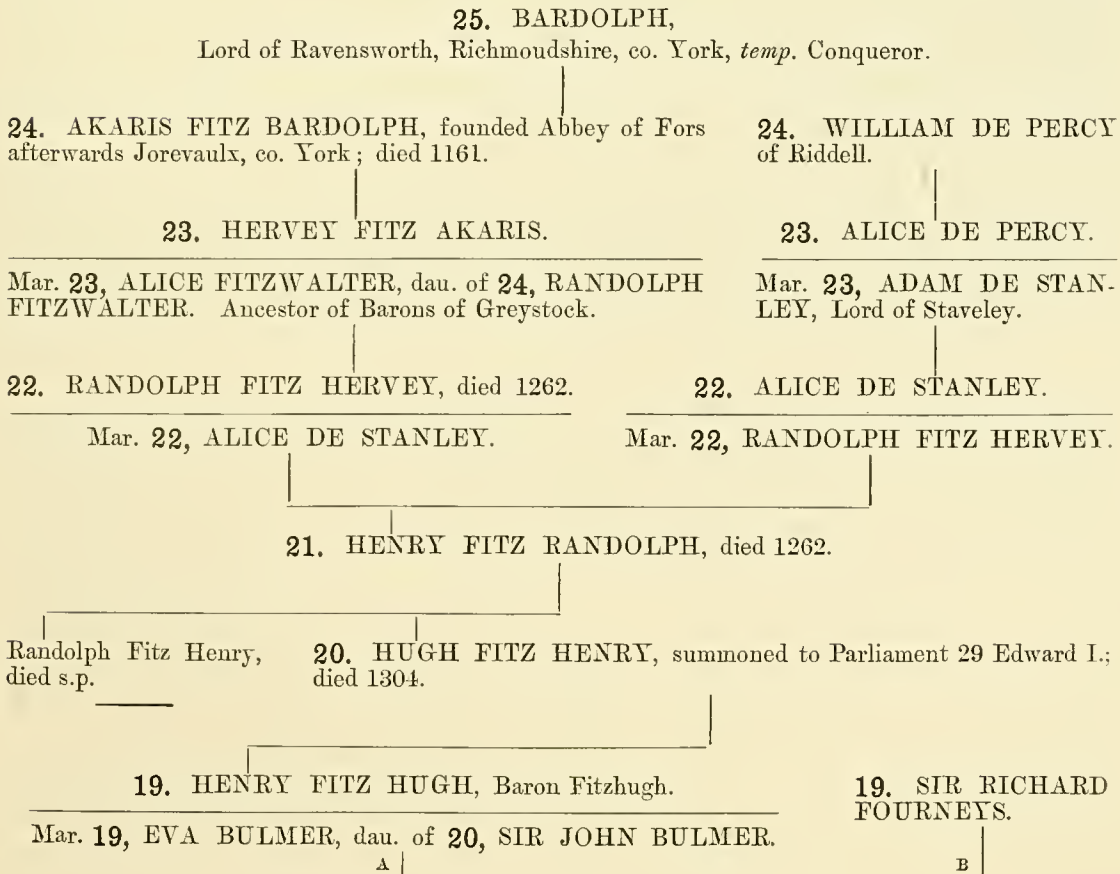
Her children (TABLE 1).

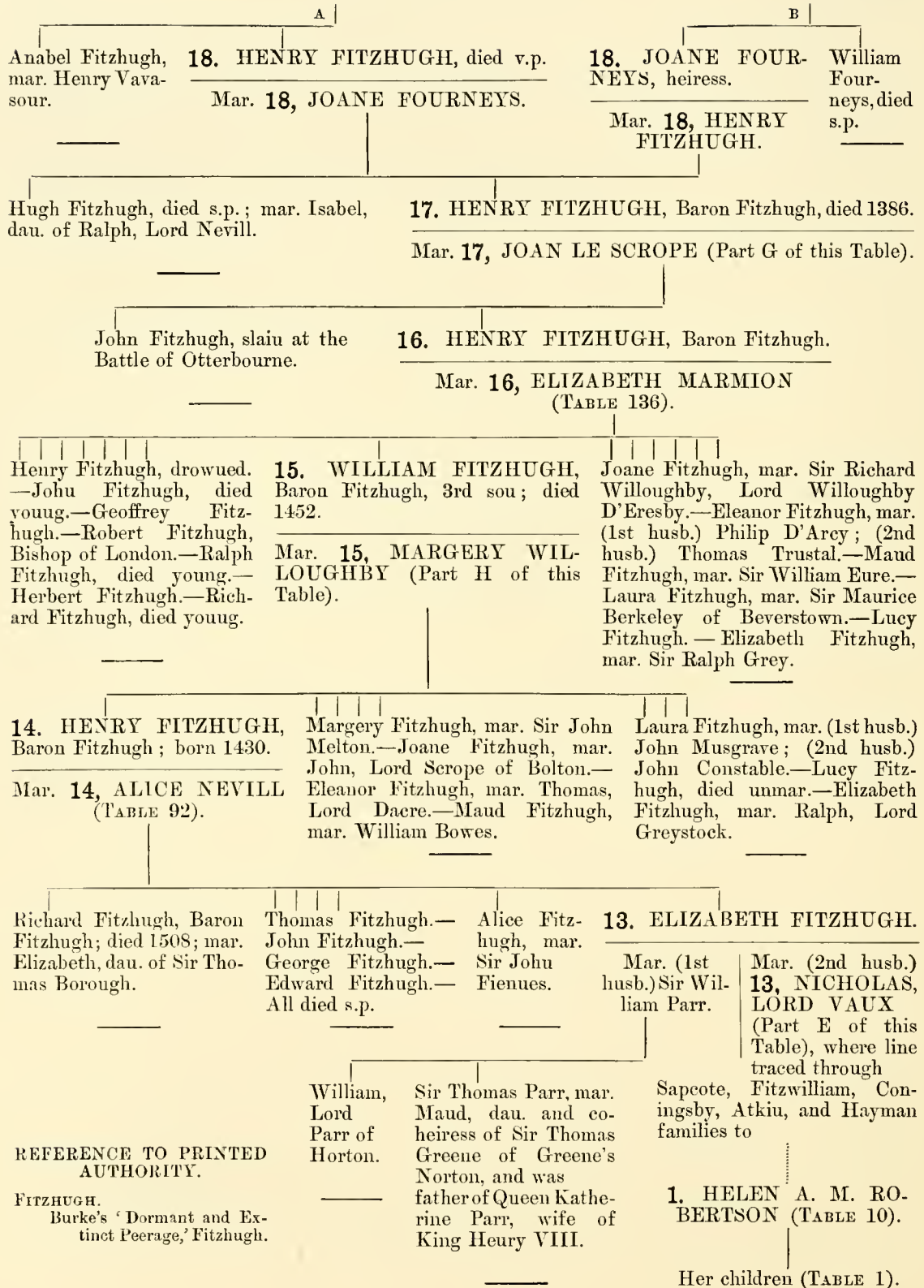
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- VAUX.
 Bridge's 'Northamptonshire,' ii., p. 103.
 Burke's 'Peerage,' Vaux of Harrowden.
 Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Peerage,' iii., p. 707.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 304.

Table 57—PART F.

FITZ HUGH FAMILY.





REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

FITZHUGH.
Burke's 'Dormant and Extinct Peerage,' Fitzhugh.

Table 57—PART G.

SCROPE FAMILY.

22. HENRY LE SCROPE.

21. WILLIAM LE SCROPE.

20. SIR WILLIAM LE SCROPE.

Mar. **20**, **CONSTANCE DE NEWSOM**, dau. and heiress of **21**, **GILLO DE NEWSOM** upon Tyne.

Sir Henry le Scrope, Chief Justice of King's Bench 1317; died 1336 (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' iii., p. 499). Ancestor of the Lords Scrope of Bolton.

19. GEOFFREY LE SCROPE, Chief Justice of King's Bench 1324; died 1341 (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' iii., p. 493).

Mar. (1st wife) **19**, **IVETTA OR RAMETTA DE ROS**, dau. of **20**, **WILLIAM ROS** of Ingmanthorpe. Mar. (2nd wife), Lora, dan. and coheirress of Sir Gerard de Furnival, and widow of Sir John Ufflete.

18. HENRY LE SCROPE.

Mar. **18**, **JOAN**

John le Scrope.—Sir William le Scrope.—Sir Thomas le Scrope, died v.p.—Sir Stephen le Scrope, mar. Isabella

Beatrice le Scrope, mar. Sir Andrew Luttrell.—Constance le Scrope, mar. Sir Geoffrey le Scrope, brother of her sister's husband.—Ivetta le Scrope, mar. John de Hotham.

Geoffrey le Scrope, born 1340; died v.p. s.p. 1363.

Stephen le Scrope. — Richard le Scrope, Archbishop of York. — Henry le Scrope.

Sir John le Scrope, mar. Elizabeth, dau. and coheirress of David Strathbogie, Earl of Athol.

17. JOAN LE SCROPE.

Mar. **17**, **HENRY FITZHUGH** (Part F of this Table), where line traced through Vaux, Sapcote, Fitzwilliam, Couingsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

Isabel le Scrope, mar. Sir Robert Plumptre.

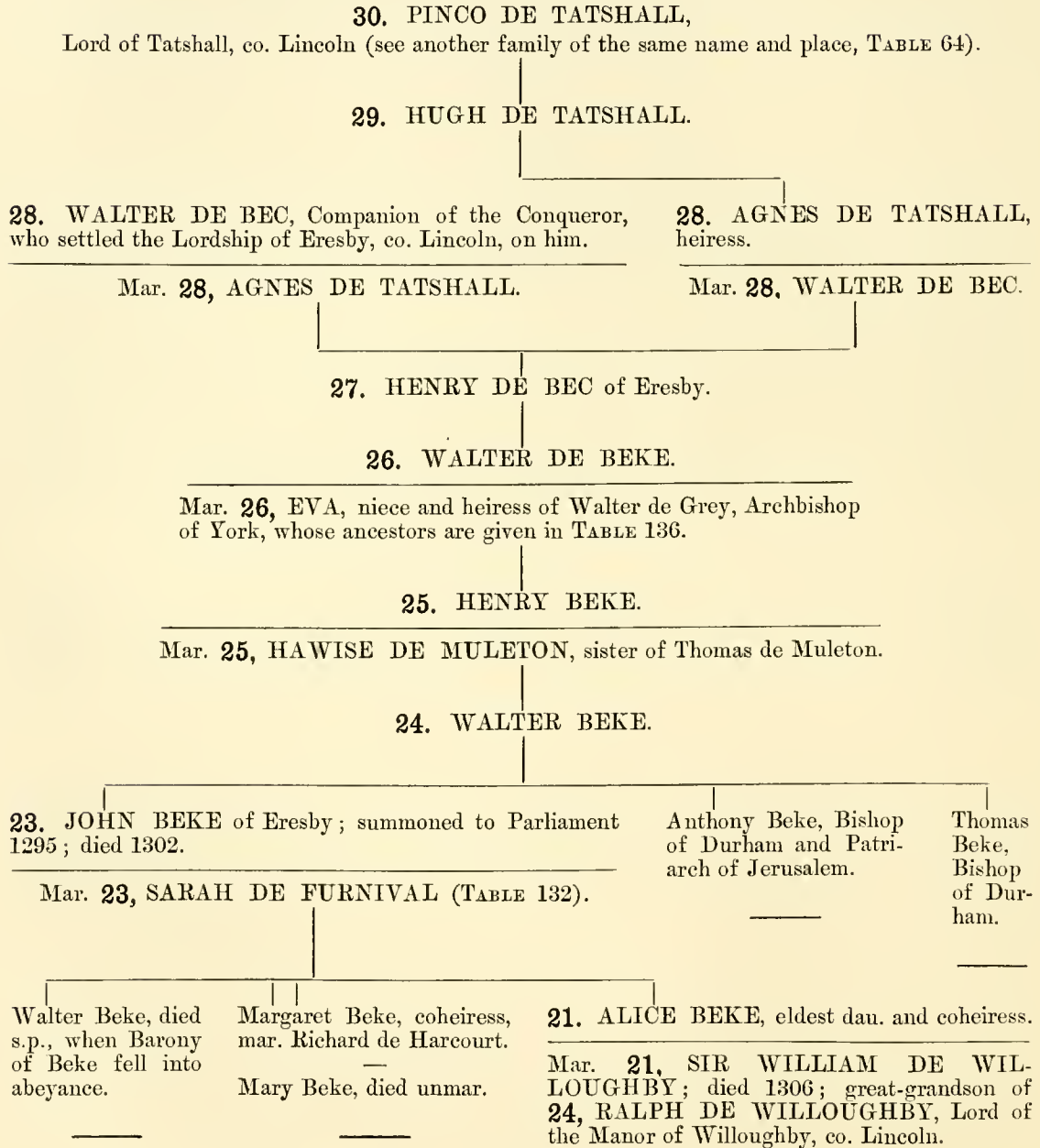
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.
SCROPE.
Burke's 'Dormant and Extinct Peerage,'
Scrope of Bolton and Scrope of Masham.

Table 57—PART H.

WILLOUGHBY D'ERESBY FAMILY.



20. ROBERT WILLOUGHBY, LORD WILLOUGHBY D'ERESBY, died 1316.

Mar. 20, MARGARET DEINCOURT, dau. of 21, EDWARD, LORD DEINCOURT (see another Lord Deincourt, Part A of this Table).

19. JOHN, LORD WILLOUGHBY D'ERESBY, a commander at the Battle of Cressy.

Mar. 19, JOAN ROSCELINE, dau. and heiress of 20, SIR THOMAS ROSCELINE.

18. JOHN, LORD WILLOUGHBY D'ERESBY, was at Battle of Poitiers.

Mar. 18, CICELY DE UFFORD (TABLE 21).

17. ROBERT, LORD WILLOUGHBY D'ERESBY; died 1390.

Mar. (1st wife) 17, ALICE, elder dau. of 18, SIR WILLIAM SKIPWITH, Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer.

Mar. (2nd wife) Margery, dau. of William, Lord Zouch of Harringworth; died s.p.; and (3rd wife) Elizabeth, dau. and heiress of William, Lord Latimer, and widow of John Nevill, Lord Raby.

16. WILLIAM, LORD WILLOUGHBY D'ERESBY.

Mar. (1st wife) 16, LUCY LE STRANGE (TABLE 13S).

Mar. (2nd wife) Joan, dau. of Thomas Holland, Earl of Kent, widow of Edmund of Langley, Duke of York, who remar. (3rd husb.) Henry, Lord Scrope, and (4th husb.) Henry Bromflete, Lord Vesey.

Robert Willoughby.

Thomas Willoughby. Ancestor of the Lord Willoughby de Broke.

John Willoughby. — Bryan Willoughby.

Robert, Lord Willoughby D'Eresby, died 1452; mar. (1st wife) Elizabeth, dau. of John Montacute, Earl of Salisbury; (2nd wife) Maud, dau. of Sir Richard Stanhope.

Sir Thomas Willoughby, mar. Joan, dau. of Sir Richard Arundell.

15. MARGERY WILLOUGHBY.

Three daus.

Mar. 15, WILLIAM, LORD FITZHUGH (Part F of this Table), where line traced through Vaux, Sapcote, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- WILLOUGHBY.
Burke's 'Peerage,' Willoughby D'Eresby.
BEC AND TATSHALL.
Burke's 'Peerage,' Willoughby D'Eresby.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Bec.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 57½.

Comprising part of Tables in Part V. necessary for tracing the pedigrees in this part, which would come here if the families treated of did not also comprise ancestors through the Durdin family.

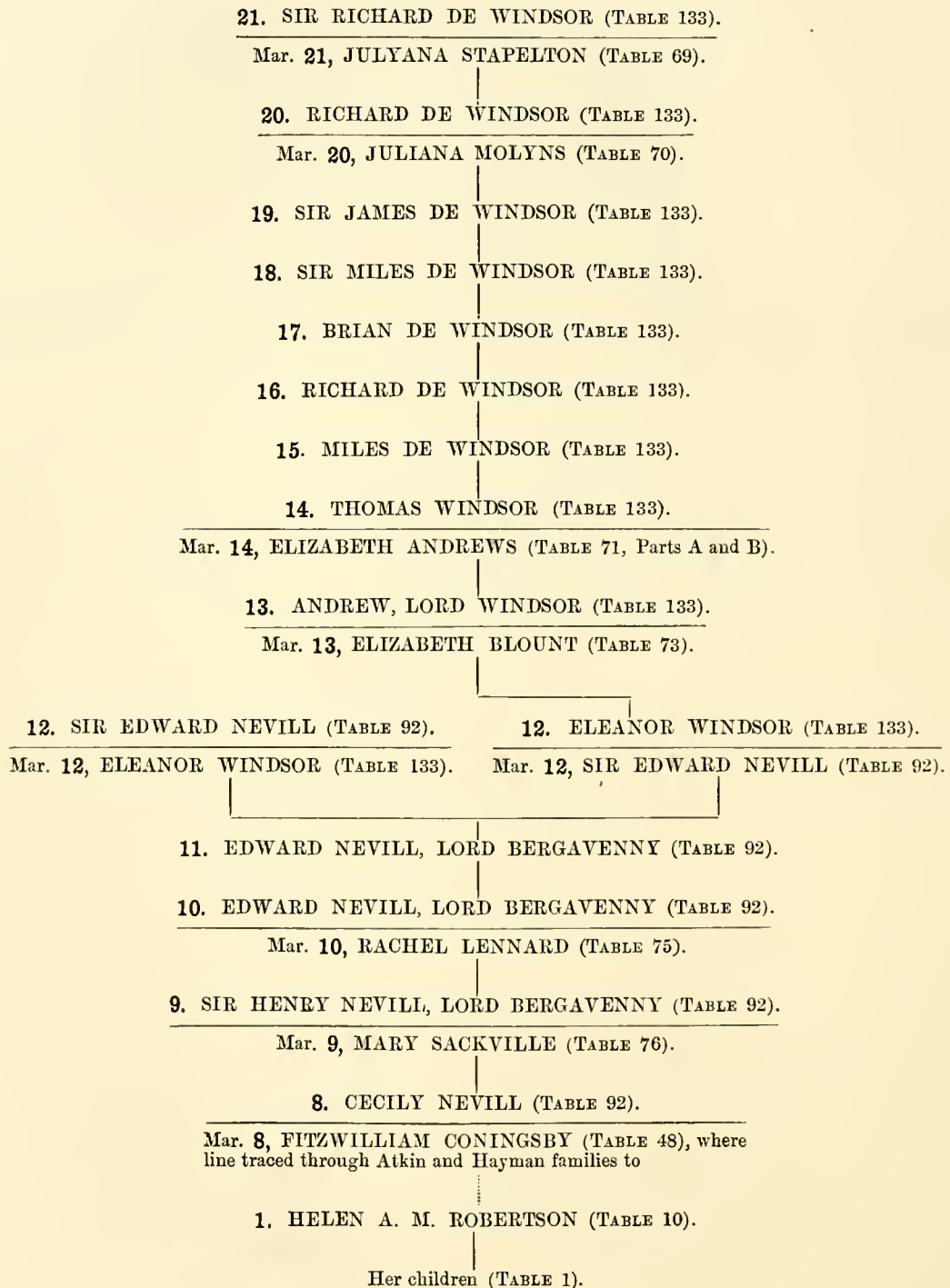


Table 58—PART A.

HOLMES FAMILY.

10. THOMAS HOLMES (MS. pedigree by Canon Hayman).

Mar. 10, ANNE GILBOURNE.

9. HENRY HOLMES

of Mallow, co. Cork; named on monument to Sir Robert as his father.

Colonel Thomas Holmes of Kilmallock.

His eldest dau. Margaretta, heiress of Kilmallock, mar. John Ponsonby, who became of that place (Lodge's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 270), and died s.p.; and his youngest dau. Grace mar. Nicholas Lysacht of North Mount, and by him was mother of five sons and two daus., of whom John Lysacht was created Baron Lisle of North Mount on 18 Sept. 1758, and Anne Lysacht mar. Lieut.-General Holmes of the Isle of Wight, who was evidently of this family (Lodge's 'Peerage,' vii., p. 77, Lysacht, Lord Lisle).

8. WILLIAM HOLMES (his Christian name is given in Canon Hayman's MS.).

Mar. 8, MARTHA POMEROY (Part B of this Table).

Sir Robert Holmes, 3rd son; an Admiral; Governor of the Isle of Wight.

Knighted 27 March 1666; will dated 28 Oct. 1692 (see 'Notes and Queries,' 3rd Series, ii., p. 294); died 18 Nov. 1692; bur. at Yarmouth, Isle of Wight (Inscription by his nephew Henry given in Sir Richard Worsley's 'Isle of Wight,' 1781, p. 267).

Sir John Holmes, an Admiral; Governor of Usk Castle, Isle of Wight; mar. Margaret, dan. of Sir Christopher Lowther (Collins's 'Baronetage,' 1741, Lowther of Marske).

He had issue John and another son and a dau. Elizabeth, who mar. Sir Harry Hicks (Collins's 'Baronetage,' i., p. 248).

Henry Holmes, Lient.-Governor of the Isle of Wight; mar. Mary, natural dan. of his uncle Sir Robert Holmes, by directions in his will.

See their children, amongst whom was Thomas, born 1699, and created Baron Holmes 1760, and their descendants in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Holmes, Baron Holmes.

7. THOMAS HOLMES POMEROY, who inherited his mother's property, and assumed her surname in addition to his own name of Holmes.

Mar., about 1700, **7. AUDRIAH TOWGOOD** (TABLE 59).

Matthew Holmes Pomeroy.—Sam-son Towgood Holmes Pomeroy.—George Holmes Pomeroy.

William Holmes Pomeroy, Alderman of Cork; mar., 1740, Esther Whelling, and died 1754, leaving five daus. co-heiresses.

Elizabeth Holmes Pomeroy, mar. (1st hnsb.) James Webb, Alderman of Cork, and (2nd hnsb.) William Waggett.

See 'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' New Series, iii., pp. 158, 182, and Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Supplement, 1849, Webb and Waggett pedigrees, all of which contain errors; one of their daus. was named Melian, and mar. her cousin John Webb, Alderman of Cork.

6. MELIAN HOLMES POMEROY, died 28 Dec. 1755.

Mar., 3 March 1730-31, **6. JAMES ROCH** (TABLE 52), where line traced through Jones and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

HOLMES.

- Le Neve's 'Pedigrees of Knights,' Harleian Society, viii., pp. 3, 204.
- Bury's 'Hampshire Genealogies,' Holmes.
- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Holmes.
- 'Notes and Queries,' 3rd Series, ii., p. 294.

NOTE.—The pedigrees referred to in this Table contain many errors; a MS. by Canon Hayman clears up some of these errors.

Table 58—PART B.

POMEROY FAMILY.

JOEL DE LA POMEROI.

His descendants are given in Lodge's 'Peerage,' vii., Pomeroy, Lord Harberton, pp. 215, 217; Harleian Society, vi., 'Visitation of Devonshire,' p. 216; ix., 'Visitation of Cornwall,' p. 177. See another family of Pomeroy in Table 51.

Mar. natural dau. of King Henry I., whose ancestors are given in TABLE 149.

9. SAMUEL POMERAI OR POMEROY of Pallice, co Limerick.

8. MARTHA POMEROY, coheiress with her sisters.

Mar. 8, WILLIAM HOLMES.

Called Robert in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Supplement, 1849, Drew of Strand House, Youghal, and Burke's 'Heraldic Illustrations.' (Part A of this Table) where line traced through Roch, Jones, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Mary Pomeroy, mar. Abraham Leeky.

Susannah Pomeroy, mar. Captain Thomas Campion.

Susan Pomeroy, called Sarah in Burke's 'Heraldic Illustrations,' mar. Daniel Webb.

Elizabeth Pomeroy, mar. Rev. John Jones, D.D.

Rebecca Pomeroy, mar., 20 Dec. 1695, Francis Drew of Kilwinney and Mearms. For her issue see Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Supplement, 1849, Drew of Strand House.

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

POMEROY.

Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Supplement, 1849, Drew of Strand House, note on p. 107.

Burke's 'Heraldic Illustrations,' pl. cxxvi., Drew.

Table 59.

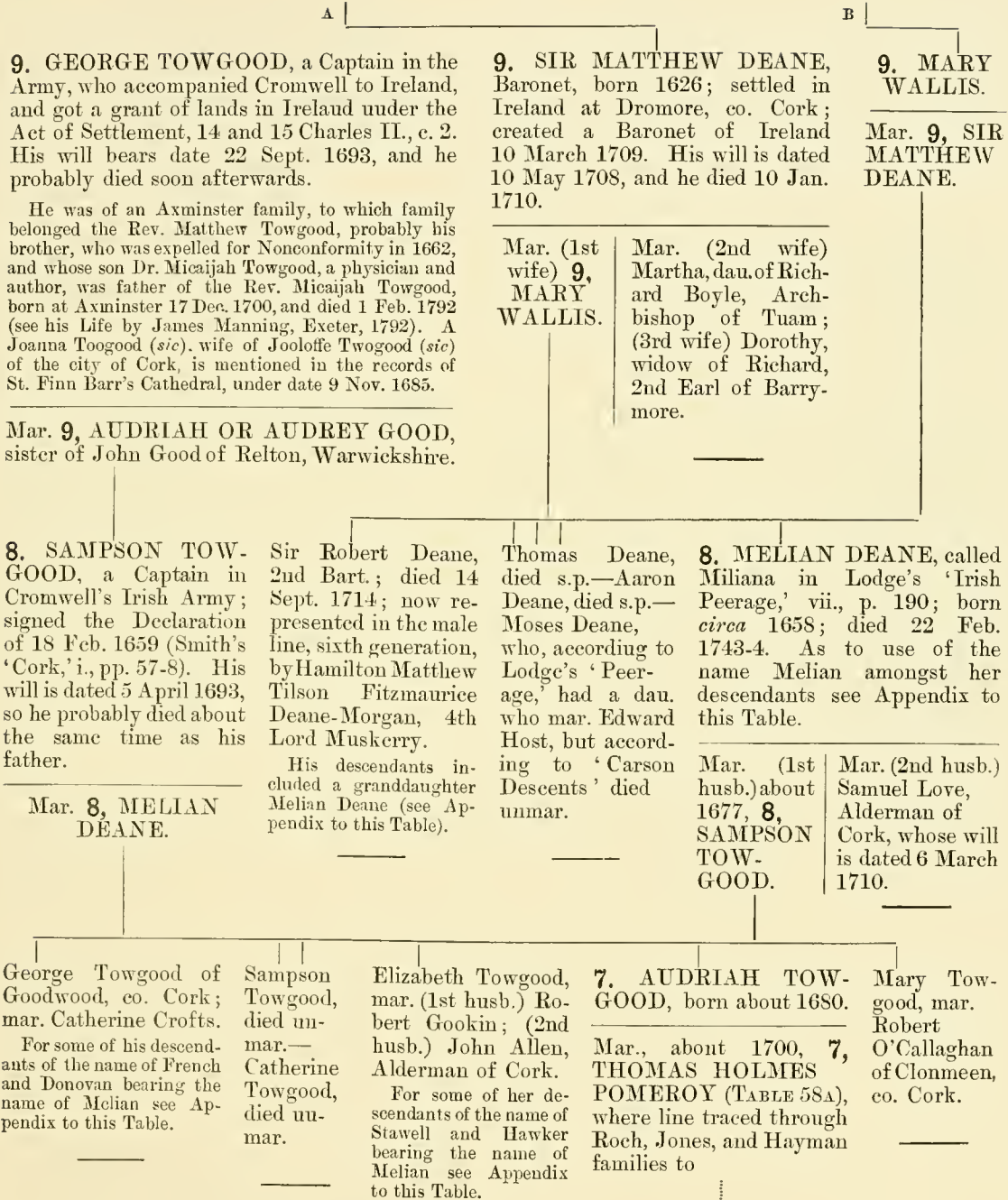
TOWGOOD FAMILY.

10. MOSES DEANE of Deane's Fort, co. Somerset; called in error Matthew Deane of Suffolk in Lodge's 'Irish Peerage,' vii., p. 190.

A

10. THOMAS WALLIS of Somersetshire.

B



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

(MSS. are also in existence in the French and Durdin families.)

DEANE AND TOWGOOD.

'Some Descents of Carson of Shanroe, including Deane of Dromore,' by T. W. C., Dublin, 1879.

'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' N.S., iii., pp. 158, 182.

DEANE.

Lodge's 'Peerage of Ireland,' Lord Muskerry, vii., p. 190.

Burke's 'Peerage,' Lord Muskerry.

Brady's 'Records of Cork,' iii., p. 54, where Lodge is incorrectly cited.

APPENDIX TO TABLE 59.

Shewing the families in which the name of Melian is known to have been used.

9. SIR MATTHEW DEANE, Bart., born 1626; died 1710 (TABLE 59).

Mar. 9, MARY WALLIS (TABLE 59).

Sir Robert Deane, 2nd Baronet; died 1714 (Table 59).

8. MELIAN DEANE, called *Miliana* in Lodge's 'Irish Peerage,' vii., p. 190; born *circa* 1658; died 22 Feb. 1743-4. The first person known to have borne the name.

Mar., about 1677, 8, CAPTAIN SAMPSON TOWGOOD (TABLE 59).

Sir Matthew Deane, 3rd Baronet, whose eldest son Sir Robert Deane, 5th Baronet, is ancestor of the present Lord Muskerry.

George Towgood of Goodwood, co. Cork. He had a son Matthew Deane Towgood, who died s.p. Mar. Catherine Crofts.

Elizabeth Towgood, mar. (2nd husb.) John Allen, Alderman of Cork.

7. AUDRIAH TOWGOOD (TABLE 59).

Mar., about 1700, 7, THOMAS HOLMES POMEROY (TABLE 58).

Meliana Deane, called *Meliana* in Lodge's 'Irish Peerage,' vii., p. 190, and Burke's 'Peerage,' Lord Muskerry; named either after her great-aunt, or some remoter connection in the Deane or Wallis family; mar. John Spread of Ballycannon, co. Cork.

Mary Towgood, mar. Savage French of Marino near Cork.

Meliana Allen, mar., 1730, John Stawell of Maddain.

Elizabeth Holmes Pomeroy, mar. James Webb.

6. MELIAN HOLMES POMEROY (TABLE 58).

Mar. 6, JAMES ROCH (TABLE 52).

Anna Maria, his 1st wife.

Savage French of Marino.

Meliana French, died 1813; mar. Morgan O'Donovan.

Sampson Stawell of Kilbrittain.

George Stawell of Old Court, co. Cork.

Meliana Webb, mar. her cousin John Webb.

James Roch.

Meliana Roch, mar. Beverley Usher.

5. AUDRIAH ROCH (TABLE 52).

Mar. 5, MATTHEW JONES (TABLE 46).

Savage French of Cuskiny, Queenstown; died 25 Nov. 1834.

The Rev. Frances Morgan O'Donovan.

Meliana Donovan, died s.p. 1813; mar., 1812, Nathaniel Evan-*Meliana* Stawell, mar., 1816, Thomas Quin Orpen (Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1846, Orpen).

Jonas Stawell of Old Court, co. Cork.

Meliana Roch, mar. Sampson Roch.

George Butler Roch of Woodbine.

4. MELIAN JONES (TABLE 46).

Mar. 4, SAMUEL HAYMAN (TABLE 42).

The Rev. Thomas Fitzgerald French, Canon of Killaloe.

Frances *Meliana* French, died 24 Feb. 1830. — *Meliana* Dorothea French.

Morgan William O'Donovan.

Henry Winthrop O'Donovan, the O'Donovan; born 1 Jan. 1812; died 24 May 1890.

Meliana O'Donovan, mar., 1839, Richard H. Hedges Becher.

Sir William Stawell, Chief Justice of Victoria; born 1815; died 1889; his sister Elizabeth mar. Arundel Hill (Table 47); mar. Mary Frances, dau. of W. Pomeroy Greene and sister of Charles Philip Greene, Rector of Clapham, Surrey; godfather of Magnus Storm Robertson (Table 1).

Meliana Roch, mar. Colonel Henry D. Sheperd.

3. MATTHEW HAYMAN (TABLE 42).

Mar. 3, HELEN HILL.

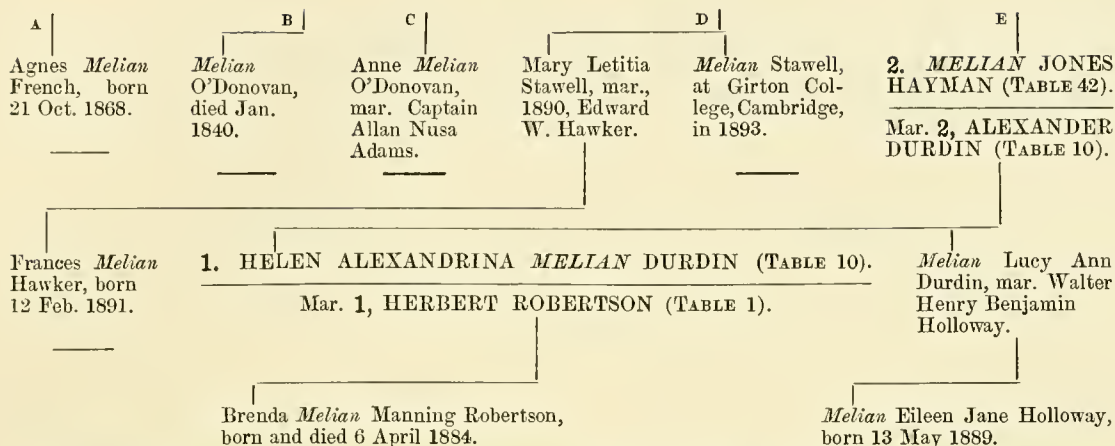
A

B

C

D

E



This Table is founded on information derived from the various families, and on printed authorities referred to under the several names which occur in these Tables; and also on the following printed authorities:—French of Cuskinny, Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1886; O'Donovan of Clancahill, Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1846; Alcock Stawell of Kilbrittain, Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1868.

It will be seen that every known person who has borne the name of *Melian* is a descendant of Sir Matthew Deane and Mary Wallis his wife, excepting two ladies in the Roch family who bore the name in commemoration of their ancestor's second wife (a descendant of Sir Matthew Deane) from whom they were not descended. It evidently comes either from the Deane or Wallis family. The name may have passed by marriage from families named in these Tables into others which are not named. The tradition in the Stawell family is that it is a corruption of Miriam, a name revived in Puritan times. In the Hayman family it has been considered a Welsh name.

Table 60—PART A.

ARUNDEL FAMILY.

33. ROGER DE ARUNDEL of Somersetshire; living in 1086.

|
32. GILBERT DE ARUNDEL,
acquired lands in Dorset and Wilts, *temp.* King Stephen.

Mar. 32, ROSAMUND, dau. of 33, JOHN DE NOVANT.

|
31. RICHARD DE ARUNDEL, living 1161.

Mar. 31, JULIANA

|
30. REINFRID DE ARUNDEL.

Mar. 30, ALICE, dau. of 31, RICHARD DE BUTLER (see the Butler family in TABLE 80).

|
29. SIR REINFRID ARUNDEL.

Mar. 29, ALICE, dau. of 30, SIR JOHN LANHERNE of Lanherne, Cornwall.

A }
28. SIR HUMPHREY ARUNDEL.

Mar. **28**, JOAN, dau. of **29**, JOHN UMFREVILLE (see others of this name in TABLE 84).

27. SIR RALPH ARUNDEL, Sheriff of Cornwall 1260.

Mar. **27**, EVE, dau. and heiress of **28**, SIR RICHARD DE RUPE OR ROCHE (see Roch family in TABLE 52).

26. REINFRICK ARUNDEL.

Mar. **26**, MARGARET TROMBLEIGH.

25. SIR JOHN ARUNDEL
of Lanherne, Cornwall; died 1379; bur. at St. Columbs, Cornwall.

Mar. **25**, JOAN DE LA BEERE, dau. of **26**, JOHN DE LA BEERE of Talavern, Somersetshire.

24. JOHN ARUNDEL.

Mar. **24**, ELIZABETH CARMINOWE, dau. of **25**, SIR OLIVER CARMINOWE; died 1363.

23. SIR JOHN ARUNDEL, Marshal of England *temp.* Richard II.; conducted army to Bretagne.

23. SIR WILLIAM LAMBORNE.

Mar. **23**, JOAN, dau. and coheirress of **24**, SIR WILLIAM DE LUSTOCK of Lustock, Devon.

Mar. **23**, JOAN SOOR, dau. of **24**, RALPH SOOR of Talvern.

22. SIR JOHN ARUNDEL of Lanherne; made K.B. at Coronation of Henry IV. 1399; Sheriff of Cornwall 1418, 1424, 1427; died 1436.

22. ELEANOR LAMBORNE.

22. GEORGE, LORD OF ARUNDEL.

Mar. **22**, SIR JOHN ARUNDEL.

Mar. **22**, LADY MAUD

Mar. **22**, ELEANOR LAMBORNE.

Sir John Arundel of Lanherne; died 1417; mar. Margaret, dau. and coheirress of Sir John Burghwash, from whom the Lords Arundel of Wardour are descended (see Burke's 'Peerage').

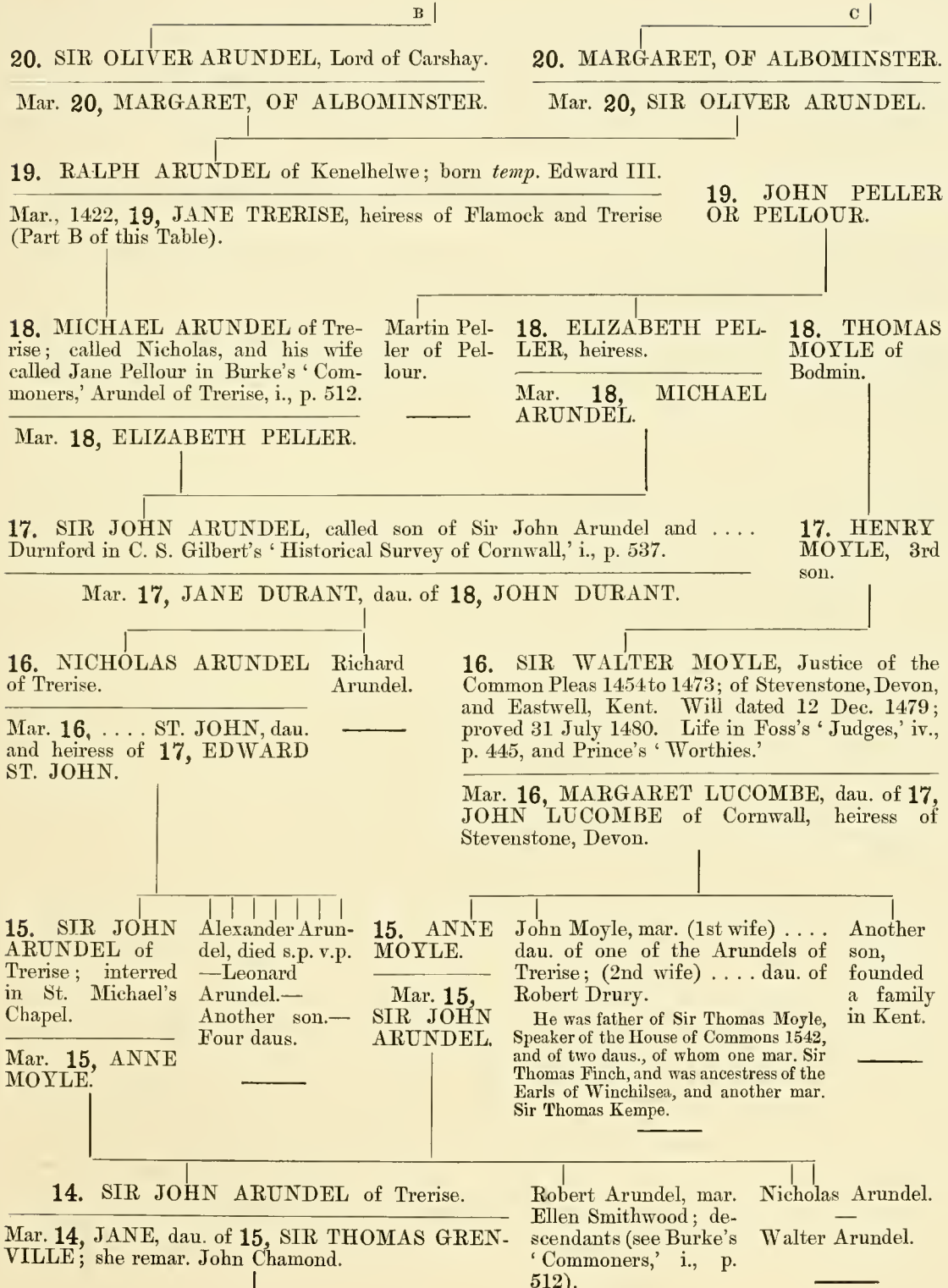
21. THOMAS ARUNDEL.

In Collins's 'Peerage,' vii., p. 40, he is called ancestor of the Arundels of Trerise, and his pedigree is followed in Burke's 'Commoners,' i., p. 512, and mentioned as here shewn, but it is manifest that if the grandson of this Thomas, Ralph, was living in 1399, and in 1422, there are too many generations inserted.

Mar. **21**, MARY DURNFORD, dau. of **22**, FRANCIS DURNFORD of Durnford, Somerset.

Humphrey Arundel, mar. Joan, dau. of Sir John Coleshill.

21. RALPH, LORD OF ALBOMINSTER.



D |

13. SIR JOHN ARUNDEL

of Trerise; knighted at Battle of the Spurs; Vice-Admiral of England, discharged, probably on account of great age, in 1544; friend of Henry VII. and Henry VIII., from whom he received letters dated in 1488 and 1523.

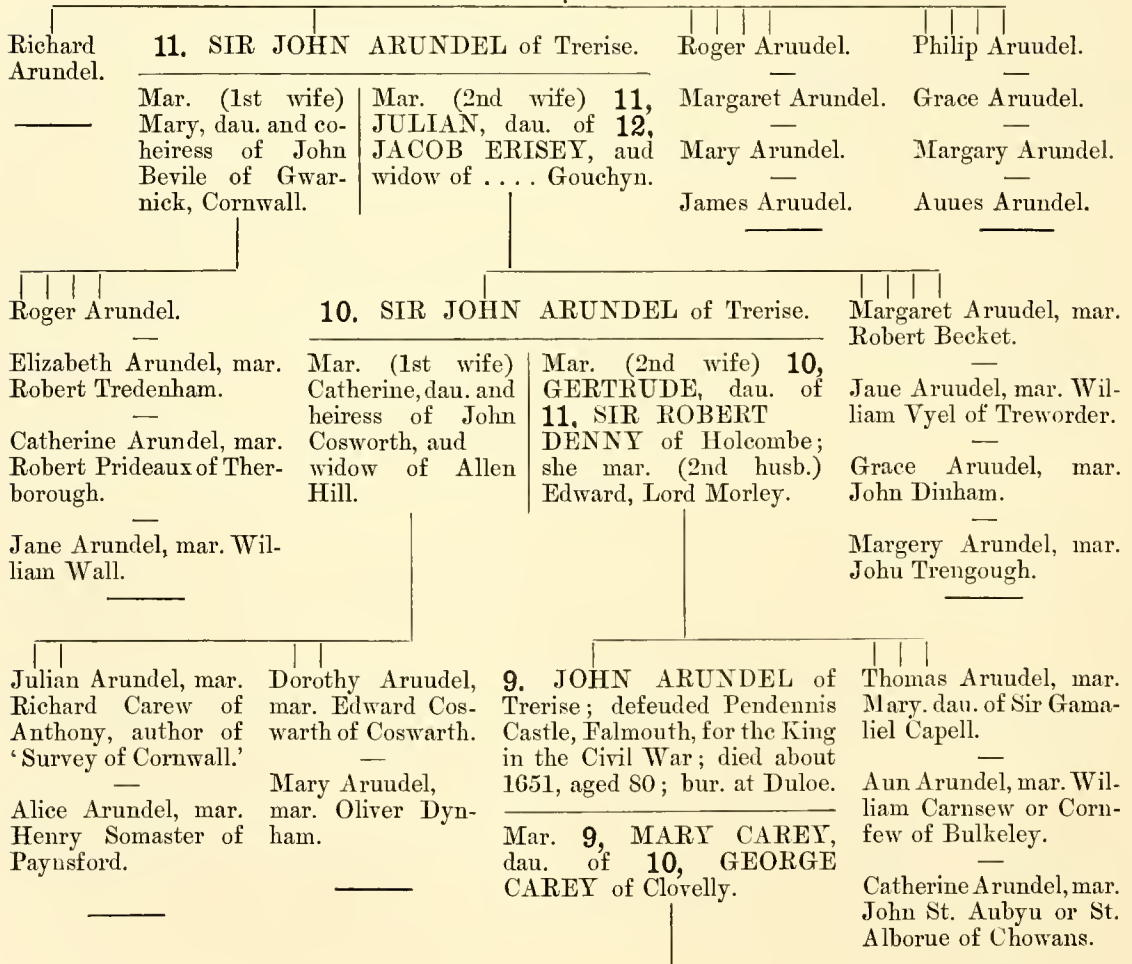
|

12. SIR JOHN ARUNDEL

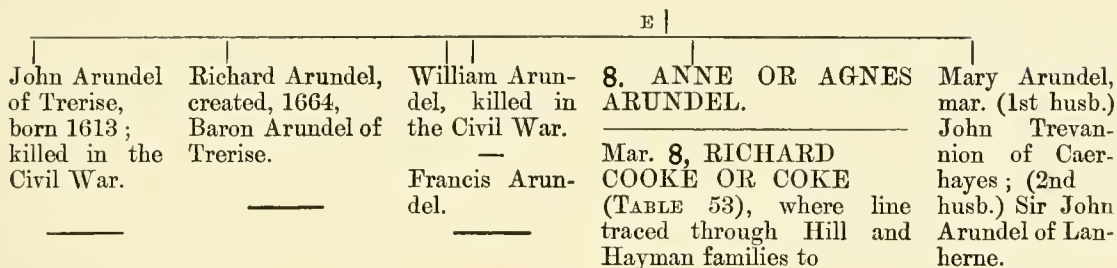
of Trerise; died 25 Nov. 1561; bur. at Stratton, Cornwall. Brass to him, his two wives, and ten (but called thirteen in Gilbert's 'Cornwall,' i., p. 537, and 'Parochial History of Cornwall,' iii., p. 416) children in Haines's 'Monumental Brasses,' pp. 41 and 235.

This brass is attributed, in Gilbert's 'Cornwall,' to this Sir John, the son of the Admiral, but he is said to have left as his widow Jane, dau. of Sir Thomas Grenville, who remar. John Chamond (see above); in Burke's 'Commoners' it is attributed to the Sir John who mar. Anne Moyle (see above), and in the 'Parochial History of Cornwall' to the Sir John who mar. Mary Beville and Julian Erisey (see below). The names of children given below are those appearing on the brass.

|



E |



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

ARUNDEL.

- 'Parochial History of Cornwall,' iii., p. 416.
- Collins's 'English Peerage,' vii., p. 40, Arundel of Wardour.
- Burke's 'Commoners,' i., p. 512, Arundel of Trerise.
- C. S. Gilbert's 'Historical Survey of Cornwall,' i., p. 537.
- Harleian Society, ix., 'Visitation of Cornwall,' Arundel of Trerise.
- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Arundel of Trerise.

FLAMANCK.

- Macleane's 'Trigg Minor,' i., p. 283, Flamanck of Boscarn.

MOYLE.

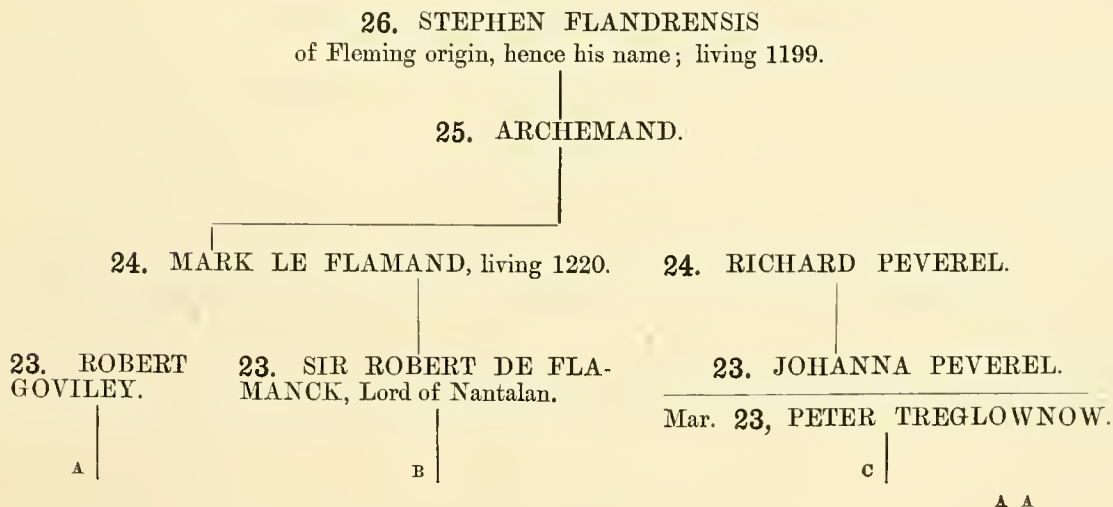
- Macleane's 'Trigg Minor,' i., p. 278, Moyle.

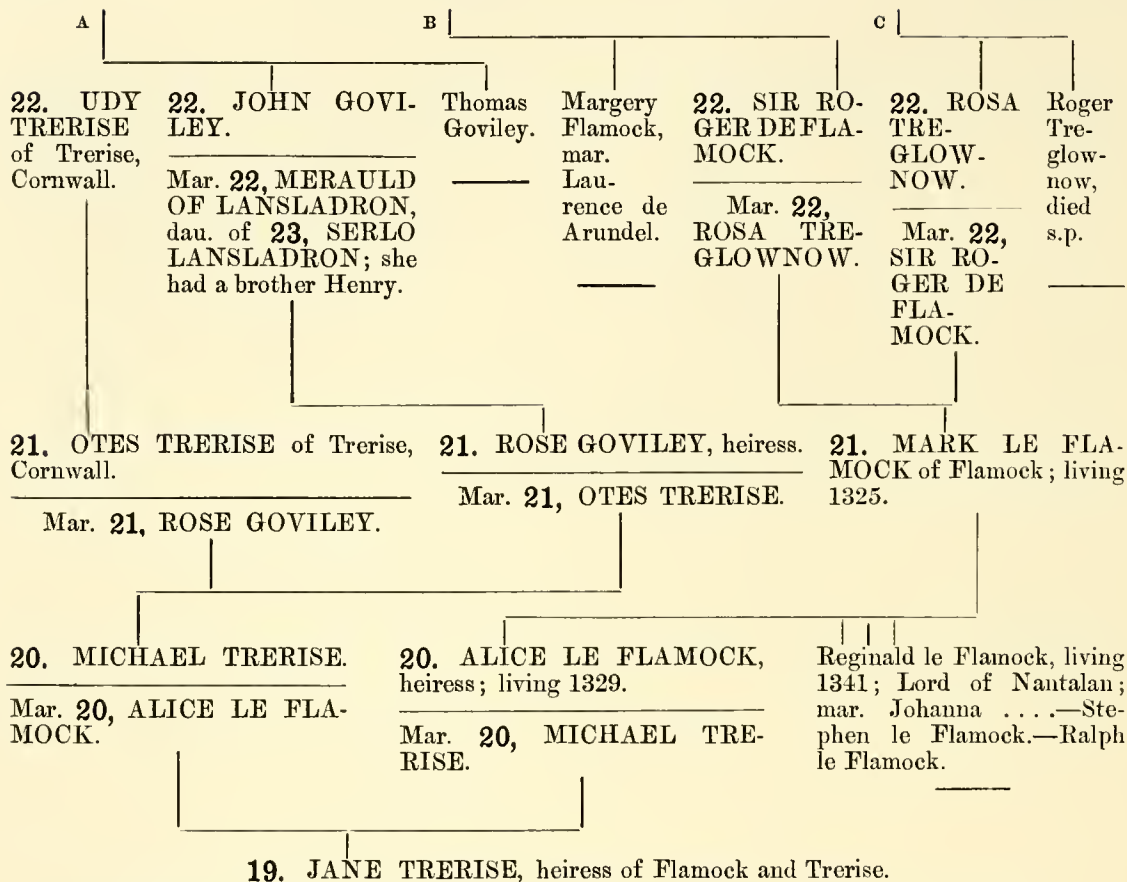
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 60—PART B.

TRERISE AND FLAMOCK FAMILIES.





Mar. 19, RALPH ARUNDEL (Part A of this Table), where line traced through Cooke, Hill, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 61.

STRELLEY FAMILY.

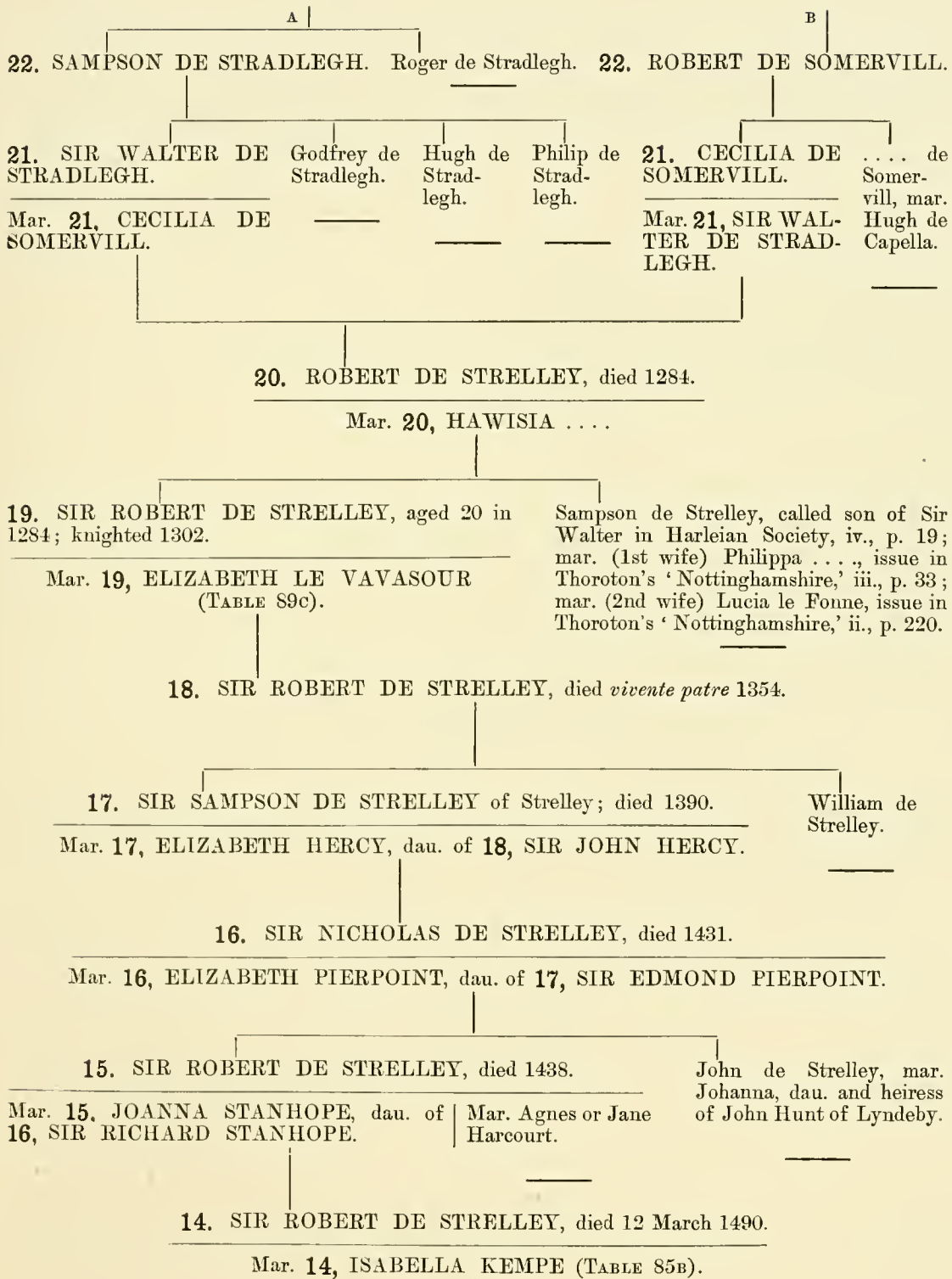
23. WALTER DE STRADLEGH of Stradleigh, now Strelley, Nottinghamshire.

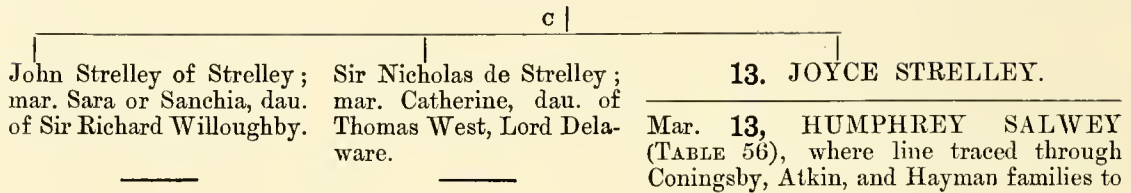
Mar., *temp.* Henry I., 23, ISILIA, widow of WILLIAM DE MOIZ, by whom she had three sons, Robert, Henry, and Richard.

A |

B |

23. ROBERT DE SOMERVILL, Lord of Oxtan.





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

STRELLEY.

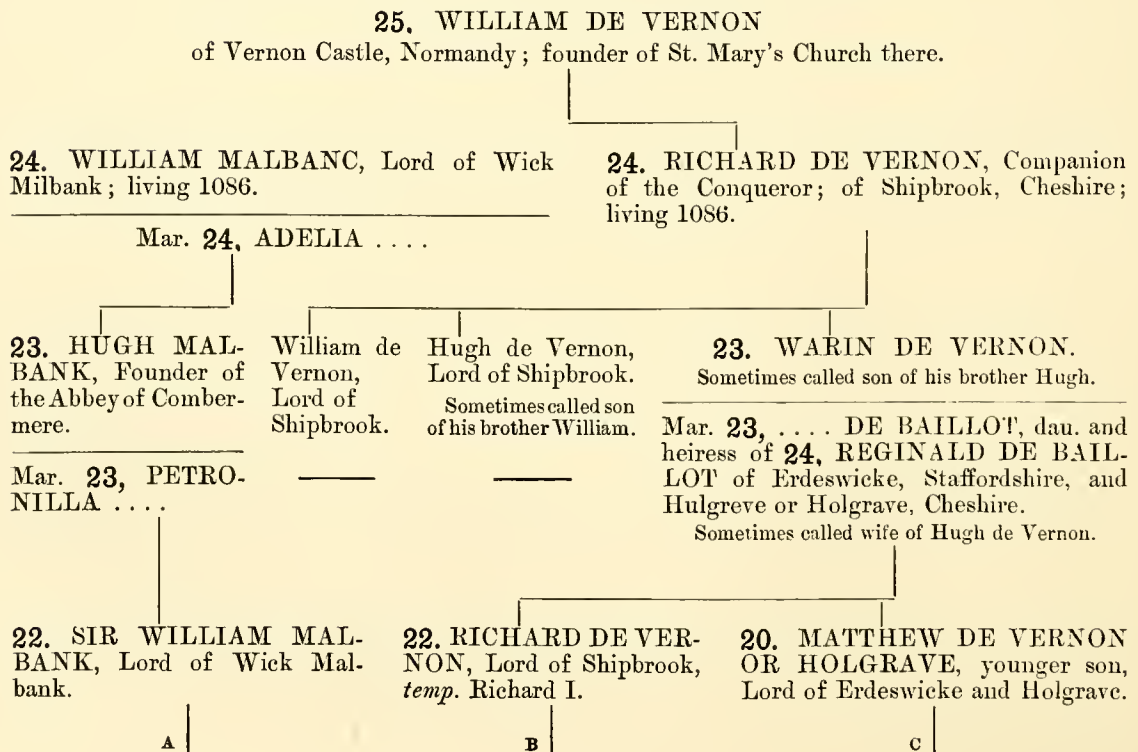
Thoroton's 'Nottinghamshire,' ii., pp. 218, 220.
Harleian Society, iv., 'Visitation of Nottinghamshire,'
p. 19.

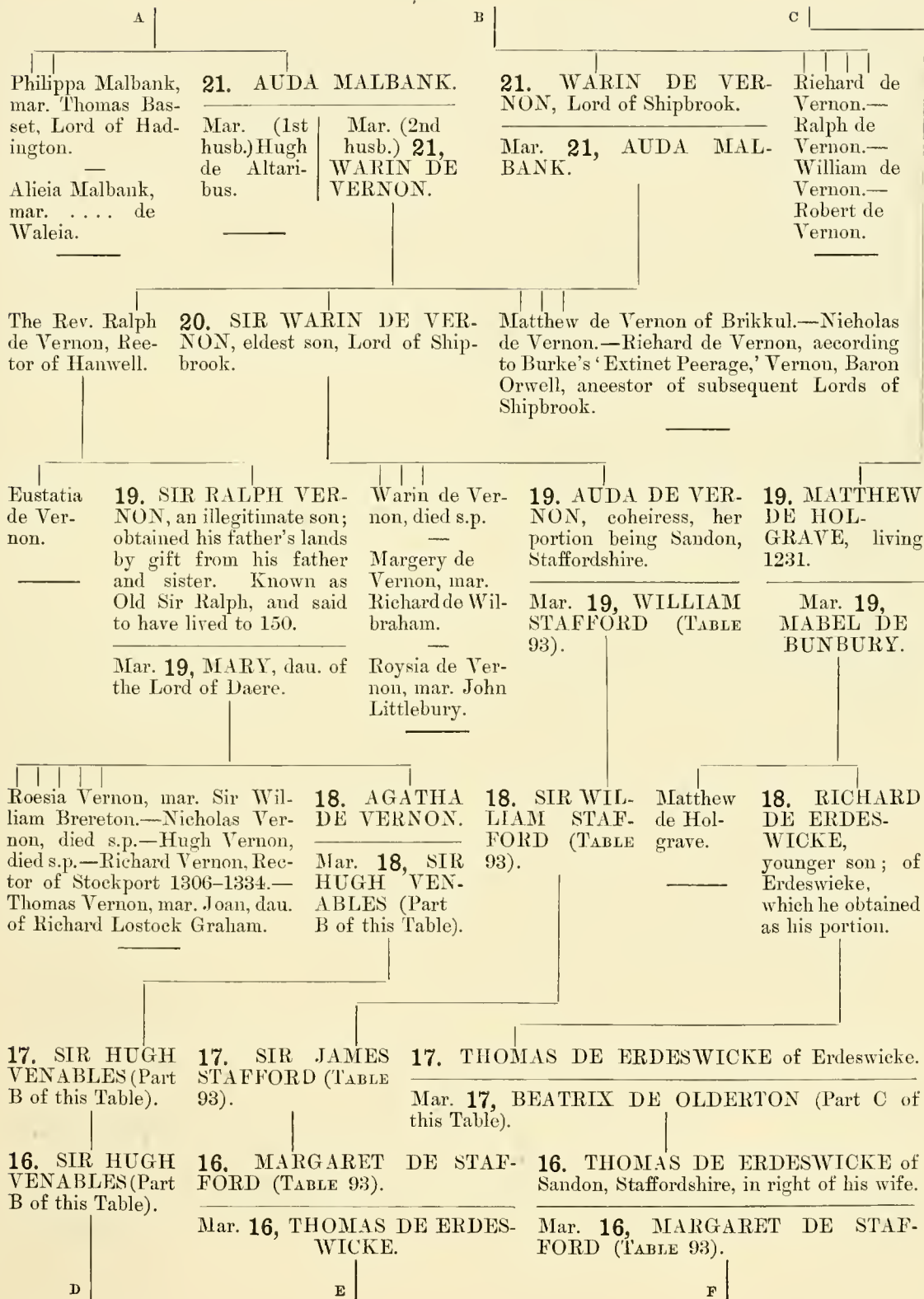
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

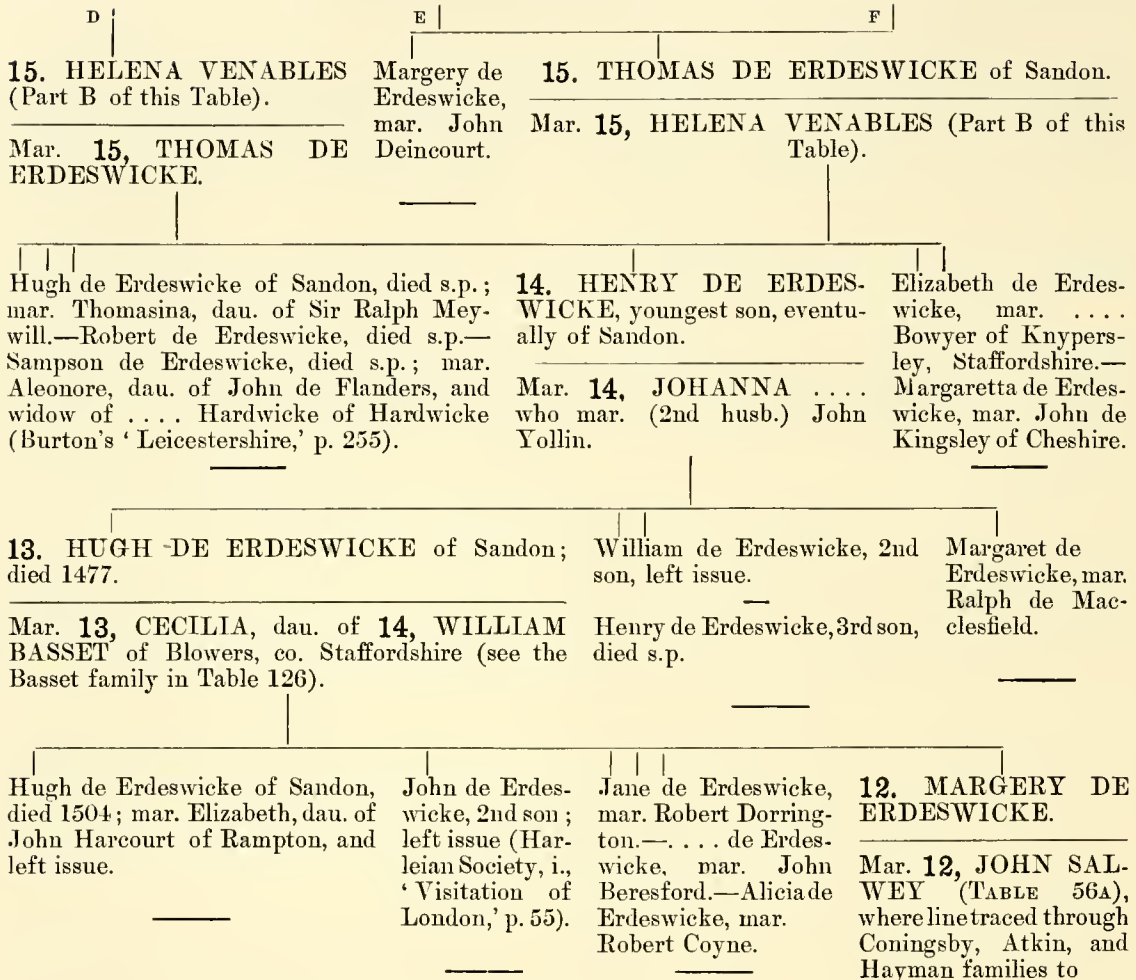
Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 62—PART A.

VERNON AND ERDESWICKE FAMILY.







REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- VERNON AND ERDESWICKE (both one family).
Ormerod's 'Cheshire,' iii., p. 118, Hulgrave pedigree, and p. 133, Vernon pedigree.
'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' N. S., iii., p. 4 *et seq.*, containing Erdeswicke and Vernon pedigrees.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Vernon, Baron Orwell.
- MALBANK.
'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' *ubi supra*.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 62—PART B.

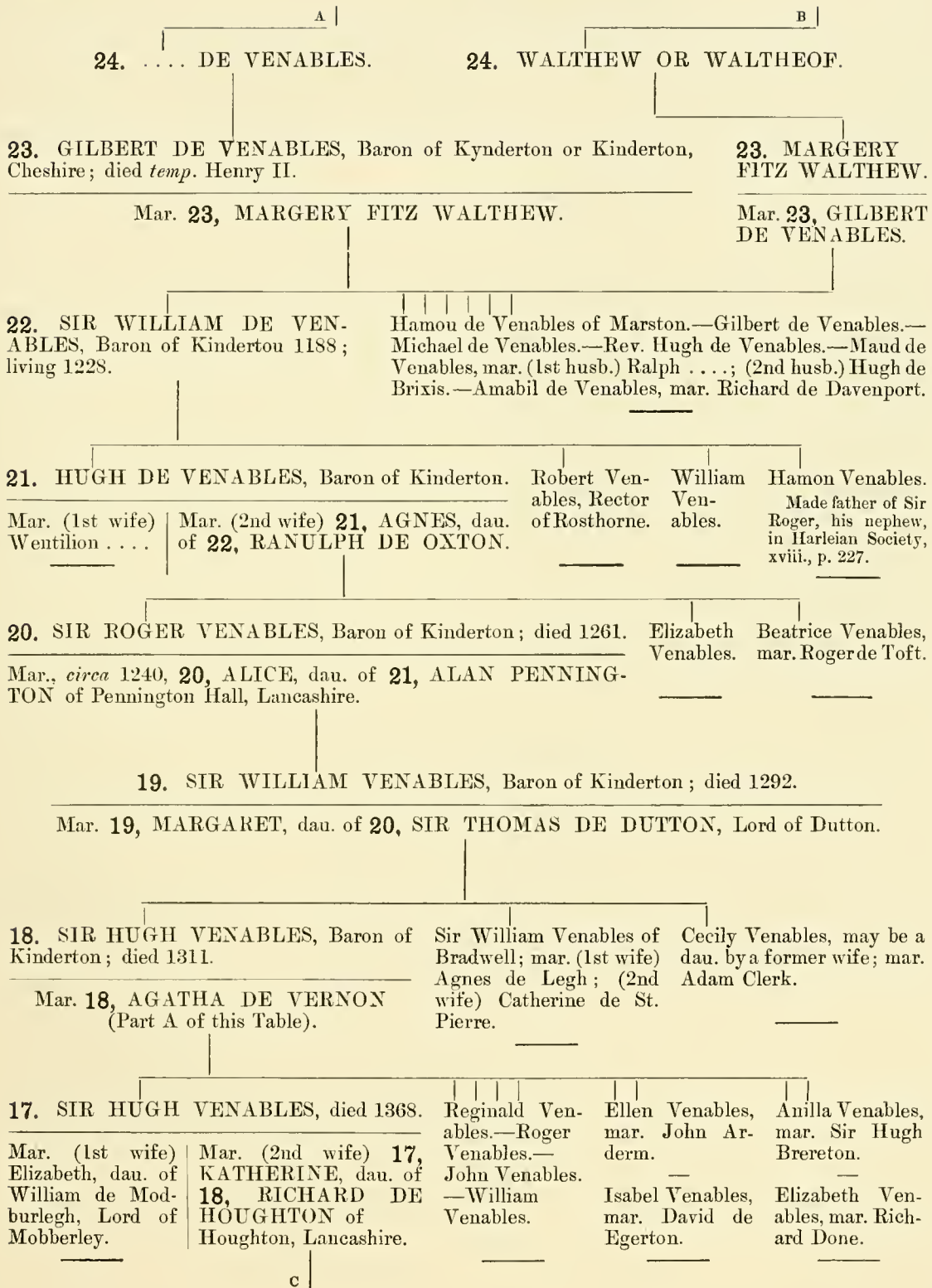
VENABLES FAMILY.

25. GILBERT DE VENABLES OR VENATOR of Venables in Normandy; living in England 1086. Either son of Eudo, Earl of Blois (Table 151), or son of descendant of Grosvenor of Holme (Ormerod's 'Cheshire,' 1882, iii., pp. 198 and 143 note *d*).

25. WOLFRIC, Lord of Hatton.

A

B



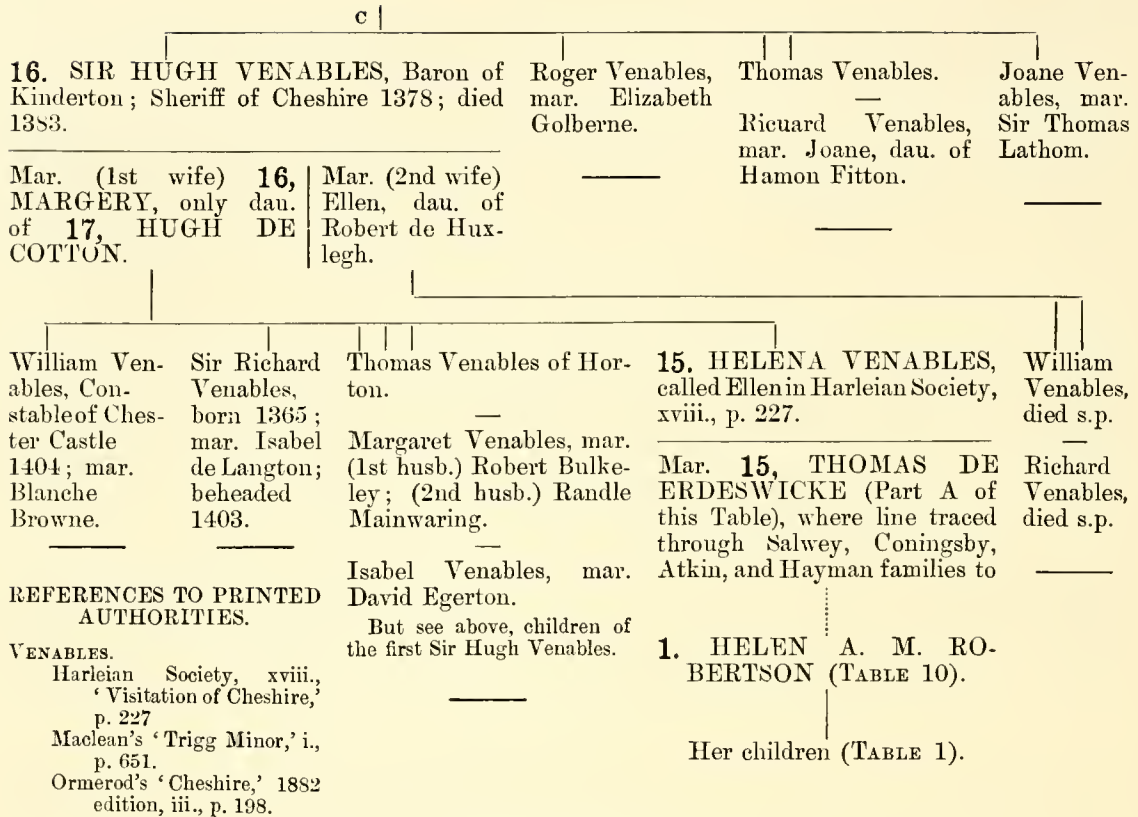


Table 62—PART C.

OLDERTON FAMILY.

19. RALPH DE OLDERTON.

Richard de Olderton.

18. NICHOLAS DE OLDERTON.

17. BEATRIX DE OLDERTON, heiress.

Mar. **17, THOMAS DE ERDESWICKE** (Part A of this Table), where line traced through Salwey, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

OLDERTON.
 Same as for Erdeswicke in Part A of this Table.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 63.

CROMWELL FAMILY.

19. RALPH DE CROMWELL,
Justice Itinerary in co. Lincoln, Nottingham, and Derby 1219.

18. RALPH DE CROMWELL.

Mar. 18, MARGARET DE SOMERIC (TABLE 140A).

17. SIR JOHN DE CROMWELL, 1st Baron Cromwell.

Mar. (1st wife) Idonea, dau. and heiress of Robert de Vipont, hereditary Sheriff of Westmoreland, and widow of Sir Roger Leybourn. | Mar. (2nd wife) 17,

16. SIR RALPH DE CROMWELL,
2nd Baron Cromwell; of Tatshall, co. Lincoln, in right of his wife; died 27 Aug. 1398-9.

Mar. 16, MAUD BERNACK (TABLE 64).

Sir Ralph Cromwell, 3rd Baron; died 1419; father of Ralph, 4th Baron Cromwell, Lord Treasurer of England from 1434 to 1444, who died s.p. 1455, when the Barony fell into abeyance between the descendants of his aunts Maude and Hawise.

15. MAUDE CROMWELL. In Harleian Society, xvi., p. 336, a generation is erroneously interposed between her and her parents as here given, viz., Ralph, the Lord Treasurer of England, her nephew, and Margaret, dau. of John Deinecourt, his wife.

Hawise Cromwell, mar. Thomas, Lord Bardolph.

Elizabeth Cromwell, born 1362; died 1394; mar. (1st husb.) Sir John Clinton; (2nd husb.) Sir Edward Bensted.

Mar. 15, SIR WILLIAM FITZWILLIAM (TABLE 57A), where line traced through Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

REFERENCE TO PRINTED
AUTHORITY.

CROMWELL.

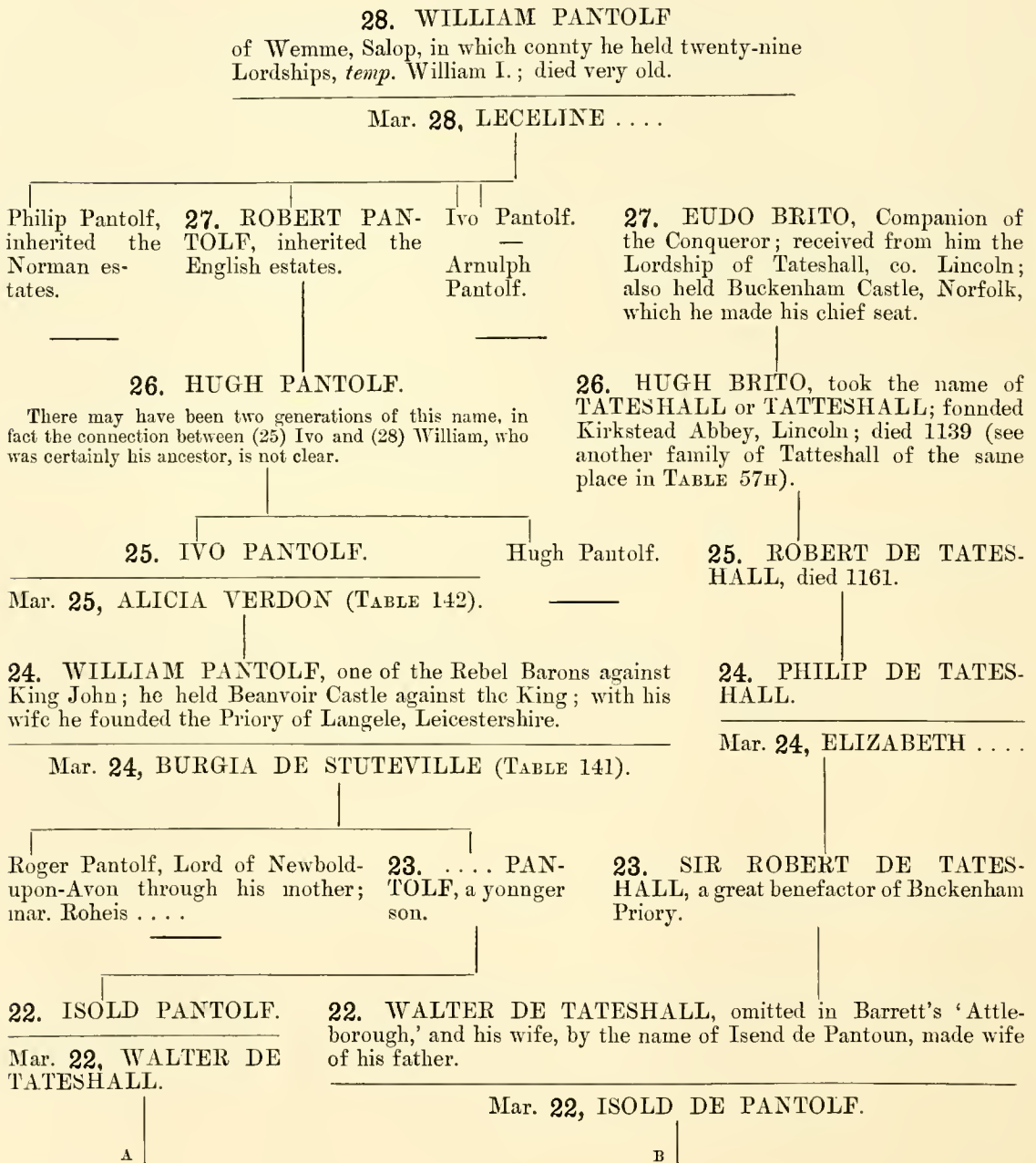
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Cromwell, Baron Cromwell of Tatshall.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 64.

BERNACK, DRYBY, AND TATESHALL FAMILIES.



A | _____ B |

21. SIR ROBERT DE TATESHALL,

Custodian of Bolsover Castle 1226; licensed to build Tateshall Castle 1230; died 1248.

Mar. (1st wife) 21, MABEL DE ALBINI (TABLE 105).	Mar. (2nd wife) . . . dau. of John de Grey, heiress of Scondebury, Berkshire.
--	---

20. SIR ROBERT DE TATESHALL

of Tateshall and Buckenham; stood firm to Henry III. in the Barons' Wars; died 1272; confused with his son in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Tateshall, and with his father in Harleian Society, xvi., pp. 336 and 176.

Sir Robert Tateshall, died 1297; issue failed; mar. Joan, 2nd dau. and coheiress of Ralph Fitz Ranulph, Lord of Middleham, Yorkshire.

19. JANE TATESHALL, 2nd dau., ultimately coheiress; obtained Tateshall Castle.

Isabella Tateshall, coheiress; mar. Sir John Orby.—Emma Tateshall, coheiress, eldest dau.; mar. Sir Osbert or Adam Caylye.

Mar. **19, SIR ROBERT DRYBY,** called John in Harleian Society, xvi., p. 336, but correctly at p. 176.

18. ALES DRYBY, coheiress; obtained Tateshall Castle.

Mar. **18, SIR WILLIAM BARNAKE** of Hethersett; died 6 April 1339; bur. at Hethersett; called John in Harleian Society, xvi., p. 336.

17. SIR JOHN BARNAKE OR BERNACK, Lord of Tateshall Castle; died 1345-6. This generation omitted in Harleian Society, xvi., p. 176.

18. ELIZABETH BARNAKE.

Mar. **18, SIR JAMES DE BYRON** (TABLE 74), where line traced through Blommt, Windsor, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

Mar. **17, JANE MARMYON**
(TABLE 65).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

John Bernack, born 1344; died s.p.—William Bernack, died s.p. 17 Dec. 1359.

16. MAUD BERNACK, heiress of Tateshall; died 10 April 1419.

Mar. **16, RALPH CROMWELL,** 2nd Baron Cromwell (TABLE 63), where line traced through Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

BERNACK AND DRYBY.

Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' p. 336, Warren, and p. 176, Knevet.

Barrett's 'Memorials of Attleborough,' p. 182.

TATESHALL.

Barrett's 'Memorials of Attleborough,' p. 180.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Tateshall of Tateshall.

PANTOLF.

Dugdale's 'Warwickshire,' p. 95.

Dugdale's 'Baronetage,' i., p. 434, Pantolf.

Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Peerage,' i., p. 158, Pantolf.

Table 65.

MARMION FAMILY.

23. ROBERT DE MARMION OR MARMYON,

Lord of Fontney or Fontenoy in Normandy; Lord of Tamworth Castle, Warwickshire, by grant from William the Conqueror; Lord of the Manor of Scrivelsby, Lincolnshire, in virtue of which he was Grand Champion of England at the Coronation.

The Lord Marmion of Scott's poem is an entirely fictitious person, but the name and titles of this family are attributed to him.

"They hailed Lord Marmion,
They hailed him Lord of Fontenaye,
Of Lutterward and Scrivelbaye,
Of Tamworth Tower and town."

(See canto i., stanza xi., and note ix. to that canto.)

22. ROBERT DE MARMION, Lord of Fontney, etc.

Robert de Marmion
of Tamworth, eldest
son; died 1241.

21. ROBERT DE MARMION, eldest son by a second
wife; held Wittringham and Coningsby, Lincolnshire.

William,
Lord
Mar-
mion.

Mar. 21, AMICE OR ALICE, dau. of 22, JERNEYGAN
FITZHUGH.

20. WILLIAM DE MARMION.

Mar. 20, LORA DE DOVER (TABLE 90).

19. JOHN DE MARMION,

Baron Marmion of the Hermitage, Yorkshire; died 1322.

18. JOHN DE MARMION, 2nd Baron Marmion; died 1335.

Mar. 18, MAUD FURNIVAL (TABLE 132).

Robert, 3rd
Lord Mar-
mion.

17. JANE OR JOAN DE MARMION,
erroneously stated to have died s.p. in Burke's
'Extinct Peerage,' Marmyon.

18. AVICE DE MARMION.

Mar. 17, SIR JOHN BERNACK (TABLE
64), where line traced through Cromwell,
Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman
families to

Mar. 18, SIR JOHN DE
GREY, Lord Grey of Rother-
field (TABLE 136), where line
traced through (Marmion) Fitz-
hugh, Vaux, Sapcote, Fitzwilliam,
Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman
families to

REFERENCE TO
PRINTED AUTHORITY.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

MARMION.

Burke's 'Extinct Peer-
age,' Marmyon.

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 66.

SIDNEY FAMILY.

BARENTON, a Saxon, who served Queen Emma, wife of King Ethelred, and had custody of the Forest of Hatfield Regis or Bradocke, Essex; deprived of his possessions at the Conquest; ancestor of

24. SIR WILLIAM SIDNEY
OR SYDNEY, *temp.* King Stephen.

23. SIR SIMON SIDNEY,
living 1213.

Mar. 23, MARGARET, dau.
of 24, SIR THOMAS DELA-
MORE.

22. SIR ROGER SIDNEY,
living 1239.

Mar. 22, ELEONORE, dau.
of 23, SIR JOHN SOPHAM.

Symon
Sidney.

A dau..
mar. Sir
John
Wales.

21. SIR HENRY
SIDNEY, living
1268.

Mar. 21, MAWDE
DABERON.

20. HENRY SIDNEY,
died 1306.

Mar. 20, dau. of 21,
SIR RAFFE HUSSEY.

A

24. SIR MATTHEW
DABERON OR
D'ABERNON.

23. SIR JOHN DA-
BERON.

Mar. 23, EMME FOL-
LYOTT (TABLE 68).

22. ROBERT DA-
BERON.

Mar. 22,
ODINGSSELLS.

21. MAWDE
DABERON.

Mar. 21, SIR
HENRY SID-
NEY.

Simon Sidney.
—Roger Sid-
ney.—Henry
Sidney.—
Mary Sidney.
—Anne Sid-
ney.

20. SIR NICHOLAS BARRINGTON of Barrington Hall, Hatfield Broadoak, Essex; Chief Forester of Hatfield.

Mar. (1st wife) Mary,
dau. of John Bovile;
died s.p.

24. SIR ODONELL BAR-
RINGTON OR BAREN-
TON.

23. SIR EUSTACE BARRING-
TON, obtained grant of custody
of the Forest of Hatfield from
Henry I.

22. SIR UMFRE BARRINGTON,
temp. Henry I. and Henry II.

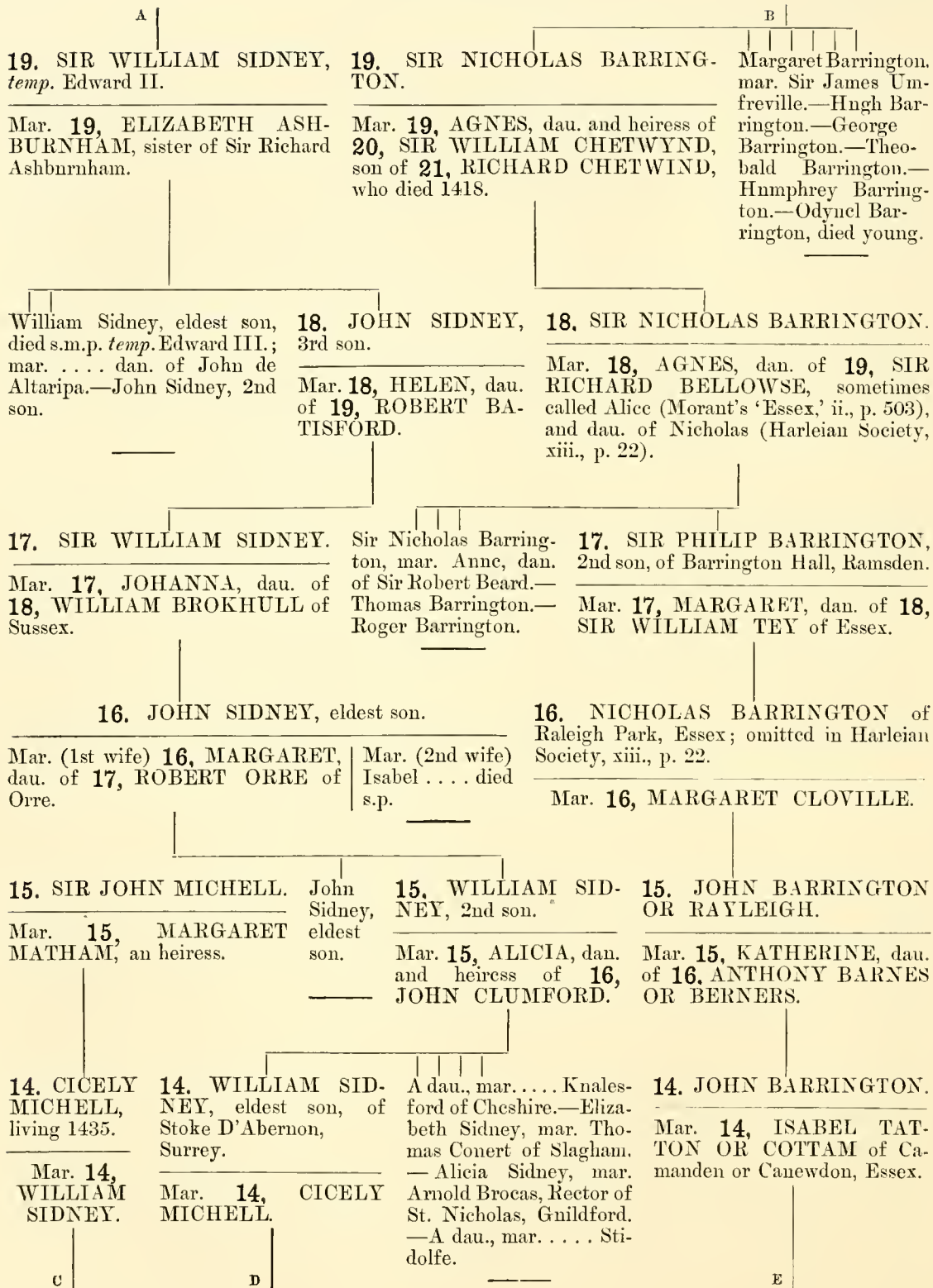
Mar. 22, BRISSELL OR GRESILD,
dau. of 23, SIR RAFFE MERCYE,
heirss of the Manor of Kelvedon,
Essex.

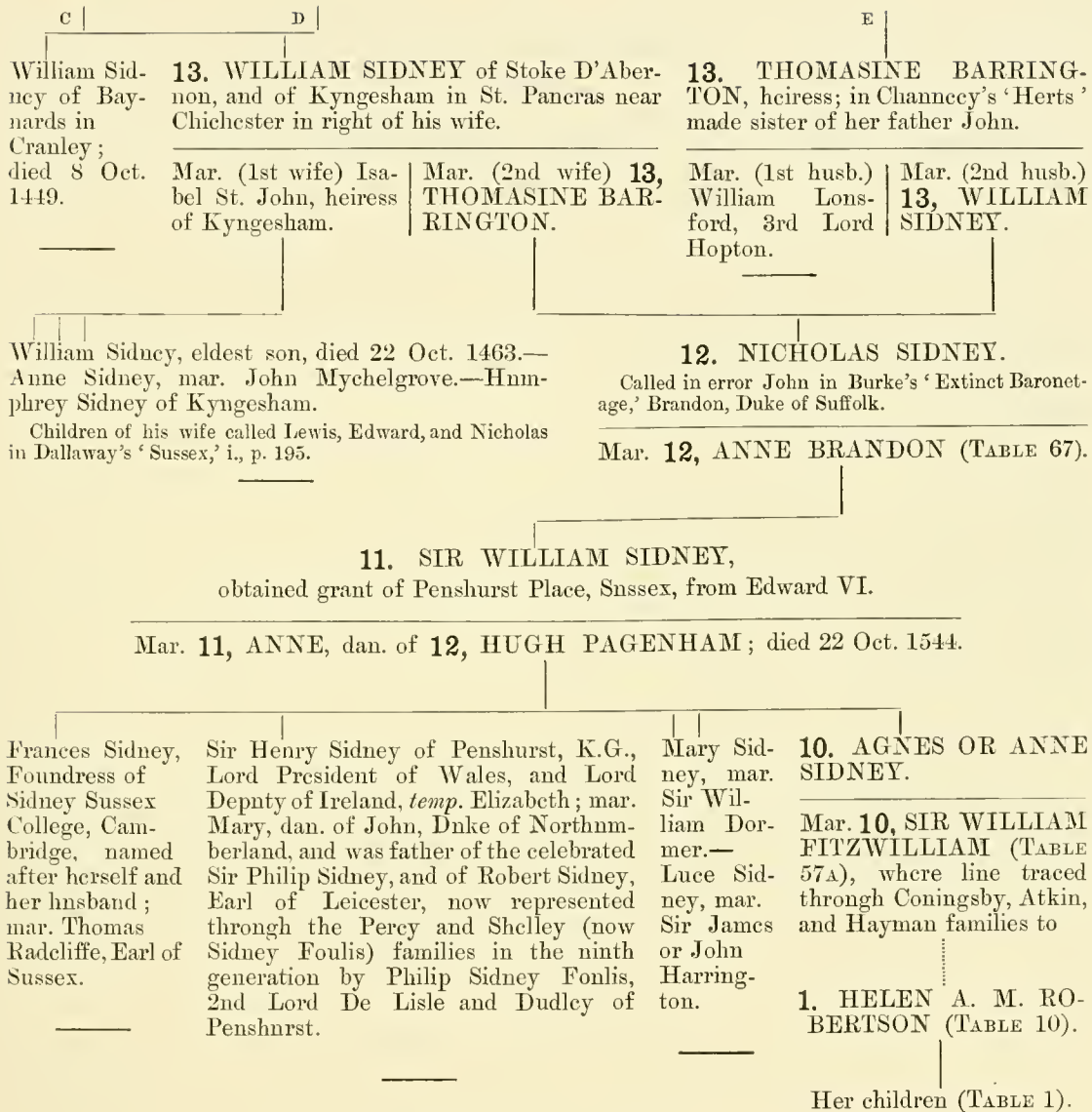
21. SIR HUMFRE BARRING-
TON.

Mar. 21, EVA DE MANDE-
VILLE, natural dau. of Sir William
Mandeville, Earl of Essex (TABLE
114A); called Amicia in Morant's
'Essex,' ii., p. 503, also sometimes
called Aude; got Sheperid, Essex,
from her father.

Mar. (2nd wife) 20, MAWDE,
dau. of 21, SIR RAFFE
NORTOFFTE.

B





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

SIDNEY.

- 'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' ii., p. 161.
Manning and Bray's 'Surrey,' i., p. 94.
Dallaway's 'Sussex,' i., p. 195.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Sidney.
Berry's 'Kentish Genealogies,' p. 478.
Berry's 'Sussex Genealogies,' p. 297.
Hasted's 'Kent,' i., p. 411.

D'ABERON.

- 'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' *ubi supra*.

BARRINGTON.

- Morant's 'Essex,' ii., p. 503.
Chauncey's 'Herts,' p. 366.
Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' ii., p. 299.
Harleian Society, xiii., 'Visitation of Essex,' pp. 22, 147, Barrington.
Wotton's 'English Baronetage,' i., p. 65, Barrington of Barrington Hall.

Table 67—PART A.

BRANDON AND WINGFIELD FAMILIES.

23. . . . BOVILE.

22. SIR JOHN FASTOLF.
Probably an ancestor of the Sir John Fastolf of Caistor, near Great Yarmouth, who is frequently mentioned in the 'Paston Letters,' one of whose family has been supposed to be the original of Shakespeare's Falstaff.

Sir John Bovile, died s.p.

22. SIR WILLIAM BOVILE, living *temp.* King Stephen.

22. THOMAS RUSSELL, living *temp.* Henry II.; of a Norman family which came to England with the Conqueror.

21. SIR ROBERT WINGFIELD OR WINGFEILD of Wingfield Castle, Suffolk.

In Burke's 'Commoners,' ii., p. 476, and other places, he is made son of John, son of Robert, living in 1087, but this is manifestly wrong, as there must have been many more generations between this Sir Robert and any person living in 1087.

21. JANE FASTOLF.
Mar. **21, SIR ROBERT WINGFIELD.**

Sir John Bovile.

21. SIR WILLIAM BOVILE.

21. THOMAS RUSSELL, living *temp.* King John.

Mar. **21, JANE FASTOLF.**

20. THOMAS WINGFIELD of Wingfield Castle.

Mar. **20, ALICE,** dau. of **21, SIR NICHOLAS WEYLAND** of Norfolk, probably the Sir Nicholas named in the pedigree in Blomefield's 'Norfolk,' iii., p. 477.

20. WILLIAM BOVILE, died 1320.

Mar. **20, JOAN,** dau. of **21, SIR JAMES CREKE.**

20. ROBERT RUSSELL, living *temp.* Henry III.

19. SIR JOHN WINGFIELD of Dunnington Castle, Suffolk.

Mar. **19, ANNE,** dau. of **20, JOHN PECHE** (see another person of the same name, TABLE 74).

John Bovile, died s.p.

19. SIR WILLIAM BOVILE, 2nd son.

Mar. **19, JOAN,** dau. of **20, SIR HUBERT DALENSON** (Dalison).

Joshua Bovile.

Margaret Bovile.

19. JAMES RUSSELL, living *temp.* Edward I.

18. SIR JOHN WINGFIELD of Wingfield Castle. Roger Wingfield, died s.p.—Giles Wingfield, died s.p.—Richard Wingfield, Lord of the Manor of Dunnington in 1315.

Mar. **18, . . . HONYPOT,** an heiress.

18. JOHN BOVILE of Letheringham, Suffolk.

Mar. **18, PARNELL OR PETRONELLA,** dau. of **19, SIR ROBERT SCALES OR ECKLES** of Norfolk.

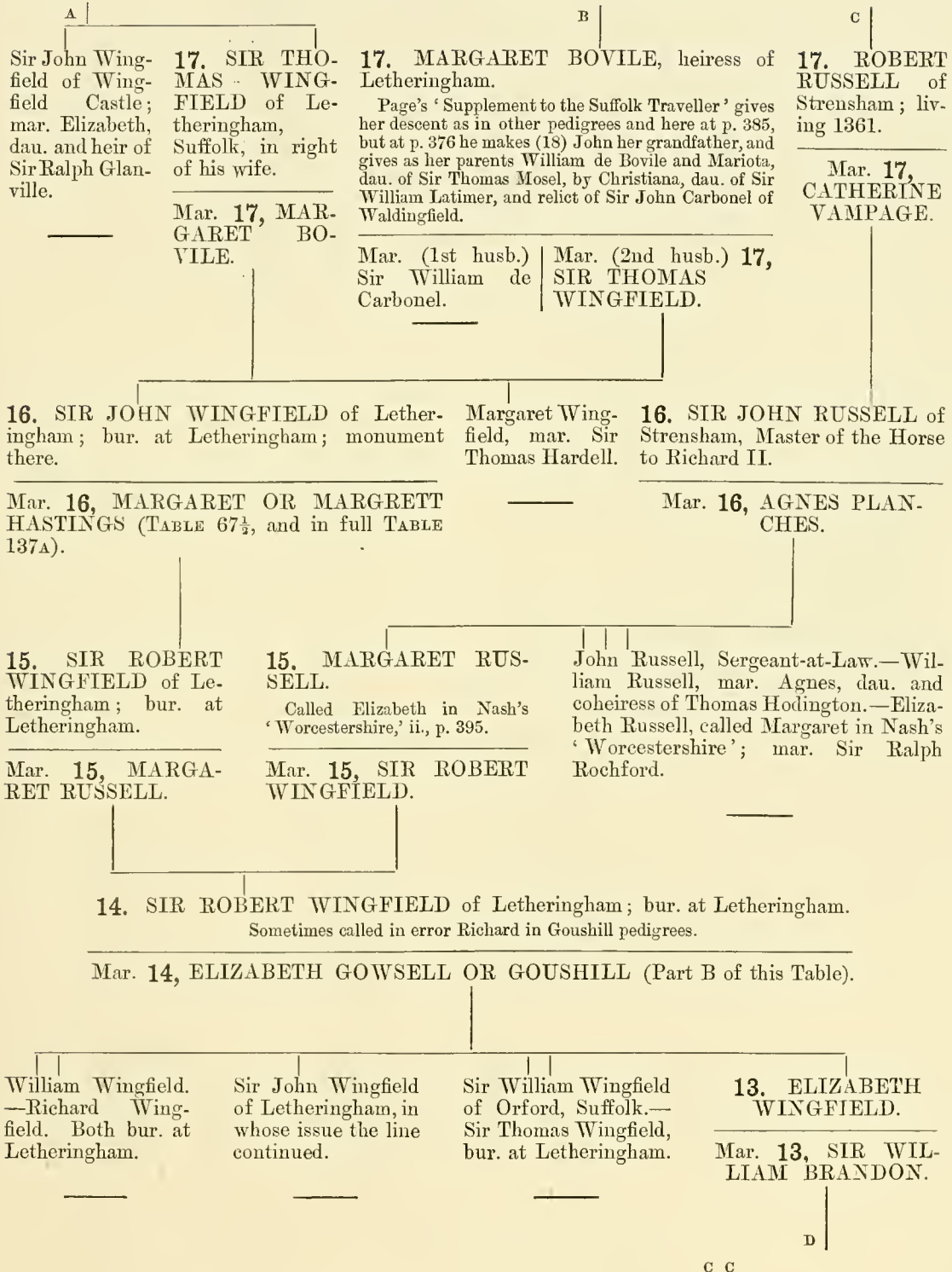
18. NICHOLAS RUSSELL of Strens-ham, Worcestershire.

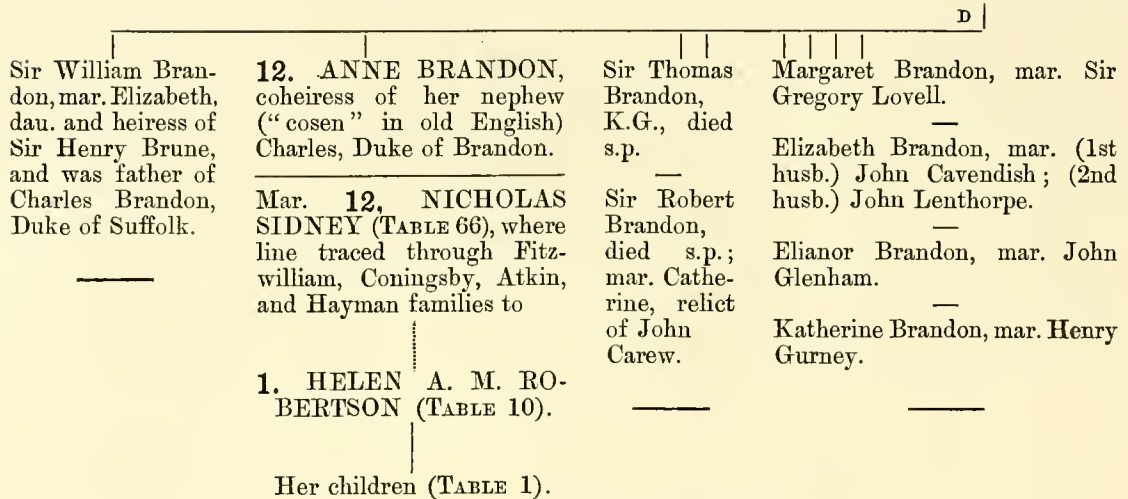
Mar. **18, ALICE GRYNDON** of Gloucestershire.

A

B

C





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

WINGFIELD.

- Camden Society, xliii., 'Visitation of Huntingdonshire,' p. 125.
 Blore's 'Rutland,' p. 58.
 Burke's 'Commoners,' ii., p. 476.
 Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1879.
 Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886 edition, part i., p. xvii.
 Harleian Society, iii., 'Visitation of Rutland,' p. 32.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Wingfield, Lord Powerscourt.
 Burke's 'Peerage,' Lord Powerscourt.
 Lodge's 'Peerage,' v., p. 255, Wingfield, Lord Powerscourt.

BRANDON.

- 'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' ii., p. 161, Sidney pedigree.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Brandon, Duke of Suffolk.

GOUSHILL.

- Thoroton's 'Nottinghamshire,' iii., p. 62.

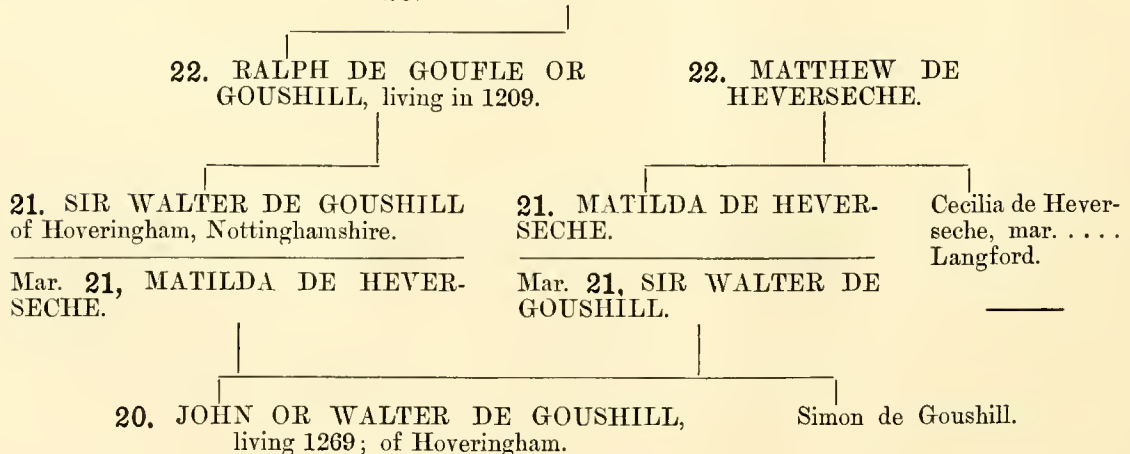
BOVILE.

- Page's 'Supplement to the Suffolk Traveller,' pp. 376 and 385.
 Camden Society, xliii., 'Visitation of Huntingdonshire,' p. 125.

Table 67—PART B.

GOUSHILL FAMILY.

23. ROBERT DE GOUFLE.



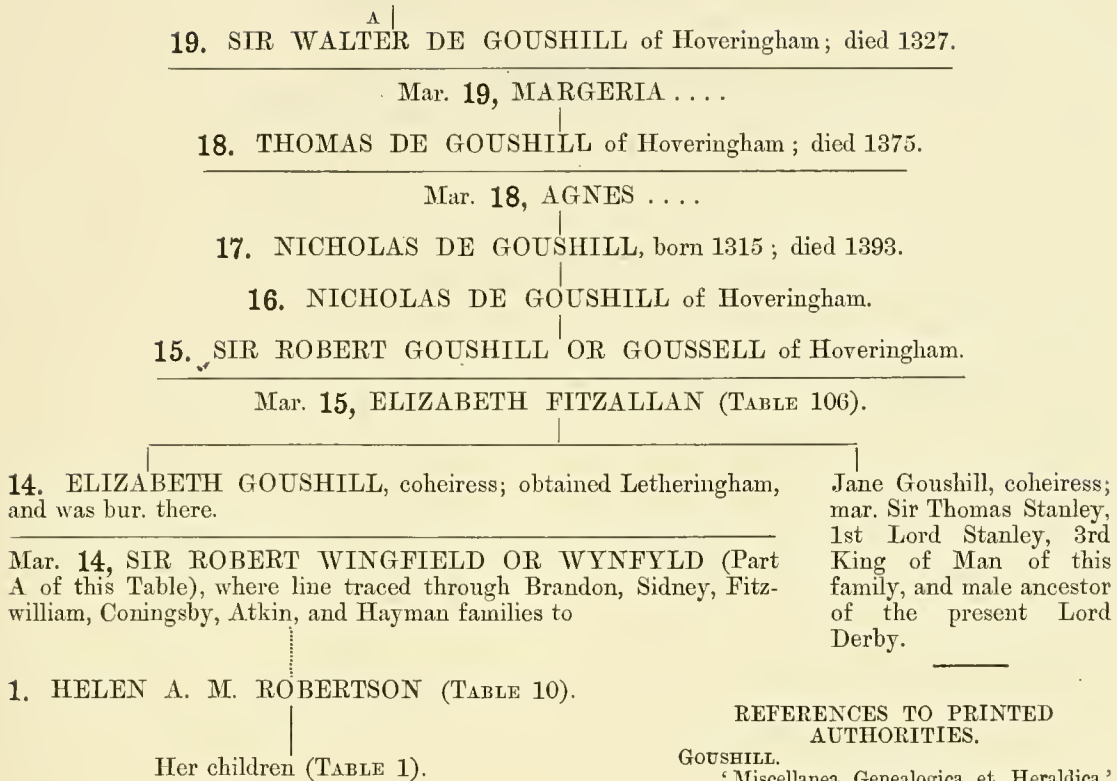


Table 67½.

Containing part of Tables in Part V. necessary for tracing the pedigrees in this part, which would come here if the families treated of did not also comprise ancestors through the Durdin family.

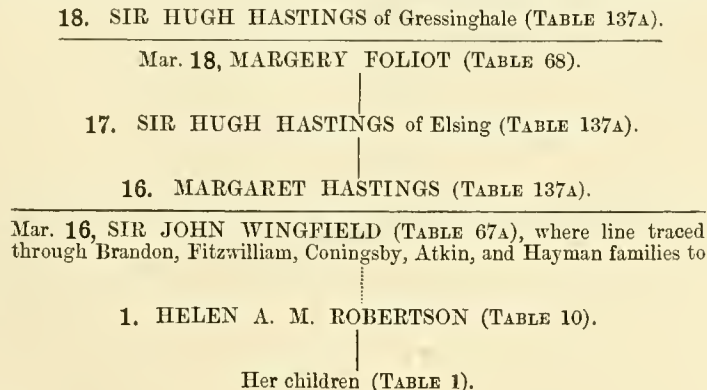
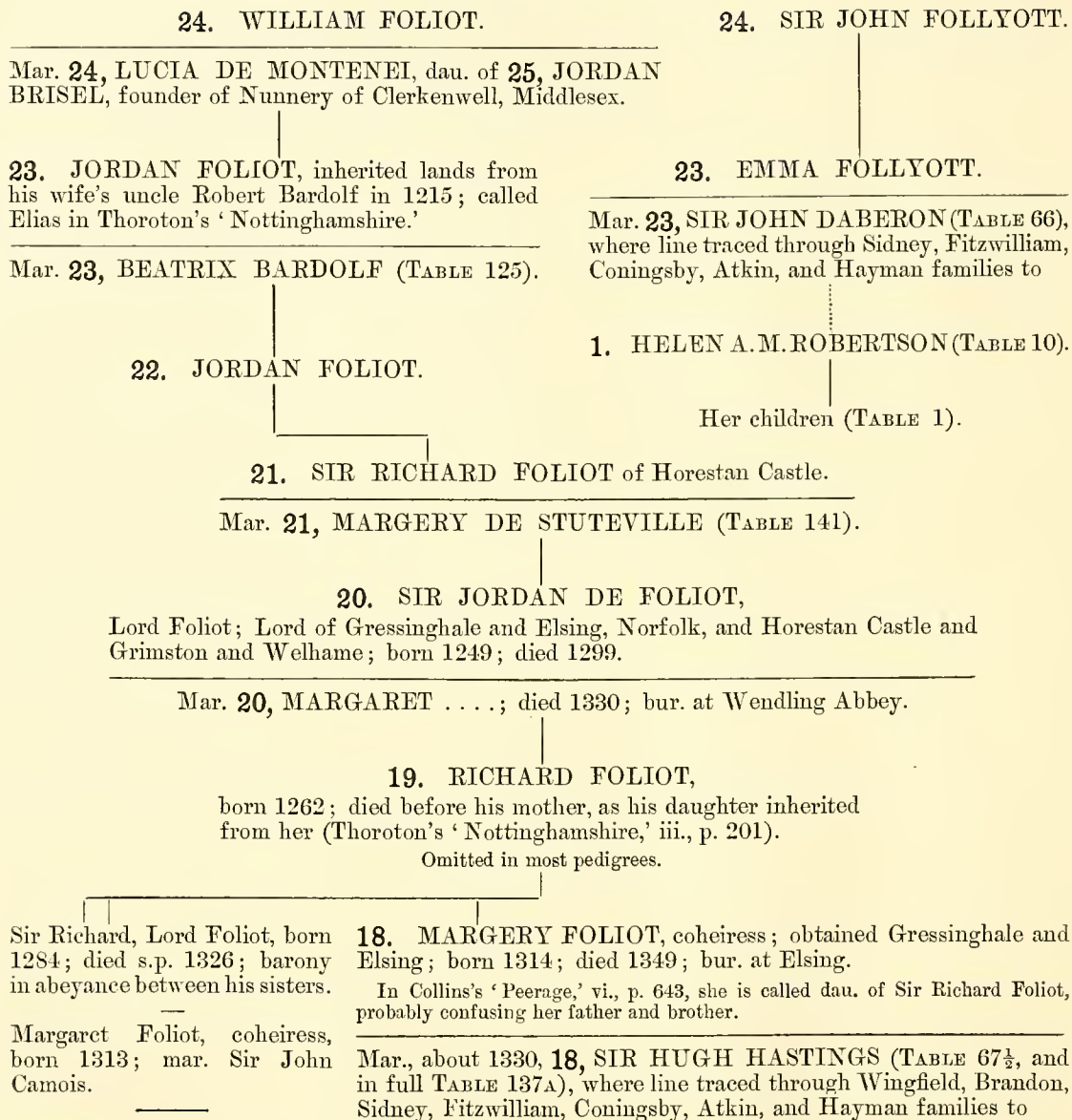


Table 68.

FOLIOT FAMILY.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

FOLIOT.

- Blomefield's 'Norfolk,' iv., 373.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Foliot.
 Dugdale's 'Baronetage,' i., p. 679, Foliot.
 Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Baronage,' i., p. 84,
 Foliot.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 69.

STAPELTON AND BELLEW FAMILIES.

24. SIR JOHN DE BELLA ACQUA, BELLE EAU, OR BELLEW. **24.** NICHOLAS STAPLETON.

Mar. **24**, LADARYNA DE BRUS OR BRUCE (TABLE 129).

Jone Bellew, coheiress; mar. Sugerus, son of Hemoycy Copedall.

23. SYBELL BELLEW, coheiress.

23. MYLES STAPLETON.

Mar. **23**, MYLES STAPLETON.

Mar. **23**, SYBELL BELLEW.

Sir Myles Stapleton, mar. Izabel, dau. of Henry Vavasour (Harleian Society, xvi., p. 203).

Gilbert Stapleton.

22. SIR NICHOLAS STAPLETON.

Mar. **22**, ISABEL, dau. of **23**, JOHN RYCHMOND of Kirkby Fleetham, Yorkshire.

21. JULYANA STAPLETON.

Mar. **21**, SIR RICHARD DE WINDSOR (TABLE 57½, and in full TABLE 133), where line traced through Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

Myles Stapleton of Hadleseey, mar. . . . dau. and coheiress of John de Brettagne.

Bryan Stapleton, mar. Isabel, dau. of Sir Henry Vavasour of Haslewood.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

STAPELTON.

Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' p. 293.

Surtees Society, xli., 'Visitation of Northern Counties,' p. 1.

BELLEW.

Same as Stapleton as above and Bruce in TABLE 129.

Table 70.

MOLYNS AND BINTWORTH FAMILIES.

22. WILLIAM DE BINTWORTH.

21. MARGARET BINTWORTH.

Mar. **21**, JAMES MOLYNS of Hants.

20. JULIANA MOLYNS.

Mar. **20**, RICHARD DE WINDSOR (TABLE 57½, and in full TABLE 133), where line traced through Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

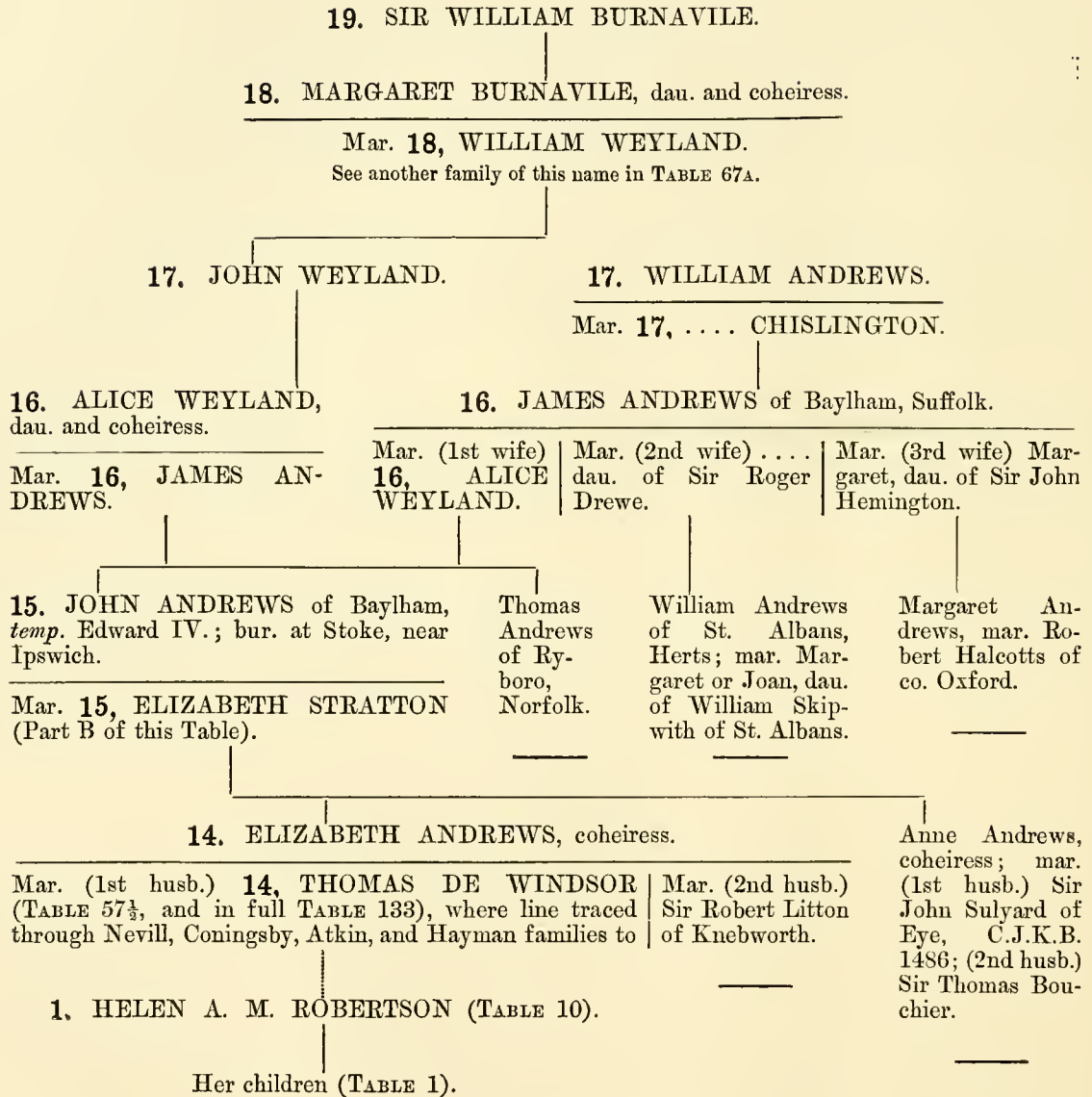
The Windsor Pedigrees referred to in TABLE 133.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 71—PART A.

ANDREWS FAMILY.



REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

ANDREWS.
Berry's 'Buckinghamshire Pedigrees,' p. 47.

Table 71—PART B.

STRATTON AND LUTTRELL FAMILIES.

25. SIR GEOFFREY LUTTRELL.

His place and marriage are only assumed from the fact that Sir Andrew Luttrell (here made his grandson) inherited the Paganell property on the failure of issue of Alicia de Gant the heiress of that family (see TABLE 140B) (Nichols's 'Leicestershire,' ii., p. 303). Lodge's 'Peerage,' iii., p. 399, suggests that his son was a descendant of Alicia de Gant.

Mar. 25, . . . DE PAGANELL (TABLE 140B).

24. SIR GEOFFREY LUTTRELL,

held lauds in cos. Derby, Leicester, Nottingham, and York, *temp.* Richard I., which were confiscated for siding with John, Earl of Moreton, afterwards King John, but restored on his accession. Obtained Luttrellstown in Ireland.

Mar. 24, TRETHERENTA, dau. of 25, HENRY DE NEWMARCH.

See another Newmarch family in TABLE 107.

23. SIR ANDREW LUTTRELL.

In 1229 obtained Barony of Irnham (called Finham in Lodge), co. Lincoln, and Quantockshead, co. Somerset, as heir of Maurice de Gaut, a descendant of his great-aunt Alicia de Gant *née* Paganell (TABLE 140B).

Mar. 23, . . . dau. of 24, PHILIP LA MARE.

22. GEOFFREY LUTTRELL, 2nd Baron of Irnham.

Alexander
Luttrell.

Mar. 22, . . . dau. of 23, WILLIAM DE GREY.

The De Grey family is in TABLE 136.

21. SIR ROBERT LUTTRELL,

called Lord Luttrell, 3rd Baron of Irnham, Lord of Hoton Pagnell, Luttrellstown, and Quantockshead; died 1297.

20. SIR GEOFFREY LUTTRELL, 4th Baron of Irnham.

Mar. 20, AGNES, dau. of 21, SIR RICHARD SUTTON.

Sir Andrew Luttrell, 5th Baron of Irnham, Lord of Hoton Pagnell; mar. Beatrix, dau. of Sir Geoffrey Scroop, Lord Scroop of Masham.

Sir Geoffrey Luttrell, died s.p.; mar. Coustaunce, dau. of Lord Scroop.

19. SIR JOHN LUTTRELL; held the Isle of Lundy.

Mar. 19, JOAN MOHUN (TABLE 139).

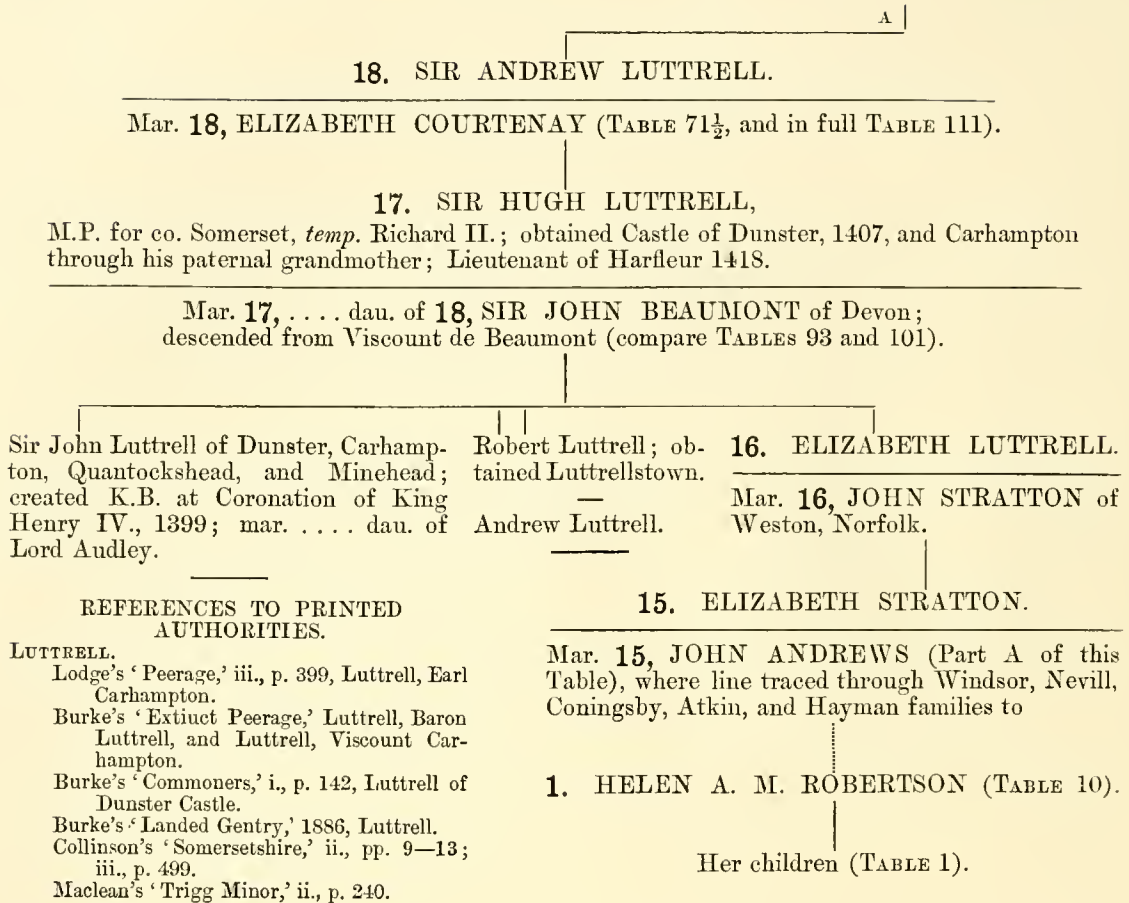


Table 71½.

Comprising part of Tables in Part V. necessary to trace pedigrees in this part, which would come here if the family treated of did not also comprise ancestors through the Durdin family.

20. HUGH COURTENAY, 1st Earl of Devoushire (TABLE 111).

Mar. **20**, AGNES ST. JOHN (TABLE 72).

19. HUGH COURTENAY, Earl of Devonshire (TABLE 111).

18. ELIZABETH COURTENAY (TABLE 111).

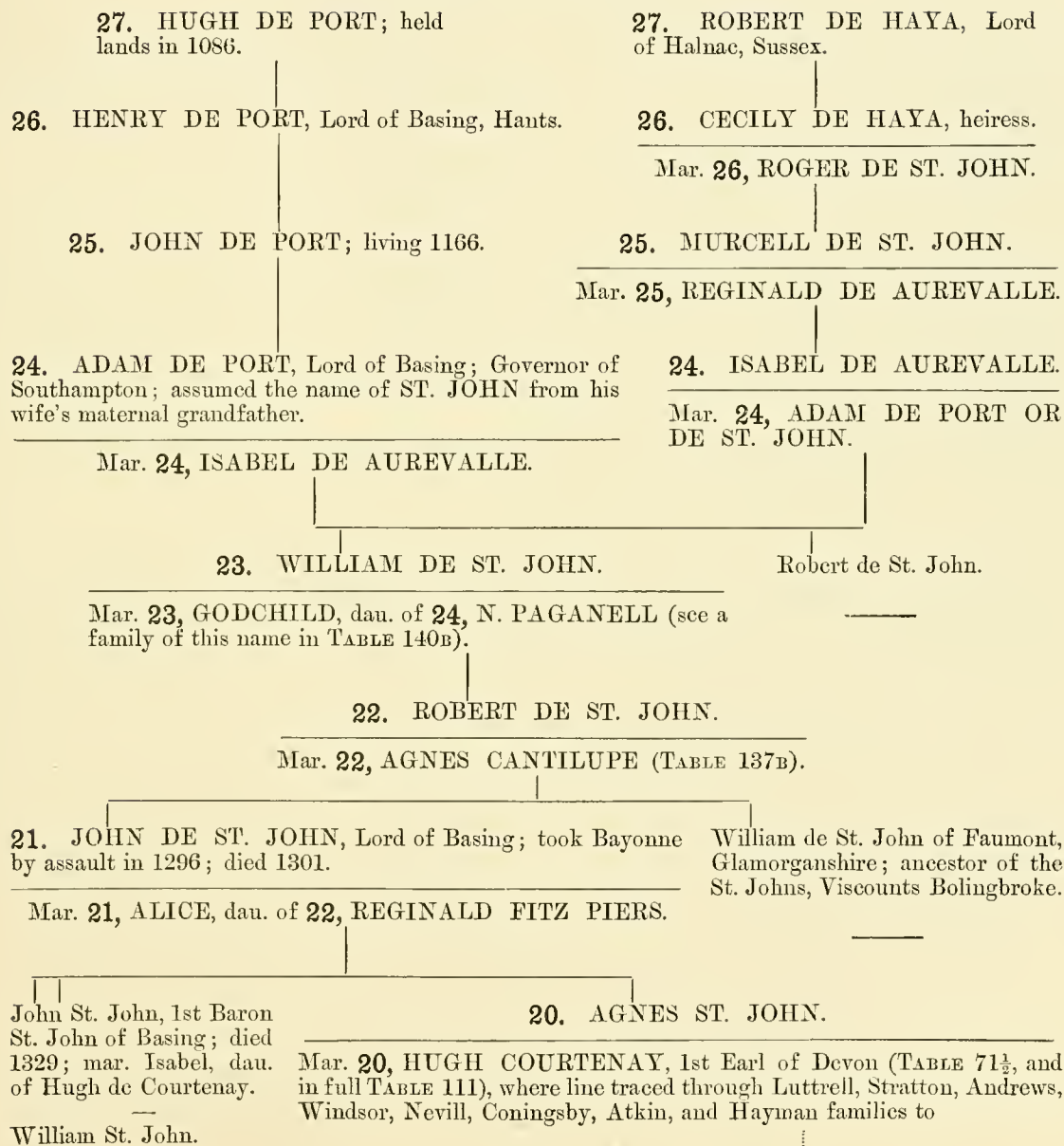
Mar. **18**, SIR ANDREW LUTTRELL (TABLE 71B), where line traced through Stratton, Andrews, Windsor, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 72.

ST. JOHN FAMILY.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

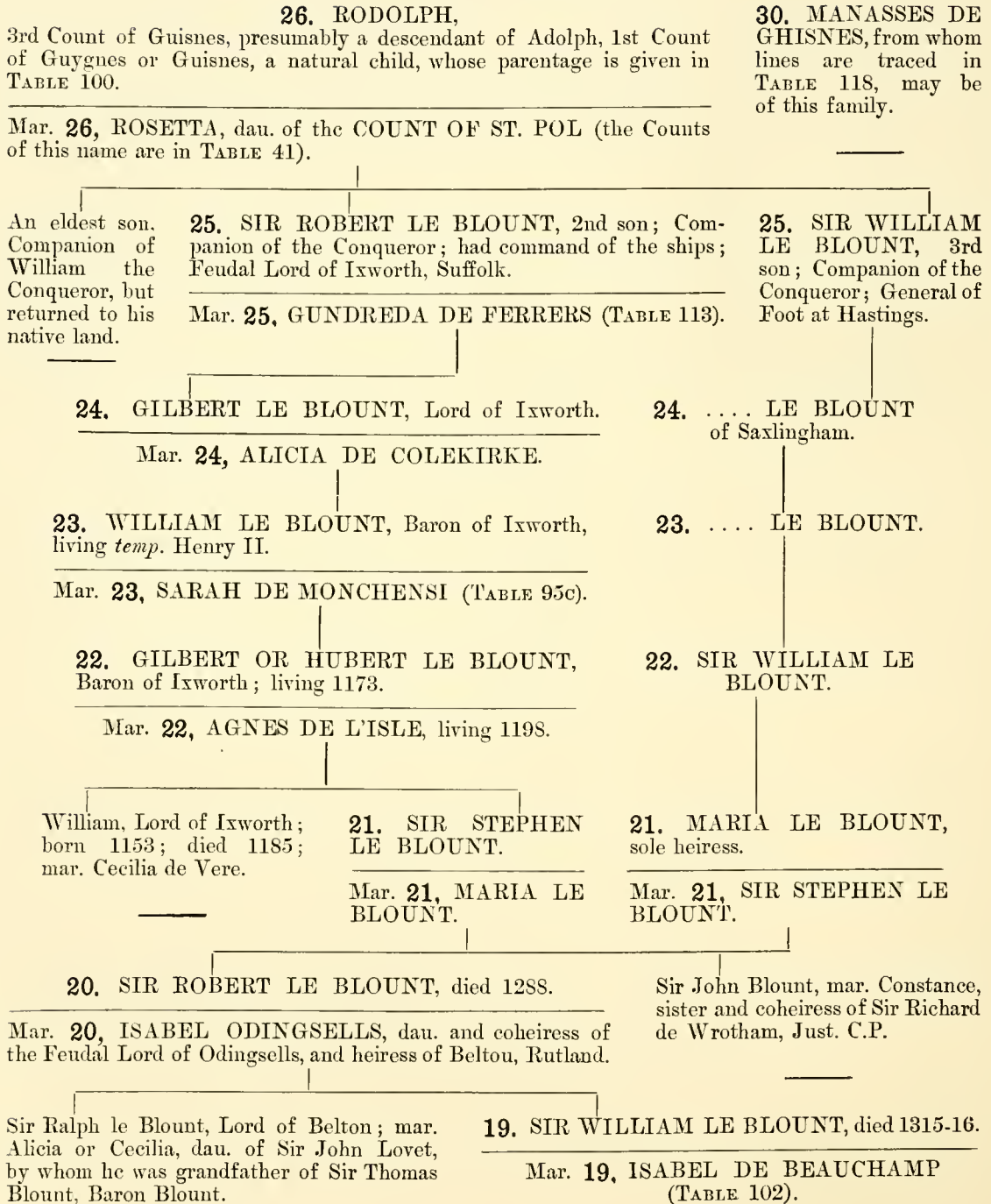
ST. JOHN.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' St. John Baron St. John of Basing.
Dugdale, i., p. 464, Port.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 73.

BLOUNT FAMILY.



A

Peter le Blount, Chamberlain to Edward II. in 1313; died s.p.

18. SIR WALTER LE BLOUNT of the Rock, Worcestershire; died 1322. In Harleian Society, xxviii., Blount, Sir Walter and his son Sir John are confused into one person called Sir Walter.

Mar. **18, JOHANNA DE SODINGTON**, 3rd sister and coheirress of Sir William de Sodington, heiress of Manor of Sodington; died 1302.

Sir William le Blount of Sodington; died s.p. 1337; mar. Margaret, 3rd dau. of Theobald de Verdun. Lord of Alton Castle, co. Stafford, and Lord Justice of Ireland, born 1310.

18. SIR JOHN LE BLOUNT, born 1298; of Passingham, co. Northampton.

Mar. (1st wife) Isolda, dau. and heiress of Sir Thomas de Mountjoy.

Mar. (2nd wife) **18, ELEANOR**, 2nd dau. of **19, JOHN BEAUCHAMP** of Harlie, Somerset, and widow of John Meriet of Meriet, Somerset.

Johu Blount, mar. (1st wife) Juliana Foulhurst; (2nd wife) Isabella, dau. of Sir Bryan Cornwall. Ancestor of the Blounts, Baronets of Sodington.

Walter Blount, died s.p.

17. SIR WALTER BLOUNT, a great warrior, a principal character in Shakespeare's 'Henry IV.'; fell at Shrewsbury 22 June 1403.

Mar. **17, SANCHIA DE AYALA**, dau. of **18, DIEGO GOMEZ DE TOLEDO**, Alcalde of Toledo, Spain, and **18, INEZ ALFON DE AYALA**, his wife; died 1418.

16. SIR THOMAS BLOUNT of Elwaston, co. Derby; Treasurer of Normandy; died 1450.

Sir John Blount, K.G., 3rd son; Governor of Calais; mar. Alicia . . .

Sir James Blount, mar. Anne, dau. of Roger Parkes of Lillinghall.—Peter Blount, died s.p.—Constantia Blount, mar. John Sutton, Lord Dudley.—Aune Blount, mar. Thomas Griffith of Wielmor, Salop.

Mar. **16, MARGARET**, dau. of **17, SIR THOMAS GRESELEY** of Greseley.

15. SIR THOMAS ECHINGHAM OR ECHLINGHAM of Wraysbury.

15. SIR WALTER BLOUNT, K.G., Lord Mountjoy, Lord Treasurer of England.

Sir Thomas Blount of Milton Ross, co. Hereford; mar. (1st wife) Anua, dau. and coheirress of Sir John Hally; (2nd wife) Margaret, dau. of Gervase Clifton of Clifton. Ancestor of the Blounts of Maple Durham, co. Oxford.

Elizabeth Blount, mar. Ralph Shirley.

Mar. (1st wife) **15, HELENA BYRON** (TABLE 74).

Mar. (2nd wife) Anne, dau. of Ralph Neville, Earl of Westmoreland, and relict of Humphrey, Duke of Buckingham.

Sanchia Blount, mar. Edward Langford.

Agnes Blount, mar. . . . Wolseley.

Anne Echlingham, mar. John Fitz Roger.

14. MARGARET ECHLINGHAM, coheirress.

14. WILLIAM BLOUNT, died v.p. 1471.

John Blount, 3rd Lord Mountjoy. Ancestor of the subsequent Lords Mountjoy and Earls of Devon.

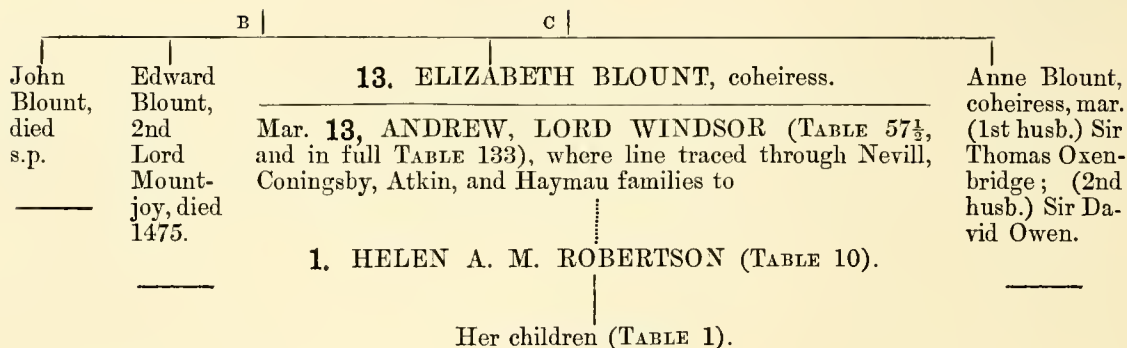
Sir James Blount, knighted by Henry VII. after the Battle of Newark.

Mar. **14, WILLIAM BLOUNT**.

Mar. **14, MARGARET ECHLINGHAM**.

B

c

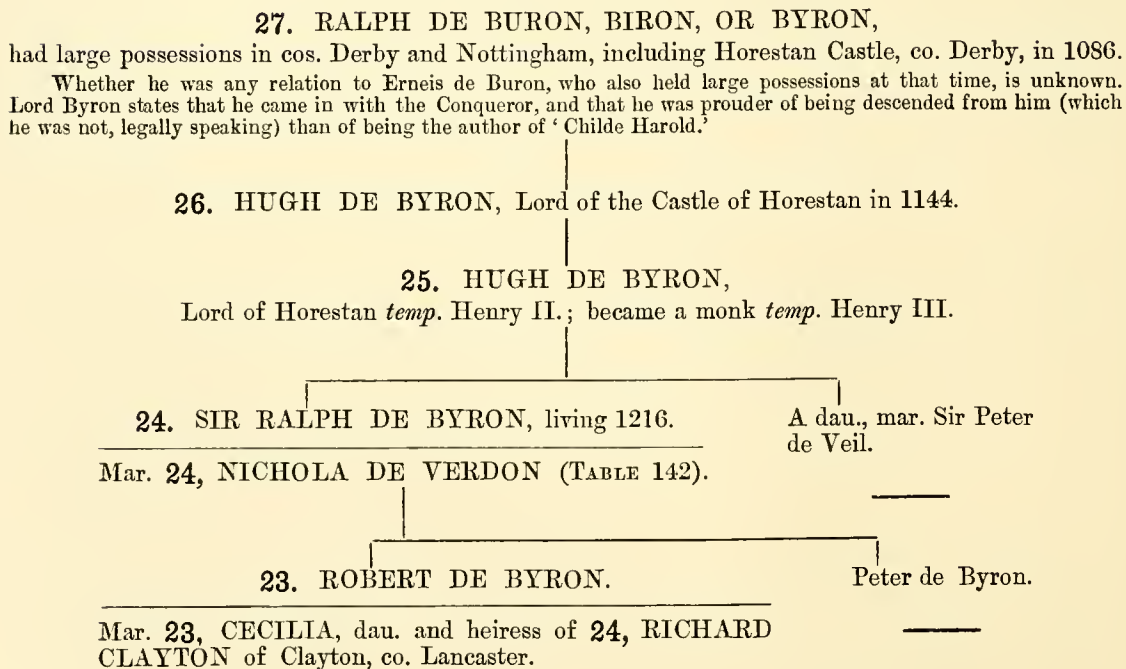


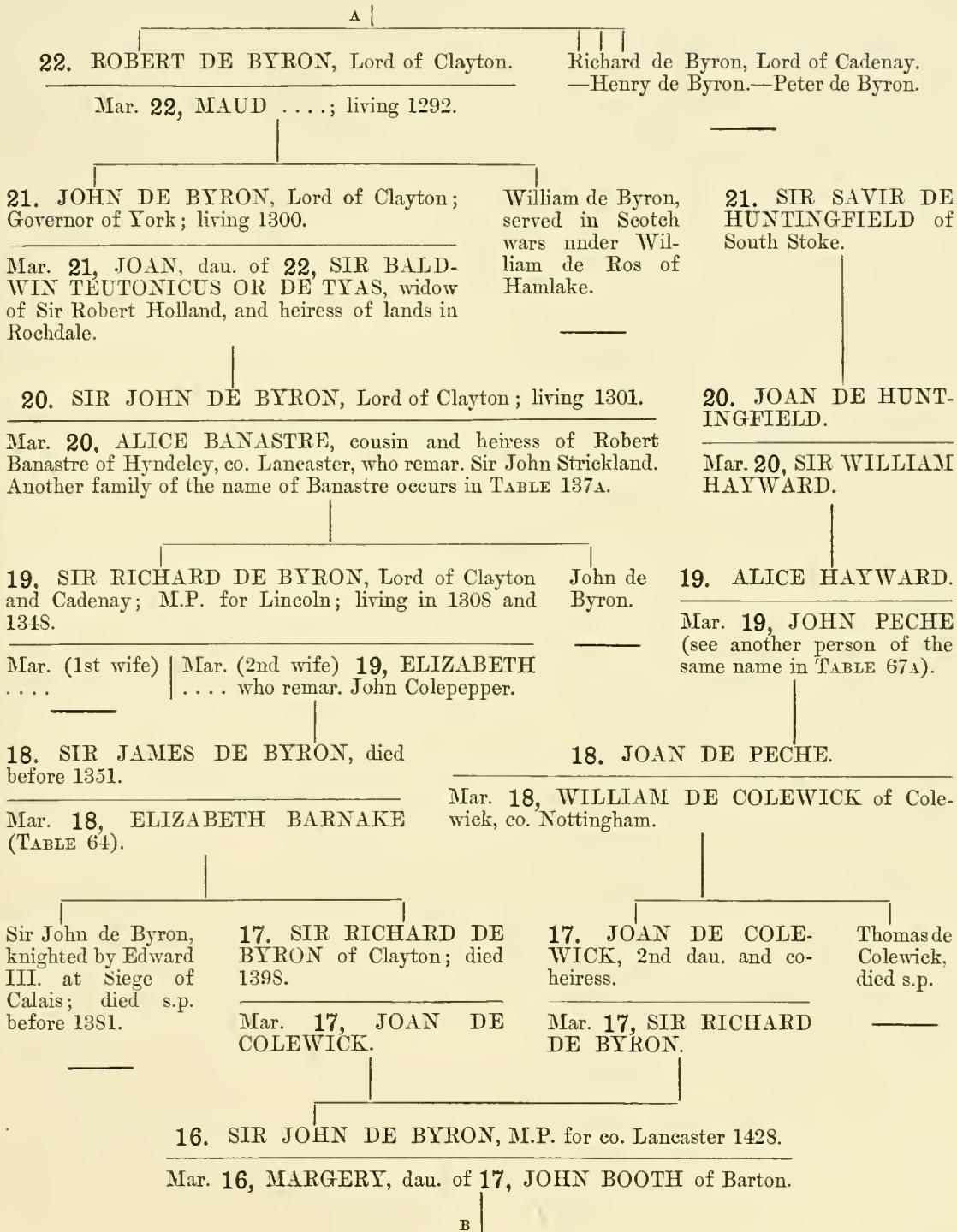
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- BLOUNT.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Blount, Baron Mountjoy and Earl of Devon.
 Harleian Society, xxviii., 'Visitation of Shropshire,' Blount.
 Gyll's 'Wraysbury.'

Table 74.

BYRON FAMILY.





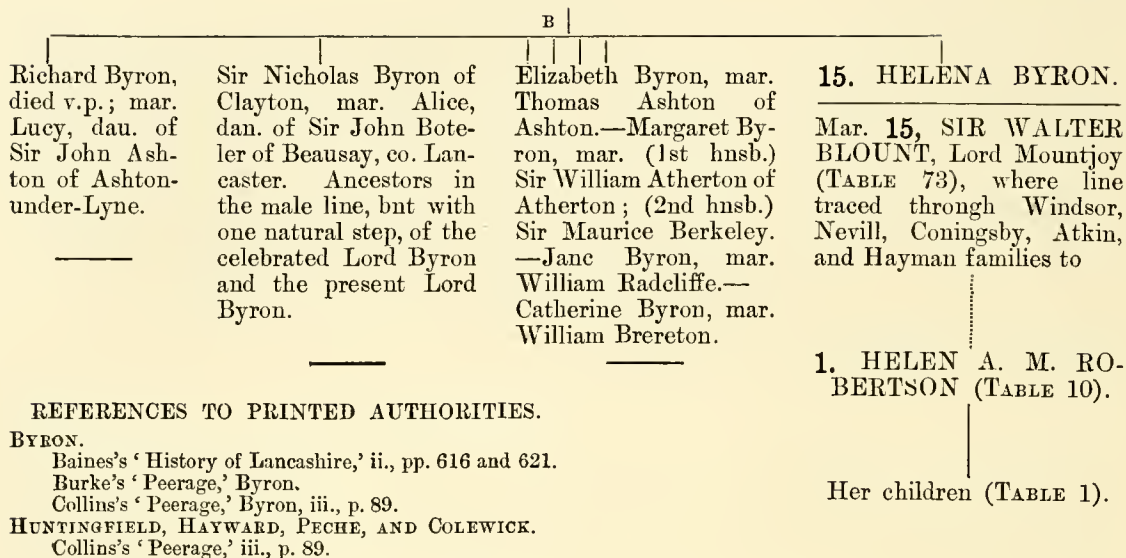
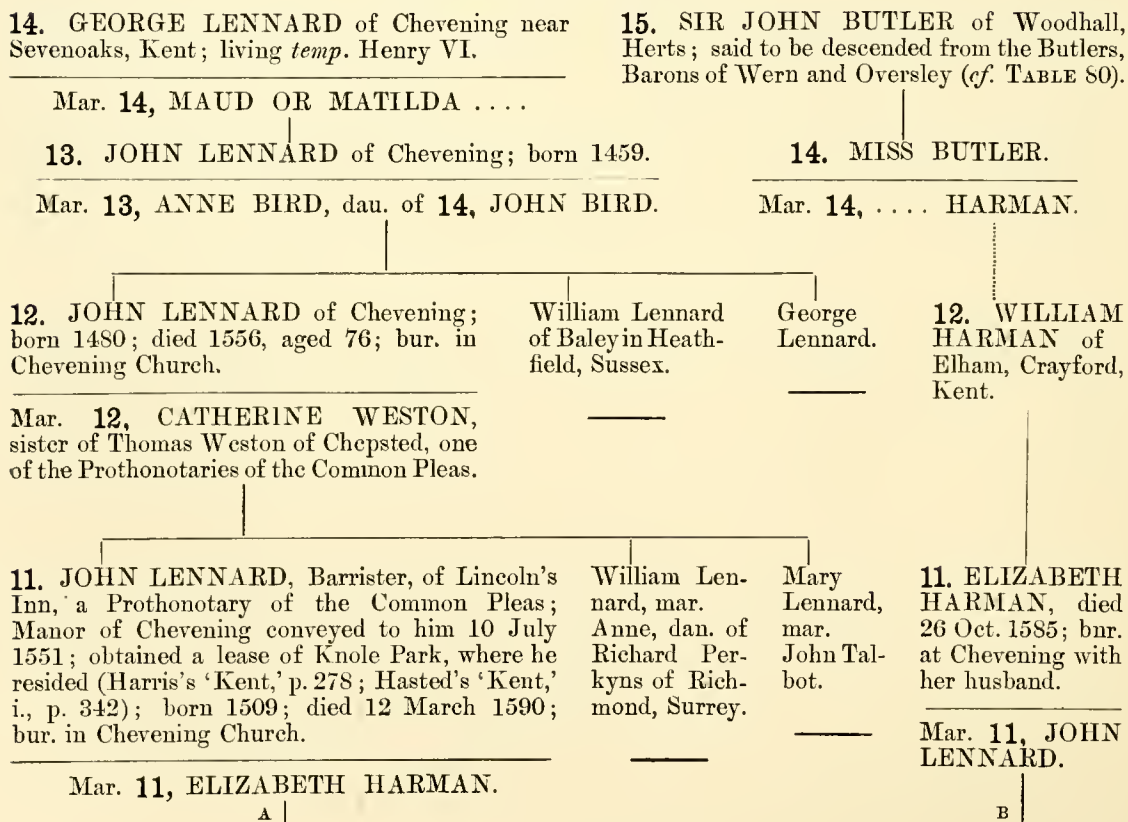
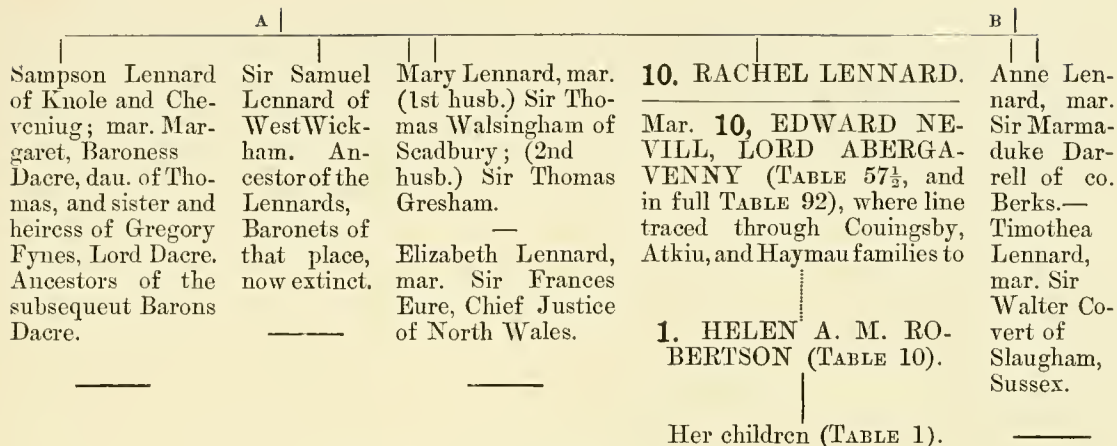


Table 75.

LENNARD FAMILY.





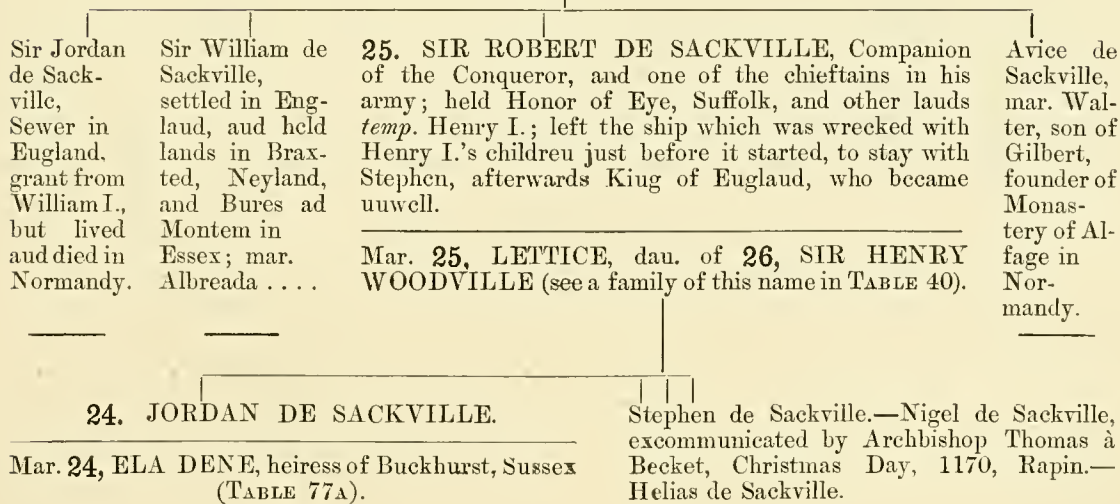
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

LENNARD.
Hasted's 'Kent,' i., p. 359.
Collins's 'Peerage,' Lord Daere.

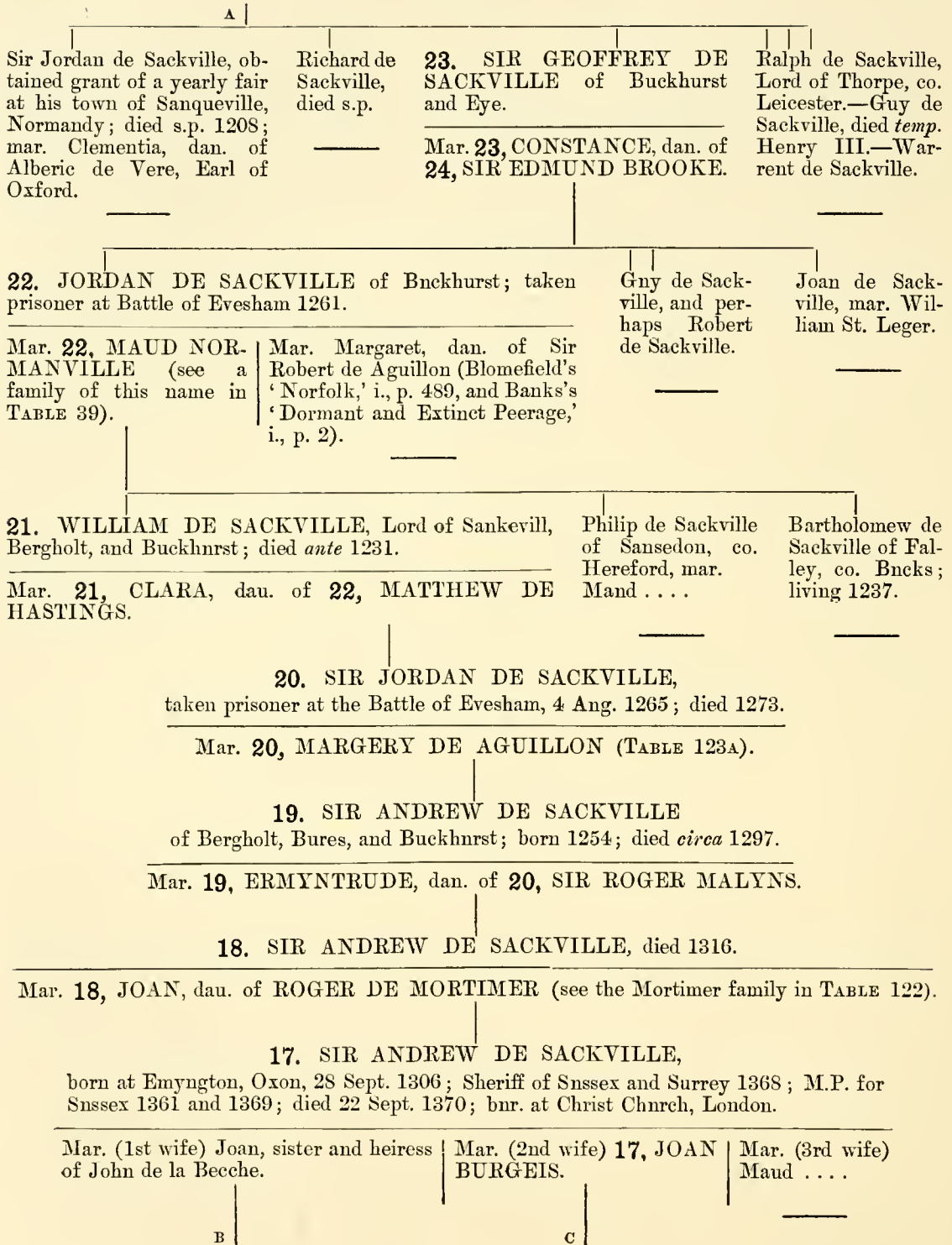
Table 76.

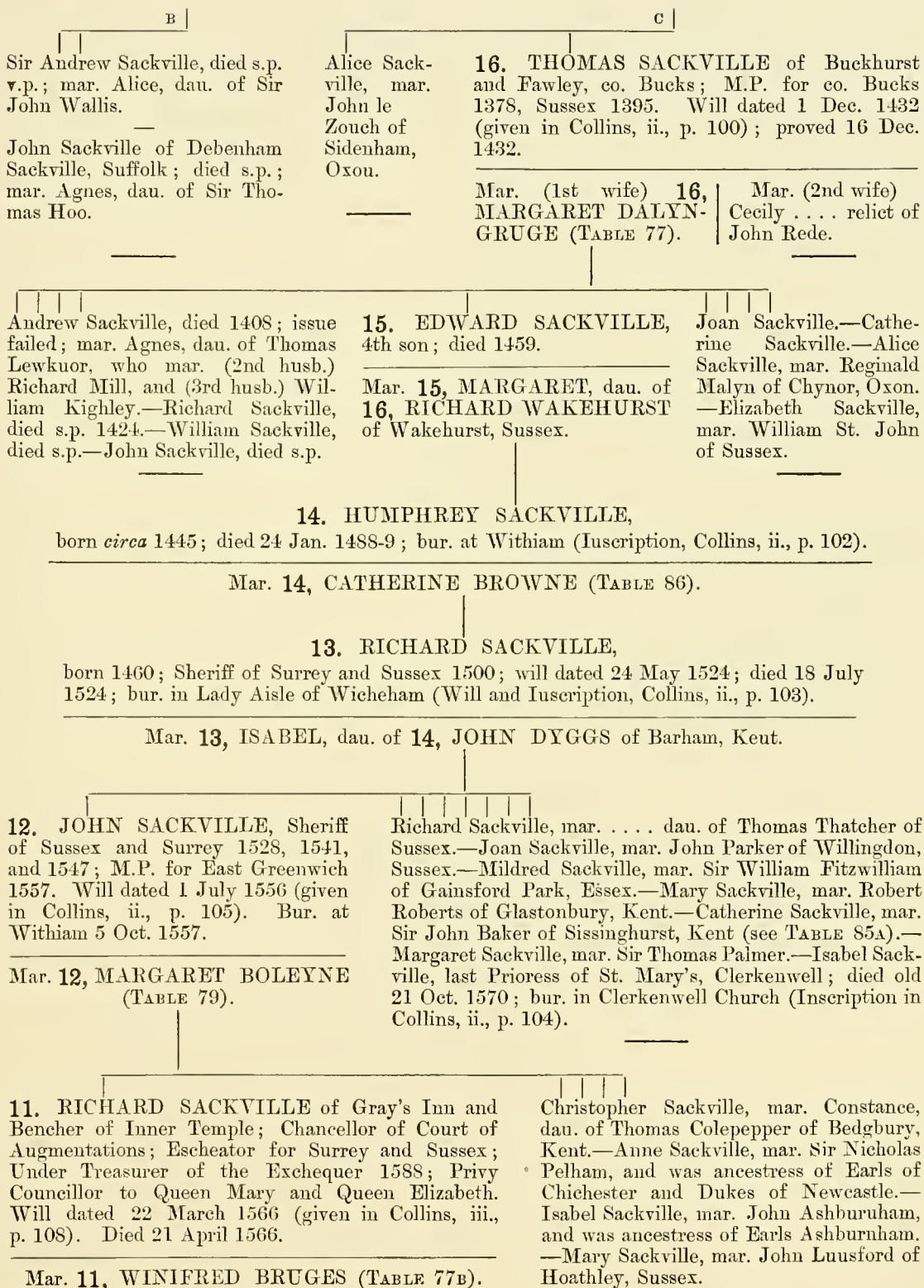
SACKVILLE FAMILY.

26. HERBRAND DE SAKAVILLA
of Sakavilla or Sanqueville in Normandy; Compaiou of the Conqueror, but returned to Normandy.



A |





D |

10. THOMAS SACKVILLE, Lord Buckhurst and Earl of Dorset; born 1527 at Buckhurst; Lord High Treasurer of England. Chosen to inform Queen Mary of Scotland of the result of her trial and her doom. Died 19 April 1608 at the Council table, Whitehall (Life in full in Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., pp. 110—145).

Anne Sackville, foundress by her will of a Hospital in Tothill Fields, Westminster, which bore her name; died 14 May 1595; bur. at Chelsea; mar. Gregory Fines, Lord Dacre of the South.

Mar. 10, CECILY BAKER (TABLE 85A).

Called in Collins her husband's kinswoman, probably owing to the marriage of his great-aunt Catherine Baker *née* Sackville.

Robert Sackville, 2nd Earl of Dorset; mar. (1st wife) Margaret, only dau. of Thomas Howard, Duke of Norfolk, and (2nd wife) Anne, dau. of Sir John Speucer of Althorp, and was ancestor of the subsequent Earls and Dukes of Dorset.

Henry Sackville.—Sir William Sackville, born 1570; died 1591.—Thomas Sackville.

Anne Sackville, mar. Sir Henry Glenham.—Jaue Sackville, mar., Feb. 1591, Anthony, Viscount Montague.

9. MARY SACKVILLE.

Mar. 9, SIR HENRY NEVILL, Lord Abergavenny (TABLE 57½, and in full TABLE 92), where line traced through Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

SACKVILLE.

Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., 90, Sackville, Duke of Dorset.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 399, Sackville, Earl of Dorset.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Sackville, Earl of Dorset.

BOLEYN OR BULLEN.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 305.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage.'

Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' iii., pp. 94, 95.

Table 77—PART A.

DENE FAMILY.

27. ROBERT DE PINCERNA, living 1086.

26. A son.

25. RALPH DE DENE, Lord of Buckhurst in Sussex.

Robert de Deue, Lord of Buckhurst, died s.p.

A dau., coheirress.

24. ELA DE DENE, coheirress; inherited Buckhurst.

Mar. 24, JORDAN DE SACKVILLE (TABLE 76), where line traced through Nevill, Couingsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 77—PART B.

BRUGES FAMILY.

NOTE.—According to the proper order this Table should come after TABLE 83. It is put here merely to bring it close to Sackville.

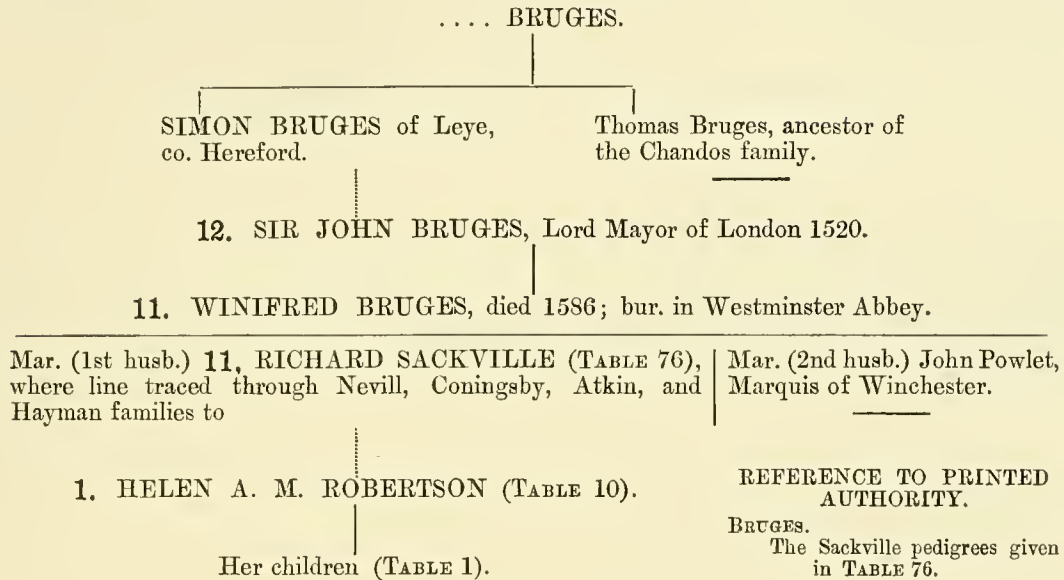
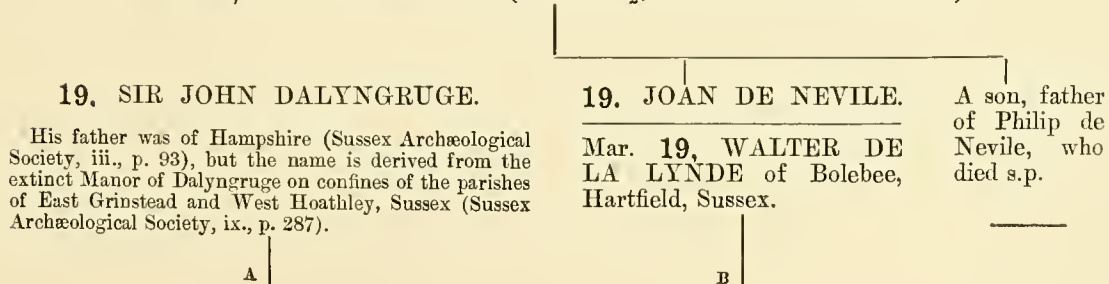


Table 77—PART C.

DALYNGRUGE FAMILY.

20. HUGH DE NEVILE (see a family of this name in TABLE 92).

Mar. 20, . . . FITZGERALD (TABLE 77½, and also in full TABLE 132).



19. SIR JOHN DALYNGRUGE.
His father was of Hampshire (Sussex Archæological Society, iii., p. 93), but the name is derived from the extinct Manor of Dalyngruge on confines of the parishes of East Grinstead and West Hoathley, Sussex (Sussex Archæological Society, ix., p. 237).

19. JOAN DE NEVILE.

Mar. 19, WALTER DE
LA LYNDE of Bolebee,
Hartfield, Sussex.

A son, father
of Philip de
Nevile, who
died s.p.

^A
18. SIR JOHN DALYNGRUGE of Dalyngruge, Sussex; living 1322.

In Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 101, a generation unnamed is inserted between him and his son Edward.

^B
18. JOAN DE LA LYNDE, heiress.

Mar. 18, SIR JOHN DALYNGRUGE.

Mar. 18, JOAN DE LA LYNDE.

17. SIR EDWARD DALYNGRUGE, born about 1346; of Bodiam and Hannington in right of his wife; built Bodiam Castle in 1381, and obtained the Forestership of Rutland in right of his wife's mother.

Walter Dalyngruge, living 1398; mar. Margaret, dau. of John Chamond, and widow of William Mowbray.

Sir Roger Dalyngruge (doubtful).

Mar. 17, ELIZABETH DE WARDEDIEU (TABLE 77D), heiress of Bodiam.

Sir John Dalyngruge of Bodiam; Lord of Sheffield 1408; by will dated 22 June 1417 he entailed Bodiam on his family to the exclusion of his sister's children, and died s.p.; mar. Alice, dau. and heiress of Sir John Beauchamp of Powick, and widow of Sir Thomas Boteler; she died 8 Feb. 1443.

16. MARGARET DALYNGRUGE, heiress of Bolebrook, Sussex.

Mar. 16, SIR THOMAS SACKVILLE (TABLE 76), where line traced through Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- DALYNGRUGE.
Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 101, Sackville. Sussex Archaeological Society, iii., p. 93, and ix., pp. 287—293.
NEVILLE AND DE LA LYNDE.
Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 101, Sackville.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10)

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 77—PART D.

WARDEDIEU AND BODIAM FAMILIES.

25. OSBERN DE BODIAM, OTHERWISE FITZHUGH, of Bodiam Manor, Sussex; living 1087.

Mar. 25, EMMA

24. . . . DE BODIAM.

23. ROGER DE BODIAM of Bodiam; living 1154.

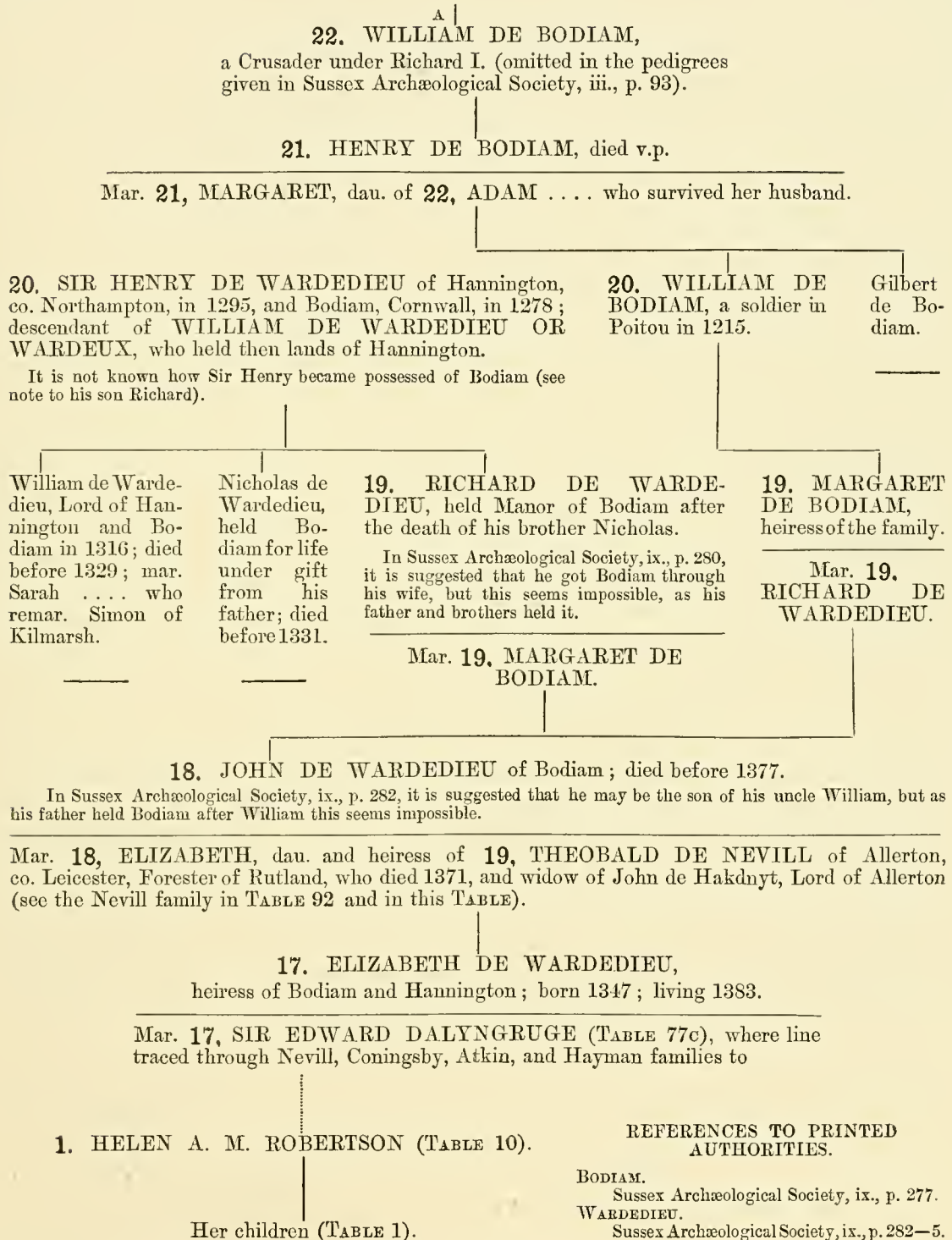


Table 77½.

Containing part of Tables in Part V. necessary for tracing the pedigrees in this part, which would come here if the family treated of did not also comprise ancestors through the Durdin family.

21. WARREN FITZGERALD (TABLE 132).

Mar. **21**, ALICE DE COURCY (TABLE 78).

20. . . . FITZGERALD (TABLE 132).

Mar. **20**, HUGH DE NEVILLE (TABLE 77c), where line traced through De Lynde, Dalyngruge, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 78.

DE COURCY FAMILY.

24. WILLIAM DE MESCHIN, or the Little.

23. AVICIA DE RUNELL.

Mar. **23**, . . . DE CURCY, said to be lineally descended from Richard de Curycy, a noble Norman living 1090 (Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 101).

22. WILLIAM DE CURCY,

Baron of Stoke Curycy, Devon; Sewer (*i.e.* Server of the Feast) to Henry II.; founded the Priory of Stoke Curycy, and held Lordship of Islip (Histesleape), Oxon.

In Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 101, under Sackville, he is called brother of John de Courcy, Earl of Chester, but it is probably an error (see Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' De Courcy, Earl of Ulster).

21. ALICE DE COURCY.

Mar. **21**, WARREN FITZGERALD (TABLE 77½, and in full TABLE 132), where line traced through Nevile, De Lynde, Dalyngruge, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED
AUTHORITIES.

COURCY.

Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 101, Sackville;
vii., p. 246, Lovel and Holland.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 451,
Courcy.

Table 79.

BOLEYNE FAMILY.

15. SIR GEOFFREY BULLEN OR BOLEYNE of Salle, Norfolk.

Mar. 15, ALICE BRACTON.

14. SIR GEOFFREY BOLEYNE,

Lord Mayor of London 1457; died 1463; bur. at St. Lawrence in the Jewry, London (Inscription in Weever's 'Funeral Monuments,' p. 398). Will proved 2 July 1463.

In Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' Bullen, his parents are called "Thomas Bullen of Blycklyng and a daughter of Sawley."

Mar. 14, ANNE HOO (TABLE S7).

13. SIR WILLIAM BOLEYNE, K.B., of Blickling, Norfolk; Sheriff of Kent 1492; died 1505; bur. in Norwich Cathedral.

Sir Thomas Boleyne, died April 1471.—Simon Boleyne, a priest.—Elizabeth or Anne Boleyne, mar. Sir Henry Heydon of Baconsthorpe.—Alice Boleyne, mar. Sir John Fortescue of Punsborne, Herts.—Isabella Boleyne, mar. William Cheney.—Cecily Boleyne, died young.

Mar. 13, MARGARET BOTELER OR BUTLER (TABLE S0).

Sir Thomas Boleyne, K.B., Viscount Rochfort, Earl of Wiltshire and Ormonde; mar. Elizabeth, eldest dau. of Thomas Howard, 2nd Duke of Norfolk, and by her was father of Anne Boleyne, wife of King Henry VIII. and mother of Queen Elizabeth.

12. MARGARET BOLEYNE, called Anne in error in Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 106, Sackville, Duke of Dorset; living in 1556.

Mar. 12, JOHN SACKVILLE (TABLE 76), where line traced through Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

John Boleyne, died 1484; bur. at Blickling.—Anthony Boleyne, died 30 Sept. 1493; bur. at Blickling.—William Boleyne, Archdeacon of Winchester; died 18 Dec. 1571; bur. at Blickling.—Sir James Boleyne of Blickling and Salle, died s.p. Dec. 1561.—Sir Edward Boleyne of Blickling; mar. Anne, dan. and coheiress of Sir Robert Tempest.—Alice Boleyne, mar. Sir Robert Cleere of Ormsby.—Anne Boleyne, died 31 Oct. 1479, aged 3; bur. at Blickling.—Anne Boleyne, mar. Sir John Shelton of Shelton, Norfolk.—Jane or Amya Boleyne, mar. Sir Philip Calthorpe.

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

BOLEYNE.

Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' iii., p. 94.

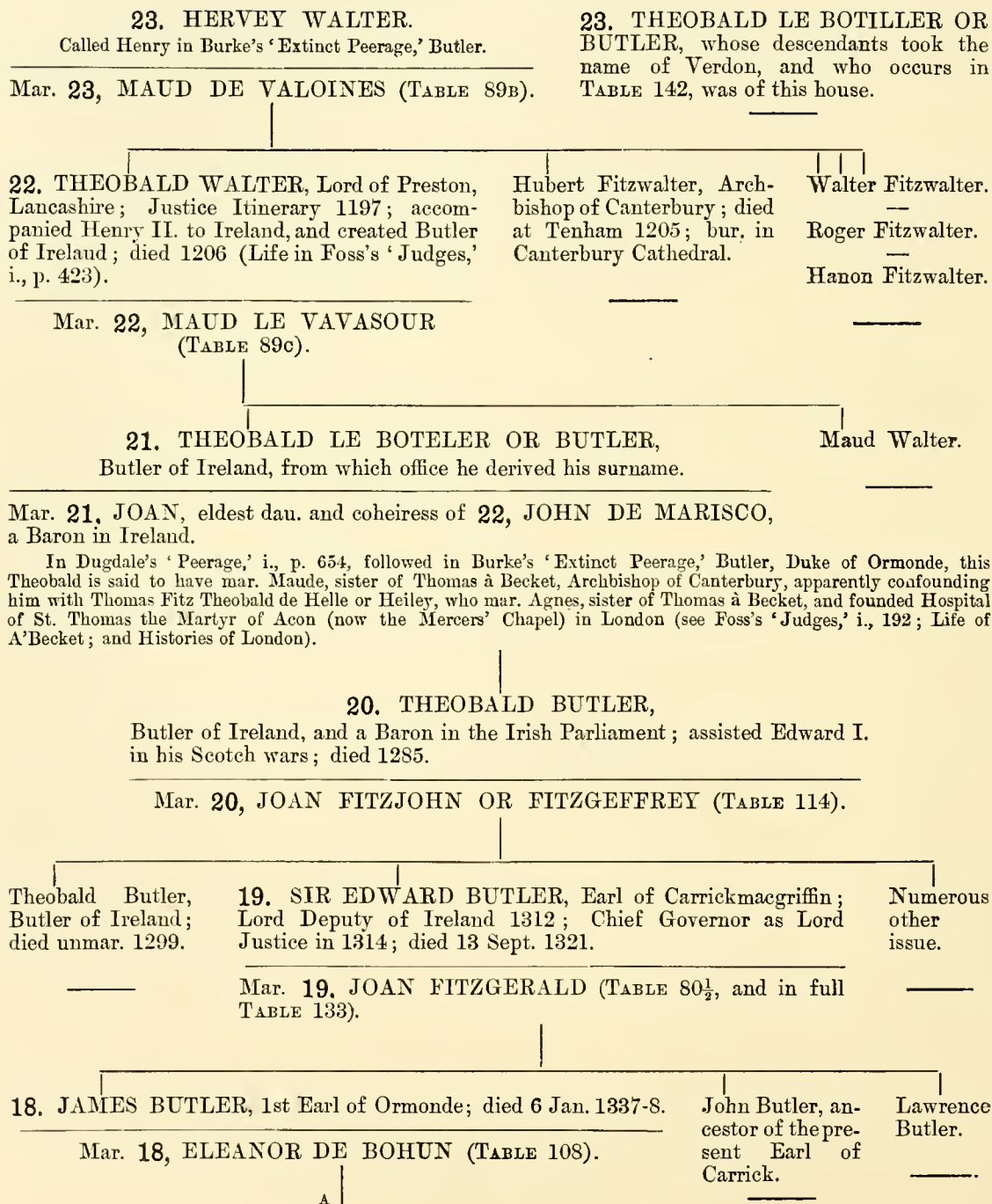
Dugdale, ii., p. 305, Bullen.

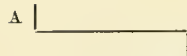
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Boleyne, Earl of Wilts, etc.

Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' Bullen.

Table 80.

BUTLER FAMILY.





17. JAMES BUTLER,

2nd Earl of Ormonde; surnamed the Noble, as being great-grandson through his mother of King Edward I.; Lord Justice of Ireland 1359-60; died 1382.

Mar. **17**, ELIZABETH, dau. of **18**, SIR JOHN DAVEY, Lord Justice of Ireland.

16. JAMES BUTLER,

3rd Earl of Ormonde; rebuilt Gowran Castle, where he lived, whence he is often called Earl of Gowran; he purchased, in 1391, Kilkenny Castle from the heirs of Hugh de Despencer, Earl of Gloucester, which became and is still the family seat; Lord Justice of Ireland 1392, 1401, and 1404; died 1405.

Mar. **16**, ANNE DE WELLES (TABLE 82).

15. JAMES BUTLER, 4th Earl of Ormonde; called the White Earl; Lord Justice of Ireland 1407 and 1440.

Sir Richard Butler of Poles-town, Kilkenny; mar. Catherine, dau. of Gildas O'Reilly, Lord of co. Cavan. Now represented in the male line by the present Marquis of Ormonde.

Mar. (1st wife) **15**, JOAN FITZGERALD (TABLE 135).

Mar. (2nd wife) Elizabeth, dau. of William Beauchamp of Abergavenny, and widow of John, Lord Grey de Wilton.

James Butler, 5th Earl of Ormonde and Earl of Wiltshire; Lord Deputy of Ireland 1451; Treasurer of England 1455; beheaded at Newcastle by Yorkists after Battle of Towton, s.p., 1461.

James Butler, 6th Earl of Ormonde, died s.p. in Holy Land 1478.

14. THOMAS BUTLER, 7th Earl of Ormonde and Lord Rochfort; died 1515.

Mar. **14**, ANNE, dau. and heiress of **15**, SIR RICHARD HANKFORD.

Anne Butler, coheirress; mar. Sir James St. Leger.

It is stated in the Rev. Samuel Hayman's Unpublished Geraldine Documents, p. 133, that the animosity existing between the St. Leger family (Table 12) and the Ormonde family arose from this marriage, the St. Legers considering Sir James's descendant the proper representative of the Ormonde family, whereas the 8th Earl of Ormonde had to trace back to the 3rd Earl.

13. MARGARET BUTLER, coheirress.

Mar. **13**, SIR WILLIAM BOLEYNE (TABLE 79), where line traced through Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

10. LADY MARGARET BUTLER of this family.

Mar. **10**, JAMES ROCH (TABLE 52), where line traced through Jous and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

BUTLER.

- Dugdale, i., p. 654, Boteler of Ireland.
- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Butler, Duke of Ormonde.
- Burke's 'Peerage,' Butler, Marquis of Ormonde.
- Lipscombe's 'Buckinghamshire,' ii., p. 7.

Table 80½.

Comprising part of Tables in Part V. necessary for tracing pedigrees in this part, which would come here if the family treated of did not also comprise ancestors through the Durdin family.

23. THOMAS FITZMAURICE, Lord of Offaley (TABLE 133).

Mar. 23, ELEANOR MORRIE (TABLE 81).

22. JOHN FITZGERALD (TABLE 133).

21. MAURICE FITZGERALD (TABLE 133).

20. THOMAS FITZGERALD (TABLE 133).

19. JOHN FITZGERALD, 1st Earl of Kildare (TABLE 133).

18. THOMAS FITZGERALD, 2nd Earl of Kildare (TABLE 133).

17. MAURICE FITZGERALD, 4th Earl of Kildare (TABLE 133).

16. GERALD FITZGERALD, 5th Earl of Kildare (TABLE 133).

15. JOAN FITZGERALD.

Mar. 15, JAMES BUTLER, EARL OF ORMONDE (TABLE 80), where line traced through Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 81.

MORRIE FAMILY.

25. SIR GEOFFREY MORRIE.

24. SIR WILLIAM MORRIE.

23. ELEANOR MORRIE.

Mar. 23, THOMAS FITZMAURICE OR FITZGERALD, Lord Offaley (TABLE 80½, and in full TABLE 133), where line traced through Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

MORRIE.

Same authorities as for Fitzgerald in Table 133.

Table 82.

WELLES FAMILY.

21. WILLIAM DE WELLES.

Mar. 21, ISABEL DE VESCI.

William de Welles. 20. ADAM DE WELLES, Baron de Welles; Constable of Rockingham Castle; living 1299.

Mar. 20, JOANE, dau. and heiress of 21, JOHN D'EUGAYNE.

Robert de Welles, 2nd Baron Welles; born 1297; died s.p. 1320; mar. Maud de Clare, widow of Roger de Clifford. 19. ADAM DE WELLES, 3rd Baron Welles; born 1306.

Mar. 19, MARGARET BARDOLPH (TABLE 125).

Margaret de Welles, mar. William, son of William, Lord Deincourt. 18. JOHN DE WELLES, 4th Baron Welles; died 1361.
Mar. 18, MAUD DE ROS of Hamlake (TABLE 83).

17. JOHN DE WELLES,
5th Baron Welles; tilted against David, Earl of Crawford, on London Bridge 1396; died 1421.

Mar. 17, MARGARET DE MOWBRAY (TABLE 115).

Eudo de Welles, died v.p.; mar. Maude, dau. of Ralph, Lord Grey-stock.

Margaret de Welles, mar. (1st husb.) John de Huntingfield; (2nd husb.) Stephen, 2nd Lord Scrope of Masham.

16. ANNE DE WELLES.

Mar. 16, JAMES BUTLER, 3rd Earl of Ormonde (TABLE 80), where line traced through Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

WELLES.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Welles, Baron Welles.
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' Welles.

BARDOLF.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Bardolf, Lord Bardolf.
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 681, Bardolf; i., p. 679, Foliot.
D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 192.

AGUILLON.

Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Baronetage,' i., p. 2, Aguillon.
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 708, Aguillon.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 83.

ROS FAMILY.

26. PETER DE ROS OR ROOS of Ros, a Lordship in Holderness.

Mar. **26**, ADELINÉ ESPEC, sister and coheirss of the famous Walter Espec, Lord of Helmsley or Hamlake, co. York (Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 590).

25. ROBERT DE ROS of Hamlake; died middle of twelfth century.

Mar. **25**, SYBELL DE VALOINES (TABLE 89B).

24. EVERARD DE ROS of Hamlake; died about 1186.

Mar. **24**, ROESIA TRUSBUTT (TABLE 88).

23. ROBERT DE ROS

of Hamlake; called Furfan; built Castles of Hamlake and of Werke, Northumberland; died 1227; bur. in Temple Church.

Mar. **23**, ISABEL, natural dau. of William the Lion, King of Scotland, whose ancestors are given in TABLE 3, and widow of Robert Bruce.

22. WILLIAM DE ROS of Hamlake; died 1258.

Mar. **22**, LUCIA, dau. of **23**, REGINALD FITZ-PIERS of Blewlevey, Wales.

Robert de Ros, Baron Ros of Werke; mar. Margaret, dau. and heiress of Peter de Brus or Bruce of Skelton.

21. ROBERT DE ROS,

1st Baron Ros of Hamlake; held Belvoir Castle in right of his wife; died 16 June 1285.

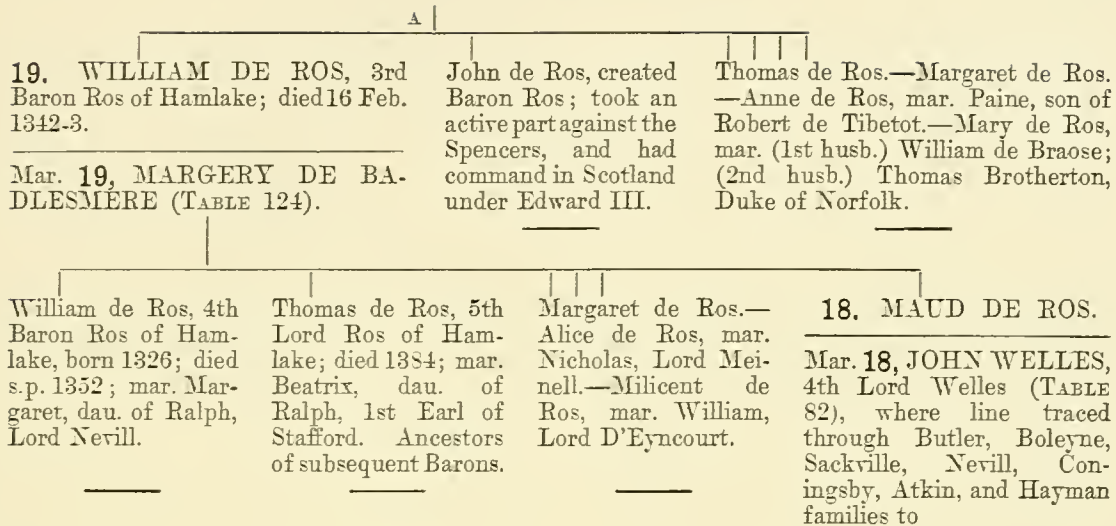
Mar. **21**, ISABEL DE ALBINI (TABLE 83½, and in full in TABLE 93).

20. WILLIAM DE ROS, 2nd Baron Ros of Hamlake; boru 1255; died 1316; under the name of Robert de Ross made one of the competitors for the throue of Scotland in right of his great-graudmother Isabel.

Mar. **20**, MAUD, dau. and coheirss of **21**, JOHN DE VAUX; inherited the Manor of Feston and lauds in Bolton.

Sir Robert de Ros.

Isabel de Ros, mar. Walter de Fauconberge.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- ROS OF HAMLAKE.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 545, Ros.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Ros.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 83 $\frac{1}{2}$.

23. WILLIAM DE ALBINI, Lord of Belvoir (TABLE 93).

Mar. 23, MAUD DE UMFREVILLE OR UMFRAVILLE (TABLE 84).

22. WILLIAM DE ALBINI, Lord of Belvoir (TABLE 93).

21. ISABEL DE ALBINI (TABLE 93).

Mar. 21, ROBERT DE ROS, Lord Ros of Hamlake (TABLE 83), where line traced through Welles, Butler, Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

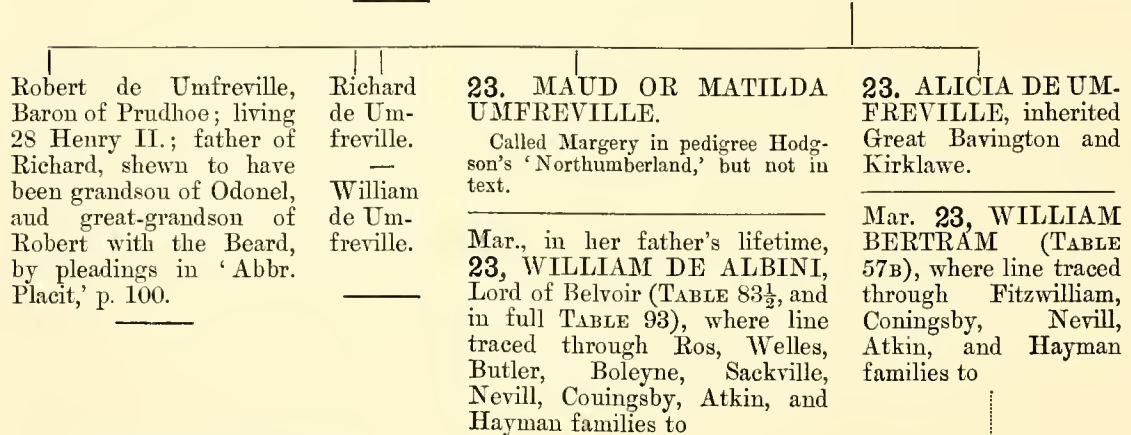
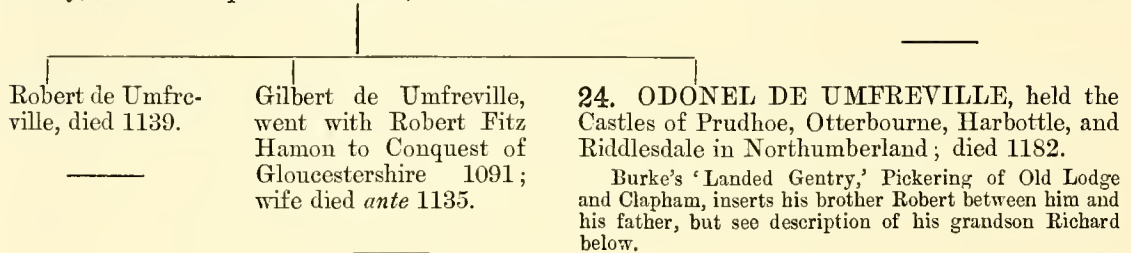
Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 84.

UMFREVILLE FAMILY.

26. SIR ROBERT DE UMFREVILLE OR UMFRAVILLÉ, kinsman of William the Conqueror (TABLE 147); surnamed Robert with the Beard; Lord of Tours and Vian; obtained from William the Conqueror, in 1076, the Forest, Valley, and Lordship of Riddlesdale, Northumberland.

29. JOHN UMFREVILLE whose dau. **28, JOAN UMFREVILLE**, mar. **28, SIR HUMPHREY ARUNDEL**, occurs in TABLE 60A.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

UMFREVILLE.
Hodgson's 'Northumberland,' part ii, vol. i, pp. 6, 11, and 12.
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i, p. 504.
Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Pickering of Old Lodge and Clapham.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

PART V.

COMPRISING ANCESTORS THROUGH BOTH

ALEXANDER DURDIN AND MELIAN JONES *NÉE* HAYMAN, HIS WIFE (MATERNAL GRANDPARENTS).

Table 85—PART A.

BAKER FAMILY.

14. THOMAS BAKER of Sissinghurst, Cranbrook, Kent.

13. RICHARD BAKER of Sissinghurst, *temp.* Henry VII.

13. THOMAS DINLEY.

12. SIR JOHN BAKER of Sissinghurst; Ambassador to Denmark; Speaker to the House of Commons, Attorney-General, and Chancellor of the Exchequer; died 1558; bur. at Sissinghurst.

12. ELIZABETH DINLEY, heiress.

Mar. 12. ELIZABETH DINLEY | Mar. also Catherine, dau. of Richard Sackville (TABLE 76).

Mar. (1st | Mar. (2nd husb.)
husb.) | 12. SIR JOHN
George | BAKER.
Barrett.

11. ELIZABETH BAKER.

Sir Richard Baker of Sissinghurst; mar. (1st wife) Catherine Tyrrell; (2nd wife) Mary Gifford. Ancestor of the Bakers, Barts., of Sissinghurst.

John Baker, mar. Catherine, dau. of Sir Reginald Scott (TABLE 16).

10. CECILY BAKER, died 1 Oct. 1615; bur. at Buckhurst (Inscription, Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 145).

Mary Baker, mar. John Tufton. Ancestors of the Earls of Thanet.

Mar. 11, SIR THOMAS SCOTT (TABLE 16), where line traced through St. Leger and Durdin families to

Mar. 10, THOMAS SACKVILLE, 1st Earl of Dorset (TABLE 76), where line traced through Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

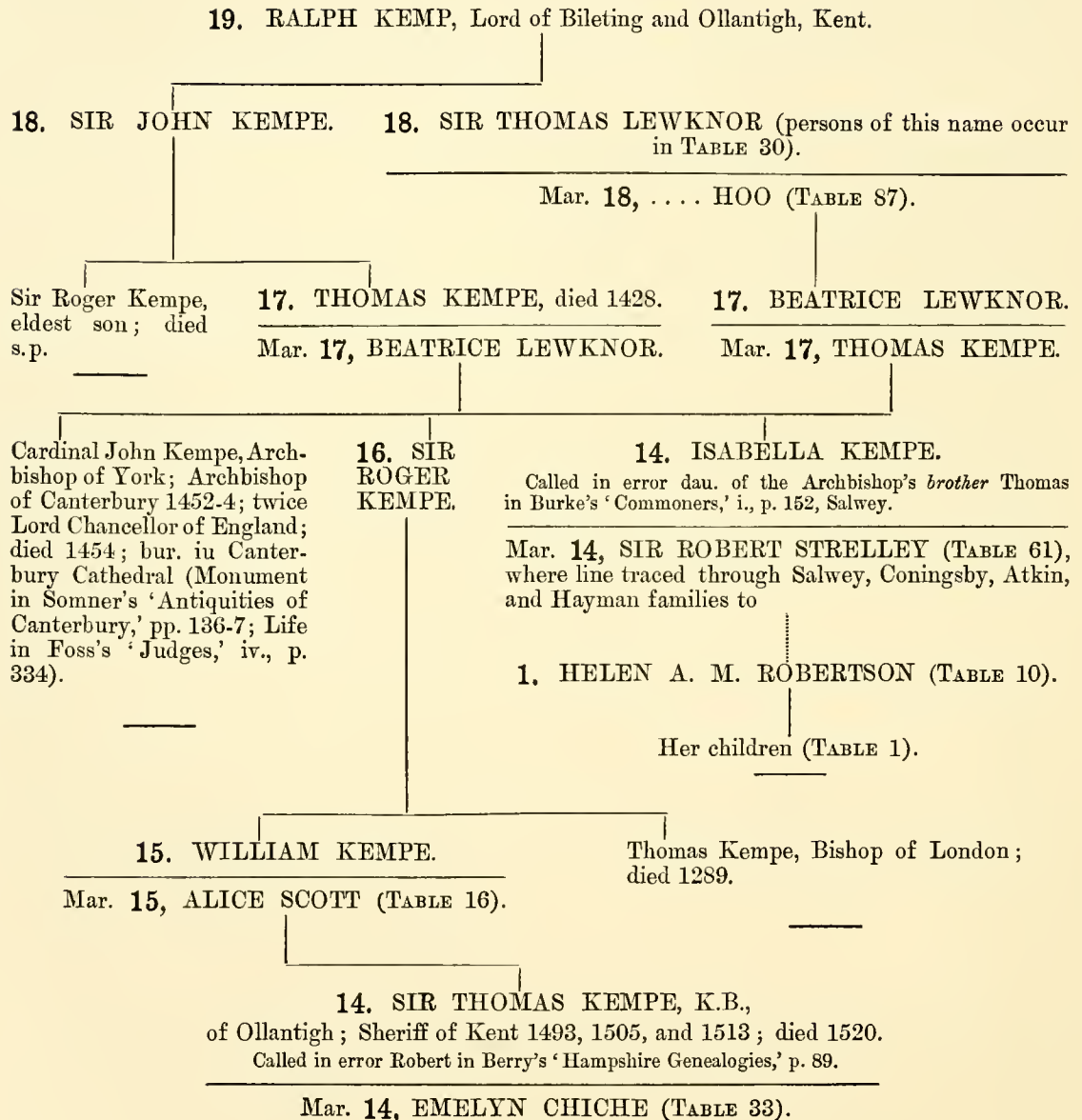
Her children (TABLE 1).

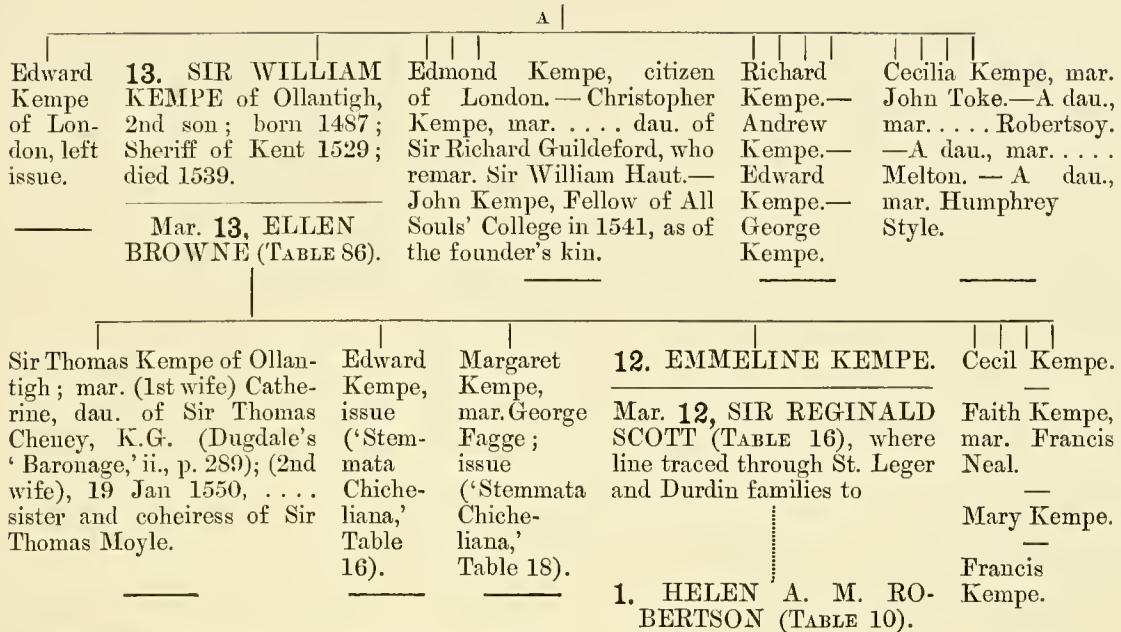
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- BAKER.
Berry's 'Hampshire Genealogies,' p. 216.
Burke's 'Extinct Baronetage,' Baker of Sissinghurst.
J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 207.

Table 85—PART B.

KEMPE FAMILY.



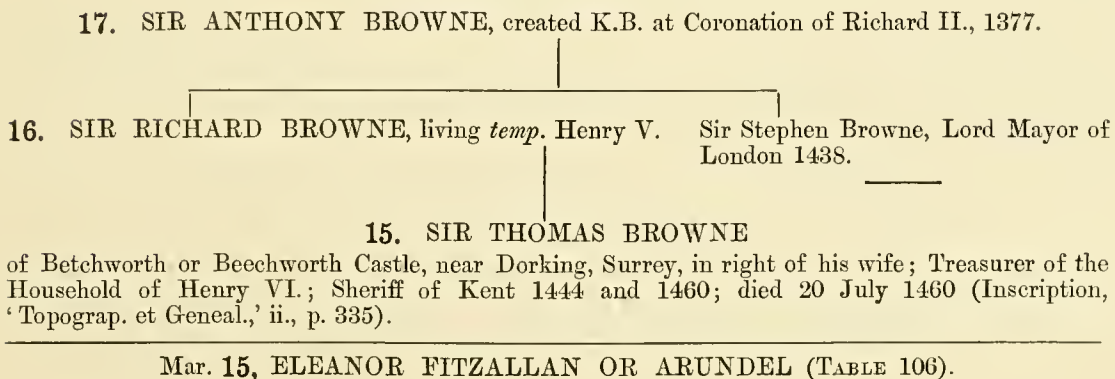


REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- KEMPE.
 Berry's 'Hampshire Genealogies,' p. 89.
 Berry's 'Kent Genealogies,' p. 486.
 Fuller's 'Worthies of Kent,' p. 69.
 J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 106.
 'Stemmata Chicheliana,' Tables 8 and 17.
 Foss's 'Judges,' iv., p. 334, Life of Cardinal Kempe.

Table 86.

BROWNE OF BETCHWORTH FAMILY.



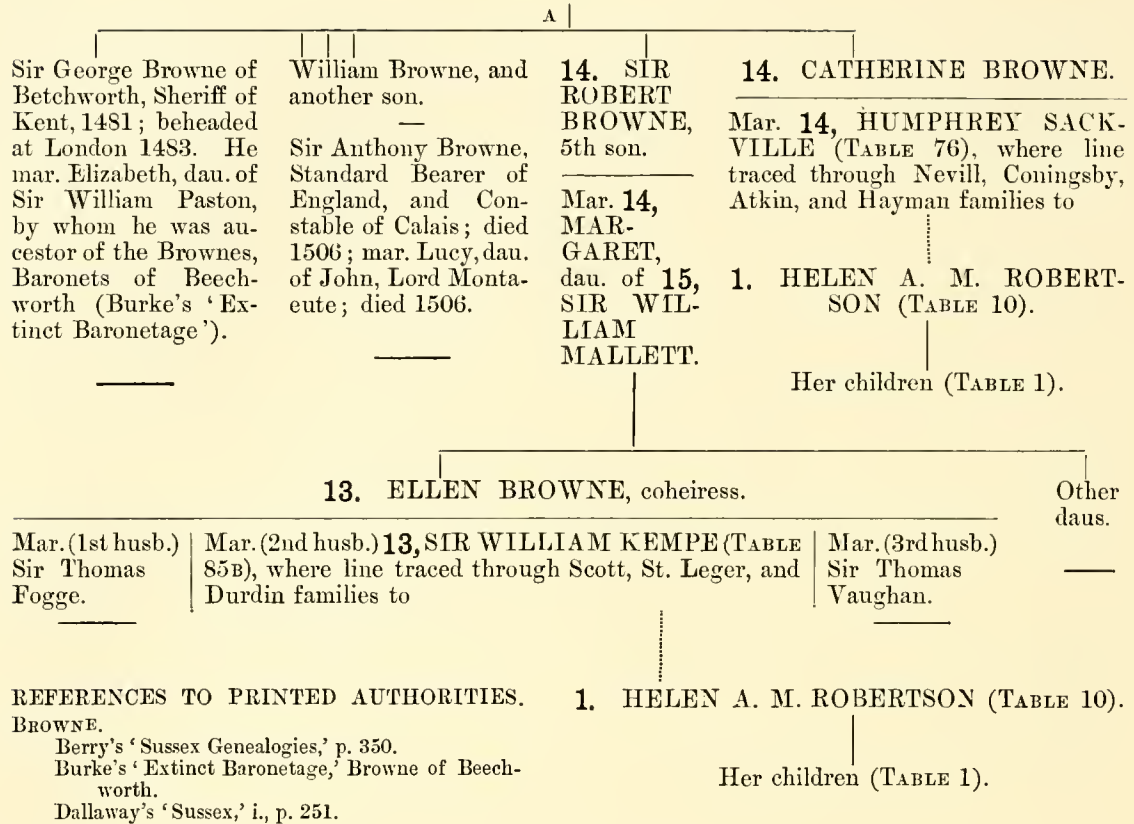
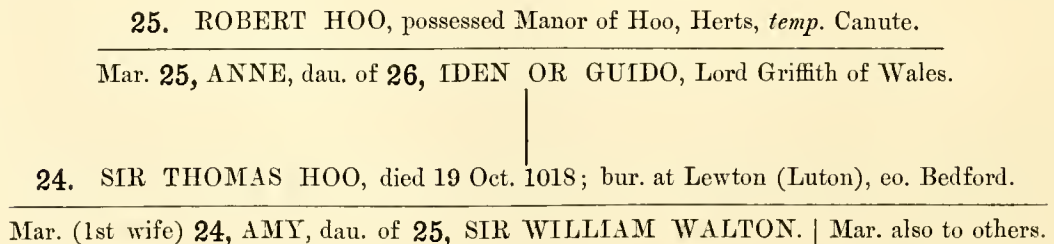


Table 87.

HOO FAMILY.

Copy of MS. note in Peter Le Neve's copy of Chauncey's 'Herts' in Library of Society of Antiquaries referring to this pedigree, "I am of opinion that the upper part of this (Hoo) pedigree is forged to Robert and Hawise Fitzwarren." On account of this note none of the wives of the doubted personages are traced out.



A |
23. SIR ROBERT HOO, died 23 Feb. 1129.

Mar. **23**, WYLMOTE, dan. of **24**, JOHN MALMAYNES
 OR MALMANES of Normandy; died 24 Jan. 1148.

See another Malmaynes family in this Table.

22. SIR ROBERT HOO, died 1 Aug. 1166.

Mar. **22**, ROSAMOND CHELTERON, dan. of **23**, THOMAS,
 Lord Chelteron; died 23 Jly 1191.

21. SIR ALEXANDER HOO, bnried at Island of Rhodes.

Mar. **21**, DERNELLE OR DARMAGUEL, said to be dau. of Alexander,
 King of Scotland, whose ancestors are given in TABLE 3.

Sir Robert Hoo; bur.
 at Chnrch of AllSouls,
 Cowsel-upon-Hum-
 ber.

20. SIR ROBERT HOO, M.P. for Herts 1298; died 9 May 1310; bur.
 at Luton, co. Bedford.

Mar. **20**, BEATRIX ANDEVIL, dan. of **21**, ALEXANDER, COUNT OF
 ANDEVIL in Normandy; died 28 May 1314; bnr. at Knebworth, Herts.

**19. NICHOLAS MAL-
 MAYNES**, died 1366.

See another family of this
 name above.

19. SIR ROBERT HOO, K.G.; died 1 Nov. 1340 (Clutterbuck's
 'Herts,' top of p. 72, called in error 1311; *ibid.* lower part of page, and
 also in Chauncey's 'Herts'); bnr. at All Souls, Cowsel-npon-Humber.

Mar. **19**, HAWISE FITZWARINE (TABLE S9A).

**18. SIR THOMAS DE ST. OMER OR
 STO. OMERS OR ST. MAUR** of Mickel-
 barton, Ketteringham, and Casteleyns in
 Swardeston, Norfolk, 1349; for other mem-
 bers of this St. Omer family see Blome-
 field's 'Norfolk,' iv., p. 9.

Mar. (1st wife) **18**,
 PETRONILLA DE
 MALMAYNES.

Mar. (2nd wife)
 Beatrix

**18. PETRONILLA
 (called Jane) DE
 MALMAYNES**, co-
 heiress (Dugdale's
 'Baronage,' ii., p. 233).

Mar. **18**, SIR THO-
 MAS DE ST. OMER.

18. SIR THOMAS HOO,
 died Sept. 1380; bur. at St.
 Alban's.

Mar. **18**, ISABEL, dau. and
 heir of **19**, JOHN ST.
 LEGER OR ST. LEIGIER;
 died Jly 1393; bur. at St.
 Alban's (see St. Leger family,
 TABLE 12).

Elizabeth de
 St. Omer,
 coheiress;
 living 1374;
 mar. Thomas
 Waryne.

17. ALICE DE ST. OMER, co-
 heiress; died between 1374 and
 1377 (Clutterbuck, iii., p. 71);
 date of death of hnsband's 2nd wife
 attributed to her in Chauncey's
 'Herts,' and of hnsband's death in
 Clntterbuck, iii., p. 94.

Mar. **17**, SIR WILLIAM HOO.

17. SIR WILLIAM HOO, died
 22 Nov. 1410.

Mar. (1st
 wife) **17**,
 ALICE
 DE ST.
 OMER.

Mar. (2nd wife) Eleanor,
 dau. of John Wingfield
 of Letheringham, Suf-
 folk; died 10 Oct. 1456;
 bnr. at Monkbuton or
 Mulbarton, Norfolk.

John Hoo
 of Kneb-
 worth;
 his nephew
 Thomas
 his heir.

B |

c |

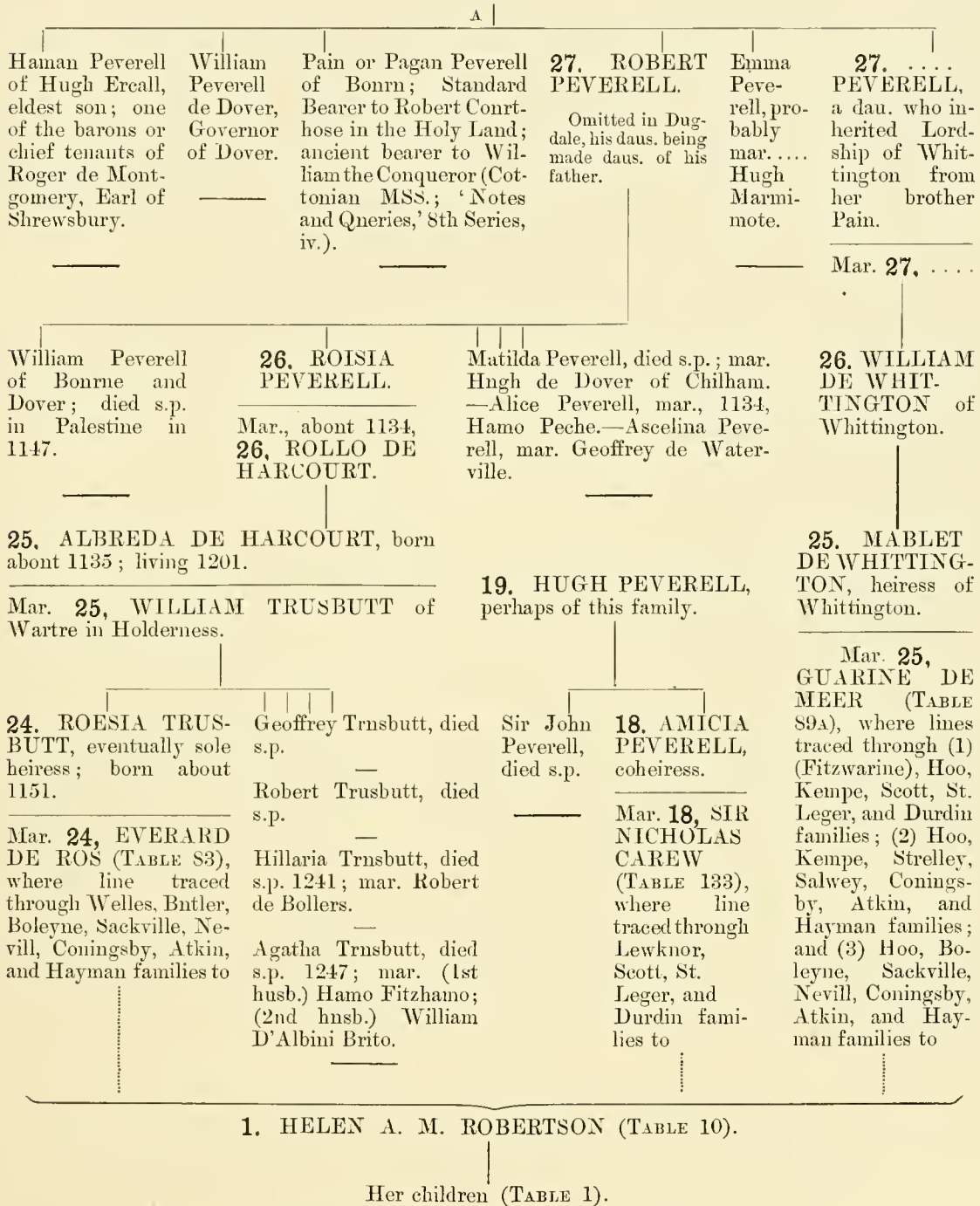
B		C	
16. SIR THOMAS HOO, died 23 Aug. 1420.		John Hoo, mentioned as uncle of Lord Hoo (Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' iii., p. 71).	William Hoo of Wissett, Suffolk; mar. (1st wife) Rose, dau. of John Glemham of Glemham, Suffolk; mar. (2nd wife) Cecily — Robert or Richard Hoo, mar. Margaret, dau. of John Glemham of Glemham.
<p>In Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' iii., top of p. 73, and Berry's 'Herts Genealogies,' pp. 148 and 213, a Thomas Hoo, Lord of Pant Warden, who succeeded Thomas Hoo, Lord Hoo and Hastings, at Hoo (Chauncey's 'Herts,' p. 510), married Dorothy Norwood, and died 1480, and whose immediate ancestors are unknown, is placed in the position of this Sir Thomas Hoo, and his descendants and this family omitting Lord Hoo are traced together. Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 233, followed in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' omits this generation altogether, and consequently makes Lord Hoo's first wife a dau. of Sir Thomas Felton, and makes her son Thomas die v.p., s.p., as his children did not succeed Lord Hoo; see error noted in Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' iii., p. 72.</p>		<p>Both mentioned in Blomefield's 'Norfolk,' iv., p. 1055, which follows Dugdale in confusing Lord Hoo with their brother Sir Thomas.</p>	
Mar. (1st wife) 20, ALMORE, dau. and coheirress of 21, SIR THOMAS FELTON of Huntingdonshire; died 8 Aug. 1400.	Mar. (2nd wife) 16, ELIZABETH, dau. of 17, WILLIAM DE ECHINGHAM.		
19. THOMAS HOO.		15. THOMAS HOO, Lord Hoo and Hastings, K.G., of Hoo, and also of Hastings in Suffolk.	
<p>In pedigrees where mistake as to his brother's marriage with Miss Felton is made (see above), he is made son of his brother, and consequently as Lord Hoo's daus. were his heirs made to die s.p.; but he is specially noticed in Chauncey's 'Herts,' p. 510, and in the Kempe pedigrees, e.g. Berry's 'Hampshire Genealogies,' p. 89.</p>		<p>See Dugdale's mistake as to his first wife under his father's name.</p>	
18. HOO.		Mar. (1st wife) 15, ELIZABETH, dau. of 16, SIR RICHARD OR NICHOLAS WYCHINGHAM.	Mar. (2nd wife) Eleonor, dau. and coheirress of Leo, Lord Welles.
14. ANNE HOO, born 1419; living 1455; bur. in Norwich Cathedral.		Eleonore Hoo, mar. Sir James Carew of Bedington, Surrey.	
Mar. 18, SIR THOMAS LEWK NOR (TABLE 85B), where lines traced through (1) Kempe, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Kempe, Strelley, Salwey, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to	Mar. (1st husb.) 14, SIR GEOFFREY BOLEYNE (TABLE 79), where line traced through Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to	Mar. (2nd husb.) Sir T. Fynes.	Jane Hoo, mar. Sir Roger Copley. — Elizabeth Hoo, mar. Sir John Devenish.
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).		REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.	
Her children (TABLE 1).		Hoo.	
		Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 233, Lord Hoo.	
		Chauncey's 'Herts,' p. 510.	
		Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Hoo, Lord Hoo.	
		Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' iii., pp. 71-2 (p. 73 incorrect) and pp. 92-4.	
		Berry's 'Herts Genealogies,' pp. 148 and 213.	

Table 88.

TRUSBUTT, HARCOURT, AND PEVERELL FAMILIES.

28. RANULPH PEVERELL.

Mar. 28, dau. of 29, INGELRIC, founder of St. Martin's le Grand; formerly mistress to William, Duke of Normandy, by whom she had a son William Peverell, Governor of Nottingham Castle.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

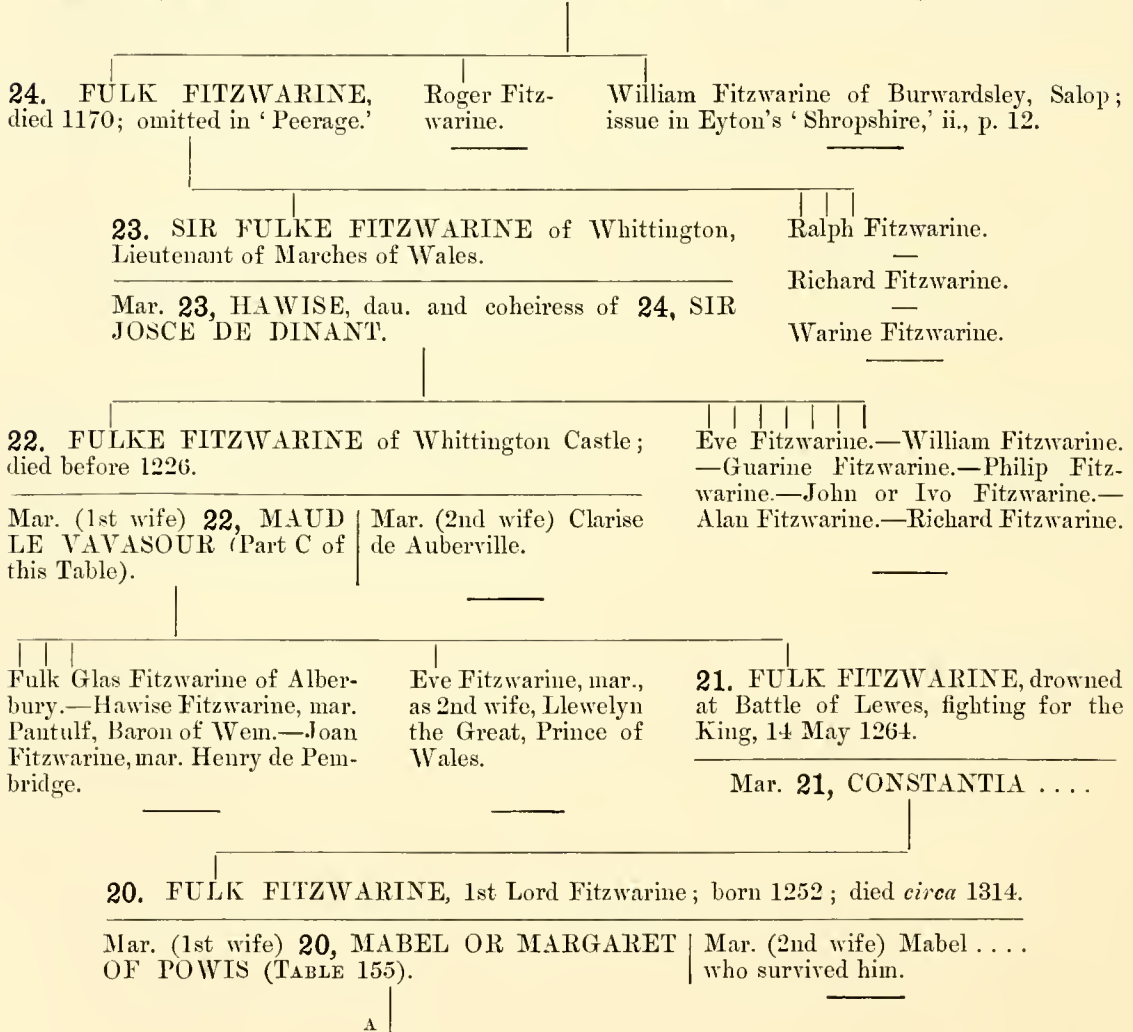
- PEVERELL.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 436, Peverell; i., p. 443, Fitzwarine.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Fitzwarine.
 Eyton's 'Shropshire,' ix., p. 68.
- HARCOURT AND TRUSBUTT.
 Eyton's 'Shropshire,' ix., p. 68.

Table 89—PART A.

FITZWARINE FAMILY.

25. GUARINE OR WARINE DE MEER,
said to be of the House of Lorraine; living in 1115.

Mar. 25, MABLET DE WHITTINGTON, heiress of Whittington, Salop (TABLE 88).



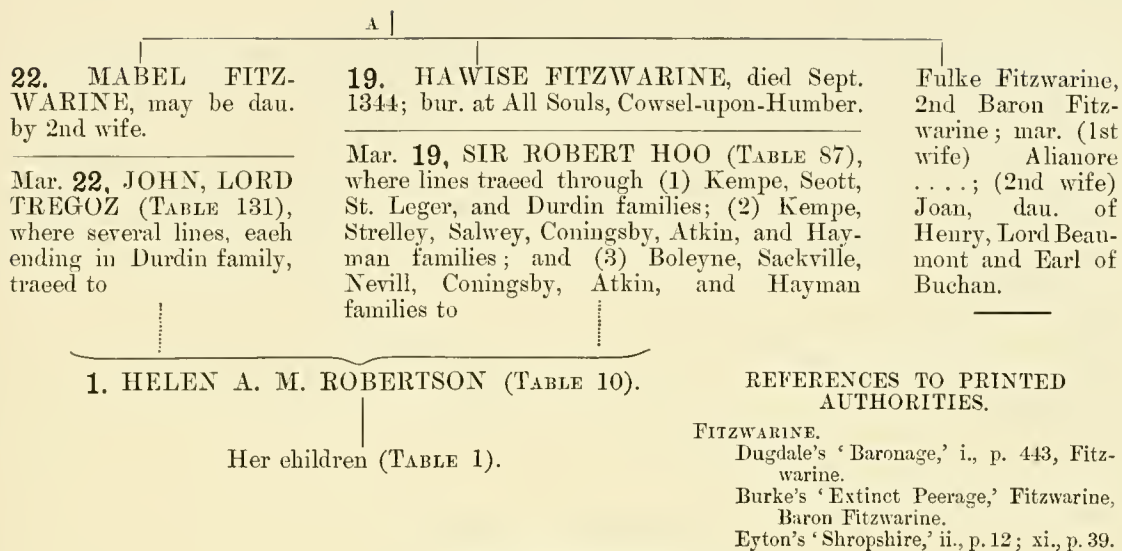
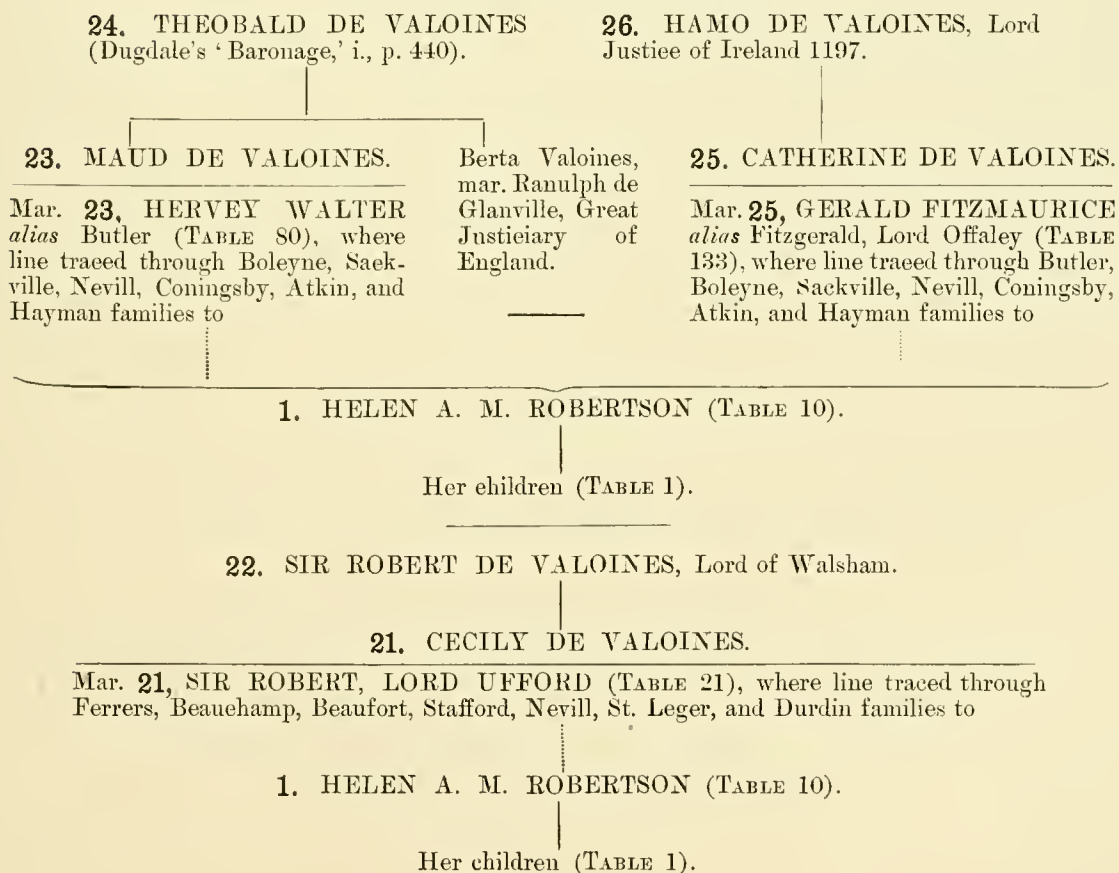


Table 89—PART B.

DE VALOINES FAMILY.



25. SYBELL DE VALOINES.

Mar. (1st husb.) 25, ROBERT DE ROS (TABLE 83), where line traced through Welles, Butler, Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to	Mar. (2nd husb.) Ralph de Albini.
---	--------------------------------------

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED
AUTHORITIES.Same as for families into which
the daughters married.

Table 89—PART C.

VAVASOUR FAMILY.

23. ROBERT LE VAVASOUR of Yorkshire.

22. MAUD LE VAVASOUR, heiress of Amunderness, Lancashire.

Mar. (1st husb.) 22, THEOBALD WALTER <i>alias</i> Butler (TABLE 80), where line traced through Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to	Mar. (2nd husb.) 22, FULKE FITZWARINE (Part A of this Table), where lines traced through (1) Hoo, Kempe, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families; (2) Hoo, Kempe, Strelley, Salwey, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families; and (3) Hoo, Boleyne, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to
---	---

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

20. WILLIAM LE VAVASOUR of Shipley.

19. ELIZABETH LE VAVASOUR.

Mar. 19, SIR ROBERT DE STRELLEY (TABLE 61), where line traced through Salwey, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

Same as for families into which the daughters married.

Table 89—PART D.

WHETHILL FAMILY.

19. WILLIAM WHETHILL, Lord of Guisnes, Calais.

15. JOHN WHETHILL of Whethill, co. Salop.

Probably the John Whethill with whom the pedigree in Harleian Society, ii., 'Visitation of Leicestershire,' p. 44, begins, and perhaps son or nephew of the William Whethill in this Table.

18. ELIZABETH WHETHILL.

14. ELIZABETH WHETHILL, heiress.

Mar. 18, SIR WILLIAM DE PYMPE (TABLE 31), where line traced through Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

Mar. 14, THOMAS CONINGSBY (TABLE 48), where line traced through Atkin and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

Same as for families into which the daughters married.

Table 89—PART E.

Being Supplement to TABLE 26.

20. WILLIAM DE MONTACUTE, 1st Earl of Salisbury (TABLE 26).

19. SIBYLLE FITZALLAN.

19. PHILIPPA, Countess of MARCH.

20. ELIZABETH BRYAN.

18. JOHN DE MONTACUTE (TABLE 26).

From each of whom lines are traced in TABLE 26.

17. JOHN DE MONTACUTE, 3rd Earl of Salisbury; died 1400.

Mar. 17, MAUD FRANCIS, dau. of 18, SIR ADAM FRANCIS, and widow of John Aubrey.

Richard de Montacute, died s.p.

Anne de Montacute, mar. (1st husb.) Sir Richard Hawkford; (2nd husb.) John FitzLewis; (3rd husb.) John Holland, Duke of Exeter.

Elizabeth de Montacute, mar. Robert, Lord Willoughby of Eresby.

Margaret de Montacute, mar. William, Lord Ferrers of Groby.

16. THOMAS DE MONTACUTE, 4th Earl of Salisbury, eldest son.

Mar. (1st wife) 16, ELKANOR HOLLAND, dau. of 18, THOMAS HOLLAND, Earl of Kent (TABLE 19).

Mar. (2nd wife) Alice, dau. of Thomas Chaucer.

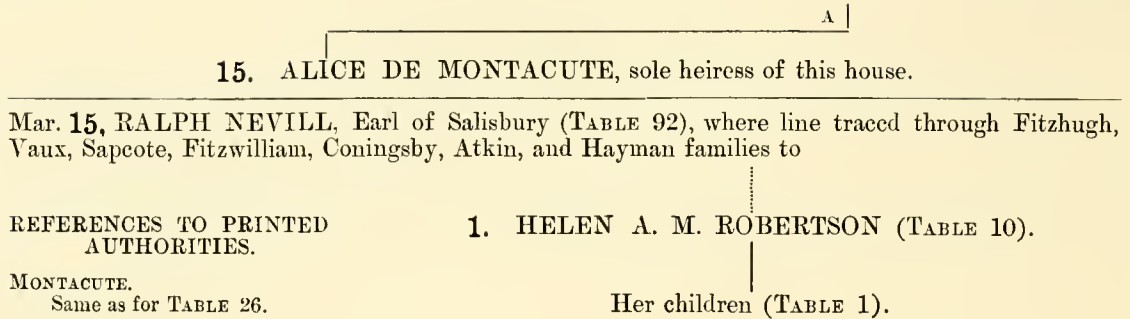
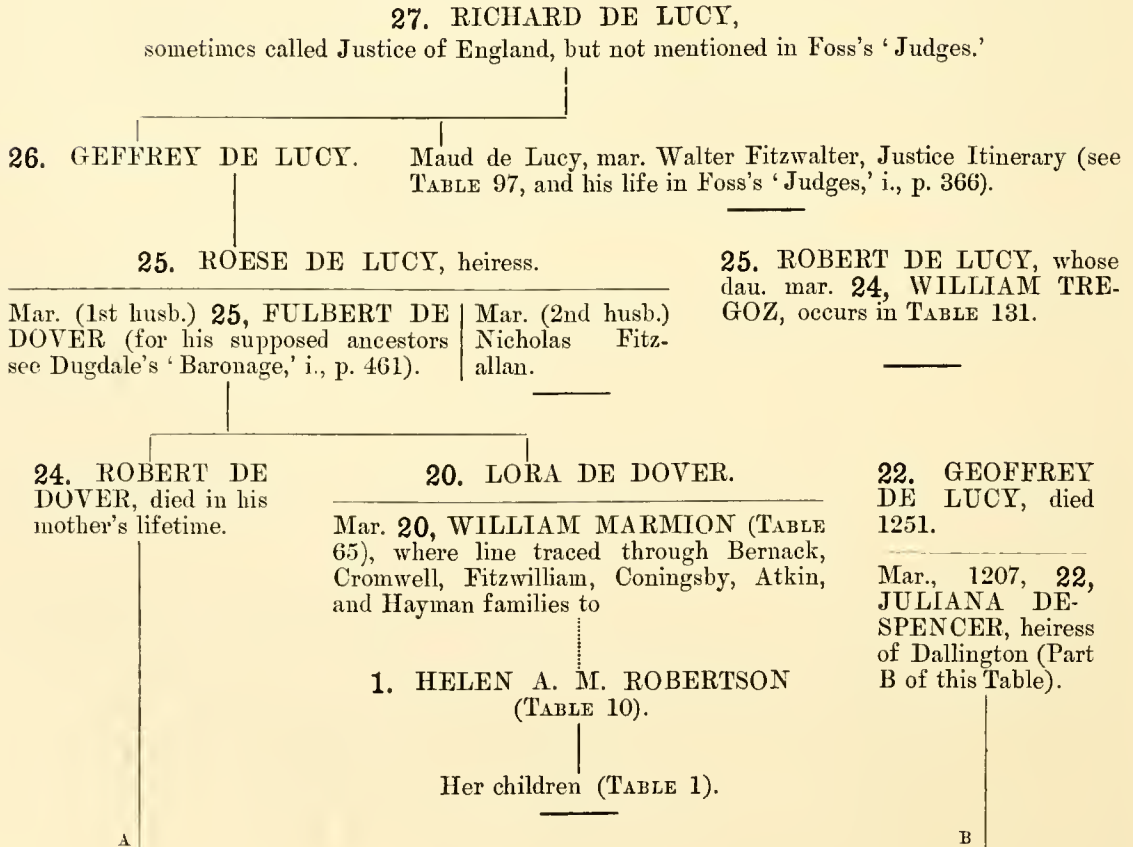
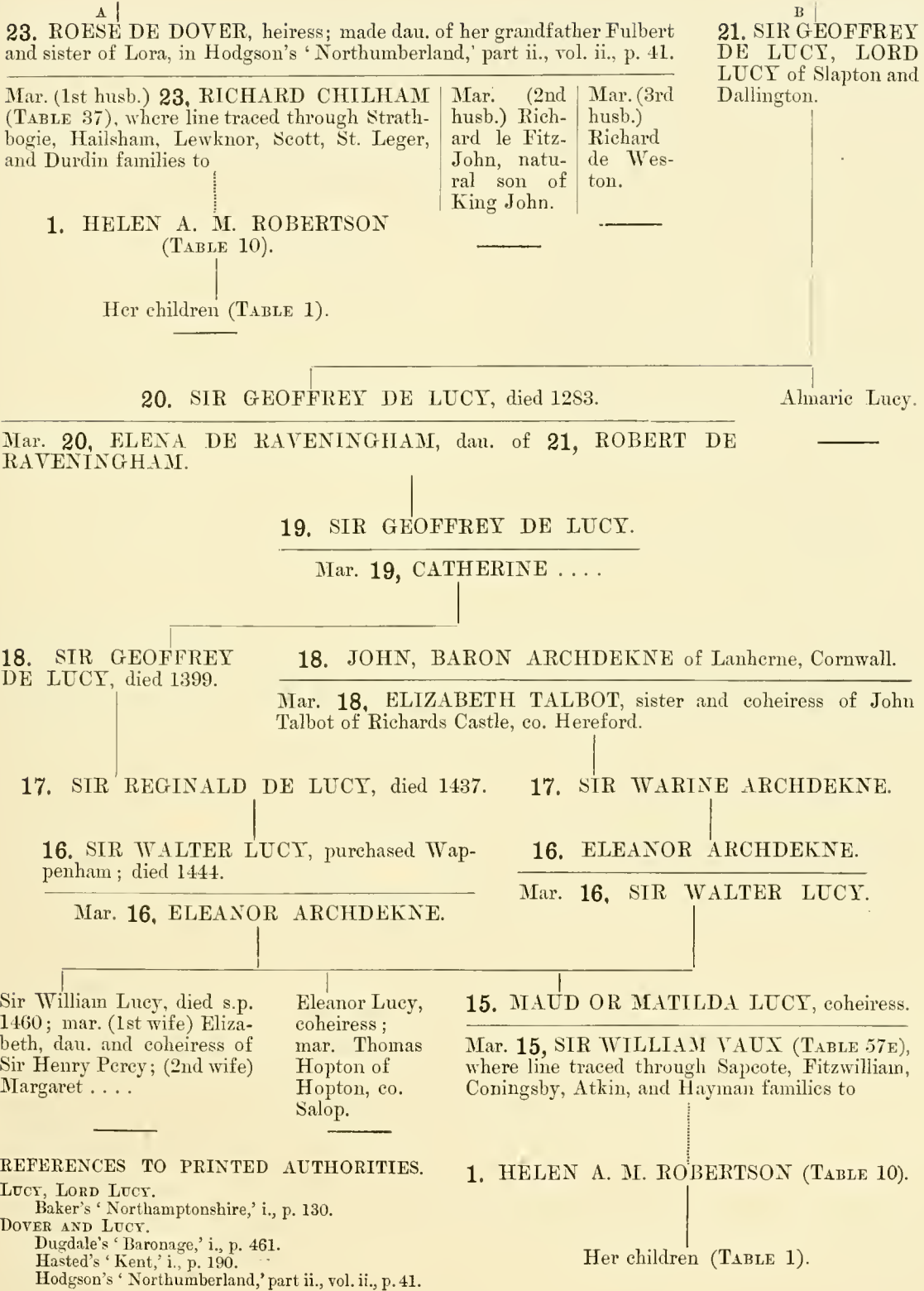


Table 90—PART A.

LUCY FAMILY.





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

LUCY, LORD LUCY.
 Baker's 'Northamptonshire,' i., p. 130.

DOVER AND LUCY.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 461.
 Hasted's 'Kent,' i., p. 190.
 Hodgson's 'Northumberland,' part ii., vol. ii., p. 41.

Table 90—PART B.

DESPENCER AND CHESNEI FAMILIES.

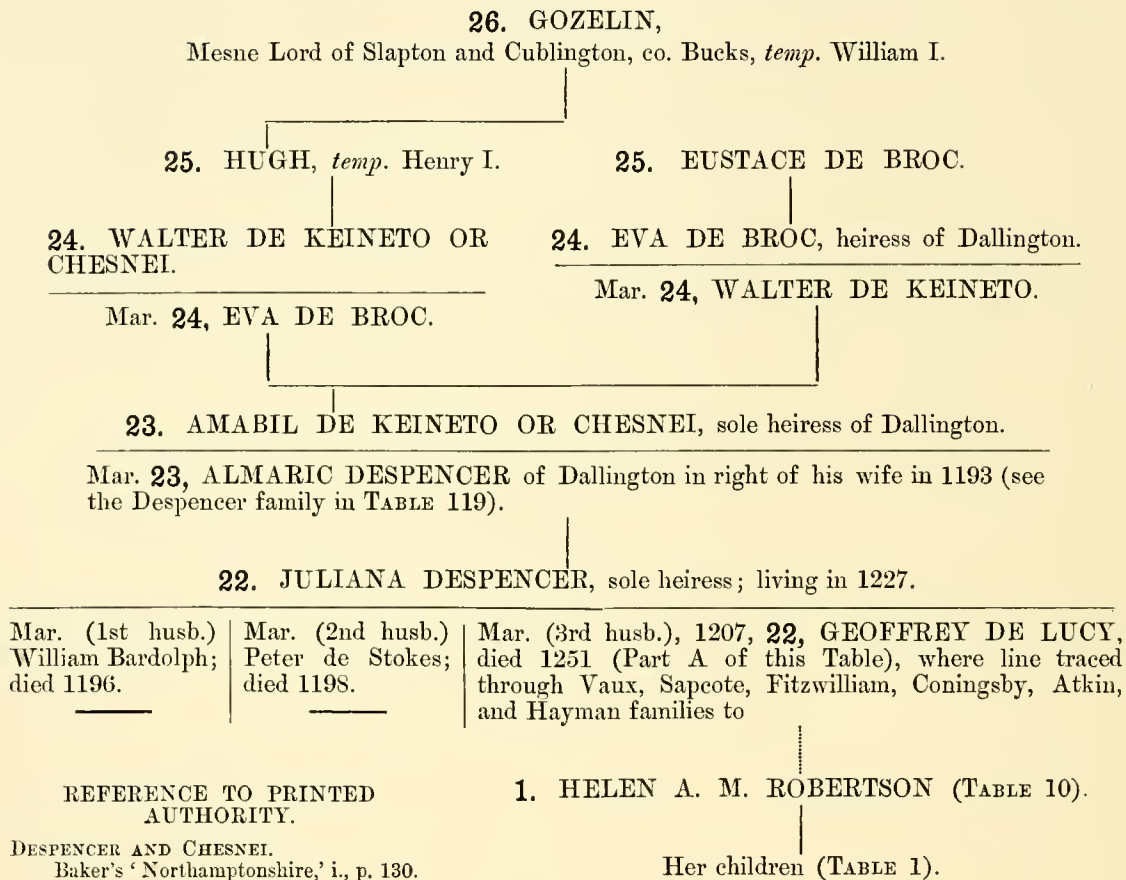
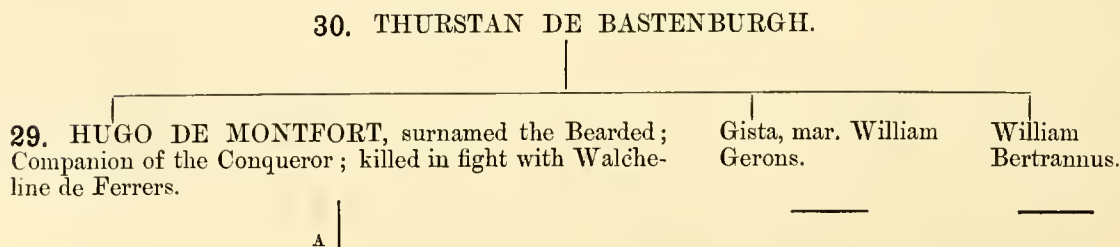


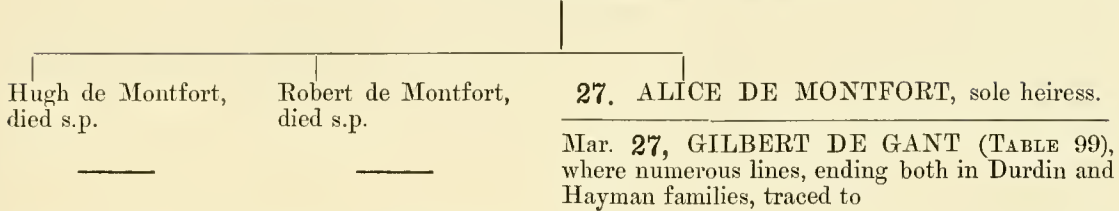
Table 90—PART C.

MONTFORT FAMILY.



28. ^A HUGH DE MONTFORT, became a monk of Bec.

Mar. a dau. of Richard de Bellofago and another wife.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES. MONTFORT.

Dugdale's 'Warwickshire,' p. 799.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Montfort.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

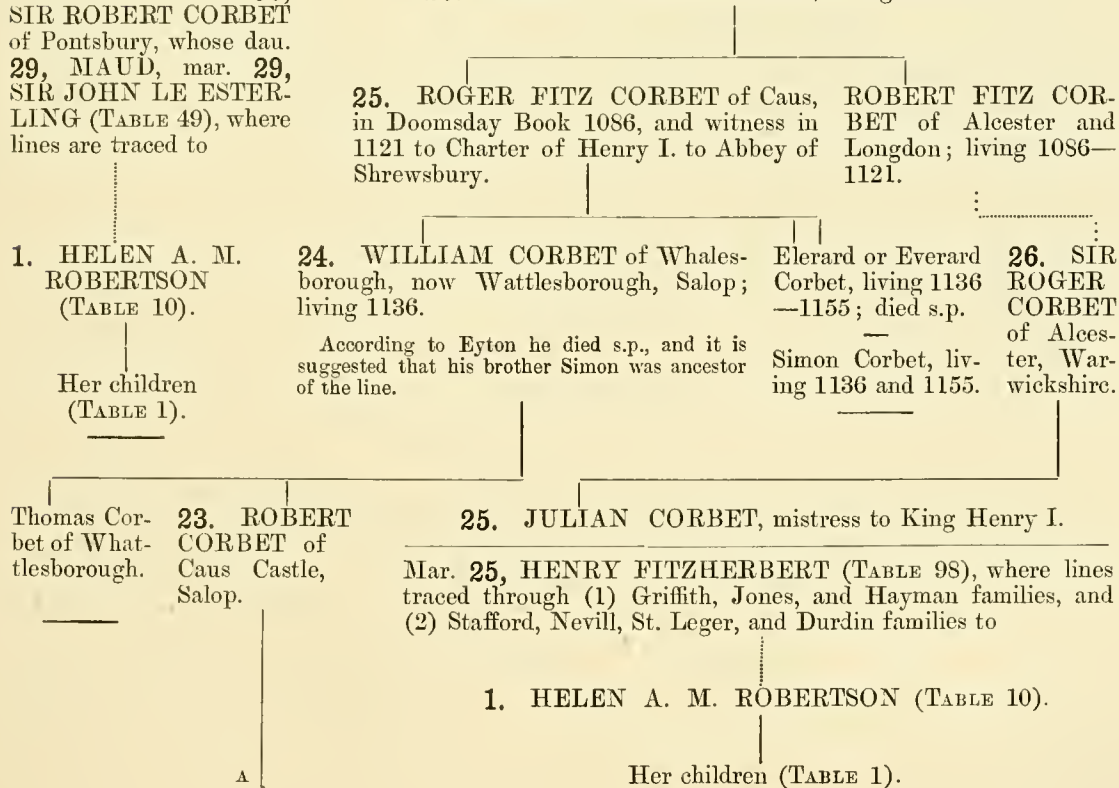
Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 91.

CORBET FAMILY.

In TABLE 49 occurs 30, SIR ROBERT CORBET of Pontsbury, whose dau. 29, MAUD, mar. 29, SIR JOHN LE ESTERLING (TABLE 49), where lines are traced to

26. CORBET THE NORMAN, living 1071—1080.



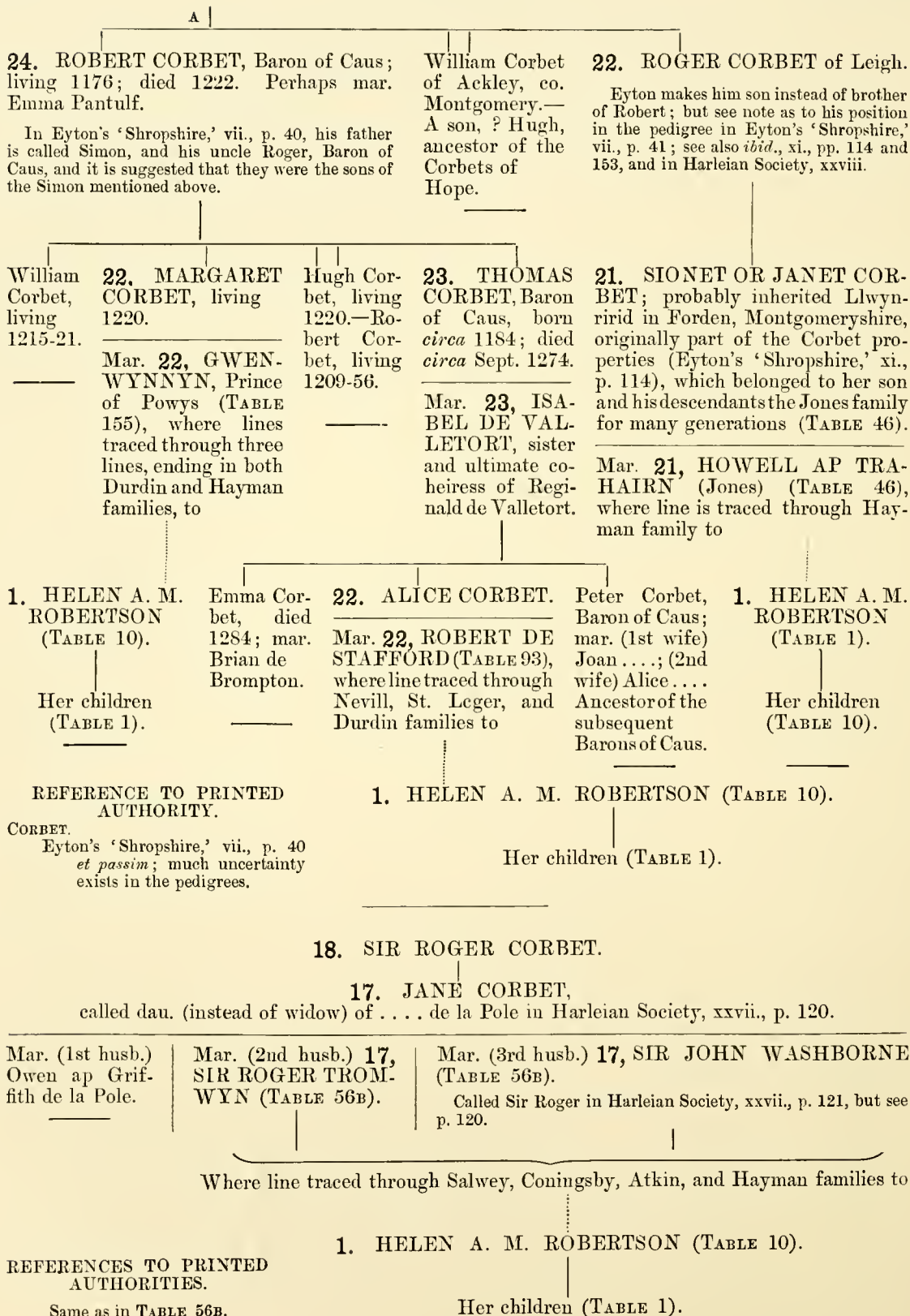


Table 92.

NEVILL FAMILY.

26. GILBERT DE NEVILE OR DE NOVA VILLA, Companion of the Conqueror.

25. GILBERT DE NEVILE.

Mar. 25, JOHANNA DE CLARE (TABLE 97).

24. GEOFFREY DE NEVILE.

23. GEOFFREY DE NEVILE, Governor of Berwick ; died 1194.

Mar. 23, EMMA DE BULMER, dau. and heiress of 24, BERTRAM DE BULMER, Lord of Brancepeth.

Henry Nevile,
died s.p. 1227.

22. ISABEL DE NEVILE, heiress.

Mar. 22, RICHARD FITZMALDRED, a Saxon ; Lord of Raby, co. Durham.

21. GEOFFREY DE NEVILE of Raby.

Mar. 21, MARGARET

20. ROBERT NEVILE, Justice Itinerary of England 1262
(Life in Foss's 'Judges,' ii., p. 429).

Mar. 20, IDA BERTRAM, dau. or widow of Bertram.

Geoffrey Nevile, Governor of
Scarborough Castle ; mar. Marg-
aret, dau. and heiress of Sir
John Longvillers.

19. ROBERT NEVILE, died v.p.

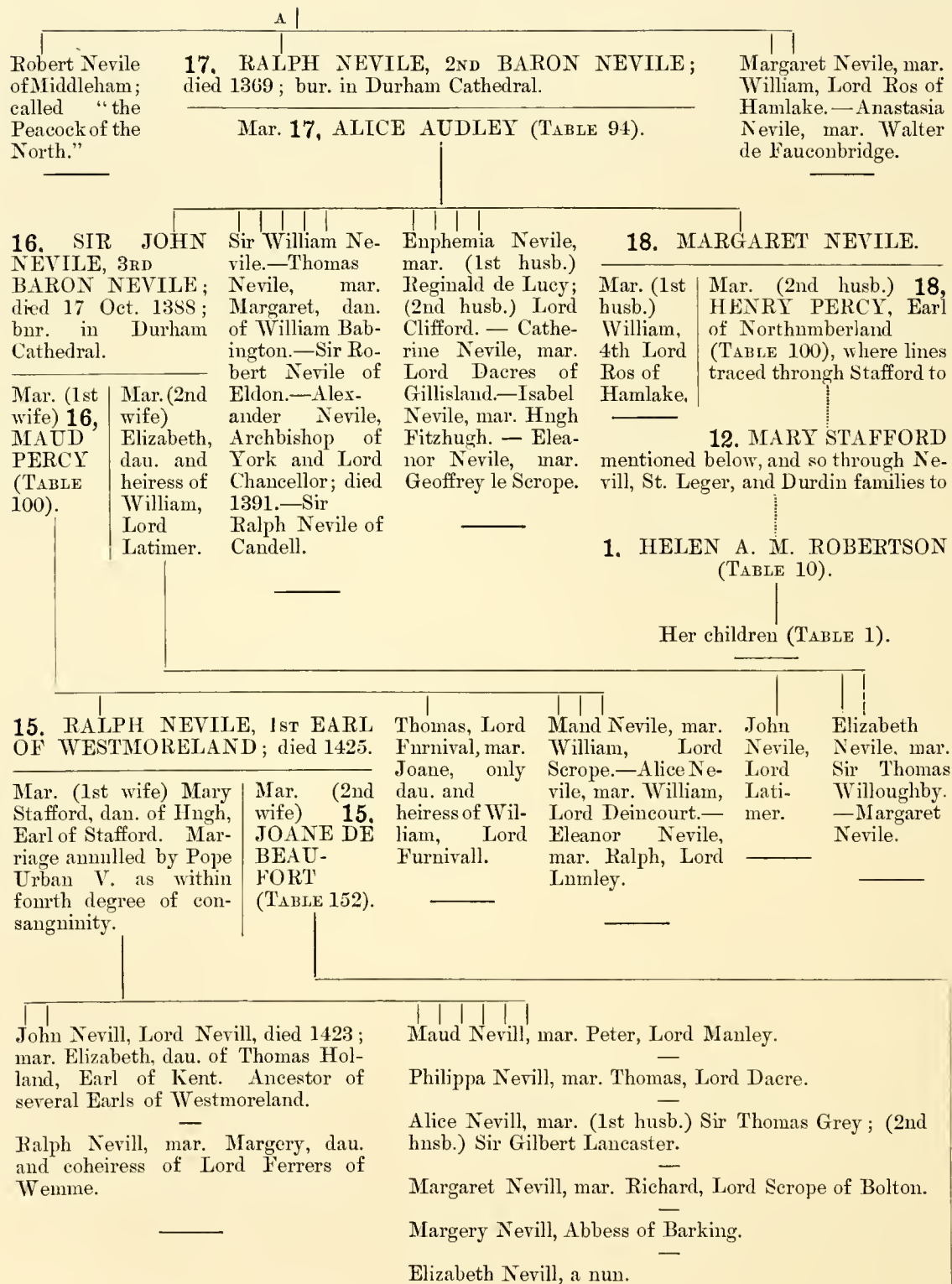
Mar. 19, MARY FITZ RANNOLPH, eldest dau. and coheiress of 20, RALPH FITZ RANNOLPH, Lord of Middleham.

18. RANOLPH OR RALPH NEVILE, 1st Baron Nevile ; died 1331 ; bur. at Coverham.

Mar. (1st wife) 18, EUPHEMIA CLAVERING, dau. of

19, ROBERT DE CLAVERING.

Mar. (2nd wife) Margaret, dau. of
Marmaduke de Thweng ; died s.p.



B |

15. RICHARD NEVILL, EARL OF SALISBURY, called Ralph in error in TABLE 89E, p. 234.

William Nevill, mar. Joan of Fauconberg, ancestors of the Lords Fauconberg and Earls of Kent.

Mar. **15. ALICE DE MONTA-CUTE** (TABLE 89E).

George Nevill, Lord Latimer, ancestor of the Lords Latimer.

16. ELEANOR NEVILL.

Mar. (1st husb.) Richard, Lord le Despencer.

— (TABLE 100), where lines traced through Stafford to

16. ANNE NEVILL.

Mar. (1st husb.) **16. HUMPHREY STAFFORD,** Duke of Buckingham (TABLE 93c), where lines traced to

14. SIR EDWARD NEVILL, 1st BARON BERGAVENNY, on account of his marriage; died 18 Oct. 1477.

Mar. **14. LADY ELIZABETH BEAUCHAMP** (TABLE 102).

Robert Nevill, Bishop of Durham.—Cuthbert Nevill, died s.p.—Henry Nevill, died s.p.—Thomas Nevill, died s.p.—Catherine Nevill, mar. (1st husb.) John Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk; (2nd husb.) Sir Thomas Strangeways; (3rd husb.) John, Viscount Beaumont; (4th husb.) Sir John Widville.—Cecily Nevill, mar. Richard Plantagenet, Duke of York.—Jane Nevill, a nun.

12. MARY STAFFORD, mentioned below, and so through Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Richard Nevill, Earl of Warwick, the King Maker.—Sir Thomas Nevill.—Sir John Nevill, Marquis of Montague.—George Nevill, Archbishop of York.—Ralph Nevill, died young.—Robert Nevill, died young.—Joane Nevill, mar. William Fitzallen, Earl of Arundel.—Cecily Nevill, mar. (1st husb.) Henry Beauchamp, Duke of Warwick; (2nd husb.) John Tiptoft, Earl of Worcester.—Eleanor Nevill, mar. Thomas Stanley, Earl of Derby.—Katherine Nevill, mar. William, Lord Bonville.—Margaret Nevill, mar. (1st husb.) John de Vere, Earl of Oxford; (2nd husb.) William, Lord Hastings.

14. ALICE NEVILL.

Mar. **14. HENRY, LORD FITZHUGH** (TABLE 57F), where line traced through Vaux, Sapcote, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

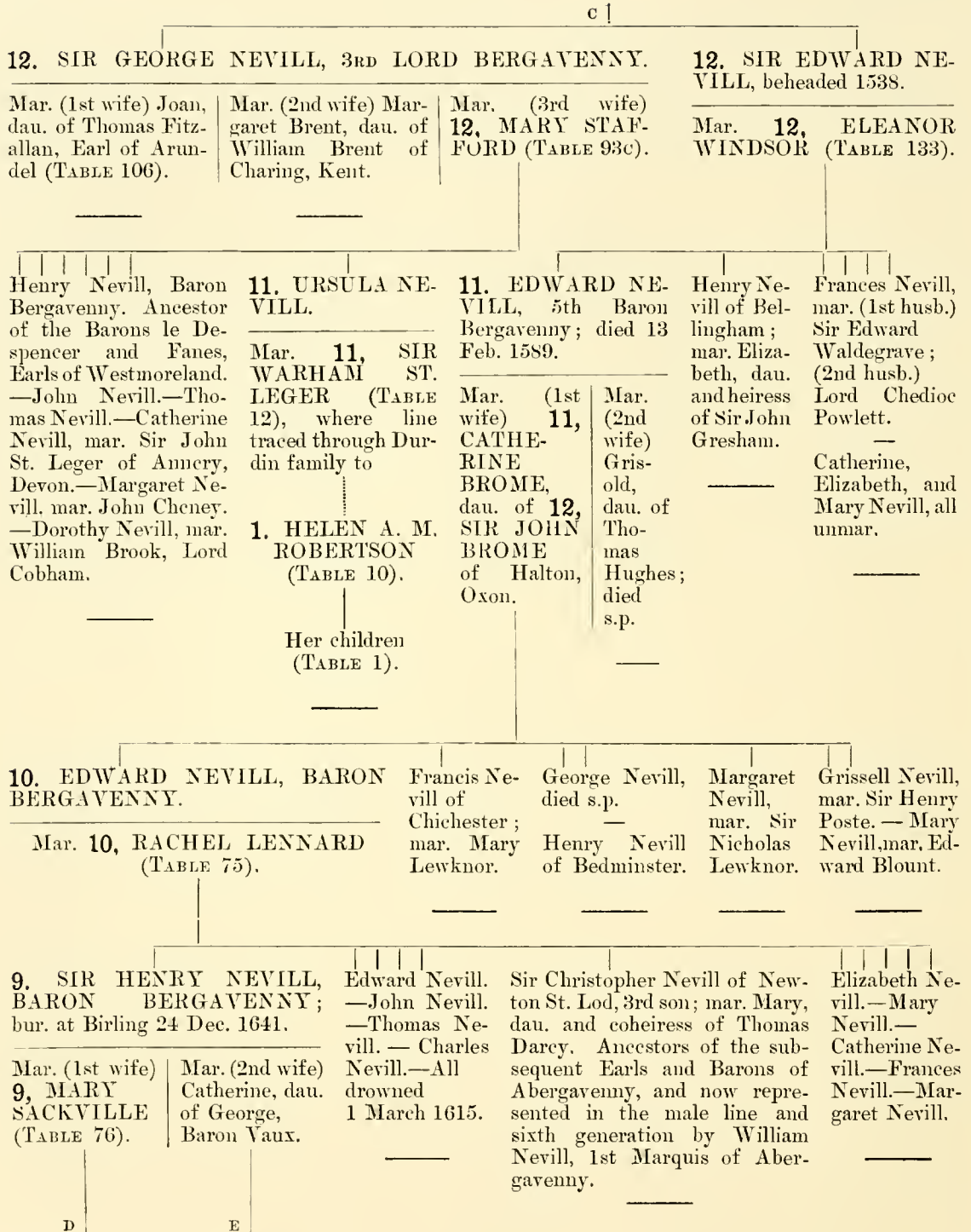
13. SIR GEORGE NEVILL, 2ND LORD BERGAVENNY.

Mar. **13. MARGARET FENNE,** dau. of **14. SIR HUGH FENNE.**

Alice Nevill, mar. Sir Thomas Grey.
—
Katherine Nevill, mar. Iwarby.

Margaret Nevill, mar. John Brook, Lord Cobham.
—
Catherine Nevill, mar. Robert Tansfield.
—
Anne Nevill, mar. Lord Strange.

c |



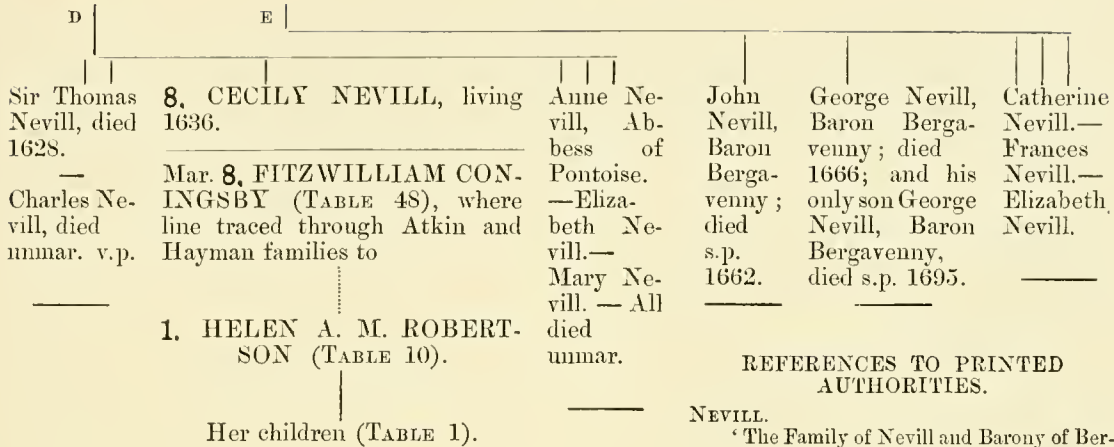
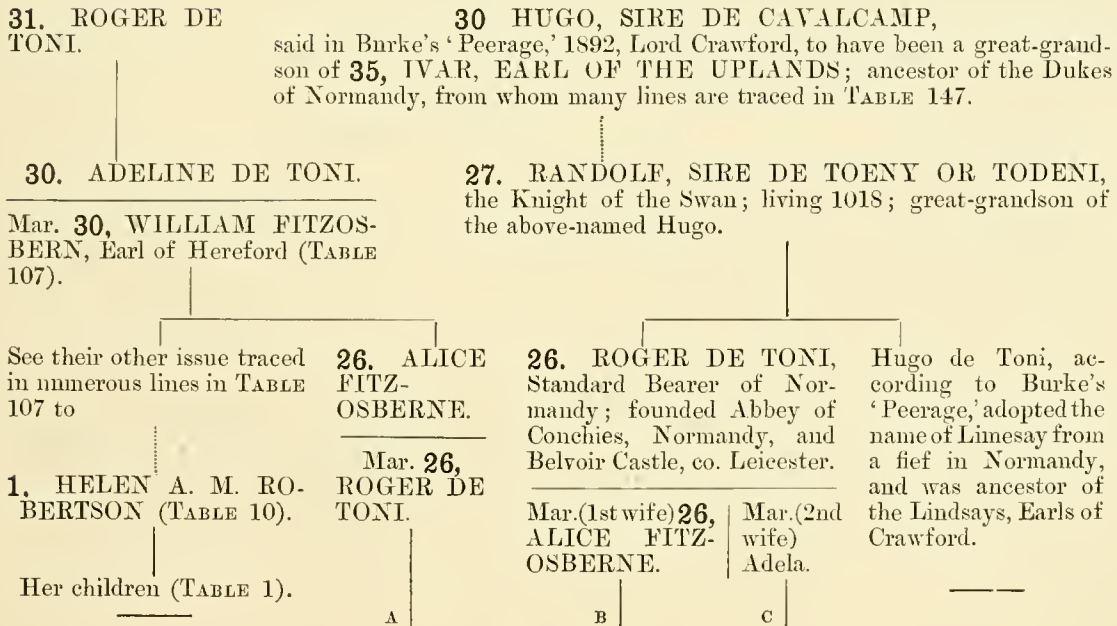


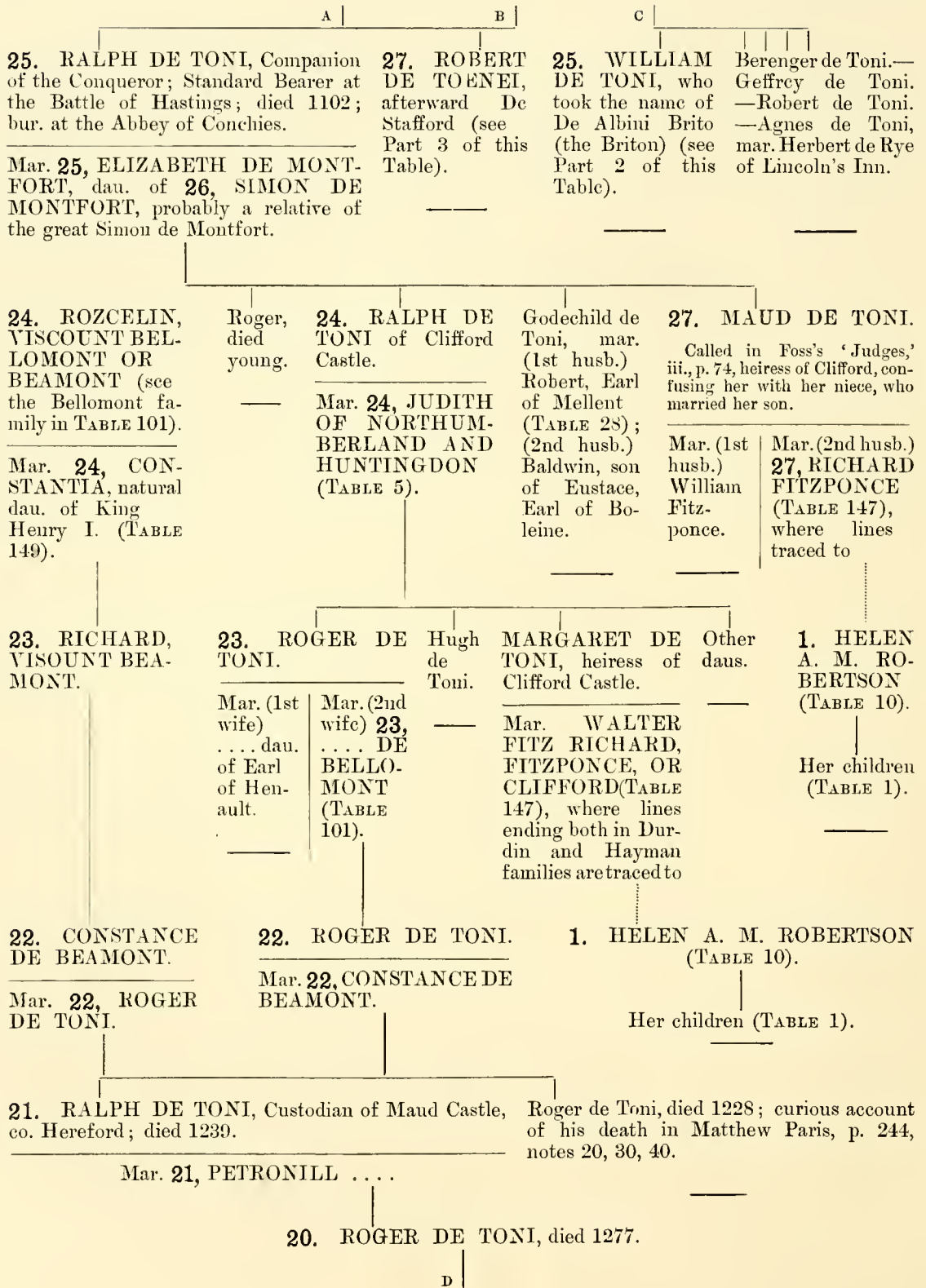
Table 93.

TONI FAMILY AND ITS BRANCHES.

PART 1.

TONI FAMILY.





D |
19. RALPH DE TONI,

born 1255; of Flamsted, Herts; called Roger Toney in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Bohun.

Mar. **19.** ALICE DE BOHUN (TABLE 108).

Robert de Toni
of Saham, Nor-
folk, and Flam-
sted, Herts;
died 1310; mar.
Maud . . .

18. ALICE DE TONI, heiress of the line; born 1284.

Mar. (1st
hnsb.) Tho-
mas de Ley-
bourne.

Mar. (2nd hnsb.) **18.** GUY BEAUCHAMP,
Earl of Warwick (TABLE 102), where numerous
lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman
families are traced to

Mar. (3rd hnsb.)
William la Zouche
of Ashby; eo.
Leicester.

REFERENCE TO PRINTED
AUTHORITY.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 469,
Toni.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

PART 2.

ALBINI BRITO OF BELVOIR FAMILY.

25. WILLIAM DE ALBINI BRITO,

or the Briton (see Part 1 of this Table); his reason for adopting the name of De Albini is unknown (see another family of De Albini in TABLES 85 and 105); commanded the horse at the Battle of Tinchebray in Normandy; he adhered to the Empress Mand, and King Stephen confiscated Belvoir, and gave it to Ranolph, Earl of Chester; died 1155. (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 96.)

Mar. **25.** MAUD DE ST. LIZ (TABLE 5).

24. WILLIAM DE ALBINI BRITO, surnamed Meschines (the Little); Henry II. restored Belvoir to him; died 1168.

Ralph de Albini, 2nd son; mar. Sibella de Valorius, widow of Robert, Baron Ros of Hamlake. Ancestor of the Daubeney's, Baron Danbeney, and Earl of Bridgewater; died at Acre 1190.

Mar. **24.** ADELIZA . . .

23. WILLIAM DE ALBINI,

Lord of Belvoir; held Rochester Castle for the Barons; taken prisoner by the King, and afterwards joined him, and commanded for Henry III. at the Battle of Lincoln 1217; died 1236.

Mar. (1st wife) **23.** MAUD UMFREVILLE
(TABLE 84).

Mar. (2nd wife) Agatha, dau. and coheiress
of William Trnsbutt.

A |

22. WILLIAM DE ALBINI, Lord of Belvoir; adhered to Henry III. against the Barons. Sir Odonel de Albini.—Robert de Albini.—Nicholas de Albini, Rector of Bottesford.

Mar. (1st wife) 22, ALBREDA BISETH, | Mar. (2nd wife)
 dau. of 23, HENRY, Lord Biseth. | Isabel

21. ISABEL DE ALBINI, only dau. and heiress of Belvoir Castle.

Mar. 21, ROBERT DE ROS, Lord Ros of Hamlake (TABLE 83), where line traced through Welles, Butler, Boleyn, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

REFERENCE TO PRINTED
 AUTHORITY.
 ALBINI.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Daubeney, Baron Daubeney, and Earl of Bridgewater.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

PART 3.

STAFFORD (DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM) FAMILY.

27. ROBERT DE TOENEL, afterwards De Stafford (see Part 1 of this Table); Governor of Stafford Castle, *temp.* Henry I., whence his name (Dugdale's 'Baronage'); bur. in the Priory of Stone.

Mar. 27, AVICE DE CLARE; connection with Clare family (TABLE 97) not traced.

26. NICHOLAS DE STAFFORD, Sheriff of co. Stafford, *temp.* Henry I.; bur. at Stone.

Mar. 26, MATILDA

25. ROBERT DE STAFFORD,
 Sheriff of co. Stafford, 2—6 Henry II.; died 1176; bur. at Stone.

Mar. 25, ANASTASIA

Robert de Stafford,
 died s.p. 1139.

24. MILICENT DE STAFFORD, heiress.

24. HERVEY BAGOT of co. Stafford.

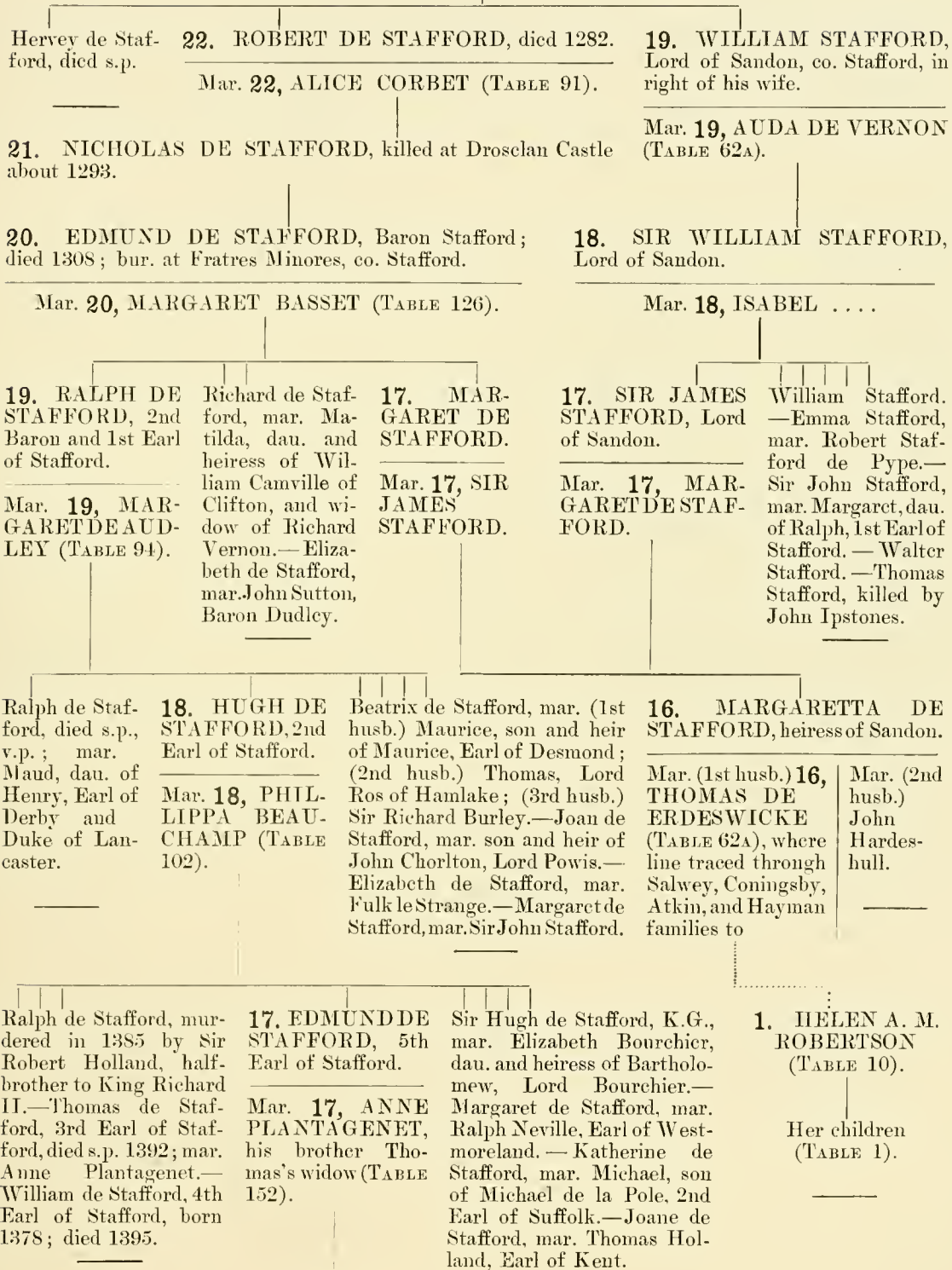
Mar. 24, HERVEY BAGOT.

Mar. 24, MILICENT DE STAFFORD.

23. HERVEY DE STAFFORD, died 1237.

Mar. 23, PETRONILLA DE FERRERS (TABLE 113).

A



B

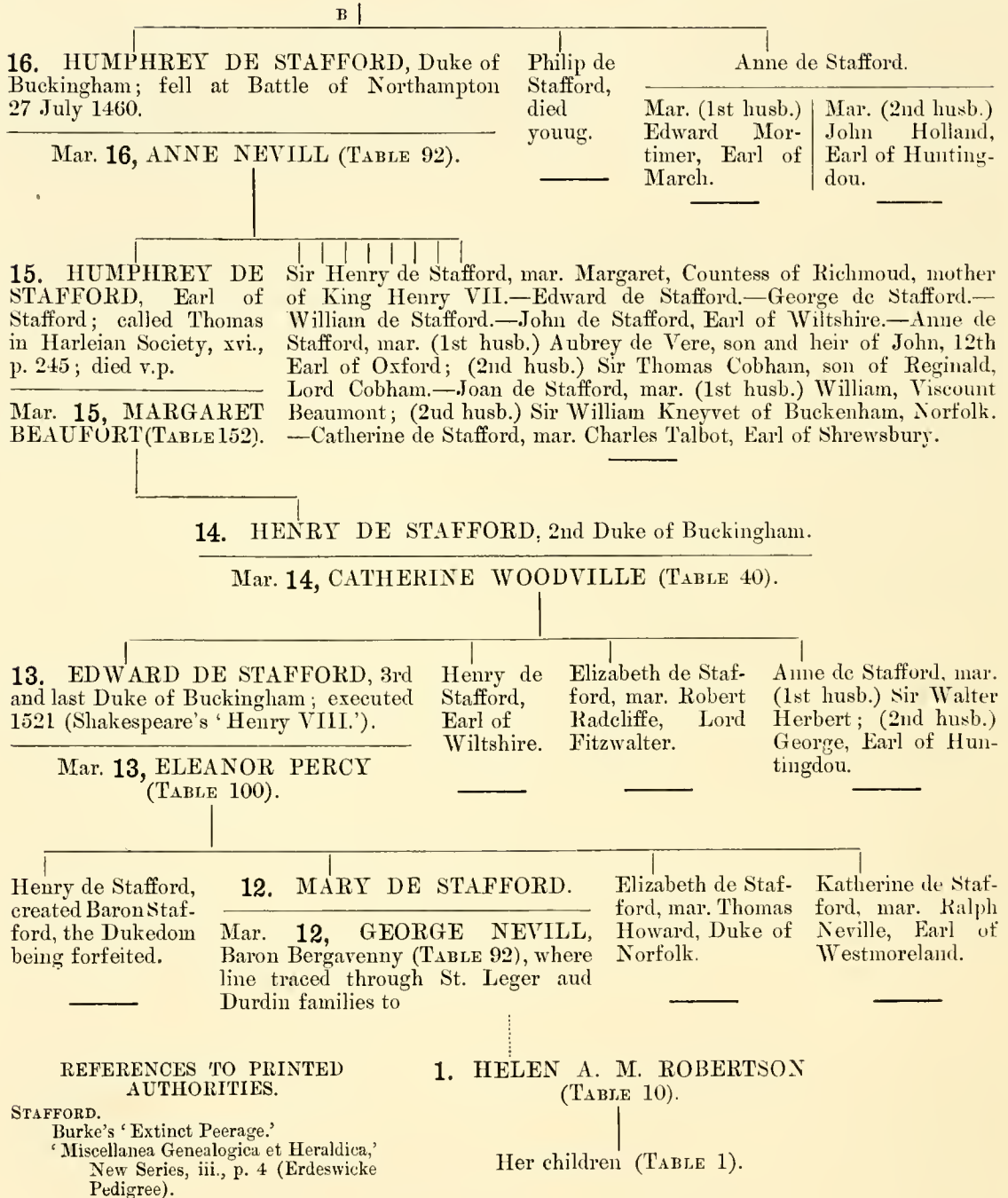


Table 94.

AUDLEY FAMILY.

21. HUGH DE ALDETHELEY OR AUDLEY,

Baron Audley; supposed to be brother of Nicholas Audley, Lord Audley of Heleigh, whose pedigree is traced in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage' under that title.

Mar. **21, ISOLDA DE MORTIMER** (TABLE 122).

18. HUGH AUDLEY,
Lord Audley.

20. HUGH DE AUDLEY, Baron Audley; created Earl of Gloucester 1337 on account of his marriage.

Another son.

Mar. **20, MARGARET DE CLARE** (TABLE 97).

17. ALICE AUDLEY, died 1374.

19. MARGARET DE AUDLEY.

Mar. (1st husb.) **17, RALPH NEVILLE,** Lord Nevile (TABLE 92), where several lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

Mar. (2nd husb.) **Ralph, Lord Greystock.**

Mar. **19, RALPH, EARL OF STAFFORD** (TABLE 93), where line traced through Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

AUDLEY.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Audley, Baron Audley and Earl of Gloucester. And Nevile Pedigrees.

Table 95—PART A.

VALENCE (EARL OF PEMBROKE) AND COUNTS DE LA MARCHE FAMILIES.

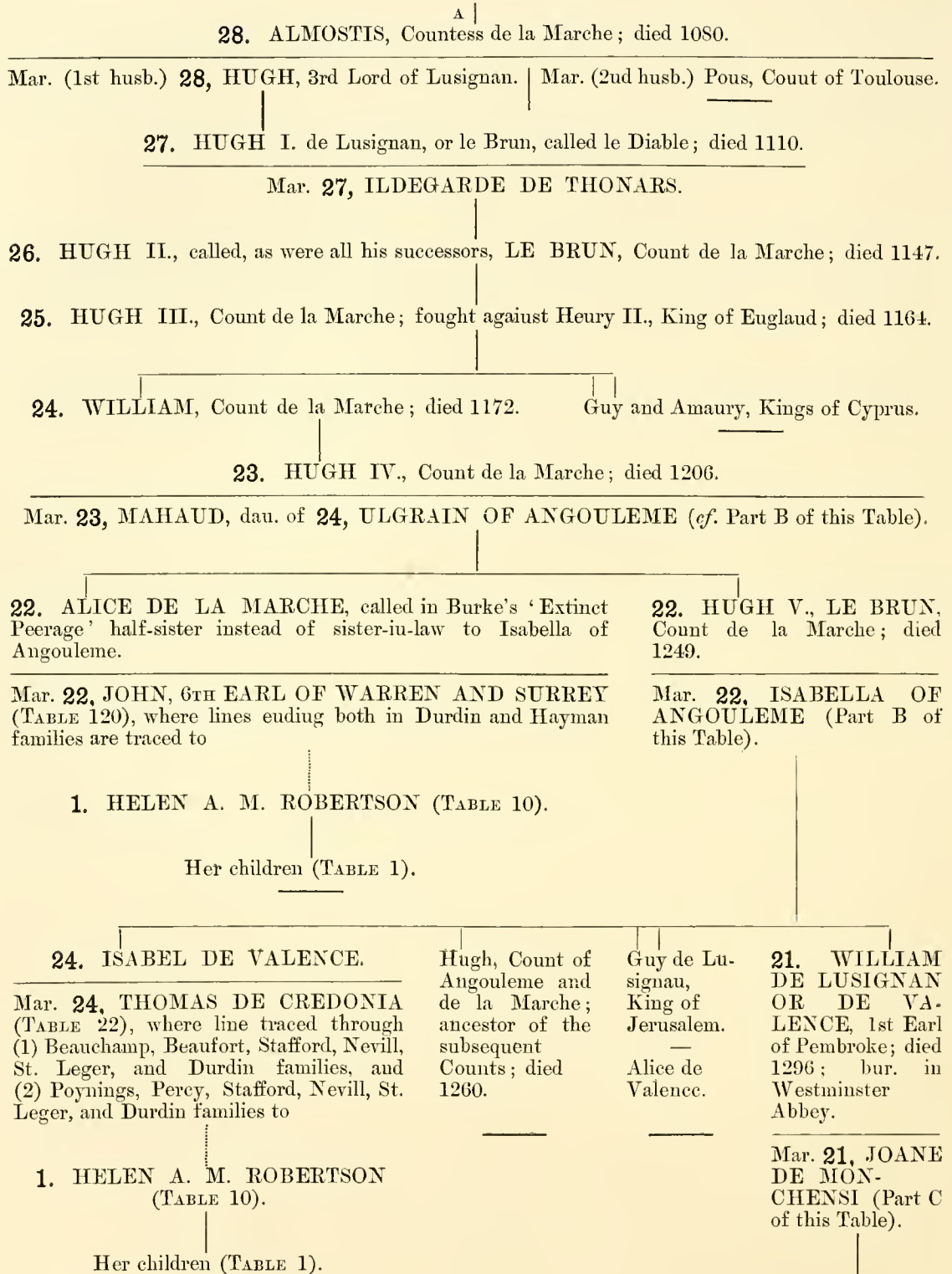
31. BOSON I., Count de la Marche in Poictou, 927—950.

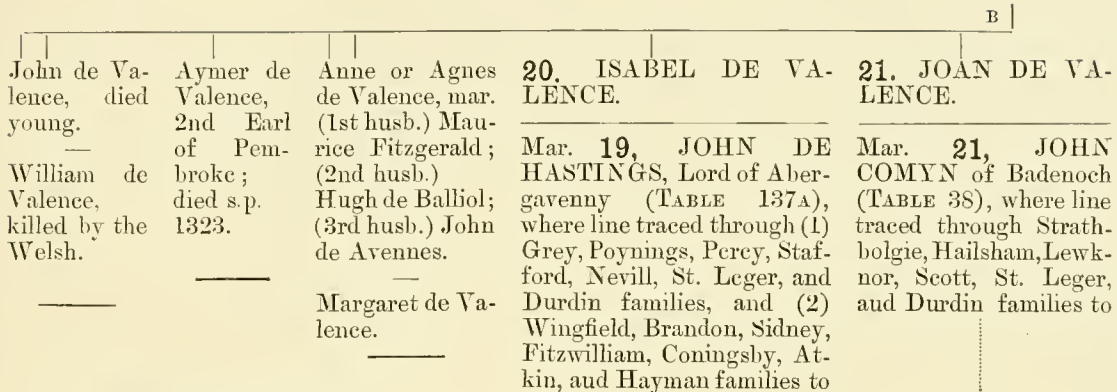
30. BOSON II., Count de la Marche; died 1005.

29. BERNARD, Count de le Marche; died 1032.

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K K





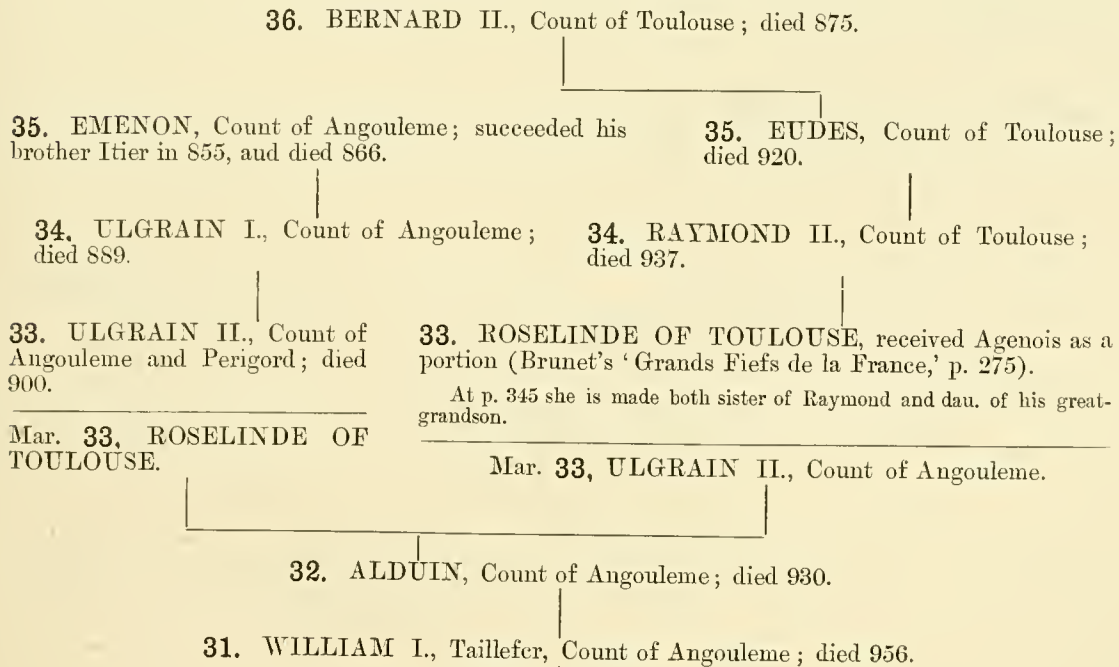
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

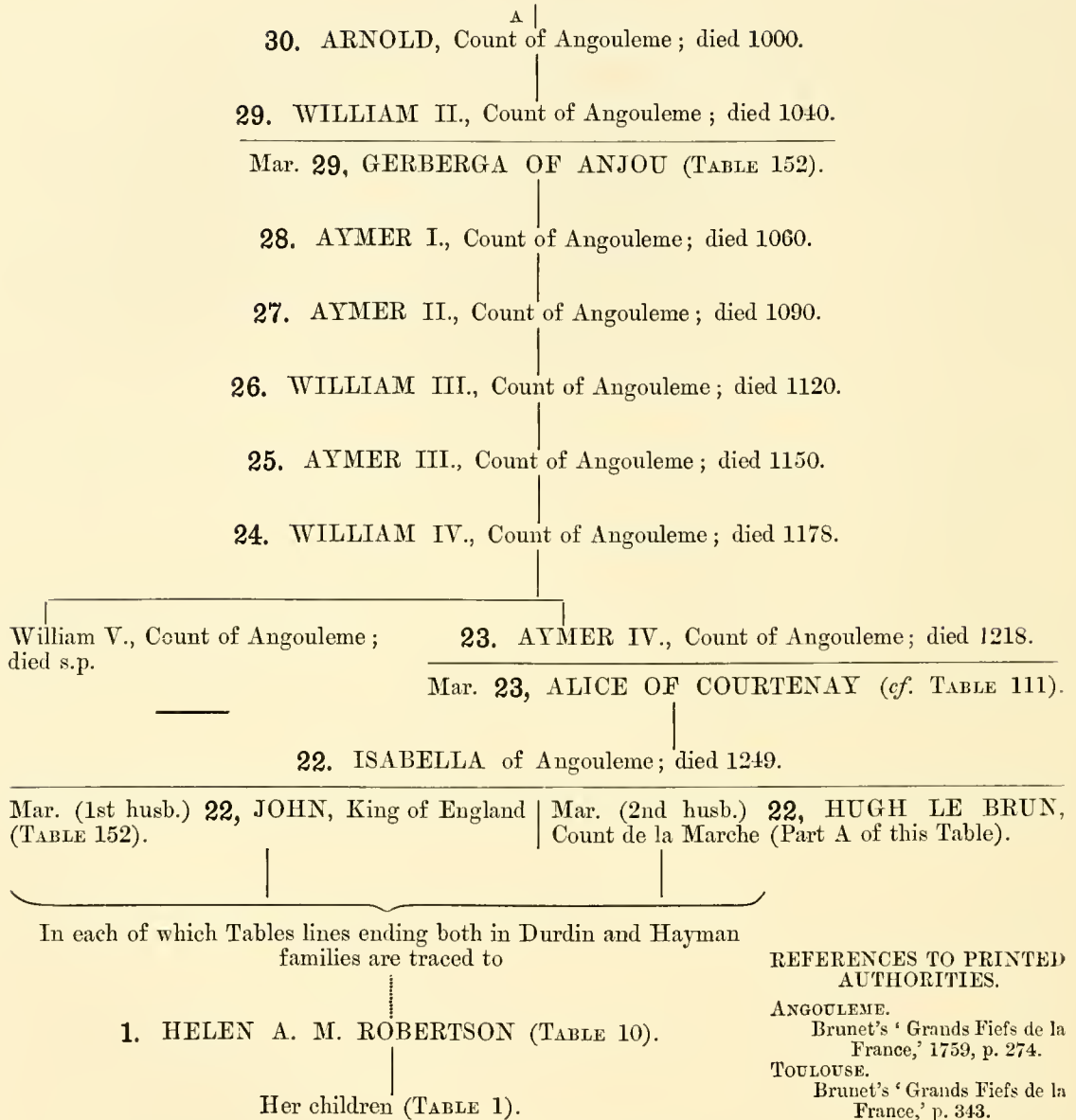
- VALENCE.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Valence, Earl of Pembroke.
 J. R. Scott's 'Scotts of Scot's Hall,' p. 82.
- DE LA MARCHE.
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs de la France,' 1759, p. 408.

- 1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON** (TABLE 10).
 Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 95—PART B.

COUNTS OF ANGOULEME.





REFERENCES TO PRINTED
AUTHORITIES.

ANGOULEME.
Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs de la
France,' 1759, p. 274.

TOULOUSE.
Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs de la
France,' p. 343.

Table 95—PART C.

MONCHENSI FAMILY.

HUBERT DE MONTE CANISIO OR MUNCHENSY, lived at the time of the Conquest.

|

.... DE MUNCHENSY.

A |

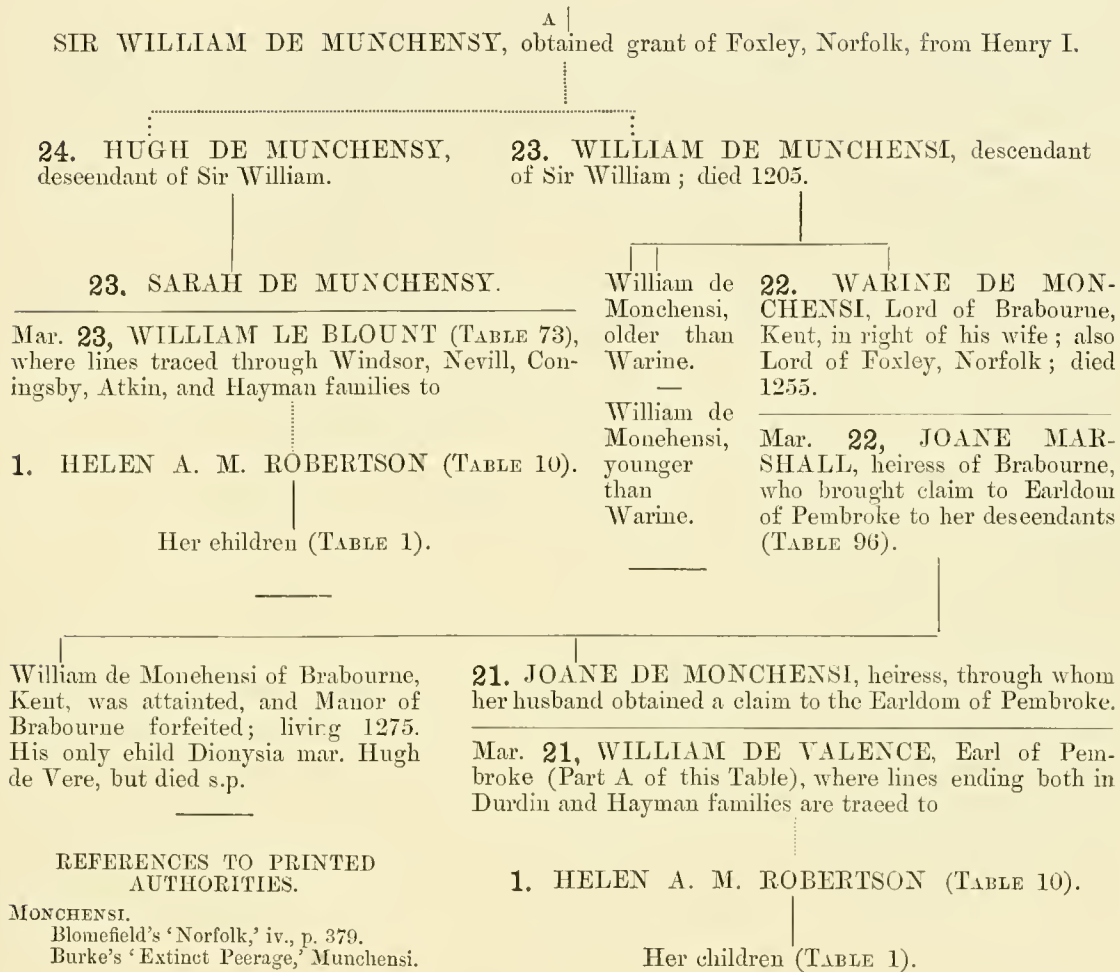
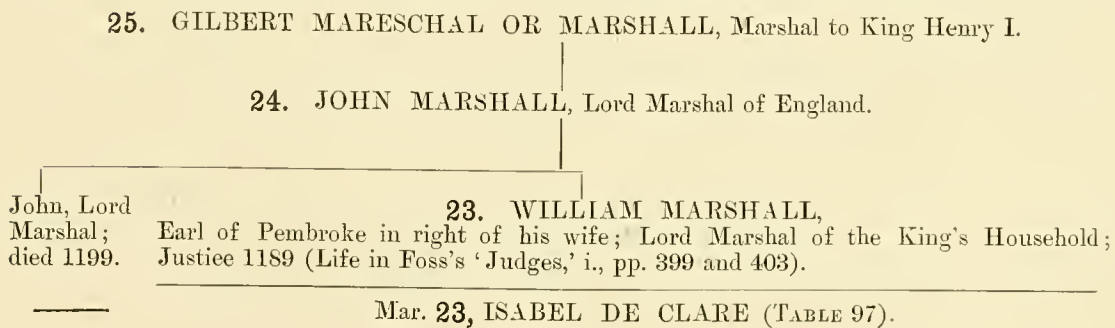


Table 96.

MARSHALL (EARL OF PEMBROKE) FAMILY.



				A			
William Marshall.	23. MAUDMARSHALL, eldest dau. and coheirress.	22. JOANE MARSHALL, 2nd dau. and coheirress; carried Earldom of Pembroke to her de-sceudauts.	23. ISABEL MARSHALL, 3rd. dau. and coheirress.	22. SYBIL MARSHALL, 4th dau. and coheirress.	22. EVE MARSHALL, 5th dau. and coheirress.		
Richard Marshall.	Mar.(1st husb.) 23, HUGH BIJOD, Earl of Norfolk (TABLE 121).	Mar.(2nd husb.) 23, WILIAM DE WARREN PLAN-GENET, Earl of Warren and Surrey (TABLE 120).	Mar. (3rd husb) Walter Duu-stan-ville.	Mar. (1st husb.) 23. GILBERT DE CLARE, Earl of Gloucester (TABLE 97).	Mar.(2nd husb.) Richard, Earl of Cornwall, brother to King Henry III., and had issue.	Mar. 23, WILIAM DE FERERS, 7th Earl of Derby (TABLE 113).	Mar. 22, WILIAM DE BRAOSE (TABLE 127).
Walter Marshall.							
Auselm Marshall.							
All successively Earls of Pembroke, but died s.p.							

In each of which Tables lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

MARSHALL, EARL OF PEMBROKE. Burke's 'Extinct Peerage.'

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 97.

CLARE FAMILY AND ITS BRANCHES.

PART 1.

CLARE (EARLS OF GLOUCESTER AND PEMBROKE) FAMILY.

30. GEOFREY OR GODFREY,

Count of Eu and Brionne in Normandy; a natural son of Richard I., Duke of Normandy (TABLE 147).

Betham's Tables, 603, treats him as a real son of Richard I., and inserts another Geoffrey between him and his son; but in Table 263 the correct pedigree is given.

29. GISLEBERT OR GILBERT CRISPIN, Count of Brionne.

Mar. **29,** HARLOTTA DE CROY (TABLE 148), but the marriage is doubted in Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 30.

NOTE.—28, ROBERT, Earl of Moreton and Cornwall, and 25, JUDITH, wife of WALTHORP, Earl of Northumberland, from each of whom lines are traced in TABLE 168, as well as Odo, Bishop of Bayenne (same Table), who were undoubtedly children of Harlotta de Croy (see TABLE 148), are sometimes treated as issue of the above marriage, but this seems an error.

A

<p>28. RICHARD FITZGILBERT, called De Benefacta, Companion of the Conqueror, from whom he obtained the Honour or Lordship of Clare (Clarentia or Clarence) in Suffolk (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' i., pp. 29—31).</p>	<p>Emma Fitzgilbert, mar. Robert, Count of Avrauches.</p>	<p>27. BALDWIN DE BRION OR DEMOLIS (Part 2 of this Table).</p>
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Mar. 28, ROBERT GIFFARD (TABLE 104).

27. GILBERT DE TONEBRIGGE OR TUNBRIDGE of Tunbridge, Kent, Lord of Clare, eldest son; made grandson of his father in Collius's 'Peerage,' iv., p. 37.

26. ROGER DE CLARE, Earl of Clare.

Walter Fitzwalter, Justice Itinerary 1193; died 1198; mar. (1st wife) Maud, dau. of Richard de Lueie, Chief Justice; (2nd wife) Margaret de Bohun (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 366).—Richard, 5th son, Lord Steward; died 1134; mar. Matilda, dau. of Simon de Liz, Earl of Huntingdon.—Simon.—Richard, a monk.—Walter, died s.p.—... a dau., mar. Ralph de Telgers.

Mar. 27, ADELIZA, dau. of 28, THE EARL OF CLERMONT.

26. RICHARD DE CLARE, 1st Earl of Hertford; often, as well as his successors, called Earl of Clare; killed by the Welsh.

Baldwin de Clare.
—
Walter de Clare, died s.p.

25. GILBERT OR GISLEBERT DE CLARE, 1st Earl of Pembroke; surnamed, like his celebrated son, Strongbow; died 1149.

25. JOHANNA DE CLARE.
—
Mar. 25, GILBERT NEVILLE (TABLE 92), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

Richard de Clare, Earl of Clare.

Mar. 26, ADELIZA DE MESCHINES (TABLE 109).

Mar. 25, ELIZABETH DE BELMONT (TABLE 101).

Gilbert de Clare, died s.p.

25. ROGER DE CLARE, 2nd Earl of Hertford.

Mar. 25, MATILDA, dau. of 26, JAMES DE ST. HILLARIS, who remarried WILLIAM DE ALBINI, 3rd Earl of Arundel (TABLE 105), by whom she is also an ancestress.

26. ALICE DE TUNBRIDGE OR CLARE.

Mar. (1st husb.) Cadwalader ap Griffith, Prince of North Wales (Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 206).

Mar. (2nd husb.) 26, WILLIAM DE PERCY, 3rd Baron Percy (TABLE 100), where lines ending both in Hayman and Durdin families traced to

24. RICHARD DE CLARE, 2nd Earl of Pembroke; the celebrated STRONGBOW, Conqueror of Ireland; died 1177.

Mar. 24, EVA McMURROUGH (TABLE 154).

Baldwin de Clare, died s.p.
—
Basilia de Clare, mar. Raymond de Carew, the Gross; died s.p.

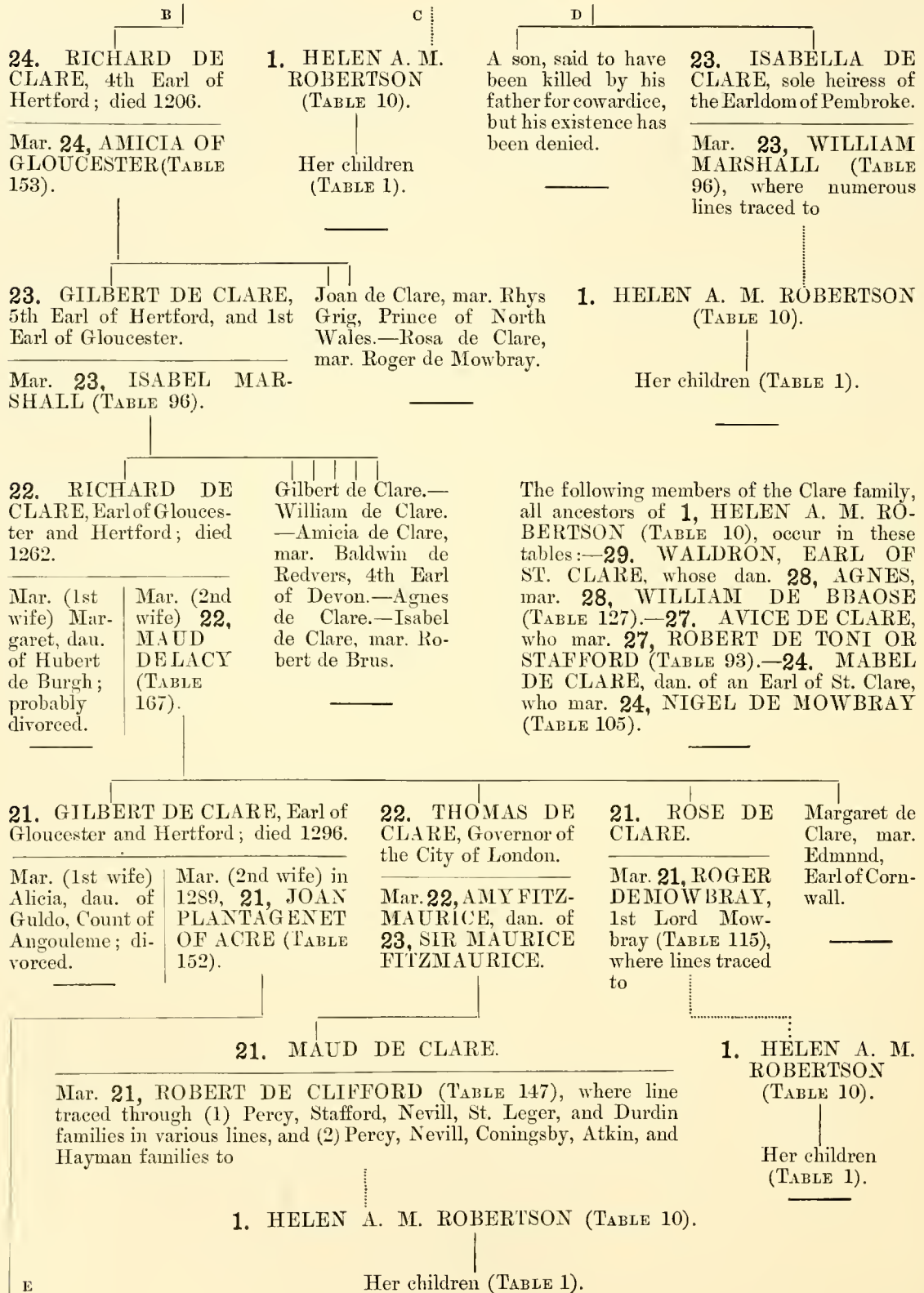
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

B

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D



E									
Gilbert de Clare, last Earl of Gloucester and Hertford; killed, s.p., at Battle of Banockburn, 1314; mar. Maud	20. ALIANORE DE CLARE.	20. MARGARET DE CLARE.	21. ELIZABETH DE CLARE, Foundress of Clare Hall, Cambridge; coheirress, inherited the Honour of Clare.						
Mar. (1st husb.) 20,	Mar. (2nd husb.) 20,	Mar. (1st husb.) 20,	Mar. (2nd husb.) 20,	Mar. (1st husb.) 21,	Mar. (2nd husb.) 21,	Mar. (3rd husb.) 21,	Mar. (4th husb.) 21,		
HUGH LE DESPENCER, the younger (TABLE 119), where line traced through (1) Beauchamp, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Beauchamp, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to	William, Lord Zouch of Mortimer.	Piers Gaveston, Earl of Cornwall.	HUGH DEAUDLEY, Earl of Gloucester (TABLE 94), where line traced through Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to	JOHN DE BURGH, Earl of Ulster (TABLE 167), where line traced through Plantagenet, Duke of Clarence, Mortimer, Percy, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to	THEOBALD DEVERDUN (TABLE 142), where line traced through Ferrers, Strathbolgie, Hails-ham, Lewknor, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to	RÓGER D'AMORY (TABLE 125), where line traced through Bardolf, Welles, Butler, Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to	according to Nichols's 'Rudiments of Honor,' vol. iii., Roche, Ralph de la Roche, who is made ancestor of the Roch family (TABLE 52, <i>q.v.</i>), from which line is traced in that Table through the Jones and Hayman families to		

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- CLARE.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 206, Clare.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Clare, Earl of Pembroke, and Clare, Earl of Gloucester.
 Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' ii., p. 422.
 William de Jumiege's 'History of Normandy,' book viii., cap. cccxlvii.

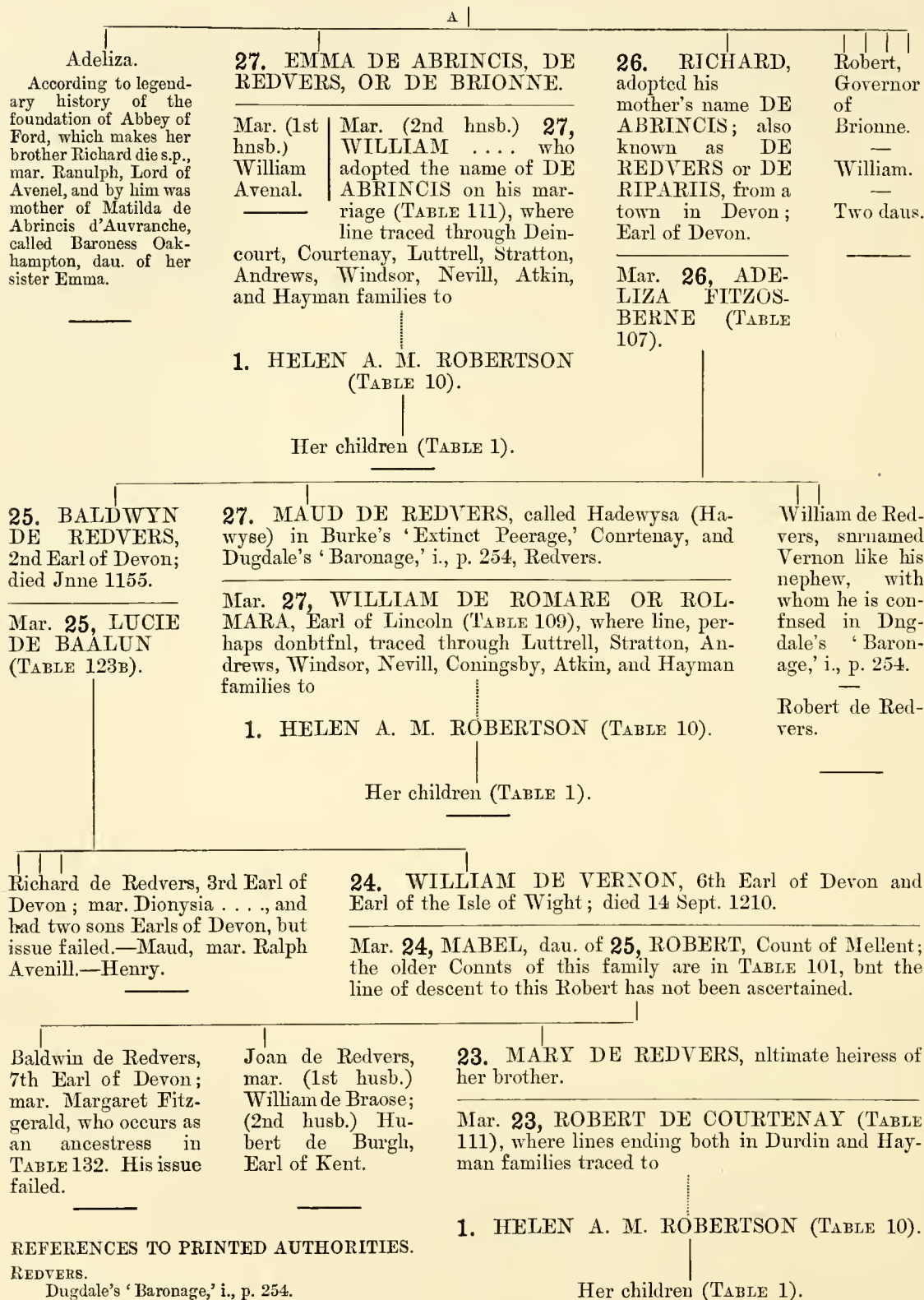
PART 2.

REDVERS (EARL OF DEVON) FAMILY.

27. BALDWIN DE BRION OR DE MOLIS

(see Part 1 of this Table), Companion of the Conqueror, from whom he obtained Oakhampton, Devon, and the custody of that county.

Mar. 27, ALBREDA DE ABRINCIS (TABLE 109).



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

REDVERS.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 254.

Betham's Tables, 684.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Courtenay, Earl of Devon.

Table 98.

HERBERT (EARL OF PEMBROKE) FAMILY.

See as to the origin of this family Sandford's 'Genealogical Tables of the Kings of England,' p. 31, and see another Herbert family in TABLE 28.

25. HENRY FITZHERBERT, Chamberlain to King Henry I.

Mar. **25**, JULIAN CORBET (TABLE 91).

24. HERBERT FITZHERBERT,

Chamberlain to King Stephen; Sheriff of co. Gloucester, 1195.

Mar. (1st wife) **24**, LUCY OF GLOUCESTER (TABLE 153). | Mar. (2nd wife) Maud . . .

Reginald
Fitzherbert.

23. PETER FITZHERBERT of Alcester and Lechlade, co. Gloucester; Governor of Pickering Castle, Yorkshire; died 1235; mar. (1st wife) Alice, dau. of Robert Fitz Roger; (2nd wife) Isabel, 3rd dau. of William de Braose, Baron of Brecknock; heiress of Blenlevenny.

Matthew Fitzherbert, usually considered to be the same person as **23**, MATTHEW FITZHERBERT, with whom TABLE 28 commences.

Matthew
Fitzherbert.

Herbert Herbert,
died 1248.

Reginald Herbert.

22. PETER HERBERT, sometimes called son of his brother Reginald.

Mar. **22**, . . . heiress of Lan Howell.

21. REGINALD HERBERT, Lord of Lan Howell.

Mar. **21**, MARGARET, dau. of **22**, SIR JOHN WELSH.

20. ADAM HERBERT, Lord of Lan Howell.

Mar. **20**, CHRISTIAN, dau. and sole heiress of **21**, GWARING DESE of Gwern Dess.

Sir Thomas Herbert
ap Adam, Lord of
Lan Howell.

19. JENKIN HERBERT AP ADAM, Lord of Gwern Dess.

Mar. **19**, WENLIAN DE BLEDRY, dau. of **20**, THE LORD OF KERSANT, called either Sir Aaron de Bledry, Knight of Rhodes, or Rise ap Bledry.

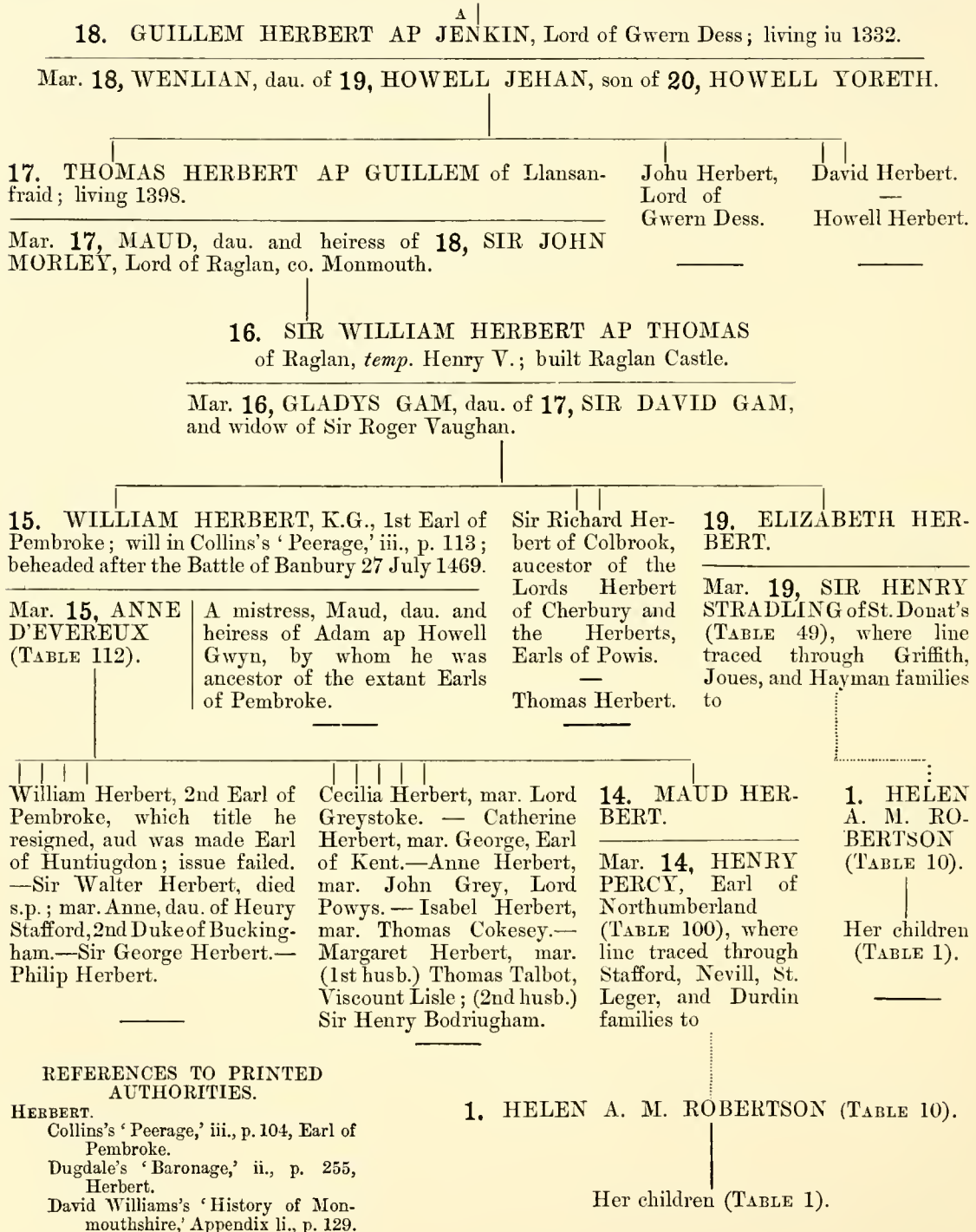
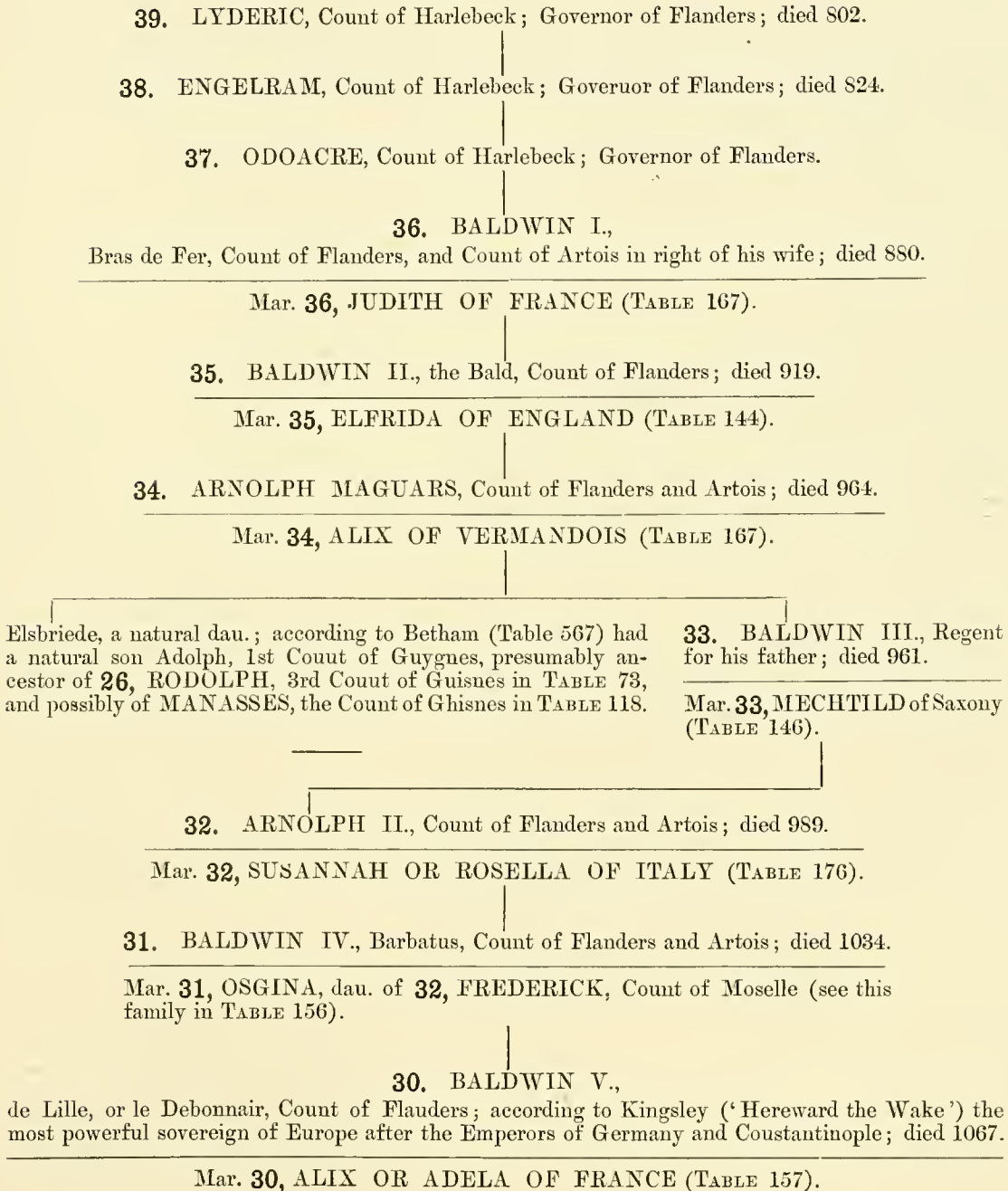
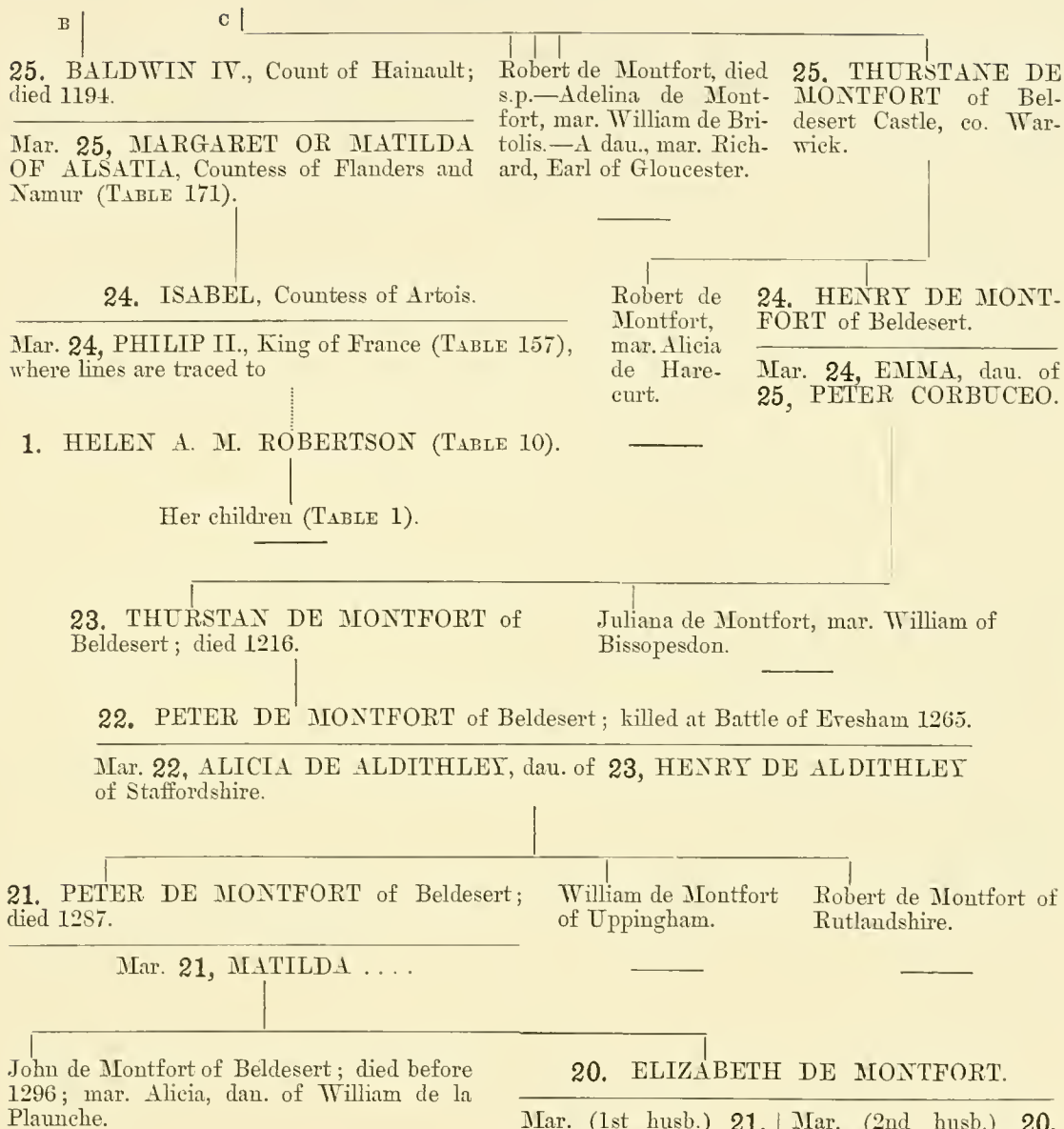


Table 99.

COUNTS OF FLANDERS, AFTERWARDS COUNTS OF HAINAULT (SECOND LINE).





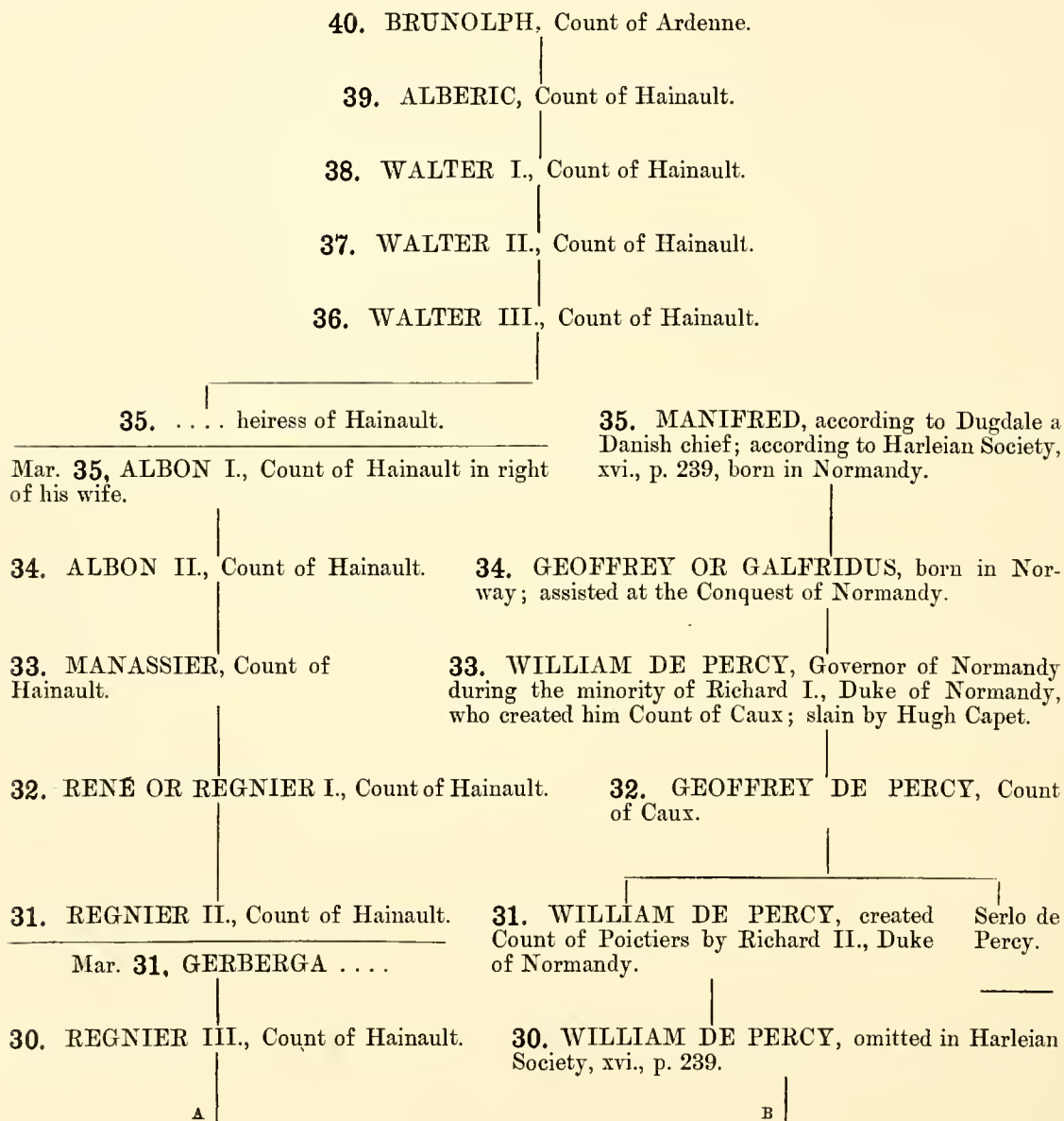
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

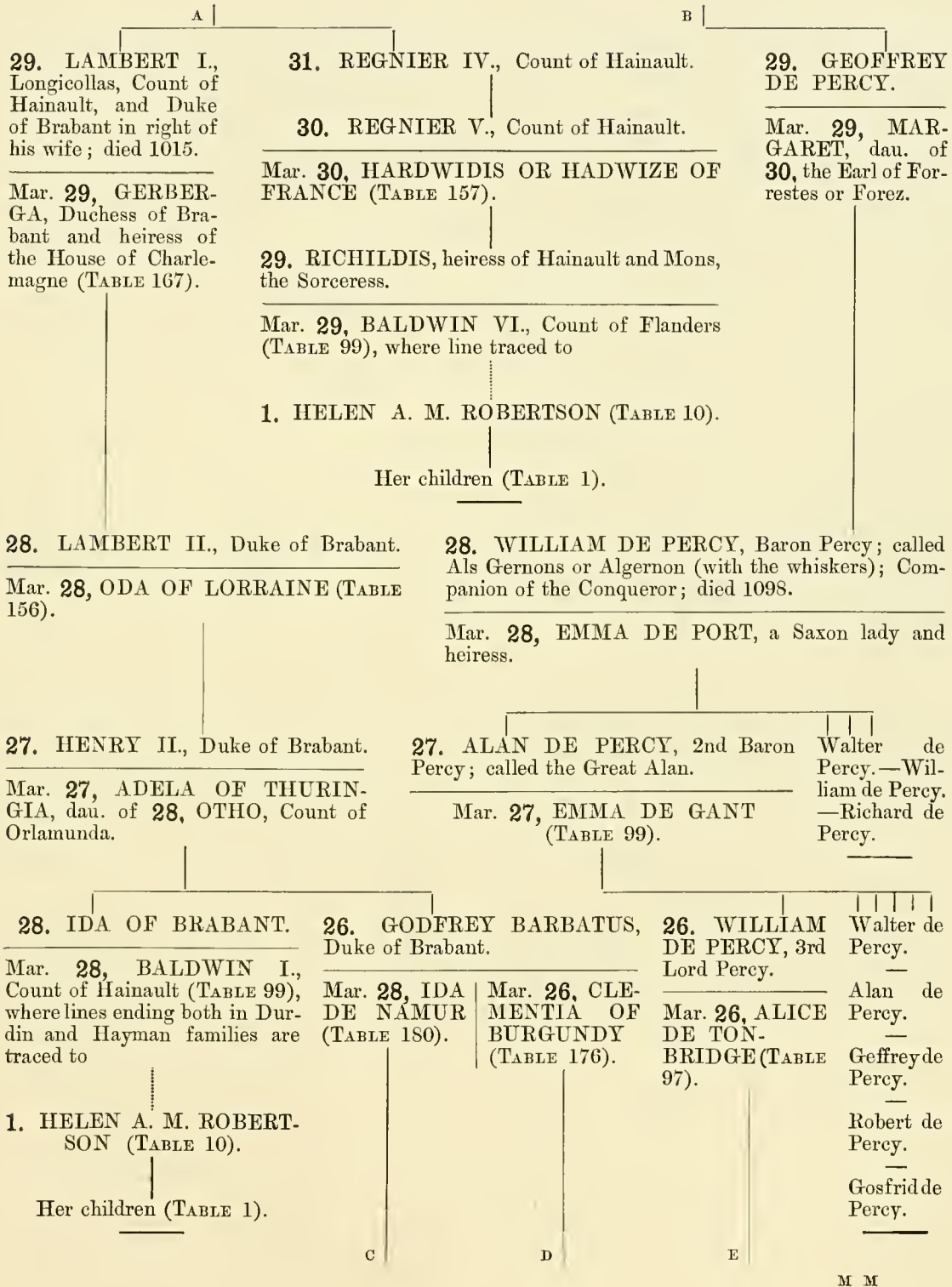
COUNTS OF FLANDERS AND HAINAULT.
Betham's Tables, 567.
GANT.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Gant, Earl of Lincoln.
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i, p. 400, Gant.
Collins's 'Peerage,' iii, p. 592, Berkeley.
MONTFORT.
Dugdale's 'Warwickshire,' p. 799.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Montfort.

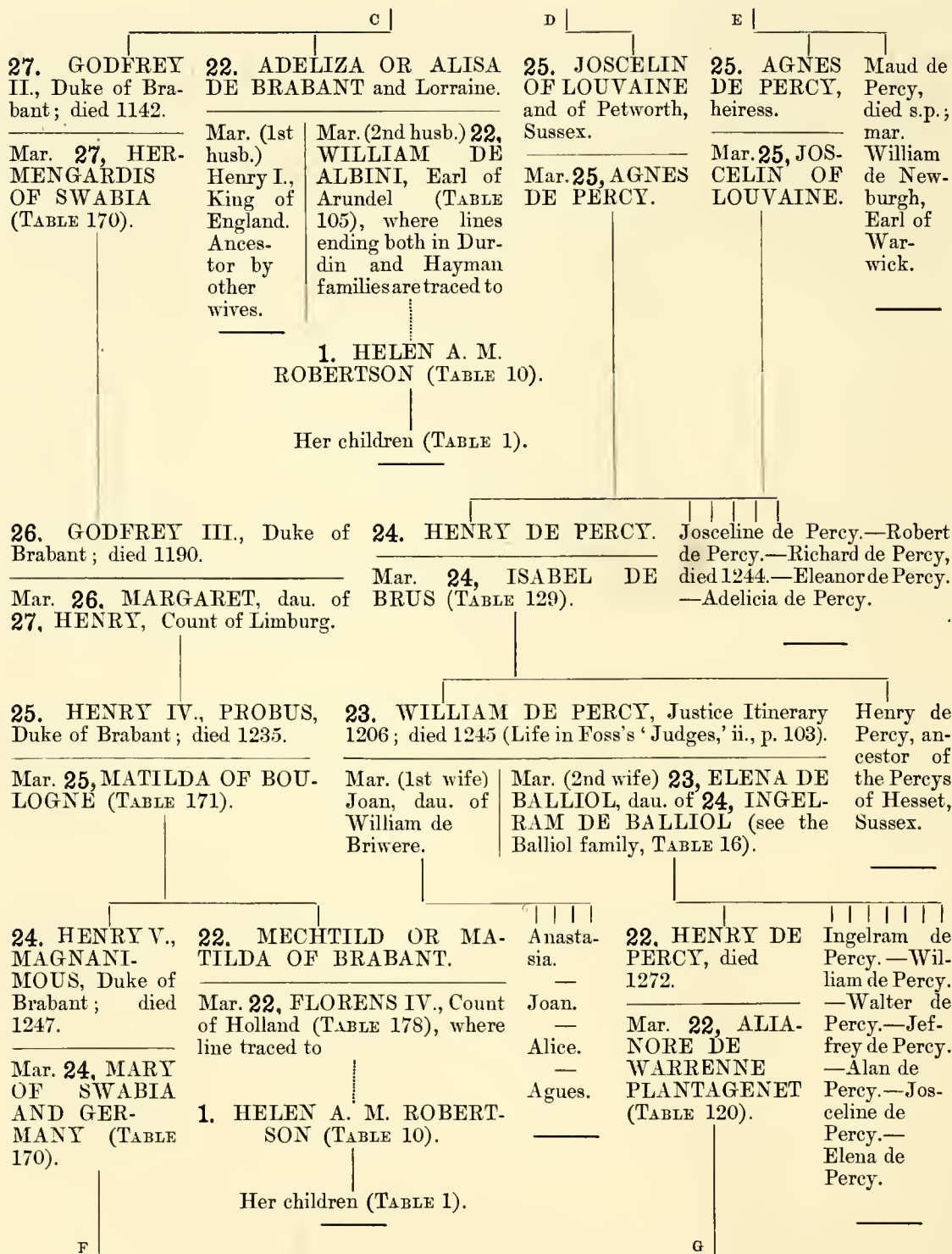
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).
Her children (TABLE 1).

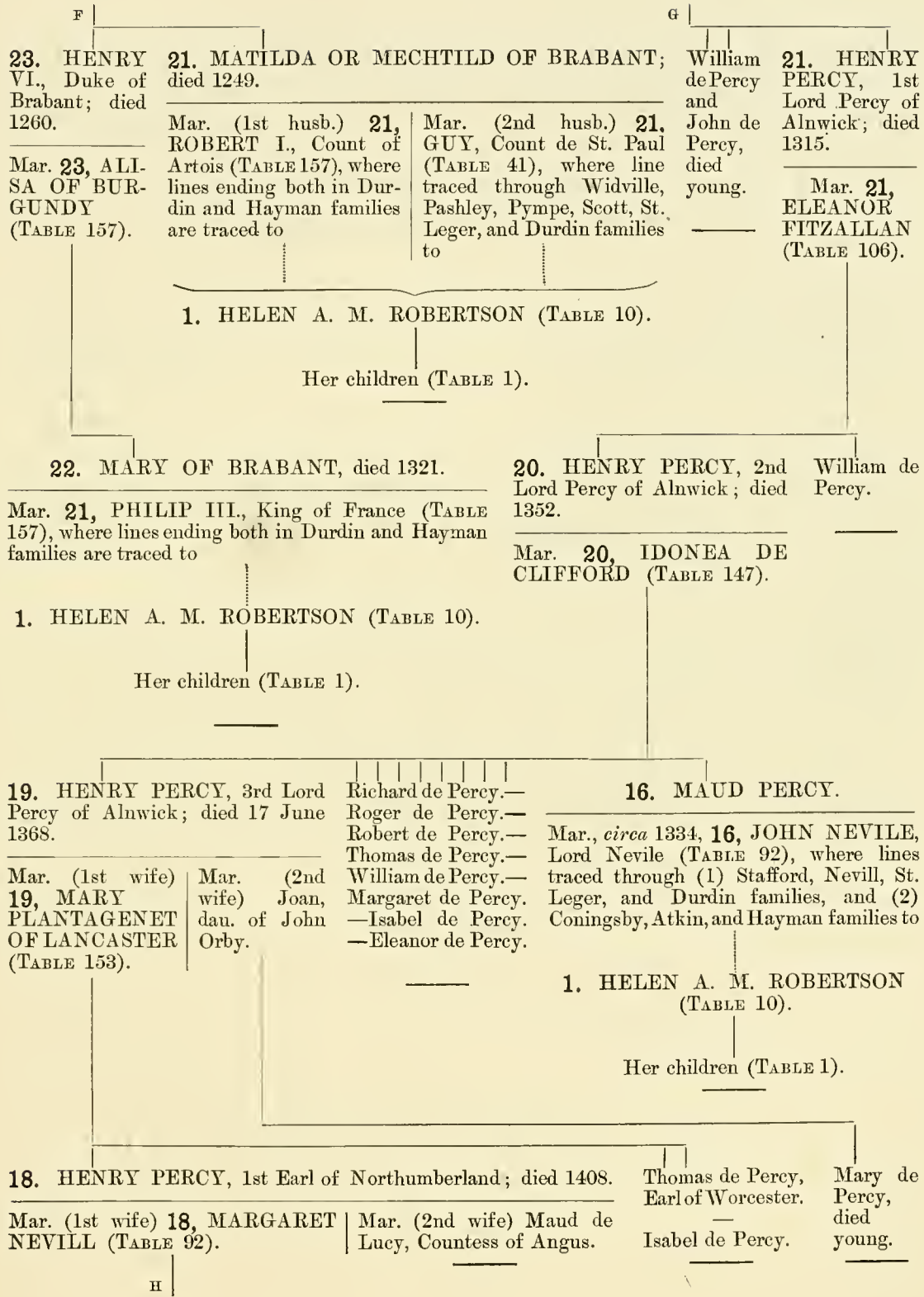
Table 100.

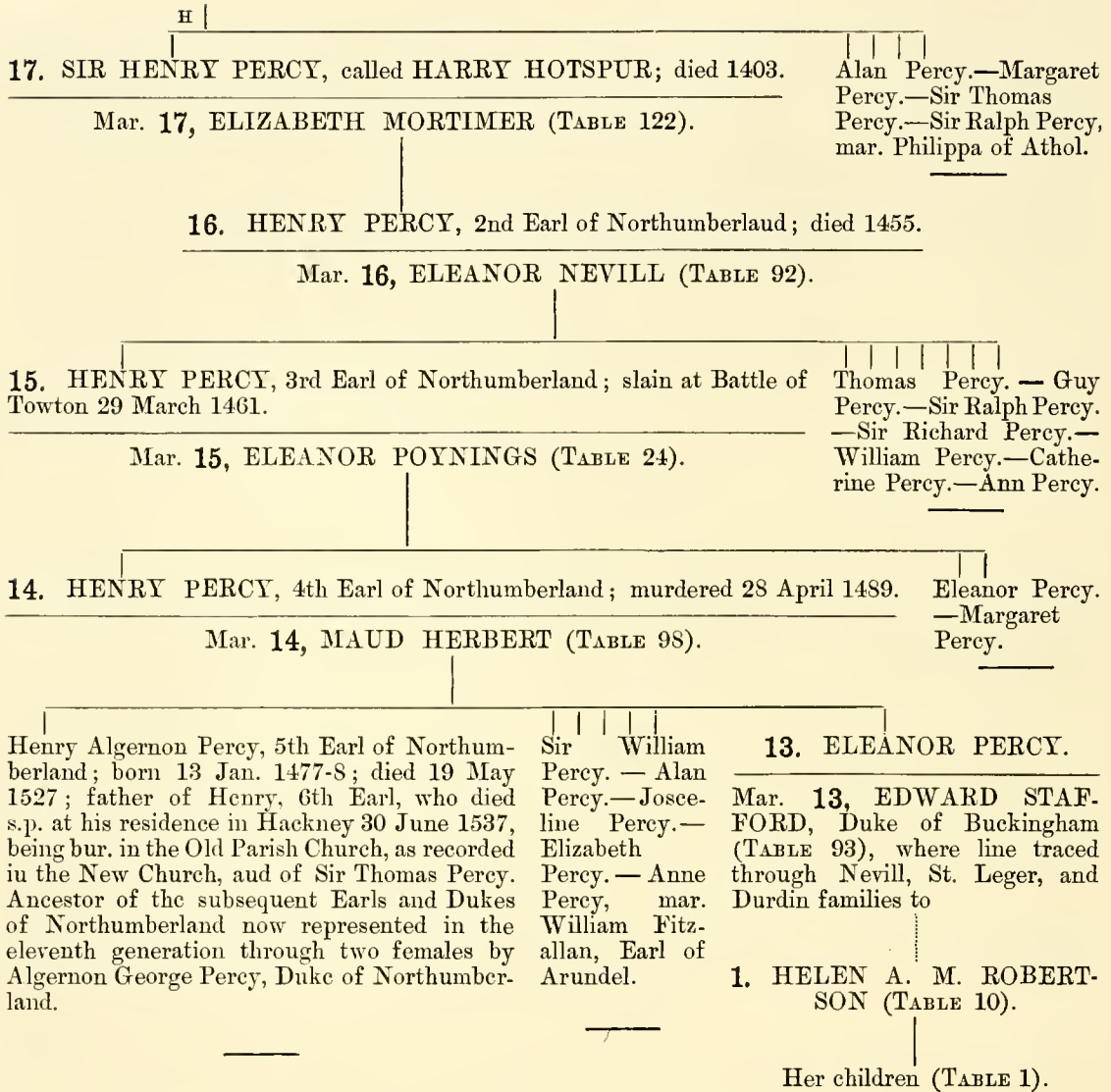
PERCY FAMILY, FORMERLY DUKES OF BRABANT AND COUNTS OF HAINAULT.











REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF HAINAULT AND FLANDERS.

Betham's Tables, 567.

DUKES OF BRABANT.

Betham's Tables, 569.

PERCY.

'Annals of the House of Percy,' by E. B. de Fonblanque, 1887.

'Male Descendants of Josceline de Louvain,' by W. E. Surtees, 1844.

Collins's 'Peerage,' ii., p. 245, Duke of Northumberland.

Burke's 'Peerage,' Duke of Northumberland.

Betham's Tables, 667.

Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' pp. 239-248.

Table 101.

BELLOMONT FAMILY AND BRANCHES.

PART 1.

BELLOMONT (EARL OF LEICESTER) FAMILY.

32. BERNARD, said to be of the Blood Royal of Saxony.

31. TORF THE RICH.

Mar. 31, ERTEMBERGA, dau. of 32, LANCELOT DE BRIQUE, a Danish noble.

30. INROLD OR TURLOF OF PONT AUDOMAR, jointly with his brother guardian of William the Conqueror.

Turchetill, Earl of Warwick, mar. Adelaine, sister of Tonstain, Lord of Monteforte.

30. WALERAN, Count of Mellent in Normandy.

Mar. 30, WEVA, sister of Gunnora, Duchess of Normandy (TABLE 107).

29. HUMPHREY DE VITULIS, called HONFROI DE VAUX in William de Jumiege's 'History,' lib. viii., cap. xxxvi.; see, too, Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 73.

He is omitted in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Bellomont, his wife being made wife of his son Roger. In Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886, Scheme I., after p. xxvi, 29, JOSCELINE, who occurs in TABLE 107, niece of his mother Weva, is made his sister.

29. ADELINE, Countess of Mellent, heiress to her brother.

HUGH, Count of Mellent, died s.p.

Mar. 29, HUMPHREY DE VITULIS.

Mar. 29, ADELINE, Countess of Mellent.

24. ROZCELIN, VIS-COUNT BELLOMONT, occurs in TABLE 93.

28. ROGER DE BELLOMONT OR BEAMONT, Count of Mellent; perhaps mar. Godechild de Toni (TABLE 93).

27. RALPH DE WAIER OR GUADER, created Earl of Norfolk and Suffolk by William I.

According to Dugdale he came from Normandy, as he held Guader Castle there; but by others he is reputed to have been an Englishman. Betham (Table 688) incorrectly makes him son of Robert, Count of Mellent.

27. ROBERT DE BELLOMONT, Count of Mellent and Earl of Leicester; died 1118.

Mar. 27, ELIZABETH OF VERMANDOIS (TABLE 157).

24. HENRY DE NEWBURGH (see his issue below, Part 2 of this Table).

Mar. 27, EMMA FITZOSBORNE (TABLE 107).

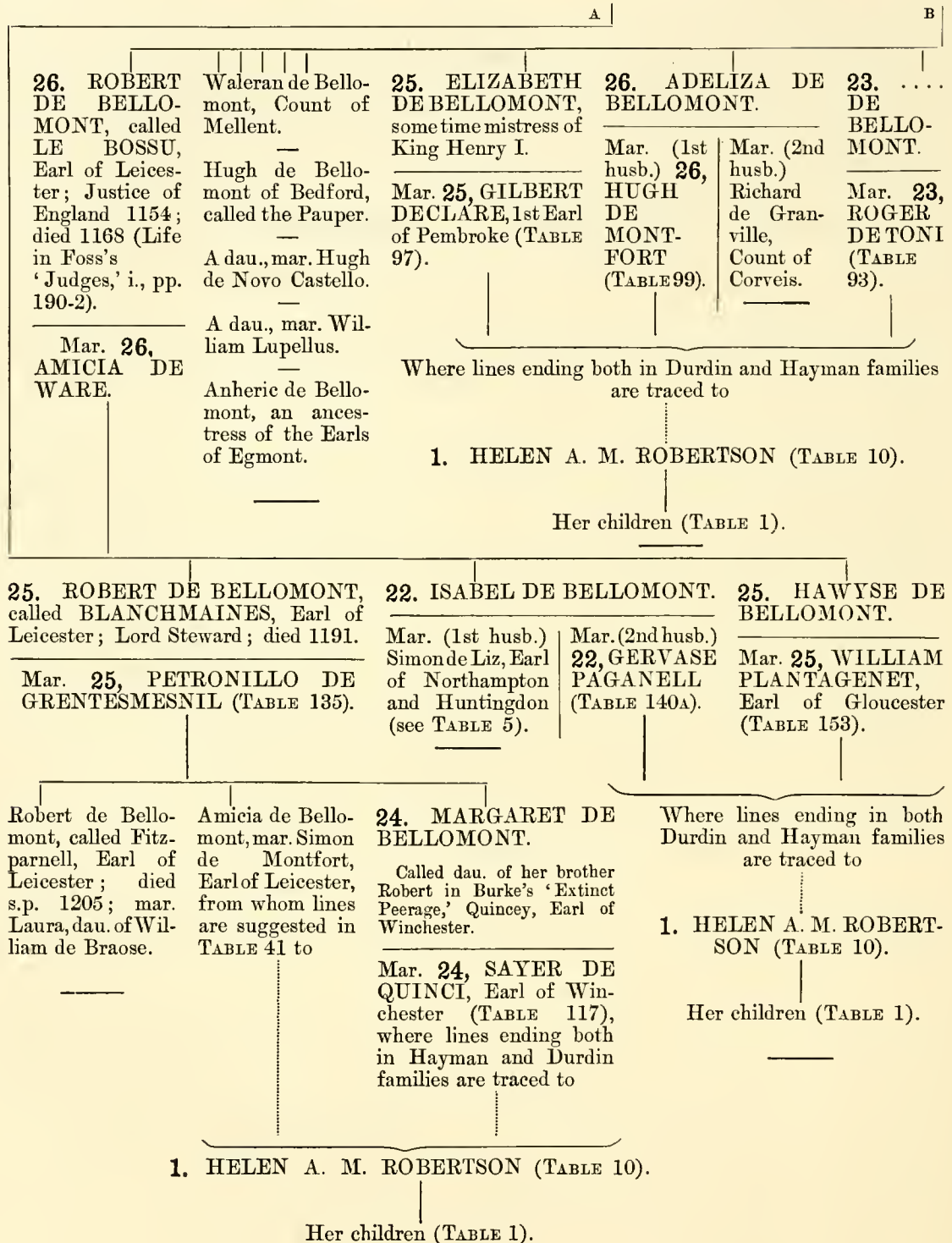
Ralph and Alan of Guader Castle, Normandy.

26. AMICIA DE WARE.

Mar. 26, ROBERT DE BELLOMONT, Earl of Leicester.

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B



PART 2.

NEWBURGH (EARL OF WARWICK) FAMILY.

24. HENRY DE NEWBURGH, so called after a castle of that name in Normandy; Earl of Warwick; died 1123; see his ancestors in Part I.

Mar. **24.** MARGARET OF PERCH (TABLE 162).

23. ROGER DE NEWBURGH, 2nd Earl of Warwick.

Mar. **23.** GUNDRUD DE WARREN (TABLE 120).

Henry de Newburgh.—Geoffrey de Newburgh.—Rotrode de Newburgh.—Richard de Newburgh, Seueschal and Justice of Normandy.—Two daus.

William de Newburgh, 3rd Earl of Warwick; died s.p. in Holy Land 1184; mar. (1st wife) Maud, dau. and coheirss of William, Lord Percy; (2nd wife) Margaret D'Eivill.

22. WALERAN DE NEWBURGH, 4th Earl of Warwick; died 1205.

Mar. (1st wife) Margery de Bohun, dau. of Humphrey de Bohun, Earl of Hereford.

Mar. (2nd wife) **22.** ALICE, dau. of **23.** JOHN DE HARCOURT, and widow of John de Limesi.

Robert de Mauduit, Chamberlain to the King; Justice (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 271).

23. WILLIAM DE MAUDUIT, Baron of Hanslope; Chamberlain to Henry II.

Mar. **24.** MAUD DE HANSLOPE, dau. and heiress of **25.** MICHAEL DE HANSLOPE of Hanslope, Bucks.

Henry de Newburgh of Gowerland, Wales; died s.p.

Agnes de Newburgh, mar. Geoffrey de Clinton.

22. ROBERT DE MAUDUIT, Baron of Hanslope; Justice in 1208; died 1222; (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' ii., pp. 91-2.)

Mar. **22.** ISABEL . . . heiress to **23.** THURSTAN BASSET, died — Dec. 1225.

Henry de Newburgh, 5th Earl of Warwick; issue extinct; mar. (1st wife) Margery, eldest dau. and coheirss of Henry D'Oyley of Hoskinton, Oxford; (2nd wife) Philipa, dau. of Thomas Basset of Hedendon.

Waleran de Newburgh, died s.p.

Gundrud de Newburgh, a nun.

21. ALICE DE NEWBURGH, heiress of this family.

Mar. **21.** WILLIAM MAUDUIT, Lord of Hanslope.

21. WILLIAM MAUDUIT, Lord of Hauslope; Governor of Rockingham Castle; died 1257.

Mar. **21.** ALICE DE NEWBURGH.

20. ISABEL DE MAUDUIT, Countess of Warwick.

Mar. **20.** WILLIAM DE BEAUCHAMP (TABLE 102), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

William de Mauduit, Earl of Warwick, born 1221; died s.p. 1268; mar. Alice, dau. of Gilbert de Segrave.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

BELLOMONT, otherwise NEWBURGH.

Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886 edition, Scheme I., after p. xxvi.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Bellomont, Earl of Leicester.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Newburgh, Earl of Warwick.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 83, Bellomont.

Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' under Beamont.

GUADER OF WAIER.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Wayer.

D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 77.

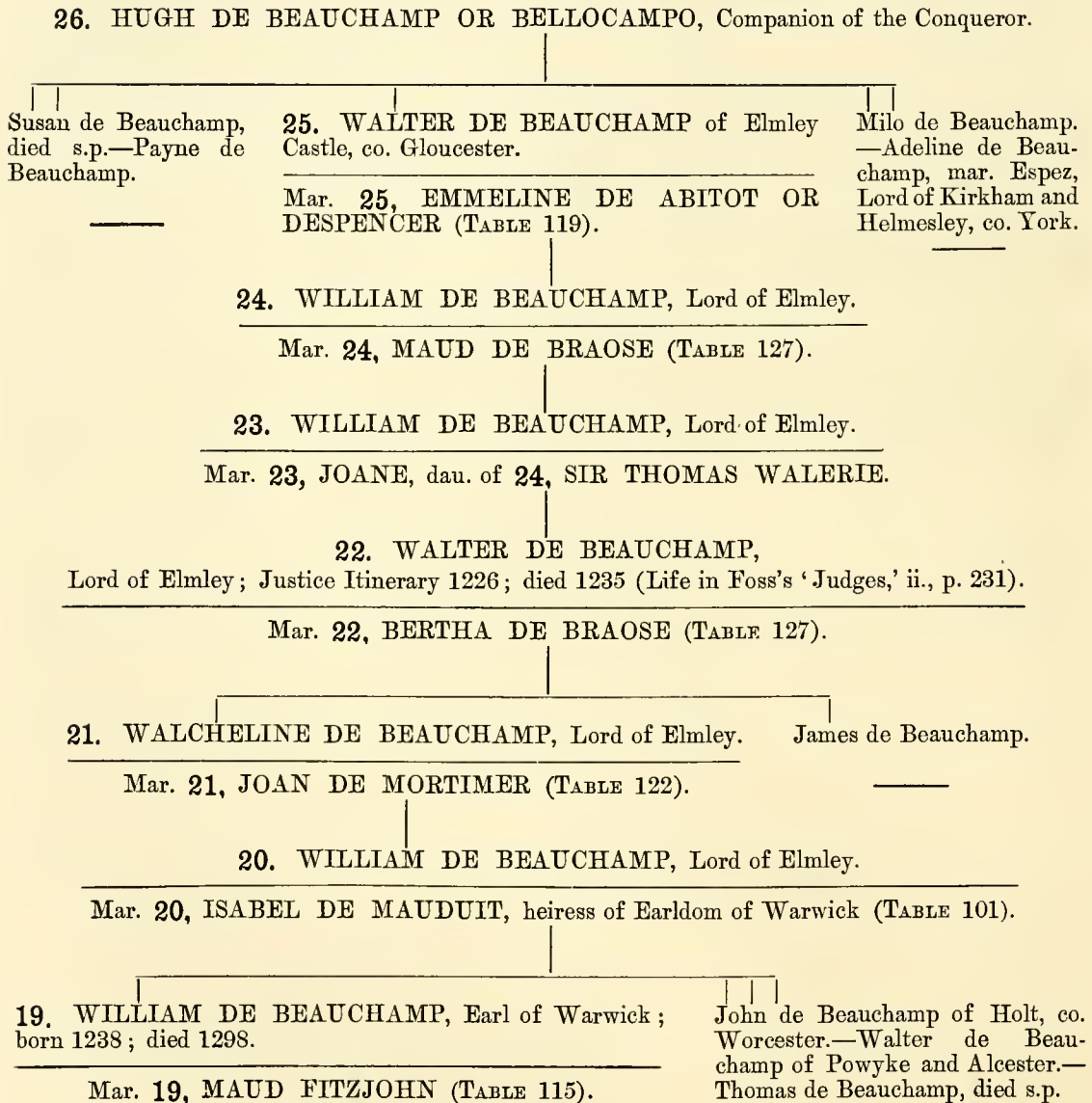
MAUDUIT.

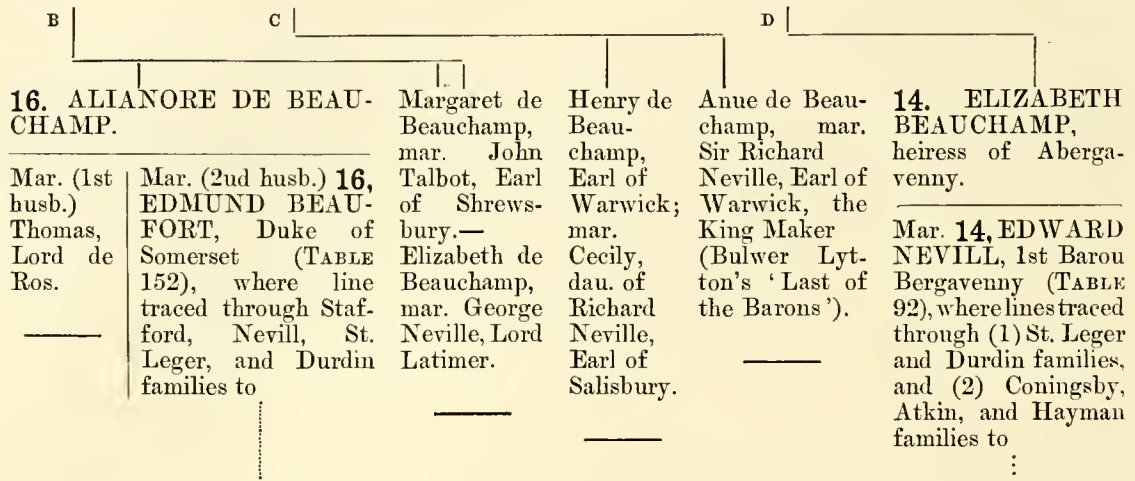
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Newburgh, Earl of Warwick.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 398, Mauduit.

Table 102.

BEAUCHAMP (EARL OF WARWICK) FAMILY.





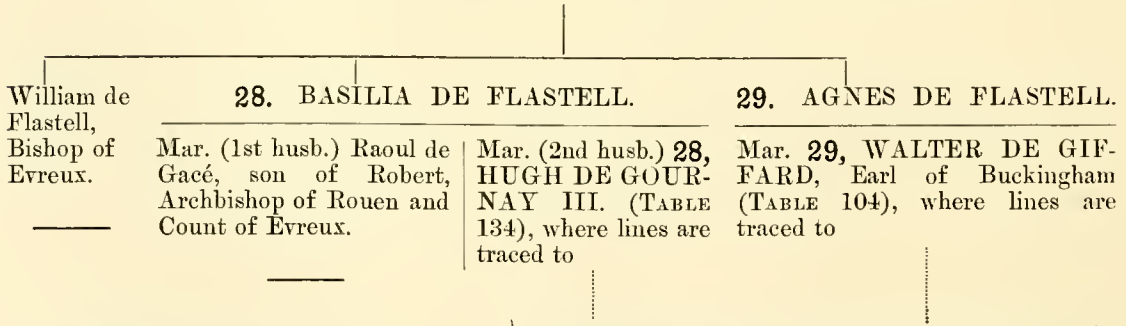
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.
 BEAUCHAMP.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 225.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).
 Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 103.

FLASTELL FAMILY.

29. GERARD DE FLATEL OR FLASTELL OR FLAITELL.



REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.
 FLATEL.
 D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 22.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).
 Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 104.

GIFFARD (EARL OF BUCKINGHAM) FAMILY.

30. OSBERNE DE BOLEBEC.

Others of this name occur in TABLE 118.

Mar. 30, AVELINE OF DENMARK (TABLE 107).

29. WALTER GIFFARD, Companion of the Conqueror; Earl of Buckingham; died 1103 in Euglaud, but bur. at entrance of Abbey Church of Longueville, Normandy (Inscrip., Dugdale's 'Barouage,' i., p. 60).

Godfrey Giffard, father of William, Count of Arques (D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 73).

31. HUBERT DE RIE, a Norman; sent before the Conquest by William the Conqueror to King Edward the Confessor to bring back the tokens by which King Edward declared William to be the successor to his throne; Companion of the Conqueror, and sent after the Conquest to Normandy to prevent any rebellion during William's absence.

Mar. 29, AGNES DE FLASTELL (TABLE 103).

William Gifford, Earl of Buckingham; died s.p.

William Gifford, Bishop of Winchester.

28. ROHAIS OR ROHESIA DE GIFFARD, heiress.

Mar. (1st husb.) 28, RICHARD FITZ-GILBERT (TABLE 97), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

Mar. (2nd husb.) 30, EUDO DAPIFER.

Ralph de Rie, Governor of Nottingham Castle.—Hubert de Rie, Governor of Norwich Castle.—Adam de Rie, obtained lands in Keut.—Dau., apparently mother of Peter de Valoines (Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 109).

30. EUDO DE RIE, known as EUDO DAPIFER, 4th son, obtained the office of Dapifer or Steward when William Fitzosberue, ancestor of old Earls of Hereford, gave it up; Governor of Colchester; died and bur. there in 1120.

Mar. 28, ROHESIA DE GIFFARD.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

29. MARGARET DAPIFER, only child; heiress of the Stewardship of Normandy.

Mar. 29, WILLIAM DE MANDEVILL (TABLE 114), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

GIFFARD.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 59, Earl of Buckingham.

William de Jumiege's 'History of Normandy,' book viii., cap. xxxvi., p. 7.

Table 105.

ALBINI FAMILY AND ITS BRANCHES.

PART 1.

ALBINI (EARL OF ARUNDEL) FAMILY.

24. ROGER DE ALBINI OR ALBANY OR DAUBENEY.

Mar. 24, DE MOWBRAY, a sister of Robert de Mowbray, Earl of Northumberland.

23. WILLIAM DE ALBINI, surnamed PINCERNA, or the Butler (see another family Albin Brito in TABLE 93); Companion of the Conqueror; Butler to King of England; on day of Coronation obtained lands in Norfolk; Lord of Bucknam Castle; founded Wymondham Abbey, Norfolk.

26. NIGEL DE ALBINI (see Part 2 of this Table).

Mar. 23, MAUD BIGOT (TABLE 121).

22. WILLIAM DE ALBINI, called of the Stronghand from tradition that he pulled out a lion's tongue; Earl of Sussex, commonly of Arundel, from his owning Arundel Castle, Sussex, in right of his wife, but sometimes called Earl of Chichester, Sussex; founded Bokenham Priory; died at Warnley, Surrey, 3 Oct. 1176; bur. at Wymondham Abbey.

Nigel de Albin.
—Oliver de Albin.
—Oliva de Albin, married Raphe de Haya.

Mar. 22, ADELIZA OF LORRAINE AND BRABANT, previously Queen of England (TABLE 100).

21. WILLIAM DE ALBINI, 2nd Earl of Arundel; died 1196.

Three sons. Three daus., of whom one mar.

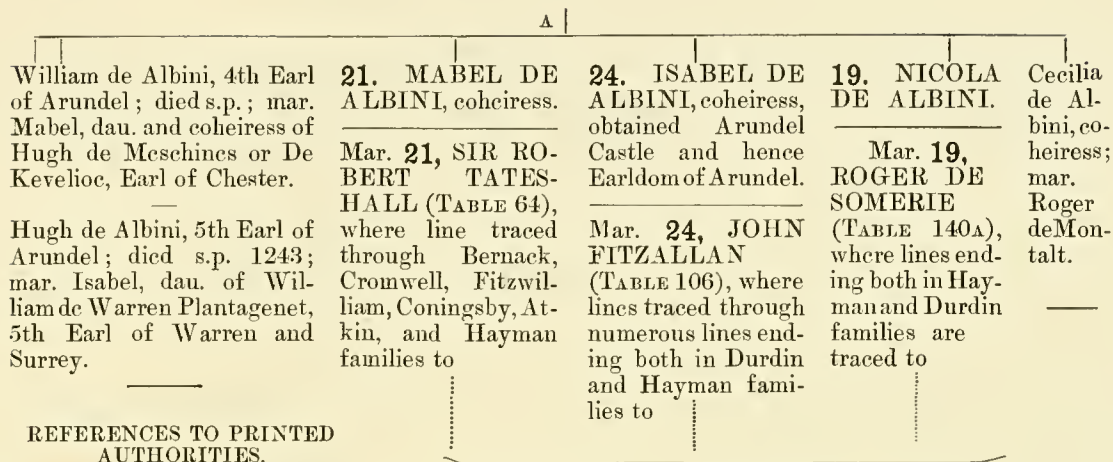
Mar. (according to Harleian Society, xvi., p. 336) 21, ALES, dau. of Alexander I., King of Scotland, whose ancestors are given in TABLE 3; possibly a natural dau.

John, Earl of Eu.

20. WILLIAM DE ALBINI,

3rd Earl of Arundel; Crusader in 1218; was at Siege of Damietta; died returning 1221. In Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' under Knevet and Warren, said to be bur. at Wymondham Abbey.

Mar. 20, MAUD, dau. and heiress of 21, JAMES DE ST. HILLARY, and widow of Roger de Clare, Earl of Hertford (TABLE 97), by whom she is also an ancestress. In Dugdale's 'Peerage,' i., p. 33, Harleian Society, xvi., p. 336, and Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Meschines, the wife of his son William is erroneously treated as wife of this Earl of Arundel.



DE ALBINI.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' De Albin, Earl of Arundel.
 Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' Warren, p. 336, also Knevet.
 J. T. Barrett's 'Memorials of Attleborough,' p. 179.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

PART 2.

MOWBRAY FAMILY.

26. NIGEL DE ALBINI,

Companion of the Conqueror (see Part 1 of this Table); Bow Bearer to William II.; got the lands of his maternal uncle Robert de Mowbray. (See his parents in Part 1.)

<p>Mar. (1st wife), by leave of Pope Paschal I., Maud, dau. of Richard de Aguila, and wife of his maternal uncle Robert de Mowbray, but was divorced from her.</p>	<p>Mar. (2nd wife), in 1118, 26. GUNDRUD DE GOURNAY (TABLE 134).</p>
--	---

25. ROGER DE ALBINI, assumed the name of MOWBRAY; a commander, though under age, at the Battle of the Standard 1138.

Henry de Albin, ancestor of the Albinis, Lords of Camho.

Mar. **25**, ALICE DE GANT (the Gant family is in TABLE 99).

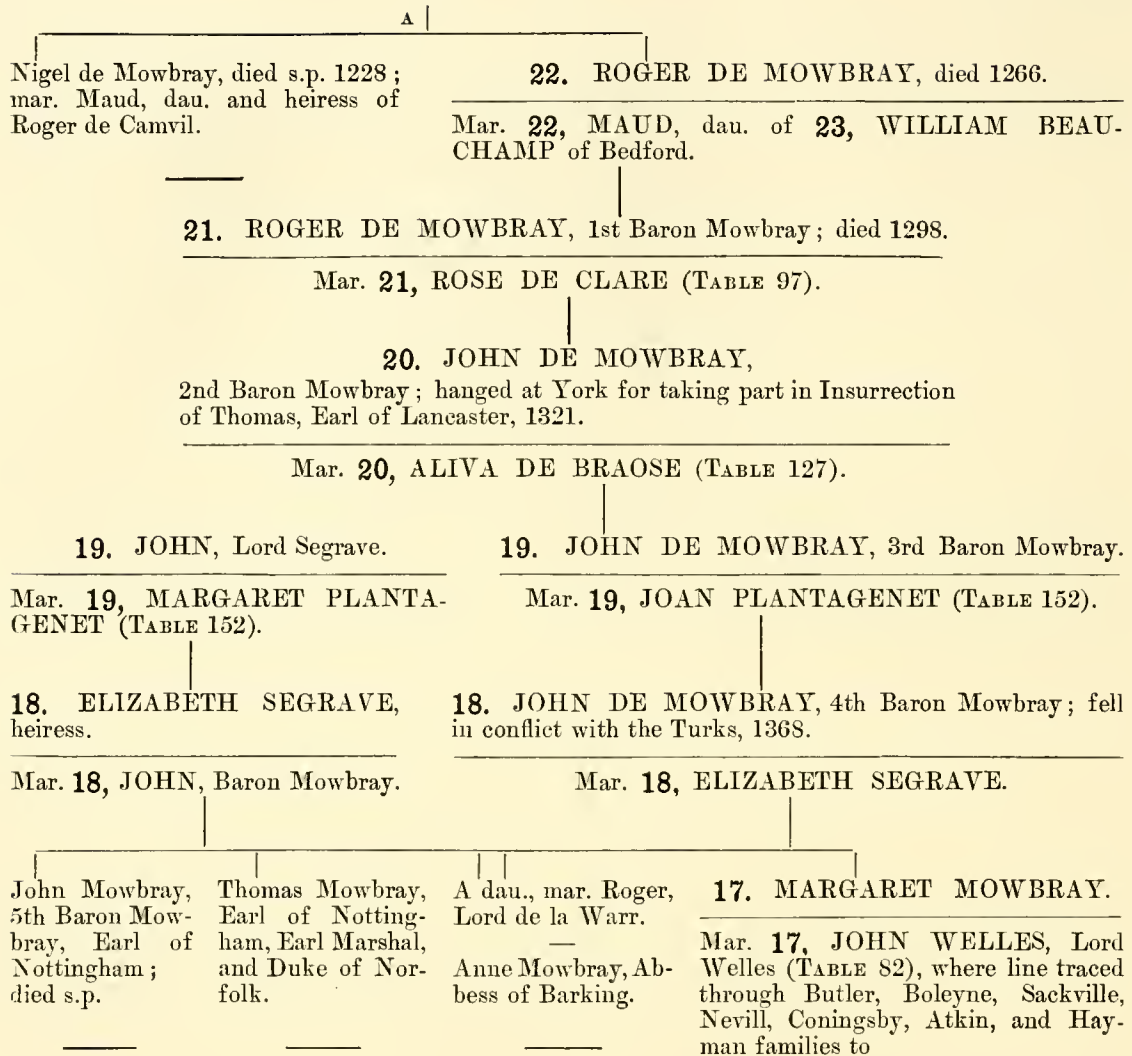
24. NIGEL DE MOWBRAY, died 1191.

Mar. **24**, MABEL DE CLARE, dau. of **25**, an Earl de Clare (see the Clare family in TABLE 97).

23. WILLIAM DE MOWBRAY, died 1222.

Robert de Mowbray.
 —Philip de Mowbray.
 —Roger de Mowbray.

Mar. **23**, AGNES, dau. of **24**, an Earl of Arundel (see for these Earls, Part 1 of this Table and TABLE 106).



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

MOWBRAY.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Mowbray.
And authorities cited under Albini, Earl of Arundel, in Part I
of this Table.

Table 106.

FITZALLAN (EARL OF ARUNDEL) FAMILY.

28. FLATHALD OR FLAALD, a Norman.

27. ALAN,

said to have been a Companion of the Conqueror; obtained from William I. the Castle of Oswestry, Salop.

Mar. 27, WARINE of Shropshire, an heiress.

26. WILLIAM FITZALLAN, died before 1160.

Mar. 26, ISABEL DE SAY (TABLE 114A).

Called in 'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' ii., p. 161, Sidney Pedigree, Ella, dau. and coheiress of Sir William Peverell; and the wife of his son William is there called Isabel, dau. of Sir Ingram de Say.

Walter Fitzallan, made Lord High Steward of Scotland by King David I.; died 1177; mar. Eshina de Londiniis, heiress of Molla and Eschina in Roxburghshire. Ancestors in the male line of the Stuart Kings of Scotland and England (see as to his ancestry Percy M. Thornton's 'Stuart Dynasty,' pp. 1 and 2).

Simon Fitzallan. His son adopted the name of Boyt or Boyd, and was ancestor of the Boyds, Earls of Kilmarnock (Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Boyd, and D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 581).

25. WILLIAM FITZALLAN, died 1172.

William Fitzallan, died 1214; mar. Mary, dau. of Thomas de Errington.

24. JOHN FITZALLAN, Lord of Clun and Oswestry; died 1239; called in error Robert in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Albini.

Mar. 24, ISABEL DE ALBINI, heiress of Castle and Earldom of Arundel (TABLE 105).

23. JOHN FITZALLAN, 5th Earl of Arundel as owner of the Castle of Arundel.

Mar. 23, MAUD DE VERDUN (TABLE 142).

22. JOHN FITZALLAN, 6th Earl of Arundel; died 1269.

Mar. 22, ISABEL DE MORTIMER (TABLE 122).

21. RICHARD FITZALLAN, 7th Earl of Arundel; died 1302.

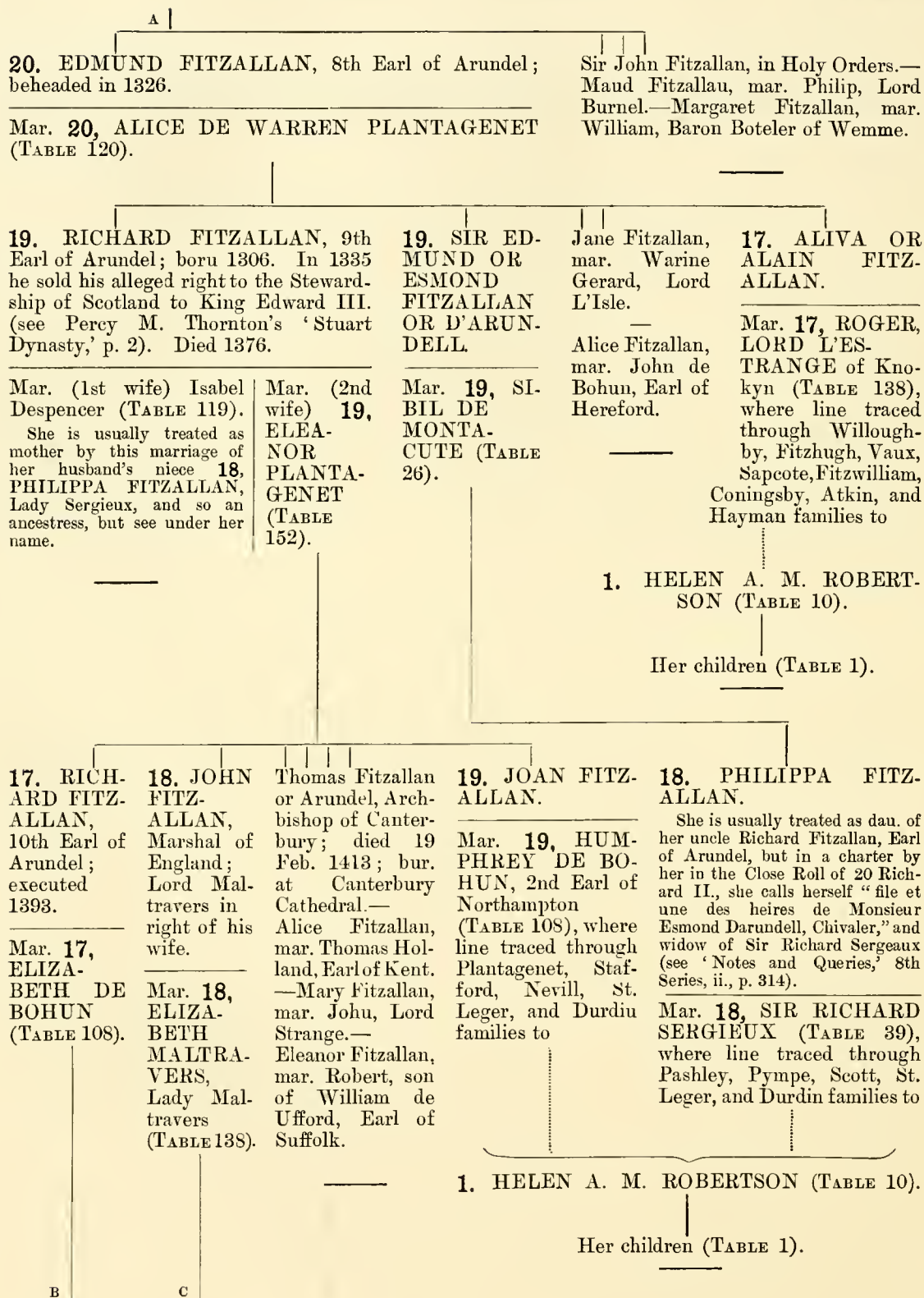
Mar. 21, ALICE, dau. of 22, a Marquis de Saluce in Italy.

21. ELEANOR FITZALLAN.

Mar. 21, HENRY PERCY, 1st Lord Percy (TABLE 100), where line traced through (1) Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Stafford, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).



B	C					
16. JOAN FITZ-ALLAN. Her will at p. 120 of D. Rowland's 'Nevill Family.'	Alice Fitzallan, mar., according to Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' "Fitzallan," John Cherlton, Lord Powys, but this does not appear under "Cherlton;" mistress of Cardinal Henry Beaufort, whose ancestors are given in TABLE 152, and from their natural dan. 20, JANE, who mar. 20, SIR EDWARD STRADLING (TABLE 49), lines are traced through Griffith, Jones, and Hayman families to	15. ELIZABETH FITZ-ALLAN, born 1372; died 8 July 1425.	Mar. (1st husb.) William de Montacute; (2nd husb.) Thomas de Mowbray, Duke of Norfolk; (3rd husb.) Sir Gerard Ufflete.	Mar. (4th husb.) 15, SIR ROBERT GOUSHILL OR GOUSSELL (TABLE 67B), where line traced through Wingfield, Brandon, Sidney, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to	17. JOHN FITZ-ALLAN, born 1365; died 1392.	William Fitzallan, K.G.—Thomas or Edward Fitzallan.—Henry Fitzallan.—Joan Fitzallan.
Mar. 16, WILLIAM BEAUCHAMP of Bergaveuny (TABLE 102), where lines are traced through (1) Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to						

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

John Fitzallan, 12th Earl of Arundel; mar. Eleaour, dau. of Sir Johu Berkeley. Ancestors of the subsequent Earls of Arundel.—Edmund Fitzallan.—Margaret Fitzallan, mar. William, Lord Ros.

16. SIR THOMAS FITZ-ALLAN OR ARUNDEL of Beechworth or Betchworth Castle, Surrey.

15. ELEANOR FITZALLAN OR ARUNDEL, heiress of Betchworth Castle.

Mar. (1st husb.) Thomas Fogge; (3rd husb.) Sir Thomas Vaughan.

Mar. (2nd husb.) 15, SIR THOMAS BROWNE (TABLE 86), where line traced through (1) Kempe, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

FITZALLAN OR ARUNDEL.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 314, Fitzallan of Clun.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Fitzallan, Earl of Arundel.

'History of the House of Arundel,' by John Pym Yeatman.

'Topographer and Genealogist,' ii., pp. 312, 339; iii., pp. 240—255.

'Collect. Top. et Gen.,' i., pp. 316-17.

'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' ii., p. 161, Sidney Pedigree.

Harleian Society, xvi., p. 336, 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' Warren.

Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' i., p. 42, Stewart, Duke of Albany.

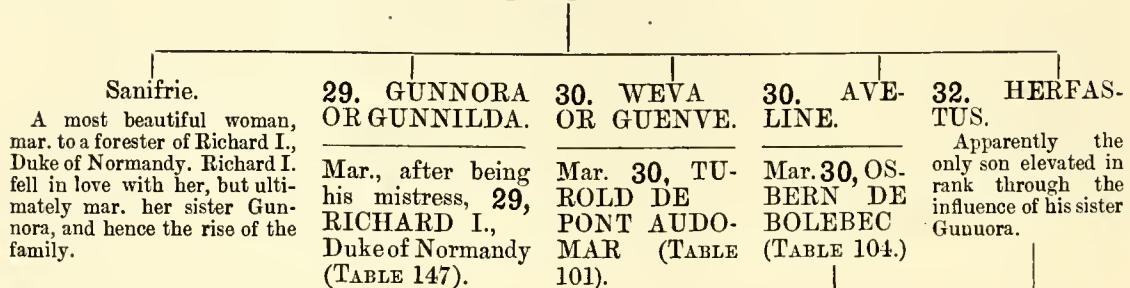
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 107.

FITZOSBERN (EARL OF HEREFORD) FAMILY.

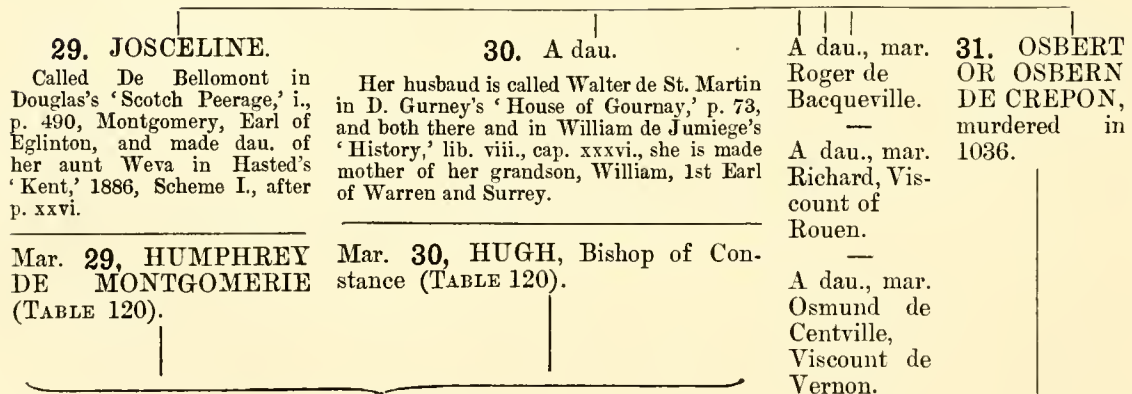
33. A Norman or perhaps a Dane of low degree.



In each of which Tables lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

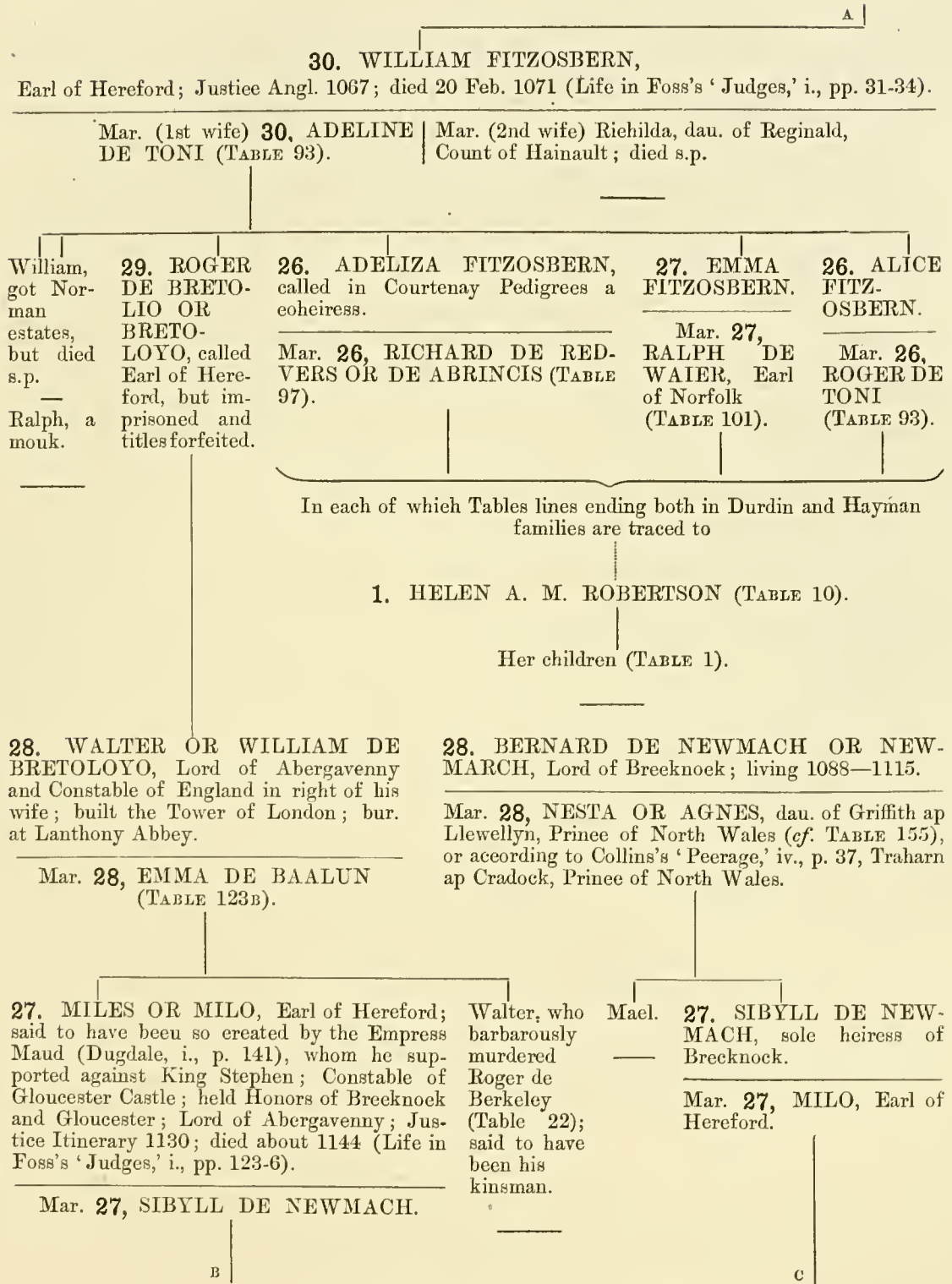
Her children (TABLE 1).



In each of which Tables lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).



B	C
<p>Roger, Earl of Hereford; died s.p. 1154; mar. Cecilia, dau. of Pain Fitzjohn, Lord of Ewyas.—Walter, Earl of Hereford and Lord of Abergavenny; died s.p.—Mabell, Earl of Hereford; died s.p.—Henry, Lord of Bergavenny; died s.p.—Hugh, Lord of Bergavenny; died s.p.—William, died s.p.</p>	<p>27. MARGERY DE GLOUCESTER, coheiress; living 1186.</p> <p>Mar. 27, HUMPHREY DE BOHUN (TABLE 108).</p>
	<p>27. BERTHA DE GLOUCESTER, coheiress.</p> <p>In Collins's 'Peerage,' iv., p. 37, she is called dau. of Walter, Earl of Hereford, and his father Walter, Earl of Hereford, is made to mar. Sibyll Newmach.</p> <p>Mar. 27, PHILIP DE BRAOSE (TABLE 127).</p>
	<p>24. LUCIE DE GLOUCESTER, coheiress; obtained Forest of Dean.</p> <p>Mar. 24, HERBERT FITZHERBERT (TABLE 28).</p>

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

EARLS OF HEREFORD.

William de Jumiege's 'History of Normandy,' viii., p. 37.

Eyton's 'Shropshire,' iv., pp. 196-7 (Mortimer Pedigree) and p. 184 (De Bohun Pedigree).

Daniel Rowland's 'Nevill Family,' p. 103 *et seq.*

Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886, Scheme I., after p. xxvi.

D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 73.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 546, Earl of Hereford.

NEWMACH.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 435, Newmarch.

In each of which Tables lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 108.

DE BOHUN (EARL OF HEREFORD) FAMILY.

29. HUMPHREY DE BOHUN,

called Humphrey with the Beard; Companion and kinsman of the Conqueror; Lord of Tatterford, Norfolk.

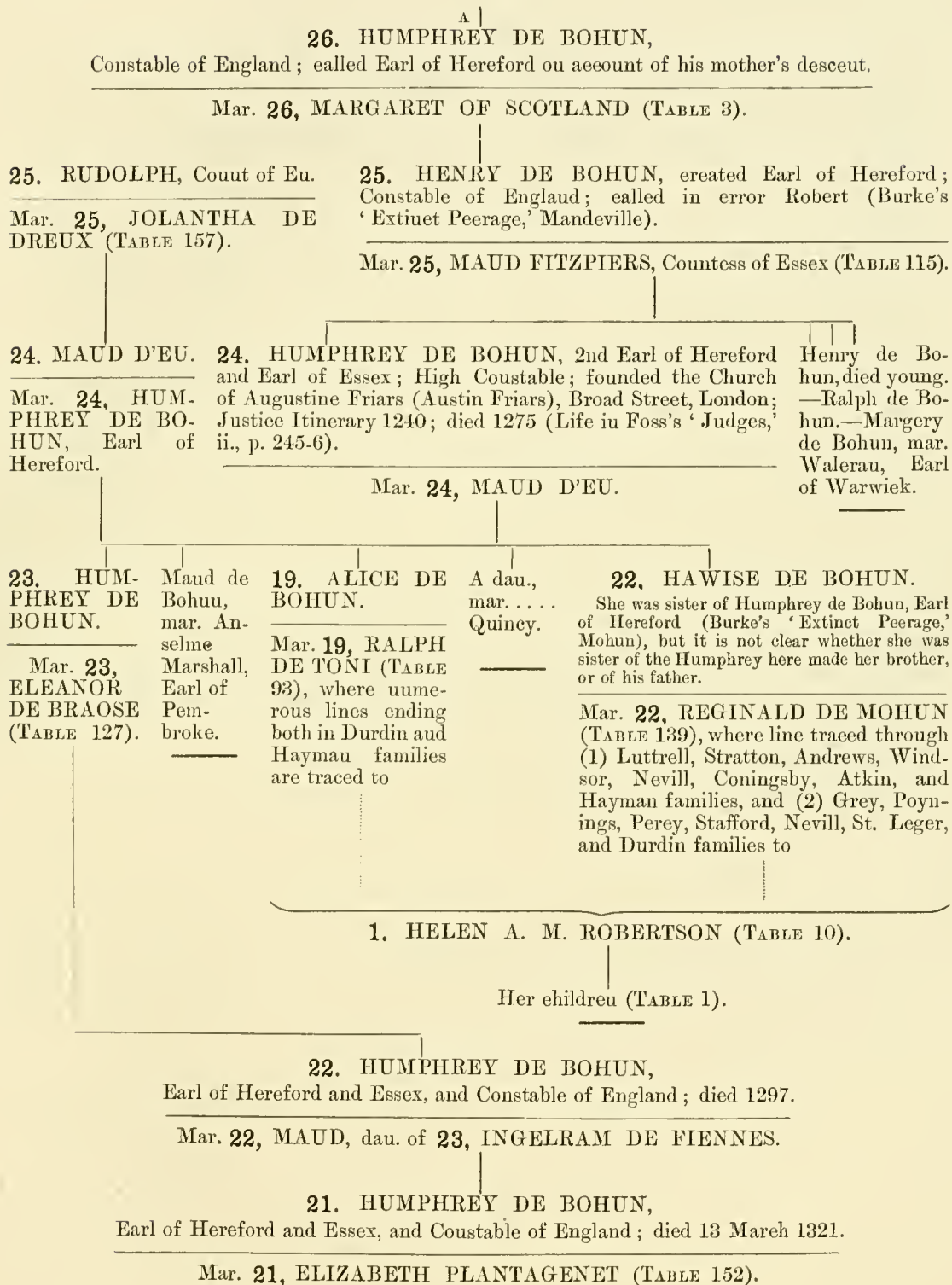
28. HUMPHREY DE BOHUN, surnamed the Great.

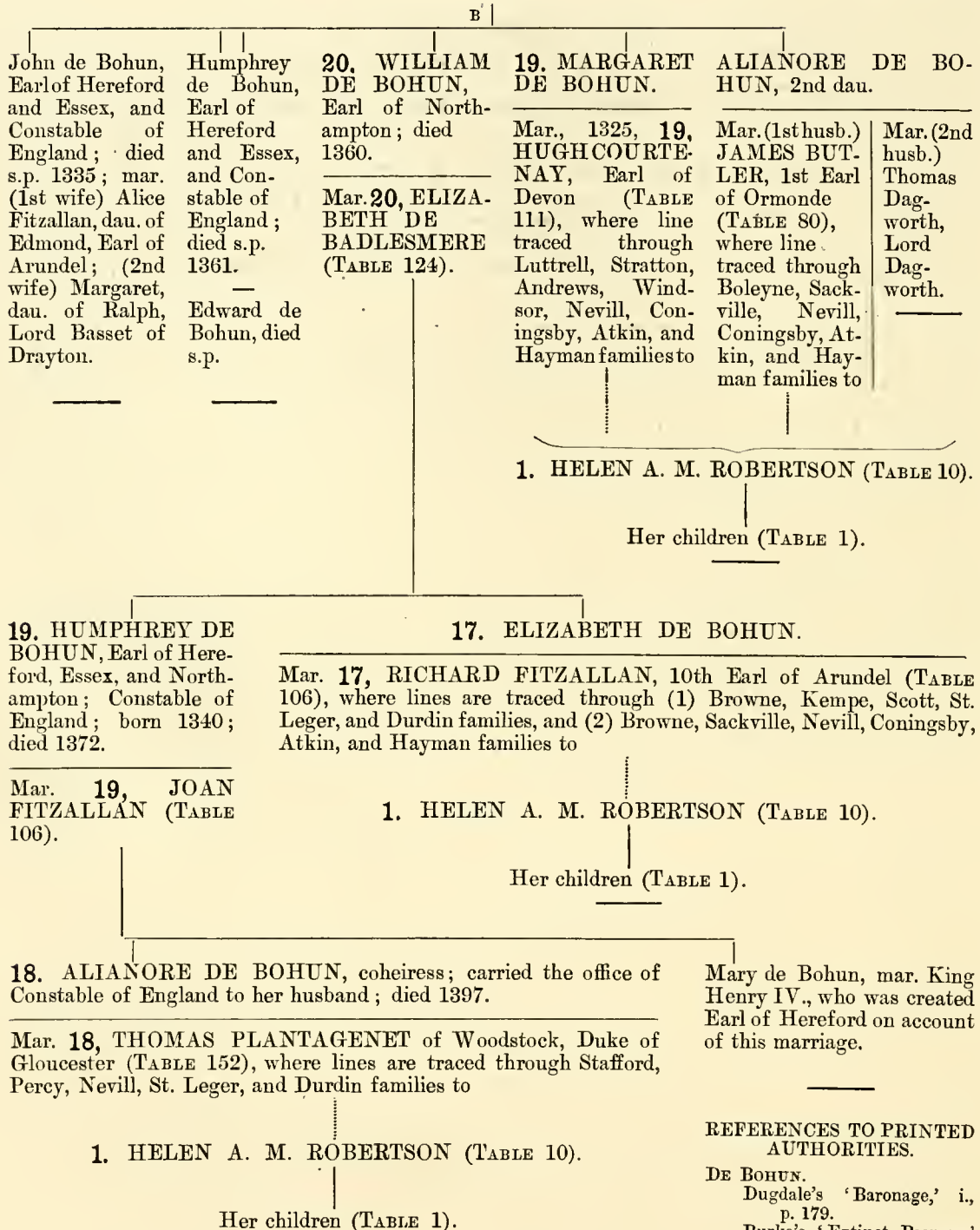
Mar. 28, MAUD D'EVEREUX (TABLE 112).

27. HUMPHREY DE BOHUN, Steward and Sewer to Henry I.; died 6 April 1187.

Maud de Bohun.

Mar. 27, MARGERY DE GLOUCESTER (TABLE 107).





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- DE BOHUN.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 179.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Bohun, Earl of Hereford, etc.
 Eyton's 'Shropshire,' iv., p. 184.

Table 109.

MESCHINES AND ABRINCIS (EARLS OF HEREFORD) FAMILIES.

34. LEURIC OR LEOFRIC, Earl of Chester in 716.

33. ALGAR SENIOR.

32. ALGAR JUNIOR.

29. A Darian, or of that race, "Dacorum Spermate Natus" (see monument to his grandson Robert de Roelent, Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 36).

31. LEOFWIN, Earl of Mercia.

Humphrey de Telliolo, father of Robert de Roelent (Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 35).

28. THURSTAN DE GOZ.

Edwin, killed by the Welsh after 1032.

30. LEOFRIC, Earl of Mercia; died 1079.

Mar. **30, LADY GODIVA** of Coventry fame, dau. of **31, THOROLD,** Sheriff of Lincoln.

Norman, murdered 1018.

Ermenilda of Mercia.

In an old pedigree printed in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 33, she is made, without mentioning her husband, mother of Hugh Lupus and his sister **26, MAUDE ABRINCIS,** in this Table. If this were so she would be an ancestress.

27. RICHARD DE GOZ OR DE ABRINCIS, Count of Avranché; first Governor of the Castle of St. James on borders of Normandy and Brittany (near Avranché).

Called erroneously in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 35, father of William the Conqueror.

Mar. **27, . . .** dau. of Richard II., Duke of Normandy (TABLE 147). See Ordericus Vitalis, book viii., in Le Prevost's edition, 1845, iii., p. 340, where her grandson Robert de Brienne calls her paternal aunt (amita) of William the Conqueror.

The mother of Hugh and Maud is called in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 33 (text), sister, and in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Abrincis, half-sister of William the Conqueror. As to Ermenilda of Mercia being their mother, see under her name in this Table.

29. ALGAR, Earl of Mercia; died 1059.

31. HERWARD THE WAKE, from whom lines are traced in TABLE 20, is treated as a son of this Leofric by Charles Kingsley in his novel where he gives reasons, but see Table 20.

Hugh de Abrincis, surnamed Lupus, and by the Welsh, Vras or the Fat; Earl of Chester; Companion of the Conqueror.

Mar. Ermentrude, dau. of Hugh de Claremout, Count of Bevoisiu France, and according to Harleian Society, xvi., Warreu, p. 336, Betryce, dau. of Robert II., the Devil, Duke of Normandy, by whom he is there made father of his sister Maud (Margaret).

A mistress.

26. MAUD DE ABRINCIS, heiress.

Mar. **26, RALPH DE MESCHINES,** surname of the family, according to Harleian Society, under Warren, BOHAN, and under Beamont, BOHEN.

27. ALBRED A DE ABRINCIS, heiress.

Mar. **27, BALDWIN DE BRION** (TABLE 97), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

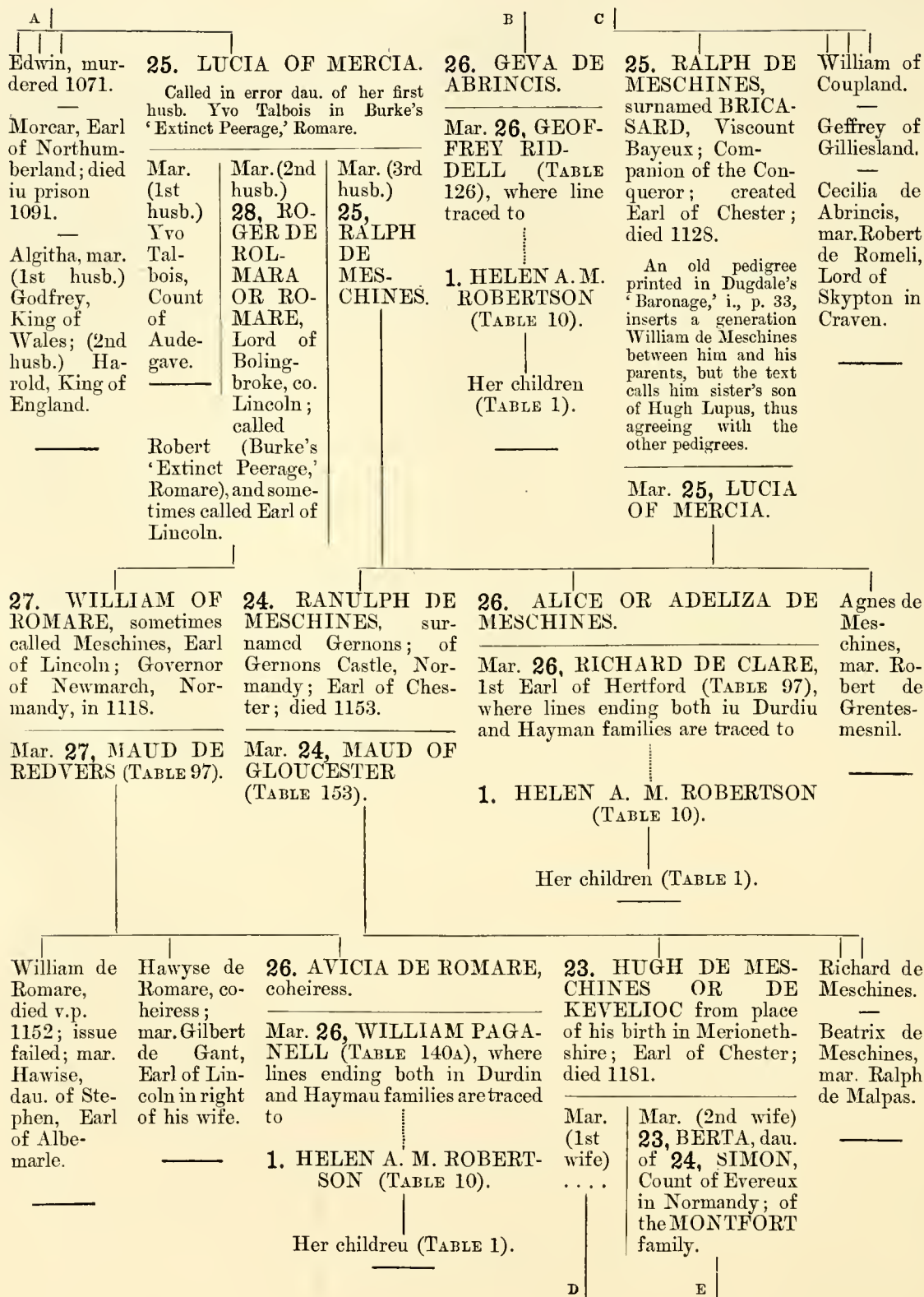
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

A

B

C



		D	E		
Amicia de Meschines, who mar. Ralph Mainwaring, Justice of Chester, <i>temp.</i> King John, and concerning whose legitimacy the 'Amicia Tracts,' Chet-ham Society, 78-80, were written.	Hugh or Ralph, surnamed Blunde-ville; Earl of Chester; died s.p. 26 Oct. 1232.	22. MAUD DE MES-CHINES. Mar. 22, DAVID OF SCOTLAND, Earl of Hunt-ington (TABLE 3), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman fami-lies are traced to	Mabel de Meschines, mar. William de Albini, 4th Earl of Arundel; died s.p. In old pedi-gree inserted in Dug-dale's 'Peerage,' i., p. 33; Harleian Society, xvi., p. 33; Burke's 'Extinct Peer-age,' Meschines, etc., confused in error with his father of the same name, the third Earl (TABLE 105), and thus made the father of him-self and his brothers and sisters.	24. AGNES DE MES-CHINES, co-heiress; died 1246. Mar. 24, WIL-LIAM DE FERRERS, 6th Earl of Derby (TABLE 113), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to	24. HAWISE DE MES-CHINES. Mar. 24, RO-BERT DE QUINCI (TABLE 117), where lines end-ing both in Dur-din and Hay-man families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

SAXON EARLS OF CHESTER.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 6.
Nichols's 'Leicestershire,' i., p. 545.

SAXON EARLS OF MERCIA.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 7.

ABRINCIS.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 33.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Abrincis, Earl of Chester.
For other families apparently unconnected, see Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 467, and Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 184.

MESCHINES.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 33.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Meschines, Earl of Chester.
Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' under Beaumont.

ROMARE.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Romare, Earl of Lincoln.
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 346, Romare.

Table 110.

COUNTS OF NEVERS.

35. BERNARD, Count of Nevers; made Governor of Nivernois by King Charles the Bald in 865; died 880.

34. WILLIAM I., Count of Nevers; died 900.

33. RODOLPH, Count of Nevers; died 915.

32. GEOFFREY, Count of Nevers; died 930.

31. SEGUIN, Count of Nevers; died 980.

30. WILLIAM II.,
Count of Nevers; died 998.

29. LANDRY, Count of Nevers; died 1006.

Mar. 29, MATILDA OF BURGUNDY
(TABLE 176).

28. RENAUD (René or Reginald) I., Count
of Nevers; died 1040.

Mar. 28, ALIX OF FRANCE (TABLE 157).

27. WILLIAM III., Count of Nevers
and of Tonnerre *jure ux.*; died 1100.

Mar. 27, HERMENGARD, dau. of 28,
RENAUD, Count of Tonnerre ('Grands
Fiefs,' Nevers, p. 85), but under Tonnerre
(p. 167) her father's name is given as MILO I.

B | *see supra.*

26. RENAUD II., Count of Nevers during
his father's lifetime; died 1089.

25. ERMENGARDE OF NEVERS.

Mar. 25, MILO DE COURTENAY
(TABLE 111), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED
AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF NEVERS.
Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 83.
COUNTS OF TONNERRE.
Ibid., p. 167.

Table 111.

COURTENAY (EARL OF DEVONSHIRE) FAMILY.

27. ATHON DE COURTENAY of Courtenay
(which he fortified) in the Isle of France in the
year 1000.

Said to be descendant of the mythical Pharamond, founder
of the French monarchy (see TABLE 156).

26. JOSCELINE DE COURTENAY, living
1065.

Mar. (1st wife) Hil- | Mar. (2nd wife) 26,
degarde, dau. of | ISABEL, dau. of 27,
Gaufride or Jeffrey, | GUY, Lord of Montle-
Count of Gastinois. | hery.

A |

B |

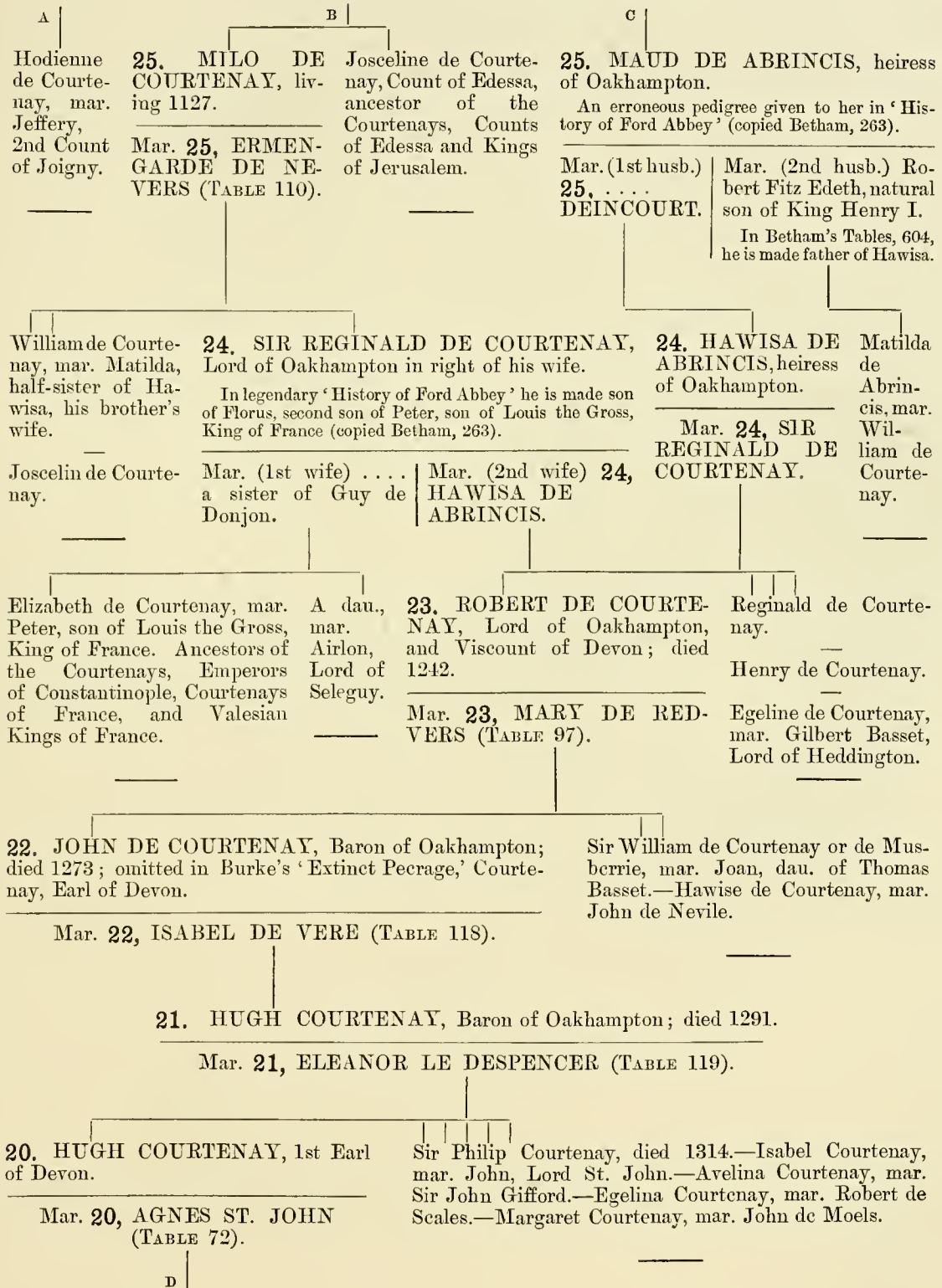
27. WILLIAM . . . who adopted the
name of DE ABRINCIS on account of
his marriage.

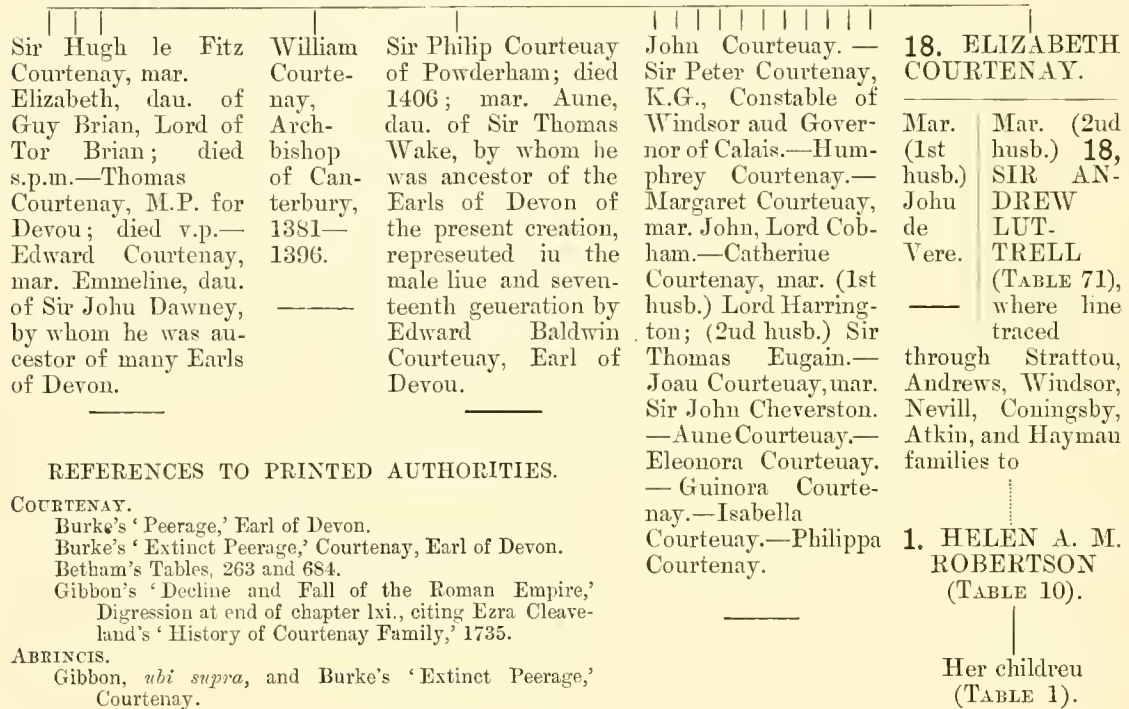
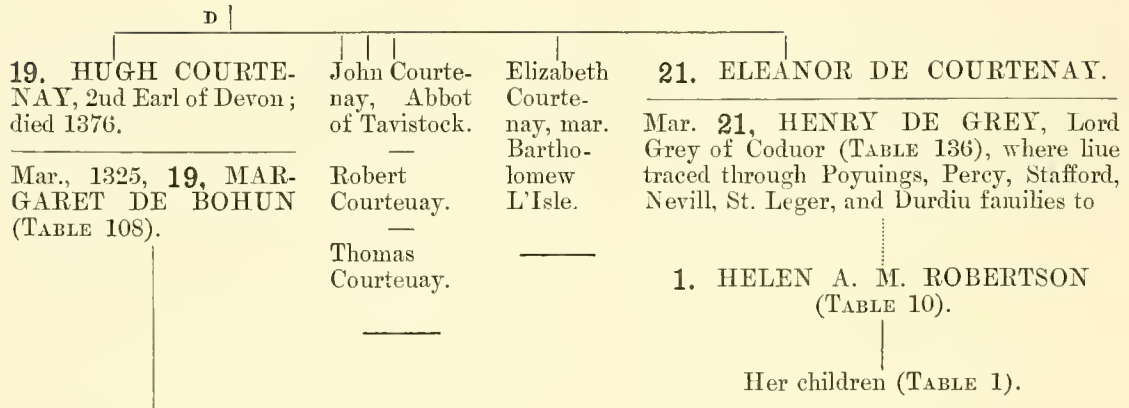
Mar. 27, EMMA DE ABRINCIS
(TABLE 97).

26. ROBERT DE ABRINCIS, obtained
grant of Oakhampton on its being resigned
by his maternal uncle Richard de Abrincis or
de Redvers, Earl of Devon (TABLE 97).

Mar. 26, . . . dau. of 27, GODWYN
DOLE.

C |





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COURTENAY.

- Burke's 'Peerage,' Earl of Devon.
- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Courtenay, Earl of Devon.
- Betham's Tables, 263 and 684.
- Gibbon's 'Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire,' Digression at end of chapter lxi., citing Ezra Cleaveland's 'History of Courtenay Family,' 1735.

ABBRINCIS.

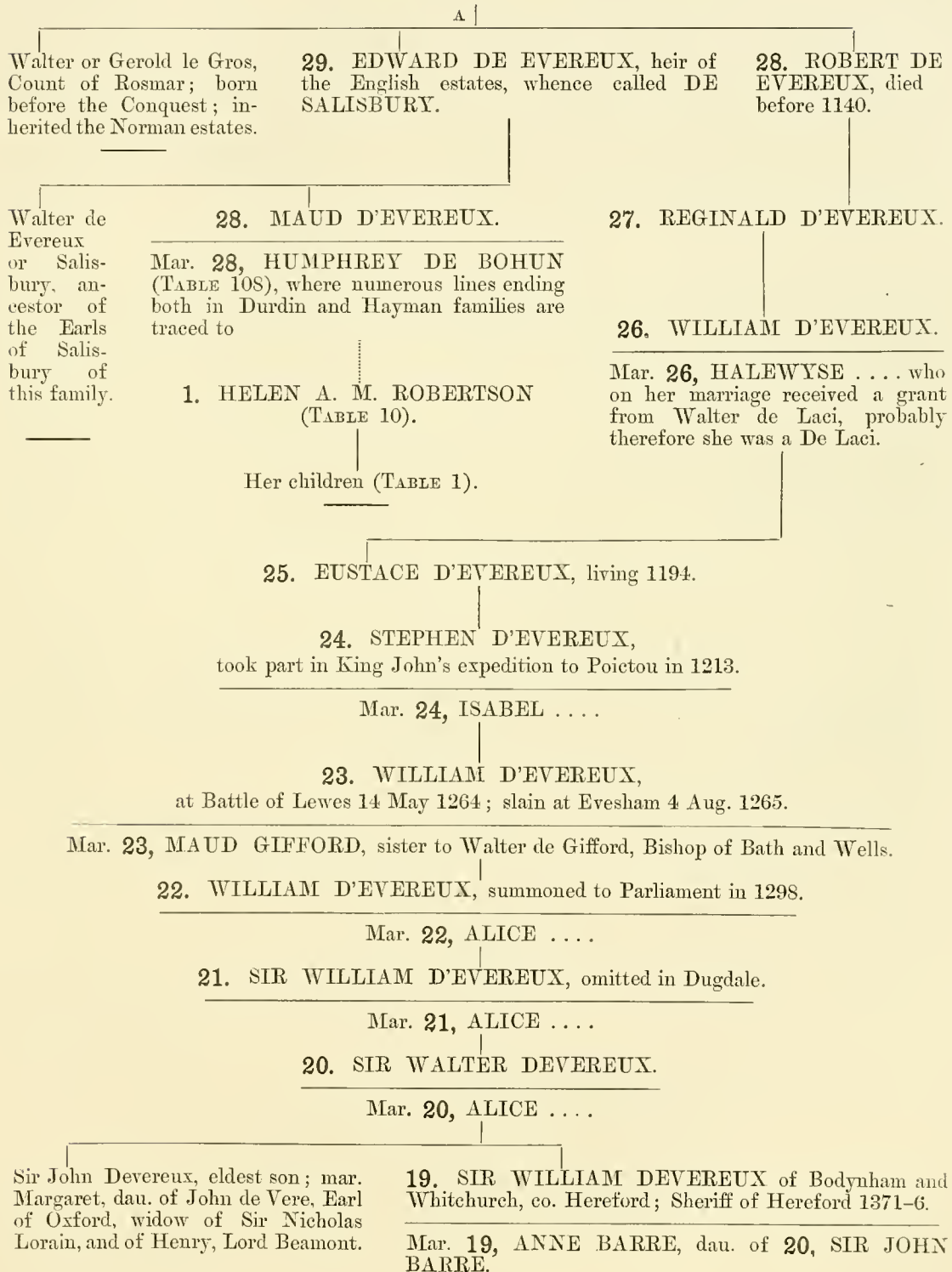
- Gibbon, *ubi supra*, and Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Courtenay.

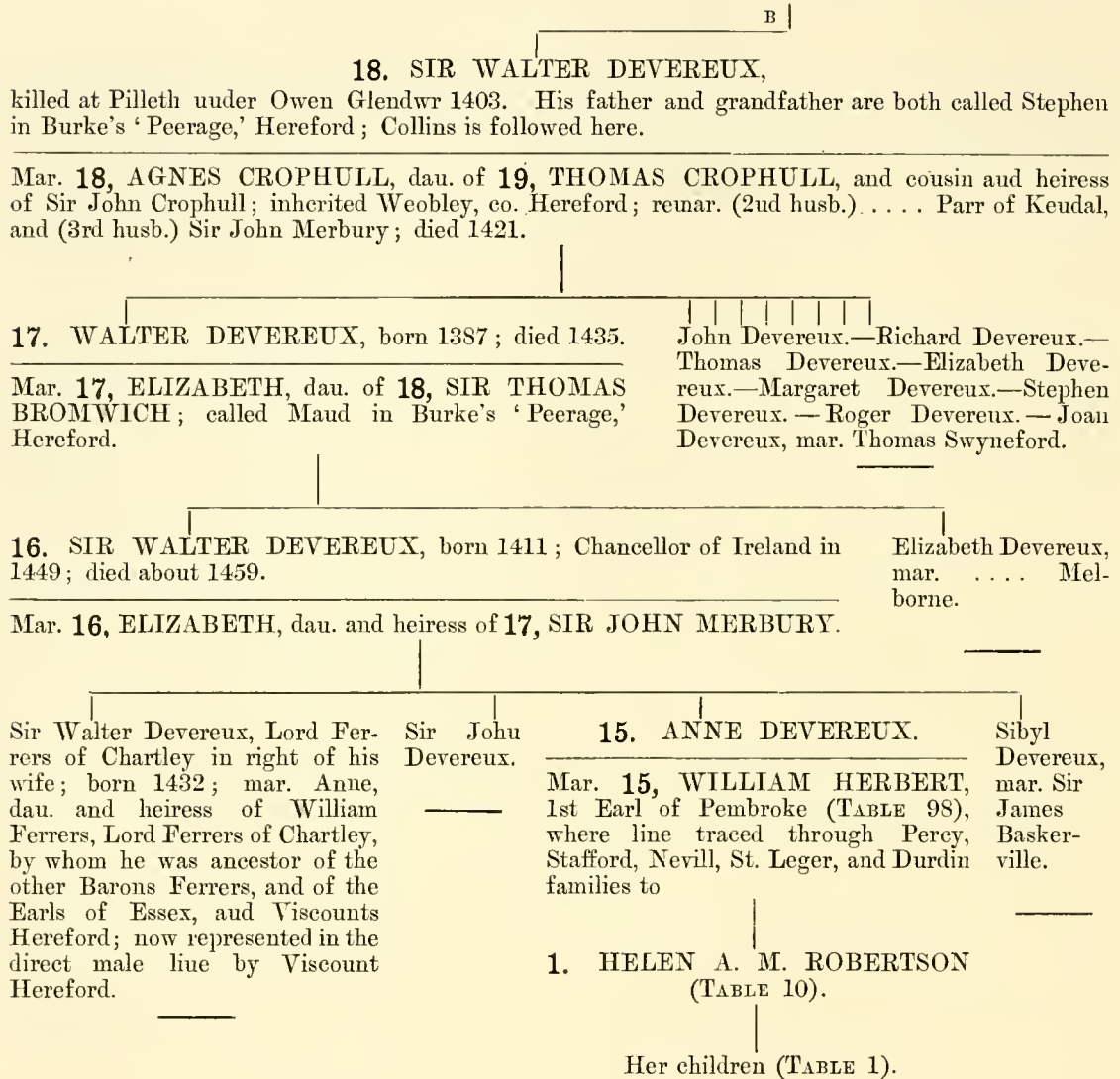
Table 112.

DEVEREUX (EARL OF SALISBURY) FAMILY.

29. WALTER DE EVEREUX,

D'Evreux, D'Ewrus, D'Eureus, D'Ebrois, D'Eurois, or Devereux, Count of Rosmar in Normandy; Companion of the Conqueror; obtained lands of Salisbury (Saresbury) and Amesbury (Ambresbury), co. Wilts.





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

DEVEREUX AND DE SALISBURY.

- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' D'Evereux, Earl of Salisbury.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 174, Eureaux, Earl of Salisbury.
 Hutchins's 'Dorset,' iii., p. 2.
 Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Baronage,' iii., p. 644.
 Collins's 'Peerage,' vi., p. 1, Devereux, Viscount Hereford.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 175, Devereux, Viscount Hereford.
 Burke's 'Peerage,' 1890, Viscount Hereford.

Table 113.

FERRERS (EARL OF DERBY) FAMILY.

31. WALCHELINE DE FERRIERS, a Norman.

30. HENRY DE FERRIERS, obtained grant of Tutbury from William I.

Mar. **30, BERTA**

Egenulph de Ferrers and William de Ferrers, died s.p. v.p.	29. ROBERT DE FERRERS, created Earl of Derby by King Stephen after the Battle of the Standard; died 1139.	Emmerline de Ferrers.	25. GUNDREDA DE FERRERS, youngest dau. Mar. 25, SIR ROBERT LE BLOUNT (TABLE 73) , where line traced through Windsor, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to
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Mar. **29, HAWISE**

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

William de Ferrers, died s.p.	28. ROBERT DE FERRERS, 2nd Earl of Derby.	Walcheline de Ferrers of Okeham.—Isolda de Ferrers, mar. Stephen de Beauchamp.—Maud de Ferrers, mar. Bertram de Verdun.
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27. WILLIAM DE FERRERS, 3rd Earl of Derby.

23. PETRONILLA DE FERRERS.

25. ISABEL DE FERRERS, who mar. 25, ROGER DE MORTIMER (TABLE 122), and 23, HUGH DE FERRERS, who adopted the name of SAY on marrying 23, an heiress of that family (TABLE 114A), are also ancestors of

26. ROBERT DE FERRERS, 4th Earl of Derby.

Mar. **23, HENRY DE STAF-FORD (TABLE 93)**, where line traced through Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

Mar. **26, SIBILLA DE BRAOSE (TABLE 127).**

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

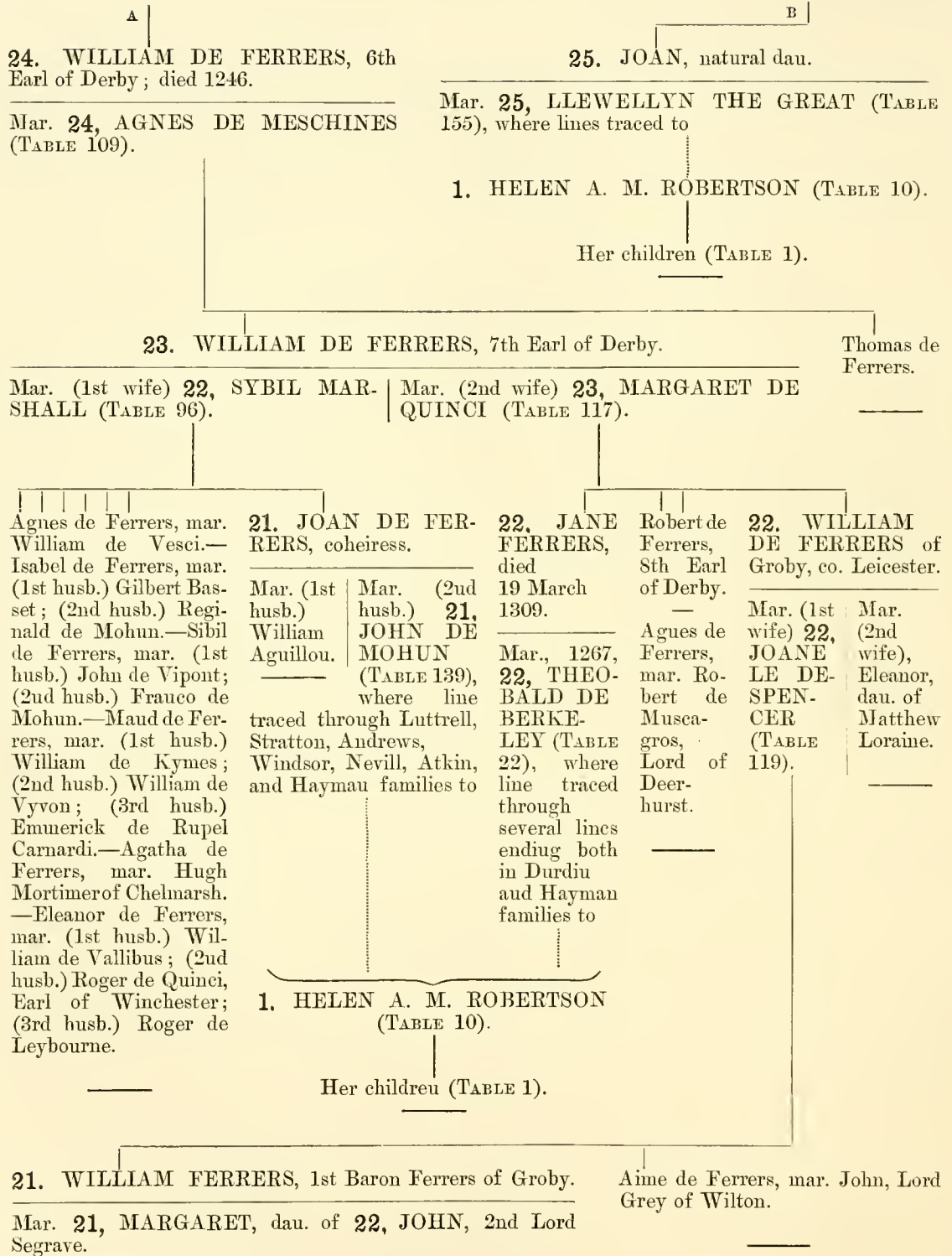
25. WILLIAM DE FERRERS, 5th Earl of Derby.

Milicent de Ferrers, mar. Roger de Mortimer, Lord of Wigmore.

Agatha de Ferrers, mistress of King John (TABLE 152).

A |

B |



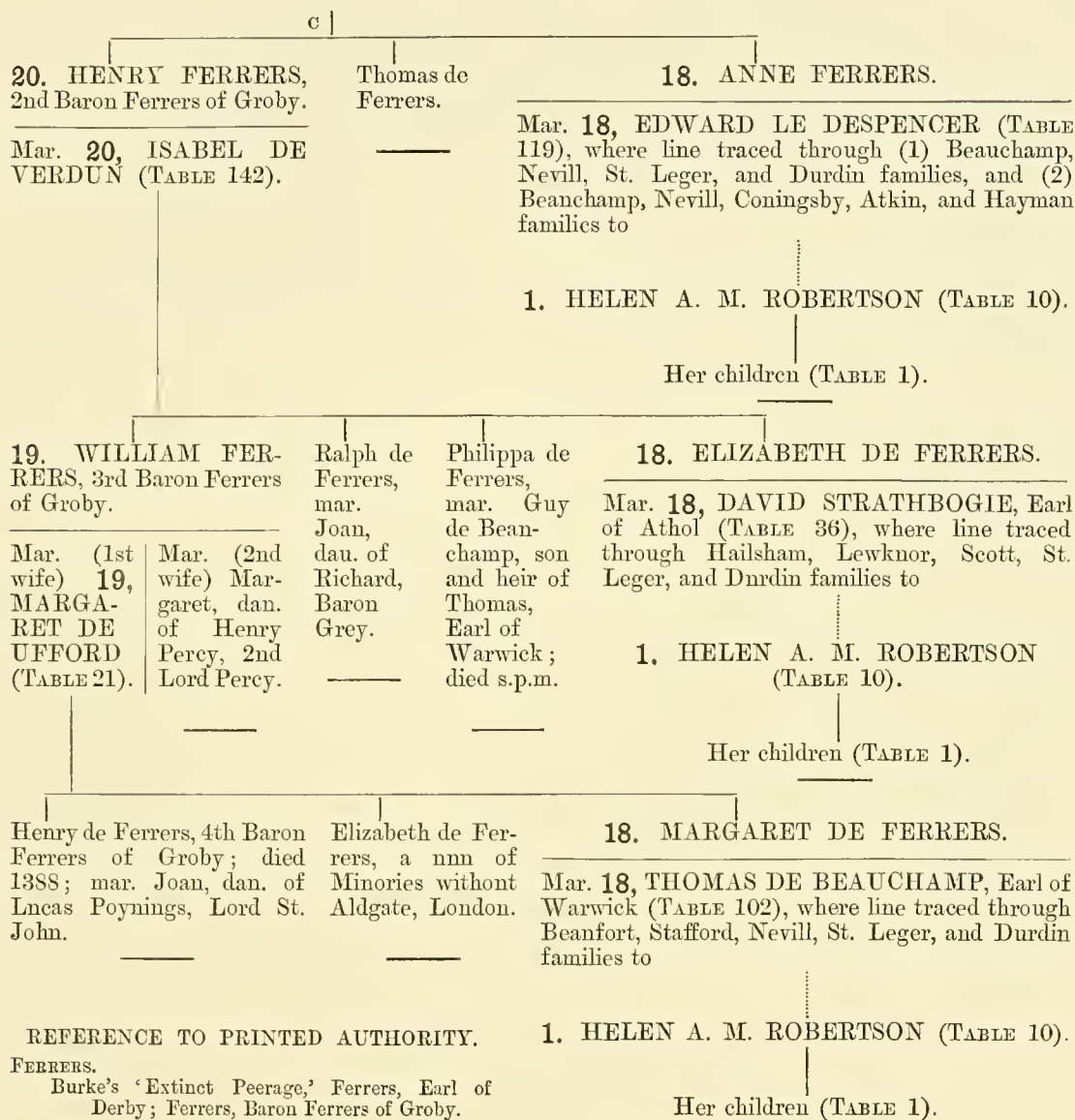
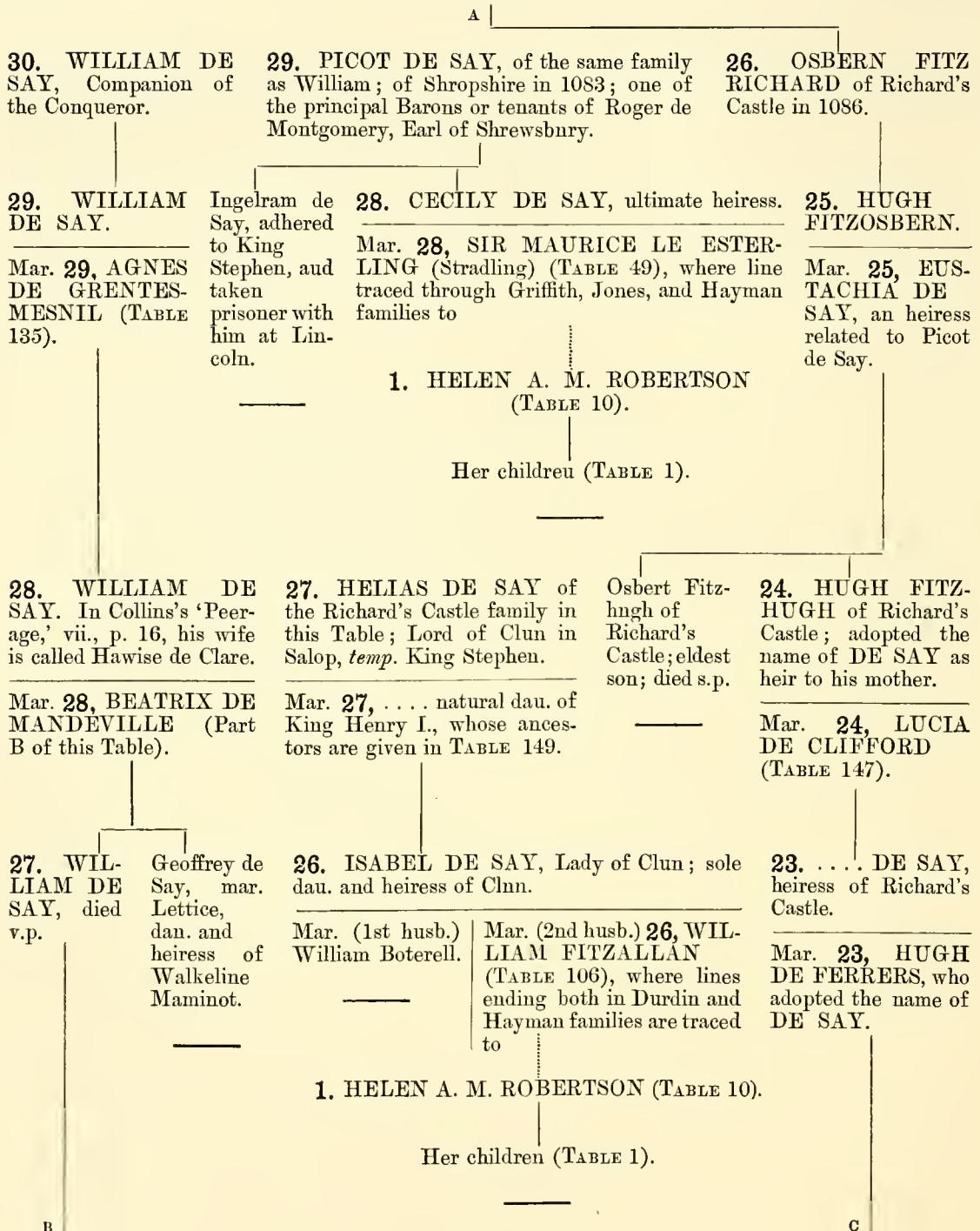


Table 114—PART A.

SAY FAMILIES.

27. RICHARD SCRUPPE,

temp. Edward the Confessor; owned Richard's Castle, Hereford, which was named after him.



B		c
<p>26. BEATRIX DE SAY, eldest coheirress.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. (1st husb.) 22, GEOFFREY FITZ PIERS, Earl of Essex (TABLE 115), where lines ending both in Durdiu and Hayman families are traced to</p>	<p>Maud de Say, coheirress, mar. William de Bocland.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. (2nd husb.) John, Lord of Wahull.</p> <hr/>	<p>22. MARGARET, dau. and sole heiress of Richard's Castle.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. (1st husb.) Robert de Mortimer.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. (2nd husb.) 22, WILLIAM DE STUTEVILLE (TABLE 141), where line traced through Foliot, Hastings, Wingfield, Brandon, Sidney, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to</p>
<hr/> <p>1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).</p>		

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

SAY.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Saye, Baron Saye, and Mandeville, Earl of Essex.
 Dugdale, i., pp. 453 and 510, Say.
 Collins's 'Peerage,' vii., p. 16, Twistleton, Lord Say and Sele.

Table 114—PART B.

MANDEVILLE (EARL OF ESSEX) FAMILY.

30. GEOFFREY (Galfridus) DE MAGNAVILLE OR MANDEVILLE of Magnaville in Normandy; Companion of the Conqueror; Lord of the Manor of Clapham, Surrey, in 1086 (J. W. Grover's 'Old Clapham,' p. 32; Lysons's 'Environs of London,' i., p. 160); bur. in Temple Church, London, where is his recumbent effigy.

Mar. (1st wife) Lecelina. | Mar. (2nd wife) 30, ADELAIDE.

29. WILLIAM DE MANDEVILLE,
 Keeper of the Tower of London; Steward or Dapifer of Normandy in right of his wife.

Mar. 29, MARGARET DE RIE DAPIFER (TABLE 104).

Geoffrey de Mandeville, Earl of Essex, and Steward of Normandy; his issue failed; mar. Rohesia, dau. of Alberic de Vere, Earl of Oxford.

28. BEATRIX DE MANDEVILLE, ultimate heiress of this family.

Mar. (1st husb.) Hugh Talbot, but divorced. | Mar. (2nd husb.) 28, WILLIAM DE SAY (Part A of this Table), where lines traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

A

A |
William de Mandeville, Earl of Essex; died 1191 without lawful issue.

21. AUDA OR EVE DE MANDEVILLE, a natural dau. (Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' ii., p. 298).

Mar. 21, SIR HUMPHREY BARRINGTON (TABLE 66), where line traced through Sidney, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED
AUTHORITIES.

MANDEVILLE.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Mandeville, Earl of Essex.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., pp. 200, 705.

'Miscellanea Genealogica et Heraldica,' ii., p. 161.

Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886, Scheme I., after p. xxvi.

'Geoffrey de Mandeville,' by J. H. Round, 1892.

Table 115.

FITZPIERS (EARL OF ESSEX) FAMILY.

22. GEOFFREY FITZ PIERS,

Earl of Essex, so created at coronation of King John on account of his marriage; Justice of England 1199—1213; died Oct. 1213; bur. at Priory of Shouldham, Norfolk, which he founded (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' ii., pp. 63-66).

Mar. (1st wife) 26, BEATRIX DE SAY, heiress of the Say and Mandeville families (TABLE 114A). | Mar. (2nd wife) 22, AVELINE . . .

Geoffrey Fitz Piers, Earl of Essex, assumed name of Mandeville; mar. Isabel, Countess of Gloucester, 3rd dau. and coheiress of William Plantagenet, Earl of Gloucester, and hence created Earl of Gloucester.

Walter Fitz Piers, Earl of Essex; died s.p. 25 Dec. 1227.

—
Henry Fitz Piers, Dean of Wolverhampton.

25. MAUD FITZ PIERS, Countess of Essex, ultimate heiress.

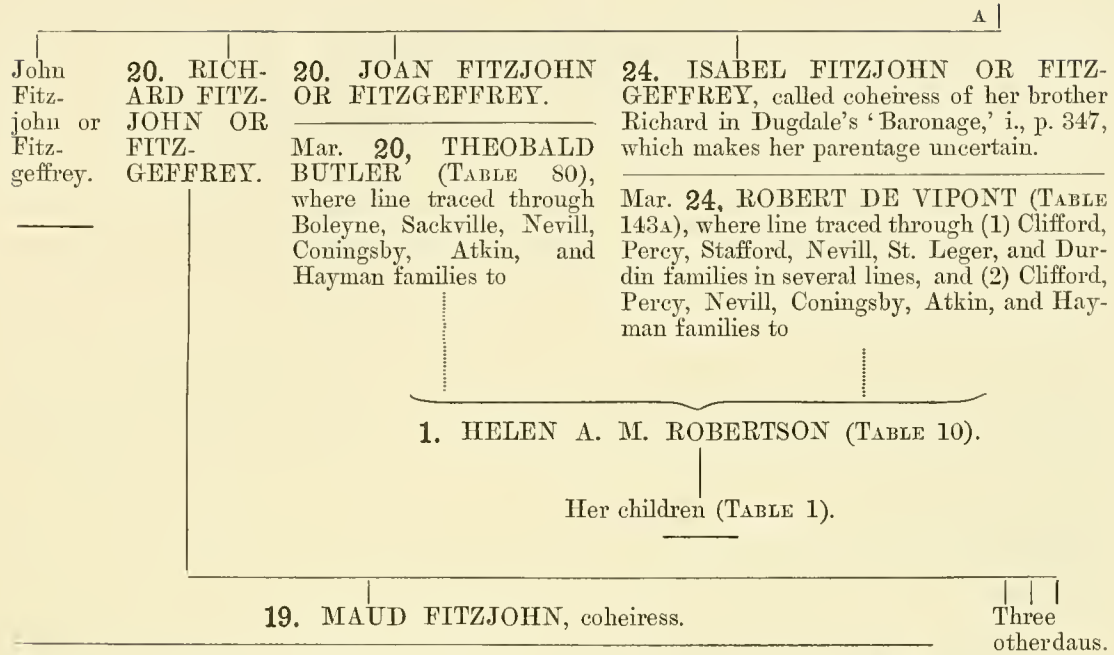
Mar. 25, HUMPHREY DE BOHUN, Earl of Hereford (TABLE 108), where line traced through numerous lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

21. JOHN FITZ-GEFFREY, Lord of Kirtling and of Berkhamstead, co. Herts; Chief Justice of Ireland; Sheriff of Yorkshire 1230.

Mar. 21, ISABEL BIGOD (TABLE 121).



Mar. 19, WILLIAM DE BEAUCHAMP, Earl of Warwick (TABLE 102), where line traced as there shewn through six lines ending in Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families; one line in Pympe, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families; two lines ending in Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families; and one in Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).
|
Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.
FITZ PIERS.
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 706, Mandeville.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Mandeville, Earl of Essex.

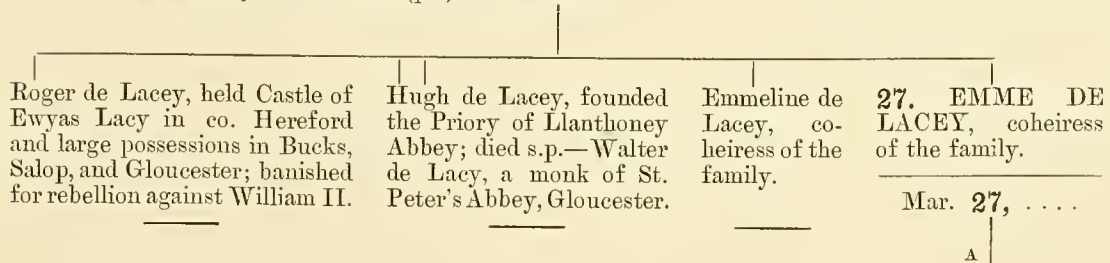
Table 116.

LACEY (EARL OF ULSTER) FAMILY.

28. WALTER DE LACI OR LACEY,

Companion of the Conqueror; sent by William I. to subjugate Wales; killed in April 1084.

It is not known whether he was any relation of the Ilbut de Lacy, also a Companion of the Conqueror, from whom the Laceys in TABLE 168 (*q.v.*) took their name.



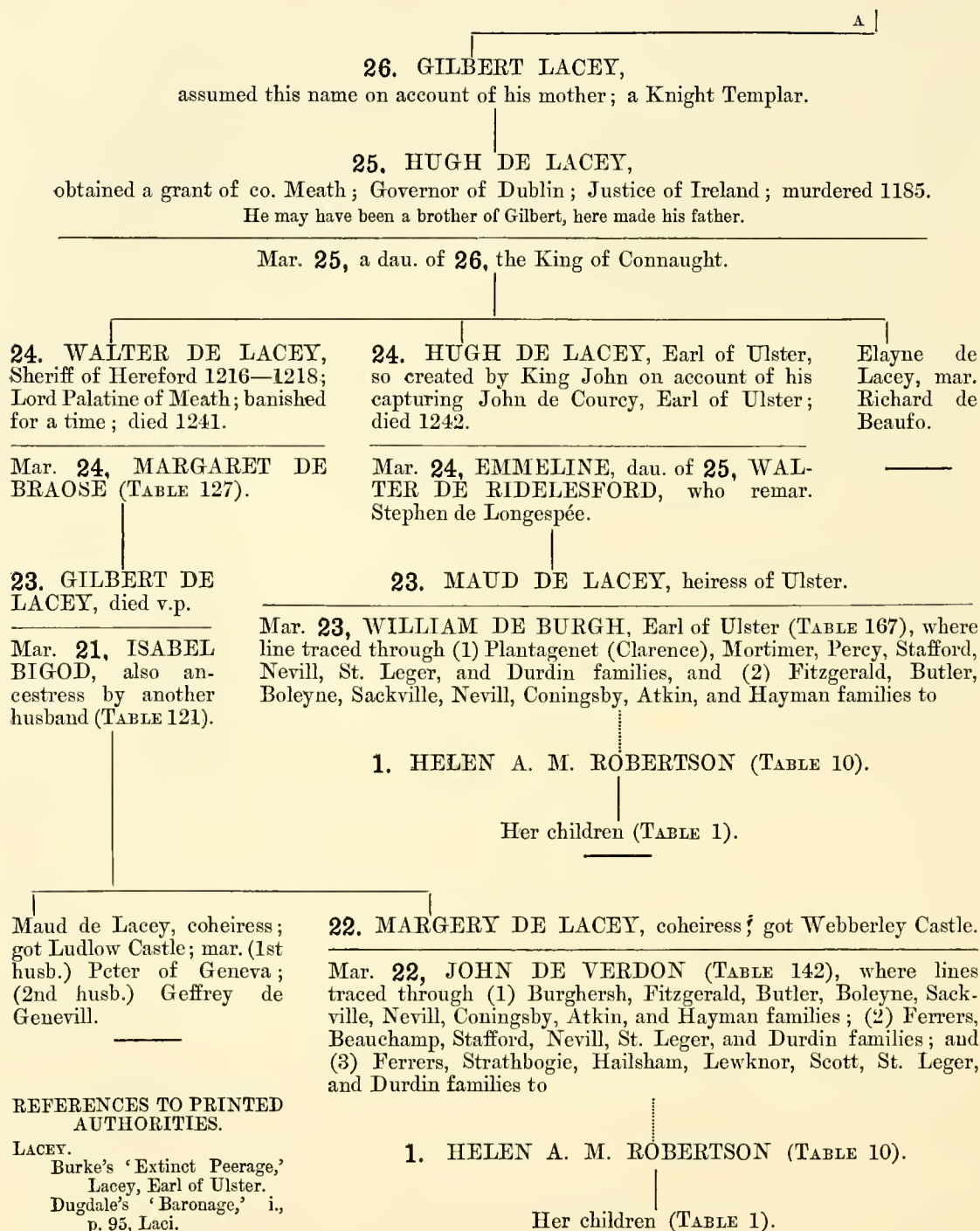


Table 117.

DE QUINCEY (EARL OF WINCHESTER) FAMILY.

25. SAIER DE QUINCY,
obtained Bushby, co. Nottingham, *temp.* Henry III.

Mar. 25, MAUD DE ST. LIZ.

Roger de Quincy, accompanied
Richard I. in the Crusades.

24. SAIER DE QUINCY, 1st Earl of Winchester; Justice
Itinerary 1211 (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' ii., pp. 110-112).

Mar. 24, MARGARET DE BELLOMONT (TABLE 101).

23. HAWYSE DE QUINCEY.

Mar. 23, HUGH DE VERE,
4th Earl of Oxford (TABLE 118),
where lines ending both in Durdin
and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERT-
SON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

24. ROBERT DE
QUINCY, Earl of
Winchester; died
in the Holy Land.

Mar. 24, HA-
WISE DE MES-
CHINES (TABLE
109).

23. ROGER DE QUINCY, Earl of
Winchester; Constable of Scotland in
right of his first wife (Notes on him in
'Notes and Queries,' 5th Series, ii.,
pp. 129, 170).

Mar. (1st
wife) 23,
HELEN
OF GAL-
LOWAY
(TABLE 27).
Mar. (2nd wife) Maude,
dau. of Humphrey de
Bohun, Earl of Hereford;
(3rd wife) Alianore, dau.
of William de Ferrers,
Earl of Derby.

23. MARGARET
DE QUINCY, heiress.

Mar. (1st
husb.) 23,
JOHN DE
LACEY
(TABLE
167), where
lines ending
both in
Durdin and
Hayman
families are
traced to

23. MARGARET DE
QUINCEY, coheiress;
heiress of Groby; her
husband is called Lord
John de Ferrers in
Fordun, cap. lxxiv.

Mar. 23, WILLIAM
DE FERRERS, Earl of
Derby (TABLE 113),
line of descent traced
through Strathbogie,
Hailsham, Lewknor,
Scott, St. Leger, and
Durdin families to

22. ELIZABETH
DE QUINCEY,
2nd dau., coheiress.

Mar. 22, ALEX-
ANDER
COMYN, Earl of
Buchan (TABLE
38), where line
traced through
Strathbogie, Hails-
ham, Lewknor,
Scott, St. Leger,
and Durdin fami-
lies to

Ela de
Quin-
cey, co-
heiress,
mar.
Alan,
Lord
Zouch
of
Ashby.

22. HAWYSE DE
QUINCEY, co-
heiress according
to Dugdale, but
omitted in most pedi-
grees.
Mar. 22, BALD-
WIN WAKE
(TABLE 20), where
line traced through
Plantagenet, Earl of
Kent, Holland, Beaufort,
Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger,
and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED
AUTHORITIES.

DE QUINCEY.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Quincey.
Nichols's 'Leicestershire,' ii., p. 56.
Fordun's 'Annals,' cap. lxxiv.

Table 118.

VERE (EARL OF OXFORD) FAMILY.

30. MANASSES,

Count of Ghisnes in Normandy (see ADOLPH, 1st Count of Gnygnes in TABLE 99, and *cf.* TABLE 73).

Manasses, Count of Ghisnes.

29. SIBILLA DE GHISNES.

Mar. 29, HENRY, Chastellan of Bourbourg.

28. AUBREY OR ALBERIC DE VERE, possessed Hedingham Castle, Essex, and the Manor of Kensington (Chenisington), Middlesex, in 1086; said by Chief Justice Crew, in the great controversy respecting the descent of the Chamberlainship in 1626, to have been a Companion of the Conqueror, and Count of Ghisnes through his wife.

See exaggerated panegyric on this family in Macaulay's 'History of England,' cap. viii.

28. BEATRIX DE GHISNES, heiress of Manasses her uncle.

Mar. 28, ALBERIC DE VERE.

Mar. 28, BEATRIX DE GHISNES.

27. ALBERIC DE VERE, became a monk, and died 1088.

He is omitted in Dugdale, i., 1888, and in Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 137.

Geoffrey de Vere.—
Roger de Vere.—
Robert de Vere, Constable of England.—
William de Vere.

27. ROGER DE YVERY OR IBREI, Companion of the Conqueror; derived his name from Yvery Castle in diocese of Evreux, Normandy, but obtained a barony in Oxfordshire, which he named the Barony of Yvery.

Mar. 27, ADOLINE DE GRENTES-MESNIL (TABLE 135).

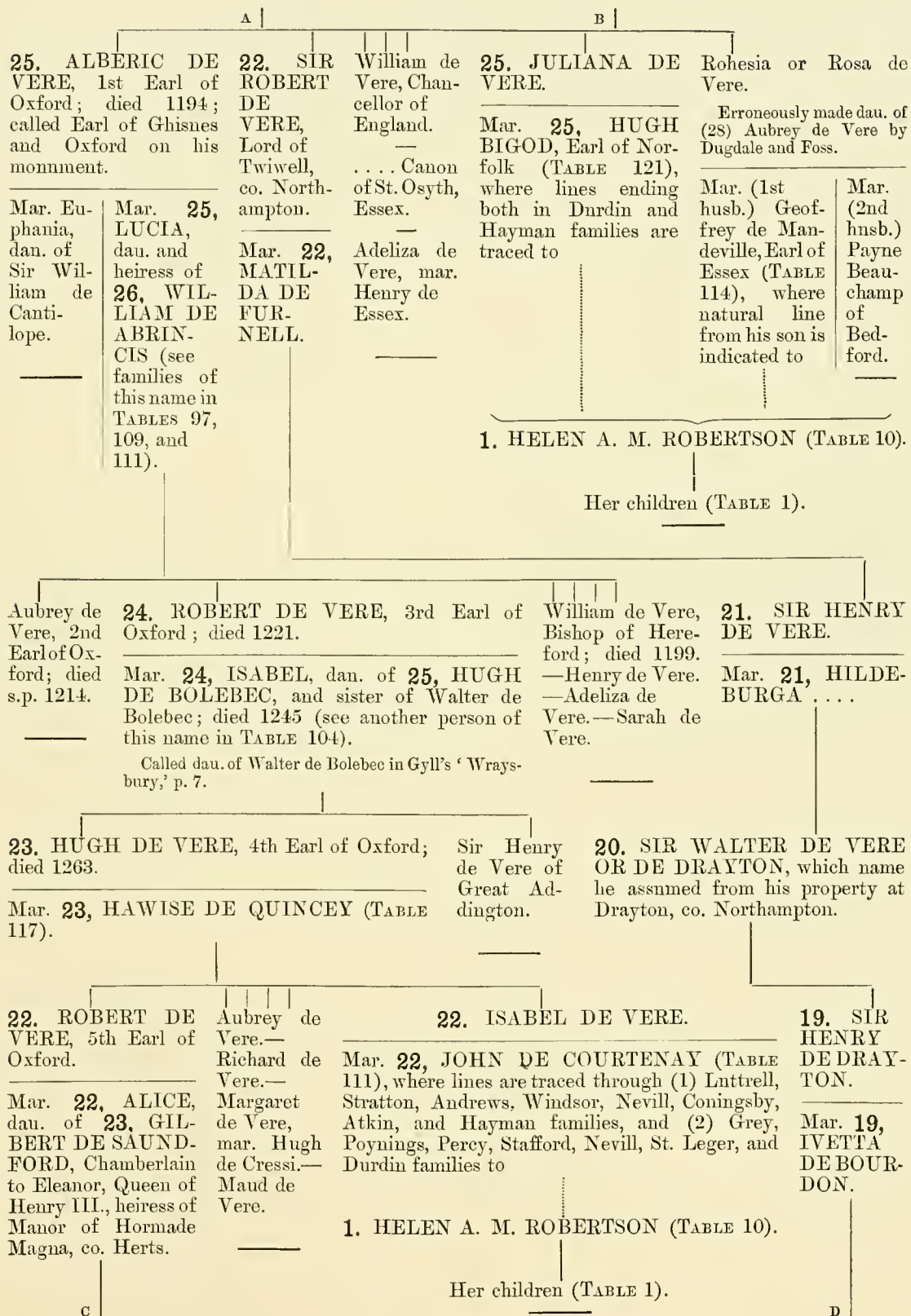
26. ALBERIC DE VERE, created Hereditary Grand Chamberlain of England by Henry I. after the banishment of Robert Mallet, Lord of Eye, Suffolk; killed in London 1140; Justice of England (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' i., pp. 137-140).

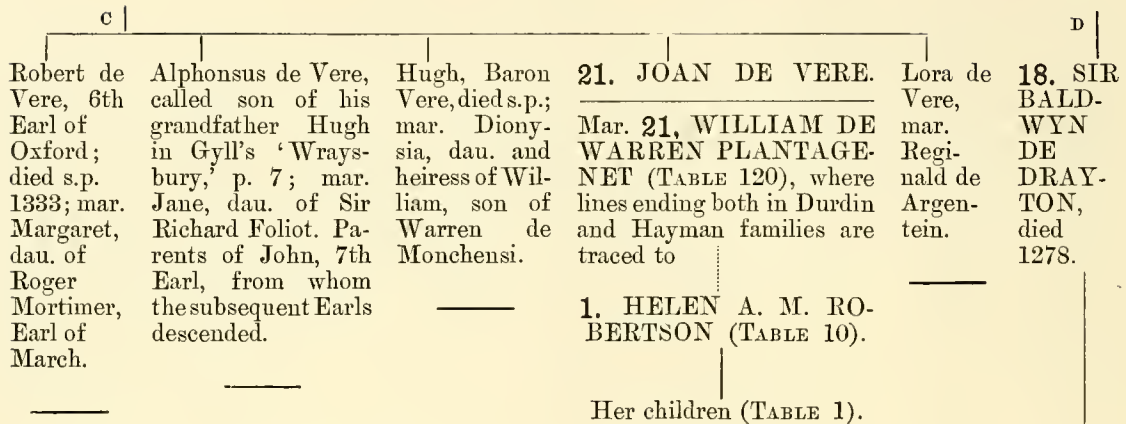
Mar. 26, ADELIZA DE YVERY (see Collins's 'Peerage,' vii., p. 321, and Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 137).

In Dugdale, i., p. 188, and Bridge's 'Northamptonshire,' ii., p. 251, his wife is called Adeliza, dau. of Gilbert de Clare; and in Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' Warren, p. 336, his wife, made mother of the Earl of Oxford, is called Maud, Countess of Genney, (natural) dau. of Robert II., Duke of Normandy (TABLE 147), whence this Alberic de Vere is called Avery de Vere, Earl of Genney.

26. ADELIZA DE YVERY. Roger de Yvery, Chief Bntler to William I. Geoffrey de Yvery, died s.p.

Mar. 26, ALBERIC DE VERE.





17. SIR JOHN DE DRAYTON.

Mar. 17, PHILLIPPA DE ARDERNE.

16. CATHERINE DE DRAYTON.

Sir Simon de Drayton, mar. Margaret de Lindsey.

Mar. 16, SIR HENRY GREENE (TABLE 57), where line traced through Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

VERE.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 188, Vere.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Vere, Earl of Oxford.

Hasted's 'Kent,' ii., p. 775 *et seq.*

Gyll's 'Wraysbury,' p. 7.

DRAYTON AND VERE.

Bridge's 'Northamptonshire,' ii., p. 251.

GHISNES.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 188, referring to 'Hist. Généalogique de la Maison de Ghisnes.'

YVERY.

Collins's 'Peerage,' vii., p. 319, Lords Lovel and Holland, Earls of Egmont.

Table 119.

DESPENCER (EARL OF WINCHESTER) FAMILY.

A person whose name and nationality (probably either Saxon or Norman) is unknown.

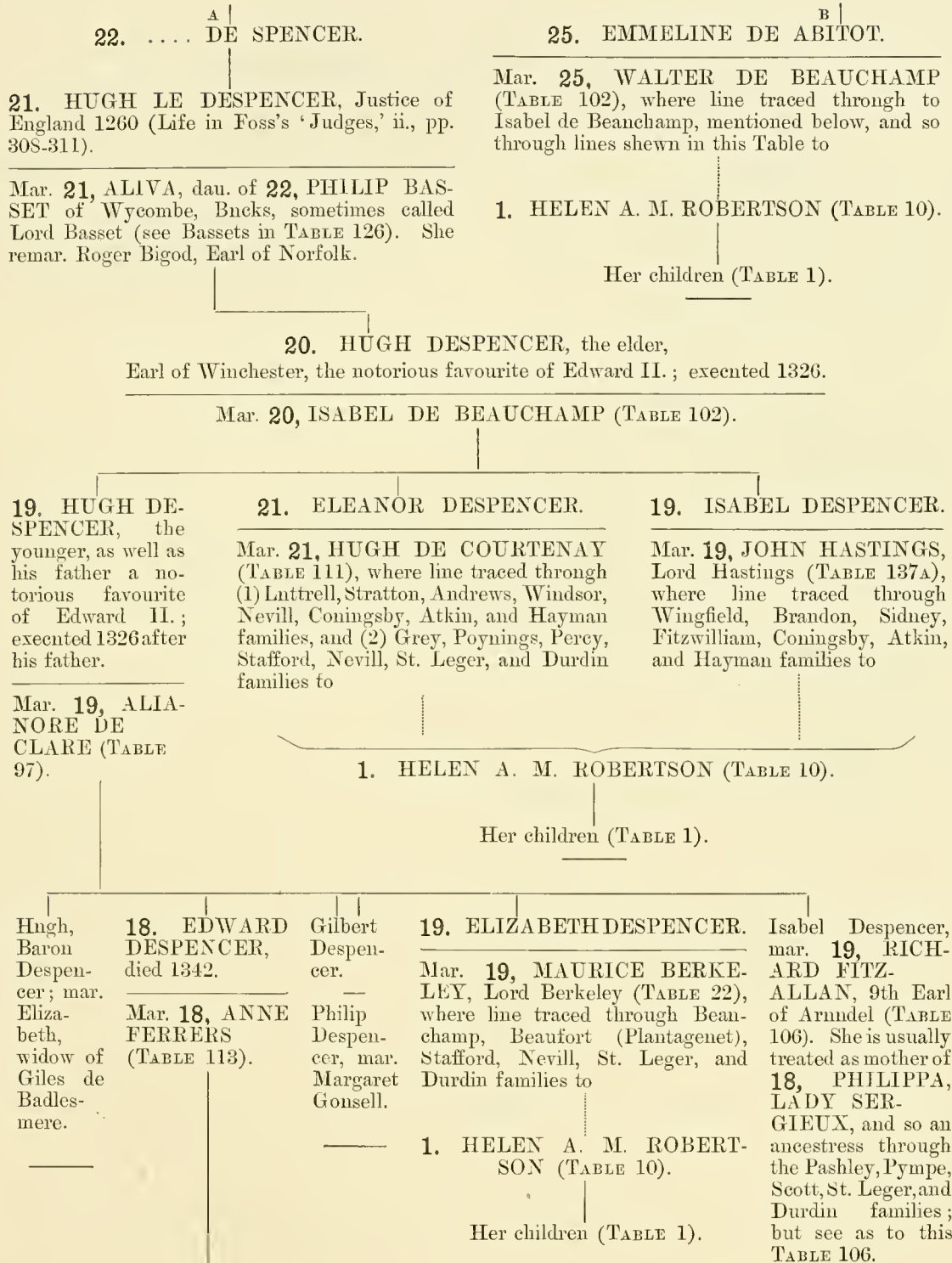
See others of this name in TABLE 90.

ROBERT LE DESPENCER, Steward to William I., from whom descended, probably 5th in descent, 23, HUGH DE SPENCER.

26. URSO DE ABITOT.

A |

B |



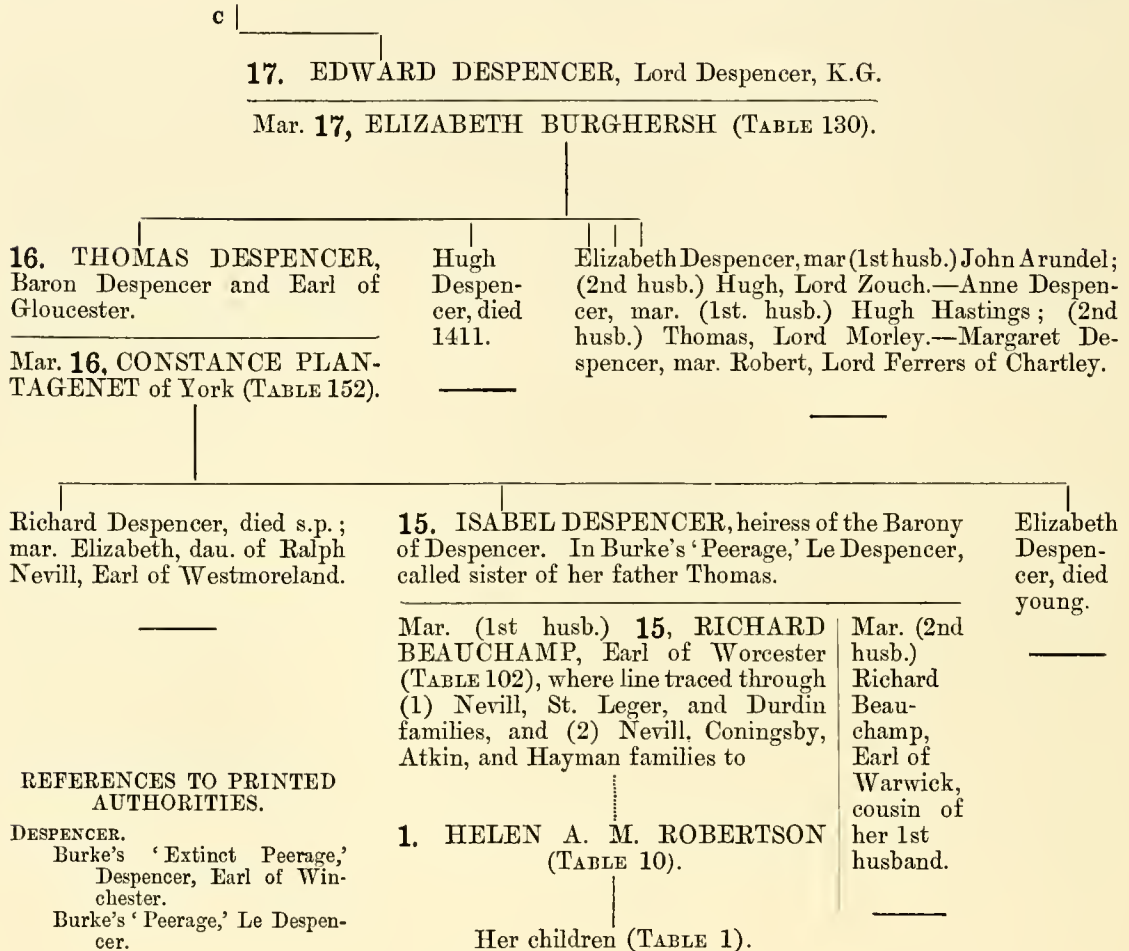


Table 120.

WARREN (EARL OF WARREN AND SURREY) FAMILY.

29. HUGH, Bishop of Coutance; living in 1020.

Mar. **29**, a dau. of HERFASTUS, brother of Gunnora, Duchess of Normandy (TABLE 107).

Where see discrepancies as to her marriage, and as to those here called her grandsons being her sons.

A

28. ROGER DE MORTIMER, styled filius Episcopi; born about 990.

His parentage is given as above in Eyton's 'Shropshire,' iv., pp. 196-7, but in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Mortimer, he is said to be the son either of William de Warren or of his brother Walter de St. Martin, stating, however, that his mother was the lady mentioned above as his mother.

A new Table, numbered 122, is commenced with him, and there lines are traced from him through (1) Percy, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Percy, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

28. RUDOLPH DE WARREN OR GUARENNE, a fief near St. Aubin en Caux in Normandy; styled filius Episcopi; living 1066.

Godfrey.

This generation is omitted by William de Jumiege, 'History of Normandy,' lib. viii., cap. xxxvi., where his mother is called mother of his son William de Warren, 1st Earl of Surrey, and of Roger de Mortimer.

Mar. (1st wife) Beatrix
Mar. (2nd wife) **28, EMMA**

Rudolph de Warren, died s.p.

Walter de St. Martin.

Mentioned in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage'; see also under (28) Roger de Mortimer.

27. WILLIAM DE WARRENNE, Count of Warrenne; Companion of the Conqueror; 1st Earl of Surrey, called Earl of Warren and Surrey; Justice of England 1073 (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' i., pp. 47-49).

Mar. **27, GUNDRED OF NORMANDY AND ENGLAND** (TABLE 149).

26. WILLIAM DE WARRENNE, 2nd Earl of Warren and Surrey; died 1136.

Mar. **26, ELIZABETH DE VERMANDOIS** (TABLE 157).

27. EDITHA OR EDIVA DE WARRENNE.

Mar. (1st hnsb.) **27, GERARD DE GOURNAY** (TABLE 134), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

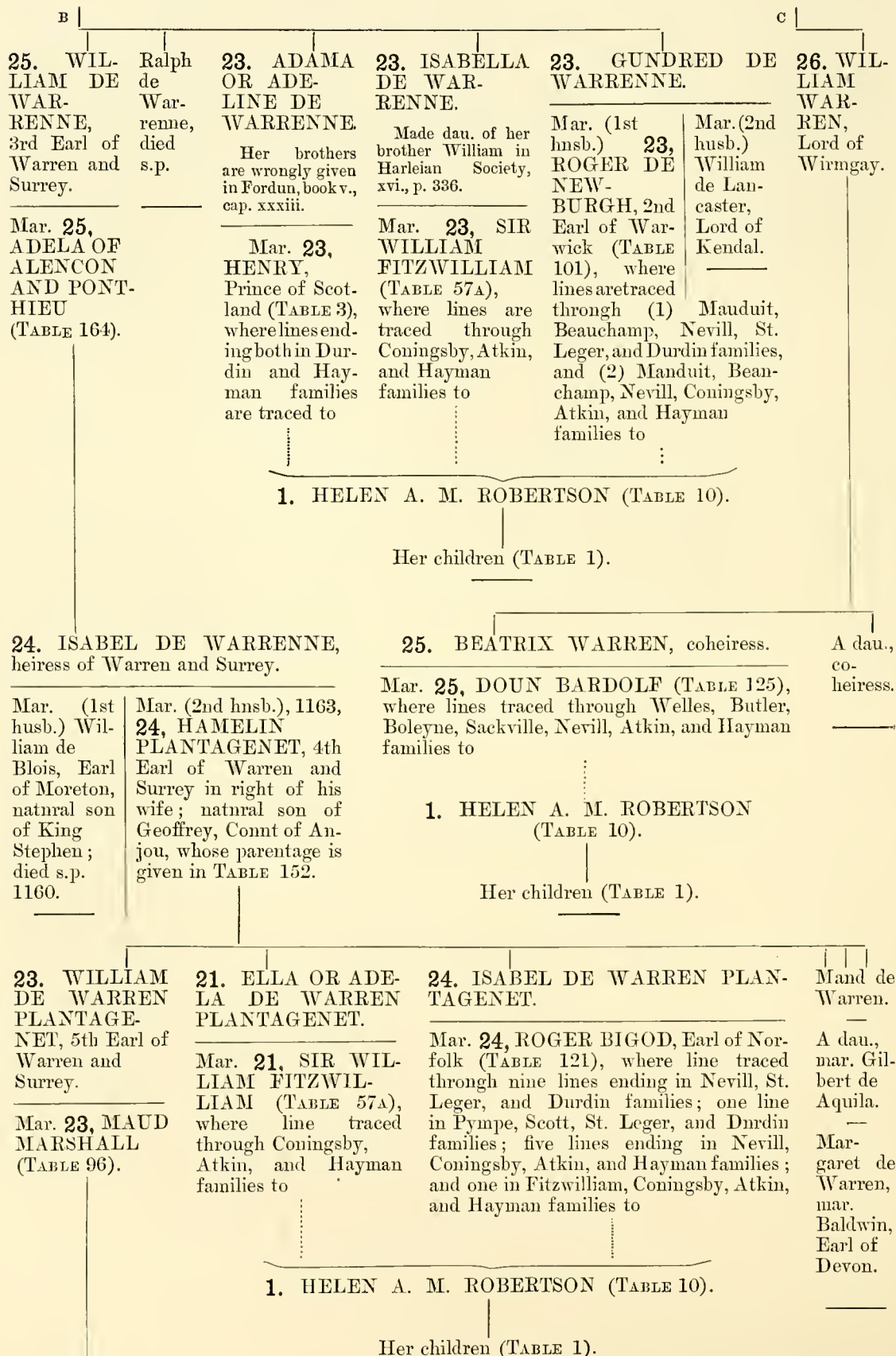
Gundreda de Warrenne, mar. Ernese de Colungis.

27. REGINALD DE WARREN, Justice Itinerary 1168 (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 319).

Mar. **27, ALICE DE WIRMGAY**, dau. of **28, WILLIAM**, Lord of Wirmgay.

B

C



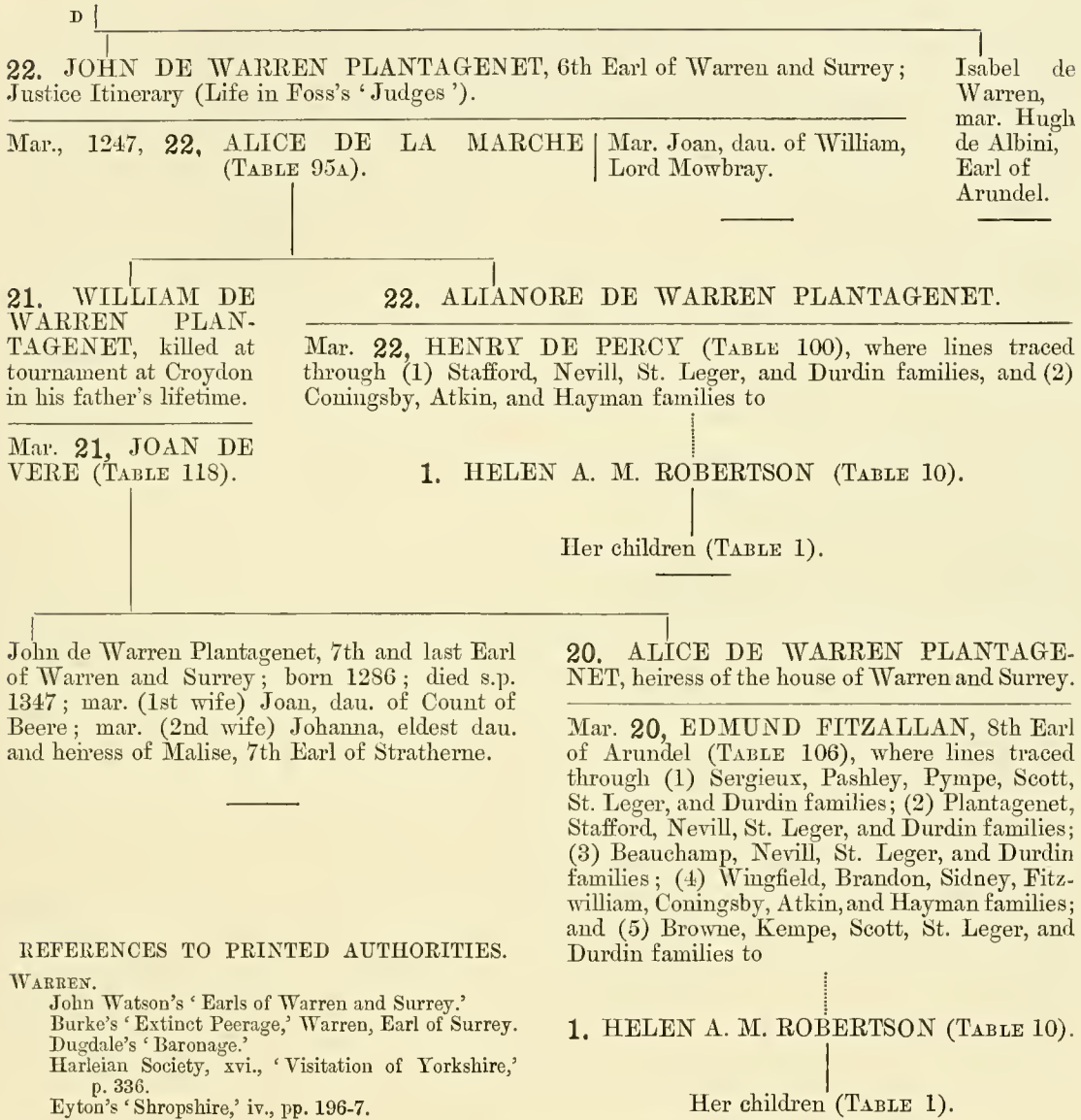


Table 121.

BIGOD (EARL OF NORFOLK) FAMILY.

26. ROGER BIGOD,

Companion of the Conqueror; held lands in Essex, Suffolk, and Norfolk, 1086; founded Whetford Abbey, Norfolk; died 1107; bur. at Whetford Abbey.

Mar. 26, ADELIZA DE GRENTESMESNIL (TABLE 135).

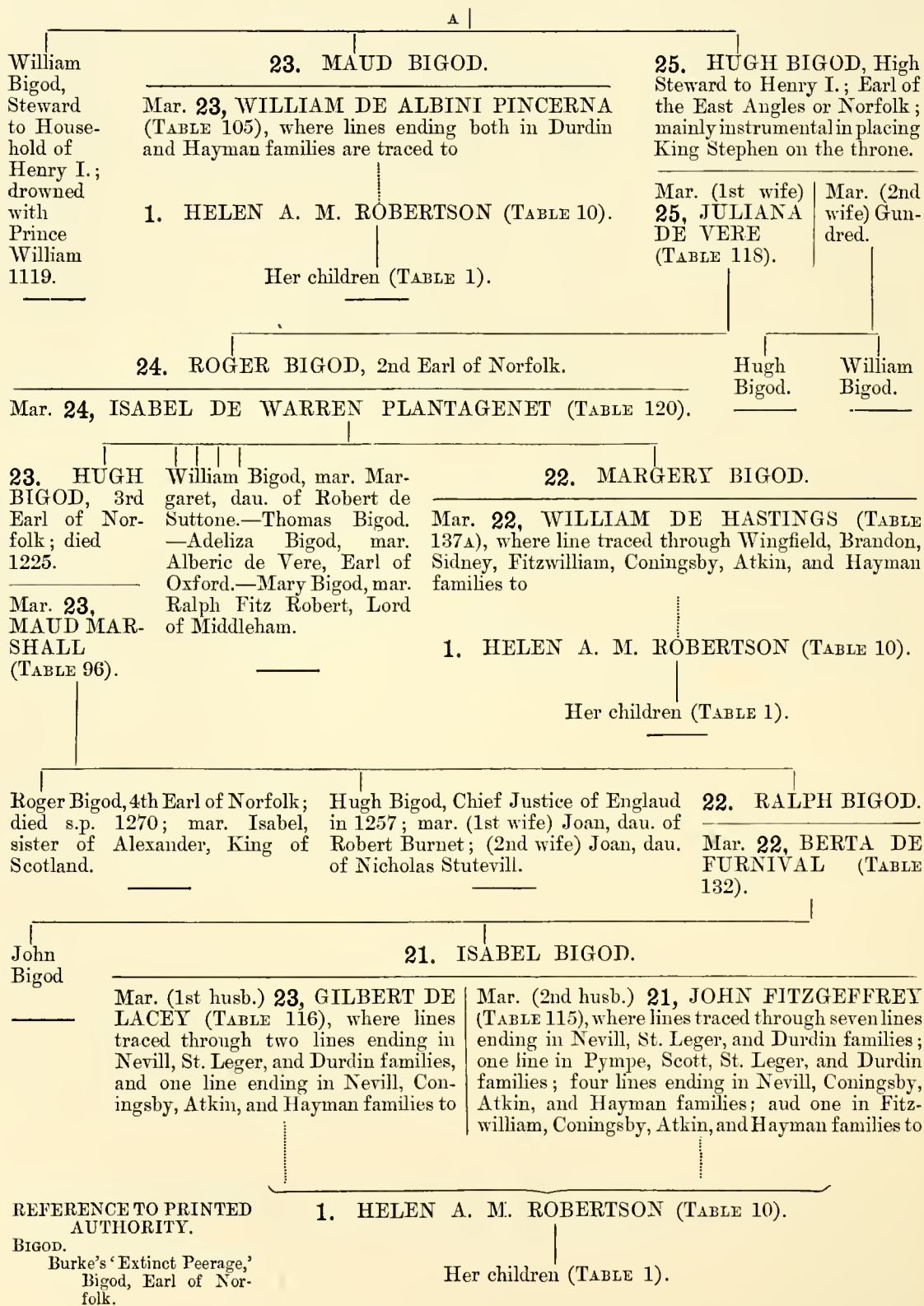
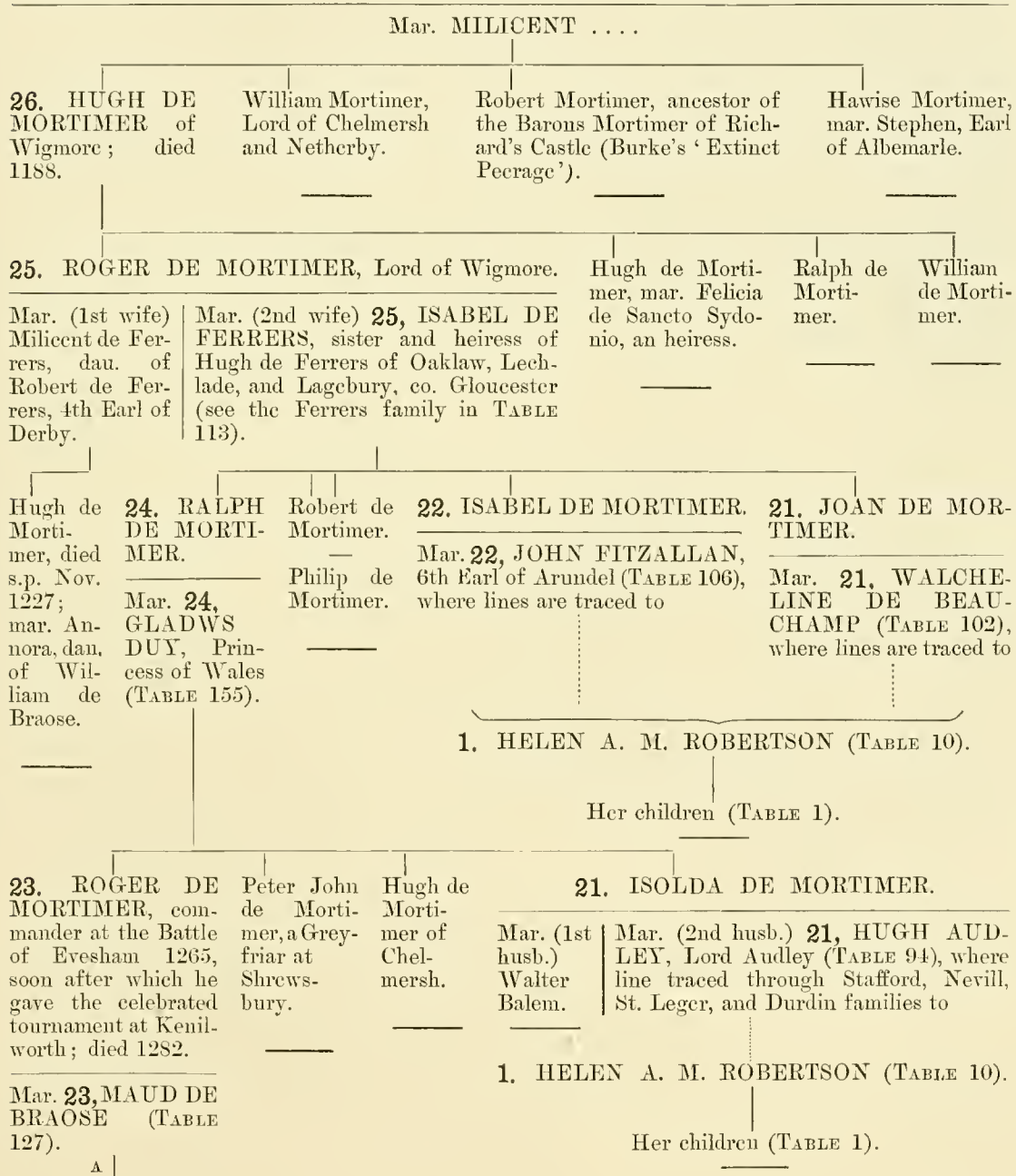


Table 122.

MORTIMER (EARL OF MARCH) FAMILY.

27. RALPH DE MORTIMER,

Companion of the Conqueror, and a principal commander at the Battle of Hastings; settled at Wigmore, Wales; believed to be a son of Roger de Mortimer in TABLE 120, whose ancestry is there given.



A

<p>22. SIR EDMUND DE MORTIMER of Wigmore; created Barou Mortimer; wounded at Battle of Buelt, Wales, 1303, and died soon after; bur. at Abbey of Wigmore.</p>	<p>Sir Ralph de Mortimer, eldest son; died v.p.—Sir Roger de Mortimer, Lord of Chirke.—Sir William de Mortimer, died s.p.; mar. Hawyse, dau. of Robert de Musgrove.—Sir Geoffrey de Mortimer, died v.p. s.p.</p>
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Mar. **22. MARGARET**, dau. of **23. SIR WILLIAM FIENNES**.

<p>21. ROGER DE MORTIMER, Earl of March; paramour of Isabel, Queen of Edward III.; hanged near Smithfield 1330.</p>	<p>John de Mortimer, killed at tournament at Worcester 1319.—Hugh de Mortimer, Rector of Old Radnor.—Walter de Mortimer, Rector of Kingston.—Edmund de Mortimer, Rector of Hodnet.</p>	<p>20. MAUD DE MORTIMER, died at Alveton Castle 1315.</p>	<p>Joan de Mortimer and Elizabeth de Mortimer, nuns.</p>
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Mar. **21. JOANE**, dau. of **22. PETER DE GENEVILL**, son of **23. GEFREY DE GENEVILL**, Lord of Trim, Ireland.

Mar. **20. THEOBALD DE VERDUN** (TABLE 142), where line traced through (1) Burghersh, Fitzgerald, Butler, Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families; (2) Ferrers, Beauchamp, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families; and (3) Ferrers, Strathbogie, Hailsham, Lewknor, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

<p>20. SIR EDMUND DE MORTIMER, Lord Mortimer; died 1331.</p>	<p>Sir Roger de Mortimer, mar., 1321, Lady Joane Butler.—Sir Geoffrey de Mortimer, Lord of Toworth.—John de Mortimer, killed at tournament at Shrewsbury.</p>	<p>17. KATHERINE DE MORTIMER.</p>	<p>Mar. 17. THOMAS DE BEAUCHAMP, Earl of Warwick (TABLE 102), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to</p>	<p>20. MARGARET DE MORTIMER.</p>	<p>Joane de Mortimer, mar. James, Lord Andley.—Agnes de Mortimer, mar. Lawrence Hastings, Earl of Pembroke and Lord of Abergavenny.—Maud de Mortimer, mar. John de Cherlton.—Blanche de Mortimer, mar. Peter Grandison.—Beatrix de Mortimer, mar. (1st hnsb.) Edward Plantagenet, son of Thomas of Brotherton; (2nd hnsb.) Sir Thomas Braose.</p>
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Mar. **20. ELIZABETH DE BA-DLESMERE** (TABLE 124).

Mar. (2nd hnsb.) **20. THOMAS DE BERKELEY**, 3rd Baron Berkeley (TABLE 22), where line traced through Beauchamp, Beaumont, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

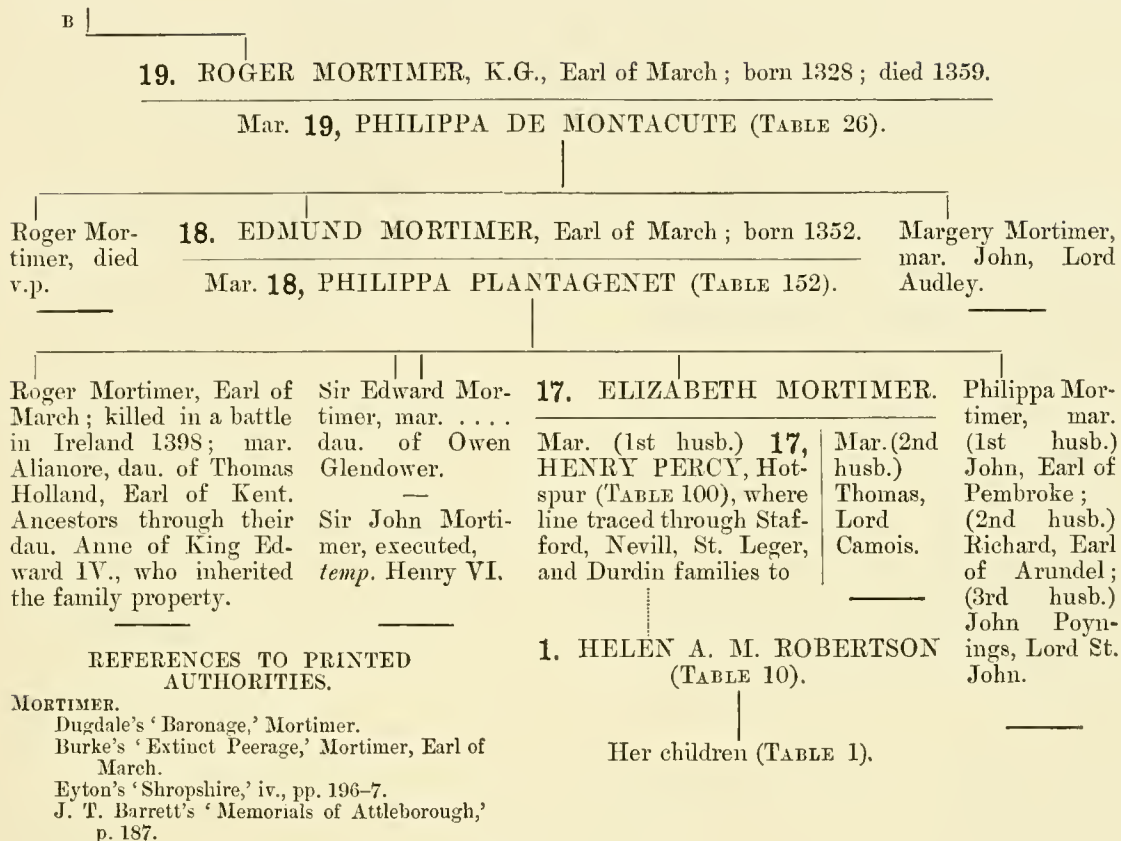


Table 123—PART A.

AGUILLON FAMILY.

24. WILLIAM DE AGUILLON OR AQUILLON,

one of the twenty-five selected rebel barons, *temp.* King John; probably a son of Manser de Aguillon or Aquillon, who mar. Constance, who remar. Godfrey de St. Martin in 1195.

Mar. CHENEY, dau. of BARTHOLOMEW CHENEY, who inherited the Manor of Addington, Surrey.

23. WILLIAM OR ROBERT DE AGUILLON OR AQUILLON

of Addington, Surrey; Governor of Arundel Castle; Sheriff of Surrey and Sussex, *temp.* Henry III.; died 1286; he inherited Addington from his mother.

He is called William in the pedigrees of the Aquillon family, but Robert in those of the Bardolf family (Dugdale, i., p. 682; Banks, ii., p. 27).

Mar. Joan, dau. and coheiress of William Ferrers, Earl of Derby; died s.p.

Mar. 23, MARGARET FITZGERALD OR REDVERS, Countess of Devon by her previous marriage (TABLE 132).

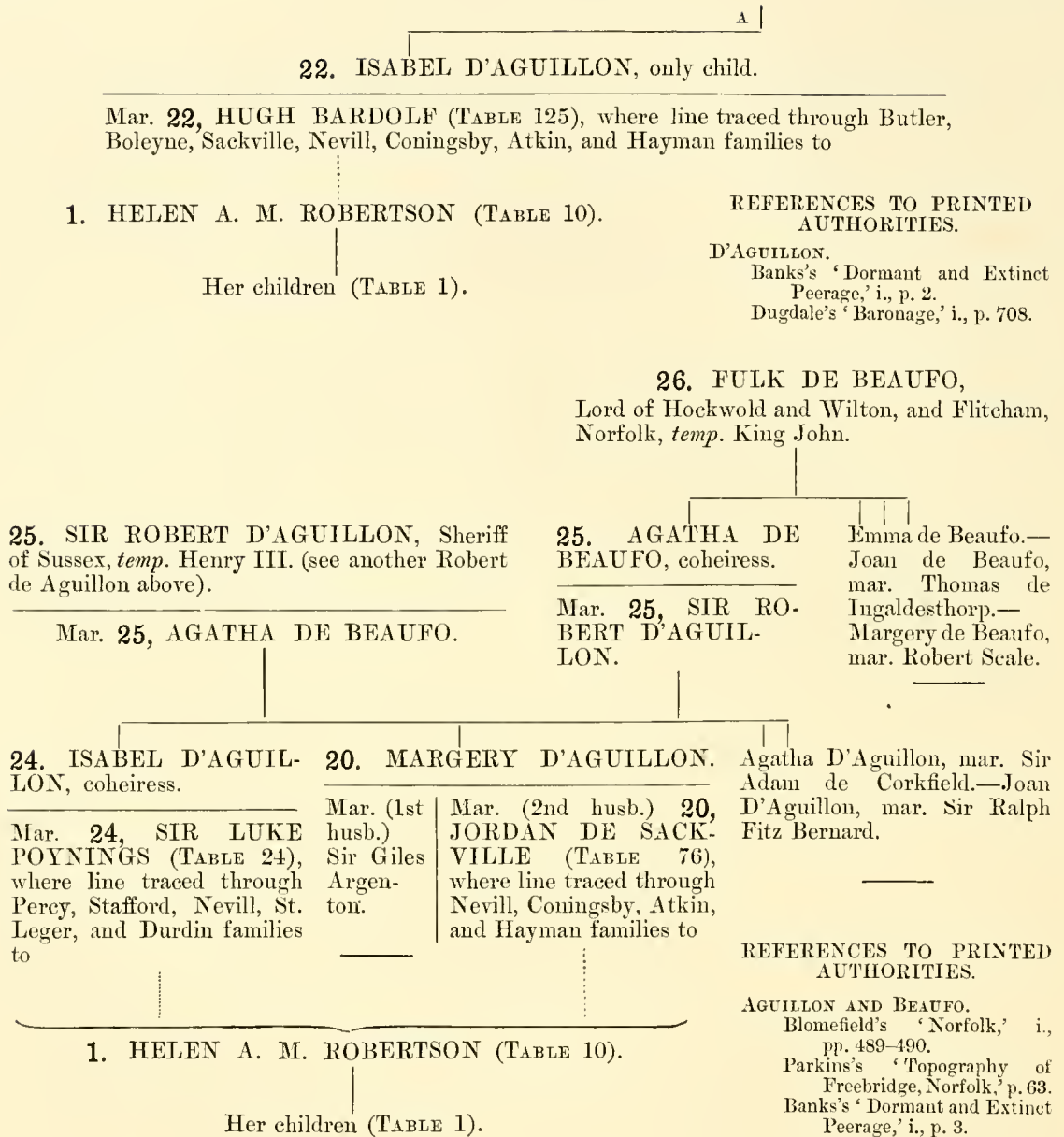
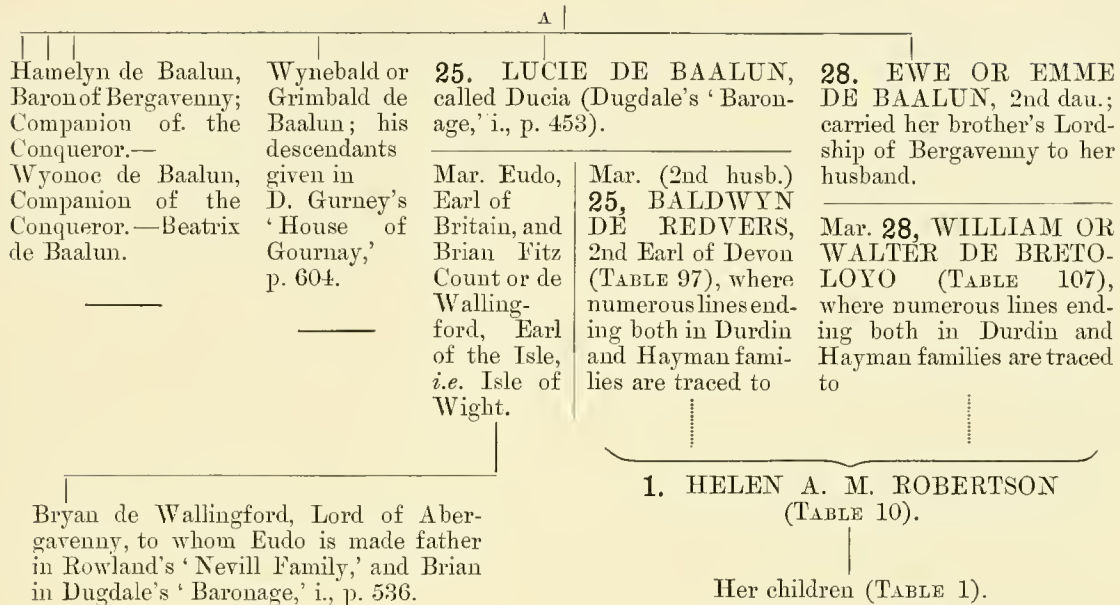


Table 123—PART B.

BAALUN (LORD BAALUN) FAMILY.

26. DRU OR DREW DE BAALON OR BALADON, Companion of the Conqueror.

A |



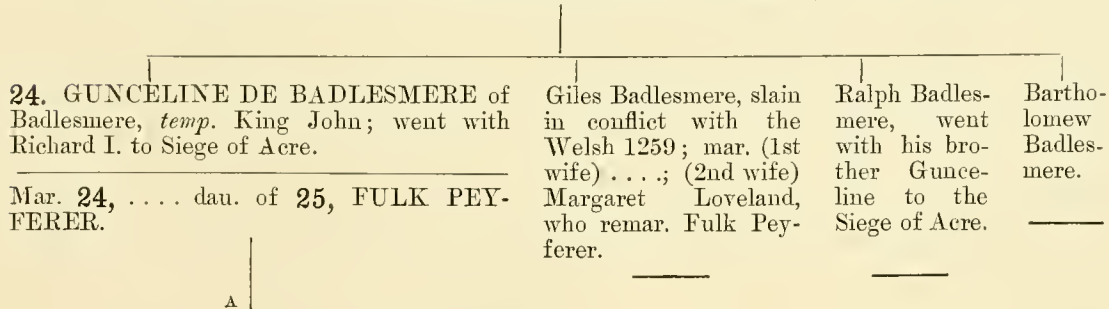
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

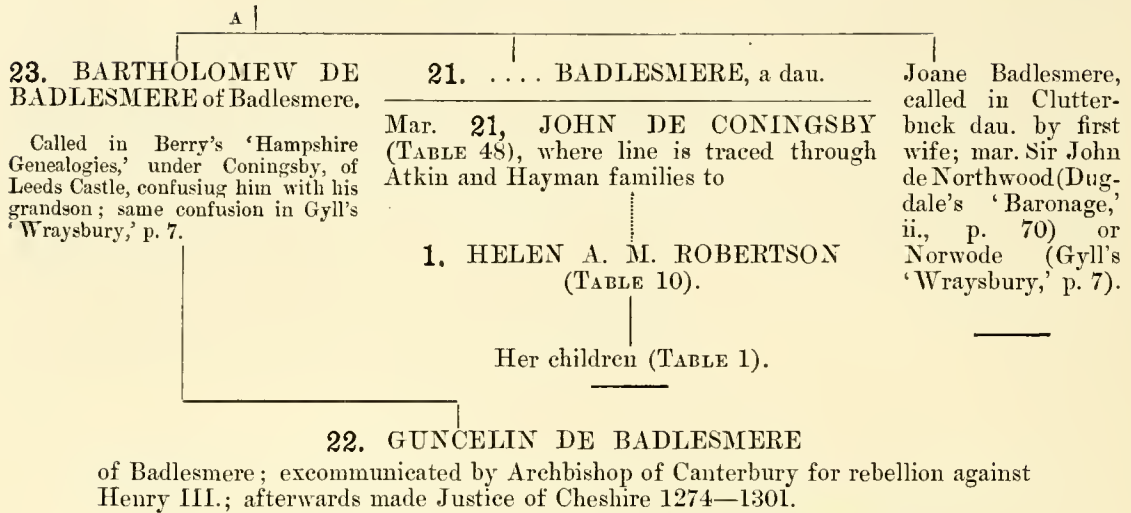
- BAALUN.
 Daniel Rowland's 'Nevill Family,' p. 103.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 453, Baalun, and i., p. 536, Earl of Hereford.
 David Williams's 'History of Monmouthshire,' Appendix xxxvi.

Table 124.

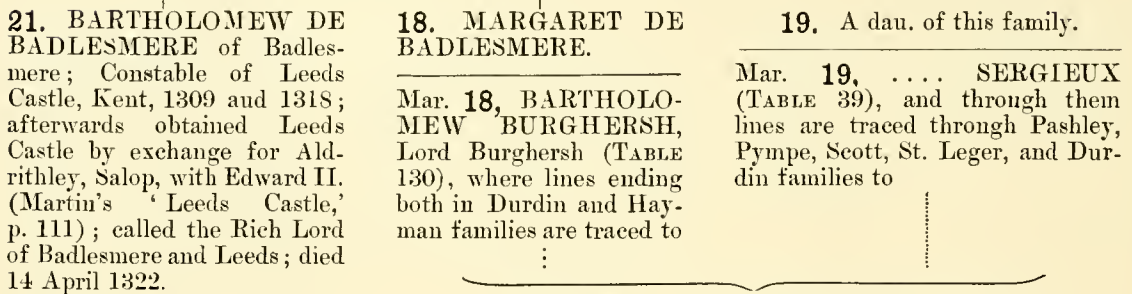
BADLESMERE (LORD BADLESMERE) FAMILY.

25. BARTHOLOMEW DE BADLESMERE of Badlesmere, Kent; died 1256.





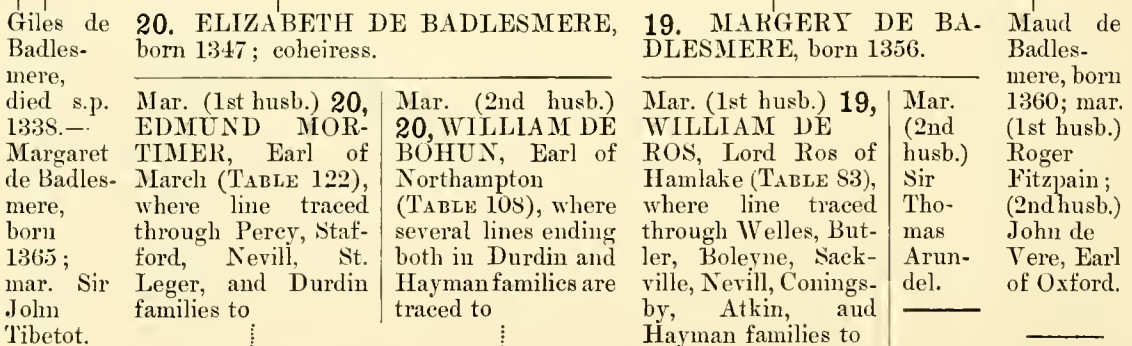
Mar. **22, MARGARET**, heiress of **23, RALPH FITZBERNARD**.



1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Mar. **21, MARGARET DE CLARE** (see the De Clare family in TABLE 97).



1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

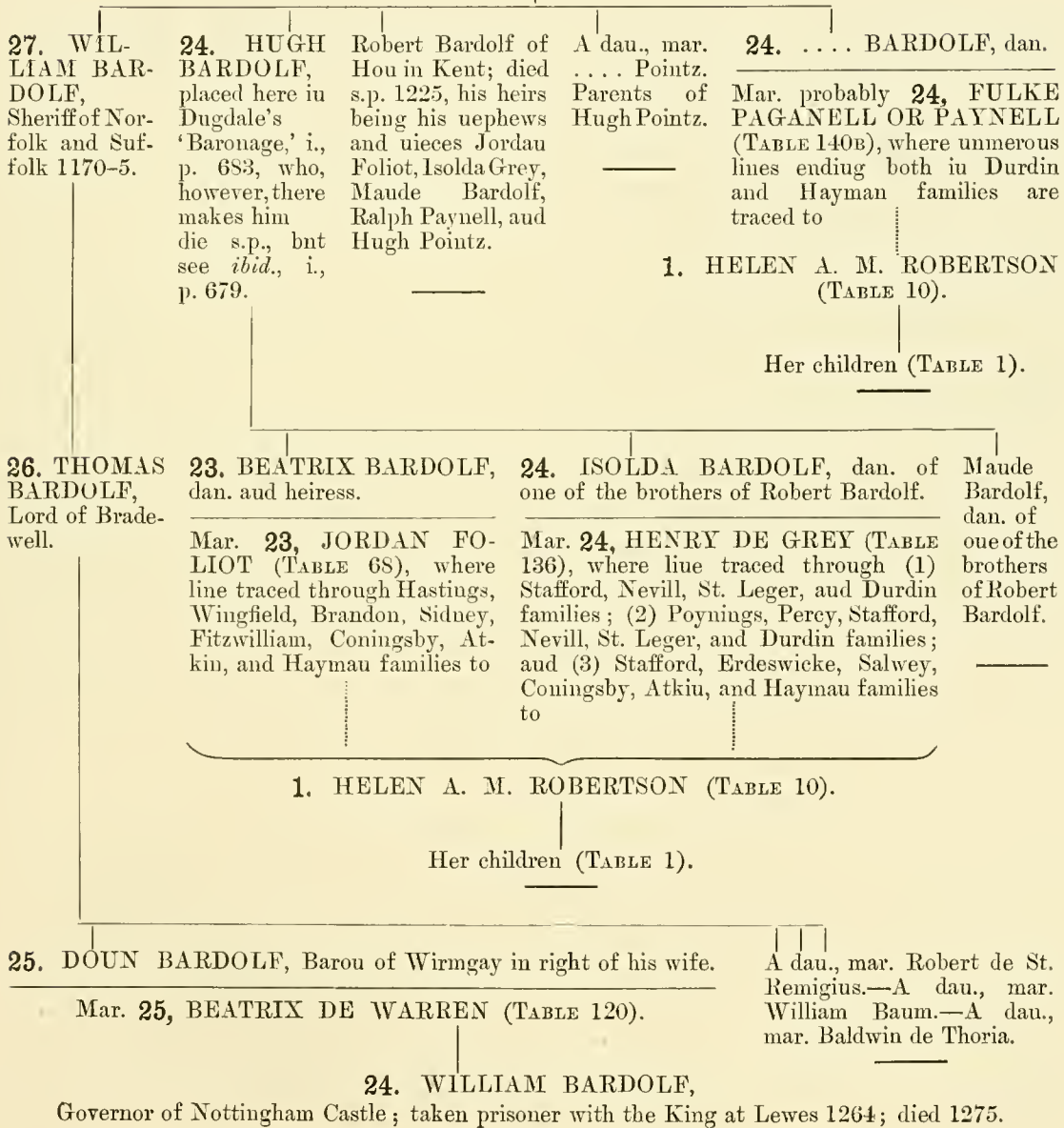
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- BADLESMERE.**
 Hasted's 'Kent,' ii., p. 773-4; also 1886 edition, part i., p. 6.
 Clutterbuck's 'Herts,' iii., p. 102.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 57.
 Banks's 'Extinct Baronage,' ii., p. 23.
 Martin's 'Leeds Castle,' p. 111.
 Sir R. C. Hoare's 'South Wilts,' i., part ii., p. 86.

Table 125.

BARDOLF (LORD BARDOLF) FAMILY.

28. . . . BARDOLF.



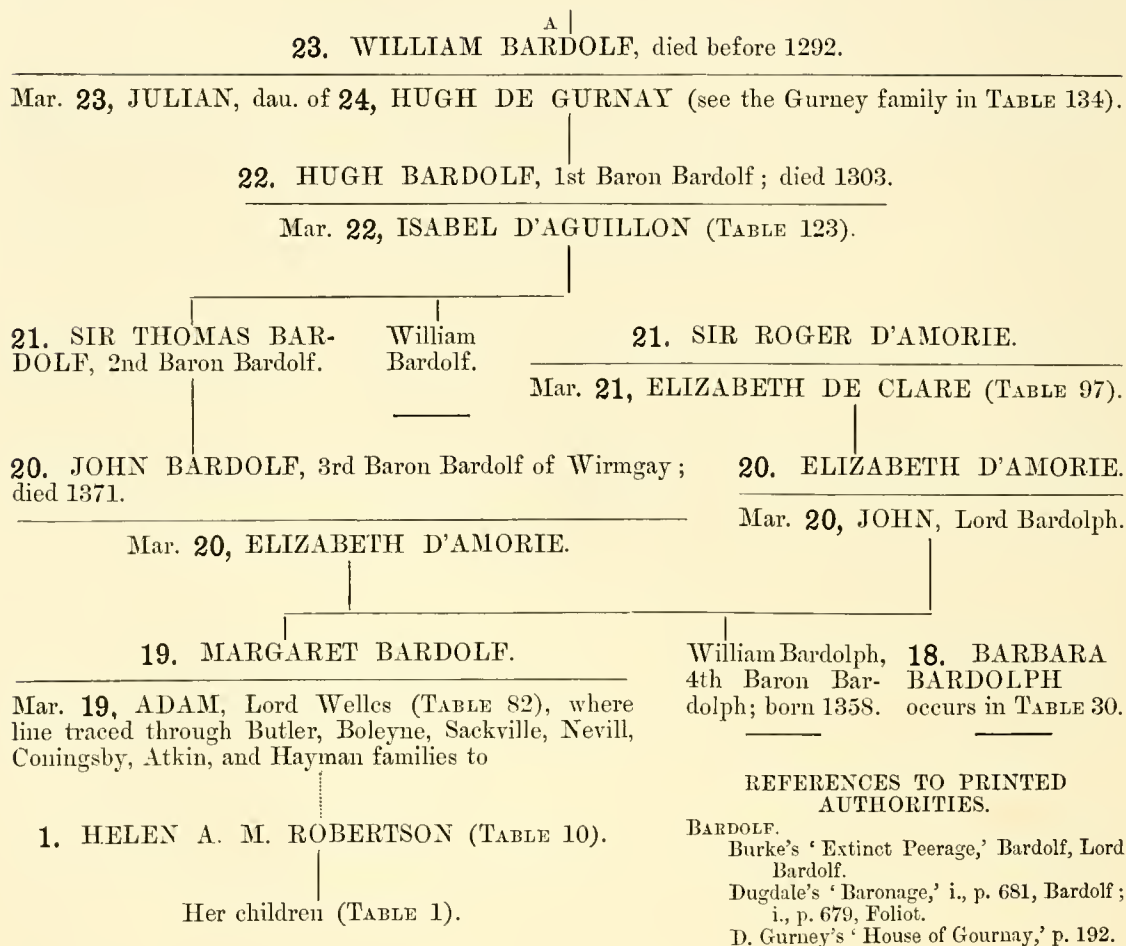
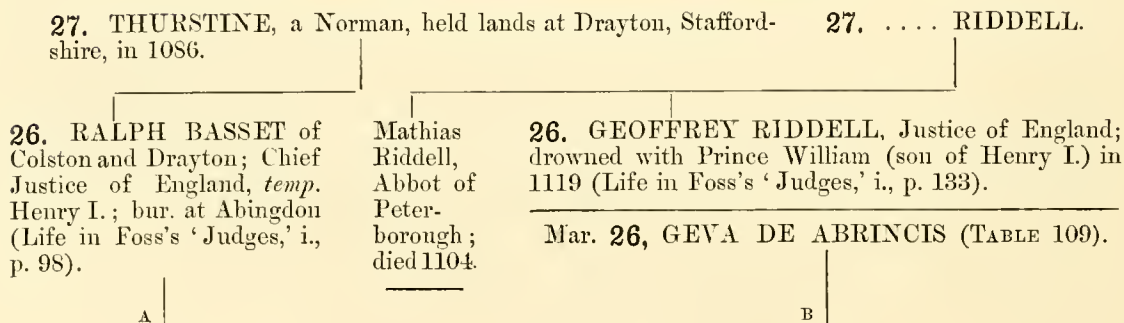
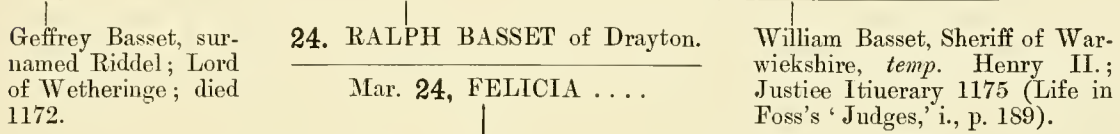
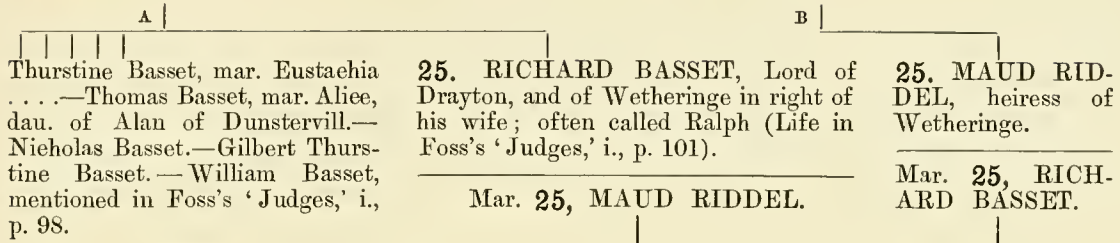


Table 126.

BASSET (LORD BASSET) FAMILY.





23. RALPH BASSET, Lord Basset of Drayton.

22. RALPH BASSET of Drayton; slain at Battle of Evesham 1261.

Mar. **22, MARGARET DE SOMERY** (TABLE 140b.)

BASSET OF BLOWERS FAMILY.

14. WILLIAM BASSET of Blowers.

13. CECILIA BASSET.

Mar. **13, HUGH DE ERDESWICKE** (TABLE 62A), where line traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

21. SIR RALPH BASSET, Lord Basset of Drayton; died 1299.

Mar. **21, JOAN GREY** (TABLE 136).

20. MAUD BASSET.

Mar. **20, JOHN DE GREY**, Lord Grey de Wilton (TABLE 136), where line traced through Poynings, Percy, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

20. MARGARET BASSET, eldest dau. and ultimate coheiress.

Mar. **20, EDMUND STAFFORD**, Lord Stafford (TABLE 93), where line traced through (1) Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and also through (2) Erdeswicke, Salwey, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

Ralph Basset, K.G., died 1342; mar. Joan, dau. of Thomas Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, but issue failed.

Maud Basset, co-heiress; mar. (1st husb.) Sir William Heriz; (2nd husb.) John Grey.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

BASSET.
 Shaw's 'Staffordshire,' ii., p. 12.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Basset.

Table 127.

BRAOSE (LORD BRAOSE) FAMILY.

28. WILLIAM DE BRAOSE OR DE BREWIS, Companion of the Conqueror.

Mar. **28**, AGNES, dau. of **29**, WALDRON, Earl of St. Clare (Collins's 'Peerage,' iv., p. 37). The Clare family is in TABLE 97.

27. PHILIP DE BRAOSE, Lord of Buelt (Builth), Wales.

Mar. **27**, BERTHA DE GLOUCESTER (TABLE 107).

Erroneously made wife of his son William in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Braose.

26. WILLIAM DE BRAOSE, Sth Lord of Abergavenny and Brecknock through his mother; Justice Itinerary 1195 (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' i., pp. 344-7).

25. WILLIAM DE BRAOSE, Lord of Abergavenny and Brecknock; died *circa* 1212.

This generation omitted in Rowland's 'Nevill Family.'

Mar. **25**, MAUD DE ST. WALORIE, Lady of Haya; starved to death by King John.

Reginald.

A dau., mar. (Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 414) Adam de Port.

24. MAUD DE BRAOSE.

Mar. **24**, WILLIAM DE BEAUCHAMP (TABLE 102), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

26. SIBILLA DE BRAOSE (Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 414).

Mar. **26**, ROBERT DE FERRERS, 4th Earl of Derby (TABLE 113), where line is traced through Strathbogie, Hailsham, Lewknor, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

24. WILLIAM DE BRAOSE, surnamed Gam; starved to death with his mother.

Mar. MAUD, dau. of an Earl of Clare. The Clare family is in TABLE 97.

Giles de Braose, Bishop of Hereford.—Sir John of Knill.—Joane de Braose, mar. Richard, Lord Percy.—Lorella de Braose, mar. Robert Fitzpurnell, Earl of Leicester.—A dau., mar. (Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 414) Roger Mortimer's son.

23. REGINALD DE BRAOSE, Lord of Abergavenny.

Mar. (1st wife) a dau. of Llewelyn ap Jorworth, Prince of North Wales.

Mar. (2nd wife) **23**, GRÆCIA DE BRIWERE (TABLE 128).

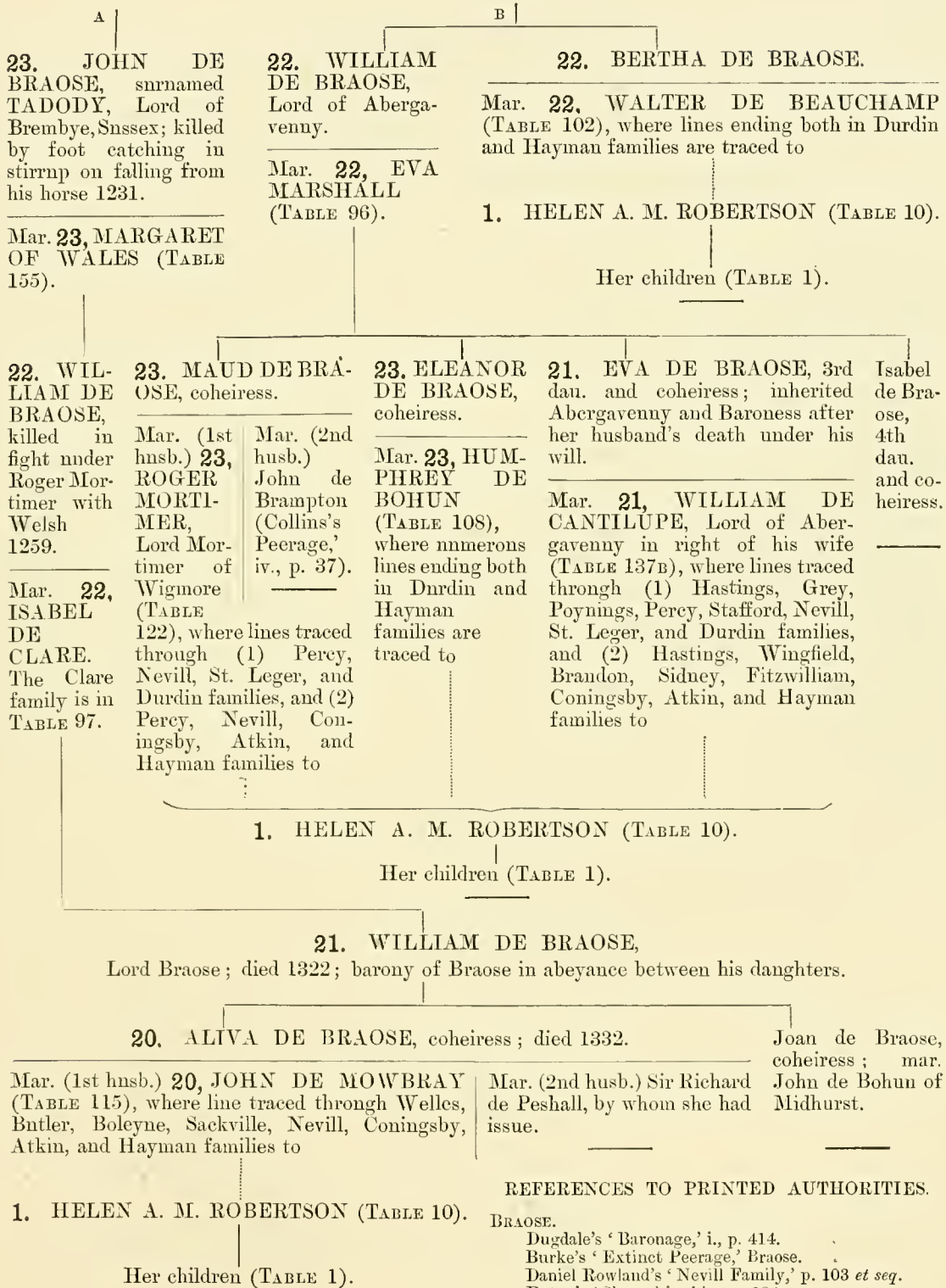
24. MARGARET DE BRAOSE.

Mar. **24**, WALTER DE LACY (TABLE 116).

Where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

BRAOSE.

- Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 414.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Braose.
 Daniel Rowland's 'Nevill Family,' p. 103 *et seq.*
 Eyton's 'Shropshire,' iv., p. 184.
 Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Baronage,' ii., p. 4, Bergavenny.
 Dudley G. C. Elwes's 'Family of De Braose,' 1066 to 1326, Exeter, 1833.

Table 128.

BRIWERE FAMILY.

25. HENRY DE BRIWERE, BRUERE, OR BREWER.

24. WILLIAM DE BRIWERE

of Hesham, Devon, and of the Forest de la Bere near Wiuchester; one of the three persons to whom Richard I. committed the government of England during his absence in the Holy Land; Governor of Bolsover Castle 1195; died 1210; bur. in Abbey of Dunkeswell.

Mar. 24, BEATRIX DE VALLE, probably previously mistress to Reginald, Earl of Cornwall.

Richard de Briwere, died v.p.—William, Lord Briwere, Sheriff of Northumberland; died s.p. 1232; mar. Joan, dau. of William de Verum, Earl of Devon.	23. GRÆCIA DE BRIWERE. Mar. 23, REGINALD DE BRAOSE (TABLE 127), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to	24. ISABEL DE BRIWERE. Mar. (1st husb.) Dovre.	Mar. (2nd husb.) 24. BALDWIN WAKE (TABLE 20), where line traced through Plantageuet, Holland, Beaufort, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to	23. ALICE DE BRIWERE, heiress of lands in Devon; gave the marble for Salisbury Cathedral. Mar., 1205, 23. REGINALD DE MOHUN (TABLE 139), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to	Margaret de Briwere, mar. William de Ferte.—Joan de Briwere, mar. William de Percy.
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; align-items: center;"> <div style="border-top: 1px solid black; width: 80%;"></div> <div style="margin: 0 10px;">}</div> </div> <p style="text-align: center;">1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).</p>					

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

BRIWERE.
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 700, Briwere.

Table 129.

BRUCE FAMILY.

30. ROBERT DE BRUS OR BRUCE,

Companion of the Conqueror; probably originally a Norwegian family, the name Brusi being common in Norway and in the Orkneys (Laing's Wyntoun, iii., pp. 267-8).

A |
29. ROBERT DE BRUS,

fought for English King at Battle of the Standard; died 1141 (Arlred, col. 343, cited in Wyntoun, iii., p. 268).

Mar. (1st wife) **29, AGNES PAGANELL** (TABLE 140A). | Mar. (2nd wife) . . . heiress of Lords of Estrahanent (Strath Anend) or Anandirdale (Annandale) (Laing's Wyntoun, iii., p. 268).

28. ADAM DE BRUS, eldest son; succeeded to his father's English lands; Lord of Skelton in Cleveland, Yorkshire; died 1167.

Agatha de Brus, mar. Ralph, Lord of Middleham.

Robert de Brus, 2nd son; succeeded to his father's and mother's lands in Scotland; Lord of Annandale.

Male ancestor of King Robert Bruce, and through him ancestor of the Stuarts, Kings of England and Scotland, and their descendants, including Queen Victoria.

27. ADAM DE BRUS, died 1180.

26. PETER DE BRUS, died 1211.

24. ISABEL DE BRUS.

Mar. **24, HENRY DE PERCY** (TABLE 100), where many lines are traced through (1) Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

25. PETER DE BRUS, died in the Holy Land 1247.

Mar. **25, HELLEWYSA,** dau. of **26, WILLIAM DE LANCASTER,** Baron of Kendal.

Peter de Brus, died s.p.

Agnes de Brus, mar. Walter, Lord Fauconbridge.

Lucy de Brus, mar. Marmaduke Tweng.

Margaret de Brus, mar. Robert, Lord Roos.

24. LADARYNA DE BRUS OR BRUCE.

Mar. **24, SIR JOHN DE BELLA ACQUA, BELLE EAU, OR BELLEW** (TABLE 69), where line traced through Stapleton, Windsor, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- BRUS OR BRUCE.**
 Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' pp. 39 and 40, Brus.
 Betham's 'Genealogical Tables,' 621.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 449.

Table 130.

BURGHersh (LORD BURGHersh) FAMILY.

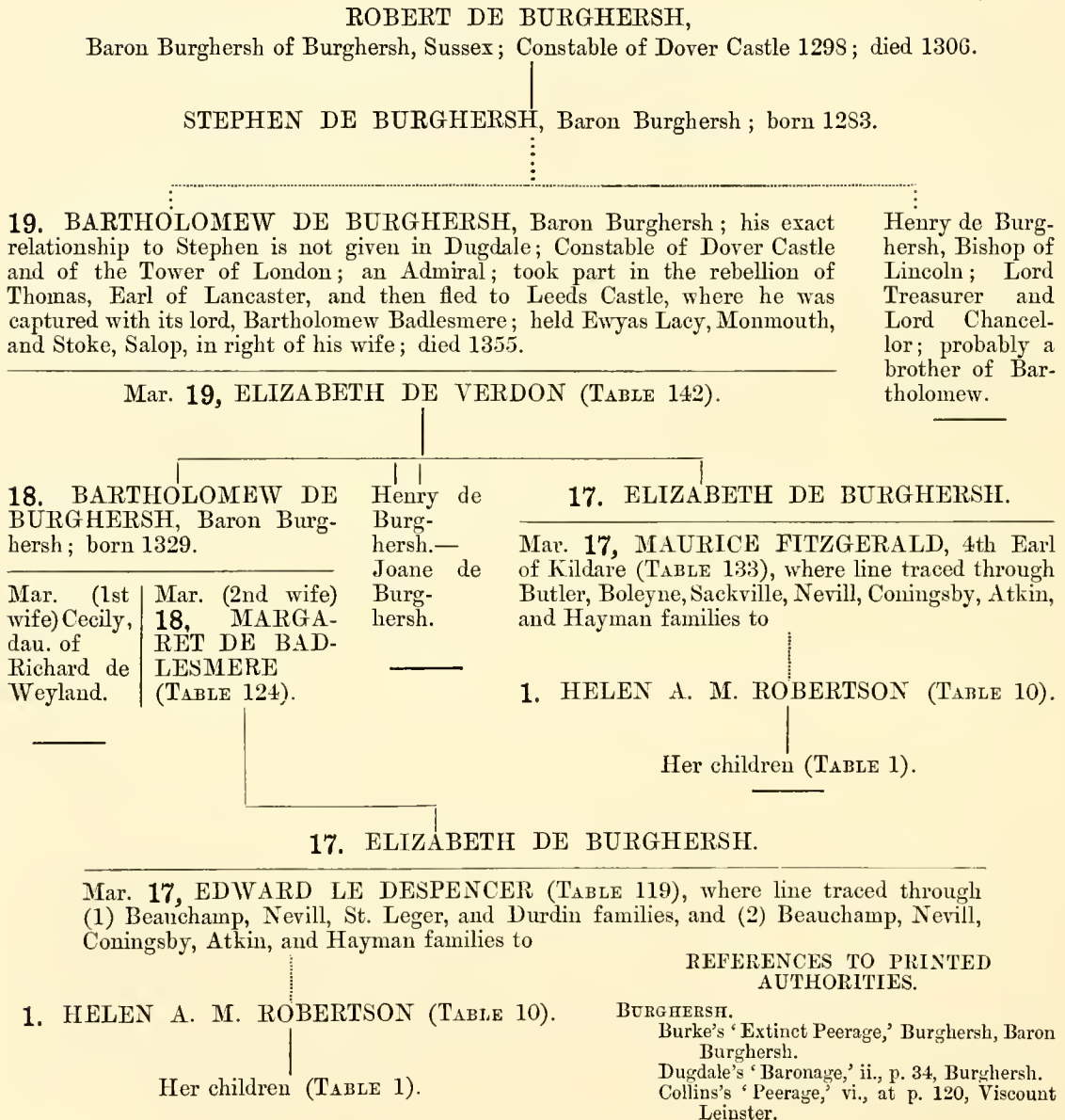
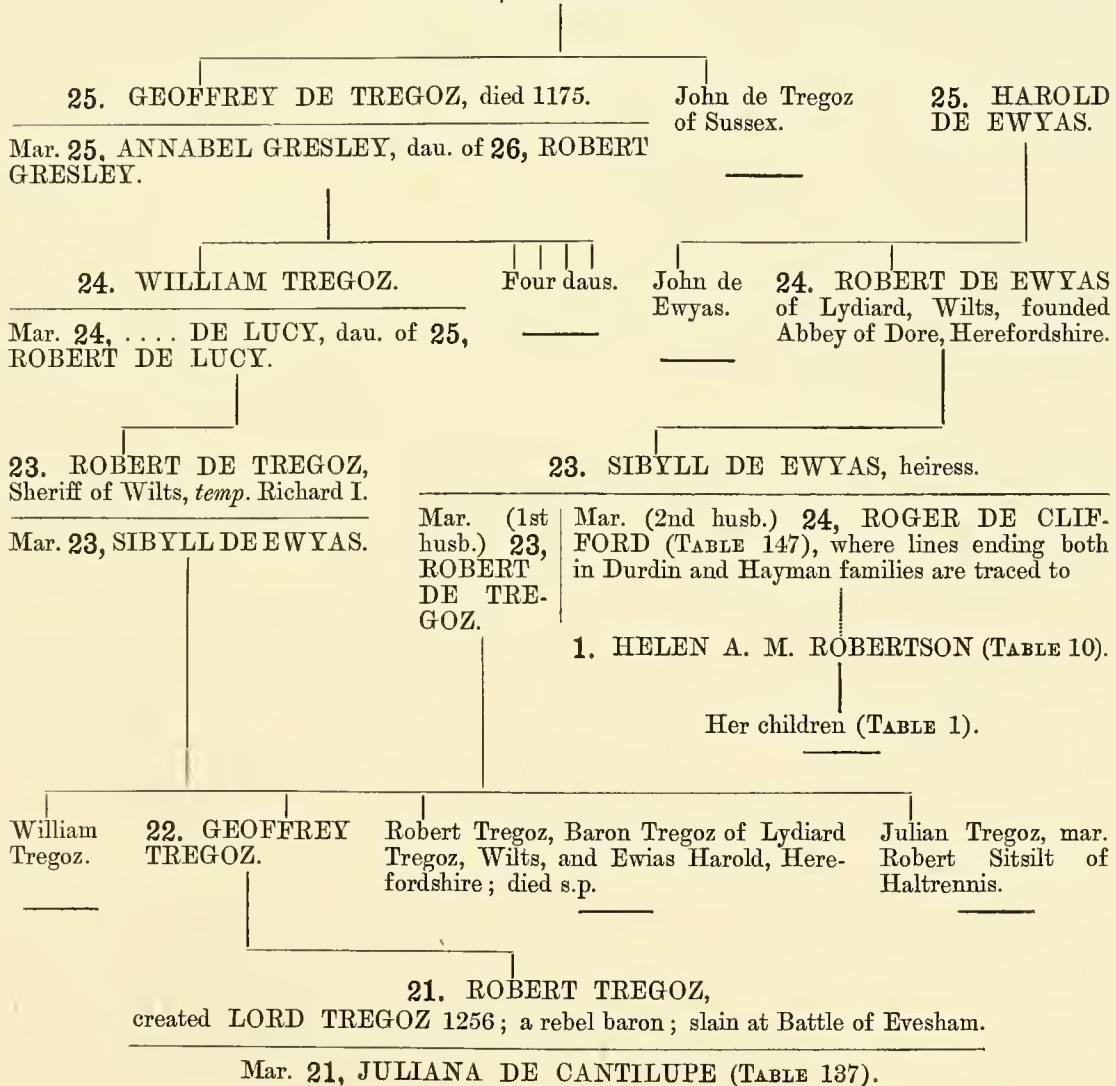


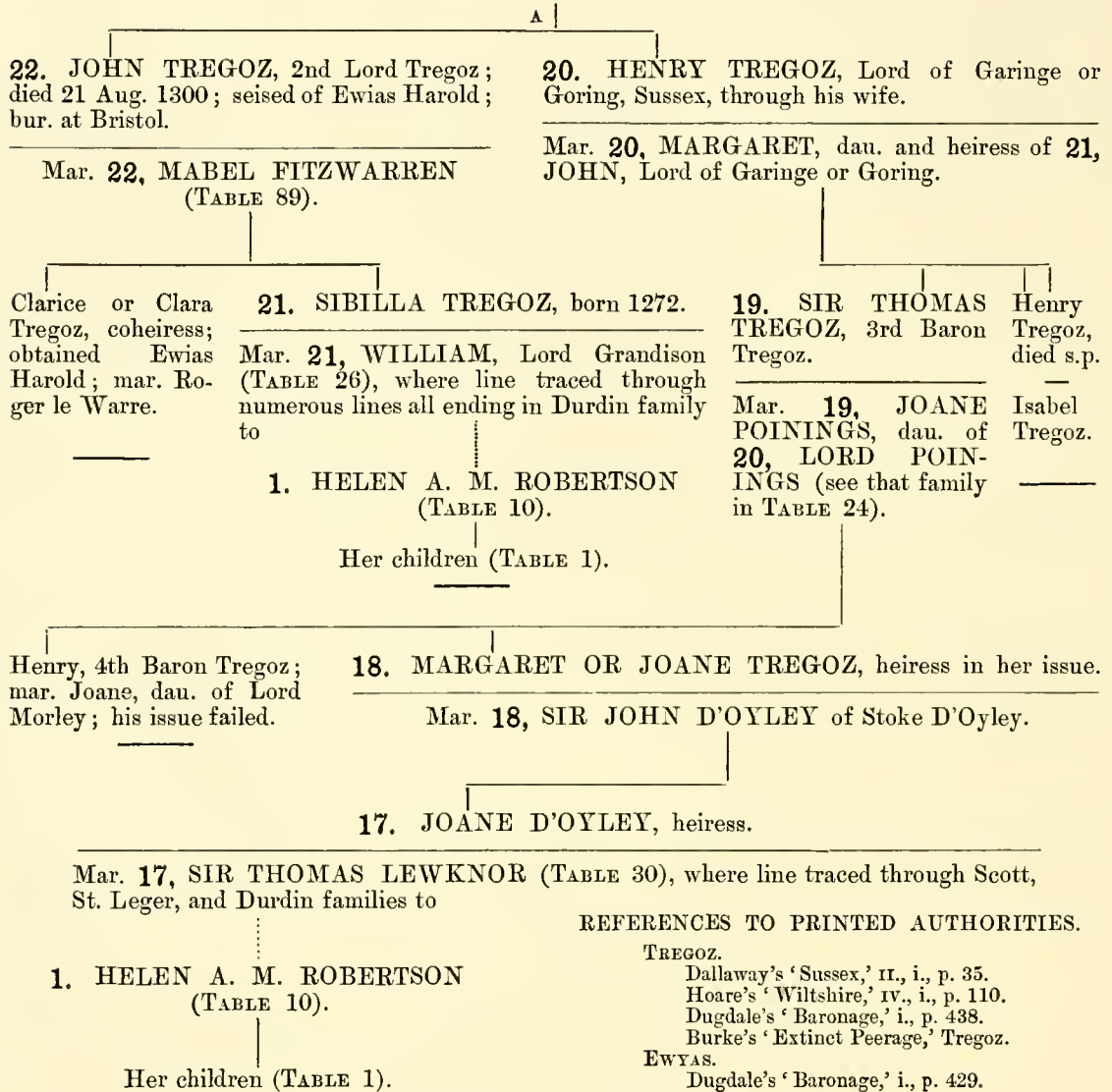
Table 131.

EWYAS AND TREGOZ (LORD TREGOZ) FAMILIES.

26. WILLIAM DE TREGOZ OR TREGOS, living *temp.* King Stephen.

Mar. 26, ANNABEL . . .





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

TREGOZ.

- Dallaway's 'Sussex,' II, i., p. 35.
 Hoare's 'Wiltshire,' IV, i., p. 110.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 438.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Tregoz.

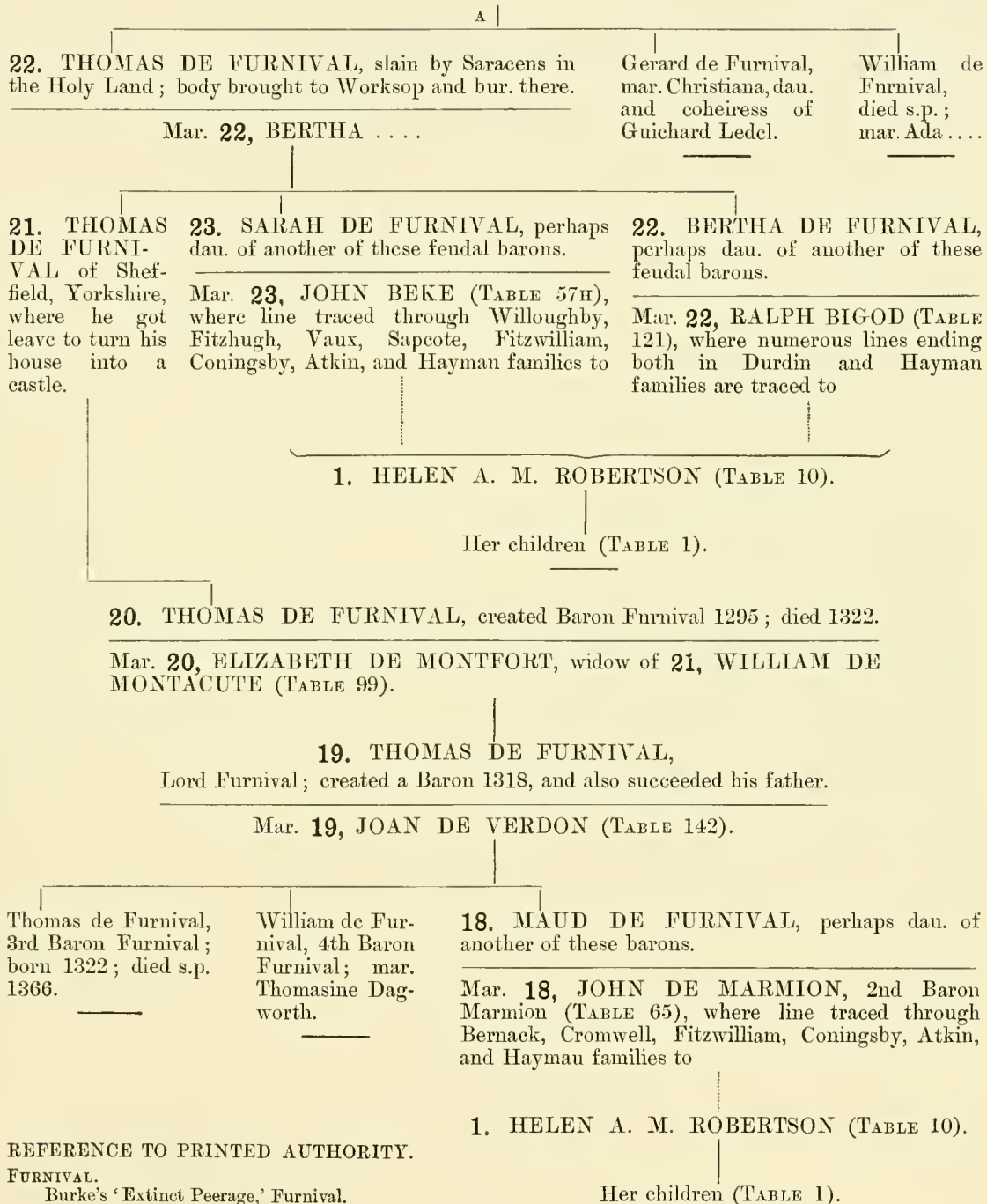
EWEAS.

- Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 429.

Table 132—PART A.

FURNIVAL (LORD FURNIVAL) FAMILY.

24. GIRARD DE FURNIVAL, a Norman; came to England *temp.* Richard I.; went to the Holy Land, and was at Siege of Acre. Another Lord Furnival occurs in TABLE 57.
23. GIRARD DE FURNIVAL, adhered to King John; died at Jerusalem 1219.
- Mar. 23, MAUD DE LUVETOT, dau. and coheiress of 24, WILLIAM DE LUVETOT, a Nottinghamshire baron, whose lands her husband inherited 1204.



NOTE.—Owing to the constant use of the name Thomas in this family the parentage of daughters is not always clear.

Table 132—PART B.

FITZGERALD OF STOKE COURCY FAMILY.

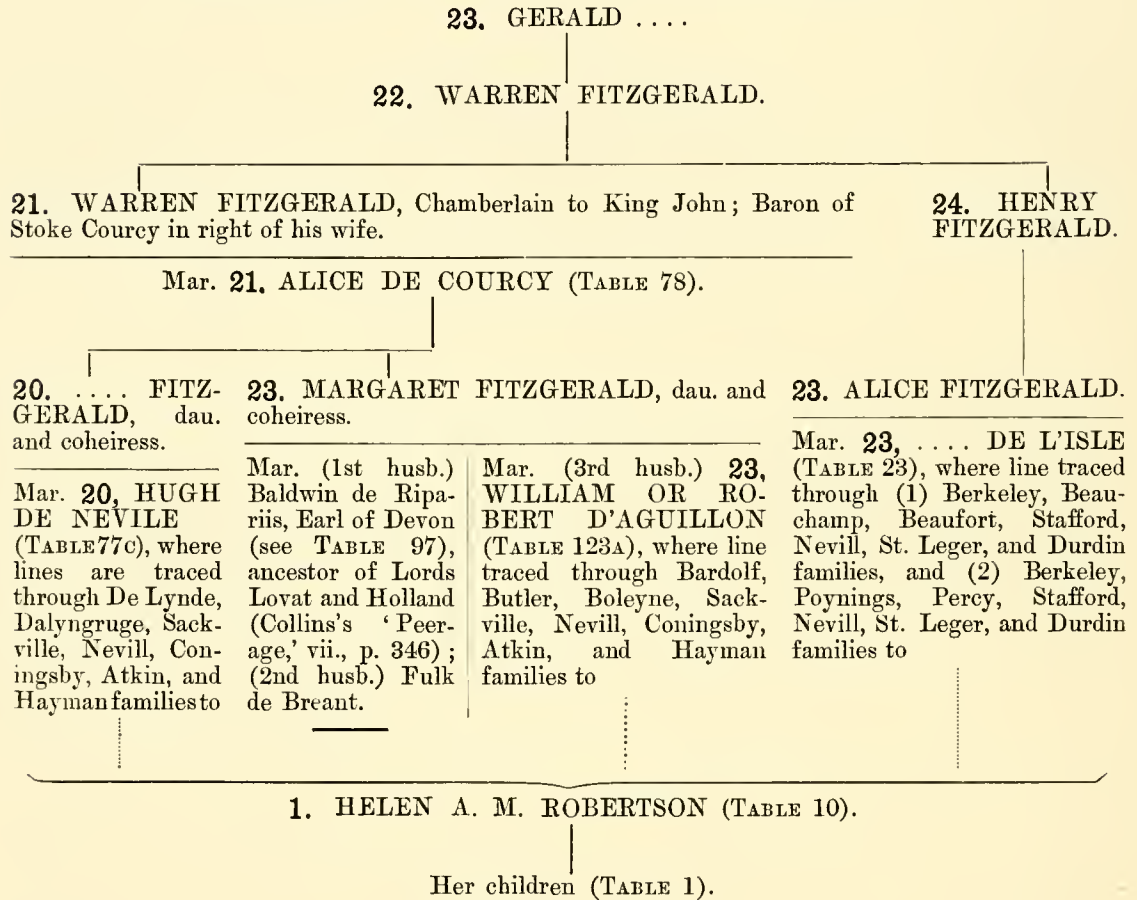


Table 133.

FITZOTHER FAMILY.

PART 1.

FITZGERALD (EARL OF KILDARE) BRANCH.

30. OTHOERE,

a descendant of an Othoere living in England *temp.* King Alfred, whose ancestors were Norwegian.

A |
29. OTHO OR OTHER

of Stanwell, Middlesex; living in England *temp.* Edward the Confessor.

He is sometimes said to have been a descendant of the Gherardini family of Florence, Dukes of Tuscany, and to have moved from Florence to Normandy, and thence to have come to England as a Companion of the Conqueror.

|
28. WALTER FITZOTHER, Governor of Windsor Castle; died 1041.

Mar. 28, GLADIS, dau. of 29, RYWALLON AP CONWYN, a Prince of North Wales (some of these Princes occur in TABLE 155).

27. GERARD OR GERALD, surnamed FITZWALTER OR DE WINDSOR, Governor of Pembroke Castle; Lord of Moulsoford, Berks, by grant from Henry I.

25. WILLIAM FITZWALTER OR DE WINDSOR (see Part 2 of this Table, where lines are traced from him). Robert or Richard, Lord of Staines, Essex.

Mar. 27, NESTA, Princess of South Wales (TABLE 155).

26. MAURICE FITZGERALD.

Mar. 26, ALICE DE MONTGOMERY (TABLE 164).

24. WILLIAM OR WALTER FITZGERALD OR DE CARRIO (see Part 3 of this Table, where lines are traced from him).

David, Bishop of St. David's, cr. 1147; died 1176.

ANKRET FITZGERALD.

Mar. WILLIAM BARRI (TABLE 55), from whom line traced through Nagle, Hill, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

25. GERALD FITZMAURICE, 1st Lord Offaley; died at Sligo 1205.

Mar. 25, CATHERINE DE VALOINES (TABLE 89B).

William, Baron of Naas.—Alexander, died s.p.—Maurice, died s.p.—Nesta, mar. Harvey Mount Maurice.

24. MAURICE FITZGERALD,

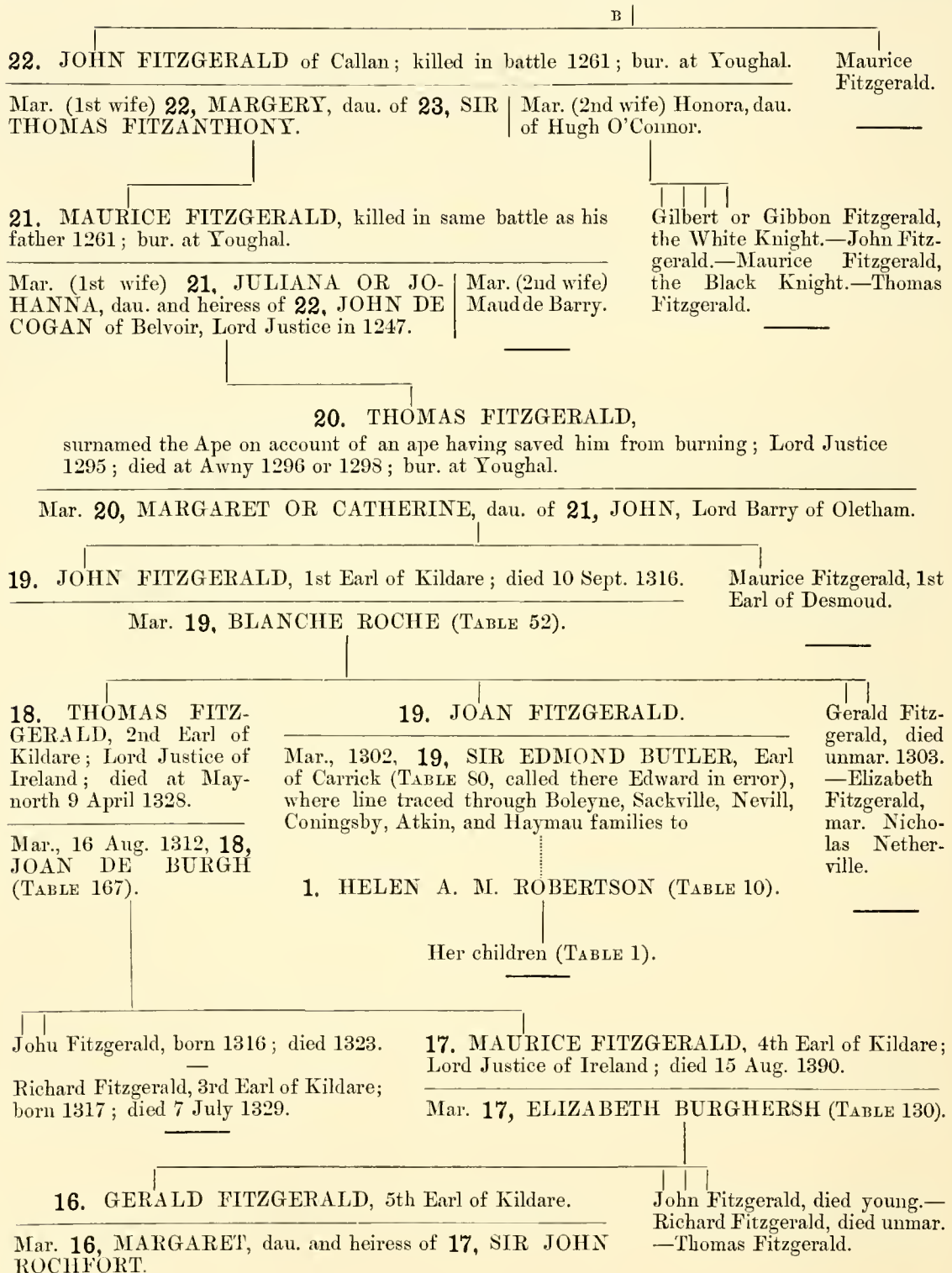
2nd Lord Offaley; Lord Justice of Ireland; died 1257; bur. at Youghal in Monastery of Youghal.

Confused, as regards his marriage and the descendants of his son Thomas, with his great-grandson Maurice in Burke's 'Peerage,' Duke of Leinster.

Maurice, 3rd Baron Offaley; Chief Governor of Ireland; mar. Emmeliua de Longepée.—Gerald.

23. THOMAS FITZMAURICE, Lord Offaley; died 26 May 1260; bur. at Youghal.

Mar. 23, ELEANOR MORRIE (TABLE 81).



c		
John, 6th Earl of Kildare; mar. Margaret de la Herne, and was ancestor of the present Duke of Leinster.— Thomas Fitzgerald, died s.p.	15. JOAN FITZGERALD, died in London 3 Aug. 1430; bur. in Chapel of St. Thomas of Acres now Mercers' Chapel.	Of this family were 11, LADY JOHANNA FITZGERALD, dau. of the Lord of Straneally, mar. 11, SIR JOHN ROCH (TABLE 52), and 9, LADY ELLEN FITZGERALD of the Kerriennrihy branch of the Desmond family, mar. their grandson 9, THEOBALD ROCH, who occurs in TABLE 52, where line traced through Jones and Hayman families to
—————	Mar. (1st husb.) Jenico Grey.	Mar. (2nd husb.) 15. JAMES BUTLER, Earl of Ormond (TABLE 80), where line traced through Boleyne, Saekville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to
	:	

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

FITZGERALD.

- Collins's 'Peerage,' vi., p. 100, Fitzgerald, Viscount Leinster.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Fitzgerald, Earl of Desmond.
 Burke's 'Peerage,' Duke of Leinster.
 Wotton's 'Baronetage,' iii., p. 323.
 Burke's 'Commoners,' i., p. 231.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

|
 Her children (TABLE 1).

PART 2.

WINDSOR (LORD WINDSOR) BRANCH.

25. WILLIAM FITZWALTER OR DE WINDSOR (see his ancestors in Part 1 of this Table).
 Confused in Burke with his grandson of the same name.

Mar. (according to Burke) 25, AGNES
 But she may have been the wife of his grandson of the same name.

Walter de Windsor, took half the barony.	24. WILLIAM DE WINDSOR of Stanwell in 1203.	Hugh de Windsor of West Horsley, Surrey.
--	---	--

23. WILLIAM DE WINDSOR
 of Stanwell; died 1275. May have married Agnes (see under his grandfather's name).

22. WILLIAM DE WINDSOR, died 1279.

Mar. 22, MARGARET DROKENSFORD, dau. of 22, JOHN DROKENSFORD; sister of Sir John Drokensford.

Hugh de Windsor, probably Rector of Wraysbury.—Joan de Windsor, mar. Sir Richard Oxy.

21. SIR RICHARD DE WINDSOR, M.P. for Berks and Middlesex; died 1326.

Mar. (1st wife) 21, JULIANA STAPLETON, (TABLE 69).	Mar. (2nd wife) Joan; died s.p., but treated as mother of Richard in Gyll's 'Wraysbury.'
--	--

A		
20. RICHARD DE WINDSOR, M.P. for Berks and Middlesex; born 1296; died 1326.		Sir Walter de Windsor, Rector of Stanwell.
Mar. (2nd wife) 20, JULIANA MOLYNS (TABLE 70).	Mar. also Claricia, dau. of Johu Drokeusfield (Gyll's 'Wraysbury'), and another lady.	
19. SIR JAMES DE WINDSOR of Stanwell, died 2 Oct. 1371.		Sir William de Windsor, a great Commander; mar. Alice, dau. of Richard Ferrers; died s.p.m. 15 Sep. 1385.
Mar. 19, ELIZABETH STRECHIE, dau. of 20, SIR JOHN STRECHIE of Wombro, Wilts.		
18. SIR MILES DE WINDSOR, died 1387.		
Mar. 18, ALICE DE WYMONDHAM, dau. of 19, ADAM DE WYMONDHAM of Wymondham, Norfolk.		
17. BRIAN DE WINDSOR, died 1399.		
Mar. 17, ALICE DREWE, dau. of 18, THOMAS DREWE of Legrave, Leicestershire.		
16. RICHARD DE WINDSOR, died 1428.		
Miles de Windsor, died unmar.	Mar. 16, CHRISTIAN FALCONER, dau. of 17, RICHARD FALCONER.	
15. MILES DE WINDSOR, died on pilgrimage to the Holy Land 1451.		
Mar. 15, JOAN GREEN, dau. of 16, WILLIAM GREEN of Bridgnorth.		
14. THOMAS WINDSOR of Stanwell, died 1481; bur. in Chancel of Stanwell.		
Mar. 14, ELIZABETH ANDREWS (TABLE 71).		
13. ANDREW WINDSOR, created in 1529 Baron Windsor; obtained Aukerwyche Priory, Bucks, through his wife, by deed dated 4 Aug. 1540; died 1543.		
Mar. 13, ELIZABETH BLOUNT (TABLE 73).		
12. ELEANOR WINDSOR.	George Windsor, died s.p.—William Windsor, 2nd Lord Windsor; died 1558.—Sir Edmund Windsor of Stoke Pogis.—Thomas Windsor of Bentley, mar. Mary dau. of Thomas Beckingham.	Elizabeth Windsor, mar. Sir Peter Vavasour.—Anne Windsor, mar. Robert Corbet of Moreton.—Edith Windsor, mar. George Ludlow of Hill Deverell.
Mar. (1st husb.) Lord Scrope of Upsall.	Mar. (2nd husb.) 12, EDWARD NEVILL, Lord Bergavenny (TABLE 92), where line traced through Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to	
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).		
Her children (TABLE 1).		
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.		
WINDSOR. Collins's 'Peerage,' iii., p. 637, Windsor, Earl of Plymouth. Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Windsor, Earl of Plymouth. Gyll's 'Wraysbury,' p. 208. See also authorities for Fitzgerald and Carew in Parts 1 and 3 of this Table.		

PART 3.

CAREW BRANCH.

24. WILLIAM OR WALTER FITZGERALD OR DE CARRIO

(see his ancestors in Part 1 of this Table), obtained Carrio (Carew) Castle, Pembrokeshire, through his mother (see Part 1); Governor of Pembroke Castle; died 1173, Harleian Society, ix., p. 30—1194, Berry's 'Surrey Genealogies,' p. 1.

Mar. either . . . Kingsley of Chester, or Merris, dau. of Stephen, Constable of Cardiganshire.

William, ancestor of the Gerards, Earls of Macclesfield and Barons of Bromley.

23. OTHO DE CARRIO, died 1193.

Mar. **23. MARGARET**, dau. of **24. RICHARD FITZ-TANCRED**.

Raymond the Gross, died s.p.; mar. Basil de Clare, dau. of Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Pembroke.

22. WILLIAM DE CARRU, Lord of Moulford; grant confirmed by King John 25 May 1213.

Solomon de Carru.—Stephen de Carru.—Walter de Carru.

21. NICHOLAS CARRU, died 1228.

A generation, William, is inserted between him and his father as above in Wotton's 'Baronetage,' iv., p. 164.

A dau., mar. Adam de Montgomery.

Mar. **21. ADA DE MONTGOMERY** (TABLE 164).

Macleane's 'Trigg Minor,' ii., p. 240, and Sir John Maclean's 'Life of Sir Peter Carew' call his wife Katherine, dau. of Myles, Lord Courcy.

20. WILLIAM CARRU, Lord of Carew and Moulford.

In Maclean's 'Trigg Minor,' ii., p. 240, his grandchildren Sir Nicholas and Amicia Peverell are made his parents.

Maurice Carew, died s.p.—Robert Carew, died s.p.

19. SIR NICHOLAS CAREW.

Mar. **19. AMICIA**, dau. of **20. SIR RICHARD TWIT**, Lord of Marstou in West Meath, who remar. William Appeldor or Appeldryfield.

18. SIR NICHOLAS CAREW, died 1308.

Sir David Carew.

Mar. **18. AMICIA PEVERELL** (TABLE 88).

A |

<p>Sir John Carew, Portionist (<i>i.e.</i> owner of a portion of tithes) of the Church of Beddington, Surrey, died before 1387, and bur. there; mar. (1st wife) Eleanor, dau. and heiress of Sir William Mohun of Mohuns Ottery; (2nd wife) Joan, dau. of Gilbert, Lord Talbot.</p>	<p>17. NICHOLAS CAREW, Keeper of the Privy Seal to Edward III., and one of the executors of his will; acquired the two Manors of Beddington, Surrey, by marriage. Will dated 1387 in Manning and Bray, ii., p. 523. Died 1390. Proved at Croydon 26 Sept. 1390. Bur. at Beddington.</p> <p>In Lysons's 'Environs of London,' i., p. 53, his father and grandfather are both styled John, apparently confusing him with the Nicholas, brother of Sir Leonard Carew, mentioned in Harleian Society, ix., p. 30, where this Nicholas is omitted.</p> <p>Mar. (1st wife) Lucy, dau. and heiress of Sir Richard Willoughby, Lord of the Manor of Home Beddington, and widow of Sir Thomas Huscarl, Lord of the Manor of Beddington Huscarls.</p>	<p>William Carew. — Thomas Carew.</p> <hr style="width: 100%;"/> <p>Mar. (2nd wife) 17, MARIA</p>
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<p>Nicholas Carew of Beddington, died 4 Sept. 1432, aged 70; mar. (1st wife) Isabella Delamar; (2nd wife) Mercia, dau. of Stephen Heyne.</p>	<p>16. ELIZABETH CAREW, died 25 Sept. 1410; bur. at Beddington (Inscription in Mannug and Bray's 'Surrey,' ii., p. 529).</p> <p>In many Lewknor Tables she is called dau. of Sir John Carew of Fulford, Devon, referring probably to her uncle.</p> <p>Mar. 16. THOMAS LEWKNOR (TABLE 30), where line traced through Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Her children (TABLE 1).</p>	<p>Philippa Carew, died 1 July 1414.—Another Philippa Carew.—Margaret Carew, mar. Turbervyle.—Another Margaret.—Lucy Carew, Prioress of Rosper, Sussex.—Three John Carews.—Two William Carews.—Guido Carew.—Eleanore Carew.—Two Agnes Carews.—Anne Carew.—All named on Inscription to Philippa (Manning and Bray's 'Surrey,' ii., p. 529).</p>
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REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

CAREW.

Berry's 'Surrey Genealogies,' p. 1.
Manning and Bray, ii., p. 523.
Harleian Society, ix., 'Visitation of Cornwall,' at pp. 29 and 30.

CAREW.

Wotton's 'Baronetage,' iv., p. 159.
Macleane's 'Trigg Minor,' ii., p. 240.
Lysons's 'Environs of London,' i., pp. 50-53.
Burke's 'Peerage,' Carew, Baronet, of Haccombe.

Table 134.

GOURNAY FAMILY.

33. EUDES, a Norman, to whom Rollo, Duke of Normandy, assigned Gournay and Le Brai in Normandy in 912.

32. HUGH, Lord of Gournay; said to have fortified Gournay.

^A
31. RENAUD, Lord of Gournay; probably son of this Hugh.

Mar. **31, ALBERARDA**

<p>30. HUGH DE GOURNAY I., Lord of Gournay; living 986-96.</p>	<p>Gautier de la Ferté, founded the Priory of La Ferté in Brai between 986 and 996.</p>	<p>30. ALBERIC, Lord of Coucy and Boves in Normandy; living 1059.</p>
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<p>29. HUGH DE GOURNAY II., Lord of Gournay; probably son of Hugh I.; commanded the Norman fleet in 1036, and the Norman army at Battle of Mortimer 1054; Companion of the Conqueror.</p>	<p>Alberic. 29. DREUX DE BOVES, living 1069.</p>
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<p>28. HUGH DE GOURNAY III., Companion of the Conqueror as well as his father; held manors in Essex in 1086; became a monk at Bec in 1093.</p>	<p>28. ENGUER-RAUD I., Lord of Coucy; died 1116.</p>
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Anseaux, an ecclesiastic, but mar.—Robert, died about 1106; mar. Adelaide, dau. of Robert, Lord of Peronne.

Mar. **28, BASILIA DE FLASTELL** (TABLE 103).

<p>27. GERARD DE GOURNAY, Lord of Caister near Great Yarmouth; living 1082; died on way to Holy Land.</p>	<p>Hugh de Gournay.</p>	<p>27. THOMAS DE MARLA, Lord of Coucy; was at first Crusade 1096.</p>
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Mar. **27, EDITHA DE WARREN** (TABLE 120).

Mar. (1st wife) Yda, dau. of Baldwin, Count of Hainault.	Mar. (2nd wife) Daume de Montaign.	Mar. (3rd wife) 27, MELISENDE , dau. of 28, GUY DE CRECY .
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A dau., mar. Richard Talbot; ancestors of Earls of Shrewsbury. — Walter Gournay, younger son; probably ancestor of the Gurneys of Norfolk.

26. GUNDRED DE GOURNAY, known as La Belle Gondré.

Mar. **26, NIGEL DE ALBINI** (TABLE 105), where line traced through Welles, Butler, Boleyn, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

26. HUGH DE GOURNAY IV., died at a great age in 1180 in the Holy Land.

Mar. (1st wife) Beatrix, dau. of Hugh the Great, Count of Vermandois; made mother of Hugh V. in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 429, followed in Banks, i., p. 91, where she is called Maud.

Ida or Basilia, mar. (1st husb.) Alaid de Chinai; (2nd husb.) Bernard d'Orbais. — Beatrix, mar. Everard, Lord of Breteuil.

26. MILICENT OR MELISENDE DE MARLA. Mar. **26, HUGH DE GOURNAY IV.**

Robert, Lord of Boves; died at Acre 1191; mar. Beatrix, dau. of Hugh, Count of St. Paul.—Enguerraud II., Lord of Coucy and Marla; mar. Agnes de Beaugency, niece of Raoul, Count of Vermandois.

B

C

D

	B	C	D
Hugh de Gournay, died before his father's second marriage.	Gerard de Gournay, eldest son; died v.p. 1151.— Anselme de Gournay, younger son; mar. Eve, sister and heiress of Manrice de Gant.	25. HUGH DE GOURNAY V. , was at Siege of Acre in 1190, and made Governor after its capture; upon his Norman possessions being seized by King Philip Augustus he settled in England; died 1223. Mar. (1st wife) 25, JULIA DE DAMPMAR-TIN (TABLE 165). Mar. (2nd wife) Lucy, dan. or widow of Robert de Berkeley according to Dngdale and Banks, where she is made mother of Hugh VI.	25. GUNNORA OR GUNDRED DE GOURNAY , heiress of Manors of Kimberley and Bedingham, Norfolk. Mar. (1st hnsb.) Robert de Gant, 2nd son of Gilbert de Gant. Mar. (2nd husb.) 25, NICHOLAS DE STUTEVILLE (TABLE 141), where line traced through Wake, Plantagenet Earl of Kent, Holland, Beaufort, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to 1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10). Her children (TABLE 1).
Gerard, eldest son; died about 1215.	24. HUGH DE GOURNAY VI. , died 1239; confused with his father as regards his marriage in Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Baronage,' i., p. 91. Mar. 24, MATILDA . . . who remar. Roger de Clifford of Bridge Sollars, Herefordshire.	Mar. (1st hnsb.) Almeric, Comnt of Evreux and Gloucester.	22. MILICENT DE GOURNAY. Mar. (2nd husb.) 22, WILLIAM DE CANTILUPE (TABLE 137A), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to 1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10). Her children (TABLE 1).
	23. JULIA DE GOURNAY , sole heiress of the House of Gournay; made sister of her father Hugh in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 429. Mar. 23, WILLIAM BARDOLF , Lord Bardolf of Wirngay (TABLE 127), where line traced through Welles, Bntler, Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to		

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

GOURNAY.

Burke's 'Commoners,' Gurney of Keswick, i., p. 484.

Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Peerage,' i., p. 91, Gurnay.

Dugdale, i., p. 429, Gurnay.

'Record of the House of Gournay,' by Daniel Gurney, 1848.

Nichols's 'Leicestershire,' ii., 303.

Table 135.

GRENTESMESNIL FAMILY.

29. EARL THIRKELD.

29. HUGH DE GRENTESMESNIL OR GRENTESMAISNILL, Companion of the Conqueror; Justice of England with Odo, Bishop of Bayeux, and William Fitzosbern, but not mentioned in Foss's 'Lives of the Judges'; died old in 1094; bur. in St. Ebrnlfis, Normandy (Inscription in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 425).

Mar. **29, ADELIZA**, dan. of **30, IVO DE BELLOMONT**, Earl of Judæa (see the Bellomont Family in TABLE 101).

A

B

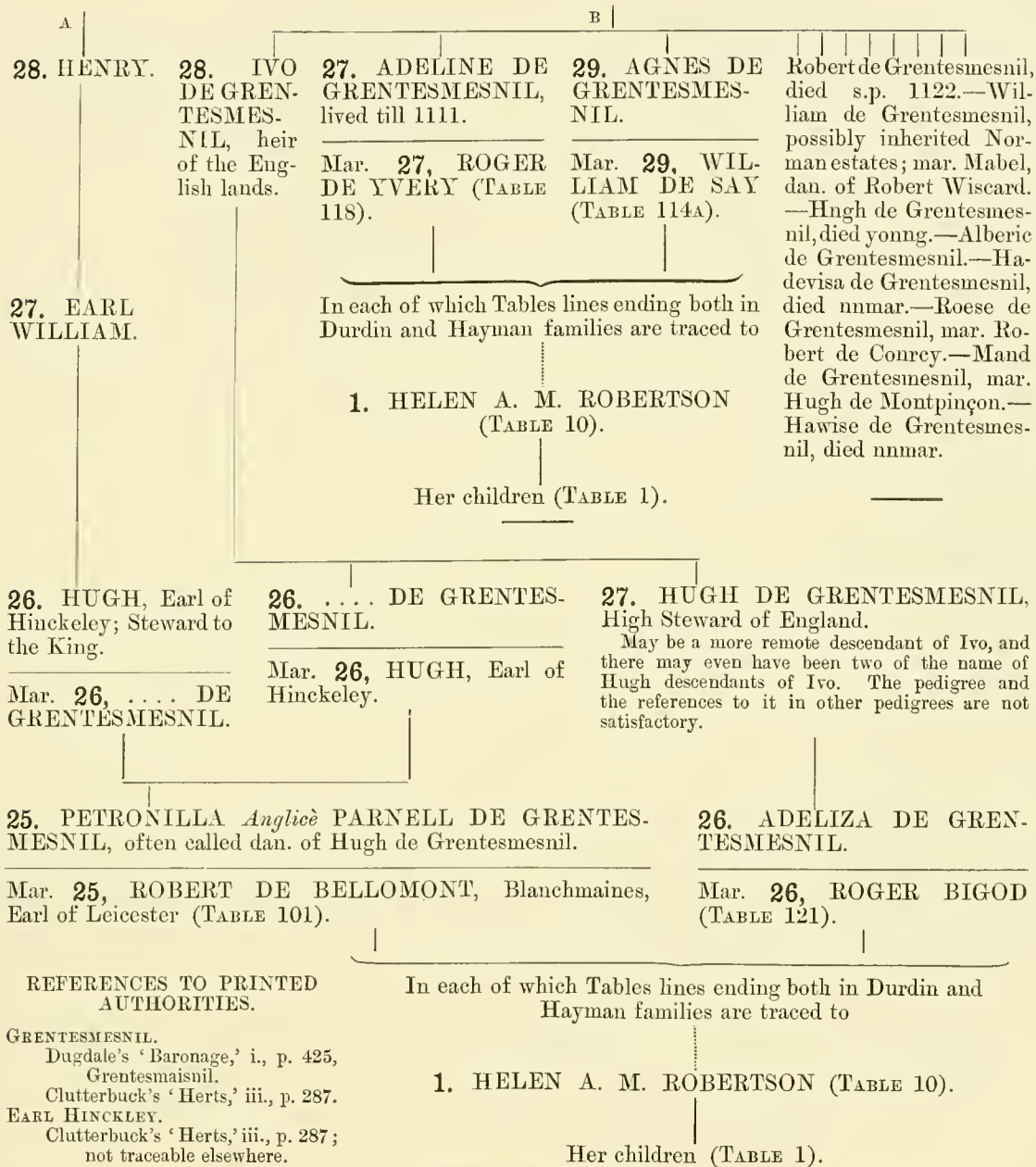


Table 136.

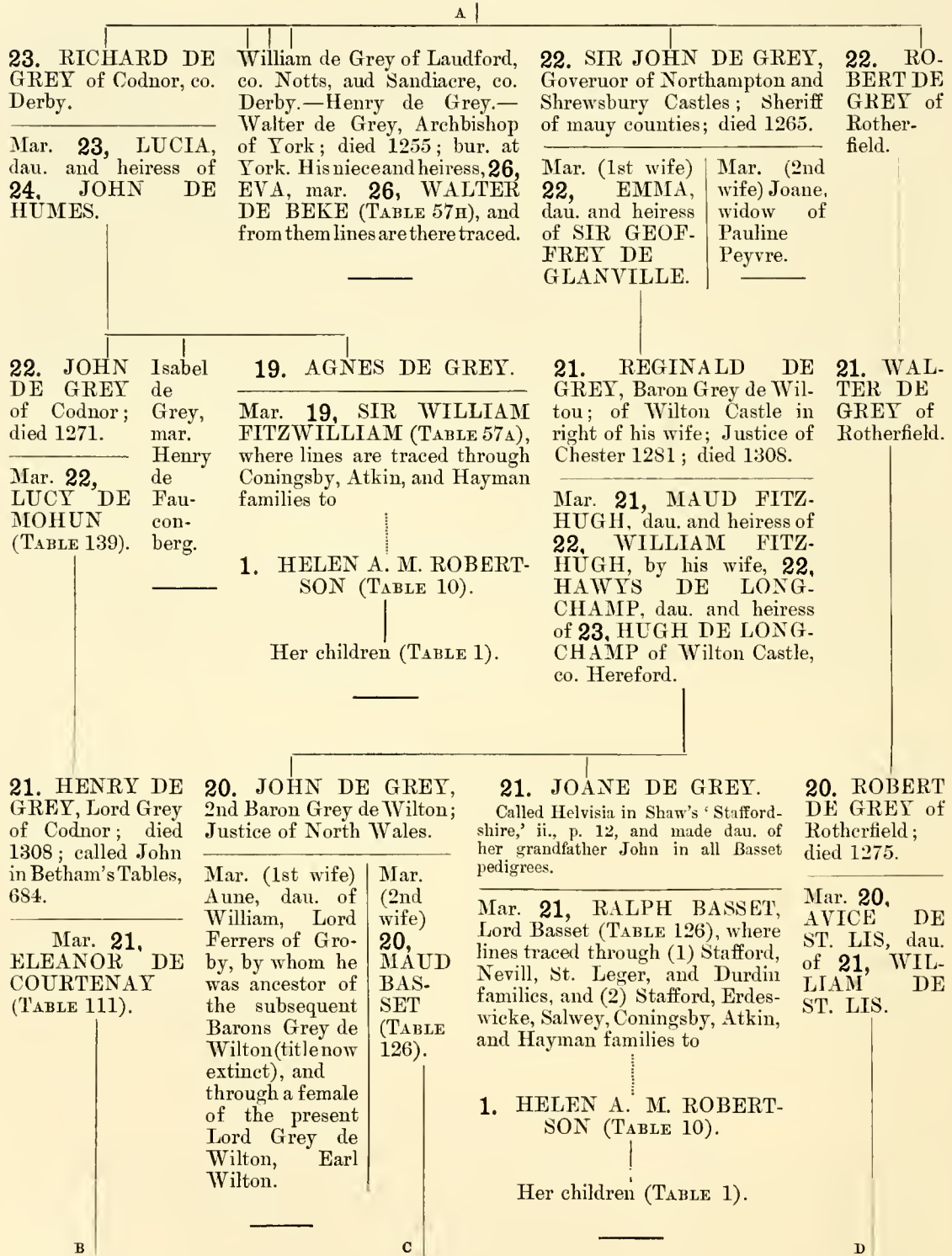
GREY (LORDS GREY DE WILTON, ETC.) FAMILY.

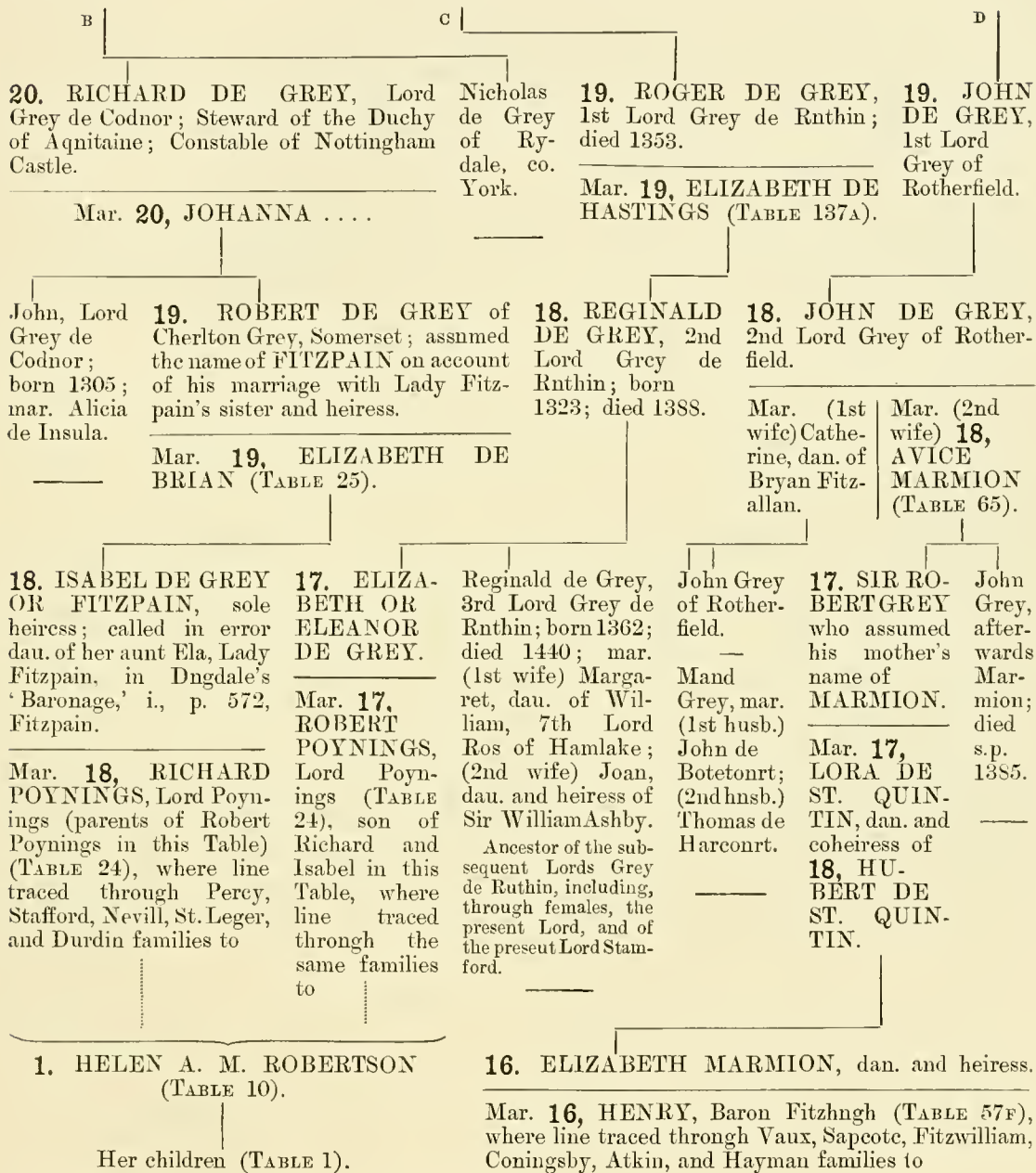
24. HENRY DE GREY,

obtained Manor of Thurrock, Essex, from Richard I. in 1205; afterwards called Thnrrock Grey.

Mar. 24, ISOLDA DE BARDOLF (TABLE 125).

A |





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.
 GREY.

- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Grey, Baron Grey of Codnor, and of Rotherfield, and of Wilton; and Fitzpain, Lord Fitzpain; and Marmyon, Lord Marmyon.
- Dugdale's 'Baronage,' Grey, Baron Grey de Wilton.
- Collins's 'Peerage,' iii., p. 340, Earl of Stamford.
- Burke's 'Peerage,' Grey, Earl of Stamford, Grey de Ruthyn.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 137—PART A.

HASTINGS (LORD HASTINGS) FAMILY.

24. SIR DAVID HASTINGS, who by marriage with **24. FERNELITH OF ATHOL**, became Earl of Athol, occurs in TABLE 36, where lines are traced through Strathbogie, Hailsham, Lewknor, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

26. ROBERT DE HASTINGS, Portgrave of Hastings; Lord of Fillonghley, Warwickshire; and Steward of the Napery or Linen to William I.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

25. RICHARD BANASTER of Munslow and Aston, Salop; living 1128.

Another family of this name occurs in TABLE 74.

25. HUGH DE FLAMVILLE, died before 1130; brother of Ralph de Flamville; called Robert (Dugdale's 'Warwickshire,' 1024, etc.); living 1117; died s.p.

25. WILLIAM DE HASTINGS.

Mar. **25**, . . . **DE WINDSOR**, sister and heiress of Maurice de Windsor, kinsman of Ralph, Steward of Edmondsbury, mar. Egidia, and died s.p.

Walter de Hastings, owner of Ashill, Norfolk, and Steward of the Napery or Linen to Henry I.; probably eldest son; died s.p.; mar. Ha-devisa . . .

24. THURSTAN BANASTER of Munslow and Aston; living 1154.

24. ERNEBURGA DE FLAMVILLE, heiress; living 1130.

Mar. **24**, **HUGH DE HASTINGS.**

24. HUGH DE HASTINGS of Fillonghley; died before 1163; called son of his uncle Walter (Burke's 'Peerage,' vi., p. 643).

Mar. **24**, **ERNEBURGA DE FLAMVILLE.**

Ralph de Hastings, Steward of St. Edmondsbury and to Queen Eleanor of Aquitaine; died s.p. 1163.

Margery Banaster, coheiress; died about 1205; mar. Richard Fitz Roger.

23. MAUD BANASTER, coheiress; obtained Munslow and Aston; died about 1222.

Mar. (1st husb.) William Cumyn.

Mar. (2nd husb.) **23. WILLIAM DE HASTINGS.**

23. WILLIAM DE HASTINGS of Fillonghley; died 1195.

Mar. (1st wife) **23. MAUD BANASTER.**

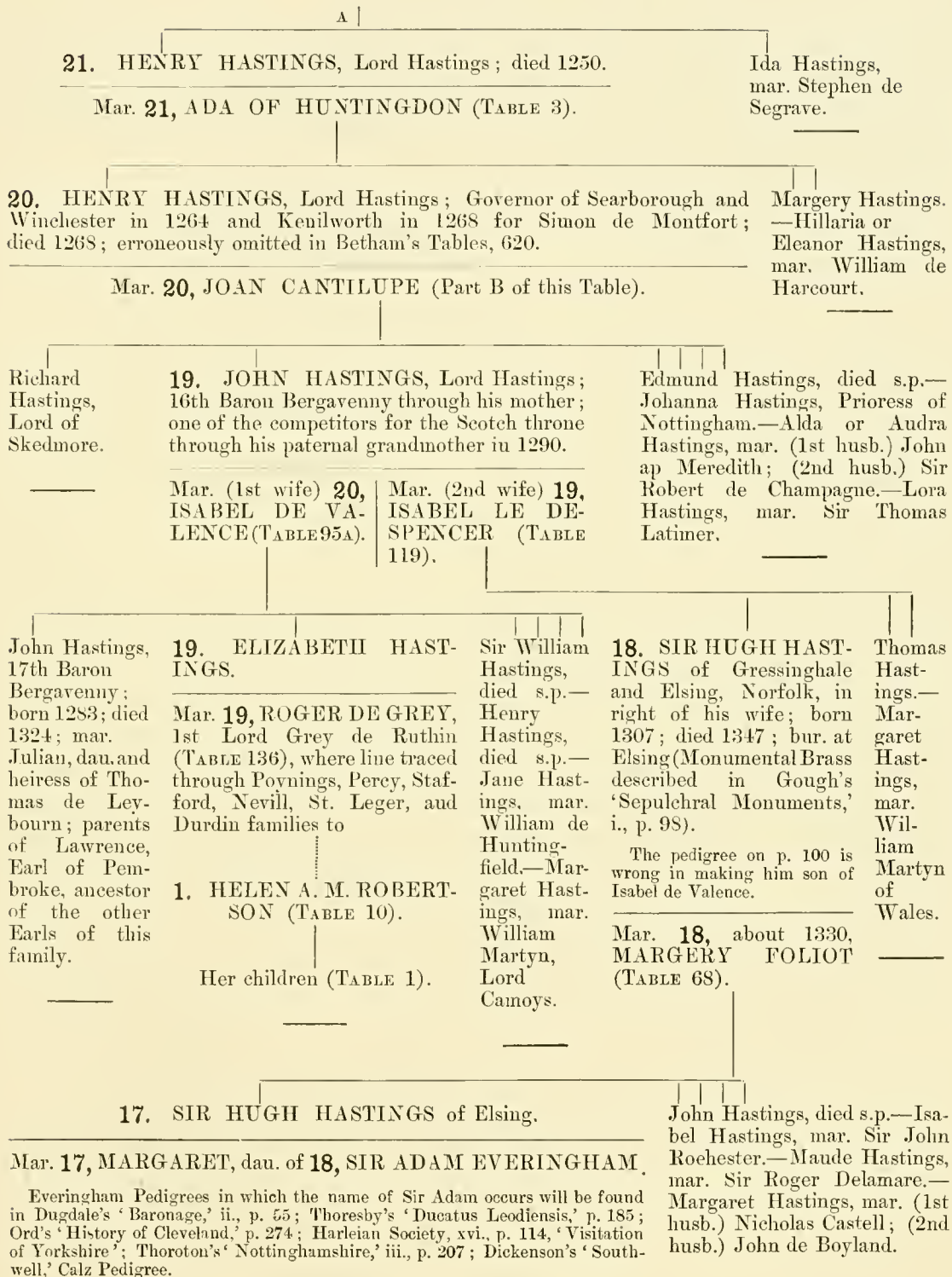
Mar. (2nd wife) Ida, dau. of Henry, Earl of Ewe.

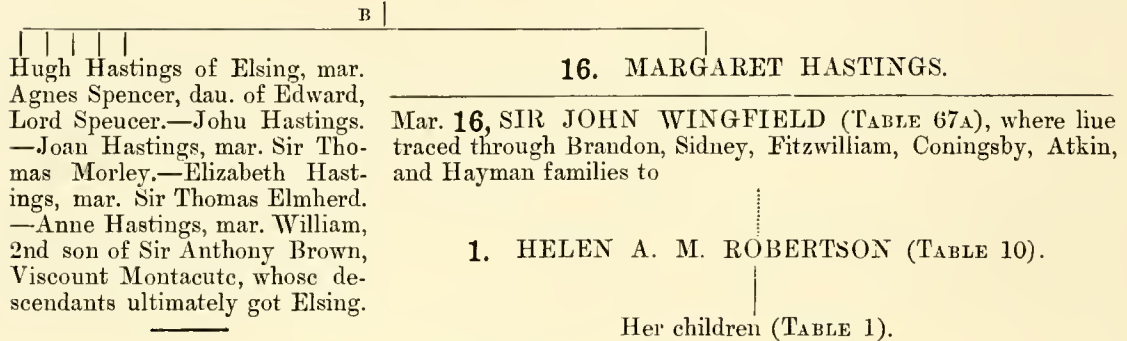
Henry de Hastings, born about 1168; died s.p. 1194.

22. WILLIAM DE HASTINGS, Steward to Henry II.; died about Jan. 1226.

Mar. **22**, **MARJORY BIGOD** (TABLE 121).

Thomas de Hastings, ancestor of the Earls of Huntingdon; in Eyton's 'Shropshire,' v., p. 135, he is made 2nd son of his grandfather Hugh.





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

HASTINGS.

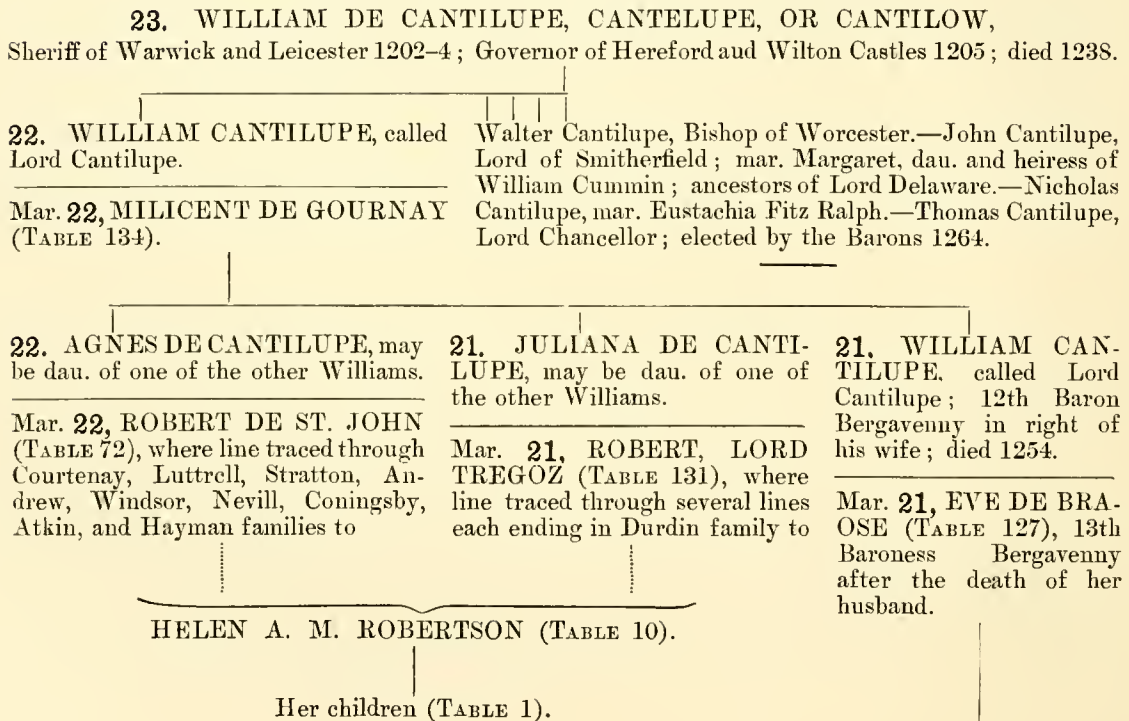
- Gough's 'Sepulchral Monuments,' ii., p. 369; i., p. 98, Hastings of Elsing.
 Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Peerage,' Hastings of Gressenhale and Elsing, i., p. 337.
 Burke's 'Peerage,' Earl of Huntingdon.
 Eyton's 'Shropshire,' v., p. 135.
 Collins's 'Peerage,' vi., p. 643, Hastings, Lord Huntingdon.

HASTINGS.

- Blomfield's 'Norfolk,' iv., p. 373, under Elsing.
 Daniel Rowland's 'Nevill Family,' p. 110 *et seq.*
 Dugdale's 'Warwickshire,' p. 1024.
 Nichols's 'Leicestershire,' iv., p. 447; iii., p. 607.
 Bridge's 'Northamptonshire,' i., p. 396.
 Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' p. 154.

Table 137—PART B.

CANTILUPE (LORD CANTILUPE) FAMILY.



A		
George Cantilupe, 14th Baron Bergavenny; died 1273; issue failed; mar. dau. of Edmond Lacy, Earl of Lincoln.	Milicent Cantilupe, mar. Eudo la Zouch, Lord Zouch of Haringworth.	20. JOAN CANTILUPE, heiress of Barony of Bergavenny. <hr/> Mar. 20, HENRY HASTINGS, Lord Hastings (Part A of this Table), where line traced to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

CANTILUPE.

- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Cantilupe, Baron Cantilupe.
Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Peerage,' ii., p. 4, Bergavenny.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 138—PART A.

LE STRANGE (LORD STRANGE OF KNOKYN) FAMILY.

26. RODLAND EXTRANEUS OR RONALD LE STRANGE
of Hunstanton and elsewhere in Norfolk.

25. GUY LE STRANGE OR EXTRANEUS,
traditional ancestor of all the Le Strange families, but these two generations are uncertain.

24. JOHN LE STRANGE OR
EXTRANEUS, Lord of Ness,
Salop, and of Cheswardine after
death of his brother Hamo.

Guy le Strange or Extraneus, Lord of Alvaley and Knokyn,
Salop; succeeded first by his son Ralph, and on his death
s.p. by his three daus.—Hamo le Strange of Cheswardine,
Salop; died s.p. about 1160.—Ralph le Strange.

23. JOHN LE STRANGE,
Lord of Ness and Cheswardine; obtained Knokyn about 1197 by grant from the daughters
and heiresses of his uncle Guy; died about 1236.

22. JOHN LE STRANGE, Lord of Knokyn, Ness, and Cheswardine; died 1269.

Mar. 22, AMICIA

A |

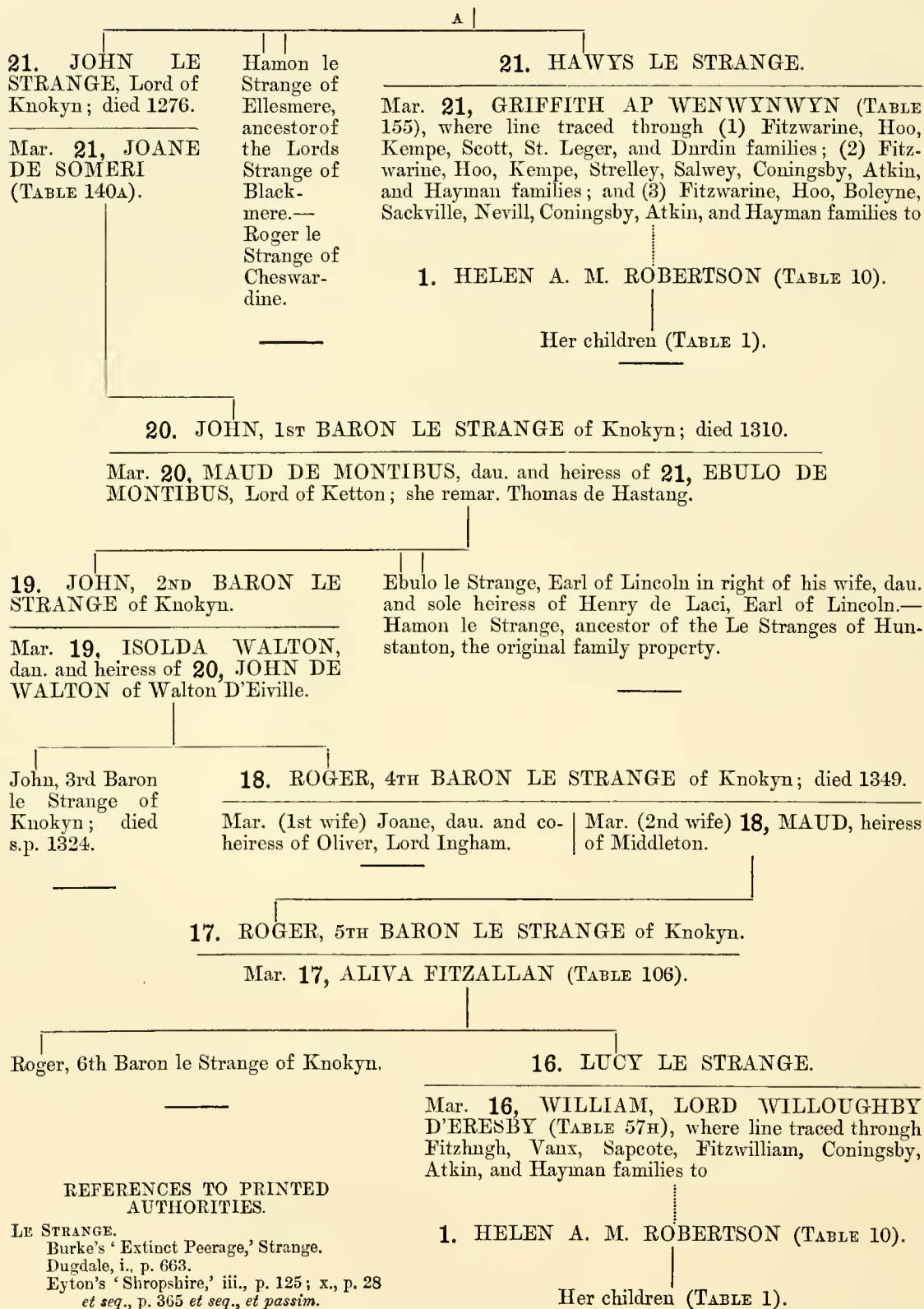


Table 138—PART B.

MALTRAVERS (LORD MALTRAVERS) FAMILY.

24. SIR JOHN DE MALTRAVERS of Wellcombe, Dorset; living 1160—1184.

Mar. 24, ALICE

23. JOHN MALTRAVERS of Summerford and Cotes, Wilts; living 1221.

22. SIR JOHN MALTRAVERS

of Lychet and Wyshampton, Dorset; Seneschal of the King's Household 1274; died 1296.

21. SIR JOHN MALTRAVERS, born 1266; obtained grant of a market on Tuesdays at Limerick, although apparently owning no Irish lands; died 5 July 1344.

Mar. (1st wife) 21, ALIANORE | Mar. (2nd wife) Joan, dau. of Sir Walter Folliott.

20. SIR JOHN MALTRAVERS, Baron Maltravers; taken prisoner at Bannockburn 1314; murdered Edward II. at Berkeley Castle 1327; afterwards Governor of the Channel Islands; died 16 Feb. 1365. Three daus.

Mar. (1st wife) 20, ELA DE BERKELEY (TABLE 22) | Mar. (2nd wife) Agnes, dau. of William Beresford.

19. SIR JOHN MALTRAVERS, 2nd Baron Maltravers.

Mar. 19, WENSLIANA

Henry Maltravers, died s.p.

Joan Maltravers, died s.p.; mar. (1st husb.) Sir John de Kaynes; (2nd husb.) Sir Robert Rouse.

18. ELEANOR MALTRAVERS.

Mar. (1st husb.) 18, JOHN FITZ-ALLAN (TABLE 106), where lines are traced through (1) Browne, Kempe, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Browne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

Mar. (2nd husb.) Reginald, Lord Cobham.

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

MALTRAVERS.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Maltravers, Baron Maltravers.

Nichols's 'Collectanea Top. et Gen.,' iii., pp. 77-79.

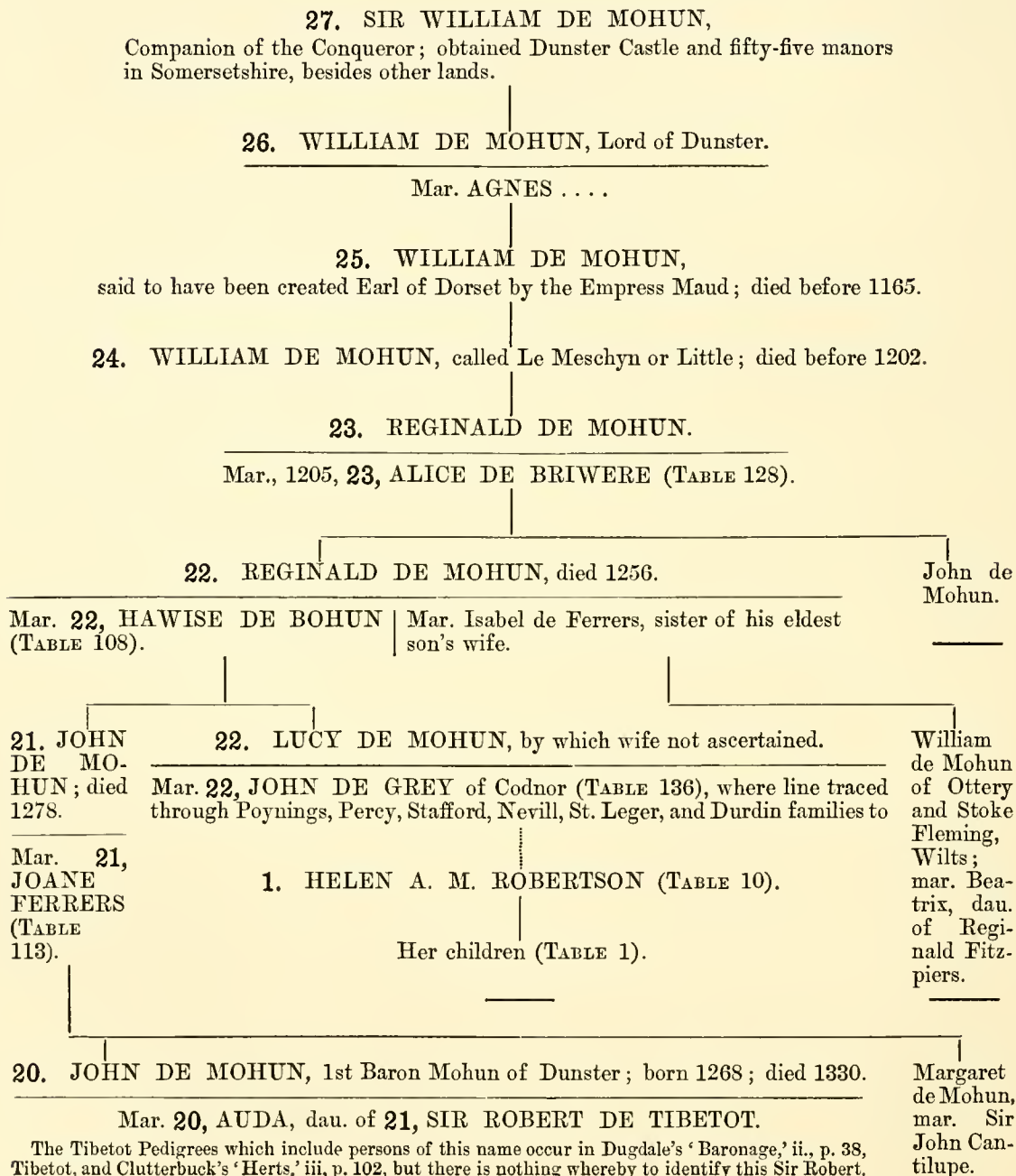
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' ii., p. 101.

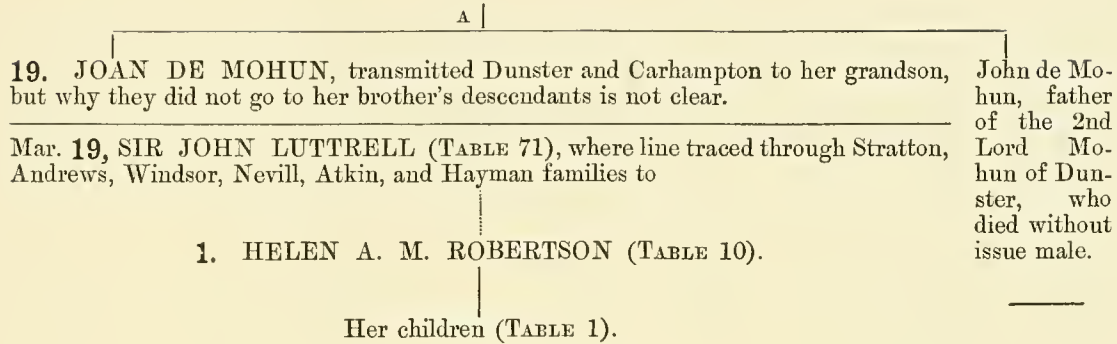
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 139.

DE MOHUN (LORD MOHUN) FAMILY.





REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

MOHUN.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Mohun.

Table 140—PART A.

DE SOMERI FAMILY.

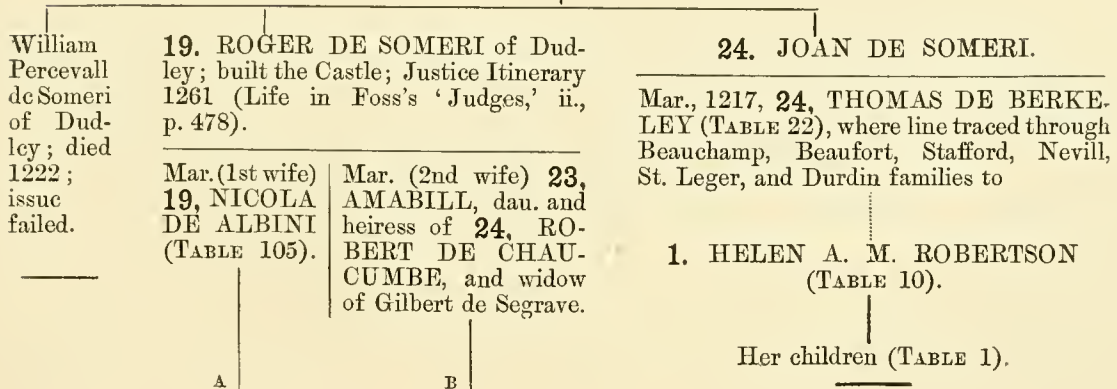
22. ROGER DE SOMERI, living 1140.

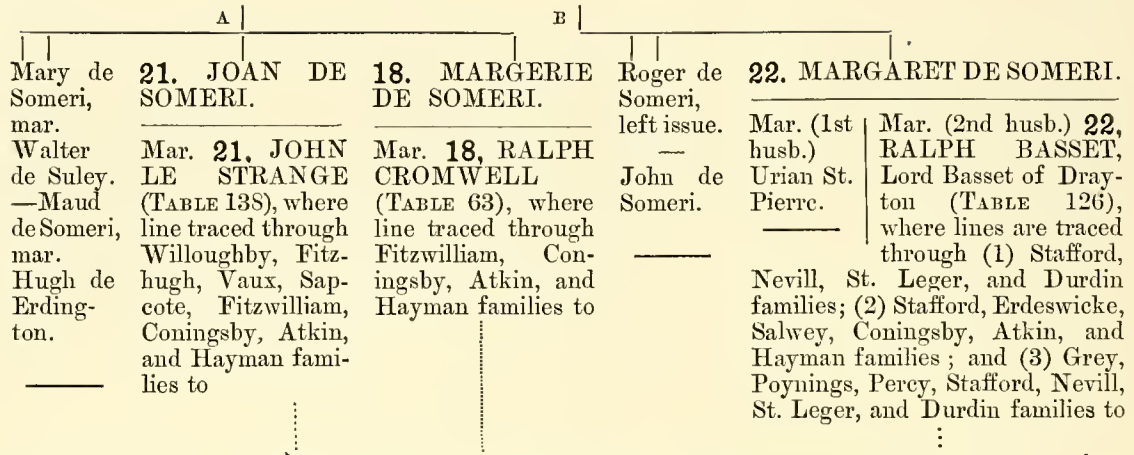
21. JOHN DE SOMERI.

Mar. 21, HAWYSE PAGANELL (Part B of this Table).

20. RAPHE DE SOMERI of Dudley; died 1211.

Mar. 20, MARGARET





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.
SOMERI.
Collins's 'Peerage,' iii., p. 592, Berkeley.
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 612.
Baker's 'Northamptonshire,' i., p. 478.

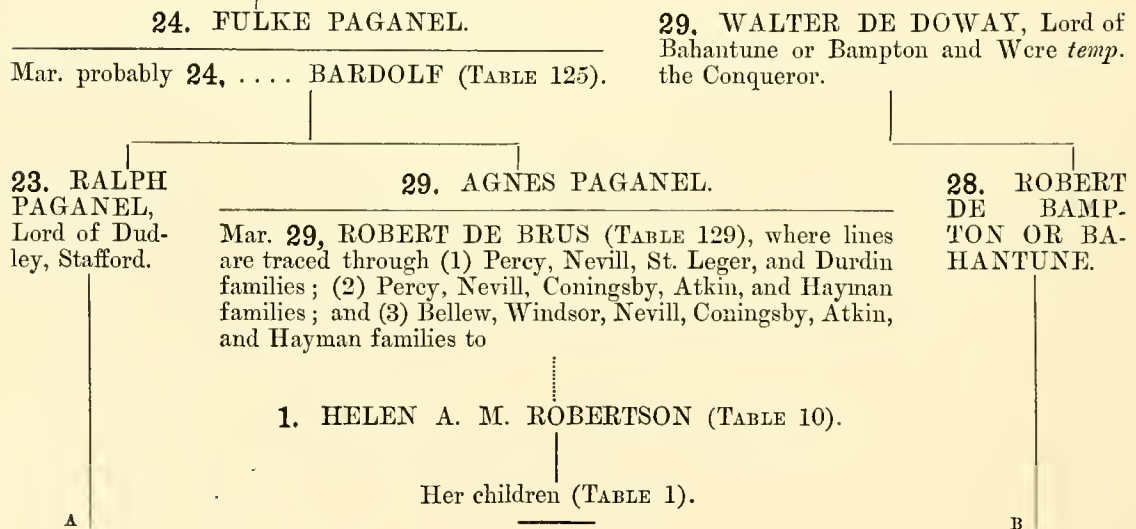
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 140—PART B.

PAGANELL FAMILY.

25. RALPH PAGANEL OR PAYNELL, a great Lord *temp.* Domesday Book 1086.



A

B

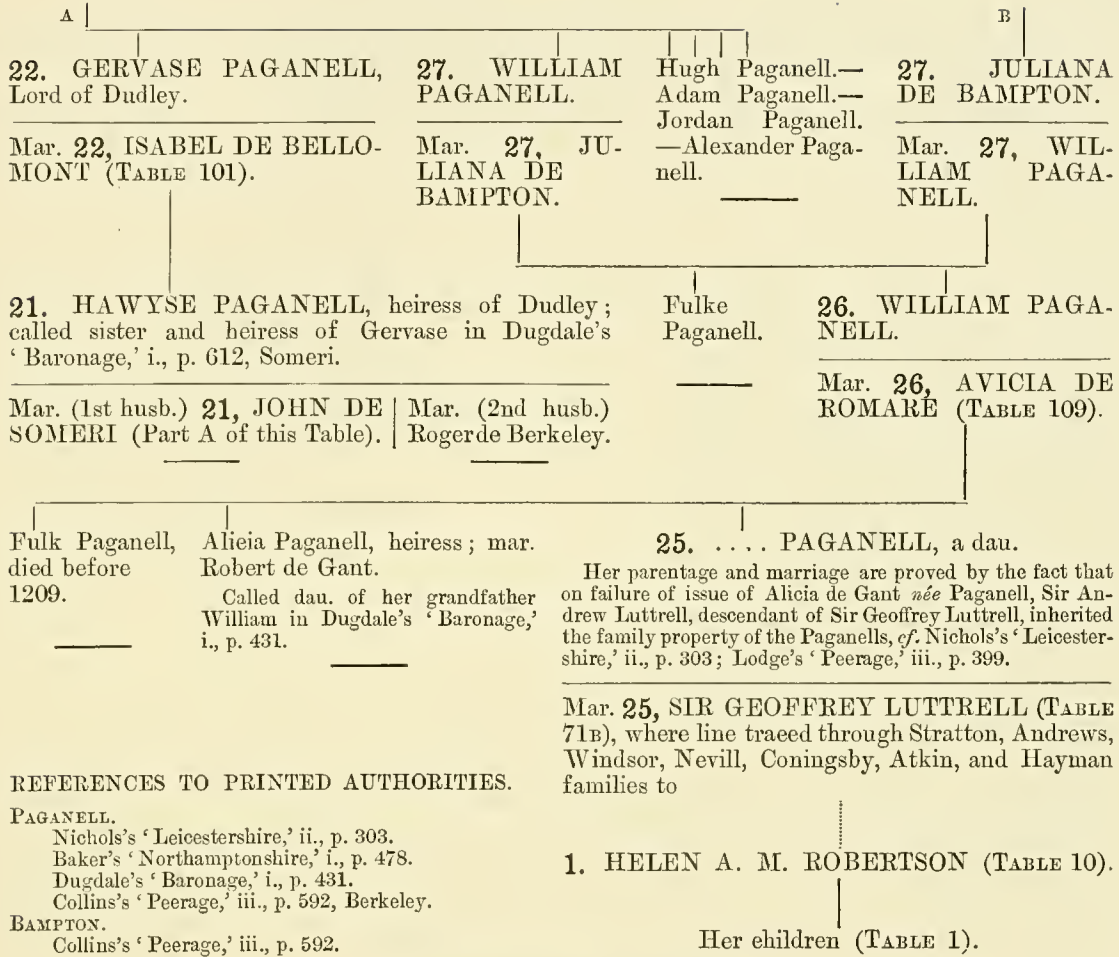
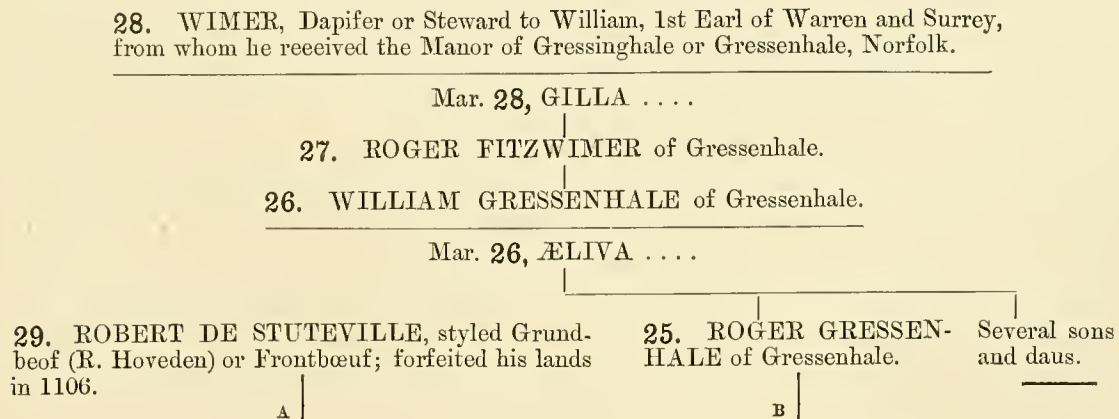
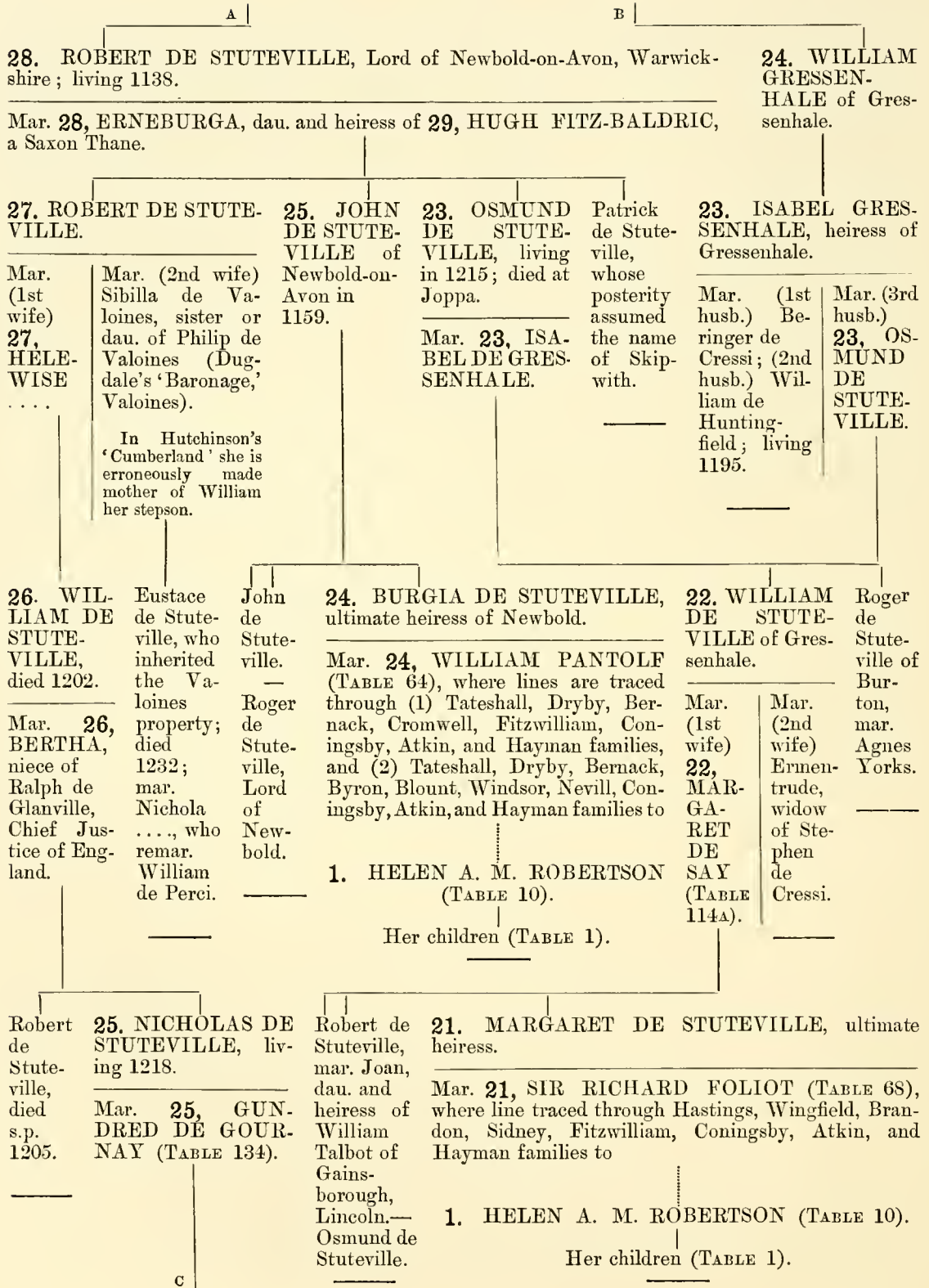


Table 141.

STUTEVILLE FAMILY.





c |
 24. NICHOLAS DE STUTEVILLE, Lord of Liddell; died 1232.

Mar. 24, DEVORGILLA, living in 1230.

23. JOAN DE STUTEVILLE, eventually sole heiress; died 1275.

Margaret de Stuteville, died s.p. 1235; mar. William de Mastoc.

Mar. (1st husb.) 23, HUGH DE WAKE (TABLE 20), where line traced through Plautageuet Earl of Kent, Holland, Beaufort, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

Mar. (2nd husb.) Hugh Bigod, living in 1244.

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

STUTEVILLE.

Baker's 'Northamptonshire,' i., p. 230.
 Hutchinson's 'Cumberland,' ii., p. 528.
 Blomefield's 'Norfolk,' v., p. 1012, and iv., p. 373.
 Dugdale's 'Warwickshire,' p. 95.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 455, Stuteville.

GRESSENHALE.

Blomefield's 'Norfolk,' v., p. 1012, and iv., p. 373.
 Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 455, Stuteville.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 142.

DE VERDON (LORD VERDON) FAMILY.

28. GODFREY, Count of Verduu, surnamed Le Caplif.

27. BERTRAIN LE VERDUN of Faruham Royal, Bucks.

26. NORMAN DE VERDON; living 1140.

Milo de Verdon, Norfolk; living 1100; ancestor of the De Verdous of the Eastern Counties, and perhaps of the Durdin family (see TABLE 10).

25. ROELAND DE VERDON.

Mar. 26, LASCELINE, dau. of 27, GEOFFREY DE CLINTON.

25. BERTRAM DE VERDON, Sheriff of Leicestershire 1170; accompanied Richard I. to Siege of Acre; Justice in 1175; founded Croxton Abbey, Stafford, in 1176; died at Joppa 1192 (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' i., pp. 317-19).

Nicholas de Verdon, Abbot of Burtou.— Simon de Verdon.— Robert de Verdon, mar. Joan, dau. and co-heiress of Henry de Bourton.

25. ALICIA DE VERDON.

Mar. 25, IVO DE PANTULF of Wem, Salop (TABLE 64), where line traced through Tateshall, Dryby, Bernack, Byron, Blouut, Windsor, Nevill, Couingsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

24. NICHOLA DE VERDON.

Mar. (1st husb.) 24, SIR RALPH DE BYRON (TABLE 74), where line traced through Blount, Windsor, Nevill, Couingsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

Mar. (1st wife) Maud, dau. of Robert Ferrers, Earl of Derby; died s.p.

Mar. (2nd wife) 25, ROESIA

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

A

<p>William de Verdon, died s.p. 1199.—Bertram de Verdon.—Robert de Verdon.—Thomas de Verdon, died s.p. in Ireland 1199; mar. Eustachia, dau. of Gilbert Basset.—Walter de Verdon, Constable of Bruges Castle, Valois.—Leceline de Verdon, mar. Hugh de Lacy.</p>	<p>24. NICHOLAS DE VERDON, died 1231.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. 24, JOAN . . ., an heiress.</p>
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23. ROESIA DE VERDON,
 heiress of the family; in Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 317, made sister of her father Nicholas.

Mar. **23, THEOBALD LE BOTILLER OR BUTLER** of the noble family of Butler, which see in TABLE 80; adopted name of DE VERDON.

<p>22. JOHN DE VERDON, held Ewyas Lacey, Herefordshire, in right of his wife; Justice Itinerary 1260; slain in Ireland 1278 (Life in Foss's 'Judges,' ii., p. 492).</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. (1st wife) 22, MARGERY DE LACEY (TABLE 116).</p>	<p>Humphrey de Verdon, Rector of Alveton; died at Paris 1285.—Nicholas de Verdon of Chimore, Ireland; died s.p.—Theobald de Verdous, Lords of Darlastou and Biddulph, Stafford.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. (2nd wife) Alia-nore . . .</p>	<p>23 MAUD DE VERDON, Lady of Blanchminster.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. 23, JOHN FITZALLAN, Earl of Aruudel (TABLE 106), where lines ending both in Durdin and Haymau families are traced to</p> <p style="text-align: center;">⋮</p> <p>1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> Her children (TABLE 1).</p>
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<p>Sir Nicholas de Verdon of Ewyas Lacey, died v.p. s.p. 1271.—John de Verdon, Lord of Wembley; died s.p. circa 1295.</p>	<p>21. THEOBALD DE VERDON, 1st Lord Verdon.</p>	<p>Thomas de Verdon of Stafford.—Agnes de Verdon, died 1305.</p>
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<p>John de Verdon, died v.p. s.p. 1297.</p>	<p>20. THEOBALD DE VERDON, Lord of Heth, 2nd Lord Verdon; born 1282; died at Alveton Castle; bur. at Crox 1316.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. (1st wife) 20, MAUD DE MORTIMER (TABLE 122).</p>	<p>Mar. (2nd wife) 21, ELIZABETH DE CLARE (TABLE 97).</p>
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<p>John de Verdon, died s.p.—William de Verdon, died s.p.—Margaret de Verdon, coheiress; born 1310; mar. (1st husb.) Marcus Hussee; (2nd husb.) William le Blount; (3rd husb.) Sir John Crophull.</p>	<p>19. JOAN DE VERDON, coheiress; died 1334.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. (1st husb.) William de Montague. (TABLE 132), where line traced through Marmion, Bernack, Cromwell, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to</p> <p style="text-align: center;">⋮</p>	<p>19. ELIZABETH DE VERDON, coheiress; got Ewyas Lacey and Stoke, Salop.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. 19, BARTHOLOMEW BURGHERSH, Lord Burghersh (TABLE 130), where line traced through Fitzgerald, Butler, Boleyne, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to</p> <p style="text-align: center;">⋮</p>	<p>20. ISABEL DE VERDON, coheiress; got Ludlow Castle.</p> <hr/> <p>Mar. 20, HENRY FERRERS, Lord Ferrers of Groby (TABLE 113), where lines are traced through (1) Beauchamp, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Strathbogie, Hailsham, Lewknor, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families to</p> <p style="text-align: center;">⋮</p>
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REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

DE VERDON.
 Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,'
 Verdon, Baron Verdon.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

|
Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 143.

VIPONT FAMILY.

26. ROBERT DE VIPONT OR VIPOUNT,

living in 1159; had two brothers William and Ivo; Governor of Windsor Castle in 1204 and of Nottingham Castle in 1205; Sheriff of Westmoreland in 1211; died in 1228.

Mar. 26, IDONEA DE BUILBY, dau. and heiress of 27, JOHN DE BUILBY, Lord of the Honor of Tickhill.

25. JOHN OR IVO DE VIPONT, died 1241.

24. ROBERT DE VIPONT.

Mar. 24, ISABEL FITZ GEFREY (TABLE 115).

23. ROBERT DE VIPONT, called Earl of Westmoreland in Betham's Tables, 685.

Mar. 23, IDONEA

22. ISABEL DE VIPONT, coheirss.

Mar. 22, ROGER DE CLIFFORD (TABLE 147), where line traced through (1) Percy, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families in several lines, and (2) Percy, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Idonea de Vipont, coheirss; mar. (1st husb.) Roger de Leybourne; (2nd husb.) John de Cromwyl.

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

VIPONT
Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i.,
p. 347, Vipount.

Table 144.

SAXON KINGS OF ENGLAND.

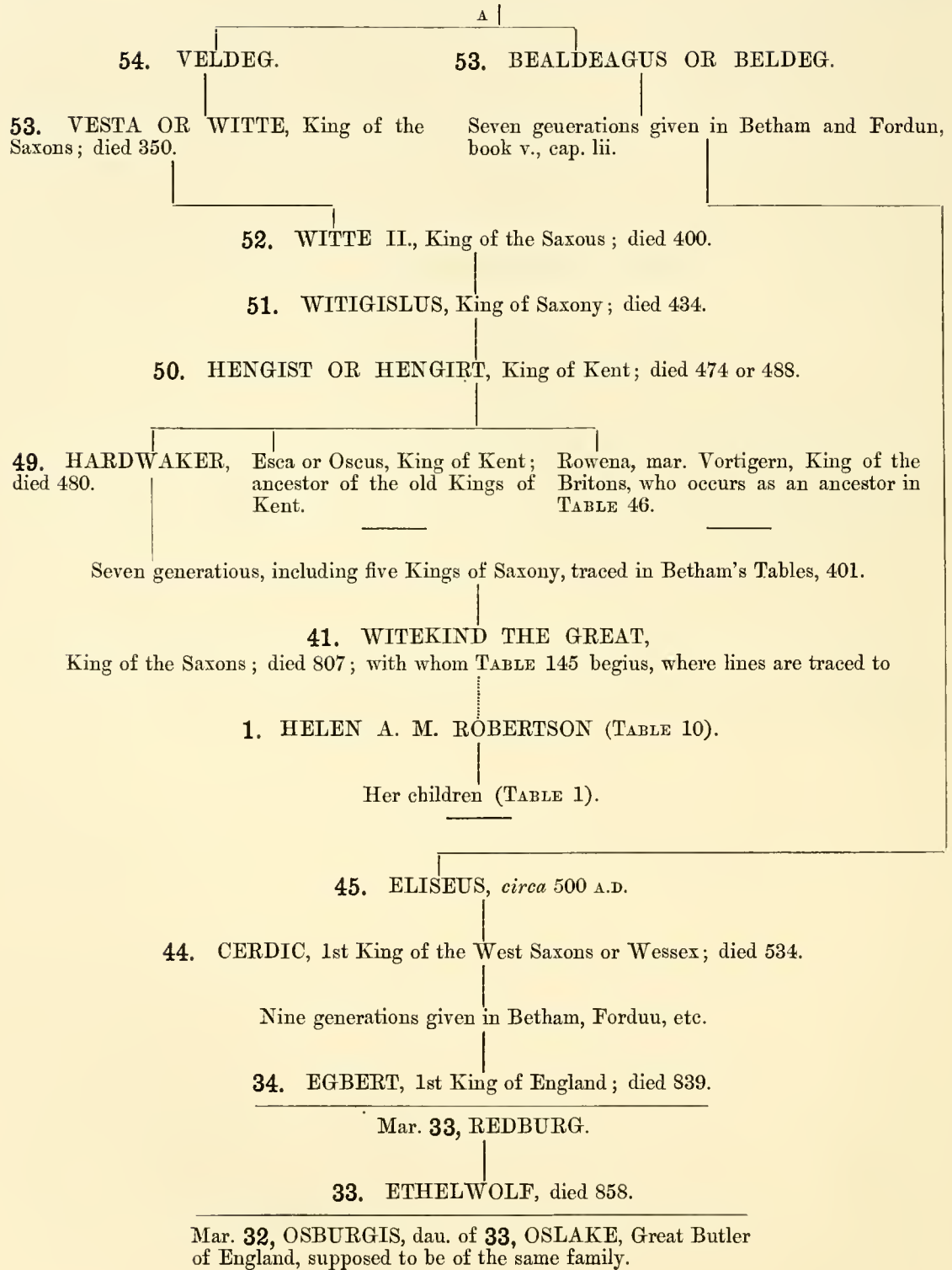
62. HARDERICK, A.D. 4.

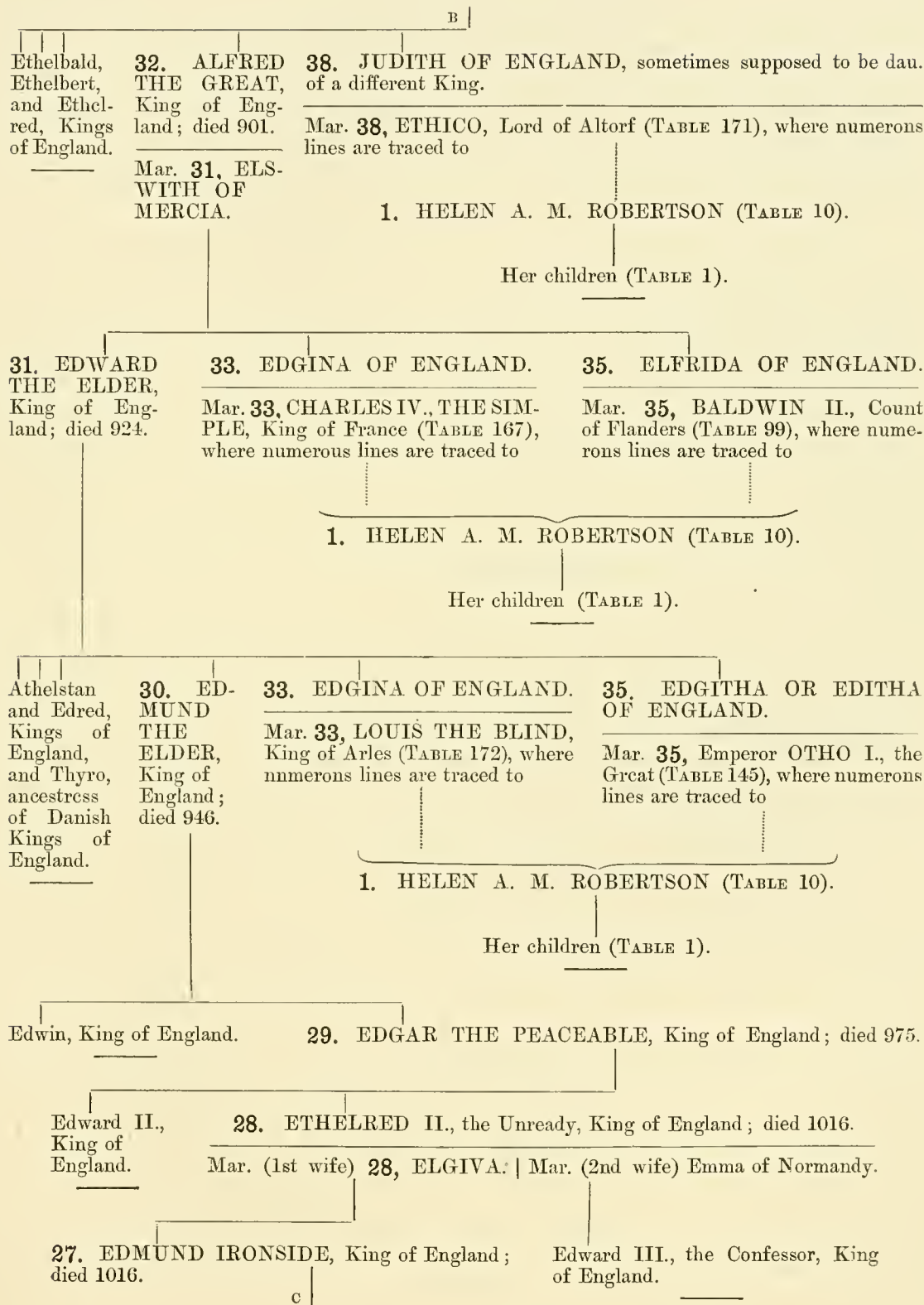
Eight generations of legendary Kings of Saxony traced in Betham's Tables, 401 and 593.

53. BODO, King of Saxony (that is modern Hanover and the surrounding country), the mythical WODEN from whom Wednesday is named.

Mar. 53, FRIA OR FRIGGA, the mythical Queen from whom Friday is named.

NOTE.—Down to 41, WITEKIND, and 34, EGBERT, this Table is merely legendary. The lines are traced in Betham's and Anderson's Tables, Fordun, book v., cap. lii., and Samuel Laing's note at end of vol. iii. of his translation of Snorro Sturleson's Saga "Heimskringla," or Chronicles of the Kings of Norway.





c |
26. EDWARD THE OUTLAW.

Edgar Atheling, proper heir to the English throne; mar. Margaret, sister of Malcolm III., King of Scotland.

25. MARGARET OF ENGLAND, known in Scotch History as St. Margaret.

Mar. 25, MALCOLM III., King of Scotland (TABLE 3), where numerous lines are traced to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED
AUTHORITIES.

SAXON KINGS OF ENGLAND.

Betham's and Anderson's Tables.
Fordun's 'History of Scotland.'
Sanderson's 'Summary of British History.'

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 145.

WITEKIND'S LINE.

PART 1.

SAXON DUKES AND EMPERORS.

41. WITEKIND THE GREAT,

King of the Saxons; for his supposed ancestors see TABLE 144; died 807.

Mar. 41, GEVA
OF DENMARK
(TABLE 186).

Mar. 35, SVATARIA OF BOHEMIA.

The numbers between this and the other wife vary so considerably that there is probably an error, some generations being probably omitted in this line.

40. WIGBERT, Duke of Saxony (modern Hanover); died 825.

34. WITEKIND II., Count of Wettin (see Part 2 of this Table).

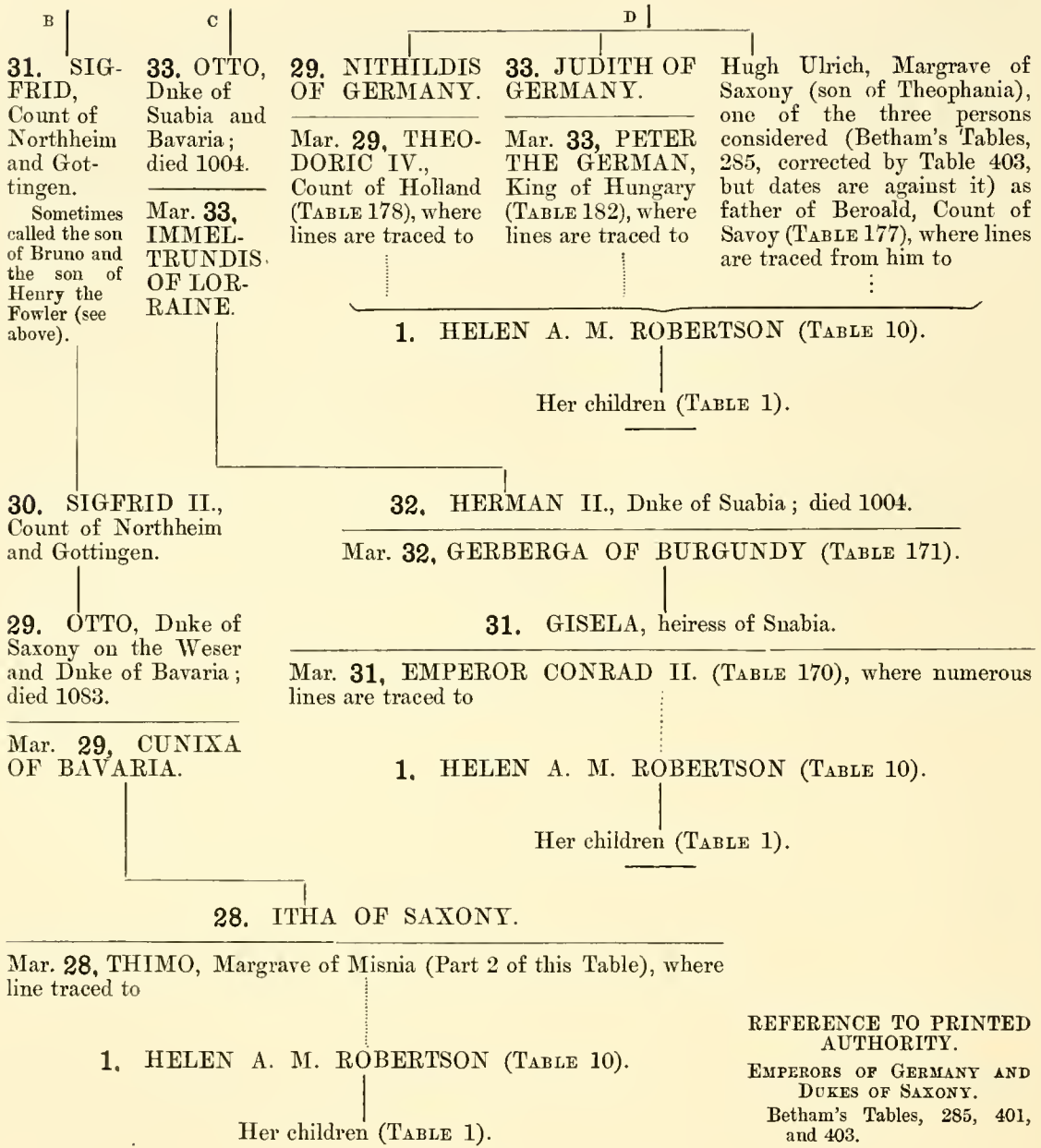
39. BRUNO, Duke of Saxony; died 843.

38. WALPERT, Count of Ringelheim (see Part 3 of this Table).

38. LUDOLPH THE GREAT, Duke of Saxony; died 859.

37. OTTO THE GREAT, Duke of Saxony.

Mar. 37, LUDOLPHA, natural dau. of the Emperor Arnolph (TABLE 169).



REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.
EMPERORS OF GERMANY AND DUKES OF SAXONY.
Betham's Tables, 285, 401, and 403.

PART 2.
WETTIN AND MISNIA BRANCHES.

34. WITEKIND II.,
Count of Wettin on the Saale near Halla in modern Saxony (see Part 1 of this Table); died 825.

Mar. **34**, **JULIANA** OR **YOLANTHA**, dau. of **35**, **THEODORIC**, Count of Rochlitz.

▲ |

A |

33. DIETMEGRUS, Count of Wettin and Burgrave of Zorbig.

Mar. **33,** BOSSENA, Count of Pleissin.

Witekind III., one of the three supposed fathers (see Betham's Tables, 253, 401, and 403) of **33,** ROBERT FORTIS (TABLE 157), from whom lines are there traced.

35. FREDERIC, Count of Wettin; died 876.

In Betham's Tables, 435, he is made son of Dietmegrus, here placed as his brother (as in Betham's Tables, 448), as the marriage of his descendant Tilburga makes the former improbable.

32. DITMARUS, Count of Wettin; died 932.

Mar. **32,** WILLA, dau. of **33,** OTHO, Count of Reveningen.

31. DIETRICUS THEODERIC, Count of Wettin.

Mar. **31,** JUDITH, dau. of **32,** BION, Count of Merxburg (part of modern Saxony).

30. DEDO II., Count of Wettin; died 1019.

Mar. **30,** TILBURGA OF BRANDENBURG.

34. BRUNO, Count of Wettin; died 925.

Mar. **34,** ODA, dau. of **35,** PHILIP, Count of Reveningen.

33. BRUNO OR BRUNICO, Margrave of Brandenburg.

32. SIGHARD, Margrave of Brandenburg.

31. THEODORIC OR DIETRICUS, Margrave of Brandenburg.

30. TILBURGA OF BRANDENBURG.

Mar. **30,** DEDO II., Count of Wettin.

32. FREDERIC, Margrave of Misnia or Meissen (part of modern Saxony).

31. GUNTHER, Count of Wettin.

30. ECHARD, Margrave of Misnia; died 1002.

Mar. **30,** SWANHILDA OF SAXONY (TABLE 146).

29. DIETRICUS II., Count of Wettin; died 1034.

Mar. **29,** MATHILDIS OF MISNIA.

29. MATHILDIS OF MISNIA, heiress of Misnia.

Mar. **29,** DIETRICUS II., Count of Wettin.

32. DEDO, Margrave of Misnia; died 1082.

Mar. **32,** ADELHEID OF BRABANT (See the Dukes of Brabant in TABLE 100).

31. MATHILDIS OF MISNIA.

Mar. **31,** ERNEST THE STRENUOUS, Duke of Austria (TABLE 181), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

28. THIMO, Margrave of Misnia; died 1091.

Mar. **28,** ITHA OF SAXONY (Part 1 of this Table).

27. CONRAD THE PIOUS, Margrave of Misnia; died 1156.

Mar. **27,** LINTGARDIS OF GERMANY (TABLE 170).

B |

A A A

B |

Otto Dives, died 1189; direct male ancestor in the twenty-first degree of Albert Edward, Prince of Wales.

26. DEDO, Margrave of Lausnitz (northern part of modern Saxony) or Rochlitz; died 1190.

Mar. **26, CUNEGUNDA OF THURINGIA** (TABLE 167).

25. AGNES OF WETTIN OR CUNEGUNDA.

Mar. **25, BERTHOLD IV.**, Duke of Meran (TABLE 169), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF WETTIN AND DUKES OF MISNIA.
Betham's Tables, 435.
MARGRAVES OF BRANDENBURG.
Betham's Tables, 448.

PART 3.

WITEKIND'S LINE.

RINGELHEIM AND MONTFERRAT BRANCHES.

38. WALPERT, Count of Ringelheim (see Part 1 of this Table).

Mar. **38, ALTBURGIS**, heiress of Lesmona.

37. DIETRICUS OR THEODORIC, Count of Ringelheim; died 920.

Mar. Ludomilla, Countess of Rochlitz, or Hedwig, Countess of Cleves.

36. WITEKIND IV.

Amadeus, Count of Ringelheim; mar. Gemma of Bavaria; treated in Betham's Tables, 285, 294, and 401, as one of the supposed parents of **32, BEROALD**, Count of Savoy (TABLE 177), from whom lines are there traced.

36. MATILDA OF RINGELHEIM.

Mar. **36, EMPEROR HENRY THE FOWLER** (Part 1 of this Table), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

35. ALRAMUS OR ALEXANDRANUS, Margrave or Marquis Montferrat in Piedmont.

Mar. **35, ADELHEID OF GERMANY** (Part 1 of this Table, but see note under her name).

34. WILLIAM, Marquis of Montferrat; fl. in 980.

<p style="text-align: center;">33. BONIFACE I.,^A Marquis of Montferrat.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">32. WILLIAM II., Marquis of Montferrat.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">31. BONIFACE III., Marquis of Montferrat.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p style="text-align: center;">Mar. 31, CONSTANTIA OF SAVOY (TABLE 177).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">30. WILLIAM III., Marquis of Montferrat.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">29. REINER, Marquis of Montferrat; died 1126.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p style="text-align: center;">Mar. 29, GISELA OF BURGUNDY (TABLE 176).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">28. WILLIAM IV., Marquis of Montferrat.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p style="text-align: center;">Mar. 28, JUDITH OF AUSTRIA (TABLE 181).</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">27. BEATRIX OR STEPHANA OF MONTFERRAT.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p style="text-align: center;">Mar. 27, GUIDO V., 1st Dauphin of Viennois (TABLE 161), where lines are traced to</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">25. BEATRIX DE MONTFERRAT, who mar. 25, ANDREW OR GUY, 6th Duke of Viennois (TABLE 157), grandson of Guido V. and Beatrix in this Table, was probably of this family, and lines are traced from her (TABLE 157) to</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Her children (TABLE 1).</p>	<p>REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.</p> <p>COUNTS OF RINGELHEIM. Betham's Tables, 285.</p> <p>MARQUISES OF MONTFERRAT. Betham's Tables, 294.</p>
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Table 146.

DUKES OF SAXONY OF BILLUNG'S LINE.

34. BILLUNG of Stubeckeshorn in Luneburg.
33. HERMAN BILLUNG, Duke of Saxony; died 988.
Mar. 33, HILDEGARDIS OF WESTERBURG.

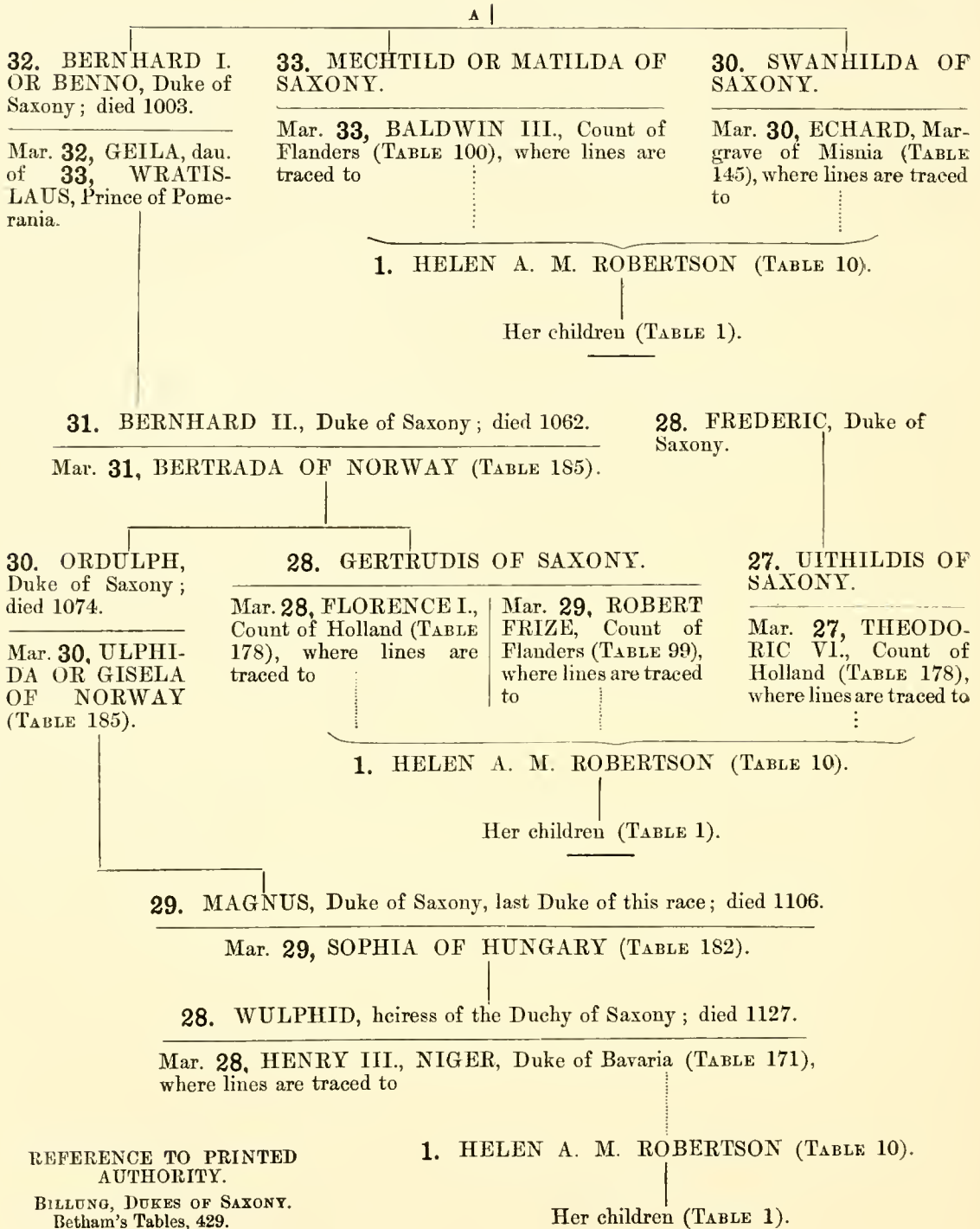


Table 147.

DUKES OF NORMANDY WITH THE CLIFFORD FAMILY.

32. ROLLO OR HROLF, called GANNGUHROLF or Hrolf of the Feet, otherwise called ROLLO BIGOT OR ROBERT I., Duke of Normandy, which he conquered; died about 917. For his ancestors see TABLE 6.

Mar. **32**, HOPPA, dau. of **33**, BERENGARIUS, Count of Bayeux.

Silas Taylor, at p. 211 of his 'History of Gavelkind,' 1663, mentions Guilla or Gilla, dau. of Charles, King of France, as mother of William and Girlotta, and mentions also another wife Popee, dau. of Guido, Comes Silvanectensis, captured at the Siege of Urbis Bajocensis.

31. WILLIAM LONG-SWORD, Duke of Aquitaine and Normandy; died 943.

Mar. **31**, ADELA OR SPORHTHA, dau. of **32**, HUBERT, Count of Senlis.

28. GIRLOTTA OF NORMANDY.

Mar. **28**, WILLIAM II., Duke of Aquitaine (TABLE 159), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

32. ROBERT, Count of Corbeil.

A dau., mar. Beolau, a powerful chief in North of Scotland, held Ross according to Skene's 'Highlanders,' ii., p. 223.

30. RICHARD I., the Hardy, Duke of Normandy; died 960.

Mar. **30**, GUNILDA OF DENMARK (TABLE 107). A mistress.

34. A dau., not mentioned in Betham's Tables, 603.

Mar. **34**, ARCHAMBAND, Viscount Comborn and Turenne (TABLE 166), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

31.
2nd Count of Corbeil.

29. RICHARD II., Duke of Normandy.

Mar. **29**, JUDITH OF BRETAGNE (TABLE 158).

31. HEDWIG OF NORMANDY; died 1034.

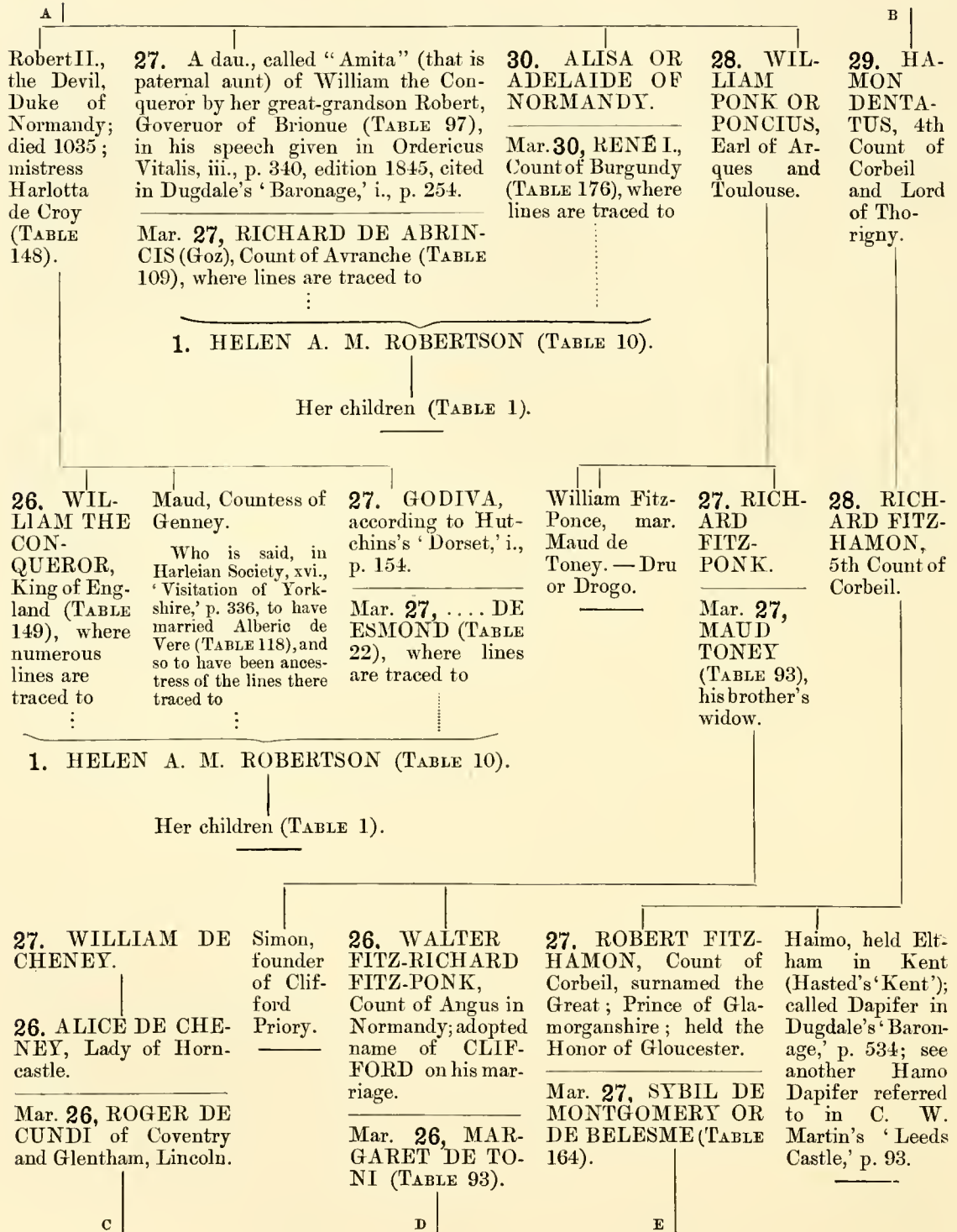
Mar. **31**, GEOFFREY, Count of Bretagne (TABLE 158), where numerous lines are traced to

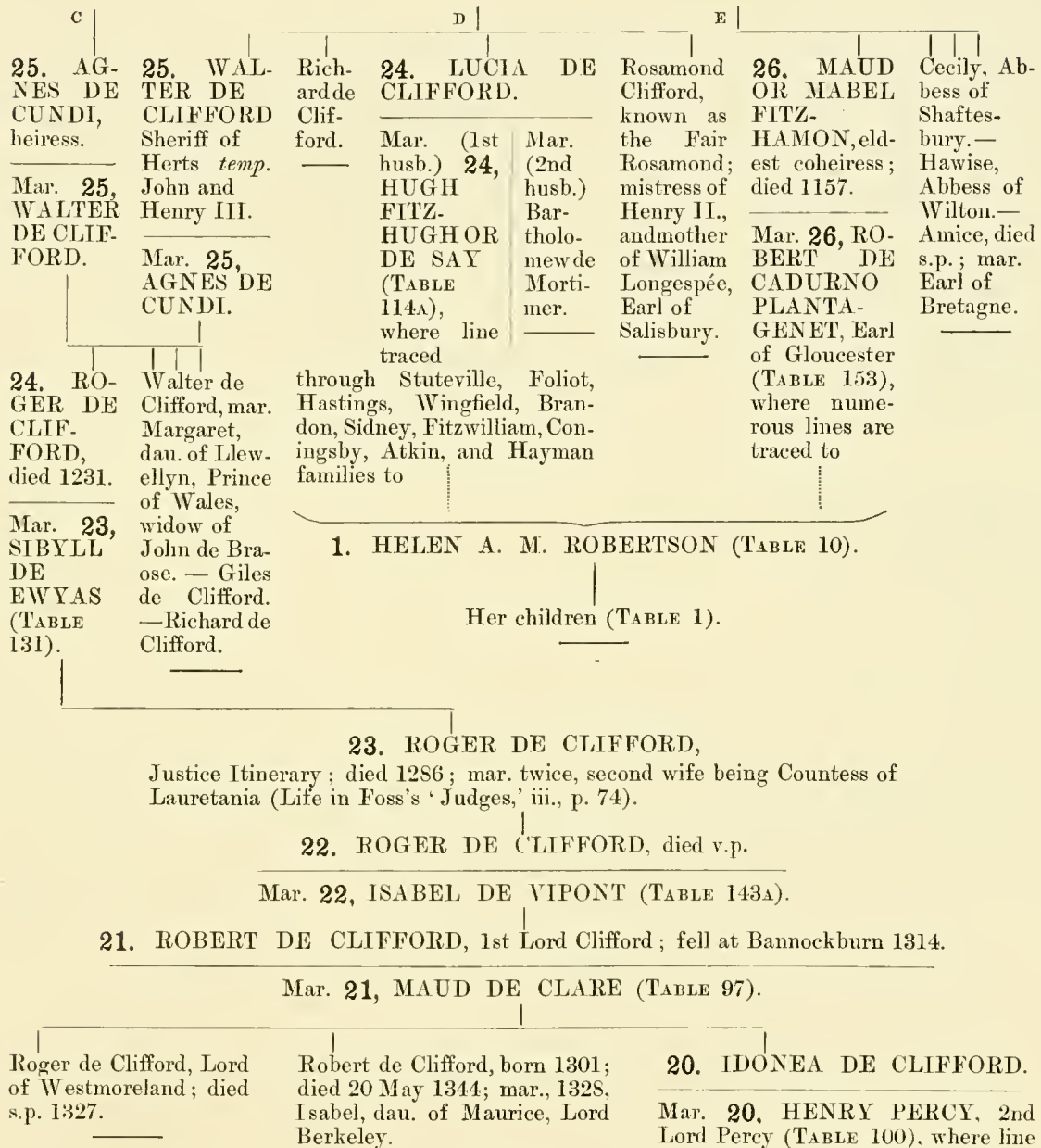
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

30. GEOFFREY OR GODFREY, Count of Eu and Brionne, a natural son, from whom numerous lines are traced in TABLE 97 to

30.
3rd Count of Corbeil.





REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

For earlier parts same Orkney and other Sagas given as authorities for the Earls of Orkney in TABLE 6.

DUKES OF NORMANDY.

Anderson's Tables, p. 741.
Betham's Tables, 603 and 685.
Snorro Sturleson Harold Harfage Saga, iii., c. xxiv.

FITZHAMON.

Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886 edition, part i., Scheme I., after p. xxvi.

CLIFFORD.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 335, Clifford.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Clifford, Earl of Cumberland.
Betham's Tables, 603 and 685.
Arthur Clifford's 'Collectanea Cliffordiana,' Paris, 1817.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 148.

CROY FAMILY.

30. FULBERT OR ROLLO DE CROY, a tanner of Falaise in Normandy.

29. ARLOTTA OR HARLOTTA DE CROY.

Mistress of Robert II., the Devil, Duke of Normandy (TABLE 147), and by him mother of 26, WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR (TABLE 149), where lines are traced to

Mar. (1st husb.) 29, GILBERT CRISPIN, Count of Brionne (TABLE 97), but this marriage is doubted in Foss's 'Judges,' i., p. 30; line traced from this Gilbert Crispin in TABLE 97 to

Mar. (2nd husb.) 29, HARLOWEN (TABLE 167), where lines are traced to

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.
CROY.
Betham's Tables, 689.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 149.

NORMAN KINGS OF ENGLAND.

26. WILLIAM THE CONQUEROR, Duke of Normandy; King of England 1066 to 1087; natural son of Robert the Devil, Duke of Normandy, whose ancestry is traced in TABLE 147, and Arlotta de Croy, whose line is given in TABLE 148.

NOTE.—These Tables shew 38 different lines of descent from William the Conqueror through Helen A. M. Robertson to her children whose ancestors are here traced (exclusive of natural lines of which there are about 20).

Mar. 26, MATILDA OF FLANDERS (TABLE 99).

William II., King of England 1087 to 1100.
—
Adela, mar. Stephen, Count of Blois, and was mother of Stephen, King of England, 1135-54.

25. HENRY I., King of England 1100-1135.

Mar. 25, MAUD OF SCOTLAND (TABLE 3).

Nesta, dau. of Rhys ap Tudor, Prince of South Wales, a mistress.

Elizabeth, sister of Meleren, Earl of Mellent, a mistress

26. ADELA OF ENGLAND.

Mar. 26, STEPHEN HENRY, Count of Blois (TABLE 150), where numerous lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced through six of their grandchildren to

27. GUNDRED OF ENGLAND.

Mar. 27, WILLIAM DE WARRENNE, 1st Earl of Warren and Surrey (TABLE 120), where numerous lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced through seven of their grandchildren to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

A B C

A		B	C			
William, Count of Maine and Duke of Normandy; drowned in the celebrated shipwreck in 1119.	24. MATILDA , known in history as the Empress Maud; died 1167. Mar. (1st. husb.) the Emperor Henry V.	ROBERT DE CA-DURNO , natural son; Consul or Earl of Gloucester, with whom TABLE 153 com-neuees, where lines are traced from him to	27. A natural dau. Mar. 27, HELIAS DE SAY (TABLE 114A), where numerous lines are traced to	24. CON-STANTIA , natural dau. Mar. 24, ROZE-LIN , Viscount de Bellomont (TABLE 93), where numerous lines are traced to	27. MAUD , natural dau. Mar. 27, CONAN III. , Duke of Brittauy (TABLE 158), where numerous lines are traced to	26. MAUD , natural dau.; obtained Belesme in Normandy by gift from her father. Mar. 26, ROTRUDE II. , Count of Perche (TABLE 162), where lines are traced to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

NORMAN KINGS OF ENGLAND. Sandford's, Betham's, and Anderson's 'Genealogical Tables.'

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (**TABLE 10**).

Her children (**TABLE 1**).

Table 150.

HOUSE OF BLOIS, KINGS OF ENGLAND AND NAVARRE, COUNTS OF BLOIS AND CHAMPAGNE.

34. BERNARD,

Count of Auvergne, son or grandson of **RANULPH I.**, Count of Poitiers or Poictou.

Mar. **34, HERMENGARDE**, dau. of **35**, Count **GUÉRIN**.

33. ADRATIS,

or in Betham's Tables **ADELAIS**, who is made granddau. of her parents; heiress of Auvergne.

Mar. **33, ALFRED I.**, Count of Auvergne in right of his wife; died 928.

A

B B B

^A
32. RAYMOND, Count of Auvergne; died 962.
 In Betham's Tables, 280, a generation, William, is inserted between him and his parents.

31. ROBERT I., Count of Auvergne; died 980.

31. THIBAUD OR THIBAUT, *Anglicè* Theobald, hence the pronunciation of that name; Count of Blois, Chartres, and Touraine.

Betham's Tables, 274, makes him son of a Gerlon or Geilon, a former Count of Blois, but probably of a different family, and only puts one generation, Eudes, between him and Stephen Henry, fifth generation, which the dates shew to be an impossibility.

30. GUY I., Count of Auvergne; died 1015.

30. THIBAUD II., Count of Blois, Chartres, and Touraine; died 980.

Mar. **30**, LENTGARDE OF VERMANDOIS (TABLE 167).

29. ROBERT II., Count of Auvergne; died 1030.

29. OTHO OR EUDES I., Count of Blois, Chartres, and Touraine; died 995.

Mar. **29**, ERMENGARDE DE PROVENCE.

Mar. **29**, BERTHA OF BURGUNDY (TABLE 171).

28. ERMENGARDE OF AUVERGNE.

28. EUDES II., Count of Blois, also Count of Champagne.

30. BERTHA DE BLOIS.

Mar. **28**, EUDES II., Count of Blois, also Count of Champagne.

Mar. **28**, ERMENGARDE OF AUVERGNE.

Mar. **30**, ALAN III., Duke of Brittany (TABLE 158), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

27. THIBAUD IV., Count of Blois and Chartres, also Count of Champagne.

26. STEPHEN HENRY, Count of Blois, Chartres, and Champagne; died at Rama in Palestine 1101.

Mar. **26**, ADELA OF ENGLAND (TABLE 149).

27. STEPHEN OF BLOIS, Earl of Moreton and Earl of Cornwall, King of England; died 1154.

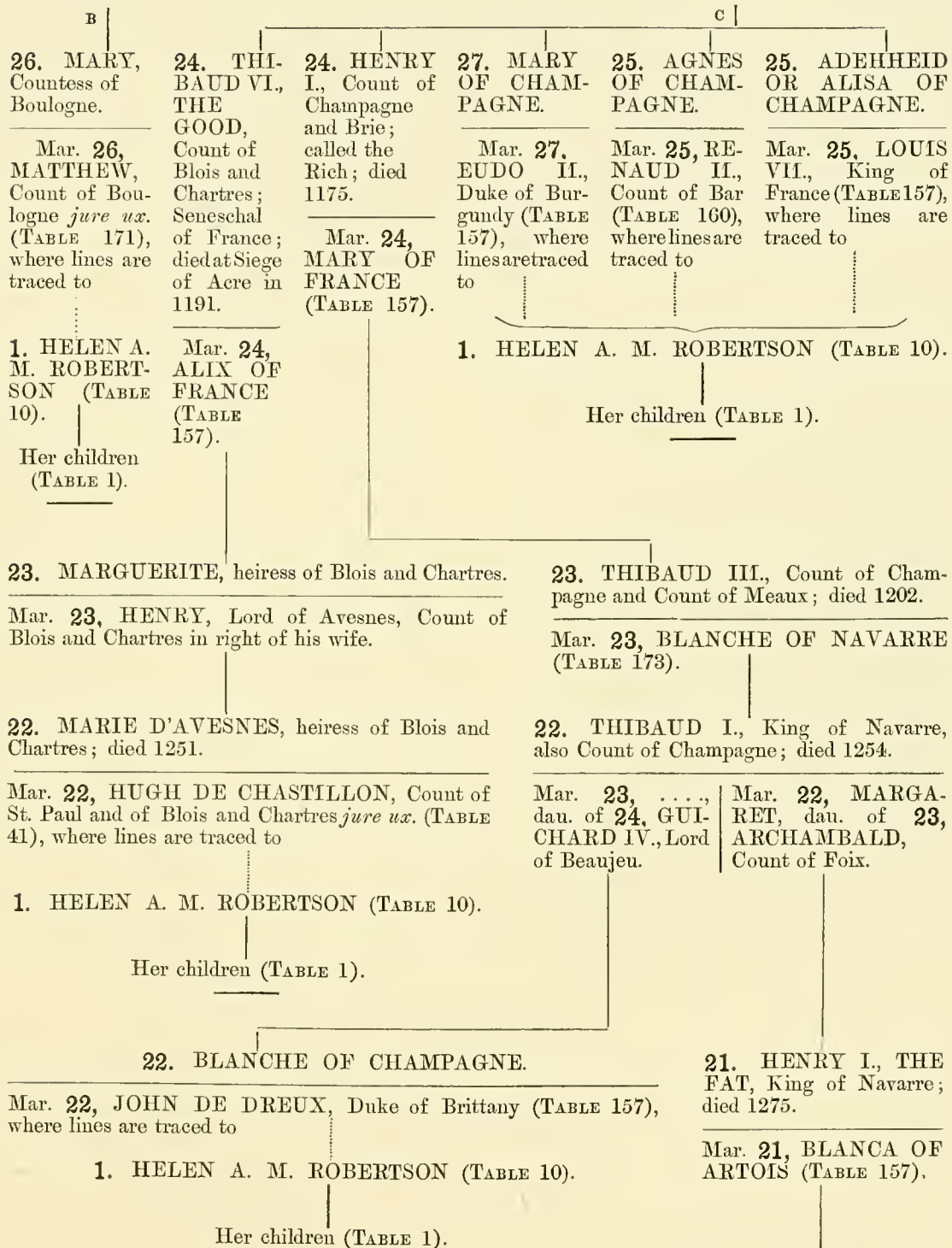
25. THIBAUD V., Count of Blois, also Champagne; the Great; died 1152.

Mar. **27**, MAUD, Countess of Boulogne (TABLE 163).

Mar. **25**, MAHAUD (Maud), dau. of **26**, ENGELBERT, Duke of Carinthia.

B

c



D |
20. JOAN, Queen of Navarre; died 1304.

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF BLOIS.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 67.

Betham's Tables, 274.

COUNTS OF CHAMPAGNE.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 135.

COUNTS OF AUVERGNE.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 320.

Betham's Tables, p. 280.

Mar. 20, PHILIP IV., LE BEL, King of France (TABLE 157), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 151.

COUNTS OF MAINE.

32. HUGH I., Count of Maine or Mayenne; invested in 950 by Raoul, Duke of Burgundy; died 980.

31. WILLIAM, Count of Maine, died 995.

30. HERBERT I., Count of Maine; called the Awakened Dog; died 1010.

29. HUGH II., Count of Maine; died 1032.

Mar. 29, BERTHA OF CHAMPAGNE (see the Counts of Champagne in TABLE 150).

28. HERMENGARDIS OF MAINE, heiress of Maine.

Mar. 28, AZO, Marquis of Malespini.

27. SOMLE DE MAINE, heiress of Maine.

Mar. 27, JOHN, Lord of Bangency.

A | *see supra*.

A | *see infra*.
26. ELIE OR HELIAS, Count of Maine; died 1110.

25. SIBYLLE DE MAINE, heiress of Maine; called Ermengardis in Betham's Tables, 605; died about 1127.

Mar. 25, FULK V., the Young, Plantagenet Count of Anjou (TABLE 152), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

COUNTS OF MAINE.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 61.

Table 152.

HOUSE OF PLANTAGENET.

PART 1.

PLANTAGENET KINGS OF ENGLAND.

33. TERTULLUS, created Count of Anjou by Eudes, Duke of France; died 898.

Mar. 33, PETRONILLA, dau. of 34, CONRAD, Count of Paris.

A |

32. INGELRAM, Viscount of Orleans and Count of Anjou; died 915 (888 according to Betham).
A |

Mar. 32, ADELINDA OF BESANÇON AND CHALLON.

31. FULCO I., the Red, Count of Anjou; died 938.

30. FULCO II., the Good, Count of Anjou; died 958.

Mar. 30, GERBERGA.

29. GEOFFREY, Count of Anjou; called Grisegonelle (Grey Cassoek); created Seneschal of France in 978; died 2 July 987.

Mar. 29, ADELAIS, dau. of 30, ROBERT, Count of Troyes.

<p>28. FULCO III., the Black, Count of Anjou; died 1040.</p>	<p>32. ERMENGARDIS OF ANJOU. Mar. 32, CONAN I., Duke of Brittany (TABLE 158), where line traced to</p>	<p>31. ADELA OR BLANCHE OF ANJOU. Mar. 31, WILLIAM I., Count of Provence (TABLE 174), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to</p>	<p>29. GERBERGA OF ANJOU. Mar. 29, WILLIAM II., Count of Angoulême (TABLE 95B), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to</p>
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28. ALAIN IV., Duke of Brittany, mentioned below, and so on as below to

31. ADELA OR BLANCHE OF ANJOU.
 Mar. 31, WILLIAM I., Count of Provence (TABLE 174), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

Mar. 29, WILLIAM II., Count of Angoulême (TABLE 95B), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

27. ERMENGARDIS, heiress of Anjou.

Mar. 27, GEOFFREY FEROLI OR FERREAL, Count of Gastinois.

26. FULCO IV., the Rude or Rechin, Count of Anjou; died 1106.

Mar. 26, BERTRADE DE MONTFORT, afterwards the wife of Philip I., King of France.

25. FULCO V., the Young, Count of Anjou; died 1142 at Aere.

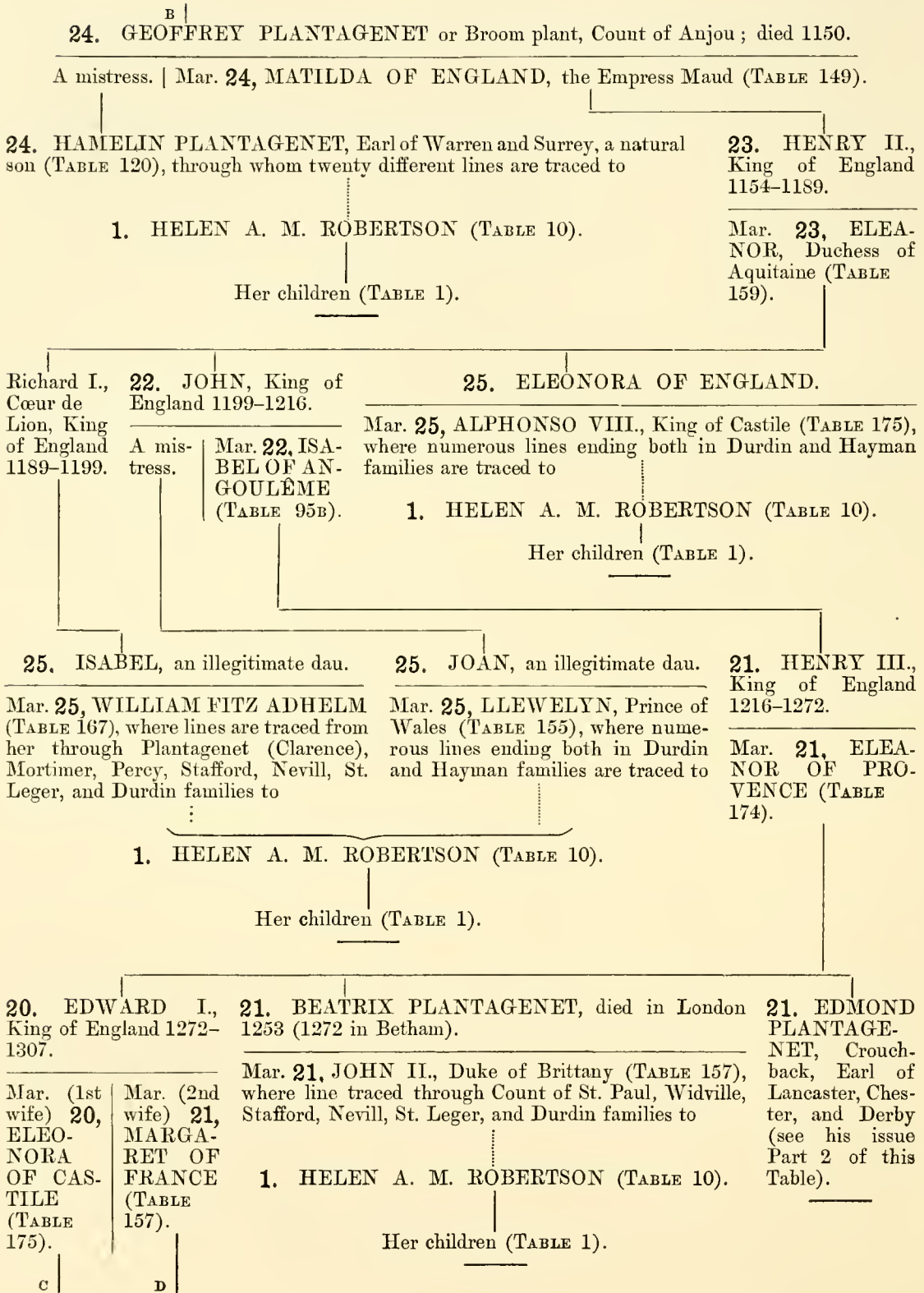
28. ERMENGARDIS OF ANJOU, called Bertha and her husband's name wrongly given in 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 52.

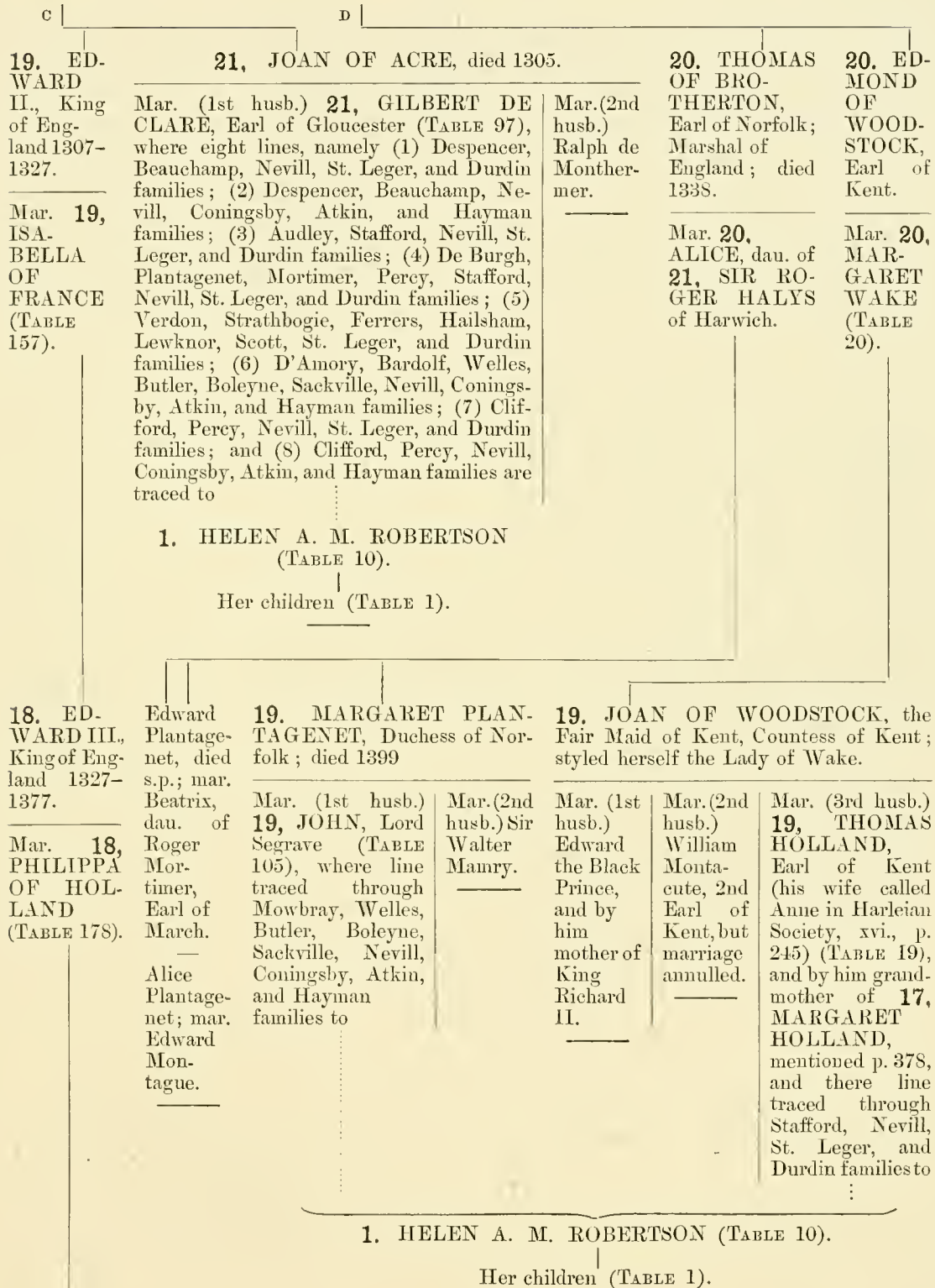
Mar. 28, ALAIN IV., Duke of Brittany (TABLE 158), where line traced through various lines of Dukes of Brittany, St. Paul, Widville, Stafford, Nevill, and Durdin families to

Mar. 25, SIBYLLE OF MAINE (TABLE 151).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).





<p>E </p> <p>Edward the Black Prince, mar. his cousin Joan of Woodstock, the Fair Maid of Kent, and was father of Richard II., King of England 1377-1399.</p>	<p>19. LIONEL OF ANTWERP, acquired Ulster and Honor of Clare (Clarence), Suffolk, through his wife, and hence created Earl and Duke of Clarence and Earl of Ulster; died 1368.</p> <p>Mar. 19. ELIZABETH DE BURGH, Countess of March and Ulster (TABLE 167).</p>	<p>18. JOHN OF GAUNT, Duke of Lancaster (see Part 3 of this Table).</p>	<p>17. EDMOND OF LANGLEY, Duke of York and Earl of Cambridge.</p> <p>Mar. (1st wife) 17. ISABEL OF CASTILE (TABLE 175).</p>	<p>18. THOMAS OF WOODSTOCK, Duke of Gloucester, Earl of Buckingham, Essex, and Northampton; died 1397.</p> <p>Mar. 18. ALIANORE DE BOHUN (TABLE 108).</p>
<p>18. PHILIPPA OF CLARENCE, Countess of March and Ulster.</p> <p>Mar. 18. EDMUND MORTIMER, Earl of March (TABLE 122), where line traced through Percy, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to</p>	<p>Edward Plantagenet, Duke of Albemarle, died 1415; mar. Philippa, dau. of John, Lord Mohun.—Richard Plantagenet, Earl of Cambridge; beheaded 1415; mar. Anne, dau. of Roger Mortimer, Earl of March, and was grandfather of Edward IV., King of England 1461-1483.</p>	<p>16. CONSTANCE PLANTAGENET OF YORK, mistress of Edmond, Earl of Kent; died 1417.</p> <p>Mar. 16. THOMAS LE DESPENCER, Earl of Gloucester (TABLE 119), where line traced through (1) Beauchamp, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Beauchamp, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to</p>	<p>17. ANNE PLANTAGENET, heiress of Buckingham.</p> <p>Mar. (1st husb.) Thomas de Stafford, 3rd Earl of Stafford, died s.p.</p>	<p>Mar. (2nd husb.) 17. EDMUND DE STAFFORD, 5th Earl of Stafford (TABLE 93), where line traced through Percy, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to</p>

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF ANJOU.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs de la France,' p. 49.

PLANTAGENETS.

Sandford's, Anderson's, and Betham's 'Genealogical Tables,' *passim*.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

PART 2.

PLANTAGENETS, EARLS OF LANCASTER.

21. EDMOND PLANTAGENET, Crouchback, Earl of Lancaster, Chester, and Derby (see his ancestors in Part 1 of this Table).

Mar. **21. BLANCHE OF ARTOIS** (TABLE 157).

20. HENRY PLANTAGENET, Earl of Lancaster; died 1350.

Mar. **20. MAUD CHAWORTH**, dau. and heiress of **21, SIR PATRICK CHAWORTH**, Lord of Kedwelly, Wales.

A |

A			
<p>20. MAUD PLANTAGENET.</p> <p>Mar. (1st husb.) 20, WILLIAM DE BURGH, Earl of Ulster (TABLE 167), where line traced through his dau. Elizabeth de Burgh, who mar. Lionel, Duke of Clarence, in Part 1 of this Table, through Mortimer, Percy, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to</p>	<p>19. JOAN PLANTAGENET.</p> <p>Mar. (2nd husb.) 19, JOHN MOWBRAY, 3rd Lord Mowbray (TABLE 105), where line traced through Butler, Boleyn, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to</p>	<p>19. ELEONORA PLANTAGENET.</p> <p>Mar. (1st husb.) John de Beaumont, Earl of Buchan. ———</p> <p>champ, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families; (3) Browne, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families; and (4) Goushill, Wingfield, Brandon, Sidney, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to</p>	<p>19. MARY PLANTAGENET.</p> <p>Mar. 19, HENRY PERCY, Lord Percy (TABLE 100), where line traced through Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to</p>
<p>1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).</p> <p>Her children (TABLE 1).</p>			

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

PLANTAGENETS, EARLS OF LANCASTER.
 Sandford's, Anderson's, and Betham's 'Genealogical Tables,' *passim*.

PART 3.

PLANTAGENETS, BEAUFORT (DUKE OF SOMERSET) FAMILY.

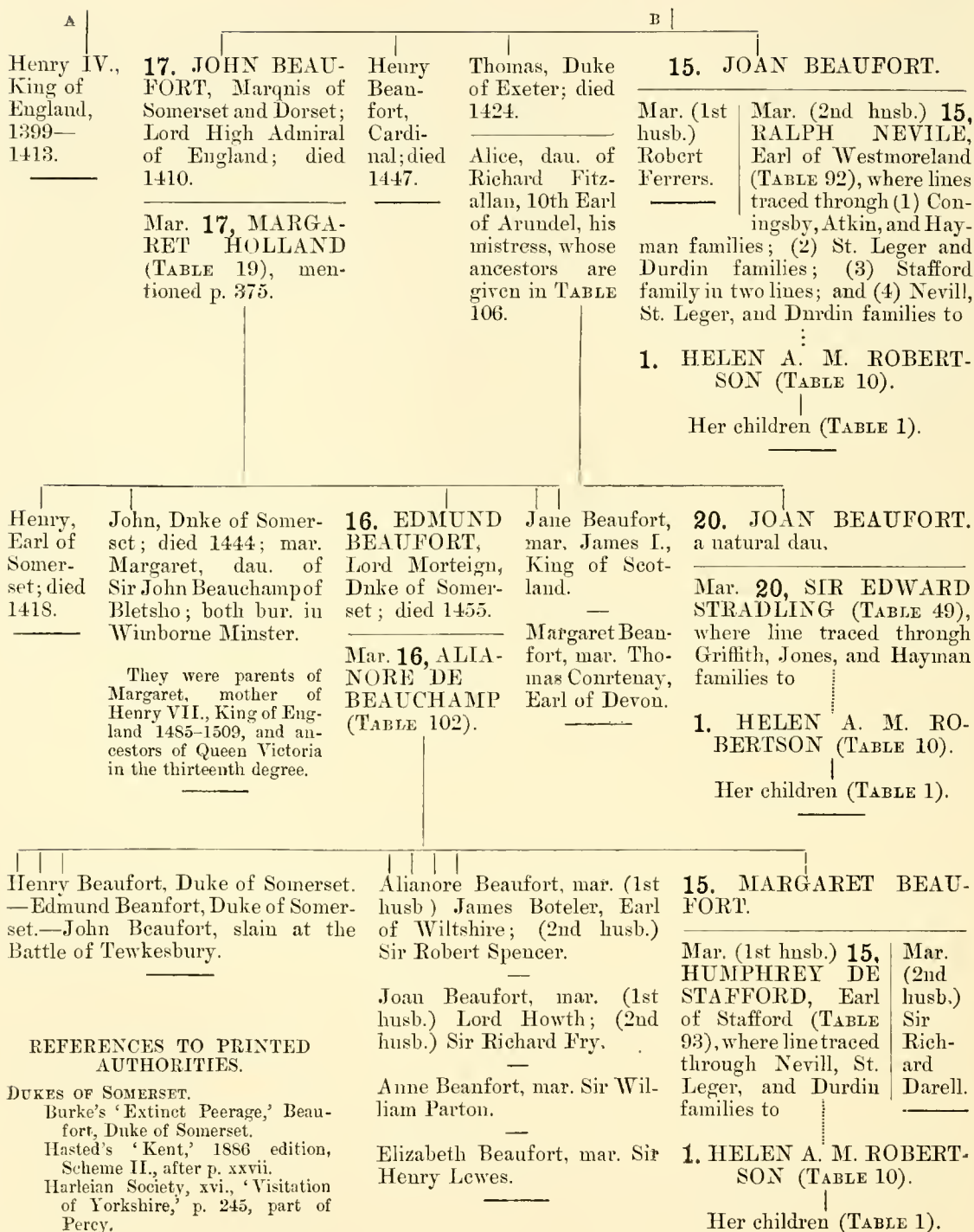
18. JOHN OF GAUNT,

Duke of Lancaster, so created by virtue of his first marriage (see Part 1 of this Table); died 1399.

<p>Mar. (1st wife) Blanche, dau. and heiress of Henry, Duke of Lancaster.</p>	<p>Mar. (2nd wife) Constantia, dau. of Pedro the Cruel, King of Castile.</p>	<p>Mar., 1396, 18, CATHERINE, dau. of 19, SIR PETER ROET, widow of Sir John or Otes Swynford; died 1403. John of Gaunt's children by this wife were born before marriage, but were made legitimate for all purposes except succession to the throne by an Act of Parliament in 1397; they were named Beaufort from being born at Beaufort Castle in Anjou.</p>
---	--	--

A

B



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

DUKES OF SOMERSET.

- Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Beaufort, Duke of Somerset.
Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886 edition, Scheme II., after p. xxvii.
Harleian Society, xvi., 'Visitation of Yorkshire,' p. 245, part of Percy.

Table 153.

PLANTAGENET (EARLS OF GLOUCESTER) FAMILY.

26. ROBERT DE CADURNO (Plantagenet),

Earl or Consul of Gloucester; natural son of Henry I., whose ancestors are given in TABLE 149, and Nesta, Princess of Wales (TABLE 155); supported his sister the Empress Maud against King Stephen; died 31 Oct. 1147.

Mar. 26, MAUD FITZHAMON (TABLE 147).

25. WILLIAM, Earl of Gloucester and Lord of Glamorgan.

Roger of Gloucester, Bishop of Worcester; died at Tours 9 Aug. 1179.

Hamor of Gloucester; died at Siege of Toulouse 1159.

Mabel of Gloucester; mar. Aubrey de Vere.

24. MAUDE OF GLOUCESTER.

Mar. 24, RANULPH DE MESCHINES, surnamed Gernons, Earl of Chester (TABLE 109), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

Mar. 25, HAWYSE DE BELLOMONT (TABLE 101).

Richard, Bishop of Bayon in Normandy.

Philip.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Robert of Gloucester, died v.p.

Mabel of Gloucester, mar. . . . Earl of Evereux in France.

24. AMICE OF GLOUCESTER, coheirress.

Isabel of Gloucester, died s.p.; mar. (1st husb.) King John, who was Earl of Gloucester in her right, divorced; (2nd husb.) Geoffrey de Mandeville, Earl of Essex; (3rd husb.) Hugh de Burgh, Justice of England.

Mar. 24, RICHARD DE CLARE, 4th Earl of Hertford (TABLE 97), where lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

EARLS OF GLOUCESTER.

- Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 534.
- Sandford's 'Genealogical Tables,' book i., cap. vii. and viii.
- Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886 edition, Schemes I. and II., after p. xxvi.
- Betham's Tables, 604.

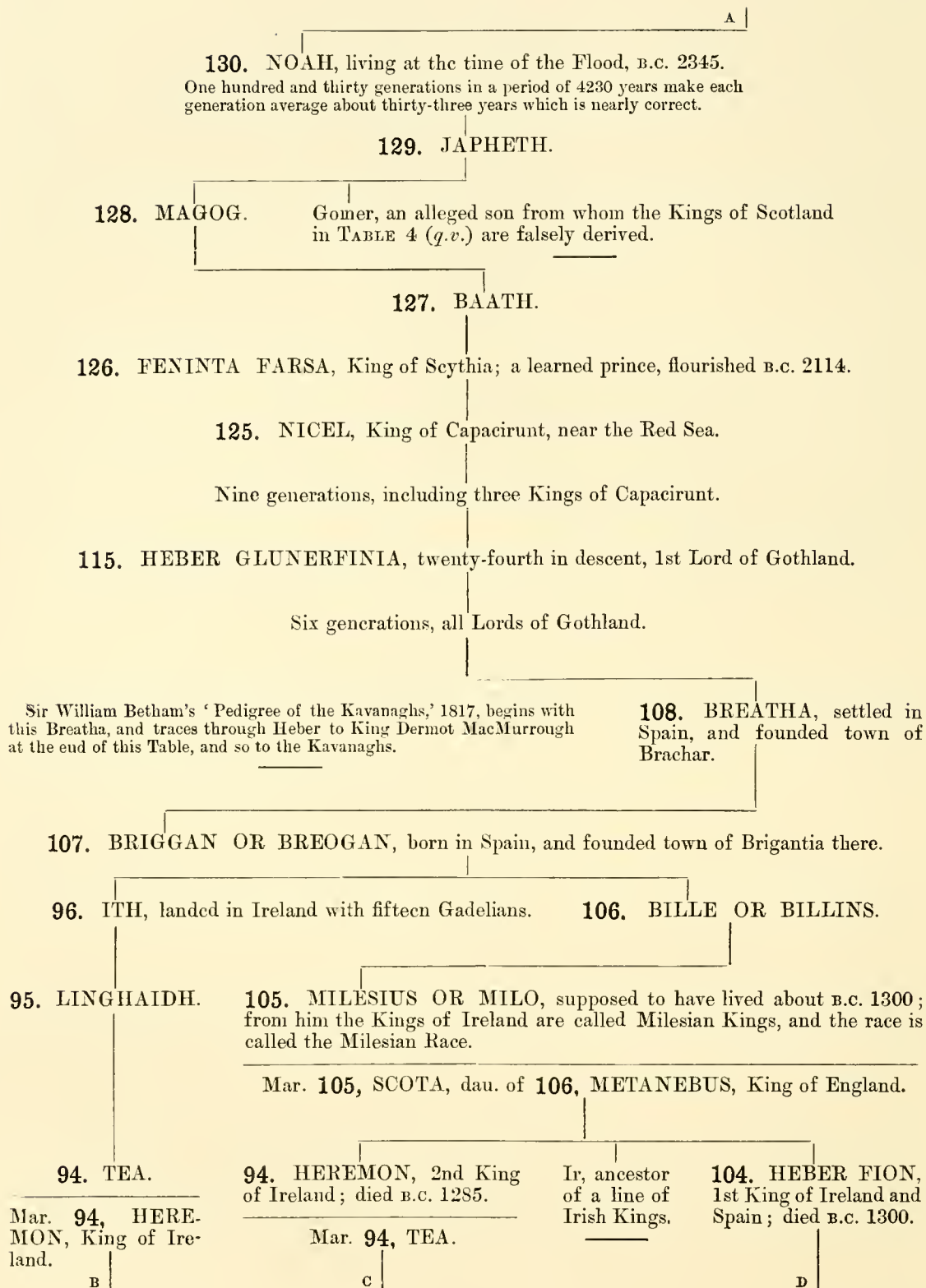
Table 154.

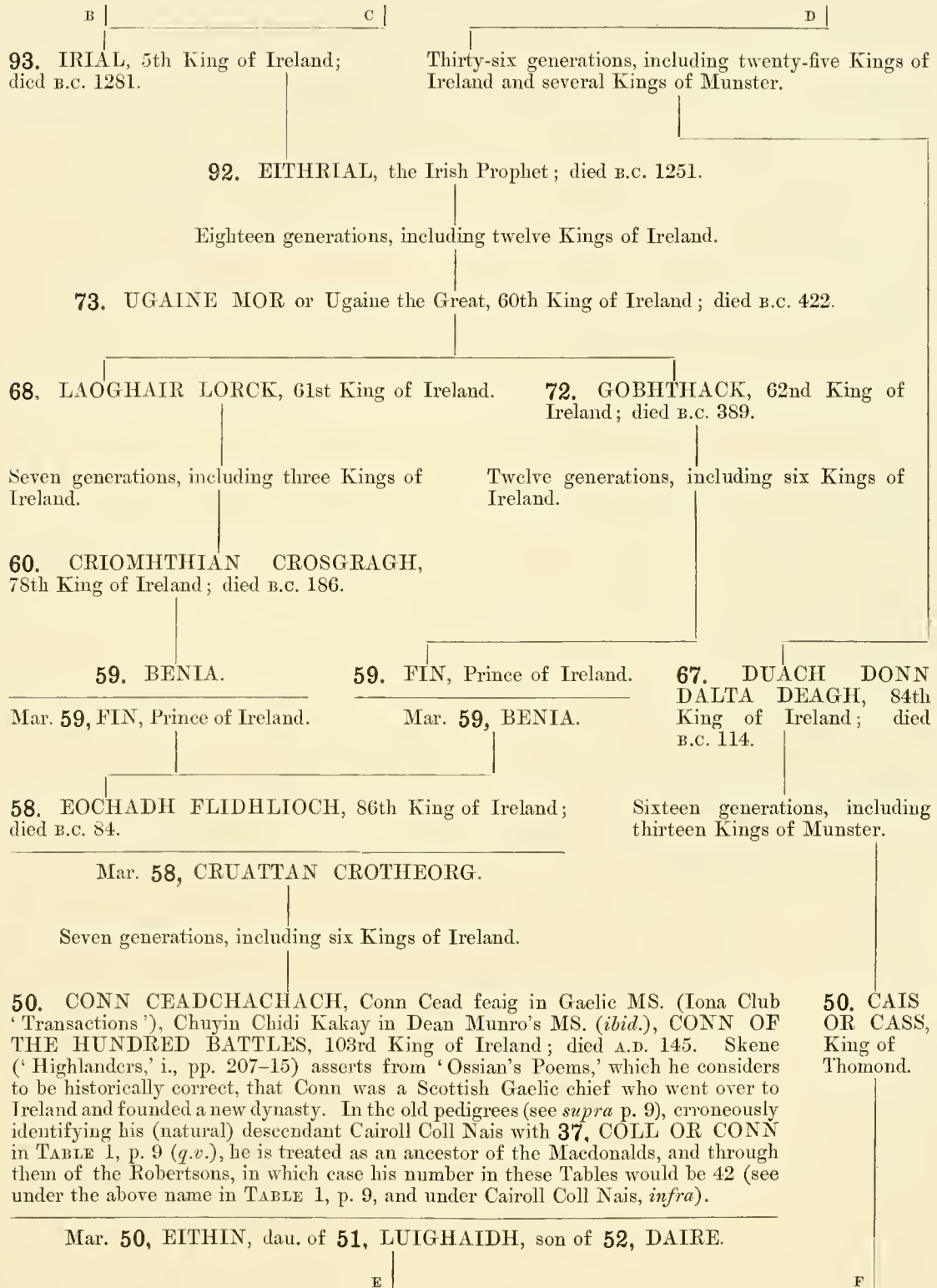
KINGS OF IRELAND.

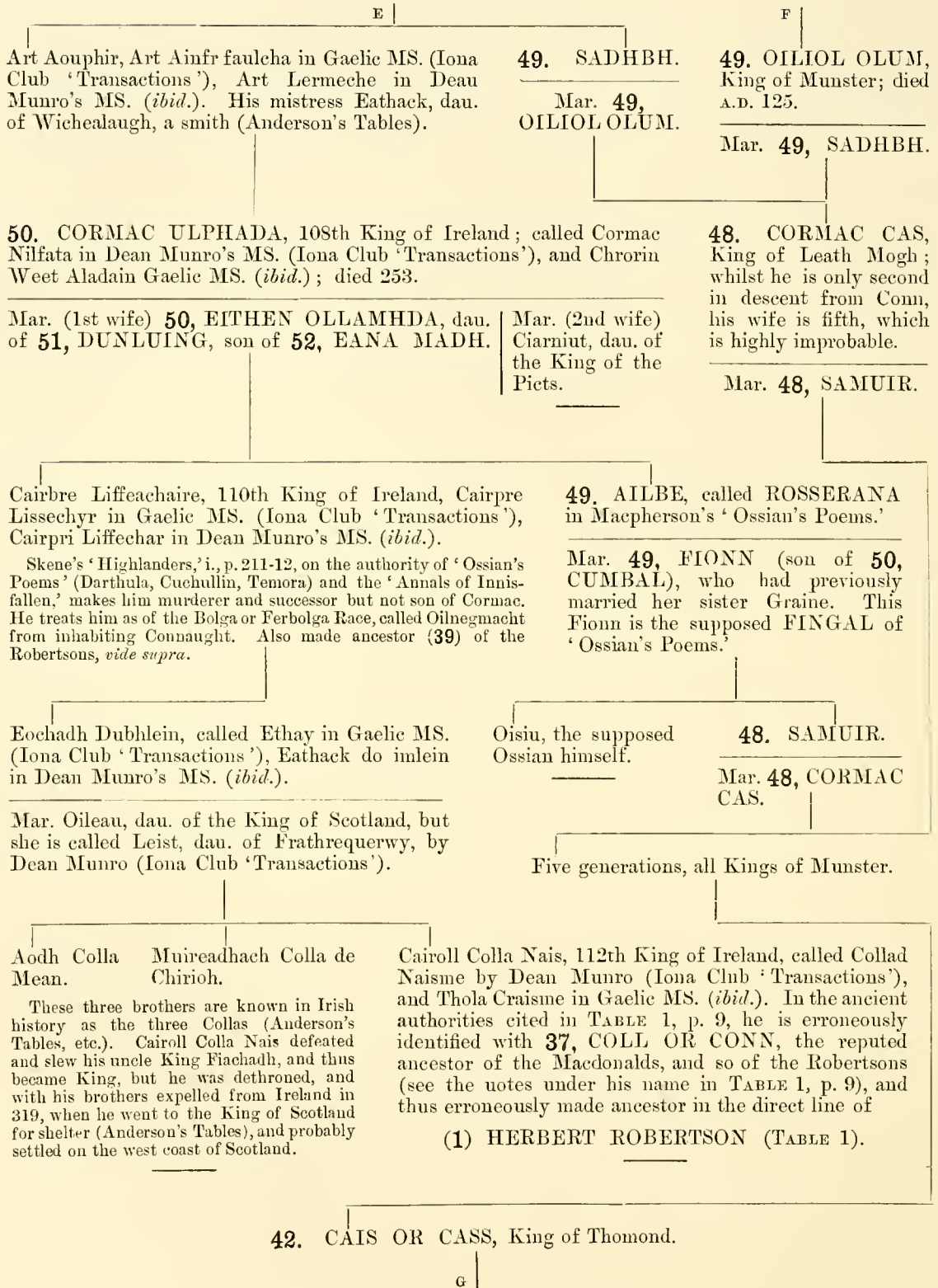
NOTE.—Practically the whole of this Table is mythical. It is inserted (in skeleton) merely as a curiosity, because the various supposed lines are found in print, the chief authorities being Anderson's Tables, p. 780 *et seq.*, and Betham's Tables, 641-6, but other works are also referred to by marginal notes.

140. ADAM, created B.C. 4004.

Nine generations, the antediluvian Patriarchs.







G |
Thirteen generations, including six Kings of Thomond and four Kings of Munster.

28. BRIEN BOROHM,

the celebrated Irish hero, called 162nd King of Ireland; born 924; killed at the great battle he won on Good Friday 1014 at Clontarf near Dublin ('Njal Saga,' cap. clvi.; Dasent's 'Burnt Njal,' ii., p. 333; long account of the battle in 'Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill,' Rolls edition).

Mar. 26, MORE, dau. of 27, HIEDHIN. | Mar. 28, EACHRAID, dau. of 29, CAROLUS, son of 30, OILLIOL of FIONN, King of Ive Nædha Odhbha.

25. MORROUGH O'BRIEN, King of Leinster.

27. TELGI O'BRIEN, King of Leath Mogh; died 1023.

Turlogh, slain, aged 15.

24. LAFRACOTH OF LEINSTER.

26. TURLOGH, King of Munster; died 1081.

Mar. 24, ARNOLPH DE MONTGOMERY (TABLE 164), where lines are traced through (1) Carew, Lewknor, Scott, St. Leger, and Durdin families, and (2) Fitzgerald, Butler, Boleyn, Sackville, Nevill, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

25. DERMOND MACMURROUGH,

King of Munster; died 1120. Betham omits the two children here named, but gives several others.

A mistress. | Mar. 25, MORE, dau. of 26, RODERIC O'CONNOR, King of Connaught.

A natural son, male ancestor of the MacMurrough Kavanaghs of Borris. co. Carlow.

24. EVA MACMURROUGH.

Mar. 24, RICHARD DE CLARE, Earl of Pembroke, surnamed STRONGBOW (TABLE 97), where numerous lines ending both in Durdin and Hayman families are traced to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

KINGS OF IRELAND.

Anderson's 'Genealogical Tables,' 780 *et seq.*

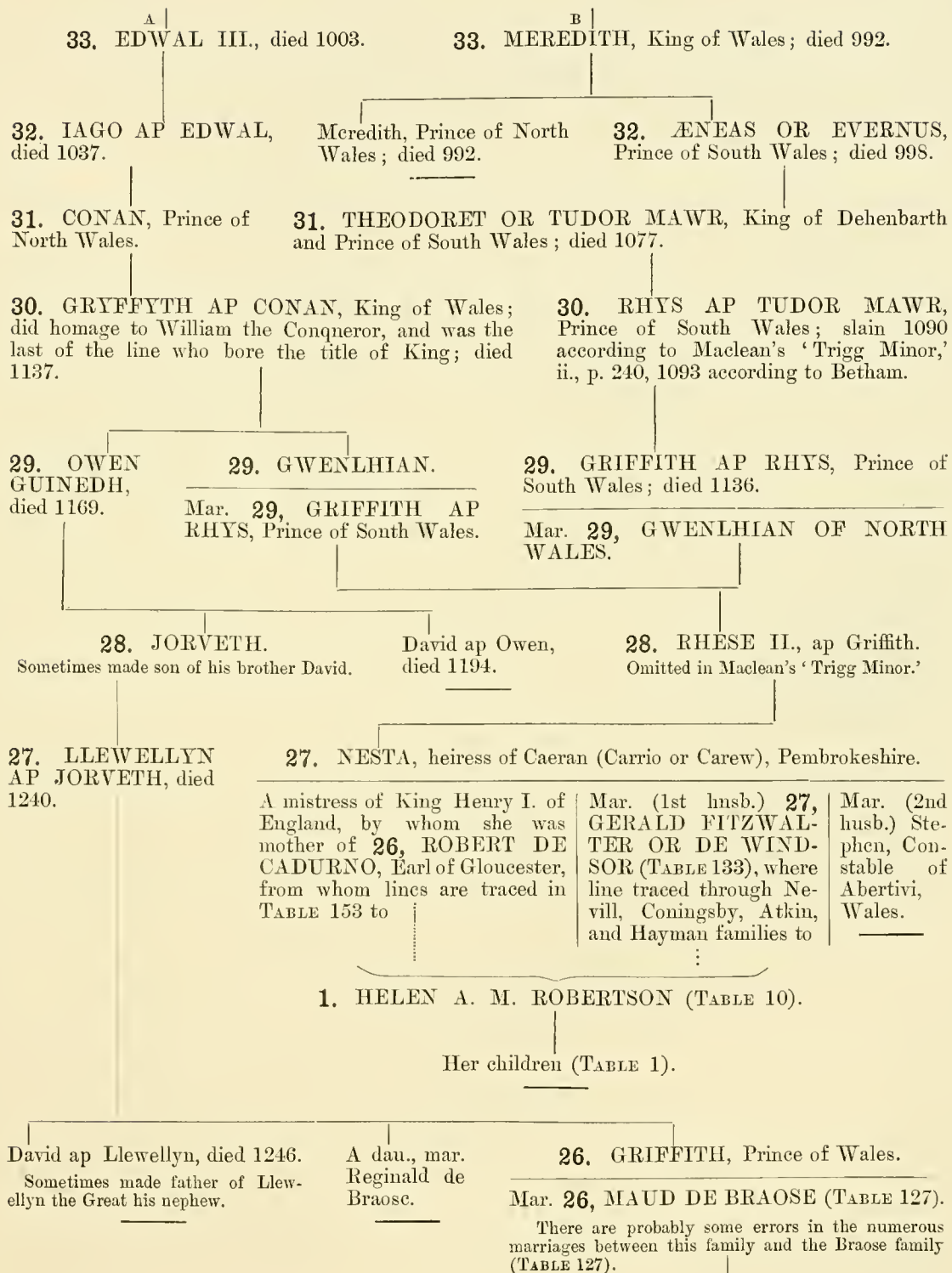
Betham's 'Genealogical Tables,' 641-6.

'Wars of the Gaedhill with the Gaill,' Rolls edition, pp. 245-9.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Sir William Betham's 'Pedigree of the Kavanaghs,' 1817, relates to this family, but has not been seen by the compiler.



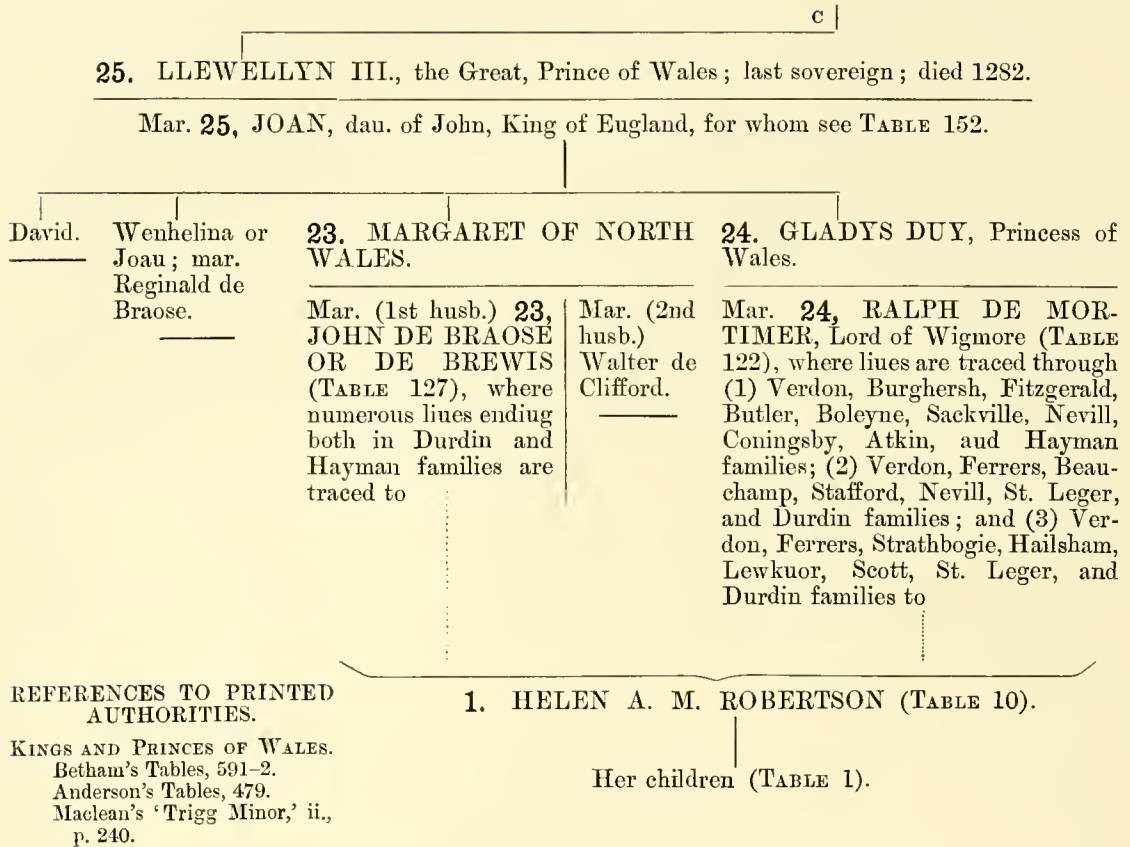
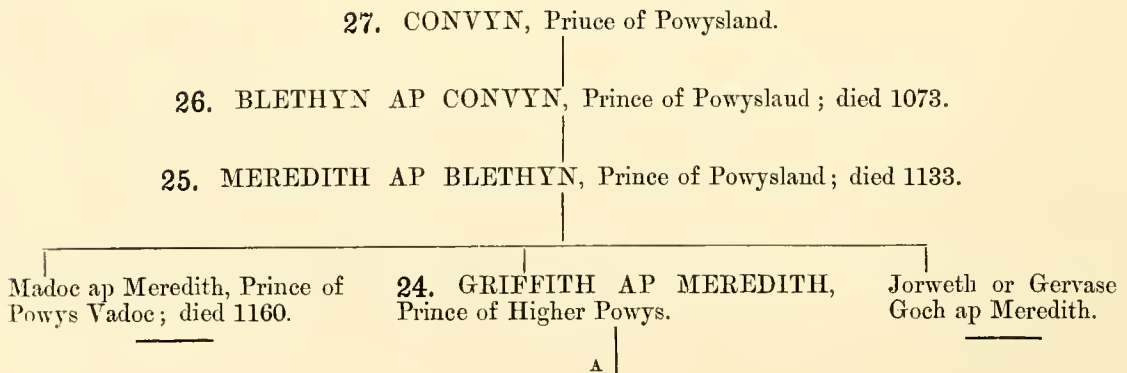


Table 155—PART B.

PRINCES OF POWYS.



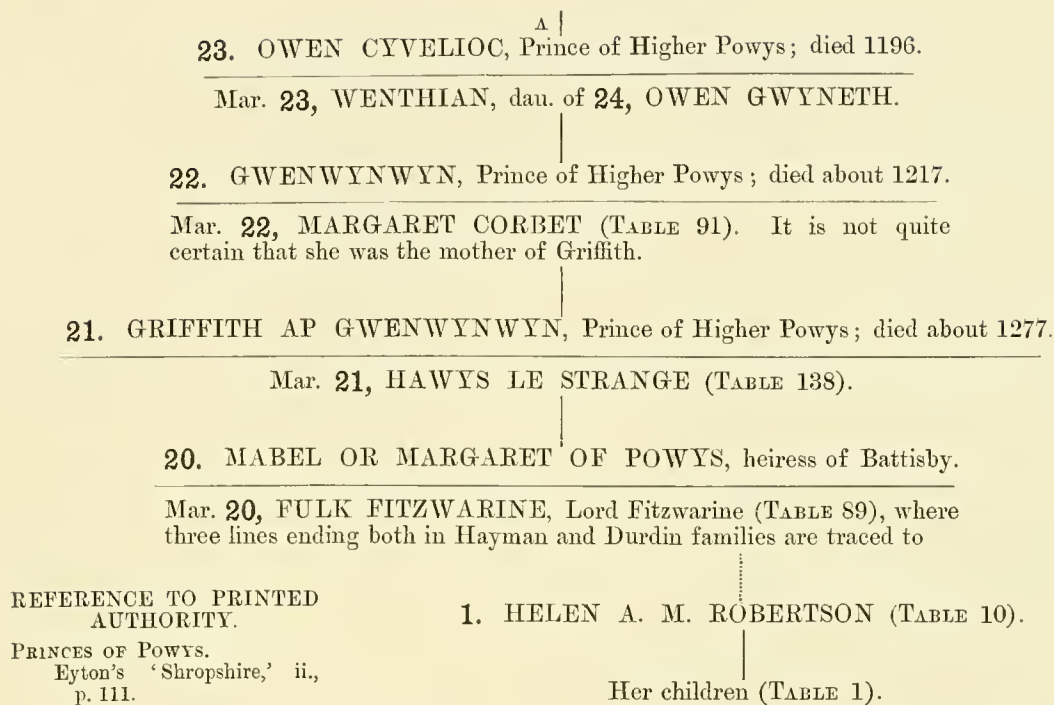
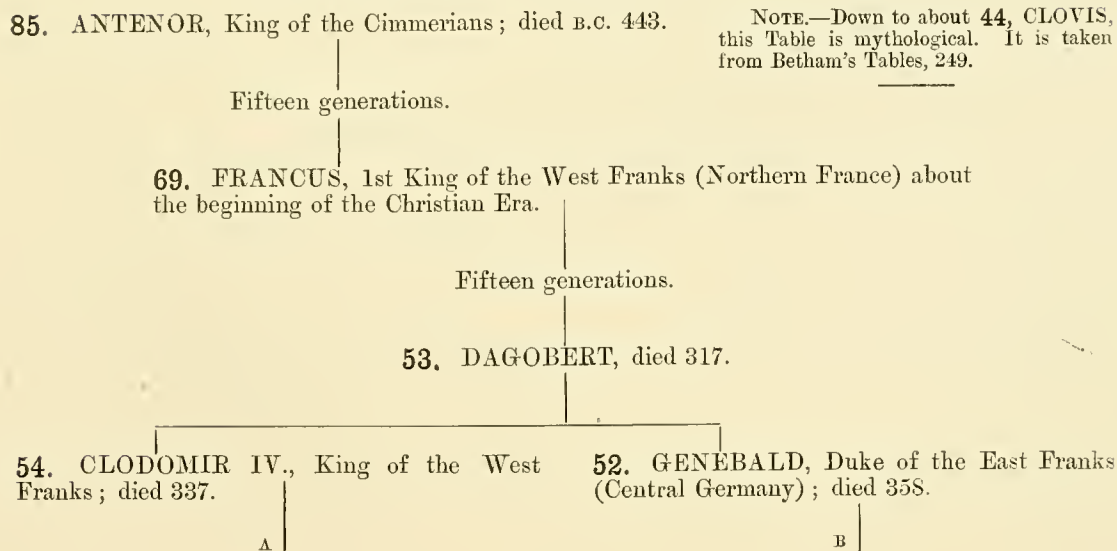
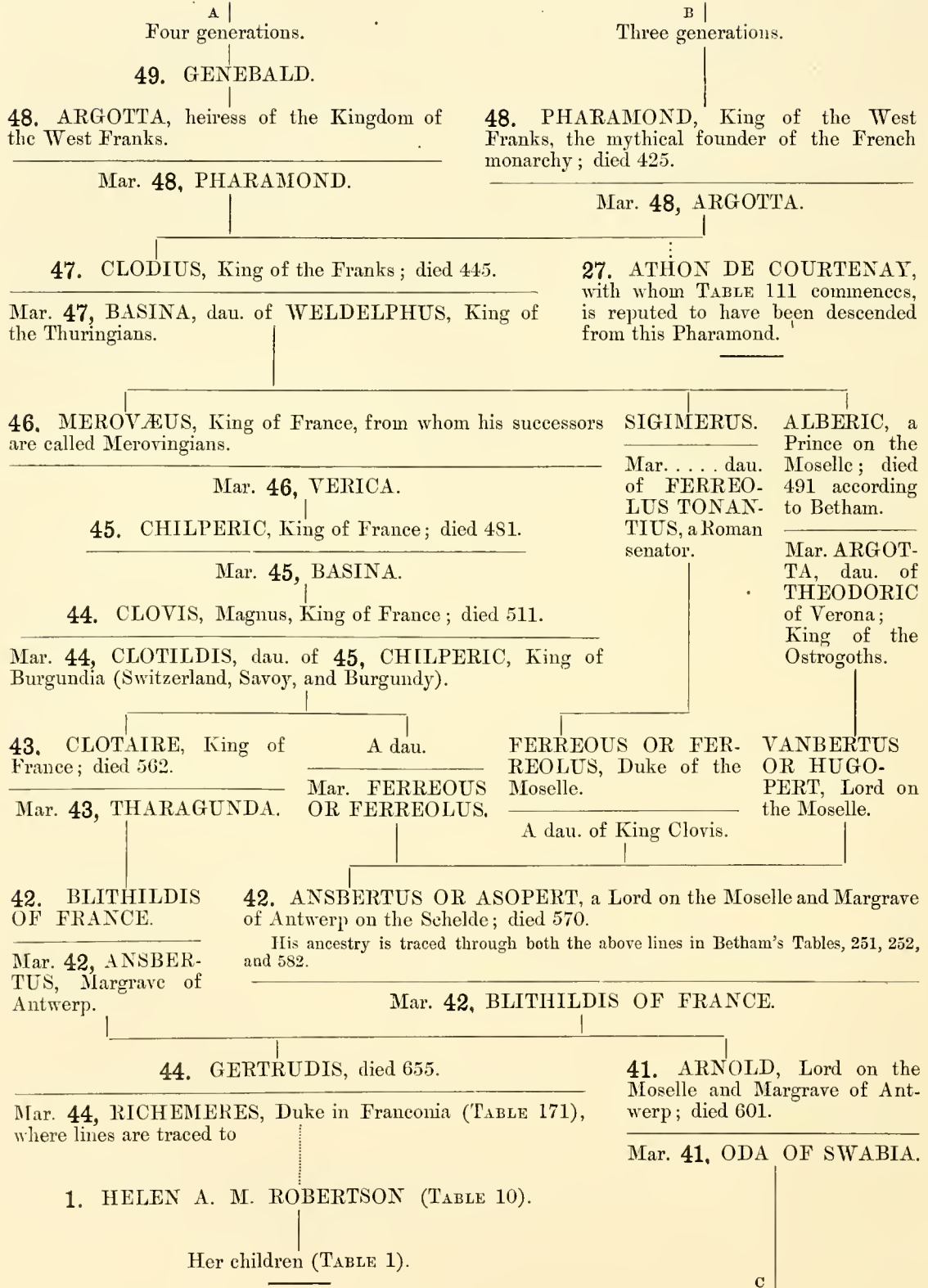
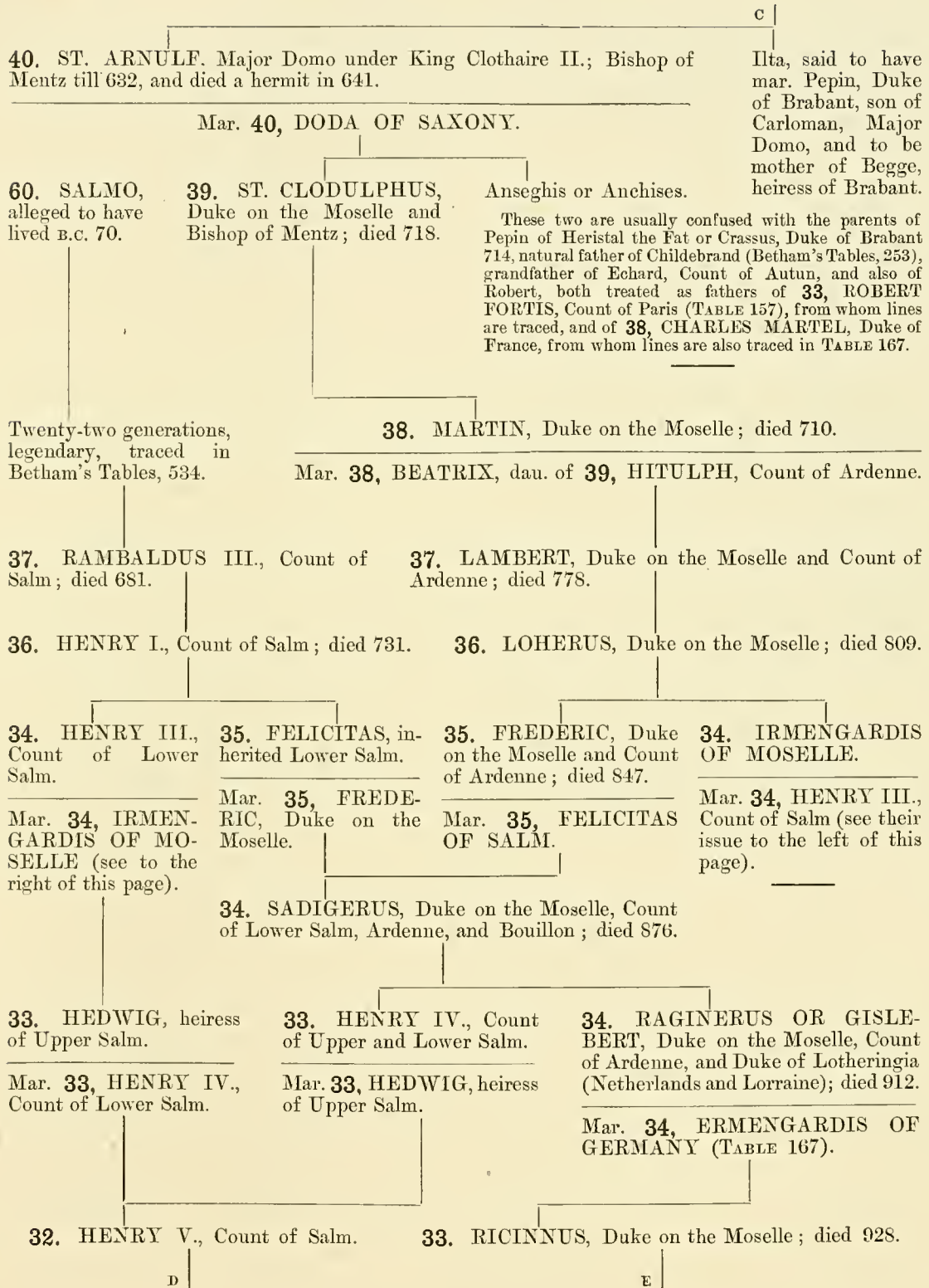


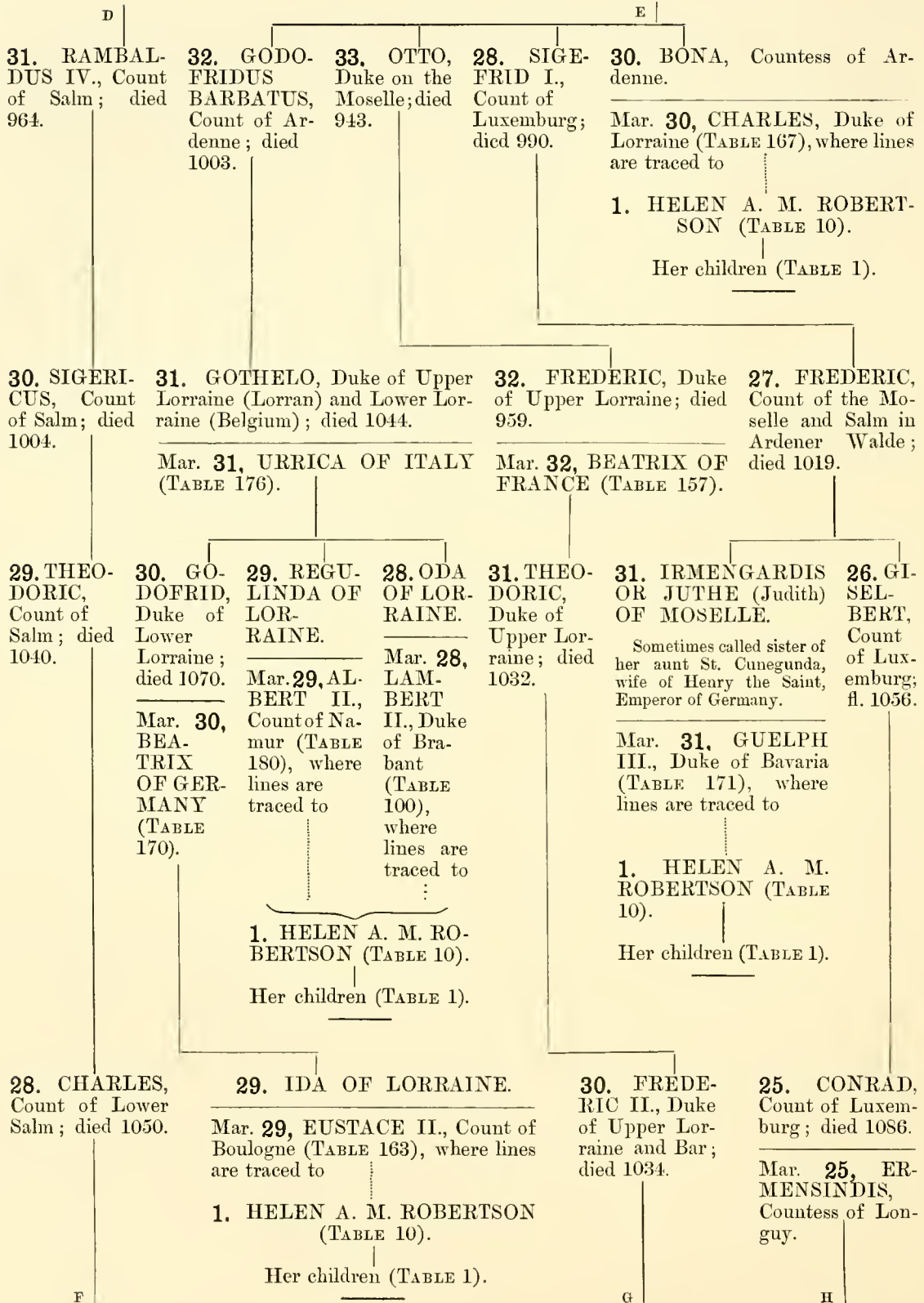
Table 156.

MEROVINGIAN KINGS OF FRANCE.









F |
27. WILLIAM I.,
 Count of Salm; built
 Limburg.

G |
29. SOPHIA, Countess of Bar.

Mar. **29, LOUIS**, Count of Monson
 and Ferreth, and of Bar *jure ux.*
 (TABLE 160), where lines are traced to

H |
24. ERMENSINDIS, ultimate
 heiress of Luxemburg; died 1167.

Mar. **24, GOTFRIED**, Count
 of Namur (TABLE 180), where
 lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

26. HENRY I., Duke of Limburg; died 1116.

Mar. **26, ADELA**.

25. WALRAM OR VALERIANUS II., called Paganicus, Duke of Limburg; died 1139.

24. HENRY II., Duke of Limburg; died 1175.

23. HENRY III., Duke of Limburg.

Mar. **23, MARGARET DE BERG**.

22. WALRAM OR VALERIANUS VIII., Count of Limburg; died 1226.

Mar. **22, ERMENSINDIS OF NAMUR AND LUXEMBERG** (TABLE 180).

21. HENRY I., Count of Luxemburg and Limburg.

Mar. **21, MARGARET DE BAR** (TABLE 160).

20. PHILIPPA OF LUXEMBURG.

Mar. **20, JOHN**, Count of Holland (TABLE 178),
 where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

OLDER PARTS.

Betham's Tables, 250-2, 411, 430, and 452.

DUKES OF LORRAINE.

Betham's Tables, 582.

COUNTS OF LUXEMBURG.

Betham's Tables, 513 and 603.

COUNTS OF SALM.

Betham's Tables, 534.

COUNTS OF LIMBURG.

Betham's Tables, 603.

Table 157.

CAPETINGIAN LINE.

PART 1.

KINGS OF FRANCE.

33. ROBERT FORTIS, or the Strong, Duke of France, Count of Paris and Orleans.

Three different fathers are assigned to him, viz., Wittekind III., grandson of Wittekind the Great (see TABLE 145), and Echarde, Count of Autun, and Robert, both great-grandsons of Childebrand, natural son of Pepin of Heristal the Fat, Duke of Brabant, whose ancestors are traced in TABLE 156; see also doubt implied as to his being father of Robert, Count of Paris, in Sismondi's 'Histoire des Français,' iv., p. 38, which suggests that the family was of plebeian origin.

32. ROBERT, Count of Paris, and King of France during the minority of Charles the Simple; died 923.

35. EUDES OR ODO, Count of Orleans.

Mar. **32**, BEATRIX OF VERMANDOIS (TABLE 167).

31. HUGH MAGNUS, Count of Paris; died 956.

34. HERMANTRUDE OF ORLEANS.

Mar. **31**, HEDWIG OF SAXONY (TABLE 145); called Adelheid in Betham's Tables, 403.

Mar. **34**, CHARLES THE BALD, King of France and Emperor (TABLE 167), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

30. HUGH CAPET, from whom the Kings of France derive their supposed surname of Capet; King of France; died 996.

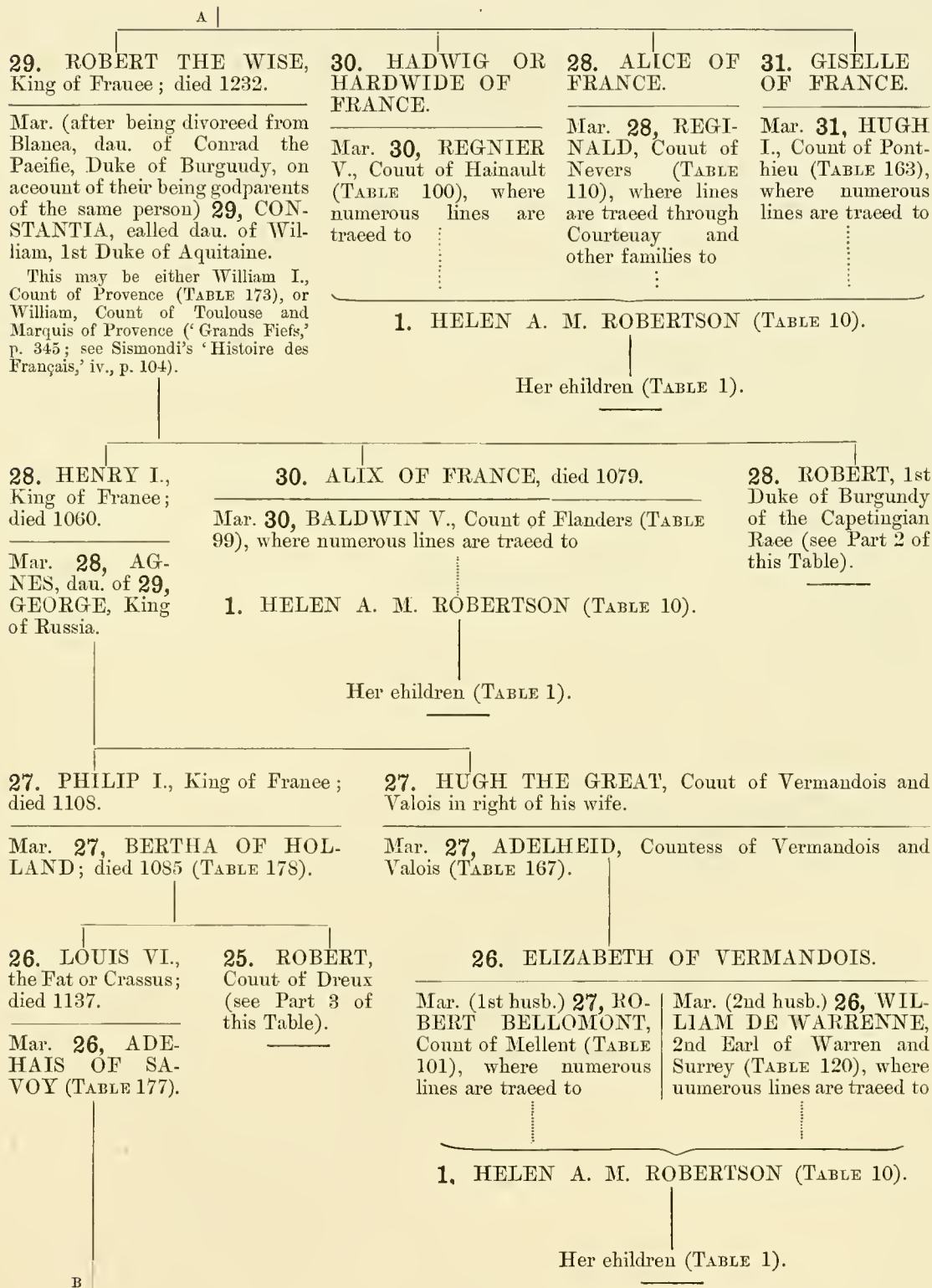
32. BEATRIX OF FRANCE.

Supposed to have married either Alisa, dau. of William, 1st Duke of Aquitaine (Betham's Tables, 273, cf. 280), Adelheid, dau. of Emperor Otto (Betham's Tables, 254 and 403), whose ancestors are traced in TABLE 145, or Adelaide, dau. of Odo, Count of Blois and Champagne (Betham's Tables, 274), whose ancestors are traced in TABLE 150.

Mar. **32**, FREDERIC, Duke of Upper Lorraine (TABLE 156), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).



B |
25. LOUIS VII., King of France; died 1180.

Mar. (1st wife) **25, ELEONORA,**
 Duchess of Aquitaine (TABLE 159).

Mar. (2nd wife) **CONSTANTIA**
OF CASTILE (TABLE 175).

Mar. (3rd wife) **25, ADEL-
 HEID OF CHAMPAGNE**
 (TABLE 150).

**26. AG-
 NES,**
 name of
 her
 mother
 unknown.
 Mar. **26,**
ADELME
DE
BURGH
 (TABLE
 167),
 where
 line
 traced to

24. MARY
OF FRANCE,
 died 1179.
 Mar. **24,**
HENRY I.,
 Count of Cham-
 pagne (TABLE
 150), where line
 traced through
 Widville, Staf-
 ford, Nevill, St.
 Leger, and Dur-
 din families to

**24. ALI-
 SA OF**
FRANCE.
 Mar. **24,**
**THEO-
 BALD**
VI., Count
 of Blois
 (TABLE
 150), where line
 traced
 through
 Widville,
 Stafford,
 Nevill, St.
 Leger, and
 Durdin
 families to
 :

**25. MAR-
 GARET OF**
FRANCE;
 died 1118.
 Mar. **25,**
BELA III.,
 King of Hun-
 gary (TABLE
 182), where
 line traced
 through nu-
 merous lines
 to

23. ALIX OF FRANCE.
 Mar. Rich-
 ard II.,
 Duke of
 Guienne,
 and Nathan
 de Mont-
 morency.
 Also mis-
 tress of
 Henry II.,
 King of
 England.

24. PHILIP
**II., AUGUS-
 TUS,** King of
 France; died
 1223.

Mar. **24, ISA-
 BEL,**
 Countess of
 Artois (TABLE
 99).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

23. LOUIS VIII., the Lion, King of France; died 1226.

Mar. **23, BLANCHA OF CASTILE** (TABLE 175).

22. LOUIS IX., King of France;
 St. Louis; died at Carthage near
 Tunis 1270.

22. CHARLES, Count of Anjou
 and Provence, King of Naples and
 Jerusalem; died 1284.

21. ROBERT I.,
 Count of Artois; died
 1247.

Mar. **22, MARGARET OF PRO-
 VENCE** (TABLE 174).

Mar. **22, BEATRIX OF PRO-
 VENCE** (TABLE 177).

Mar. **21, MATILDA**
OF BRABANT
 (TABLE 100).

c |

d |

e |

^C
21. PHILIP III., the Bold, King of France; died 1285.

Mar. (2nd wife) 22, MARY OF BRABANT (TABLE 100).

Mar. (1st wife) 21, ISABEL OF ARRAGON (TABLE 174).

^D
21. CHARLES II., the Lame, King of Naples and Jerusalem; died 1309.

Mar. 21, MARY, heiress of Kingdom of Hungary (TABLE 182).

^E
21. BLANCA OF ARTOIS.

Mar. (1st husb.) 21, HENRY I., King of Navarre (TABLE 150), where line traced through Widville, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

Mar. (2nd husb.) 21, EDMUND PLANTAGENET, Crouchback, Earl of Lancaster (TABLE 152), where lines are traced through numerous families ending both in Durdin and Hayman families to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

21. MARGARET OF FRANCE, died 1317.

Mar. 20, EDWARD I., King of England (TABLE 152), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

20. PHILIP IV., Le Bel, King of France.

Mar. 20, JOHANNA, Queen of Navarre (TABLE 150).

20. CHARLES, Count of Valois, Anjou, and Maine; died 1325.

Mar. 20, MARGARET OF NAPLES.

20. MARGARET OF NAPLES.

Mar. 20, CHARLES, Count of Valois.

19. ISABEL OF FRANCE, died 1357.

Mar. 19, EDWARD II., King of England (TABLE 152), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

19. JOHANNA OF VALOIS.

Mar. 19, WILLIAM III., Count of Holland (TABLE 178), where numerous lines are traced to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

KINGS OF FRANCE.
Betham's Tables, 254, 255.
COUNTS OF ARTOIS.
Betham's Tables, 568.
'Grands Fiefs,' p. 504.
COUNTS OF VERMANDOIS.
D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 125.
'Grands Fiefs,' p. 9.

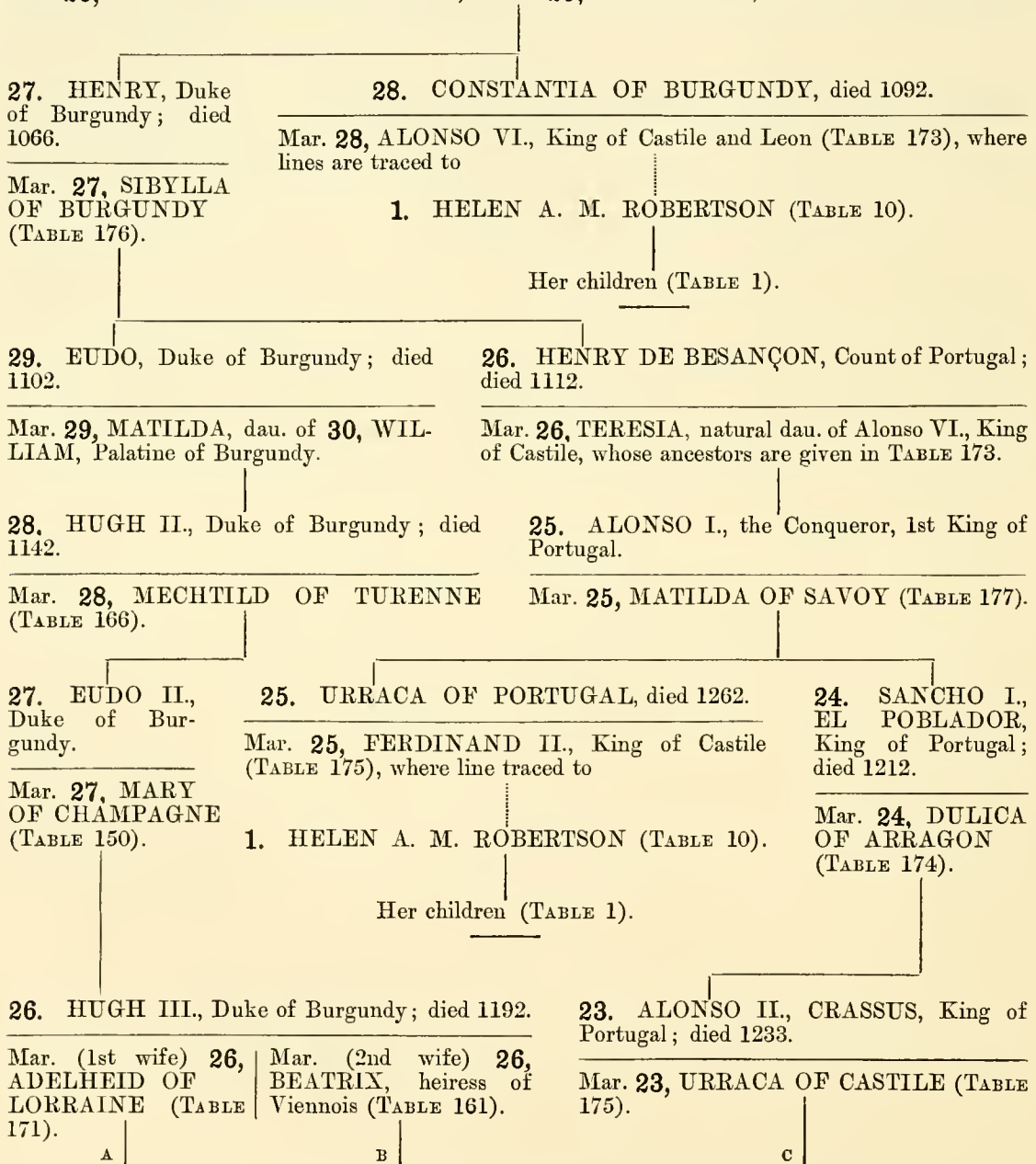
DUKES OF VIENNOIS.
Betham's Tables, 283, 573.
'Grands Fiefs,' p. 429.
KINGS OF NAPLES.
Betham's Tables, 353.
KINGS OF PORTUGAL.
Betham's Tables, 243.

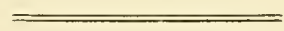
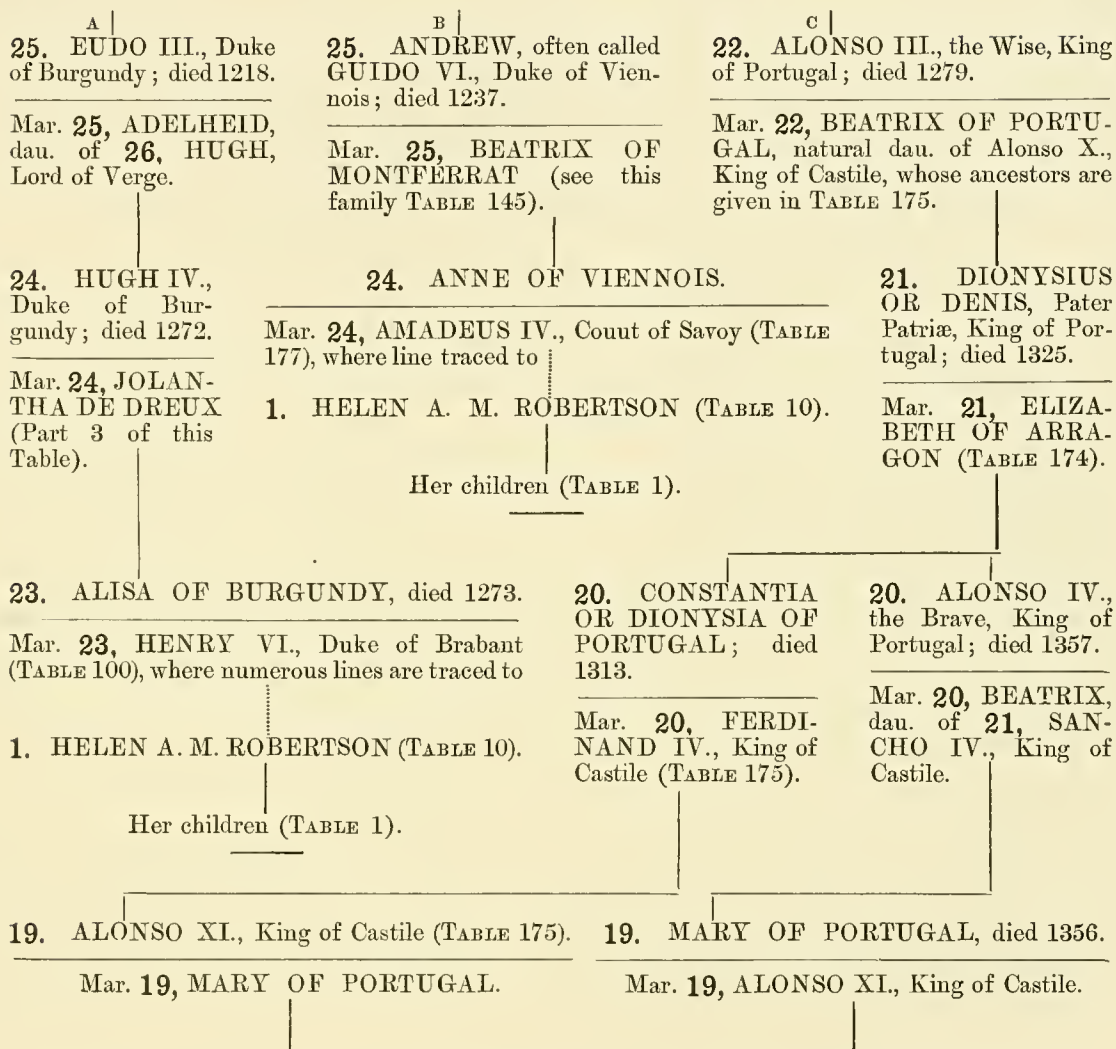
PART 2.

CAPETINGIAN LINE. DUKES OF BURGUNDY AND
KINGS OF PORTUGAL.

28. ROBERT, 1st Duke of Burgundia (Switzerland, Savoy, and Burgundy) of the Capetingian Race (see Part 1 of this Table).

Mar. **28.** HELIA OR HERMENGARDIS, dau. of **29.** DALMATINA, Lord of Semur in Brienne.





PART 3.

CAPETINGIAN LINE. DUKES OF BRITTANY.

25. ROBERT, Count of Dreux (see Part 1 of this Table); died 1184.

Mar. 25, AGNES, dau. of 26, GUIDO, Lord of Lougueville.

24. ROBERT II., Count of Dreux.

Mar. 24, JOLANTHA, dau. of 25, RUDOLPH DE COUCY; died 1222.

22. PHILLIPPINA DE DREUX.

Mar. 22, HENRY II., Count of Bar (TABLE 160), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

25. JOLANTHA DE DREUX.

Mar. 25, RUDOLPH, Count of Eu (TABLE 108), where line traced through Bohun and other families to

23. PETER DE DREUX, Duke of Brittany and Earl of Richmond in right of his wife; called Manclerc.

Mar. 23, ALISA, Duchess of Brittany (TABLE 158).

25. ROBERT III., Count of Dreux, eldest son.

Mar. 25, ELEONORA, dau. of 26, THOMAS, Lord of St. Valery.

22. JOHN RUFUS, Duke of Brittany; died 1286.

Mar. 22, BLANCA OF CHAMPAGNE AND NAVARRE (TABLE 150).

21. JOHN II., Duke of Brittany; died 1305.

Mar. 21, BEATRIX PLANTAGENET OF ENGLAND (TABLE 152).

20. MARY OF BRITTANY, died 1239.

Mar. 20, GUIDO, Count of St. Paul (TABLE 41), where line traced through Widville, Stafford, Nevill, St. Leger, and Durdin families to

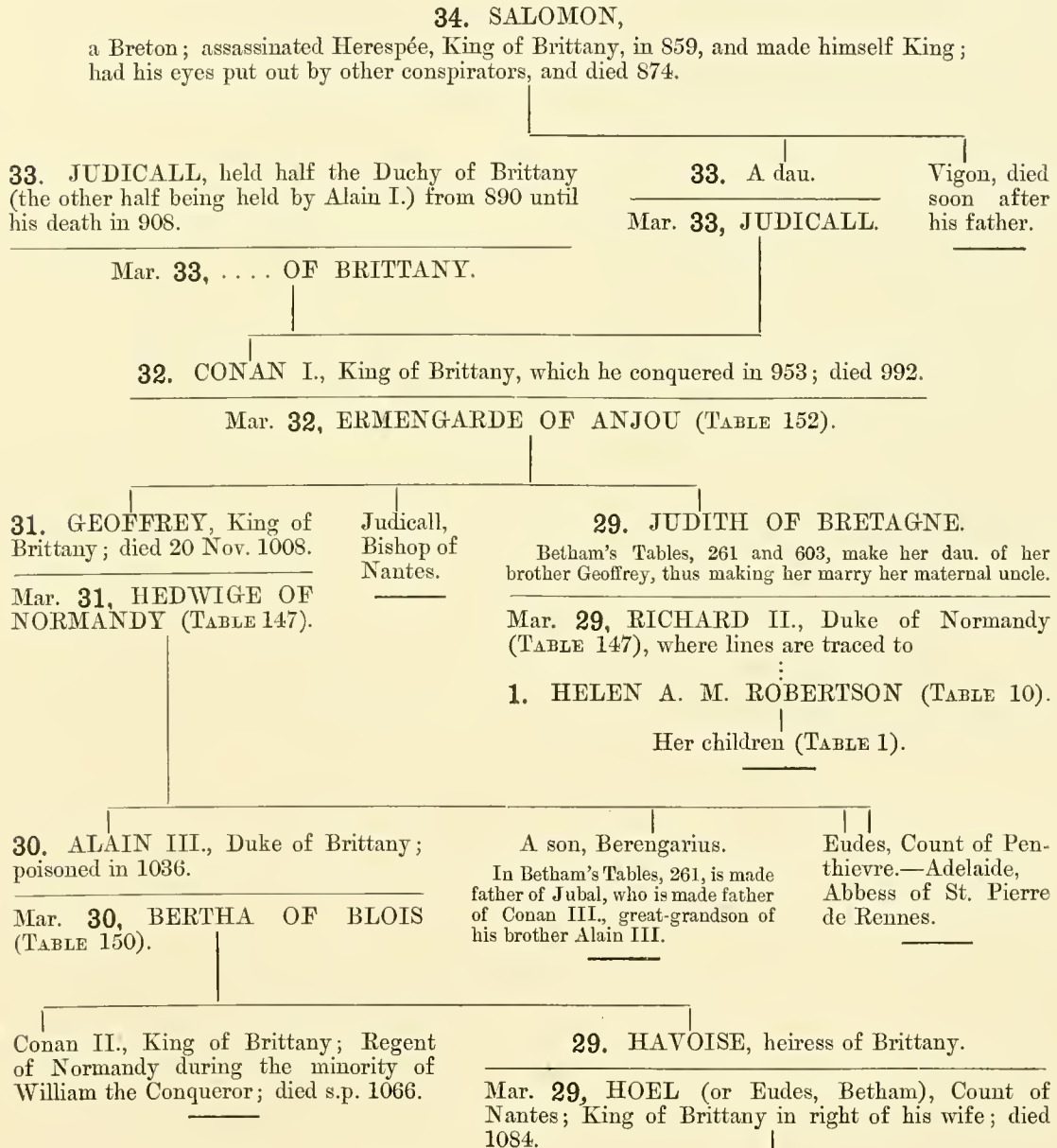
1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

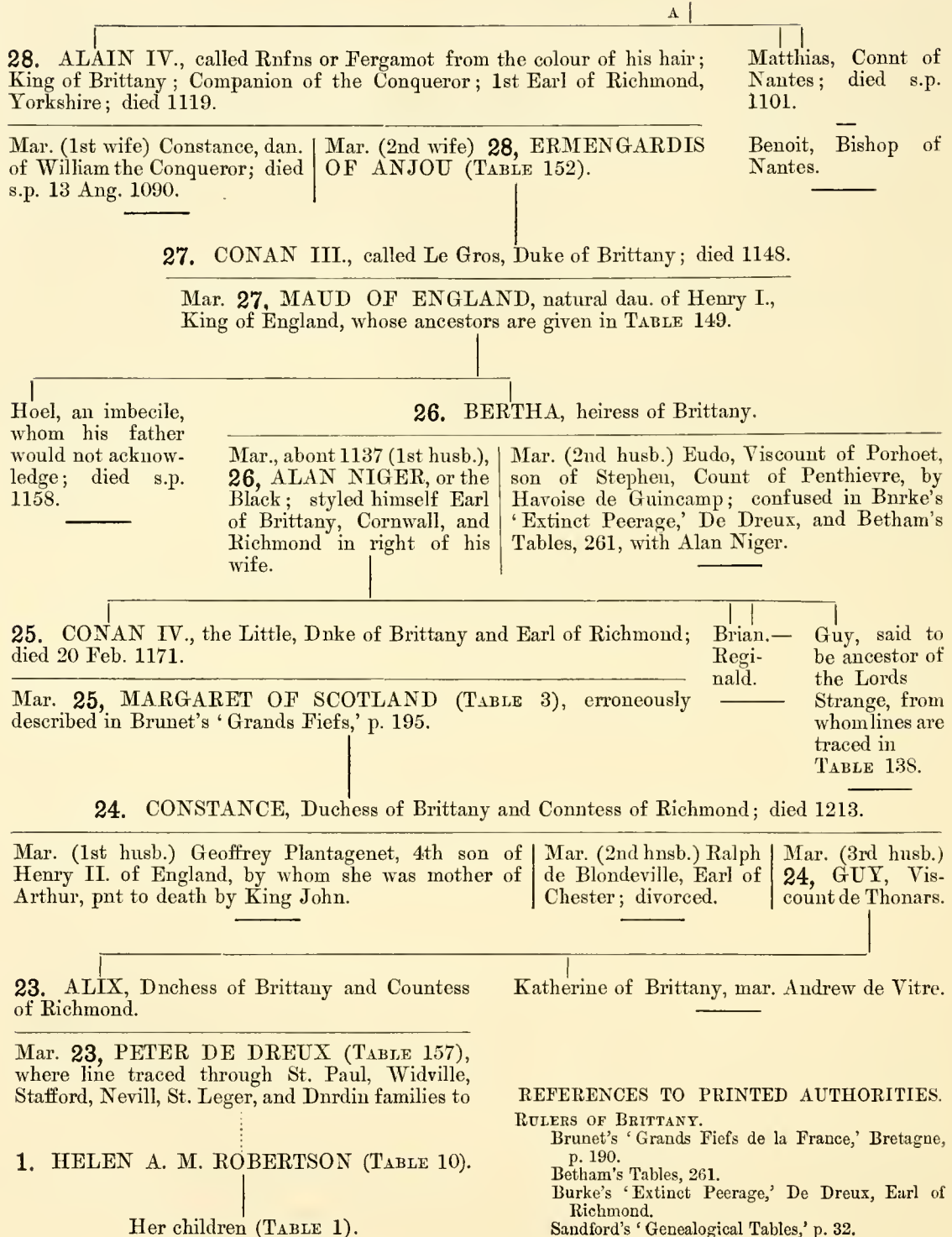
Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.
DE DREUX AND DUKES OF BRITTANY.
Betham's Tables, 262.
Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 190.

Table 158.

DUKES OF BRITTANY OF THE ANCIENT LINE.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.
RULERS OF BRITTANY.

- Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs de la France,' Bretagne, p. 190.
Betham's Tables, 261.
Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' De Dreux, Earl of Richmond.
Sandford's 'Genealogical Tables,' p. 32.

Table 159.

DUKES OF AQUITAINE.

30. EBLES I., Duke of Aquitaine and Count of Poictou; died 911.

Mar. 30, . . . of Germany, dau. of Emperor Henry the Fowler (TABLE 145).

29. EBLES II., Duke of Aquitaine and Count of Poictou; died 935.

Mar. 29, ADELA.

28. WILLIAM II., Duke of Aquitaine and Count of Poictou, called also Count of Auvergne; died 970.

Mar. 28, GIRLOTTA OR GERLOT OF NORMANDY (TABLE 147).

27. WILLIAM III., Teste D'Estoupp, Duke of Aquitaine; died 1019.

Mar. 27, AGNES.

26. GUY OR GUIDO, Duke of Aquitaine; died 1021.

Mar. 26, ALDCARDA.

^A | *see supra.*

^A | *see infra.*
25. WILLIAM IV., also called GOD-FREY.

Mar. 25, GILBONA OF NORMANDY.

24. WILLIAM V., Duke of Aquitaine; died 1137.

Mar. 24, ELEANORA OF CHASTELLERAULT.

23. ELEANORA, Duchess of Aquitaine.

Mar. (1st husb.) 25, LOUIS VII., King of France (TABLE 157), where lines are traced to . . .	Mar. (2nd husb.) 23, HENRY II., King of England (TABLE 152), where lines are traced to . . .
--	--

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON
(TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.
DUKES OF AQUITAINE.
Betham's Tables, 273.

Table 160.

COUNTS OF BAR.

29. LOUIS, Count of Monson and Ferrette; died 1082.

Mar. 29, SOPHIE, Countess of Bar or Barleduc (TABLE 156).

28. LOUIS I., Count of Bar; he and his successors are often called Dukes of Bar; died 1097.

^A |

F F F

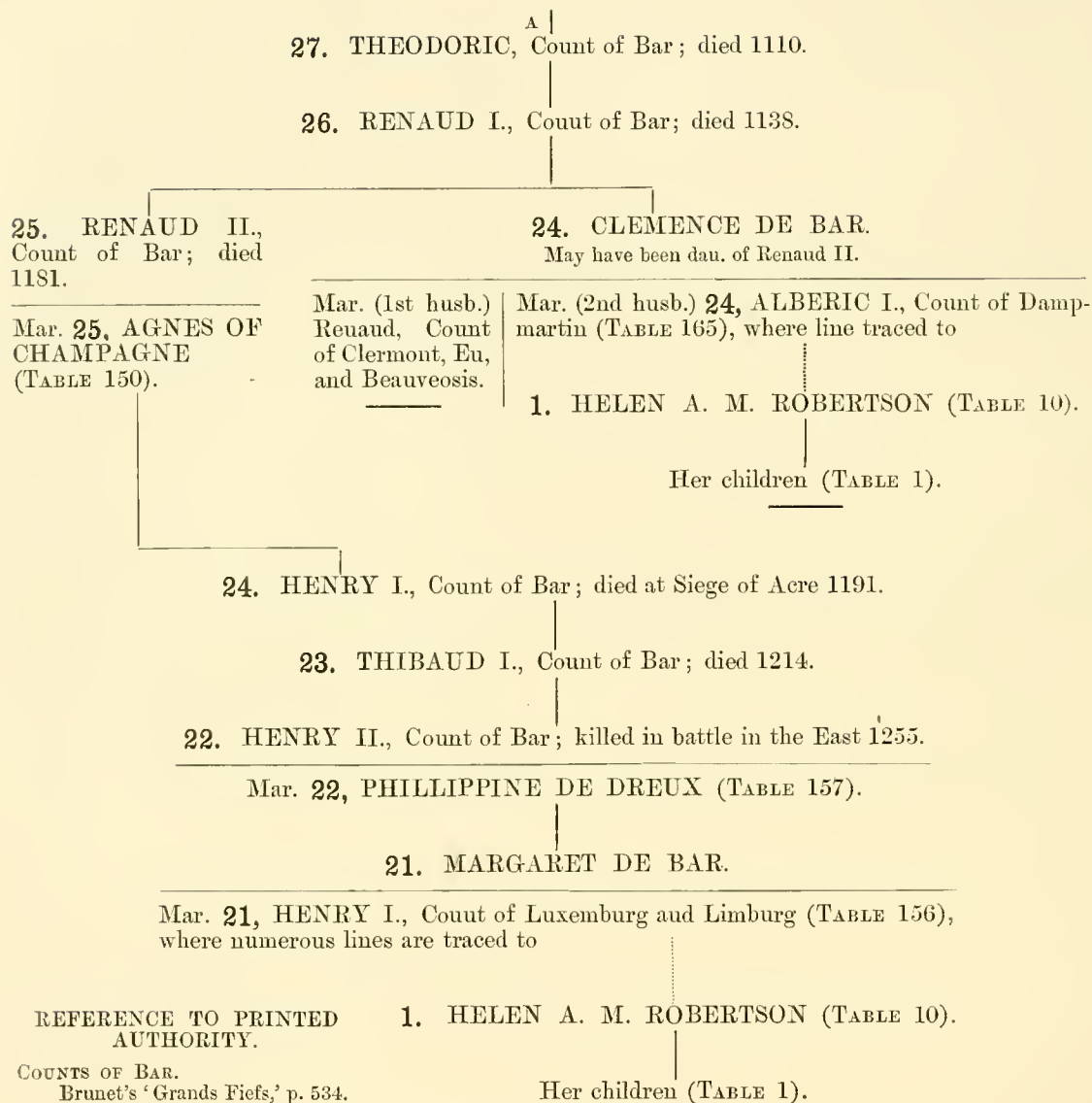


Table 161.

DAUPHINS OF VIENNOIS.

32. RUDOLPH, Count of Provence Grenoble.

|

31. GUIGNES, GUY, OR GUIDO I., Count of Graisivaudun in 1040,
in 'Grands Fiefs' it is said that his parentage is unknown; died 1075.

Mar. 31, GOTHELINA.

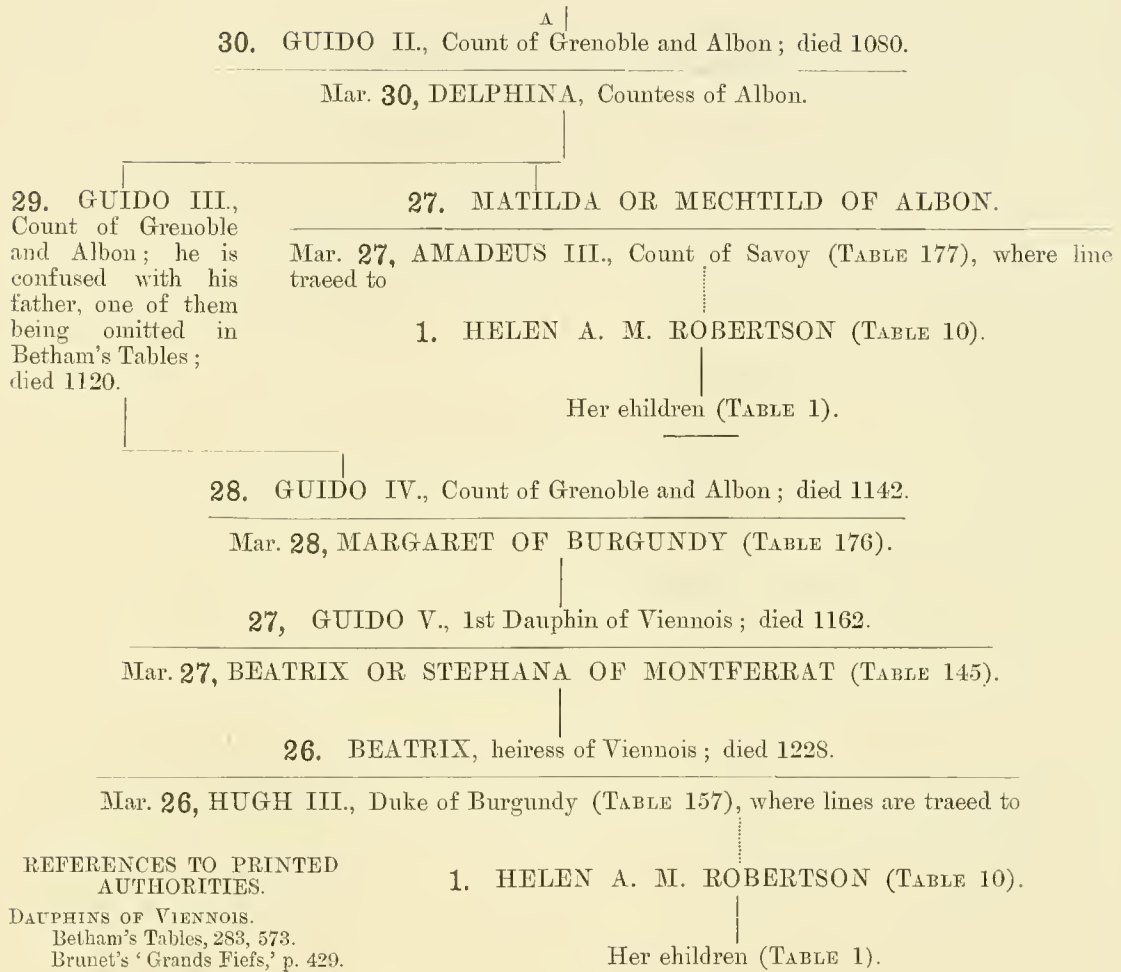
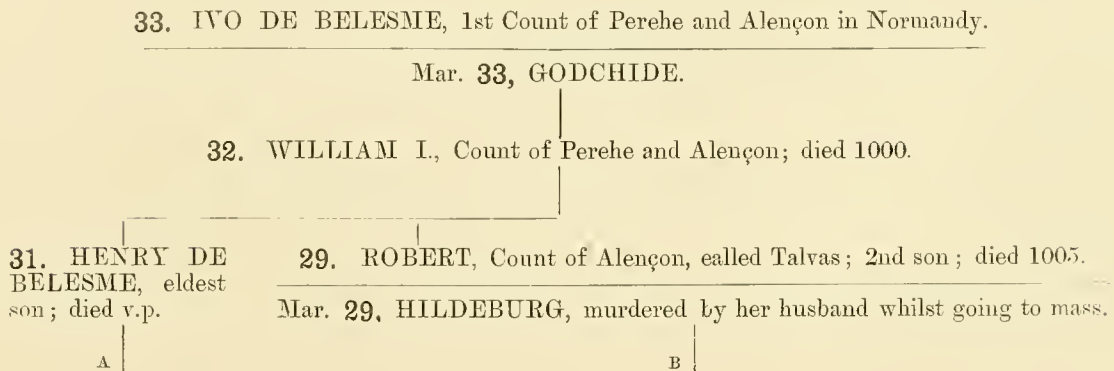


Table 162.

COUNTS OF ALENCON AND PERCHE.



^A
30. GUERIN, Count of Perche; died 1005.

Mar. 30, MELISENDE, Viscountess of Chateaudun.

^B
28. MABILLE DE BELESME, Countess of Alençon; killed by her husband for misconduct 1086.

Mar. 28, ROGER DE MONTGOMERY, Earl of Shrewsbury (TABLE 164), where line traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

29. GEOFFREY I.,

Connt of Perche and Viscount of Chateaudun; assassinated on leaving the church at Chartres 1040.

28. ROTRON OR ROTRODE, Count of Perche and Viscount of Chateaudun; died 1060.

27. GEOFFREY II., Count of Perche, Earl of Moreton; Companion of the Conqueror.

Mar. 27, BEATRIX DE RONCY.

24. MARGARET DE PERCHE.

Mar. 24, HENRY DE NEWBURGH, Earl of Warwick (TABLE 101), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

26. ROTRODE II., Count of Perche and Earl of Moreton; called in Sandford's 'Genealogical Tables,' p. 32, Rotrode I., son of Arnolf de Hesding, Count of Perche.

Mar. 26, MAUD OF ENGLAND, natural dau. of Henry I., King of England, whose ancestors are given in TABLE 149.

25. MARGARET DE PERCHE, only child of this marriage; called in Betham's Tables dau. of Gnlbert, Connt of Perche, and in Sandford *ubi supra* MAGDALEN.

Mar. 25, GARCIA IV., King of Navarre (TABLE 173), where lines are traced to

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF ALENCON.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 127.

COUNTS OF PERCHE.

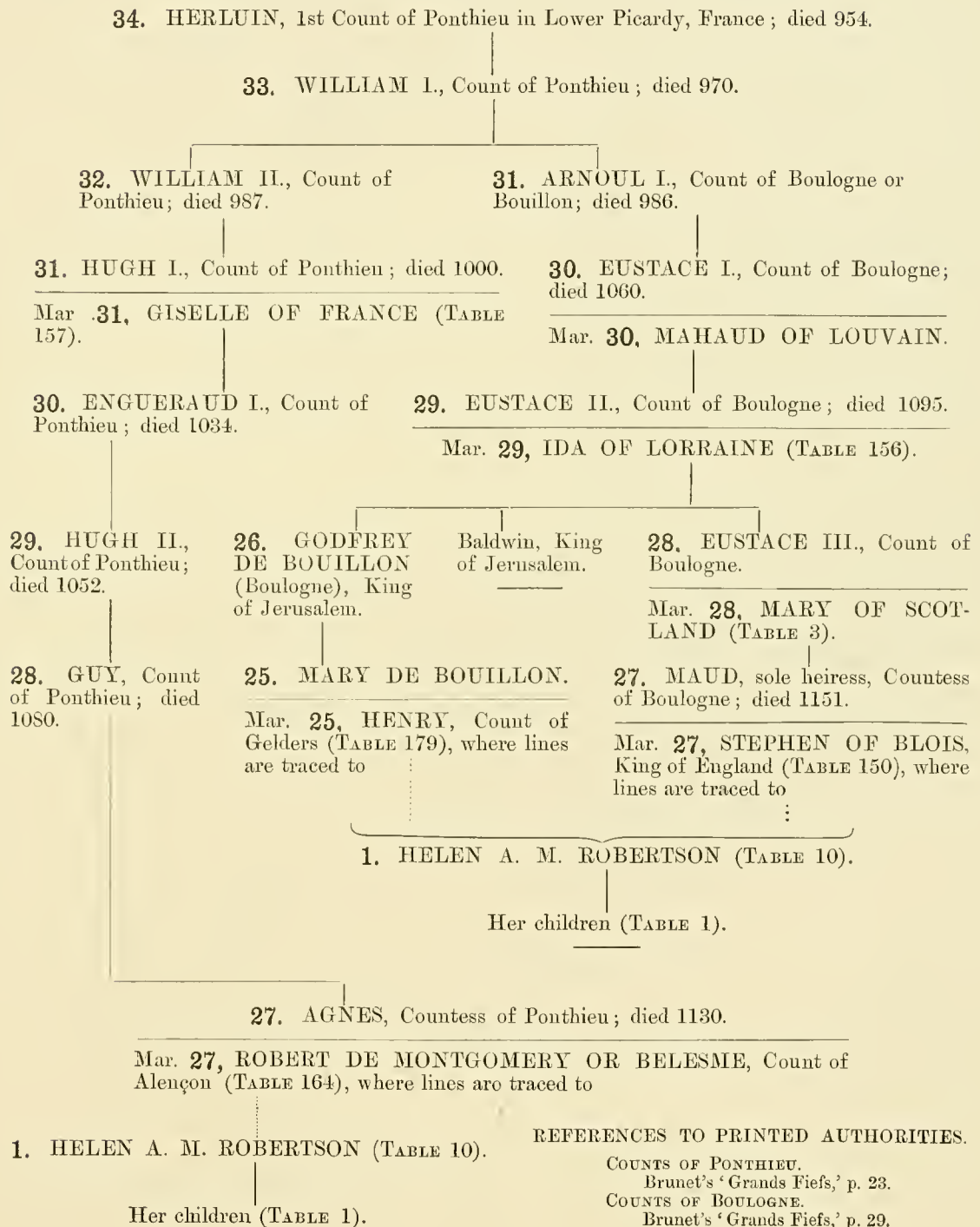
Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 124.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Table 163.

COUNTS OF PONTHEIU AND BOULOGNE.



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF PONTHEIU.
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 23.
 COUNTS OF BOULOGNE.
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 29.

Table 164.

MONTGOMERY, EARLS OF SHREWSBURY, COUNTS OF
ALENCON AND PERCHE.

29. HUMPHREY DE MONTGOMERY

of Montgomeri in Normandy; called Hugh in William de Jumiege, lib. viii., cap. xxxvi.

Mar. 29, JOSCELINE, dan. of Herfastus, brother of Gunnora, Duchess of Normandy (TABLE 107).

28. ROGER DE MONTGOMERY, Earl of Shrewsbury and of Sussex otherwise Arundel, Companion and kinsman of the Conqueror, led the centre of his army at the Battle of Hastings.

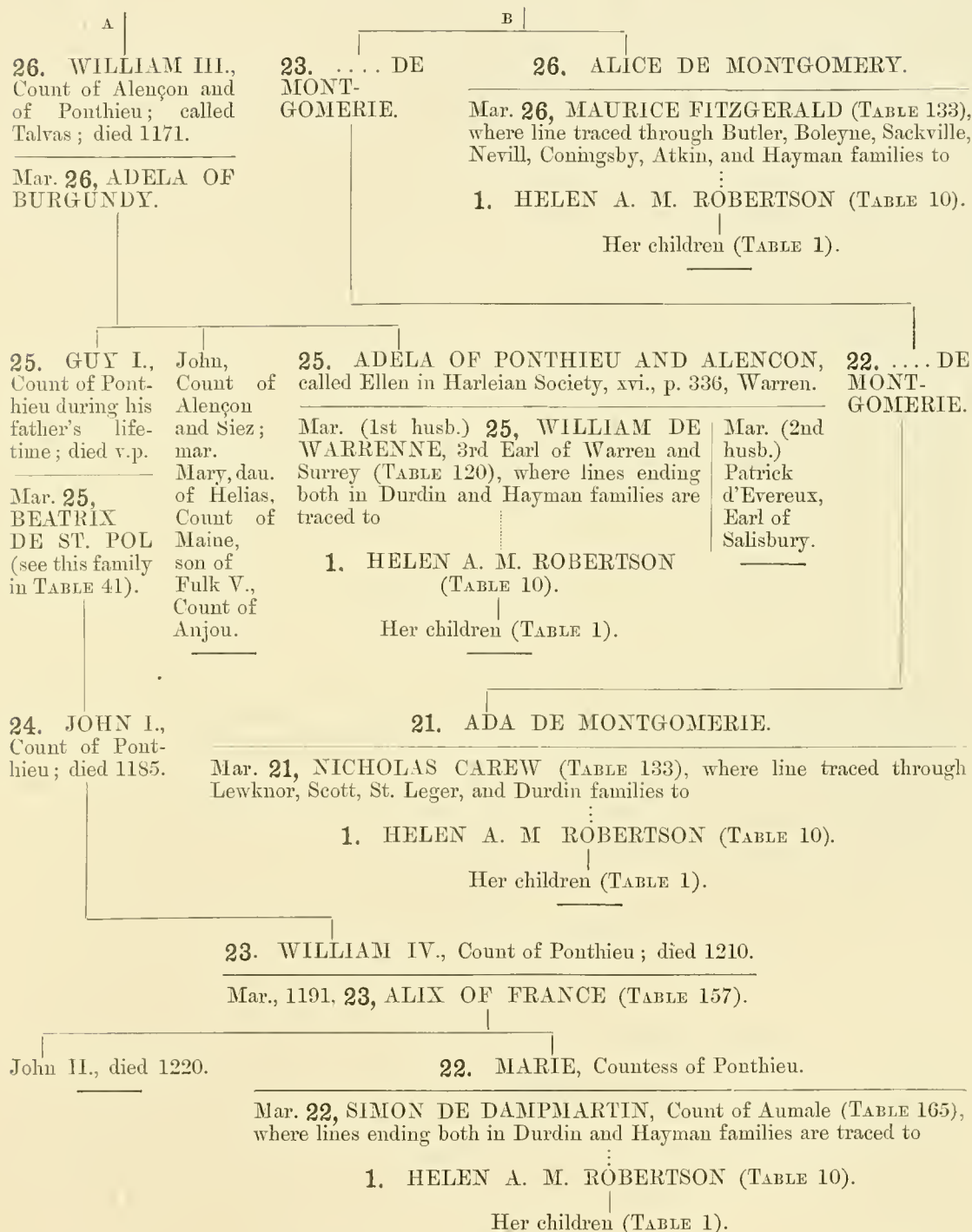
Mar. (1st wife) 28, MABEL DE BELESME, Count of Alençon (TABLE 162). | Mar. (2nd wife) Adeliza, dau. of Edward de Pinset.

<p>27. ROBERT DE MONTGOMERY OR DE BELESME, Count of Alençon, and also, after the death of his younger brother Hugh, Earl of Shrewsbury and Arundel, but rebelling against Henry I. his English titles were forfeited (Arundel being given to the Albini family), and he died in prison at Belesme 1111. He was called the greatest, richest, and most wicked man of his age.</p> <p>Mar. (1st wife) 27, AGNES, Countess of Pont-hieu (TABLE 163).</p>	<p>Hugh de Montgomery, 2nd son, Earl of Shrewsbury and Arundel; called Hugh the Bold; killed in fight against King Magnus of Norway in Anglesea about 1098 ('Orkney Saga,' cap. xxix.).—Roger de Montgomery, Earl of Lancaster; banished 1102; erroneously said to have mar. Almostis, Countess de la Marehe, in Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' i., p. 490.—Philip de Montgomery, supposed progenitor of the Scotch Earls of Mount Alexander and Eglinton.—Emma de Montgomery, Abbess of Almayne.—Mabel de Montgomery, mar. Hugh de Novo Castillo.</p>	<p>24. AR-NOLPH DE MONTGOMERY, 4th son; built Tenby Castle.</p> <p>Mar. 24, LAFRACOTH OF LEINSTER (TABLE 154).</p>	<p>27. SIBYL DE MONTGOMERY OR DE BELESME.</p> <p>Mar. 27, ROBERT FITZHAMON, Count of Corbeil (TABLE 147).</p>	<p>28. MAUD DE MONTGOMERY.</p> <p>Mar. 28, ROBERT, Earl of Moreton (TABLE 167).</p>	<p>Erhard de Montgomery, Chaplain to Henry I.</p>
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Where lines ending both in Dnrudin and Hayman families are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

MONTGOMERY.

Banks's 'Dormant and Extinct Baronage,' i, p. 5, Arundel; iii., p. 662, Shrewsbury.
 Douglas's 'Scotch Peerage,' i, p. 490, Montgomery, Earl of Eglinton.
 Hasted's 'Kent,' 1886 edition, part i., Scheme after p. xxvi.

MONTGOMERY.

William de Jumiege, lib. viii., cap. xxxvi.
 COUNTS OF PONTHIEU.
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 23.
 COUNTS OF ALENCON.
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 127.

Table 165.

COUNTS OF DAMPMARTIN, AUMALE, AND PONTTHIEU.

27. MANASSES, Count of Dampmartin.

26. HUGH I., Count of Dampmartin; living 1081.

Mar. 26, RAIDE

25. HUGH II., Count of Dampmartin. Pierce. Basilia. Adela. Eustachia.

Mar. 25, ROTHWIDE

24. ALBERIC I., Count of Dampmartin; Chamberlain of France; died soon after 1181.

Mar. (1st wife) 24, CLEMENCE DE BAR (TABLE 160).	Mar. (2nd wife) Amicia de Beaumont, dau. of Earl of Leicester and Beaumont, and widow of Simon III., Count of Montfort; died 1181.
--	--

23. ALBERIC II., Count of Dampmartin; died about 1200.

Mar. 23, MAHAUD

Renand de Dampmartin, Count of Dampmartin; mar. (1st wife) Maria de Chatillon; (2nd wife) Ida of Flanders, dau. of Matthew, Count of Bonlogne.

Alix, mar. Johu, Lord of Trie and Monecy in Beauvois.—Agnes, mar. William de Fiennes, son of Engucraud, Lord of Fieunes.—Clemence, mar. James de St. Omer.

22. SIMON DE DAMPMARTIN, Count of Anmale and Ponthien in right of his wife.

Mar. 22, MARIA, Countess of Aumale and Ponthien (TABLE 164); she remar. Matthew de Montmorency.

25. JULIA DE DAMPMARTIN.

Mar. 25, HUGH DE GOURNAY (TABLE 134), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

Agatha de Dampmartin, mar. John, Viscount de Chatellerant.—Philippa de Dampmartin, mar. (1st hnsb.) Raoul, Lord Courcy, Marle, and La Fere; (2nd hnsb.) Raoul, Count of Eu and Gniennes; (3rd hnsb.) Odo le Boiteux, Count of Gueldres and Znlphen.—Maria de Dampmartin, mar. John II., Count of Roney, Viscount of Marenil.

21. JANE DE DAMPMARTIN, Countess of Ponthien.

Mar. 21, FERDINAND III., the Saint, King of Castile (TABLE 175), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

COUNTS OF DAMPMARTIN.

D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 177.

Table 166.

VISCOUNTS OF TURENNE.

34. ARCHAMBAUD, Viscount of Comborn; called Jambe Pourrie from having been wounded in the leg; obtained the Viscounty of Turenne from his first wife; died 992.

Mar. (2nd wife) 34, OF NORMANDY, dau. of William Longsword (TABLE 147).

33. EBLES, Viscount of Comborn, Ventadour, and Turenne; died 1030.

Mar. 33, PERONELLE.

32. WILLIAM, Viscount of Turenne; died 1074.

31. BOSON I., Viscount of Turenne.

Mar. 31, CONTOR DE TERRASSON.

A | *see supra.*

A | *see infra.*
30. RAYMOND I., Viscount of Turenne; died 1121.

29. BOSON II., Viscount of Turenne; killed at Siege of La Roche St. Pol in 1143.

Mar. 29, EUSTASIE D'ANDUSE.

28. MECHTILD OF TURENNE.

Mar. 28, HUGH II., Duke of Burgundy (TABLE 157), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

VISCOUNTS OF TURENNE.
Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 307.

Table 167.

CHARLEMAGNE'S LINE.

PART 1.

EMPERORS OF GERMANY AND KINGS OF FRANCE.

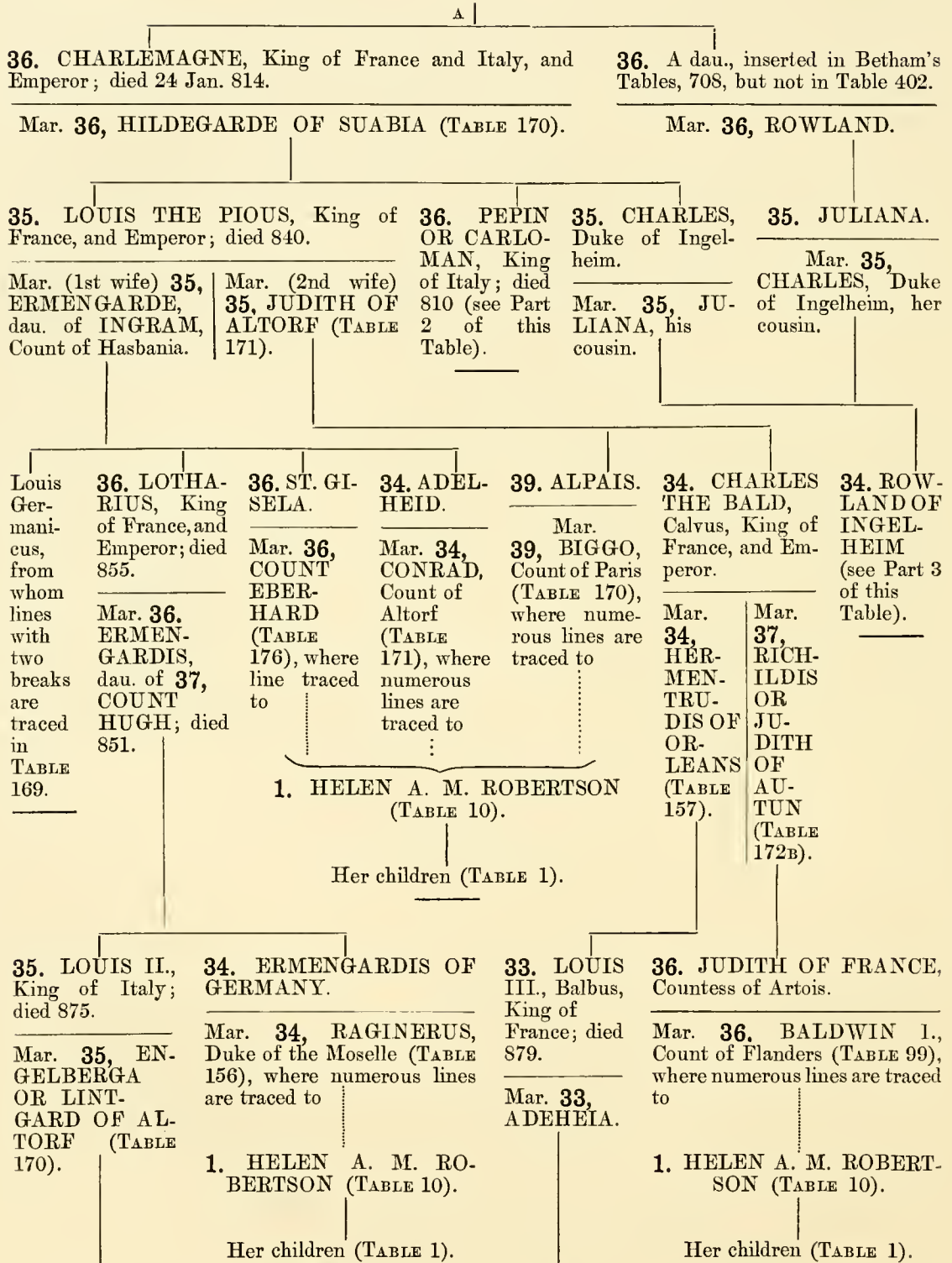
38. CHARLES MARTEL, or the Hammer, Duke of France; natural son of Pepin of Heristal, Crassus, Duke of Brabant or Duke of the Franks; died 741.

A wrong traditional line of descent of Pepin of Heristal from the Merovingian Kings of France is indicated in TABLE 156. His real parentage was as follows: father Anseghis, son of Arnulf, and mother Begge, dau. of Pepin of Landen, Mayor of the Palace in Austrasia, brother of Arnulf.

37. PEPIN LE BREF, King of France; died 768.

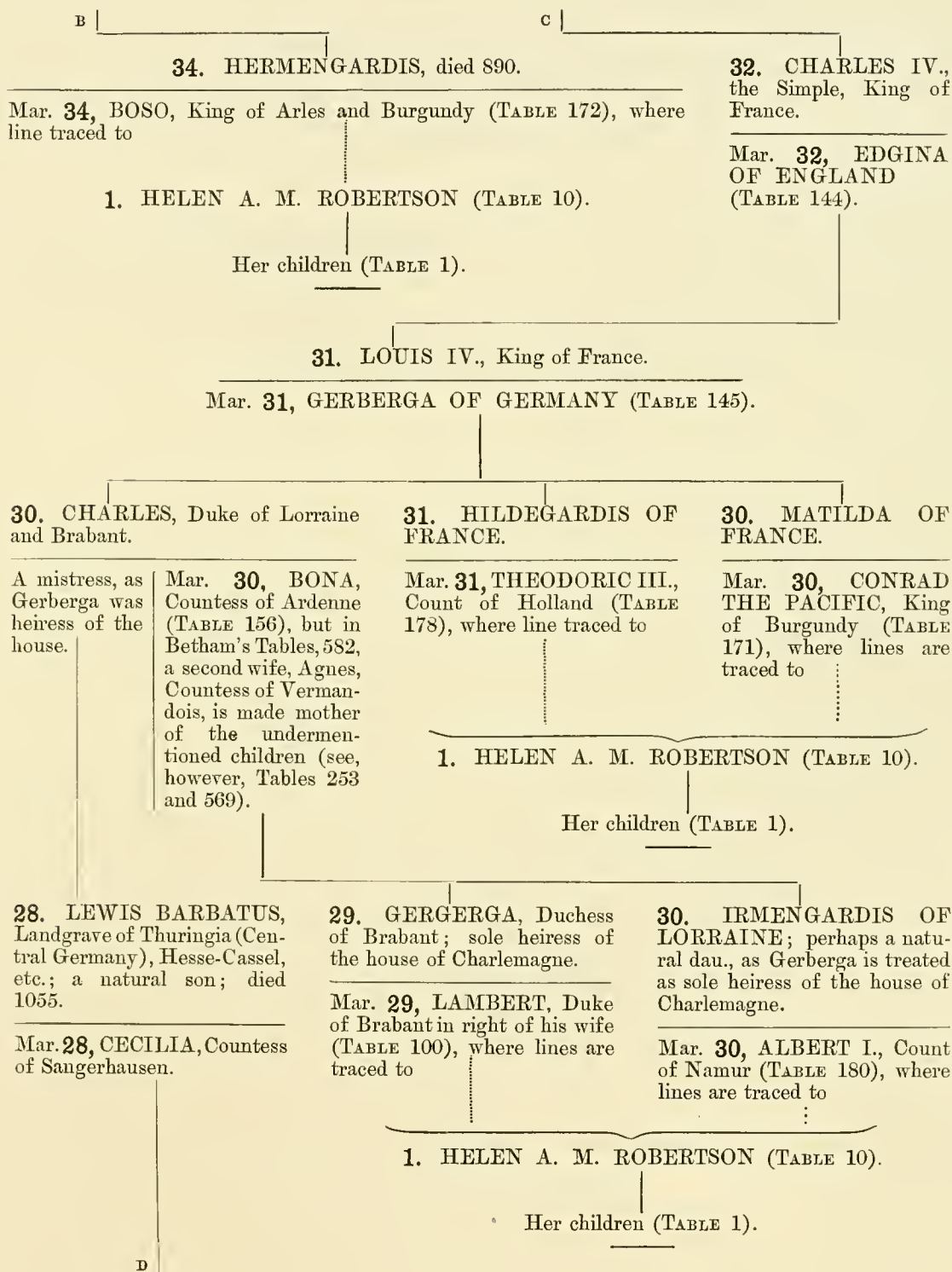
Mar. 37, BERTHA, granddau. of an Eastern Emperor.

A |



B

C



34. HERMENGARDIS, died 890.

Mar. **34**, **BOSO**, King of Arles and Burgundy (TABLE 172), where line traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

31. LOUIS IV., King of France.

Mar. **31**, **GERBERGA OF GERMANY** (TABLE 145).

30. CHARLES, Duke of Lorraine and Brabant.

A mistress, as Gerberga was heiress of the house.

Mar. **30**, **BONA**, Countess of Ardenne (TABLE 156), but in Betham's Tables, 582, a second wife, Agnes, Countess of Vermandois, is made mother of the undermentioned children (see, however, Tables 253 and 569).

31. HILDEGARDIS OF FRANCE.

Mar. **31**, **THEODORIC III.**, Count of Holland (TABLE 178), where line traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

30. MATILDA OF FRANCE.

Mar. **30**, **CONRAD THE PACIFIC**, King of Burgundy (TABLE 171), where lines are traced to

28. LEWIS BARBATUS, Landgrave of Thuringia (Central Germany), Hesse-Cassel, etc.; a natural son; died 1055.

Mar. **28**, **CECILIA**, Countess of Sangerhausen.

29. GERGERGA, Duchess of Brabant; sole heiress of the house of Charlemagne.

Mar. **29**, **LAMBERT**, Duke of Brabant in right of his wife (TABLE 100), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

30. IRMENGARDIS OF LORRAINE; perhaps a natural dau., as Gerberga is treated as sole heiress of the house of Charlemagne.

Mar. **30**, **ALBERT I.**, Count of Namur (TABLE 180), where lines are traced to

^D
27. LEWIS II., the Jumper, Landgrave of Thuringia; died 1123.

Mar. 27, ADELHEID, dau. of 28, UDO OF STADE.

26. CUNEGUNDA OF THURINGIA.

Mar. 26, DEDO, Count of Lausnitz or Rochlitz (TABLE 145), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

CARLOVINGIAN EMPERORS AND KINGS OF FRANCE.

Betham's Tables, 253, 402.

DUKES OF LORRAINE AND BRABANT.

Betham's Tables, 569.

LORDS OF THURINGIA.

Betham's Tables, 436.

PART 2.

CHARLEMAGNE'S LINE. COUNTS OF VERMANDOIS
AND VALOIS.

36. PEPIN OR CARLOMAN, King of Italy; died 810 (see Part 1 of this Table).

Mar 36, BERTHA, dau. of 37, WILLIAM I., 1st Count of Toulouse; called in Betham's Tables, 275, of the Royal Blood of France.

35. BERNARD,
King of Italy; had
his eyes put out by
his uncle the Em-
peror Louis the
Pious.

33. GENNA OR JENNA OF ITALY.

Mar. 33, THEODORIC I., Count of Holland (TABLE 178), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

34. PEPIN I., Count of Vermandois, so created by his great-uncle the Emperor Louis in reparation of the injury done to his father.

33. HERBERT I.,
Count of Verman-
dois; died 900.

32. PEPIN,
Count of Valo-
is and Sen-
lis; died 902.

32. BEATRIX OF VERMANDOIS, may have been sister of Herbert II.

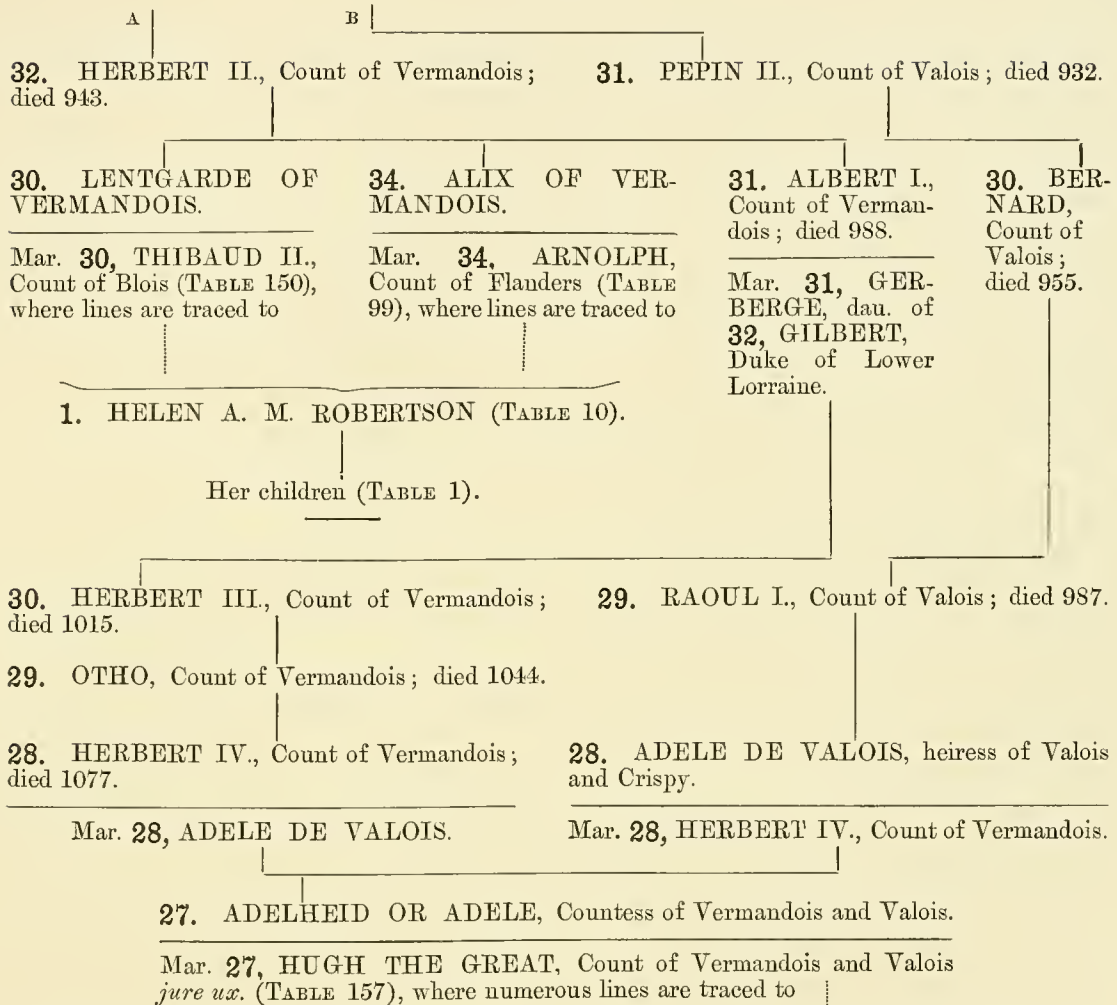
Mar. 32, ROBERT, Count of Paris (TABLE 157), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

A

B



REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

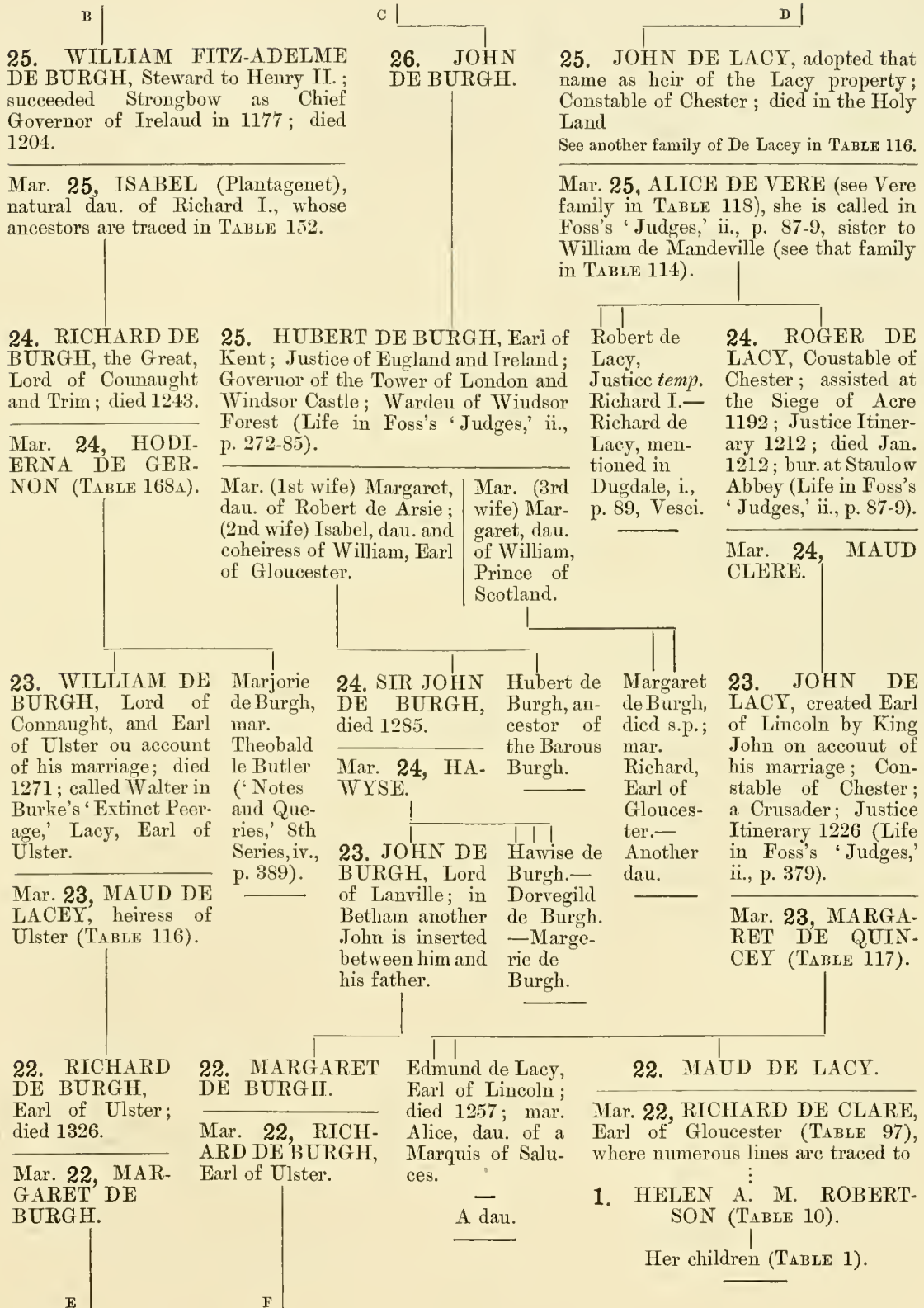
- COUNTS OF VERMANDOIS.
Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 9.
D. Gurney's 'House of Gournay,' p. 125.
- COUNTS OF VALOIS.
Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 16.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).
Her children (TABLE 1).

PART 3.

CHARLEMAGNE'S LINE. DE BURGH, EARLS OF ULSTER, AND LACY, EARLS OF LINCOLN.

34. ROWLAND OF INGELHEIM (Part 1 of this Table).
33. CROVIC OR GODFREY.
A |



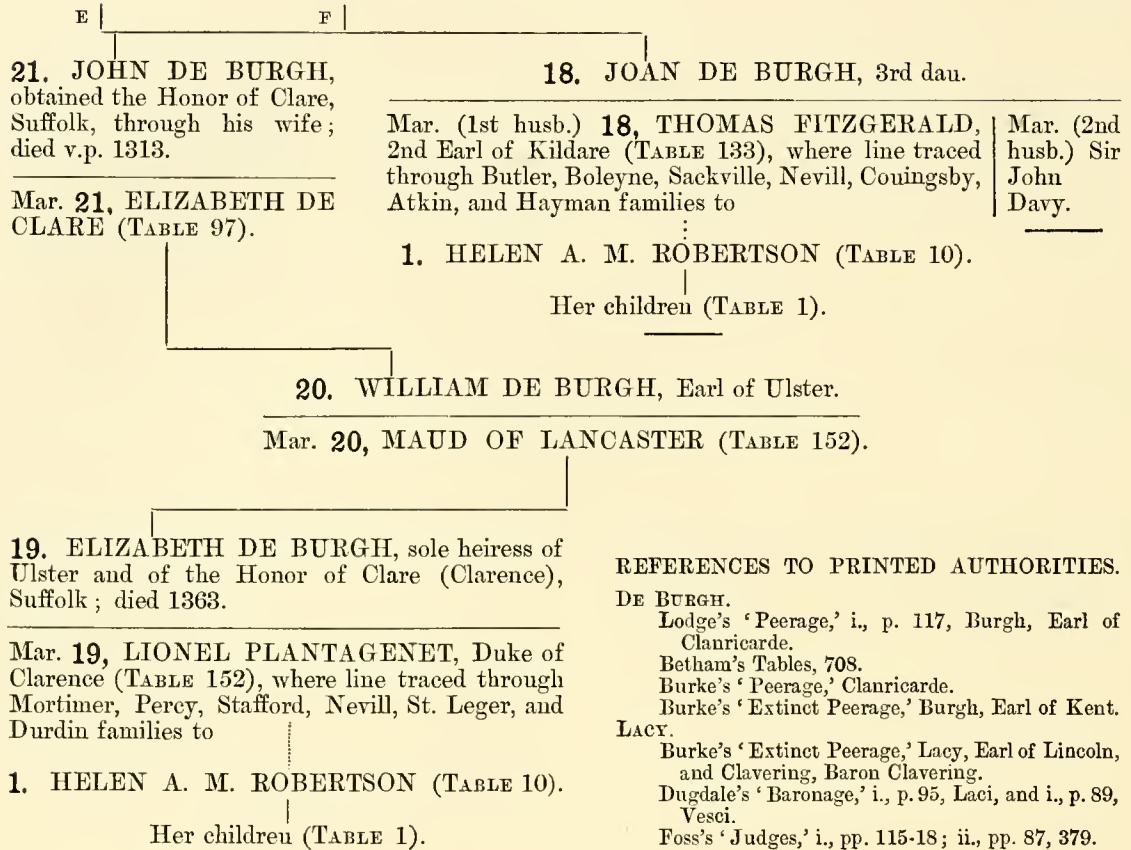


Table 168—PART A.

CONNAUGHT ANCESTORS OF THE DE BURGH FAMILY.

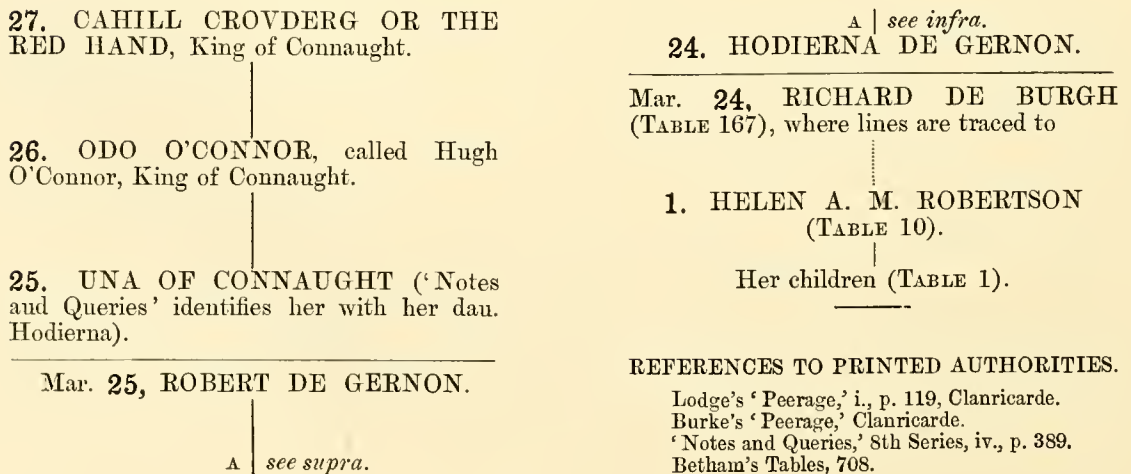


Table 168—PART B.

LISOOR FAMILY, ANCESTORS OF THE LACIES, EARLS OF LINCOLN.

27. EUDO DE LISOURS OR LIZURES.

A branch of this family occurs in Baker's 'Northamptonshire,' i., p. 9.

See another
family of
this name in
TABLE 57.

Mar. 27, ALBRIDA . . . , widow and heiress of Robert de Lacy or De Pontefract, son of Ilbert de Lacy, Companion of the Conqueror, from whom she obtained Pontefract and the De Lacy property.

26. ALBRIDA DE LISOOR OR DE LACY,

obtained Pontefract and the De Lacy property through her mother; called widow of Henry de Lacy in Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 89, probably confusing her with her mother.

Mar. 26, RICHARD FITZEUSTACE (TABLE 167), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

LISOOR.

Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' Lacy, Earl of Lincoln, and Clavering, Baron Clavering.

Dugdale's 'Baronage,' i., p. 95, Laci, and i., p. 89, Vesci.

Foss's 'Judges,' i., pp. 115-18; ii., pp. 87, 379.

Table 169.

COUNTS OF ANDECH AND DUKES OF MERAN.

Arnolph, Emperor of Germany, Duke of Carinthia; died 900; a natural son of Carloman, King of Bavaria, the son of Louis Germanicus, whose ancestors are traced in TABLE 167.

Helingardis, a mistress.

35. RAPOLD, a natural son.

37. LUDOLPHA OR LUTGARDA, a natural dau.

Mar. 37, OTTO THE GREAT, Duke of Saxony (TABLE 145), where lines are traced to

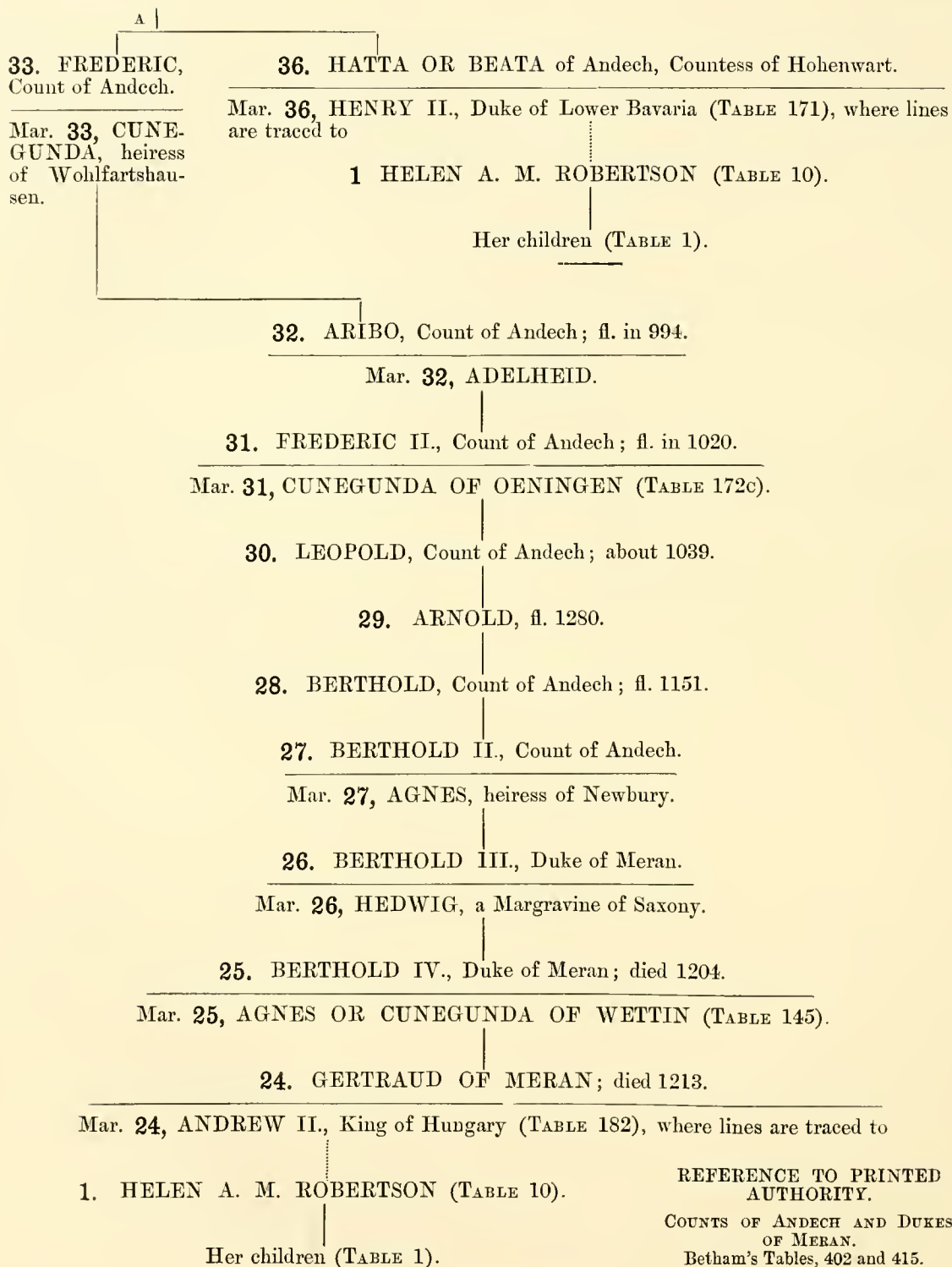
34. ROPOTO OR RAPOLD, Count of Andech.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

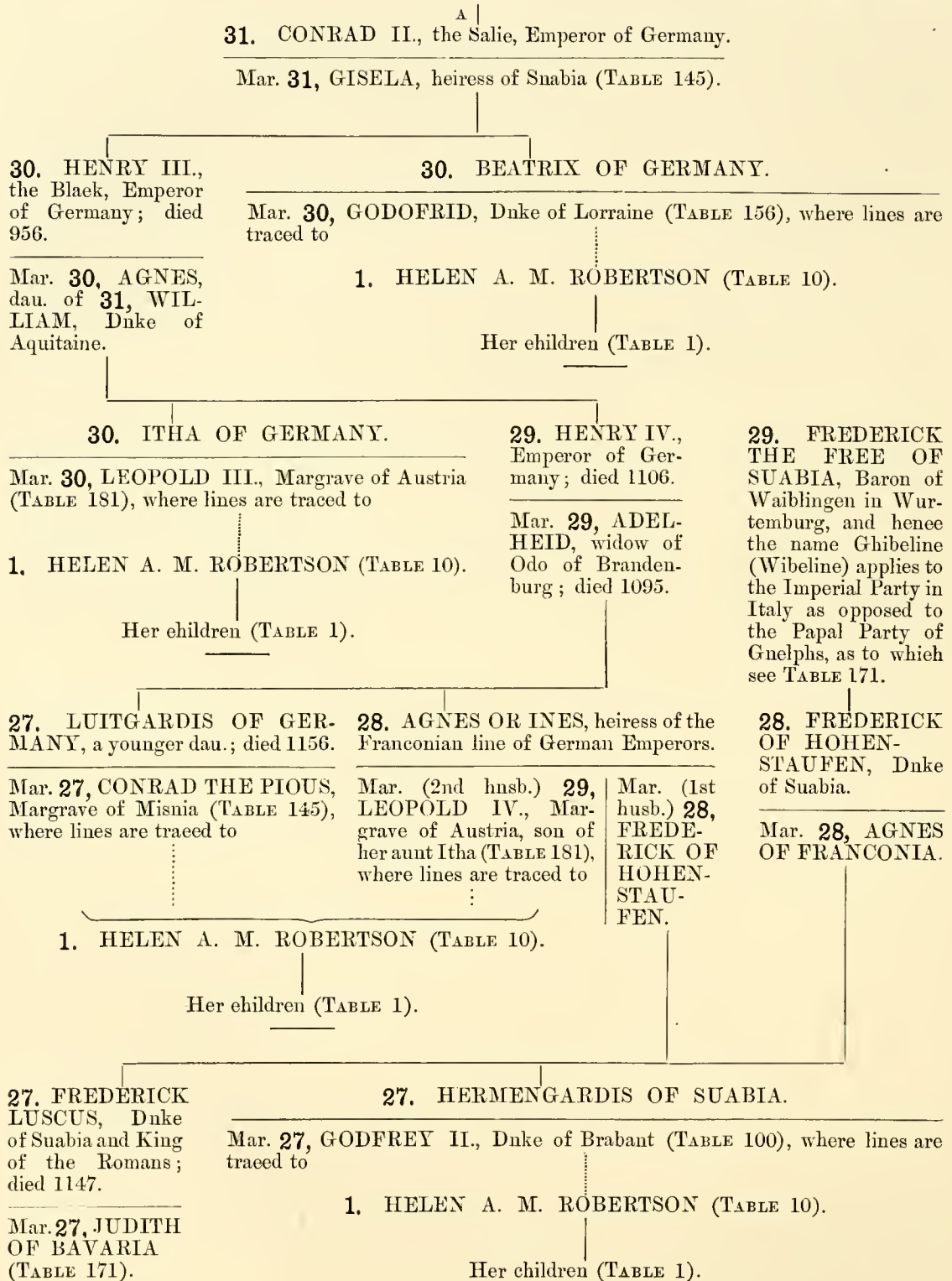
A

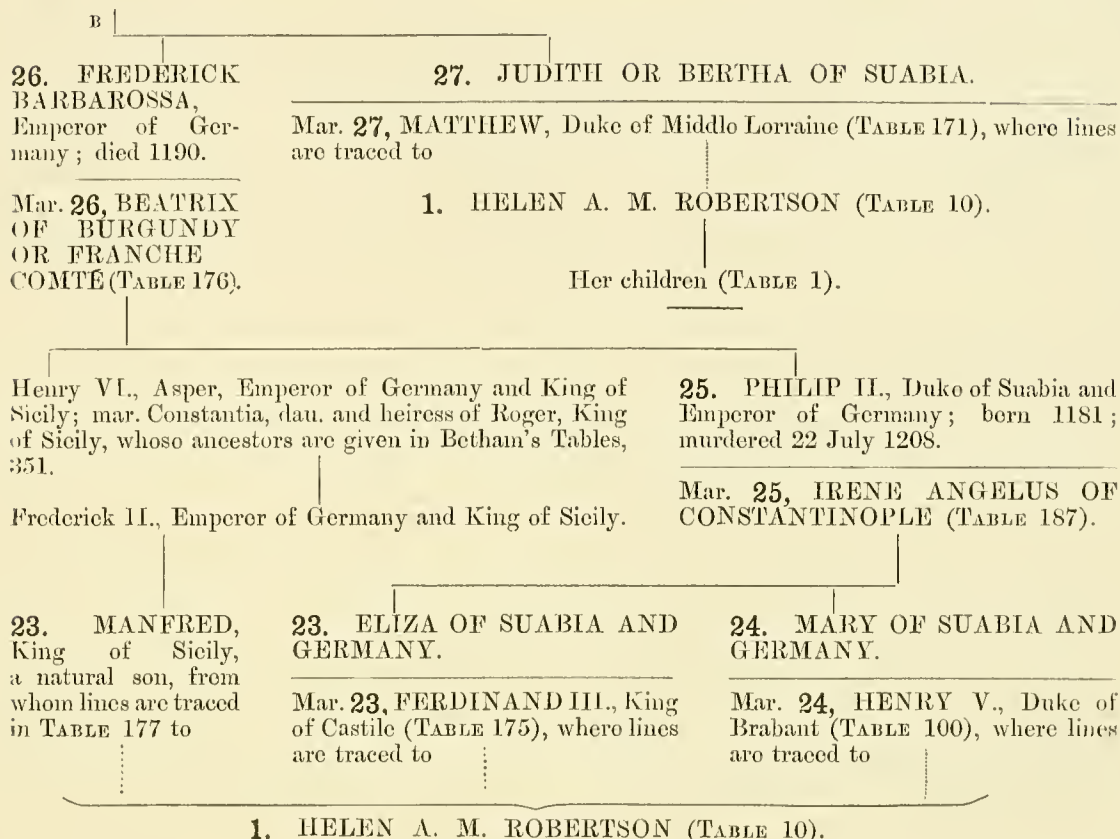
H H H



REFERENCE TO PRINTED
AUTHORITY.

COUNTS OF ANDECH AND DUKES
OF MERAN.
Betham's Tables, 402 and 415.





REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY.

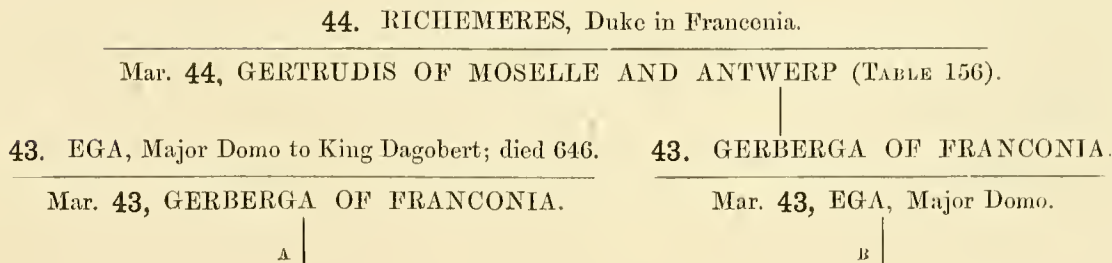
GERMAN EMPERORS.
Betham's Tables, 405.

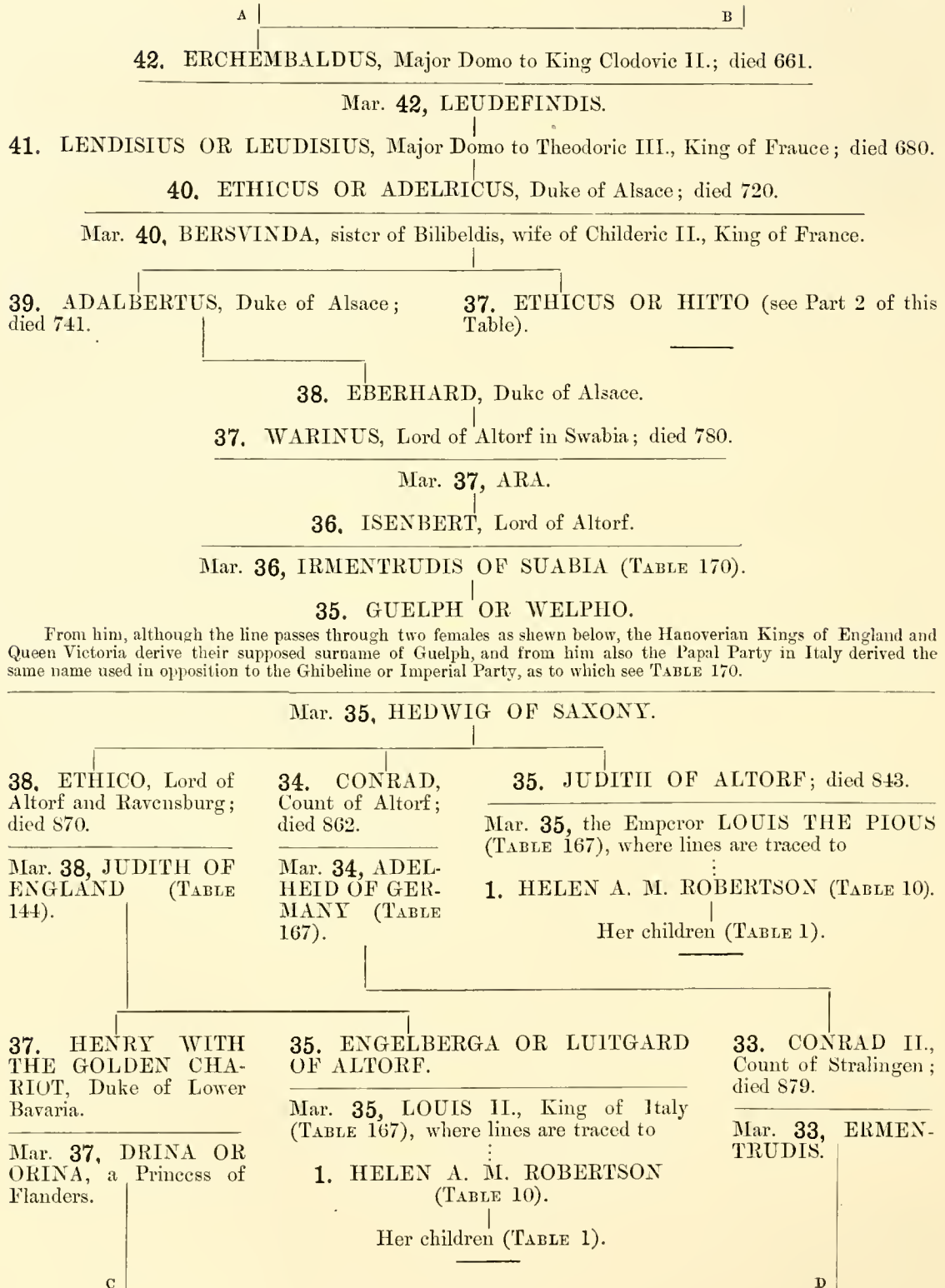
Table 171.

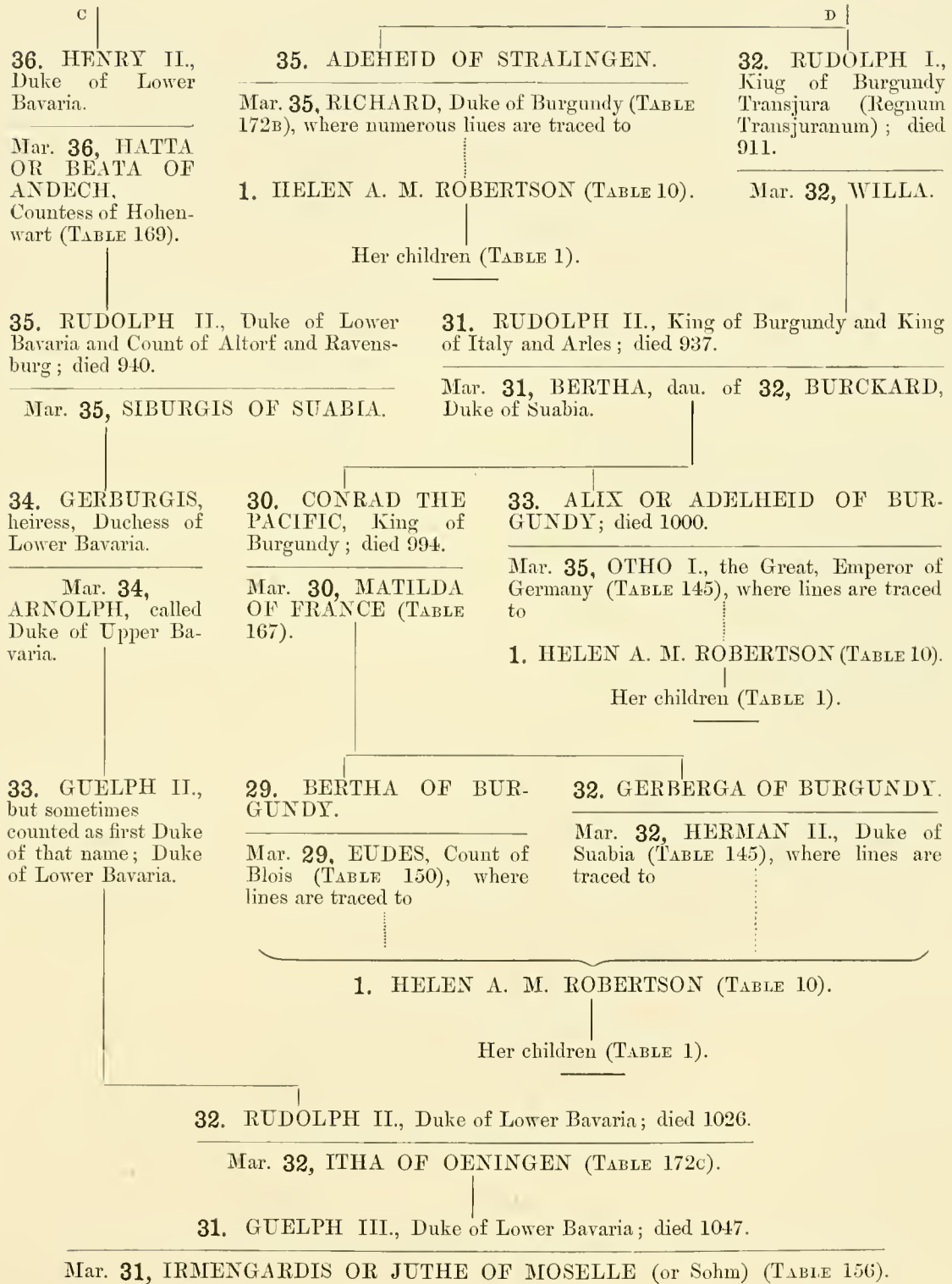
LINE OF GUELPH.

PART 1.

DUKES OF BAVARIA.







E |
30. CUNISSA, heiress of Lower Bavaria.

Mar. **30**, AZO THE GREAT, Marquis of Este near Padua.

Called diversely first, second, third, and fourth of that name, and dates of his death given as 1055 and 1097; his ancestry is traced in different ways in Betham's Tables, 308, 309, 470, and therefore none are given here.

29. GUELPH IV., Duke of all Bavaria; died 1101.

Mar. **29**, JUDITH OF FLANDERS (TABLE 99).

28. HENRY III., Niger,
 Duke of Bavaria and of Saxony *jure ux.*, and Prince of Sardinia; died about 1125.

Mar. **28**, WULPHID (Billung), heiress of the Duchy of Saxony (TABLE 146).

Henry IV., the Proud, Duke of Bavaria and Saxony; died 1138; direct male ancestor in the twentieth degree of Queen Victoria.

27. JUDITH OF BAVARIA.

Mar. **27**, FREDERICK LUSCUS, Duke of Snaabia (TABLE 170), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

GUELPH, KINGS OF BURGUNDY, AND EARLY PART.

Anderson's Tables, 357.

Betham's Tables, 308, 309, 411, 430, 452, 571.

GUELPH, DUKES OF BAVARIA.

Betham's Tables, 431, 459, 470.

KINGS OF BURGUNDY AND ARLES.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 360.

PART 2.

GUELPHS. COUNTS OF ALSACE AND DUKES OF LORRAINE.

37. ETHICO OR HITTO, Duke of Alsace, Elsass, or Alsatia (see Part 1 of this Table).

36. ALBERIC, Count of Alsace.

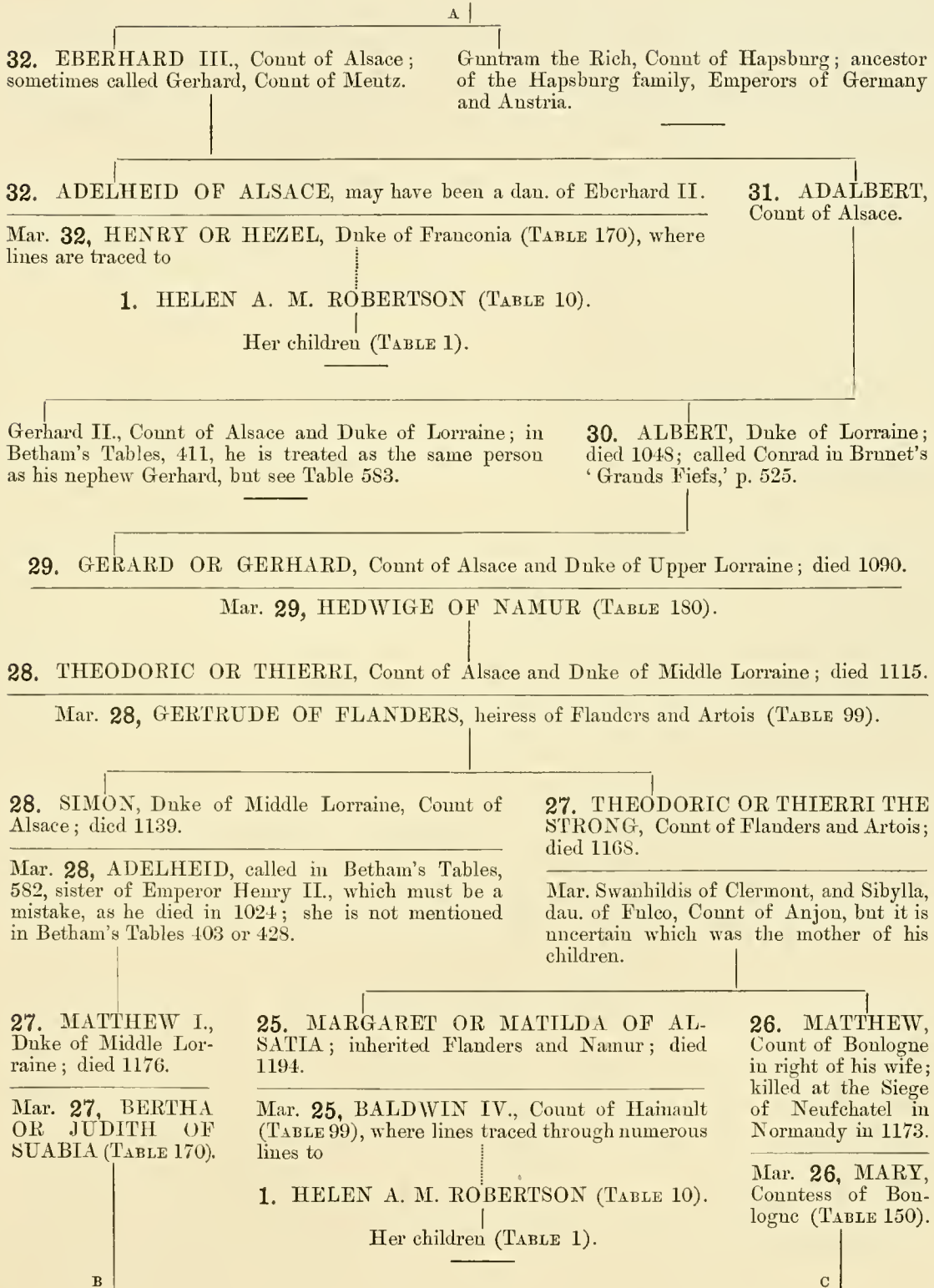
35. EBERHARD I., Count of Hapsburg.

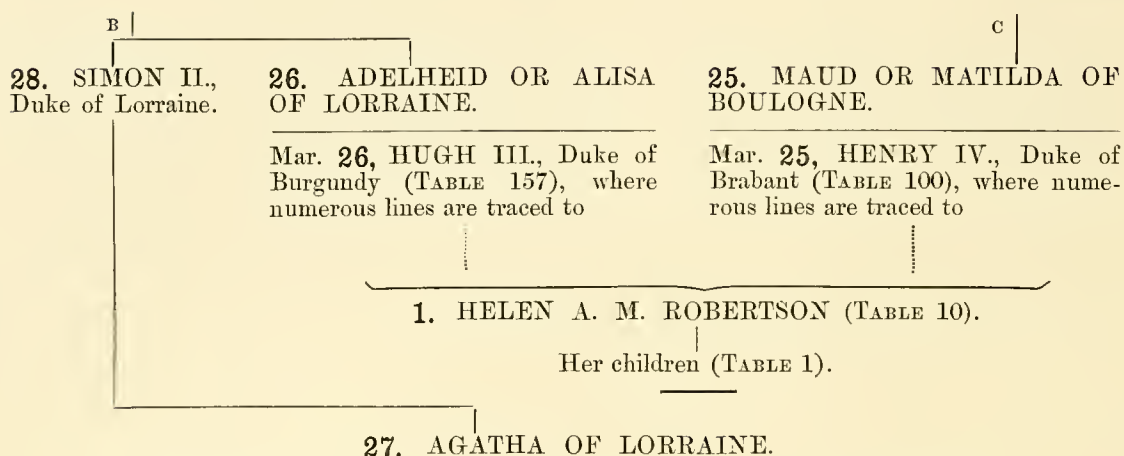
34. EBERHARD II., Count of Hapsburg.

Mar. **34**, ADALINDA.

33. HUGH, Count of Hapsburg and Alsace.

Mar. **33**, HILDEGARDIS.





Mar. **27**, **RENAUD III.**, Count of Burgundy (TABLE 176), where line traced to

1. **HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON** (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF ALSACE AND DUKES OF LORRAINE.

Betham's Tables, 411 and 583.

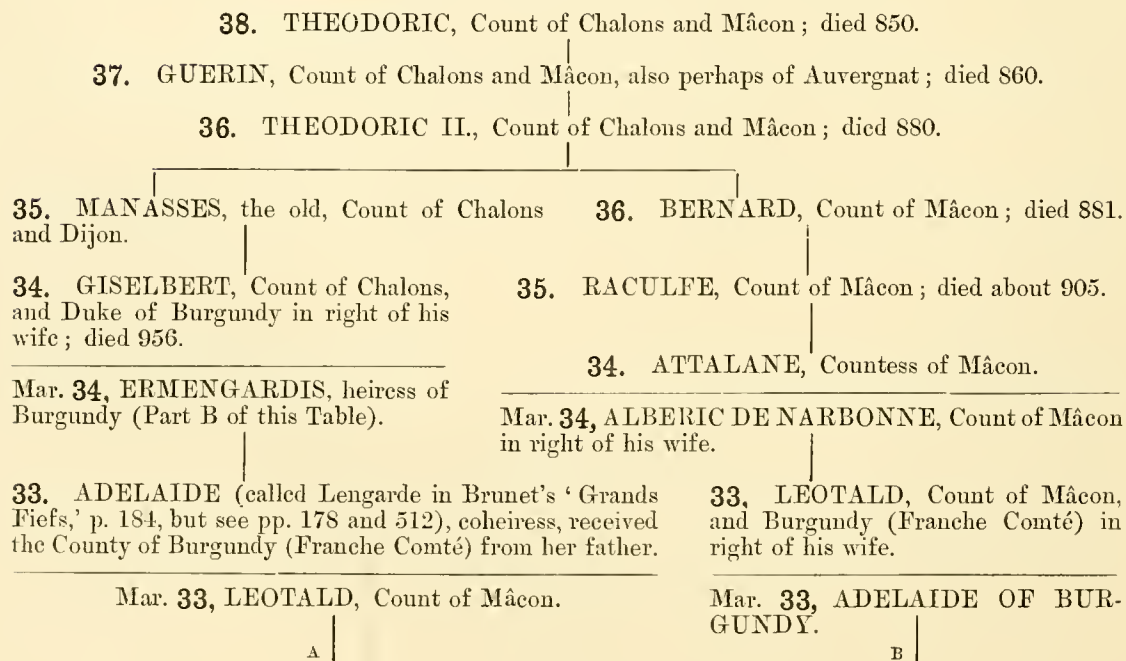
Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 524.

COUNTS OF FLANDERS AND ARTOIS.

Betham's Tables, 567.

Table 172—PART A.

COUNTS OF CHALONS AND MACON.



Mar. **33**, **ADELAIDE OF BURGUNDY.**

A | _____ B |

32. GERBERGA, Countess of Burgundy and Mâcon.

Mar. (1st husb.) 32, ADELBERT, King of Italy (TABLE 176), where lines are traced to | Mar. (2nd husb.) Otho Henry, Duke of Burgundy.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF MACON.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 177.

COUNTS OF CHALONS.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 183.

COUNTS OF BURGUNDY.

Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 512.

Table 172—PART B.

DUKES OF BURGUNDY AND COUNTS OF VIENNE.

35. BERNARD,

Count of Autun, Marquis of Gothie, and Count of Portiers; called Bowinus (Betham's Tables, 571, and see Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' pp. 360 and 148); died 880.

35. RICHARD LE JUSTICIER, 1st Duke of Burgundy; died 921.

34. BOSO, eldest son, 1st King of Arles and Burgundy; died 889.

37. RICHILDIS OR JUDITH OF AUTUN, died 879.

Mar., as 2nd wife, 34, CHARLES THE BALD, King of France (TABLE 157), where numerous lines are traced to

Mar. 35, ADELHEID OF STRALINGEN (TABLE 171).

Mar. 34, HERMENGARDIS OF FRANCE (TABLE 167).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

34. ERMENGARDIS, heiress of Burgundy.

Mar. 34, GISELBERT, Count of Chalons, and Duke of Burgundy in right of his wife (Part A of this Table), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

33. LOUIS THE BLIND, King of Arles; died 924.

Mar. 33, EDGINA OF ENGLAND (TABLE 144).

32. CHARLES CONSTANTINE, being an infant he lost his father's throne, but obtained the County of Vienne (France), which was part of it; died 963.

A |

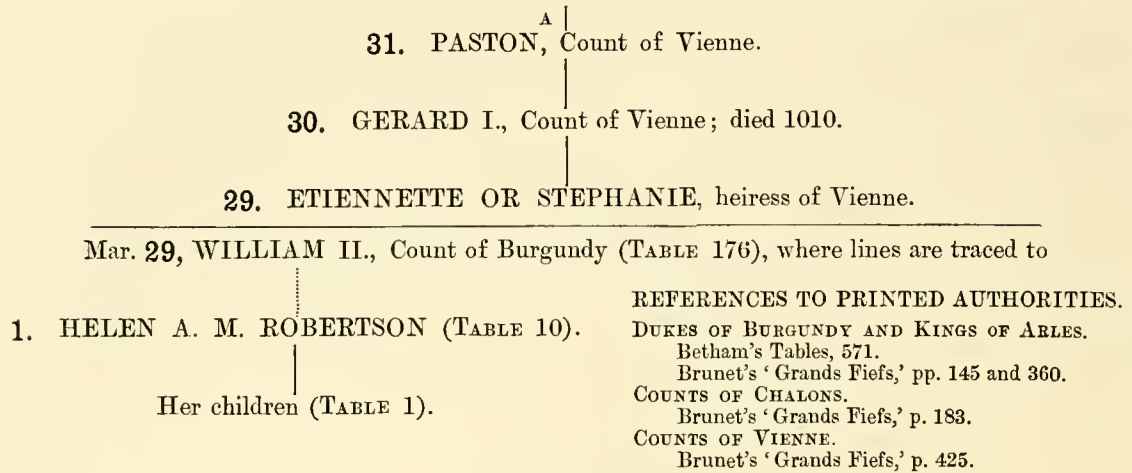
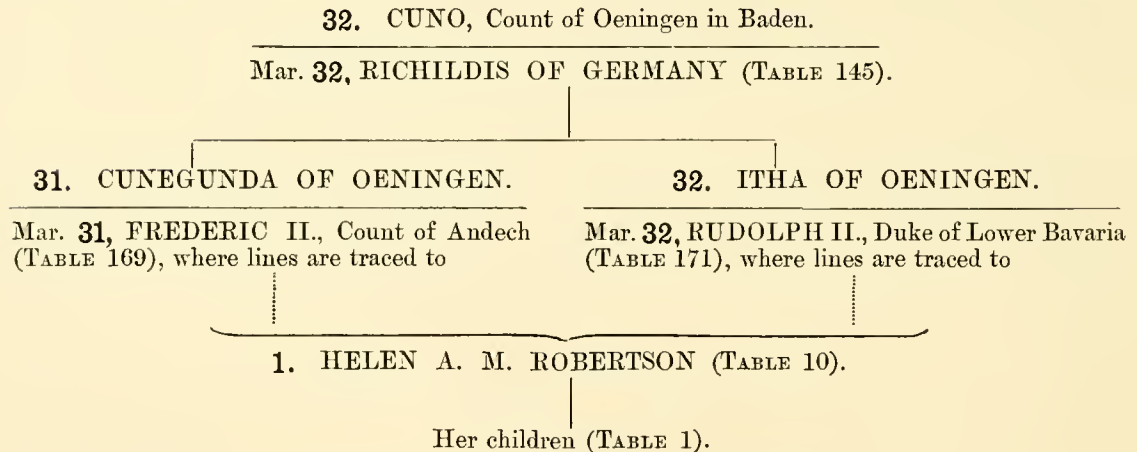


Table 172—PART C.

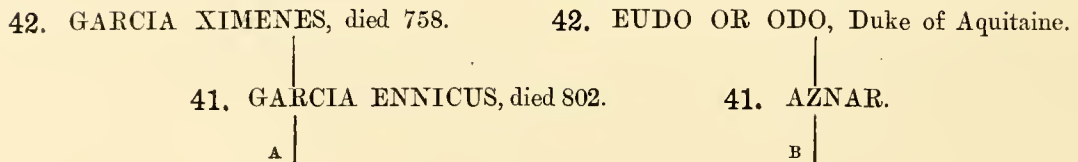
COUNTS OF OENINGEN.



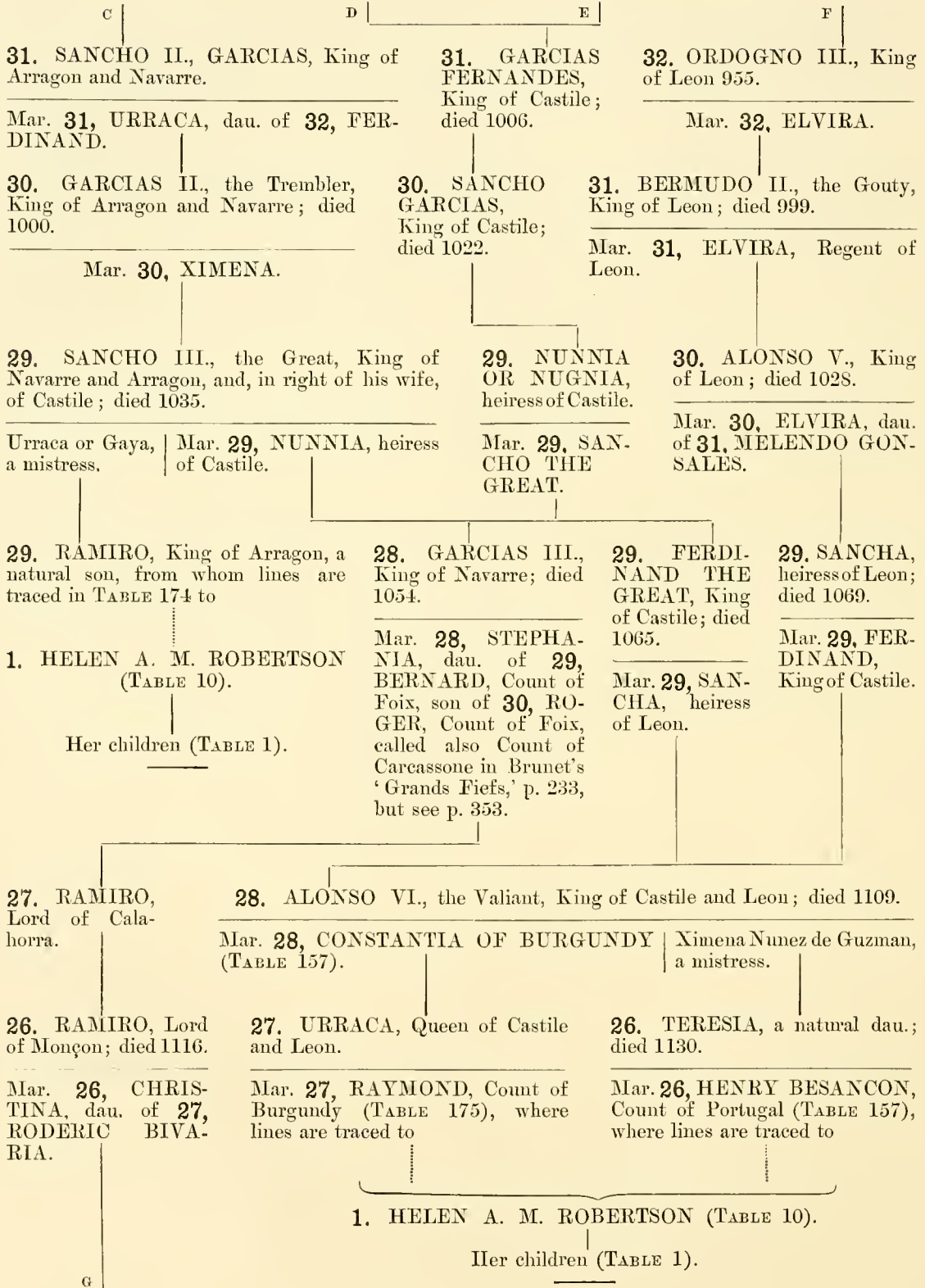
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.
 Same as for TABLES 169 and 171.

Table 173.

KINGS OF LEON, NAVARRE, AND ARRAGON.



<p>^A 40. FORTUNE GARCIA, died 815.</p> <p>39. SANCHE GARCIA, died 832.</p> <p>38. XIMENES (Simon) INIGO, Count of Bigorre; died 840.</p> <p>37. INIGO ARISTA, Count of Bigorre; elected 1st King of Navarre about 840.</p> <p>He is said to have been a descendant of Loup, Duke of Gascony <i>temp.</i> King Pepin (Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 250).</p> <p>Mar. 37, XIMENE, dau. of 38, ZENO, Count of Biscay.</p> <p>36. XIMENIUS ENECO.</p> <p>He and his son, as here given from Betham, are omitted in Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' and until (30) Garcias II. the dates attributed to this family differ so much that they are omitted here.</p> <p>Mar. 36, MUNIO.</p> <p>35. ENECO XIMENIUS, King of Navarre.</p> <p>Mar. 35, ONECO.</p> <p>34. GARCIAS INIGO, King of Navarre.</p> <p>Mar. URRACA OF ARRAGON.</p> <p>33. SANCHE GARCIAS, King of Arragon and Navarre.</p> <p>Mar. 33, TODAR, dan. of 34, AZNARIUS.</p> <p>32. GARCIAS SANCHE, King of Arragon and Navarre.</p> <p>Mar. 32, TERESIA.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">c </p>	<p>^B 40. AZNAR, Count of Arragon.</p> <p>39. GELINDUS, King of Arragon.</p> <p>38. XYMEN GARCIAS, King of Arragon.</p> <p>37. XYMEN GARCIAS, King of Arragon.</p> <p>Mar. 37, MUNIA.</p> <p>36. GARCIAS AZNAR, King of Arragon 832.</p> <p>35. FORTUNIO, King of Arragon.</p> <p>34. URRACA, heiress of Arragon.</p> <p>Mar. 34, GARCIAS INIGO, King of Navarre.</p> <p>35. XIMENA OF NAVARRE.</p> <p>Mar. 33, . . . dau. of 34, GELINDUS, Count of Arragon.</p> <p>32. URRACA OF NAVARRE.</p> <p>Mar. 32, FERDINAND GONSALVUS, King of Castile.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">d </p>	<p>41. RICAREDO, King of the Goths.</p> <p>40. PEDRO, Duke of Cantabria.</p> <p>39. FROILA.</p> <p>38. BERMUDO, a priest; King of Leon and Oviedo; died 795.</p> <p>Mar. 38, IMELONA.</p> <p>37. RAMIRO I., King of Leon; died 850.</p> <p>Mar. 37, PATERNA.</p> <p>36. ORDOGNO I., King of Leon; died 862.</p> <p>35. ALONSO III., the Great, King of Leon; died 912.</p> <p>Mar. 35, XIMENA OF NAVARRE (see this Table to the left).</p> <p>33. GONSALVO NUNEZ.</p> <p>Mar. 33, XIMENA, dau. of 34, NUGNO BERNADES.</p> <p>32. FERDINAND GONSALVUS, 1st King of Castile.</p> <p>Mar. 32, URRACA OF NAVARRE.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">e </p>	<p>37. Roderigo, Count of Castile in 792.</p> <p>37. RAMIRO I., King of Leon; died 850.</p> <p>Mar. 37, PATERNA.</p> <p>36. ORDOGNO I., King of Leon; died 862.</p> <p>35. ALONSO III., the Great, King of Leon; died 912.</p> <p>Mar. 35, XIMENA OF NAVARRE (see this Table to the left).</p> <p>34. ORDOGNO II., King of Leon and Galicia 923.</p> <p>Mar. 34, ELVIRA.</p> <p>33. RAMIRO II., King of Leon; died 950.</p> <p>Mar. 33, URRACA.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">f </p>
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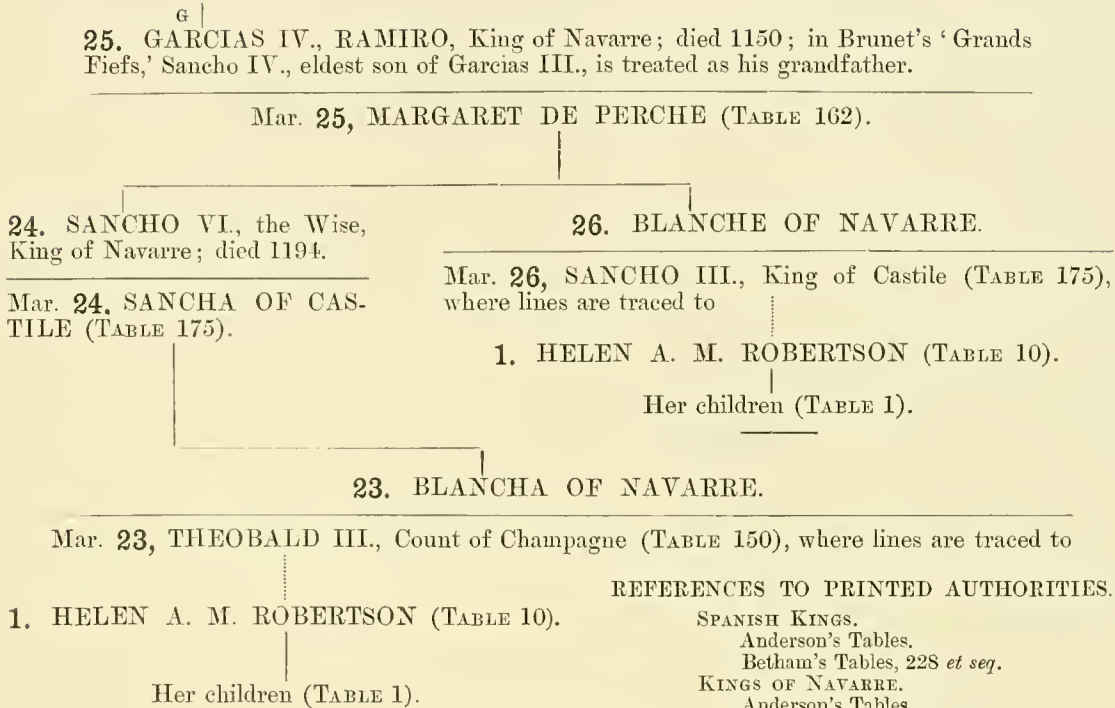
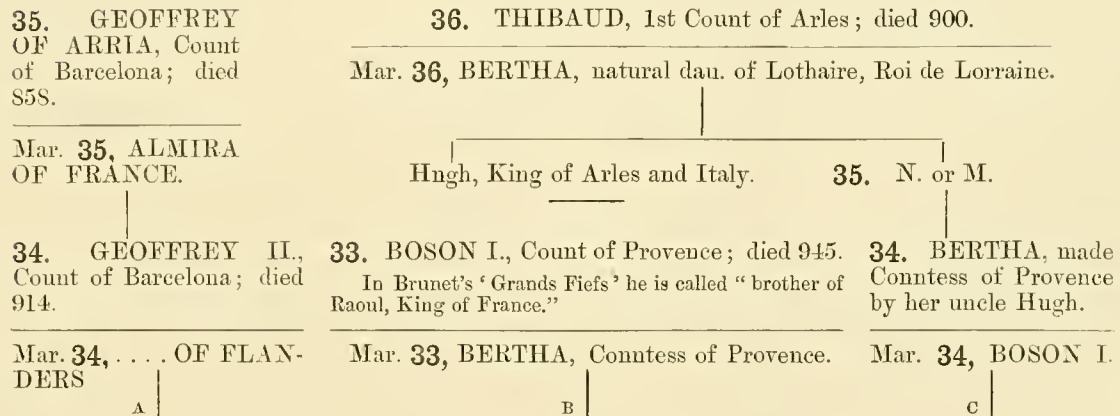
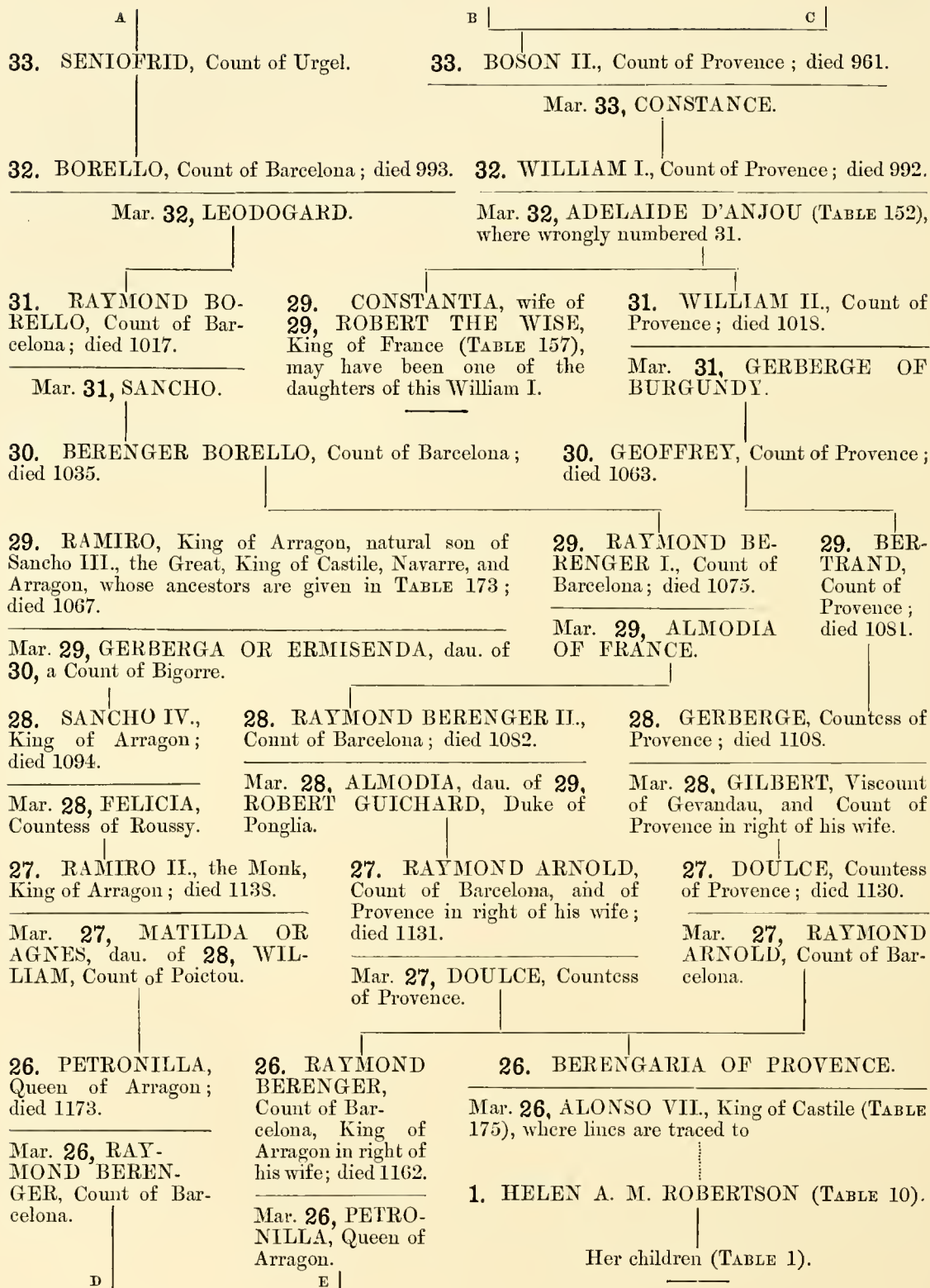
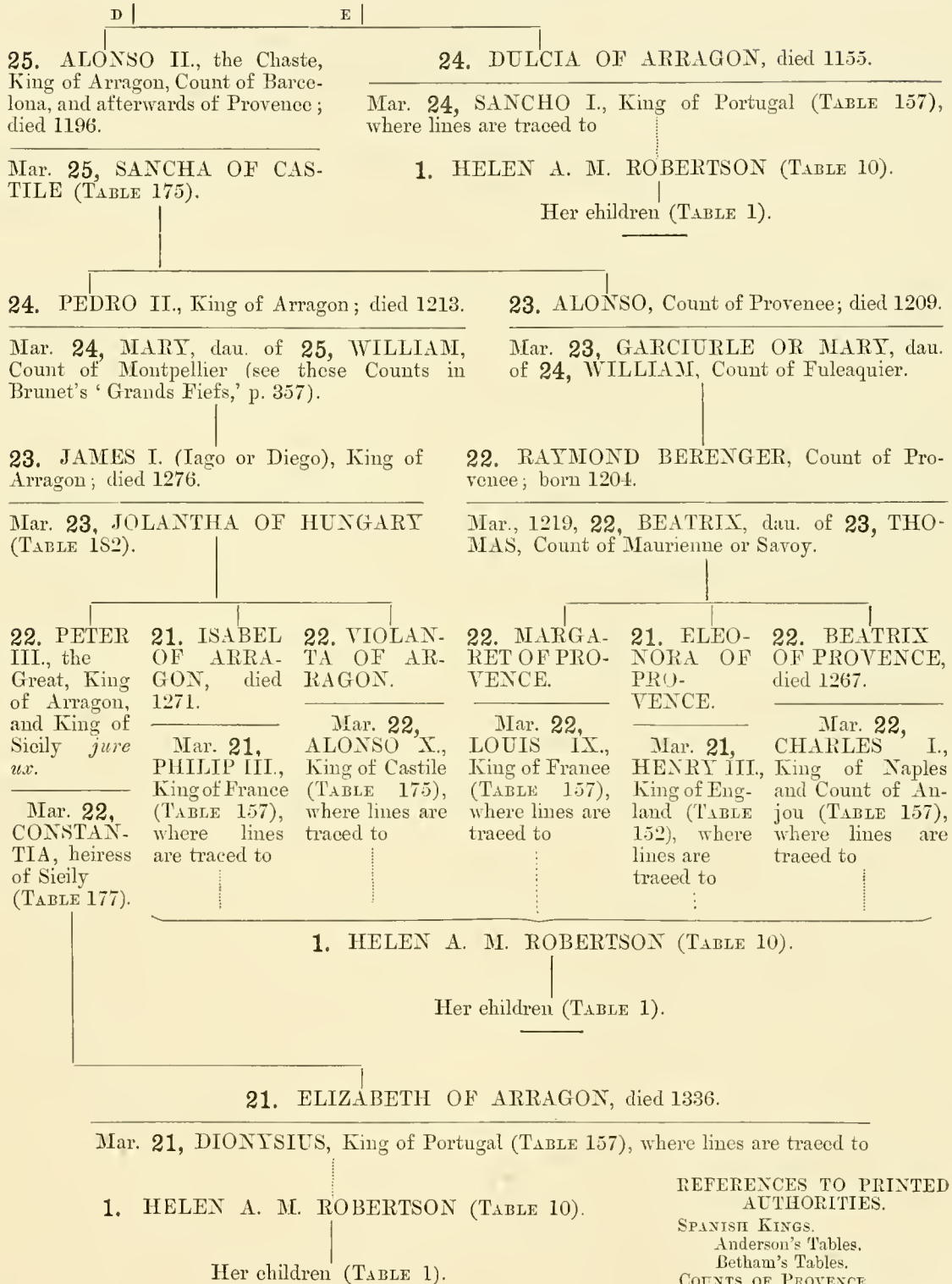


Table 174.

KINGS OF ARRAGON, COUNTS OF BARCELONA AND PROVENCE.







REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.
 SPANISH KINGS.
 Anderson's Tables.
 Betham's Tables.
 COUNTS OF PROVENCE.
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 448.

Table 175.

KINGS OF CASTILE AND LEON.

27. RAYMOND, Count of Burgundy; died 1106.

Mar. 27, URRACA, Queen of Castile and Leon (TABLE 173).

26. ALONSO VII., King of Castile and Leon, styled Emperor of Spain.

Mar. 26, BERENGARIA OF PROVENCE (TABLE 174) | Mar. 26, RICA, dau. of 27, ULADISLAUS, Duke of Poland.

26. SAN-CHO III., King of Castile and Leon; died 1158.	25. FERDINAND II., King of Castile; died 1188.	24. SANCHA OF CASTILE. Mar. 24, SANCHE VI., King of Navarre (TABLE 173), where lines are traced to	25. CONSTANTIA OR ISABEL OF CASTILE. Mar. 25, LOUIS VII., King of France (TABLE 157), where lines are traced to	25. SANCHA OF CASTILE. Mar. 25, ALONSO II., King of Arragon (TABLE 174), where lines are traced to
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Mar. 26, BLANCHE OF NAVARRE (TABLE 173).

Mar. 25, URRACA OF PORTUGAL (TABLE 157).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

25. ALONSO VIII., the Noble, King of Castile; died 1114.

24. ALONSO IX., King of Castile; died about 1230.

Mar. 25, ELEANORA OF ENGLAND (TABLE 152).

Mar. 24, BERENGARIA OF CASTILE.

23. BLANCHA OF CASTILE; died 1253.

23. URRACA OF CASTILE; died 1220.

24. BERENGARIA OF CASTILE.

23. FERDINAND III., King of Castile; died 1252.

Mar. 23, LOUIS VIII., King of France (TABLE 157), where line traced through numerous lines ending both in Hayman and Durdin families to

Mar. 23, ALONSO II., King of Portugal (TABLE 157), where numerous lines are traced to

Mar. 24, ALONSO IX., King of Castile.

Mar. (2nd wife) 21, JANE DE DAMP-MARTIN OF AU-MALE (TABLE 165).

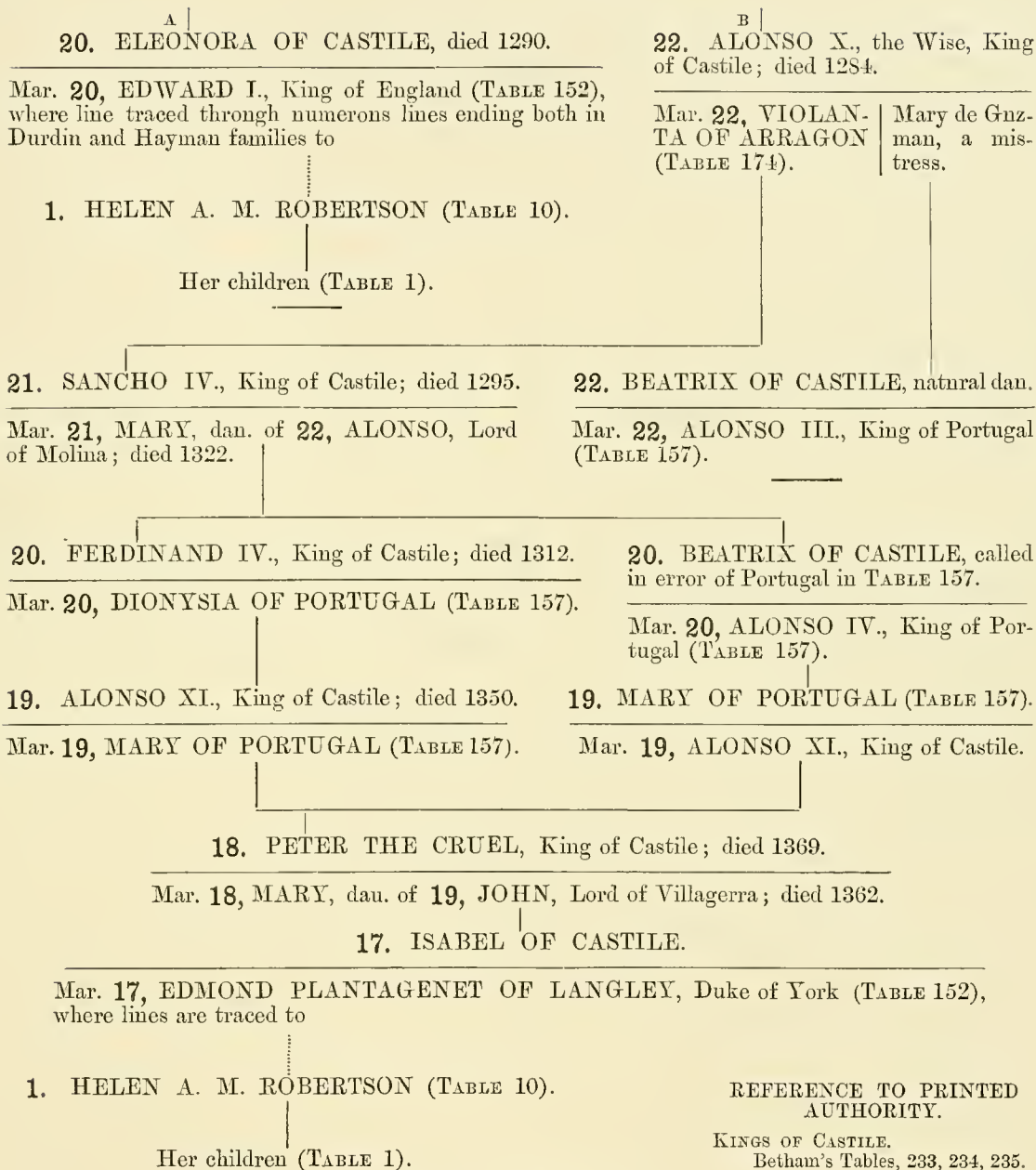
Mar. (1st wife) 23, ELIZA OF SUABIA AND GERMANY (TABLE 170).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

A

B

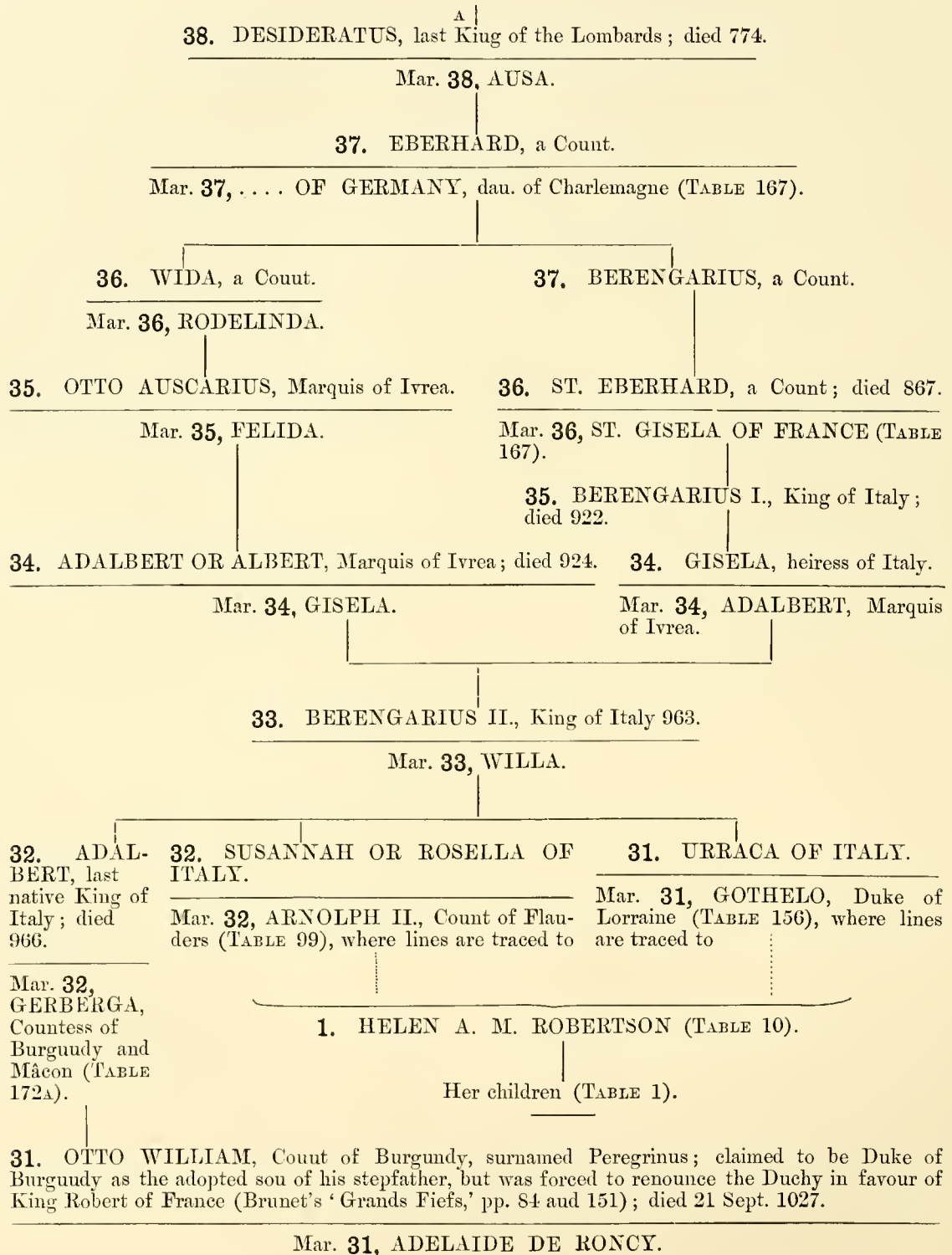


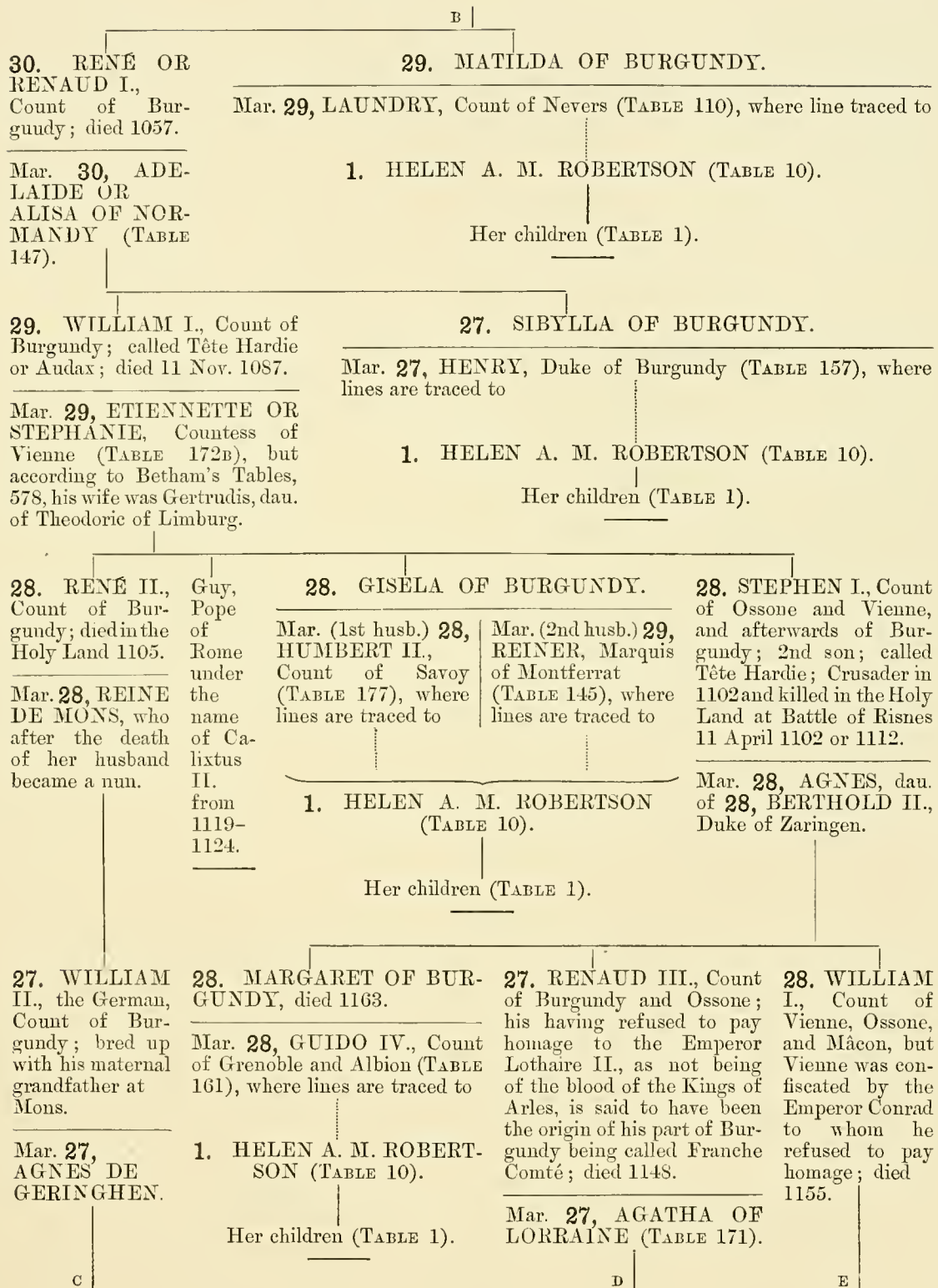
REFERENCE TO PRINTED
AUTHORITY.
KINGS OF CASTILE.
Betham's Tables, 233, 234, 235.

Table 176.

KINGS OF ITALY OF THE LOMBARD RACE.

40. ALACHISUS.
|
39. ERNULPHUS.
A |





^C |
26. CLEMENTIA OF BURGUNDY.

Mar. **26**, GODFREY BARBATUS, Duke of Brabant (TABLE 100), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

^D |
26. BEATRIX, Countess of Burgundy or Franche Comté.

Mar. **26**, the Emperor FREDERICK BARBAROSSA (TABLE 170), where lines are traced to

^E |
27. GIRARD, Count of Mâcon and titular Count of Vienne; died 1175.

26. BEATRIX OF MACON AND VIENNE, confused in Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs' with a later Beatrix, who, with Hugh, Lord of Pagny, in 1266, sold their titular claims to Vienne (p. 428).

Mar. **26**, HUMBERT III., Count of Savoy (TABLE 177), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

- OLD KINGS OF ITALY.
 Betham's Tables, 149, 578.
 COUNTS OF MACON.
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 177.
 COUNTS OF BURGUNDY (FRANCHE COMTE).
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 509.
 Betham's Tables, 578.
 COUNTS OF OSSONE.
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 164.
 COUNTS OF VIENNE.
 Brunet's 'Grands Fiefs,' p. 425.

Table 177.

COUNTS OF SAVOY.

32. BEROALD OR BERTHOLD,

Count of Savoy; considered son of Hugh Ulrich, Duke of Saxony (TABLE 145); or of Amadeus, Count of Ringelheim (TABLE 145), or of Hugh, son of Immedus (see Betham's Tables, 285); died 1023 or 1027.

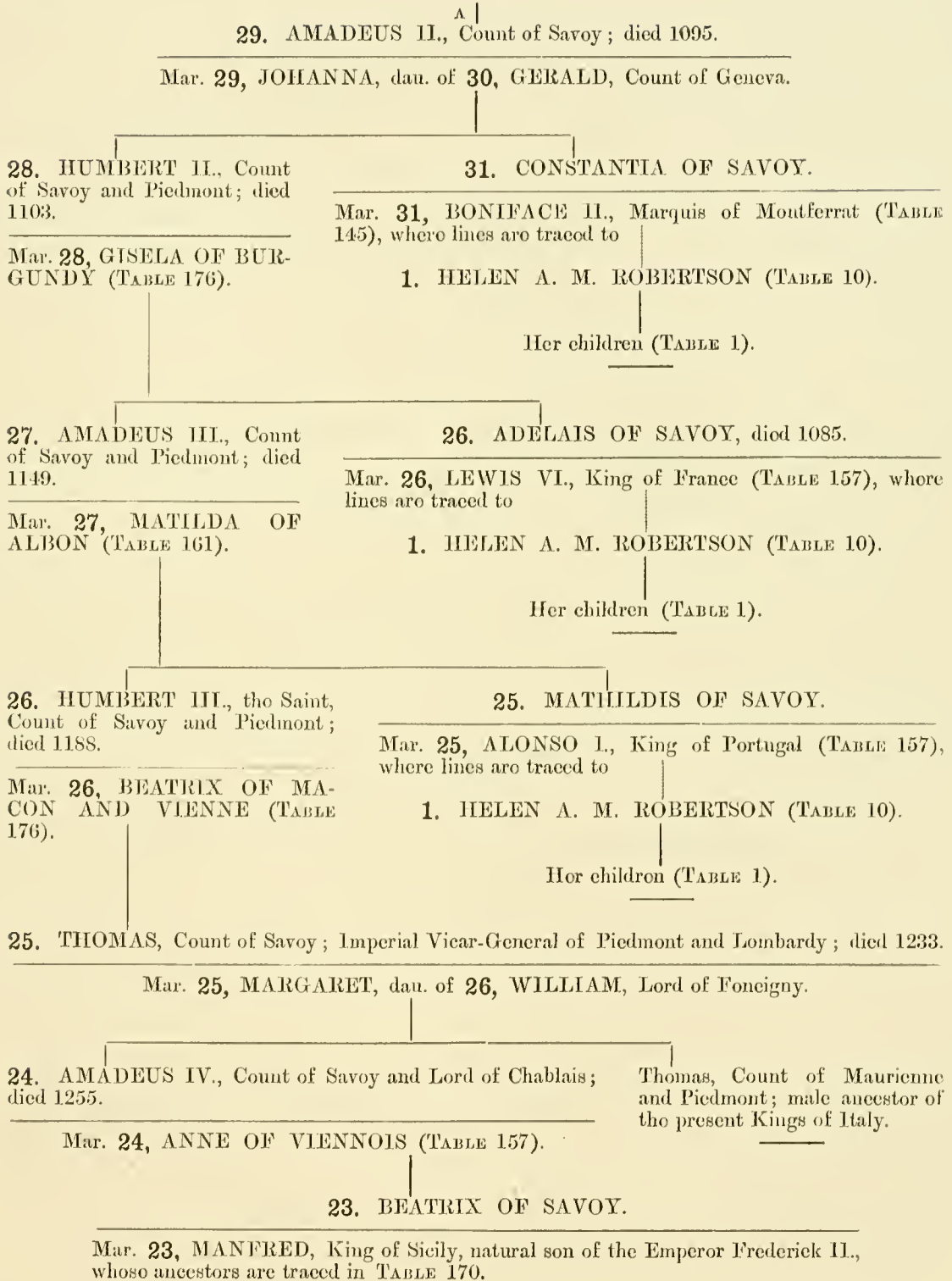
Mar. **32**, HINNA OR CATHERINE, Lady Palatine of Scheyern.

31. HUMBERT I., Albimannus, Count of Savoy.

Mar. **31**, ANCILIA.

30. OTHO, Count of Savoy, Lord of Chablais, and Marquis of Italy; died 1060.

Mar. **30**, ADELAIS, dau. of **31**, UBRIC, Marquis of Susa; died 1091.



B |
22. CONSTANTIA, heiress of Sicily; died 1302.

Mar. **22**, **PETER III.**, the Great, King of Arragon (TABLE 174), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED
 AUTHORITIES.

COUNTS OF SAVOY.

Betham's Tables, 285, 286.

KINGS OF SICILY.

Betham's Tables, 351.

Table 178.

COUNTS OF HOLLAND.

33. THEODORIC OR THIERRI I., Count of Holland; died 903.

In Betham's Tables, 566, called son of Haghen, Count of Aquitaine, or Sigebert, Prince of Aquitaine, who is called uncle of Charles the Bald, King of France, who occurs in TABLE 167.

Mar. **33**, **GENNA OF ITALY** (TABLE 167).

32. BRUNO I., Lord of Querfort in Merseburg, Prussia; lived in 880.

32. THEODORIC II., Count of Holland; died 947.

31. PROTHUS I., Lord of Querfort; lived in 910.

31. THEODORIC III., Count of Holland; died 988.

Mar. **31**, **HILDEGARDIS OF FRANCE** (TABLE 167).

30. PROTHUS II., Lord of Querfort; lived in 960.

30. ARNOLPH, Count of Holland; died 993.

Mar. **30**, **LUITGARDE OF CONSTANTINOPLE** (TABLE 187).

29. BRUNO II., Lord of Querfort; lived in 1035.

29. THEODORIC IV., Count of Holland; died 1039.

Mar. **29**, **UITHILDIS OF GERMANY** (TABLE 145).

28. BERCHARD, Lord of Querfort; lived in 1035.

28. FLORENCE I., Count of Holland; died 1062.

Mar. **28**, **GERTRUDIS OF SAXONY** (TABLE 146).

27. GEBHART, Count of Supplinburg; died 1075.

27. THEODORIC VI., Count of Holland; died 1091.

27. BERTHA OF HOLLAND.

Mar. **27**, **PHILIP I.**, King of France (TABLE 157), where lines are traced to

Mar. **27**, **HEDWIG**, dau. of **28**, **FREDERICK**, Count of Schaerdingen.

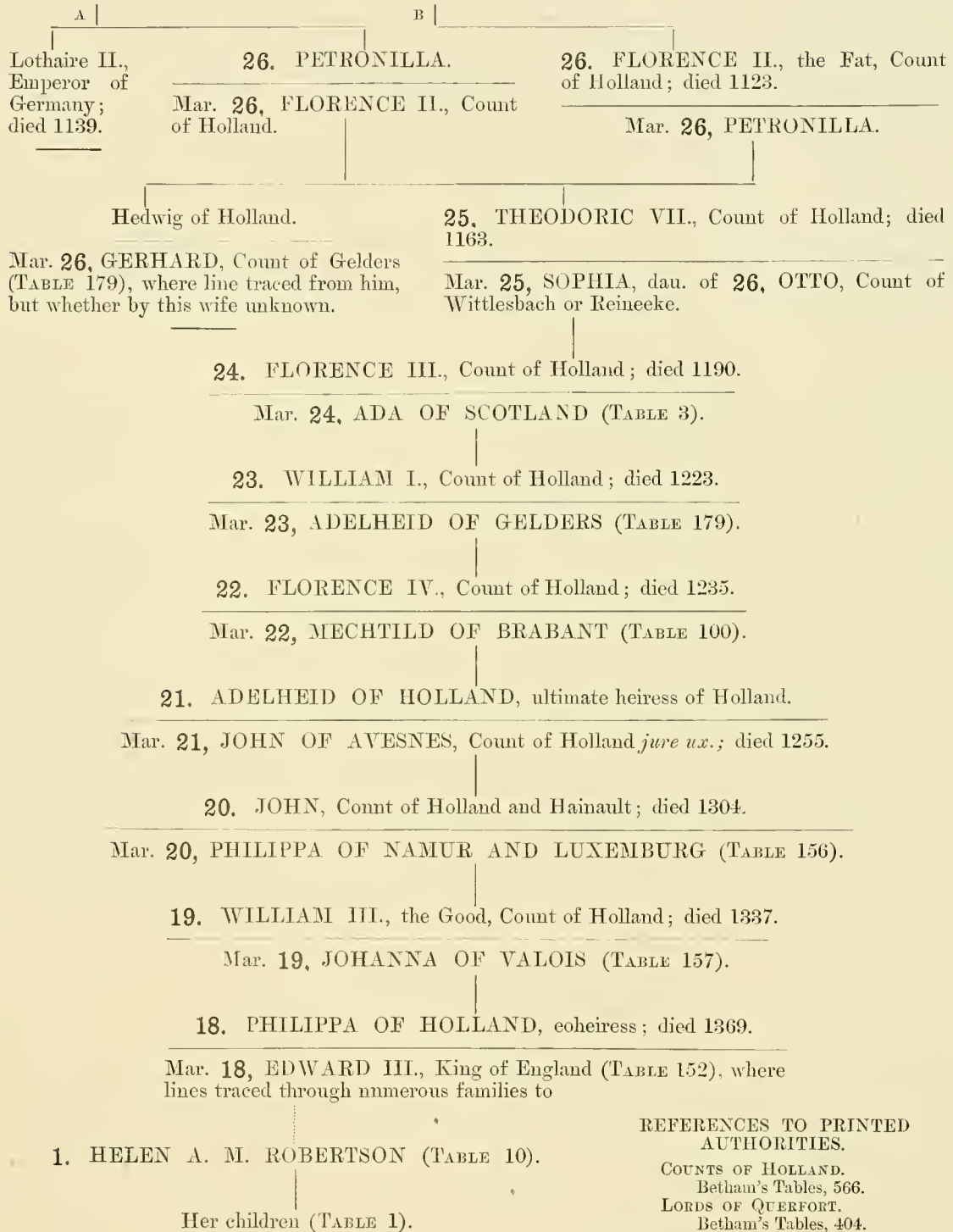
Mar. **27**, **UITHILDIS**, dau. of **28**, **FREDERIC**, Duke of Saxony (see some Dukes of Saxony in TABLE 146).

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

A |

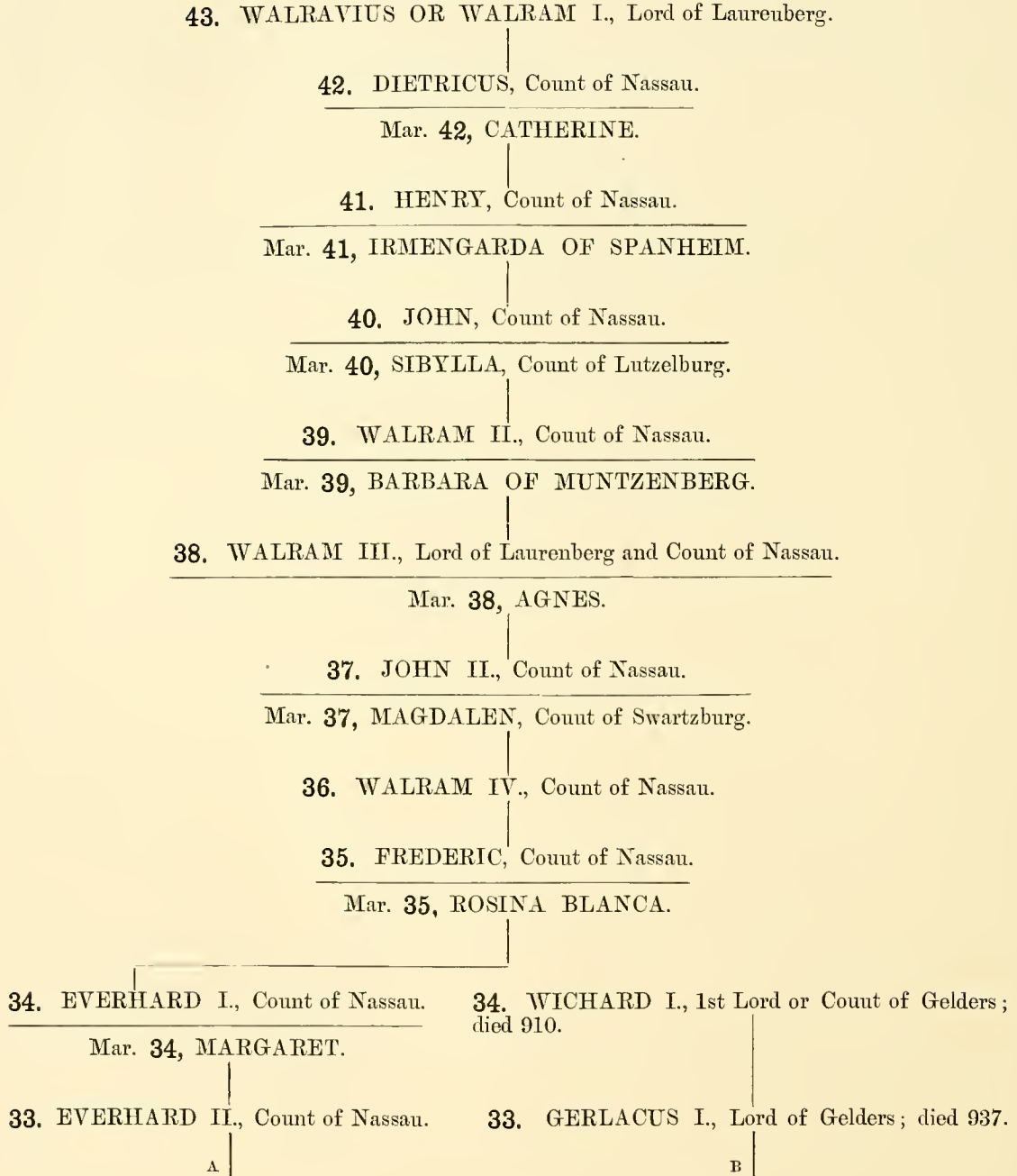
B |



REFERENCES TO PRINTED
AUTHORITIES.
COUNTS OF HOLLAND.
Betham's Tables, 566.
LORDS OF QUERFORT.
Betham's Tables, 404.

Table 179.

COUNTS OF NASSAU AND GELDERS.



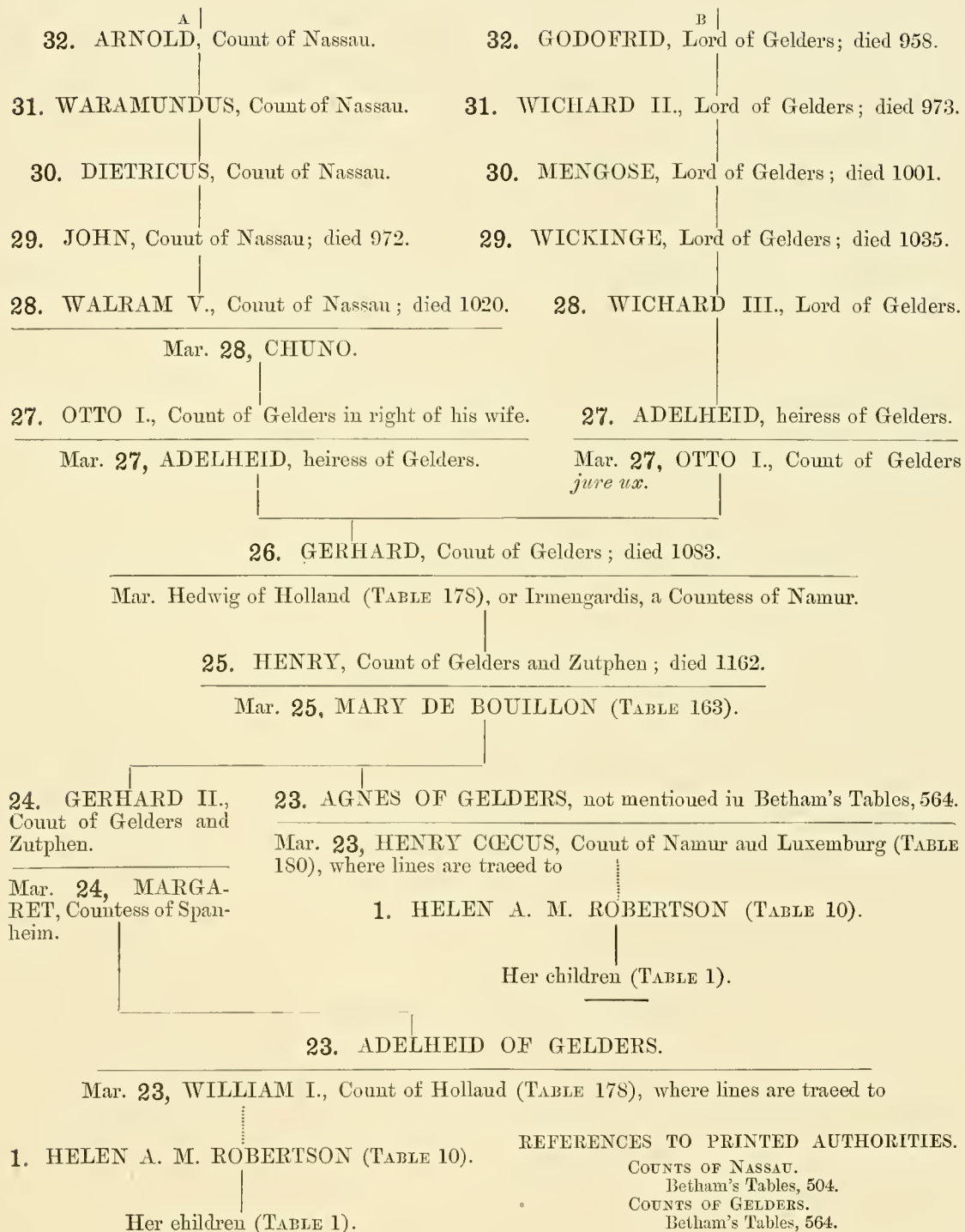


Table 180.

COUNTS OF NAMUR.

30. ALBERT I., Count of Namur; lived *circa* 1000.

Mar. **30**, IRMENGARDIS OF LORRAINE (TABLE 167).

29. ALBERT II.,
Count of Namur.

Mar. **29**, REGU-
LINDA OF
LOWER LOR-
RAINE (TABLE 156).

29. HEDWIG OF NAMUR; she appears to have ultimately inherited Namur, *cf.* Betham's Tables, 567 and 583.

Mar. **29**, GERHARD, Duke of Lorraine and Count of Alsace (TABLE 171), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

28. IDA OF NAMUR.

Mar. **26**, GODFREY BARBATUS, Duke of Brabant (TABLE 100), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

24. GOTFRIED, Count of Namur, connection with former Counts not traced; died 1138.

Mar. **24**, ERMENSINDIS, heiress of Luxemburg (TABLE 156).

23. HENRY CÆCUS,
Count of Namur and
Luxemburg.

Mar. **23**, AGNES OF
GELDERS (TABLE 179).

26. ALEXIA OR ATHELA OF NAMUR; died 1195.

Mar. **26**, BALDWIN III., Count of Hainault (TABLE 99), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

22. ^AERMENSINDIS, heiress of Namur and Luxemburg; flourished in 1246.

Mar. 22, WALRAM OR VALERIANUS VIII., Count of Limburg (TABLE 156), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED
AUTHORITIES.

NAMUR, FIRST PART.
Betham's Tables, 582.
NAMUR, SECOND PART.
Betham's Tables, 513.

Table 181.

DUKES OF AUSTRIA.

37. LUITPOLD OR LEOPOLD,

said to be descended from Charlemagne, whom see in TABLE 167 (Betham's Tables, 459); Duke of Upper Bavaria; died 908.

Mar. 37, CUNIGUNDA, dau. of 38, ERKANGERUS, a Count of Suabia, widow of the Emperor Conrad I. (Betham's Tables, 459).

36. ARNOLPH MALUS, Duke of Upper Bavaria; died 938.

Mar. 36, AGNES OF HUNGARY (TABLE 182).

35. EBERHARD
OF BAVARIA.

33. JUDITH OF BAVARIA.

Mar. 33, HENRY, Duke of Bavaria (TABLE 145), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

34. LEOPOLD THE ILLUSTRIOUS,

Margrave or Duke of Austria; a different pedigree, traced through the Counts of Bamberg, is given to him in Betham's Tables, 410, by which his paternal great-grandfather married his wife's sister Baba.

Mar. 34, RICHARDIS OF GERMANY (TABLE 145).

33. HENRY REBELLIS, Duke of Austria; died 1018.

Mar. 33, SWANHILDA.

32. ALBERT THE VICTORIOUS, Duke of Austria; died 1056.

Mar. 32, ADELHEID OF HUNGARY (TABLE 182).

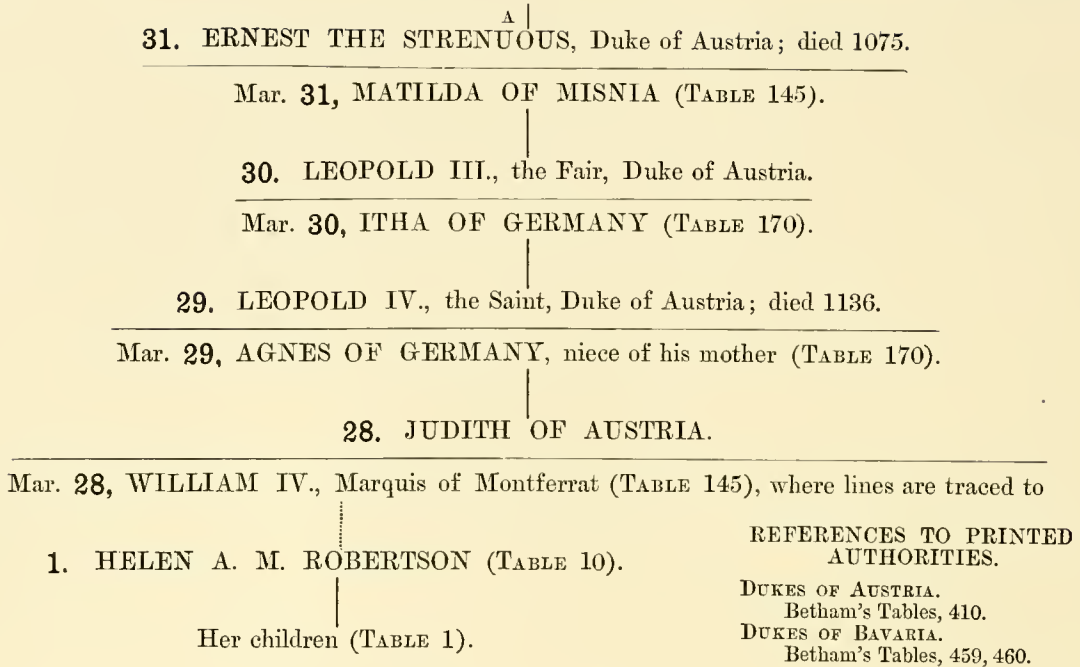
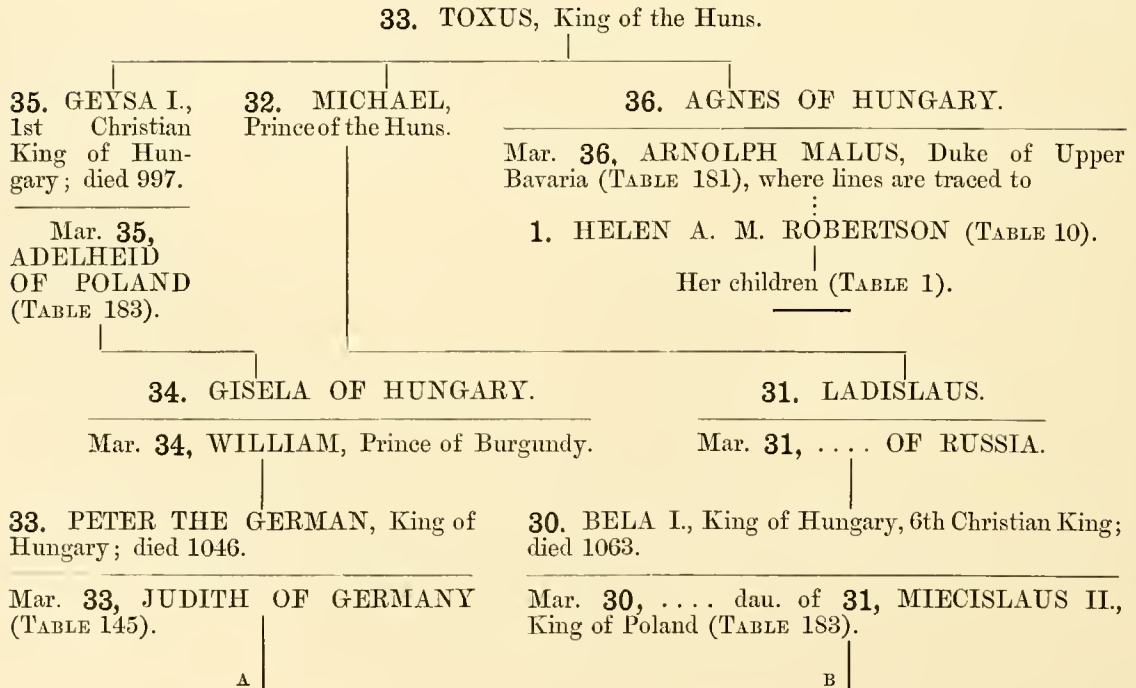


Table 182.

KINGS OF HUNGARY.



c |
21. MARIA OR MARY, heiress of Kingdom of Hungary; died 1323.

Mar. **21**, CHARLES II., the Lame, King of Naples (TABLE 157), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCE TO PRINTED
AUTHORITY.

KINGS OF HUNGARY.
Betham's Tables, 360; see also 359.

Table 183.

DUKES OF POLAND AND BOHEMIA.

38. NECLAN, Duke of Bohemia; died 839; see his ancestors to Czocus, died 709, in Betham's Tables, 424.

38. COPICO OR CRUSNITZ.

Mar. **38**, PONISLAVA.

37. HISTIVITIUS, Duke of Bohemia; died 856.

37. PIASTICUS RUSTICUS, a Wheelwright; Duke of Poland; died 861.

Mar. **37**, MISLAVA.

Mar. **37**, REPICHA.

36. BORIVORIUS, Duke of Bohemia; died 861.

36. ZIEMOVITUS, Duke of Poland; died 892.

Mar. **36**, ST. LUDOMILLA, Countess of Michnia or Lnarnilla.

35. WRATISLAUS II., Duke of Bohemia; died 916.

35. LECHUS, 5th Duke of Poland; died 913.

Mar. **35**, DRAHOMITA, the Regent; died 921.

Saint Wenceslaus, 1st King of Bohemia; died 932.

34. BOLESLAUS THE CRUEL, Duke of Bohemia; died 967.

34. ZIEMOVITUS OR ZIENOMISLAUS, Duke of Poland; died 964.

Mar. **34**, BOZENA.

33. DABROWSKI, DAMBROWKA, OR DOMBRAVA OF BOHEMIA; died 977.

33. MIECISLAUS OR MIESCO I., called the Eye of Christianity; Duke of Poland; died 999.

35. ADELHEID OF POLAND.

Mar. **35**, GEYSA I., King of Hungary (TABLE 182), where lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

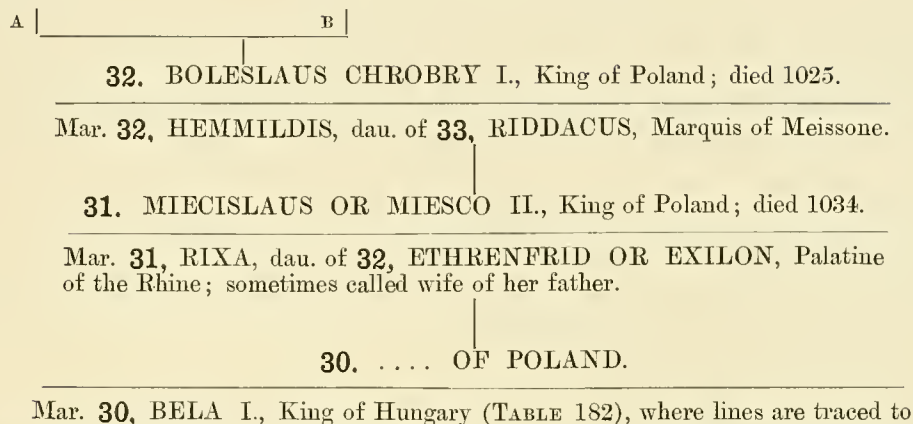
Her children (TABLE 1).

Mar. **33**, MIECISLAUS, Duke of Poland.

Mar. **33**, DABROWSKI OF BOHEMIA.

A |

B |



1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

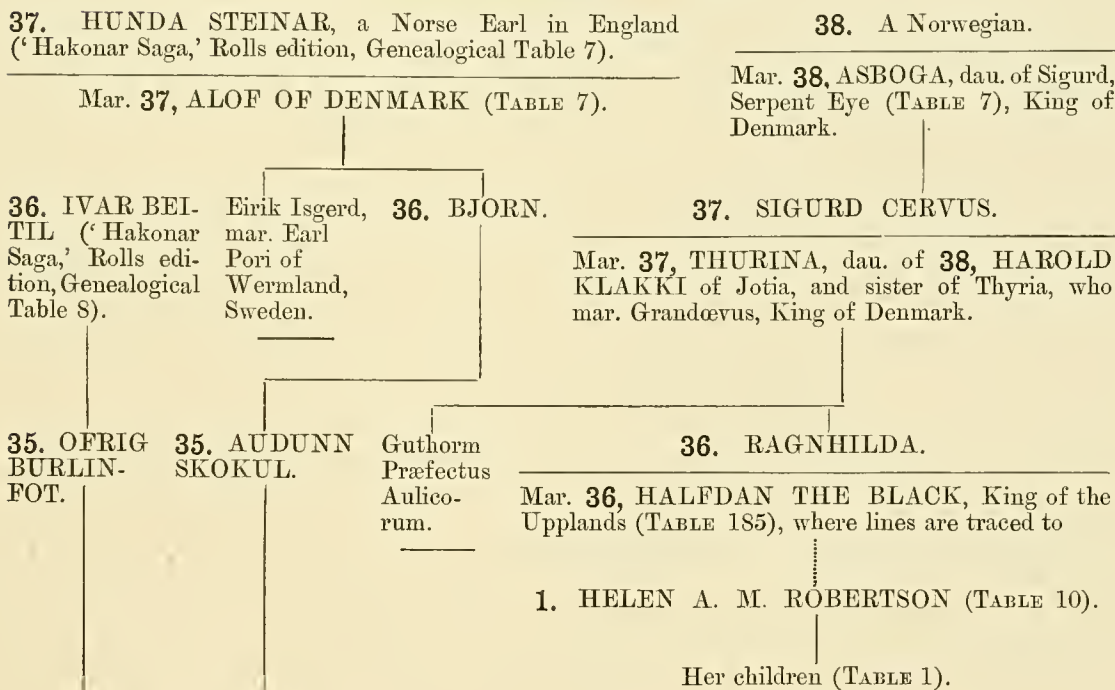
REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

DUKES AND KINGS OF POLAND.
Betham's Tables, 365.

DUKES OF BOHEMIA.
Betham's Tables, 424.

Table 184.

NORWEGIAN FAMILIES.



A

B

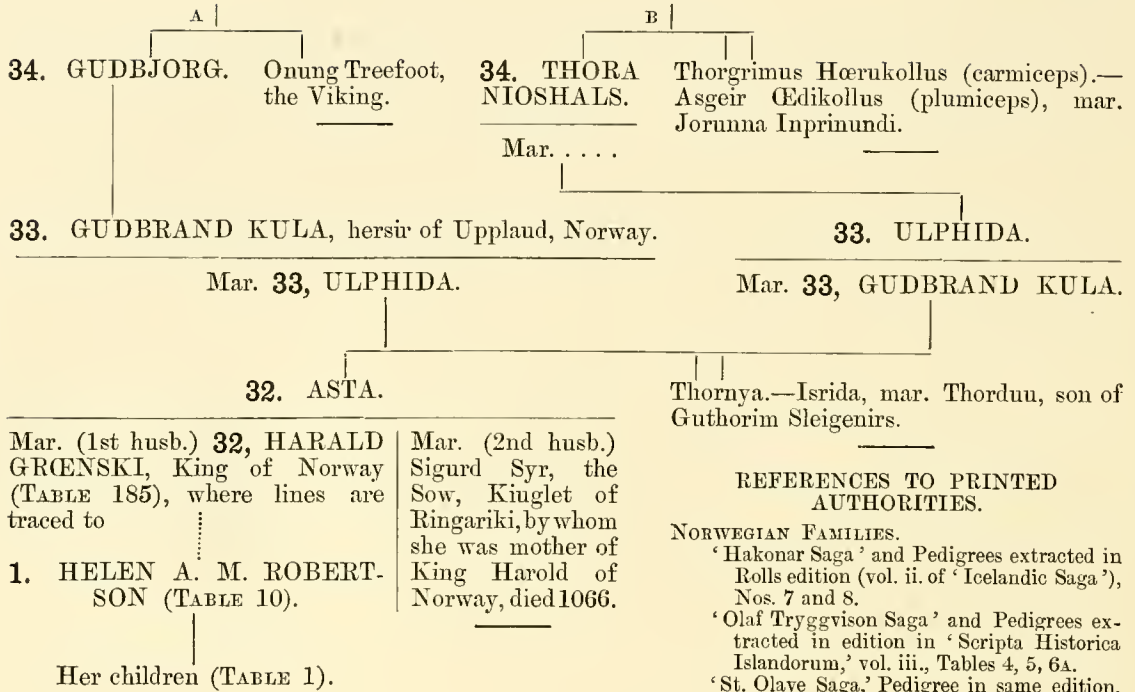


Table 185.

KINGS OF NORWAY AND SWEDEN.

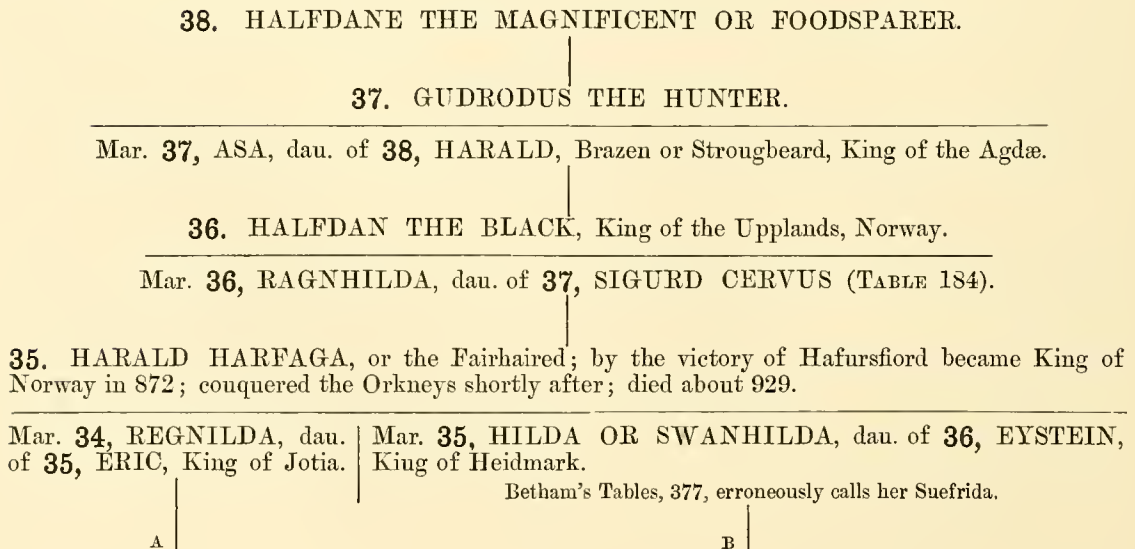


Table 186.

KINGS OF DENMARK.

NOTE.—This Table is mostly legendary or mythical.

<p>88. HUMBLE OF DENMARK.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p>87. DANUS OR DAUGRITHA, 1st King of Denmark; died B.C. 998.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">Three generations, Kings of Denmark.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p>83. HADING, King of Denmark; died B.C. 761.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>Mar. 83, RAGNILDA, dau. of 84, HUGH, King of Russia.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p>82. SWANHUIDA OR SVANITA, heiress of Denmark.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>Mar. 82, REGNER, King of Sweden and Denmark.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">Fifteen generations, Kings of Sweden and Denmark.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p>66. HAROLD, King of Sweden and Denmark; died A.D. 117.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p>65. UNQUIN, perhaps grandson of King Harold; died 155.</p> <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 20px;">A <i>see supra.</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;">A <i>see infra.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Two generations.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p>62. EURITH OR GURITH, heiress of Denmark.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>Mar. 62, HAFDANE III., King of Denmark; died 261.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">Nineteen generations, Kings of Denmark.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p>42. GORMO OR GOTHERIC, King of Denmark.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p style="text-align: center;">41. GEVA OF DENMARK.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>Mar. 41, WITEKIND THE GREAT (TABLE 145), where lines are traced to</p> <p style="text-align: center;">⋮</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">Her children (TABLE 1).</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p style="text-align: center;">REFERENCE TO PRINTED AUTHORITY. KINGS OF DENMARK. Betham's Tables, 374.</p>
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Table 187.

EMPERORS OF THE EAST.

<p>31. ISAAC COMNENUS.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p>30. MANUEL COMNENUS.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">A</p>	<p>31. BASILIUS III., Emperor of the East, <i>cf.</i> Betham's Tables, 137.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p>30. LUITGARDE OF CONSTANTINOPLE.</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>Mar. 30, ARNOLPH, Count of Holland (TABLE 178), where lines are traced to</p> <p style="text-align: center;">⋮</p> <p style="text-align: center;">1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> </p> <p style="text-align: center;">Her children (TABLE 1).</p> <hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/>
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^A
29. ISAAC COMNENUS, 1st Emperor of the East or Constantinople of this family; died 1059.

Mar. 29, MARY, sister of Berthold I., Count of Antioch, or dau. of Arnold of Andech (see Counts of Andech in TABLE 169).

28. ALEXIUS COMNENUS, Emperor of the East; died 1118.

Mar. 28, IRENE, dau. of 29, ANDRONICUS DUCAS.

27. THEODORA COMNENUS.

John Comnenus, Emperor.
—Anna Comnena, the historian.

Mar. 27, CONSTANTINE ANGELUS OF PHILADELPHIA in Asia Minor; a person of no great ancestry.

26. ANDRONICUS ANGELUS OF PHILADELPHIA.

Mar. 26, EUPHROSINE, sister of Theodorus Castomonia; put to a miserable death by the Emperor Andronicus the Tyrant, son of her husband's maternal uncle Isaac Comnenus.

26. ISAAC ANGELUS, elected Emperor of the East after overthrowing the Emperor Andronicus the Tyrant; had his eyes put out by his brother Alexius, and ultimately murdered in 1195.

25. ALEXIUS ANGELUS, Emperor of the East; died 1202.

Mar. 25, EUPHROSINE, sister of Basilus Camoterus.

25. IRENE ANGELUS OF CONSTANTINOPLE.

24. ANN ANGELUS OF CONSTANTINOPLE.

Mar. (2nd husb.) 25, PHILIP II., Emperor of Germany (TABLE 170), where numerous lines are traced to

Mar. 24, THEODORUS LASCARES, Emperor of Nice in Asia Minor, or of Adrianople; died 1222.

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

23. MARY LASCARES.

Mar. 23, BELA IV., King of Hungary (TABLE 182), where numerous lines are traced to

1. HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON (TABLE 10).

Her children (TABLE 1).

REFERENCES TO PRINTED AUTHORITIES.

EMPERORS OF CONSTANTINOPLE.
Betham's Tables, 139, 140.
Anderson's Tables, p. 374.

Addenda et Corrigenda.

- Page 8. According to J. Farnham Burke, Somerset Herald, the arms of Robertson of Downie were left out of his father's second edition of the 'Armoury' because it was revised by the Lyon King at Arms, who did not find them registered.
- Page 23. Under 16, Alexander Rua Patrickson, strike out "and Glenloch."
- Page 28. To 1, Herbert Robertson, add M.P. for South Hackney 1895.
- Page 28. Colonel Haines died at Hasketon Manor 19 November 1895.
- Page 29. Add to children of Herbert Robertson and Helen Alexandrina Melian his wife, MAGNUS STORM ROBERTSON, born at Thornleigh 11 Oct. 1893, bapt. at Holy Trinity, Clapham.
- Page 32. Alter under 25, St. Margaret of England, reference to Tables to number 144.
- Page 33. Alter number of 24, Maud of Scotland and Henry I., King of England, to 25, and refer to Table 149 instead of 152.
- Page 33. Under 27, Bethoca, alter "her father *Sir* John Comyer's" to "her father. See John Comyn's."
- Page 53. Strike out Note to 6, M . . . Cason.
- Page 54. Under 4, Robert Manning, for obtained in 1735 read obtained in 1755.
- Page 55. Under Elizabeth Cockerell Manning, for died 8 September read died 28 September.
- Page 55. Marianne Lett Walker was born 7 March 1891.
- Page 58. James Cockerell, son of 5, James Cockerell, died 18 March 1796, aged 43, and his sister Jemima died 3 January 1831 (not 1830).
- Pages 60 and 61. Louisa Edwards, Mrs. M. L. Robertson's friend, was born 3 March 1812, and died 4 February 1829.
- Page 62. Add to head note, after the word "Fnsiliers" in last line, "and there was also a John Durdin, a member of the Brewers' Company, London, whose son Henry Ashton Durdin entered Aldenham Grammar School in 1856."
- Page 64. After Hunnington in Lincolnshire, in sixteenth line, add now called Honington. See Note *infra* to page 92.
- Page 64. The second wife of Richard Durdin was also a Miss Esmonde, the marriage licence, styling her Frances Esmond, is amongst the Records in Dublin. *Ex relatione* Sir Thomas Henry Grattan Esmonde, Bart., M.P., 7 November 1895.
- Page 64. Warham Durdin died 21 May 1823.
- Page 65. For line 25 read "having mar. Stephen Jermyn Masters and leaving issue. (9) Jane Durdin, mar., 14 November 1844, John Boles of Ballinville, afterwards of Shanagarry, co. Cork. (10) Louisa."
- Page 65. The children of Michael Durdin of Newtownbarry were Alexander, Michael St. Leger, Barbara, and Eliza, and they inherited with others from Alexander McCarthy (see top of page) on his death in 1882 as his next of kin.
- Page 66. Alexander Ferrier Beasley and Florence Amy his wife, *née* Durdin, have issue a daughter, Winifred St. Leger, born at Parkview, Los Angeles, Cal., on the 11th of May 1894.
- Page 66. Harriette Emily Hayman Frizell died at Charlottesville on the 13th of December 1894, having had issue Ethel Melian, born at Edgefield, Cobham, Va., 26 January 1892, and a son Richard Alexander Fraser, born at Charlottesville 26 January 1894.
- Page 83. 10, Sir Rowland Heyward was Lord of the Manor of Kingshold Hackney 1583. (Robinson's 'Hackney,' p. 312.)
- Page 86. Eleanor Holland and her husband, Tho. Montacute, Earl of Salisbury, should be printed in capitals and numbered 16, with a reference to Table 89 E, where line traced through Nevill, Fitzhugh, Vanx, Sapcote, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to 1, Helen A. M. Robertson. Table 19 should therefore be in Part V.

- Page 89. Cecilie de Ufford and her husband John, Lord Willoughby d'Eresby, should be printed in capitals and numbered 18, with a reference to Table 57 u, where line traced through Vaux, Sapcote, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to 1, Helen A. M. Robertson. Table 21 should therefore be in Part V.
- Page 92. Tables in Baker's 'Northamptonshire,' i., pp. 440, 443, missed when these Tables were compiled, give a different ancestry to 21, Warine de L'Isle, Baron de L'Isle, to that given or referred to in Table 23. These Tables call his father 22, SIR GERALD DE L'ISLE of Montford and his mother 22, ALICE ARMENTERS, who died between 1293 and 1318, and was eventual heiress of the Armenters of Stowe, Northamptonshire, and whose mother was 23, JULIANA DE GAUNT, daughter of 24, GILBERT DE GAUNT, son of 25, GILBERT DE GAUNT, called Earl of Lincoln, died 1241, son of 26, ROBERT DE GAUNT (by his wife 26, GUNNORA or GUNDRED DE GOURNAY, who appears as an ancestress in twenty-fifth generation of her second husband in Table 134), son of 27, WALTER DE GAUNT, son of 28, GILBERT or GEOFFREY DE GAUNT, who also occurs as an ancestor in the twenty-seventh generation in Table 99, where his ancestors are given. The Armenters of Stowe, who would thus come into the pedigree (see their pedigree in Baker's 'Northamptonshire,' i., p. 443), are very probably the same family as the Armenters of Honington, near Grautham, Lincolnshire, then called Huntington ('Testa de Nevill,' p. 342 and p. 323), as both families were tenants of Gilbert de Gaunt and used the name of Geoffrey. It is possible that one of the Honington family, Geoffrey, altered his name to Ernandeys, Ermondeys, and finally Ezmondeys, and is the very Sir Geoffrey de Ezmondeys or Estmonde (Esmond) mentioned in Table 10, p. 64, as ancestor of Lord Esmonde, the builder of Huntington Castle, co. Carlow, which was certainly named after this Honington by its old name of Huntington. See document in Dugdale's 'Monasticum Anglicanum,' edition 1661, p. 531, re-copied in larger edition, vol. v., p. 725, recording gifts of land at Honington to Stixwold Priory, by Sir Geoffrey de Ezmondeys in 1215, and compare documents in Dugdale, v., 725 (No. 2), 'Rotuli Hundredorum,' i., 393, 'Testa de Nevill,' 323, 342, 'Doomsday Book,' p. 354b. It appears therefore probable that 1, HELEN A. M. ROBERTSON, Table 10, is descended through female lines from the male ancestors of the former owners of lands at Honington (Huntington), after which her own home, Huntington Castle, was named by another descendant in the male line from this family.
- Page 96. 21, Elizabeth Montfort, alter to 20 and refer to Table 99.
- Page 96. Alter 21, Sibilla, daughter of 22, Sir John de Tregor, to 21, Sibilla Tregoz, Table 131.
- Page 97. John de Montacute, son of 20, William de Montacute, should be printed in capitals and numbered 18, and a reference given to Table 89, part e, where line traced from him through Nevill, Fitzhugh, Vaux, Sapcote, Fitzwilliam, Coningsby, Atkin, and Hayman families to 1, Helen A. M. Robertson, Table 10. Table 26 should therefore be in Part V. united with Table 89 e.
- Page 98. Alter reference for ancestors of Henry I. to Table 149 instead of 152.
- Page 102. 16, Sir Thomas Lewknor is called Sir Roger in Dallaway's 'Sussex,' ii., 1, 35, and in Burke's 'Extinct Peerage,' under Tregoz, he appears to be confused with some one else, as he makes him die 1543, leaving four daughters, coheiresses.
- Page 102. After 17, Joan, daughter of 18, Sir John D'Oyley, give reference to Table 131.
- Page 104. As authority for Smythe family, add Lodge's 'Peerage,' iv., p. 274, Smyth, Viscount Strangford.
- Page 121. Elizabeth Hayman died at Glenbrook, Magherafelt, 4 October 1895.
- Page 122. Probably of the family of 9, Simou Gibbons, was John Gibbons, who in 1695, about the same time, was Commissioner for co. Cork under Irish Act, 7 William III., c. 15.

- Page 123. 9, . . . Rugge, may have been Master John Rugge, Clerk, named as Commissioner for co. Cork, 10 William III., 1698, c. 3.
- Page 125. 8, John Luther, or his son John, was Commissioner for co. Cork under 9 William III., 1697, c. 8.
- Page 125. Henry Luther was Commissioner under 10 William III., c. 3, 1698. The date given of his baptism, 11 February 1689-90, is much too late. His wife's name was Moore, not Moon. The Moores of Barn appear in Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' 1894, but this particular marriage is not given. The Moores were created Earls of Mountcashal long afterwards.
- Page 125. 9, Richard Giles was Commissioner for co. Cork under 10 William III., 1698, c. 3.
- Page 133. 3, Helen Hill, died July 1850, and was buried at Youghal, where there is a monument to her.
- Page 141. Of the Greatraks family one named William was Commissioner for co. Waterford in 1698, under 10 William III., c. 3. An account of Valentine Greatraks is given in Charles Smith's 'Waterford,' pp. 365—9.
- Page 148. The Cooke family probably had some connections in the co. Cork (where William Hill, who married into the family, resided), as in 1698, under 10 William III., c. 3, a John Cooke, Alderman of Youghal, was a Commissioner for co. Cork.
- Page 170. 9, Samuel Pomeroy was a Commissioner for co. Cork under Irish Act, 7 William III., 1695, c. 15, then styled Lieutenant. An Arthur Pomeroy, Dean of Cork, was also a Commissioner under 10 William III., 1698, c. 3.
- Page 171. 9, Sir Matthew Deane was a Commissioner for co. Cork under Irish Acts, 7 William III., 1695, c. 15; 9 William III., 1697, c. 8; 10 William III., 1698, c. 3.
- Page 172. Melian Allen's husband should be Jonas Stawell instead of John. He was Commissioner for co. Cork under Irish Act, 9 William III., 1697, c. 8.
- Page 173. For another person named Melian see Ethel Melian Frizell *supra* in these Notes, note to page 66. Add to note at end of Appendix to Table 59, Melian Quin Orpen *née* Stawell, who is mentioned in this Appendix, had a god-daughter (daughter of her father's first-cousin Enstace Stawell of Coolmain Castle, Kilbrittain, and *not* a descendant of Melian Deane), who was named after her Georgiana *Melian* Stawell, living in 1895 unmarried and aged 86.
- Page 216. Alter 19, Sir Edward Butler, to 19, Sir Edmond Butler.
- Page 216. After 19, Joan Fitzgerald, strike out the reference to Table 80½.
- Page 217. Under 15, Joan Fitzgerald, strike out reference to Table 135, and add reference to Table 80½ and in full Table 133.
- Page 234. Alter 15, Ralph Nevill, to 15, Richard Nevill.
- Page 256. To note as to other de Clares, add 21, Margaret de Clare, who married 21, Bartholomew de Badlesmere, Table 124.
- Page 257. Alter 20, Alianora de Clare and her husband 20, Hugh le Despencer, to 19.
- Page 262. Walter de Gant, son of 27, Gilbert de Gant, may be an ancestor to the twenty-seventh degree, see *supra* in these Notes, note to page 92.
- Page 282. Alter 30, Hugh, Bishop of Constance, to 29, Hugh, Bishop of Coutance, and also his wife's number to 29.
- Page 301. For Ilbut de Lacy read Ilbert de Lacy.
- Page 335. To Raymond the Gross, instead of died s.p., add, that according to Burke's 'Peerage,' Lansdowne, the Lords of Kerry and their descendants the Marquis of Lansdowne appear to be descended from him.
- Page 338. 25, Gnnmore or Gundred de Gournay is probably also an ancestress by her first husband, Robert de Gant, see *supra* in these Notes, note to page 92.

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